

# [MS-TLSP-Diff]:

## Transport Layer Security (TLS) Profile

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## Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
10/24/2008	0.1	<u>New</u>	Version 0.1 release
12/5/2008	0.1.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
1/16/2009	0.1.2	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
2/27/2009	0.2	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
4/10/2009	1.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
5/22/2009	1.0.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
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3/12/2010	2.0.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
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7/16/2010	2.0.3	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
8/27/2010	2.0.3	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/8/2010	2.0.3	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
11/19/2010	2.0.3	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
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2/11/2011	2.0.3	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
3/25/2011	2.0.3	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
5/6/2011	2.0.3	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
6/17/2011	2.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
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<b>Date</b>	<b>Revision History</b>	<b>Revision Class</b>	<b>Comments</b>
12/16/2011	3.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
3/30/2012	3.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
7/12/2012	3.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/25/2012	4.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
1/31/2013	4.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
8/8/2013	5.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
11/14/2013	5.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
2/13/2014	5.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
5/15/2014	6.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
6/30/2015	7.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
10/16/2015	8.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.

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# 1 Introduction

Support for **TLS/SSL** authentication is specified in [RFC5246], [RFC2246], [SSL3], and [PCT1]. Supported TLS extensions are specified in [RFC4366], [RFC3546], [RFC4681], and [RFC5077]. Additional supported **cipher** suites are defined in [RFC3268], [RFC4279], [RFC4492], ~~and [RFC5289], [RFC5487], and [IETF-DRAFT-CURVE-25519-01]~~. This document will call out the differences in the Microsoft implementation from what is specified in the referenced documents, where applicable. <1>

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative ~~and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [RFC2119]. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms.~~ All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

~~The~~This document uses the following terms ~~are specific to this document:~~

**ASCII:** The American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) is an 8-bit character-encoding scheme based on the English alphabet. ASCII codes represent text in computers, communications equipment, and other devices that work with text. ASCII refers to a single 8-bit ASCII character or an array of 8-bit ASCII characters with the high bit of each character set to zero.

**cipher:** A cryptographic algorithm used to encrypt and decrypt files and messages.

**Secure Sockets Layer (SSL):** A security protocol that supports confidentiality and integrity of messages in client and server applications that communicate over open networks. SSL uses two keys to encrypt data—a public key known to everyone and a private or secret key known only to the recipient of the message. SSL supports server and, optionally, client authentication (2) using X.509 certificates (2). For more information, see [X509]. The SSL protocol is precursor to **Transport Layer Security (TLS)**. The TLS version 1.0 specification is based on SSL version 3.0 [SSL3].

**Transport Layer Security (TLS):** A security protocol that supports confidentiality and integrity of messages in client and server applications communicating over open networks. **TLS** supports server and, optionally, client authentication by using X.509 certificates (as specified in [X509]). **TLS** is standardized in the IETF TLS working group. See [RFC4346].

**UTF-8:** A byte-oriented standard for encoding Unicode characters, defined in the Unicode standard. Unless specified otherwise, this term refers to the UTF-8 encoding form specified in [UNICODE5.0.0/2007] section 3.9.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[~~IETFDRAFT-TLSHASH-03~~] ~~Bhargaven, K., Delignat-Lavaud, A., Pironti, A., Paris-Roquencourt, Inria, Langley, ACURVE-25519-01~~ ~~Josefsson, S., and RayPegourie-Gonnard, M., "'Curve25519 and Curve448 for Transport Layer Security (TLS) Session Hash and Extended Master Secret Extension",)~~, ~~draft-ietf-tls-session-hash-03, November 2014~~ ~~curve25519-01, July 2015~~, <https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-session-hash-03curve25519-01>

[IETFDRAFT-TOKBND] Balfanz, D., Langley, A., Nystroem, M., et al., "Transport Layer Security (TLS) Extension for Token Binding Protocol Negotiation", draft-popov-tokbind-negotiation-00, May 2015, <http://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-popov-tokbind-negotiation>

[NPN] Langley, A., "TLS Next Protocol Negotiation", July 2011, <https://technotes.googlecode.com/git/nextprotoneg.html>

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC2246] Dierks, T., and Allen, C., "The TLS Protocol Version 1.0", RFC 2246, January 1999, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2246.txt>

[RFC2743] Linn, J., "Generic Security Service Application Program Interface Version 2, Update 1", RFC 2743, January 2000, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2743.txt>

[RFC3268] Chown, P., "Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) Ciphersuites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)", RFC 3268, June 2002, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3268.txt>

[RFC3546] Blake-Wilson, S., Nystrom, M., Hopwood, D., Mikkelsen, J., and Wright, T., "Transport Layer Security (TLS) Extensions", RFC 3546, June 2003, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3546.txt>

[\[RFC4279\] Eronen, P., and Tschofenig, H., "Pre-Shared Key Ciphersuites for Transport Layer Security \(TLS\)", RFC 4279, December 2005, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4279.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4279.txt)

[RFC4366] Blake-Wilson, S., Nystrom, M., Hopwood, D., et al., "Transport Layer Security (TLS) Extensions", RFC 4366, April 2006, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4366.txt>

[RFC4492] Blake-Wilson, S., Bolyard, N., Gupta, V., et al., "Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Cipher Suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)", RFC 4492, May 2006, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4492.txt>

[RFC4681] Ball, J., Medvinsky, A., and Santesson, S., "TLS User Mapping Extension", RFC 4681, October 2006, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4681.txt>

[RFC5077] Salowey, J., Zhou, H., Eronen, P., and Tschofenig, H., "Transport Layer Security (TLS) Session Resumption without Server-Side State", RFC 5077, January 2008, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc5077.txt>

[RFC5246] Dierks, T., and Rescorla, E., "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.2", RFC 5246, August 2008, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5246.txt>

[RFC5289] Rescorla, E., "TLS Elliptic Curve Cipher Suites with SHA-256/384 and AES Galois Counter Mode (GCM)", RFC 5289, August 2008, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5289.txt>

[\[RFC5487\] Badra, M., "Pre-Shared Key Cipher Suites for TLS with SHA-256/384 and AES Galois Counter Mode", RFC 5487, March 2009, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5487.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5487.txt)

[RFC7301] Friedl, S., Popov, A., Langley, A., and Stephan, E., "Transport Layer Security (TLS) Application-Layer Protocol Negotiation Extension", RFC 7301, July 2014, <http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7301>

[\[RFC7627\] Bhargaven, K., Delignat-Lavaud, A., Pironti, A., Paris-Rocquencourt, Inria, Langley, A., and Ray, M., "Transport Layer Security \(TLS\) Session Hash and Extended Master Secret Extension", RFC 7627, September 2015, https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7627](https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7627)

## 1.2.2 Informative References

[PCT1] Benaloh, J., Lampson, B., Simon, D., Spies, T., and Yee, B., "The Private Communication Technology (PCT) Protocol", October 1995, <http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-benaloh-pct-00>

[RFC4346] Dierks, T., and Rescorla, E., "The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol Version 1.1", RFC 4346, April 2006, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4346.txt>

[RFC5890] Klensin, J., "Internationalized Domain Names for Applications (IDNA): Definitions and Document Framework", RFC 5890, August 2010, <http://rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc5890.txt>

[RFC6066] Eastlake, D., "Transport Layer Security (TLS) Extensions: Extension Definitions", RFC 6066, January 2011, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6066.txt>

[SSL3] Netscape, "SSL 3.0 Specification", <http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-ssl-version3-00>

## 1.3 Overview

The SSL/TLS (as specified in [RFC5246]) authentication mechanism is used to authenticate a server to a client with the option for mutual authentication.

## 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This document is a companion to the SSL/TLS authentication standard [RFC5246].

The Transport Layer Security (TLS) Profile implements Server Name Indication (SNI) based on [RFC4366] where HostName is in **UTF-8** format. This behavior is not interoperable with SNI implementations of [RFC6066] where HostName is a byte string using **ASCII** encoding without a trailing dot to support internationalized domain names through the use of A-labels [RFC5890].

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

SSL/TLS authentication has the same assumptions as specified in [RFC5246].

## 1.6 Applicability Statement

SSL/TLS authentication is used in environments where the client and server support specification [RFC5246].

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

Versioning and capability negotiation is handled as specified in [RFC5246].

## 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

SSL/TLS authentication contains vendor-extensible fields as specified in [RFC5246].

## 1.9 Standards Assignments

Parameter	Value	Reference
Standard TLS/SSL parameters	N/A	<a href="http://www.iana.org/assignments/tls-parameters/">http://www.iana.org/assignments/tls-parameters/</a>
TLS extension parameters	N/A	<a href="http://www.iana.org/assignments/tls-extensiontype-values/">http://www.iana.org/assignments/tls-extensiontype-values/</a>



## 2 Messages

### 2.1 Transport

SSL/TLS messages SHOULD be transported as specified in [RFC5246].

### 2.2 Message Syntax

The SSL/TLS message syntax is the same as specified in [RFC5246], [RFC5077], [NPN], and [RFC7301].<2>

#### 2.2.1 Client and Server Hello Messages

Cipher suites and capabilities are negotiated as specified in [~~IETFDRAFT-TLSHASH-03~~RFC4279]<3>, [RFC5487]<4>, [RFC7627]<5>, [RFC5246], [RFC2246], [RFC4492], and [RFC3268].<4><5><6><7><8>

#### 2.2.2 Alert Messages

The SSL/TLS alert message behavior and formatting is specified in [RFC5246] section 7.2, [RFC2246] section 7.2, [RFC4366] section 4, and [RFC3546] section 4.<79>

#### 2.2.3 Extended Hello Messages

The TLS extended hello message behavior and formatting is as specified in [RFC5246] section 7.4.1.4, [RFC4366] sections 2.3 and 3.1, [RFC3546] section 2.3, [RFC4681] section 2, [RFC5077], [NPN], [RFC7301], and [IETFDRAFT-TOKBND].<8><9><10><11><12><13><14><15>

#### 2.2.4 Certificate Messages

The SSL/TLS certificate message behavior and formatting is specified in [RFC5246] sections 7.4.2 and 7.4.6, [RFC2246] sections 7.4.2 and 7.4.6, and [RFC4492] sections 5.3 and 5.6.<14><15><16><17><18>

### 2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

None.

## 3 Protocol Details

### 3.1 Common Details

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model follows what is specified in [RFC5246].

#### 3.1.2 Timers

There are no timers except those specified in [RFC5246].

#### 3.1.3 Initialization

There is no protocol-specific initialization except what is specified in [RFC5246].

#### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

There are no higher-layer triggered events in common to all parts of this protocol.

#### 3.1.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The message processing events and sequencing rules are as specified in [RFC5246], [RFC5077], [NPN], and [RFC7301].<17><18><19><20><21><22><23><24> If a client receives an extension type in ServerHello that it did not request in the associated ClientHello, it MAY abort the handshake. There MAY be more than one extension of the same type.<2325>

##### 3.1.5.1 GSS\_WrapEx() Call

This call is an extension to GSS\_Wrap ([RFC2743] section 2.3.3) that passes multiple buffers.

Inputs:

- context\_handle CONTEXT HANDLE
- qop\_req INTEGER -- 0 specifies default Quality of Protection (QOP)
- input\_message ORDERED LIST of:
  - conf\_req\_flag BOOLEAN
  - sign BOOLEAN
  - data OCTET STRING

Outputs:

- major\_status INTEGER
- minor\_status INTEGER
- output\_message ORDERED LIST (in same order as input\_message) of:
  - conf\_state BOOLEAN
  - signed BOOLEAN

- data OCTET STRING
- signature OCTET STRING

This call is identical to `GSS_Wrap`, except that it supports multiple input buffers. Schannel's binding of `GSS_WrapEx()` is such that only the first input buffer will be processed and the rest ignored. Thus Schannel's binding of `GSS_WrapEx()` functions just as `GSS_Wrap` does.

### 3.1.5.2 `GSS_UnwrapEx()` Call

This call is an extension to `GSS_Unwrap` ([RFC2743] section 2.3.4) that passes multiple buffers.

Inputs:

- `context_handle` CONTEXT HANDLE
- `input_message` ORDERED LIST of:
  - `conf_state` BOOLEAN
  - `signed` BOOLEAN
  - `data` OCTET STRING
- `signature` OCTET STRING

Outputs:

- `qop_req` INTEGER, -- 0 specifies default QOP
- `major_status` INTEGER
- `minor_status` INTEGER
- `output_message` ORDERED LIST (in same order as `input_message`) of:
  - `conf_state` BOOLEAN
  - `data` OCTET STRING

This call is identical to `GSS_Unwrap`, except that it supports multiple input buffers. Schannel's binding of `GSS_UnwrapEx()` is such that only the first input buffer will be processed and the rest ignored. Thus Schannel's binding of `GSS_UnwrapEx()` functions just as `GSS_Unwrap` does.

### 3.1.6 Timer Events

There are no timer events except those specified in [RFC5246].

### 3.1.7 Other Local Events

There are no local events except those specified in [RFC5246].

## 4 Protocol Examples

Protocol examples can be found in [\[IETF DRAFT-CURVE-25519-01\] section 2](#), [RFC5246] section 7.3, [RFC4366] section 3, [RFC4681] section 4, and [RFC4492] section 5.

## 5 Security

### 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

Security considerations are specified in each standard.

### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

Security Parameter	Section
See Security Considerations for Implementers	5.1

## 6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

~~Note: Some of the information in this section is subject to change because it applies to a preliminary product version, and thus may differ from the final version of the software when released. All behavior notes that pertain to the preliminary product version contain specific references to it as an aid to the reader.~~

- Windows NT operating system
- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system with Service Pack 1 (SP1)
- Windows Server 2003 R2 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1: Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ implement TLS 1.2 as specified mainly in [RFC5246] with extensions from [RFC4366], [RFC4681], and [RFC5077], additional cipher suites from [RFC3268], [RFC4492], [RFC5289], TLS 1.1 from [RFC4346], and SSL from [SSL3].

Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system, Windows 8, and Windows Server 2012 implement TLS 1.2 as specified mainly in [RFC5246] with extensions from [RFC4366] and [RFC4681], additional cipher suites from [RFC3268], [RFC4492], [RFC5289], TLS 1.1 from [RFC4346], and SSL from [SSL3].

Windows Vista and Windows Server 2008 implement TLS 1.0 as specified mainly in [RFC2246] with extensions from [RFC3546] and [RFC4681], additional cipher suites from [RFC3268] and [RFC4492], and SSL from [SSL3].

In Windows Server 2003 and Windows XP, TLS was implemented with [RFC2246] and [RFC4681], SSL from [SSL3], and PCT from [PCT1].

Windows NT and Windows 2000 implement SSL from [SSL3] and PCT from [PCT1].

[Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10 v1507 operating system, and Windows 10 v1511 operating system do not support Curve25519 \[IETF DRAFT-CURVE-25519-01\].](#)

<2> Section 2.2: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 do not support [RFC5077]. Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 support only the client side of [RFC5077]. Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, and Windows Server 2012 do not support [NPN] and [RFC7301].

<3> Section 2.2.1: [Windows does not support DHE PSK or RSA PSK Key Exchange Algorithm. Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10 v1507, and Windows 10 v1511 do not support PSK Key Exchange Algorithm \[RFC4279\].](#)

<4> Section 2.2.1: [Windows does not support DHE PSK or RSA PSK Key Exchange Algorithm. Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10 v1507, and Windows 10 v1511 do not support PSK cipher suites \[RFC5487\].](#)

<5> Section 2.2.1: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2 do not support Transport Layer Security (TLS) Session Hash and Extended Master Secret Extension.

<46> Section 2.2.1: Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ support [RFC4492], except for ECDH cipher suites.

<57> Section 2.2.1: Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ support [RFC4492], except for not allowing cipher suites where the number of bits used in the public key algorithm is less than the number of bits used in the signing algorithm.

<68> Section 2.2.1: Windows accepts a unified format Client Hello message even when SSL version 2 is disabled.

<79> Section 2.2.2: Windows has a decoupling of the network layer from the SSL/TLS layer and thus will not be able to ensure alert messages are sent.

<810> Section 2.2.3: Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ support sending and receiving the Certificate Status Request extension from [RFC4366] and [RFC3546].

<911> Section 2.2.3: Windows supports sending and receiving the User Mapping extension using UPN domain hint from [RFC4681].

<~~1012~~> Section 2.2.3: Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ support sending the Server Name Indications from [RFC4366] and [RFC3546] in the ClientHello. Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ support sending and receiving the Server Name Indications.

<~~1113~~> Section 2.2.3: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 do not support [RFC5077]. Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 support only the client side of [RFC5077].

<~~1214~~> Section 2.2.3: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, and Windows Server 2012 do not support [NPN] and [RFC7301].

<~~1315~~> Section 2.2.3: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows 10 v1507-~~operating system~~ do not support Transport Layer Security (TLS) Extension for Token Binding Protocol Negotiation [IETF DRAFT-TOKBND].

<~~1416~~> Section 2.2.4: Windows does not require that the signing algorithm used by the issuer of a certificate match the algorithm in the end certificate.

<~~1517~~> Section 2.2.4: Windows does not require particular key usage extension bits to be set in certificates.

<~~1618~~> Section 2.2.4: Windows omits the root certificate by default when sending certificate chains.

<~~1719~~> Section 3.1.5: If a session fails during bulk data transfer, Windows does not prevent attempted resumption of the session.

<~~1820~~> Section 3.1.5: Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows 10, and Windows Server 2016 ~~Technical Preview~~ do not support or process extensions within the Certificate Status Request extension.

<~~1921~~> Section 3.1.5: Windows does not ignore a HelloRequest received even in the middle of a handshake.

<~~2022~~> Section 3.1.5: Windows 2000, Windows 2000 Server operating system, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2 do not support fragmentation of incoming messages across frames as is allowed in [RFC5246] section 6.2.1.

<~~2123~~> Section 3.1.5: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2 do not support [RFC5077]. Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 support only the client side of [RFC5077].

<~~2224~~> Section 3.1.5: Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8 and Windows Server 2012 do not support [NPN] and [RFC7301].

<~~2325~~> Section 3.1.5: Windows ignores both unrequested and duplicate extensions in both ClientHello and ServerHello.



## 7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<a href="#">1 Introduction</a>	<a href="#">Updated content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.</a>	Y	<a href="#">Content update.</a>
<a href="#">1.2.1 Normative References</a>	<a href="#">Replaced reference [IETF DRAFT-TLSHASH-03] with [RFC7627].</a>	Y	<a href="#">Content update.</a>
<a href="#">1.2.1 Normative References</a>	<a href="#">Updated content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.</a>	Y	<a href="#">Content update.</a>
<a href="#">2.2.1 Client and Server Hello Messages</a>	<a href="#">Replaced reference [IETF DRAFT-TLSHASH-03] with [RFC7627].</a>	Y	<a href="#">Content update.</a>
<a href="#">2.2.3 Extended Client and Server Hello Messages</a>	Updated content for <a href="#">this version of Windows 10</a> and Windows Server <del>2016</del> <a href="#">Technical Preview</a> .	Y	Content update.
<a href="#">2.2.3 Extended Hello Messages</a>	<a href="#">Updated content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.</a>	Y	<a href="#">Content update.</a>
<a href="#">4 Protocol Examples</a>	<a href="#">Updated content for this version of Windows and Windows Server.</a>	Y	<a href="#">Content update.</a>

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