# [MS-SNID-Diff]:

# **Server Network Information Discovery Protocol**

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# **Revision Summary**

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# **1** Introduction

The Server Network Information Discovery Protocol enables protocol clients to discover protocol servers within a UDP broadcast boundary and <u>to get</u> server's networking configuration information.

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

#### 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

- **Domain Name System (DNS)**: A hierarchical, distributed database that contains mappings of domain names (1)-to various types of data, such as IP addresses. DNS enables the location of computers and services by user-friendly names, and it also enables the discovery of other information stored in the database.
- **Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4)**: An Internet protocol that has 32-bit source and destination addresses. IPv4 is the predecessor of IPv6.
- **Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6)**: A revised version of the Internet Protocol (IP) designed to address growth on the Internet. Improvements include a 128-bit IP address size, expanded routing capabilities, and support for authentication (2) and privacy.
- **NetBIOS name**: A 16-byte address that is used to identify a NetBIOS resource on the network. For more information, see [RFC1001] and [RFC1002].
- **User Datagram Protocol (UDP)**: The connectionless protocol within TCP/IP that corresponds to the transport layer in the ISO/OSI reference model.
- **MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

#### 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

#### **1.2.1** Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[RFC768] Postel, J., "User Datagram Protocol", STD 6, RFC 768, August 1980, http://www.ietfrfceditor.org/rfc/rfc768.txt

#### **1.2.2 Informative References**

## 1.3 Overview

The Server Network Information Discovery Protocol defines a pair of request and response messages by which a protocol client can locate protocol servers within the broadcast/multicast scope and. The protocol client can get network information (from the servers, such as NetBIOS name, Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4), and Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6) addresses) of the servers.

#### **1.4** Relationship to Other Protocols

The protocol relies on User Datagram Protocol (UDP) as specified in [RFC 768RFC768].

#### 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The protocol server allows the incoming UDP package from port 8912 in the firewall.

#### 1.6 Applicability Statement

The protocol server and client are connected to the same subnet with IPv4 broadcast support or IPv4 link-local scope multicast support.

#### 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

The protocol version specifies the interoperability capability of the protocol on different Windows operating systems. See section 6 for detailed product behaviors of protocol versions and corresponding supported operating system. Protocol servers and clients with different protocol versions are not able to negotiate with each other.

#### **1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields**

None.

#### 1.9 Standards Assignments

Parameter	Value	Reference
UDP port	8912	http://www.iana.org/assignments/service-names-port-numbers/service-names-port- numbers.xml

# 2 Messages

### 2.1 Transport

The protocol transports messages over UDP as specified in [RFC768]. A protocol client MUST send one UDP package to the broadcast (IPv4) address and multicast (IPv6 link local scope all nodes) address using UDP port 8912. Protocol servers MUST reply to the protocol client with a UDP package containing its NetBIOS name and DNS configuration of the protocol server as specified later in this section.

### 2.2 Message Syntax

## 2.2.1 Enumerations

## 2.2.1.1 Id Enumeration

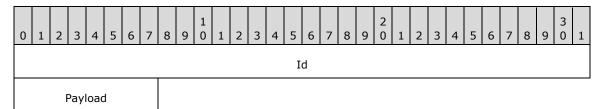
The **Id** enumeration is used to distinguish the Network Information Discovery request and Network Information Discovery response package types.

Field/Value	Description
RequestIdentifier 0x00000000	Indicates that the package is a Network Information Discovery request from the protocol client to the protocol server.
ResponseIdentifier 0xFFFFFFFF	Indicates that the package is a Network Information Discovery response from the protocol server to the protocol client.

# 2.2.2 Structures

### 2.2.2.1 Network Information Discovery Request

The package from protocol clients MUST set the **Id** field to RequestIdentifier and SHOULD include a single byte payload of any value.



Id (4 bytes): A message identifier to specify the package type of Network Information Discovery Request. The value MUST be RequestIdentifier, which is defined in 2.2.1.1.

Payload (1 byte): A package payload that contains the value.

# 2.2.2.2 SOCKADDR\_STORAGE

SOCKADDR\_STORAGE is a 128-byte structure that is formatted as follows:

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
	Family Buffer (variable)																														
	Reserved (variable)																														

**Family (2 bytes):** The address family of the socket. This field MUST contain one of the following values: <u>.</u>

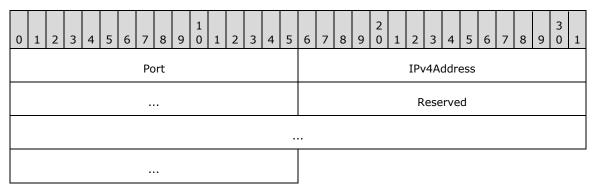
Value	Meaning
InterNetwork 0x0002	When set, this indicates an IPv4 address in the socket.
InterNetworkV6 0x0017	When set, this indicates an IPv6 address in the socket.

**Buffer (variable):** A variable-length buffer that contains the socket address information. If the value of the **Family** field is 0x0002, this field MUST be interpreted as SOCKADDR\_IN (section 2.2.2.2.1). Otherwise, if the value of the **Family** field is 0x0017, this field MUST be interpreted as SOCKADDR\_IN6 (section 2.2.2.2.2).

**Reserved (variable):** The remaining bytes within the size of the SOCKADDR\_STORAGE structure (128 bytes) MUST NOT be used and MUST be reserved. The server SHOULD set this to zero, and the client MUST ignore it on receipt.

### 2.2.2.1 SOCKADDR\_IN

**SOCKADDR\_IN** is a 14-byte structure formatted as follows. All fields in this structure are in network byte order.



**Port (2 bytes):** This field MUST NOT be used and MUST be reserved. The server SHOULD set this field to zero, and the client MUST ignore it on receipt.

#### IPv4Address (4 bytes): The IPv4 address.

**Reserved (8 bytes):** This field MUST NOT be used and MUST be reserved. The server SHOULD set this field to zero, and the client MUST ignore it on receipt.

## 2.2.2.2 SOCKADDR\_IN6

**SOCKADDR\_IN6** is a 26-byte structure formatted as follows. All fields in this structure are in network byte order.

0 1 2 3 4 5	6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5	6   7   8   9   2   1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   0   1						
	Port	FlowInfo						
		IPv6Address (16 bytes)						
		ScopeId						

- **Port (2 bytes):** This field MUST NOT be used and MUST be reserved. The server SHOULD set this field to zero, and the client MUST ignore it on receipt.
- **FlowInfo (4 bytes):** The server SHOULD set this field to zero, and the client MUST ignore it on receipt.
- **IPv6Address (16 bytes):** IPv6 address. ScopeId (4 bytes): The server SHOULD set this field to zero, and the client MUST ignore it on receipt.
- **ScopeId (4 bytes):** The server SHOULD set this field to zero, and the client MUST ignore it on receipt.

#### 2.2.2.3 Network Information Discovery Response

The package from protocol servers MUST set all fields with the format described in this section. There is no alignment requirement for fields after the variable SERVER\_NAME, but all fields after that variable are presented in a specific structure with fixed size.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3 0	1
															I	d															
												SE	RVE	R_	NAN	4E (	(vai	riab	le)												
														V	ERS	SIO	N														
	LOWEST_VERSION																														
	IPv4_DNS_NUM																														

IPv4_DNS_ADDRESS (variable)
IPv6_DNS_NUM
IPv6_DNS_ADDRESS (variable)

Id (4 bytes): Message identifier to specify the package type of Network Information Discovery Response. The value MUST be ResponseIdentifier, which is defined in section 2.2.1.1.

SERVER\_NAME (variable): The protocol server's NetBIOS name in a null-terminated Unicode string.

- **VERSION (4 bytes):** The current version of the protocol package. The protocol server MUST set this field according to the corresponding protocol version it is using. The value for this field MUST be 256 or 512. If the field is set to 256, all fields starting from **IPv4\_DNS\_NUM** are ignored by the protocol client.
- **LOWEST\_VERSION (4 bytes):** The lowest version of the protocol package that the protocol server supports. The value of this field MUST be 256 or 512.
- **IPv4\_DNS\_NUM (4 bytes):** The number of elements stored in **IPv4\_DNS\_ADDRESS**. This field is set to a value greater than or equal to 0x00000000 if the following IP address fields are used. It is set to 0xFFFFFFFF to ignore all following fields in the message.
- **IPv4\_DNS\_ADDRESS (variable):** A list of IP addresses stored in the SOCKADDR\_STORAGE structure, 128 bytes each. The total number MUST be equal to **IPv4\_DNS\_NUM**.
- **IPv6\_DNS\_NUM (4 bytes):** The number of elements stored in **IPv6\_DNS\_ADDRESS**. The value MUST be greater than or equal to 0x00000000.
- **IPv6\_DNS\_ADDRESS (variable):** A list of IP addresses stored in the SOCKADDR\_STORAGE structure, 128 bytes each. The total number MUST be equal to **IPv6\_DNS\_NUM**.

#### 2.2.3 Namespaces

None.

#### 2.2.4 Messages

Message	Description									
Network information discovery request	The User Datagram Protocol (UDP) broadcast packages are sent from protocol clients to discover protocol servers within the broadcast scope.									
Network information discovery response	The UDP packages are sent from protocol servers to protocol clients to respond to the discovery package and to carry the protocol server network information.									

### 2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

# **3** Protocol Details

# 3.1 Client Details

### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

# 3.1.2 Timers

None.

## 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

## 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

## 3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The protocol client creates a socket on a randomly selected port and sends a Network Information Discovery Request with <u>appropriatean</u> Id (section 2.2.1.1) defined and a payload to the IPv4 broadcast address and IPv6 link-local all nodes multicast address.

The protocol client then listens to the same port waiting for the Network Information Discovery Response.

### 3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

# 3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

### 3.2 Server Details

### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

# 3.2.2 Timers

None.

# 3.2.3 Initialization

The protocol server creates a UDP socket that listens to port 8912 when the protocol is started.

# 3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

### 3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

When the server receives a UDP Network Information Discovery request package from port 8912, it checks the **Id** in the package. If the **Id** is not a correct request Id as defined in section 2.2.1.1, the package is ignored. If the **Id** is the correct request **Id** as defined in section 2.2.1.1, the server finds the NetBIOS name and all DNS addresses on its network adapters and then sets the corresponding fields of the Network Information Discovery response package.

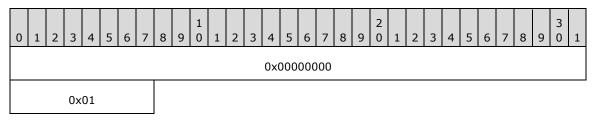
### 3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

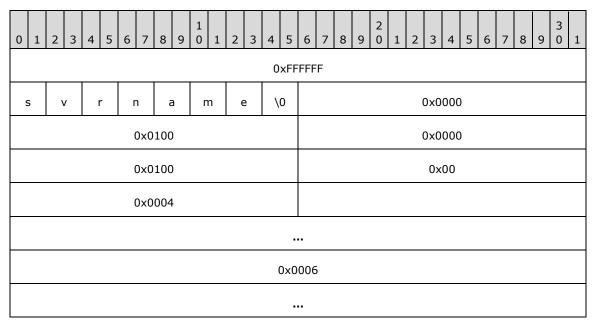
#### 3.2.7 Other Local Events

# 4 Protocol Examples

Network Information Discovery Request



#### Network Information Discovery Response



The example response package's **IPv4\_DNS\_ADDRESS** field contains four elements of structure SOCKADDR\_STORAGE, and the **IPv6\_DNS\_ADDRESS** field contains six elements of structure SOCKADDR\_STORAGE.

# 5 Security

# 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

None.

# 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

# 6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

- Windows Home Server 2011 server software
- Windows Small Business Server 2011 Essentials
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

# 7 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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