[MS-RRASM]:

Routing and Remote Access Server (RRAS) Management Protocol

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Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
6/20/2008	0.01		Version 0.01 release
7/25/2008	0.01.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
8/29/2008	0.2	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
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1 Introduction

The **routing and remote access service (RRAS) server** management (RRASM) protocol enables remote management (configuration and monitoring) of an RRAS implementation. The RRAS implementation here refers to the components that can be configured to provide the following functionality:

- Routing
- Remote access service
- Site-to-site connectivity

The RRASM protocol is a client/server protocol based on **remote procedure call (RPC)**. It comprises RPC methods that enable the remote management of an RRAS implementation.

This document also specifies **Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM)** interfaces that enable the remote management of RRAS implementation.

This document also specifies the **registry** information that can be used to specify the overall RRAS configuration. These registry settings can be managed remotely using the [MS-RRP] protocol. Additionally, for site-to-site connectivity, the settings to be used to connect to a remote site are specified in the form of a **phonebook file**. This document also specifies the format of the phonebook file used by RRAS server.

As a part of remote management of RRAS implementation, a management application should use the RPC and DCOM methods to manage the RRAS implementation actively (while RRAS is running). When RRAS is not active, the configurations should be managed through the registry information. The management application can use the phonebook file format to specify the **connection** configuration to be used for site-to-site connections.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in [RFC2119]. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but do not contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are specific to this document:

adapter: The hardware that connects to a particular network segment. A bound LAN card is one example of an **adapter**. Similarly, a computer with two modems, each capable of connecting to a remote network, has two **adapters**, one to represent each modem.

administrator: A user who has complete and unrestricted access to the computer or domain.

Advanced Encryption Standard (AES): A block cipher that supersedes the Data Encryption Standard (DES). AES can be used to protect electronic data. The AES algorithm can be used to encrypt (encipher) and decrypt (decipher) information. Encryption converts data to an unintelligible form called ciphertext; decrypting the ciphertext converts the data back into its original form, called plaintext. AES is used in symmetric-key cryptography, meaning that the same key is used for the encryption and decryption operations. It is also a block cipher, meaning that it operates on fixed-size blocks of plaintext and ciphertext, and requires the size of the plaintext as well as the ciphertext to be an exact multiple of this block size. AES is also known as the Rijndael symmetric encryption algorithm [FIPS197].

authentication: The ability of one entity to determine the identity of another entity.

- **authentication level**: A numeric value indicating the level of **authentication** or message protection that **remote procedure call (RPC)** will apply to a specific message exchange. For more information, see [C706] section 13.1.2.1 and [MS-RPCE].
- **Authentication Service (AS)**: A service that issues ticket granting tickets (TGTs), which are used for authenticating principals within the realm or **domain** served by the **Authentication Service**.
- **autonomous system**: A group of routers that share a single administrative policy. These routers all use the same **routing protocol**, called an Interior Gateway Protocol, to communicate.
- **autonomous system number (ASN)**: A unique number allocated to each **autonomous system** for use in the BGP routing protocol.
- **best route**: The optimal route to a network **destination**, based on specified criteria. This concept is based on the fact that there is a certain "cost" involved in taking a route across a network. The **best route** to take is the one with the lowest cost, based on specified criteria. This criteria can include the number of networks crossed, the type of network crossed (for example, public or private), or a monetary or bandwidth limit.
- **BGP speaker**: A router that implements the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).
- binary large object (BLOB): A collection of binary data stored as a single entity in a database.
- **Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)**: An interautonomous system routing protocol designed for TCP/IP routing.
- **broadcast**: A style of resource location or data transmission in which a client makes a request to all parties on a network simultaneously (a one-to-many communication). Also, a mode of resource location that does not use a name service.
- **callback**: The mechanism through which a remote access client gets called back by the server in order to establish connectivity.
- CalledId: Originating address of a call.
- **certificate**: A certificate is a collection of attributes (1) and extensions that can be stored persistently. The set of attributes in a certificate can vary depending on the intended usage of the certificate. A certificate securely binds a public key to the entity that holds the corresponding private key. A certificate is commonly used for **authentication** and secure exchange of information on open networks, such as the Internet, extranets, and intranets. Certificates are digitally signed by the issuing certification authority (CA) and can be issued for a user, a computer, or a service. The most widely accepted format for certificates is defined by the ITU-T X.509 version 3 international standards. For more information about attributes and extensions, see [RFC3280] and [X509] sections 7 and 8.
- client: A computer on which the remote procedure call (RPC) client is executing.
- **Compression Control Protocol (CCP)**: Allows two computers that communicate through Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) [RFC1661] to negotiate compatible algorithms for sending and receiving compressed PPP frames. The two computers may not use CCP until the network-control-protocol phase of the PPP connection. For more information, see [RFC1962].
- connection: The successful completion of necessary protocol arrangements (authentication, network parameters negotiation, and so on) between a remote client computer and the RRAS server to set up a dial-up or virtual private networking (VPN) association. Connection enables the remote client computer to function on the RRAS server network as if it were connected to the server network directly.
- **Connection Point Services (CPS) phonebook file**: A file that contains POP entries.

- **credential**: Previously established, **authentication** data that is used by a security principal to establish its own identity. When used in reference to the Netlogon Protocol, it is the data that is stored in the NETLOGON CREDENTIAL structure.
- cyclic redundancy check (CRC): An algorithm used to produce a checksum (a small, fixed number of bits) against a block of data, such as a packet of network traffic or a block of a computer file. The CRC is used to detect errors after transmission or storage. A CRC is designed to catch random errors, as opposed to intentional errors. If errors might be introduced by a motivated and intelligent adversary, a cryptographic hash function should be used instead.
- **Data Encryption Standard (DES)**: A specification for encryption of computer data that uses a 56-bit key developed by IBM and adopted by the U.S. government as a standard in 1976. For more information see [FIPS46-3].
- **demand-dial**: Dialing a preconfigured connection only when there is traffic to be sent. Interfaces configured to do so are called demand dial or dial-on-demand (DOD) interfaces.
- **destination**: A network entry in the **routing table** represented by a network address and a network mask.
- device: Any peripheral or part of a computer system that can send or receive data.
- **dialing rule**: The rule that specifies the correct sequence of numbers to dial on a modem device. This includes rules that specify the long distance operator and international prefix that is dialed before domestic long distance or international phone numbers.
- **Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM)**: The Microsoft Component Object Model (COM) specification that defines how components communicate over networks, as specified in [MS-DCOM].
- domain: A set of users and computers sharing a common namespace and management infrastructure. At least one computer member of the set must act as a domain controller (DC) and host a member list that identifies all members of the domain, as well as optionally hosting the Active Directory service. The domain controller provides authentication of members, creating a unit of trust for its members. Each domain has an identifier that is shared among its members. For more information, see [MS-AUTHSOD] section 1.1.1.5 and [MS-ADTS].
- domain name: A domain name used by the Domain Name System (DNS).
- **EAP**: See Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP).
- endpoint: A client that is on a network and is requesting access to a network access server (NAS).
- **enhanced key usage (EKU)**: An extension that is a collection of **object identifiers (OIDs)** that indicate the applications that use the key.
- **Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)**: A framework for **authentication** that is used to provide a pluggable model for adding **authentication** protocols for use in network access **authentication**, as specified in [RFC3748].
- **Exterior Gateway Protocol (EGP)**: Distributes routing information to the routers that connect **autonomous systems** to a backbone.
- **filter**: A setting that excludes subfolders (and their contents) or files from replication. There are two types of filters: file filters and folder filters.
- **filtering**: To share a subset of the host applications or windows with participants instead of sharing all of the applications and windows.

- **forwarder**: The **forwarder** is the kernel-mode component of the router that is responsible for forwarding data from one router **interface** to the others. The **forwarder** also decides whether a packet is destined for local delivery, whether it is destined to be forwarded out of another **interface**, or both. There are two kernel-mode forwarders: **unicast** and **multicast**.
- globally unique identifier (GUID): A term used interchangeably with universally unique identifier (UUID) in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the GUID. See also universally unique identifier (UUID).
- **Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC)**: A mechanism for message **authentication** using cryptographic hash functions. HMAC can be used with any iterative cryptographic hash function (for example, MD5 and SHA-1) in combination with a secret shared key. The cryptographic strength of HMAC depends on the properties of the underlying hash function.
- interface: Represents a network that can be reached over an adapter. Each interface has a unique interface identifier also known as an interface index. interfaces that are active have an adapter that is providing connectivity to the network they represent. interfaces that are inactive do not have an adapter providing connectivity unless an administrator disabled the interface after it already had an adapter. Routing a packet to a network represented by an interface will cause the router to allocate an adapter for that interface, and will establish a wide area network (WAN) connection to the remote network. Allocating an adapter to an interface is referred to as binding. In the case of a local area network (LAN) interface, the interface corresponds to an actual physical device in the computer, a LAN adapter. In the case of a WAN interface, the **interface** is mapped to a port at the time that a connection is established. The port could be a COM port, a parallel port, or a virtual port (for tunnels such as PPTP [RFC2637] and L2TP [RFC2661]). WAN interfaces have the additional quality that they typically receive a network address only at the time that a connection is established. For example, a WAN interface using PPP [RFC1661] receives its network layer address from the remote peer during the connection process. Receiving a network address as part of the connection process is sometimes referred to as late-binding.
- **Interface Definition Language (IDL)**: The International Standards Organization (ISO) standard language for specifying the **interface** for remote procedure calls. For more information, see [C706] section 4.
- interface identifier (IID): A GUID that identifies an interface.
- **Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP)**: A protocol that forwards routing information to the other routers in the **autonomous system**.
- **internal interface**: The **interface** on the RRAS server that corresponds to all the modem dial-up and virtual private networking clients connected to the RAS server. This is also referred as a dial in interface.
- Internet Key Exchange (IKE): The protocol that is used to negotiate and provide authenticated keying material for security associations (SAs) in a protected manner. For more information, see [RFC2409].
- **key value pair (KVP)**: A set of two linked data items: a key that is an identifier for some data item, and a value that is a value associated with the data item for the identifier represented by the key.
- **little-endian**: Multiple-byte values that are byte-ordered with the least significant byte stored in the memory location with the lowest address.

- **local computer**: In case of a remote access client connection endpoint on the RRAS server, the **local computer** is the RRAS machine whereas remote computer is the machine from which the client has connected.
- **locally unique identifier (LUID)**: A 64-bit value guaranteed to be unique within the scope of a single machine.
- main mode (MM): The first phase of an Internet Key Exchange (IKE) negotiation that performs authentication and negotiates a main mode security association (MM SA) between the peers. For more information, see [RFC2409] section 5.
- main mode security association (MM SA): A security association that is used to protect Internet Key Exchange (IKE) traffic between two peers. For more information, see [RFC2408] section 2.
- **marshal**: To encode one or more data structures into an octet stream using a specific **remote procedure call (RPC)** transfer syntax (for example, marshaling a 32-bit integer).
- **metric**: Each route has an administrative **preference** and a client-dependent metric. The router uses this information to determine which is the better route to a **destination**. Routes with lower **preference** are better routes (one being lowest and therefore the best). If two routes have the same **preference**, the route with the lower metric is the better route.
- **multi exit discriminator (MED)**: An optional, nontransitive attribute in the BGP that is used as a hint to external neighbors about the preferred path into an autonomous system that has multiple entry points. This is also known as the external metric of a route. A route with a lower MED value is preferred over a higher value.
- multicast: Allows a host to send data to only those destinations that specifically request to receive the data. In this way, multicasting differs from sending broadcast data, because broadcast data is sent to all hosts. multicasting saves network bandwidth because multicast data is received only by those hosts that request the data, and the data travels over any link only once. multicasting saves server bandwidth because a server has to send only one multicast message per network instead of one unicast message per receiver.
- **multicast group**: An IP address (that is, in the range of 224.0.0.0- 239.255.255.255). **Multicast** data that is sent to an address in this range is not destined for a single target. Instead, this data can be received by any host that makes a request to join a specific group. A **multicast group** is referred to by either the symbol G or q.
- multicast heartbeat: The ability of the router to listen for a regular multicast notification to a specified group address. Multicast heartbeat is used to verify that IP multicast connectivity is available on the network. If the heartbeat is not received within a configured amount of time, the multicast heartbeat status of the configured interface is set to inactive.
- multicast routing protocol: A protocol that manages group membership and controls the path that multicast data takes over the network. Examples of multicast routing protocols include Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM), Multicast Open Shortest Path First (MOSPF), and Distance Vector multicast routing protocol (DVMRP). The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is a special multicast routing protocol that acts as an intermediary between hosts and routers.
- **multilink phonebook entry**: A dial-up phonebook entry that can connect to the RAS server using multiple configured devices (or channels, in the case of an ISDN device).
- **named pipe**: A named, one-way, or duplex pipe for communication between a pipe server and one or more pipe clients.

- **NetBEUI**: NetBIOS Enhanced User Interface. **NetBEUI** is an enhanced NetBIOS protocol for network operating systems, originated by IBM for the LAN Manager server and now used with many other networks.
- **NetBIOS**: A particular network transport that is part of the LAN Manager protocol suite. **NetBIOS** uses a broadcast communication style that was applicable to early segmented local area networks. The LAN Manager protocols were the default in Windows NT operating system environments prior to Windows 2000 operating system. A protocol family including name resolution, datagram, and connection services. For more information, see [RFC1001] and [RFC1002].
- Network Access Protection (NAP): A feature of an operating system that provides a platform for system health-validated access to private networks. NAP provides a way of detecting the health state of a network client that is attempting to connect to or communicate on a network, and limiting the access of the network client until the health policy requirements have been met. NAP is implemented through quarantines and health checks, as specified in [TNC-IF-TNCCSPBSOH].
- **network address translation (NAT)**: The process of converting between IP addresses used within an intranet, or other private network, and Internet IP addresses.
- **Network Address Translator (NAT)**: An IPv4 router defined in [RFC1631] that can translate the IP addresses and TCP/UDP port numbers of packets as they are forwarded.
- **network byte order**: The order in which the bytes of a multiple-byte number are transmitted on a network, most significant byte first (in big-endian storage). This may or may not match the order in which numbers are normally stored in memory for a particular processor.
- **Network Data Representation (NDR)**: A specification that defines a mapping from **Interface Definition Language (IDL)** data types onto octet streams. **NDR** also refers to the runtime environment that implements the mapping facilities (for example, data provided to **NDR**). For more information, see [MS-RPCE] and [C706] section 14.
- **next hop**: The next router on the path toward a **destination**. Packets from a source are forwarded to a **destination** on a hop-by-hop basis.
- next hops: Routes have one or more next hops associated with them. If the destination is not on a directly connected network, the next hop is the address of the next router (or network) on the outgoing network that can best route data to the destination. Each next hop is uniquely identified by the address of the next hop and the interface index used to reach the next hop. If the next hop itself is not directly connected, it is marked as a "remote" next hop. In this case, the forwarder must perform another lookup using the next hop's network address. This lookup is necessary to find the "local" next hop used to reach the remote next hop and the destination.
- **object identifier (OID)**: In the context of an object server, a 64-bit number that uniquely identifies an object.
- **opnum**: An operation number or numeric identifier that is used to identify a specific **remote procedure call (RPC)** method or a method in an interface. For more information, see [C706] section 12.5.2.12 or [MS-RPCE].
- **phone book (PBK)**: A file maintained by RRAS to store telephone numbers, and security and network settings used for RAS connections.
- **point-to-multipoint interface**: An **interface** that provides communication between a single host and multiple **destinations**. Point-to-multipoint **interfaces** can be thought of as a collection of point-to-point links with a single termination, such as an ATM link.

- **point-to-point interface**: An **interface** that provides communication between a single source and a single **destination**, such as a PPP link.
- port: The logical endpoint of a remote access connection on the client or server.
- PPPoE: Specifies a method for transmitting PPP frames over Ethernet as specified in [RFC2516].
- **PPTP**: Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP) Profile, as defined in [MS-PTPT].
- **preference**: Indicates priority between **routing protocols**. For example, an administrator can assign Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) a lower (better) **preference** than Routing Information Protocol (RIP). In this case, OSPF routes are preferable to RIP routes.
- **preshared key**: A shared secret agreed upon by two authenticating entities (**routing and remote access service (RRAS) server** or client in this document).
- **process identifier (PID)**: A nonzero integer used by some operating systems (for example, Windows and UNIX) to uniquely identify a process. For more information, see [PROCESS].
- quick mode security association (QM SA): A security association (SA) that is used to protect IP packets between peers (the Internet Key Exchange (IKE) traffic is protected by the main mode security association (MM SA)). For more information, see [RFC2409] section 5.5.
- **RAS port**: The logical endpoint of a remote access connection on the client or server.
- **REG_DWORD**: A registry value type defined to be a REG_VALUE_TYPE of 4 as defined in [MS-RRP].
- **REG_SZ**: A registry value type defined to be a REG_VALUE_TYPE of 1 as defined in [MS-RRP].
- **registry**: A local system-defined database in which applications and system components store and retrieve configuration data. It is a hierarchical data store with lightly typed elements that are logically stored in tree format. Applications use the registry API to retrieve, modify, or delete registry data. The data stored in the registry varies according to the version of Windows.
- **remote procedure call (RPC)**: A context-dependent term commonly overloaded with three meanings. Note that much of the industry literature concerning RPC technologies uses this term interchangeably for any of the three meanings. Following are the three definitions: (*) The runtime environment providing remote procedure call facilities. The preferred usage for this meaning is "RPC runtime". (*) The pattern of request and response message exchange between two parties (typically, a client and a server). The preferred usage for this meaning is "RPC exchange". (*) A single message from an exchange as defined in the previous definition. The preferred usage for this term is "RPC message". For more information about RPC, see [C706].
- **RIP for IPX**: Routing Information Protocol (RIP) for IPX, is the primary **routing protocol** used in IPX internetworks.
- **route**: A "network path" to a **destination** that has a certain cost associated with it. The cost is represented by its administrative preference and its protocol-specific metric.
- router: A server that handles data forwarding and runs routing protocols.
- **routing and remote access service (RRAS) server**: A server implementation that is managed by the RRASM protocol and provides routing and remote access service functionality.
- routing protocol: Used to exchange information regarding routes to a destination. Routing protocols are either unicast or multicast. Routing protocols advertise routes to a destination. A unicast route to a destination is used by a unicast routing protocol to forward unicast data to that destination. Examples of unicast routing protocols include RIP, OSPF, and Border Gateway Protocol (BGP). A multicast route to a destination is used by some

- **multicast routing protocols** to create the information that is used to forward **multicast** data from hosts on the **destination** network of the route (known as reverse-path forwarding).
- **routing table**: A table that consists of **destinations**, routes, and **next hops**. These entries define a route to a **destination** network.
- **RPC protocol sequence**: A character string that represents a valid combination of a **remote procedure call (RPC)** protocol, a network layer protocol, and a transport layer protocol, as described in [C706] and [MS-RPCE].
- **RRAS entry name**: The display name for the RRAS entry.
- **RRAS entry section**: A grouping of the **RRAS entry name** and the settings associated with the RRAS entry stored as key value pairs.
- **RRAS Entry Subsection**: Refers to a group of related key value pairs in the RRAS Phonebook Entry.
- **RRAS entry/RRAS phonebook entry/RRAS phonebook section**: A grouping of the demand dial connection name and the settings associated with the demand dial connection stored as key value pairs.
- **RRAS phonebook path**: Refers to the location of the phonebook file.
- **RRASM client**: The RPC client-side implementation of the RRASM protocol, which can be used to develop management software to remotely manage the RRAS server.
- **RRASM server**: The RPC server-side implementation of the RRASM protocol, which provides the server endpoint for remote management of the RRAS server implementation.
- **security association (SA)**: A simplex "connection" that provides security services to the traffic carried by it. See [RFC4301] for more information.
- **Simple Symmetric Transport Protocol (SSTP)**: A protocol that enables two applications to engage in bi-directional, asynchronous communication. SSTP supports multiple application **endpoints** over a single network connection between client nodes.
- smart card: A portable device that is shaped like a business card and is embedded with a memory chip and either a microprocessor or some non-programmable logic. Smart cards are often used as authentication tokens and for secure key storage. Smart cards used for secure key storage have the ability to perform cryptographic operations with the stored key without allowing the key itself to be read or otherwise extracted from the card.
- **static NetBIOS names**: The names that can be configured so that NetBIOS over IPX name query broadcasts for specific NetBIOS names can be forwarded using specific **interfaces**.
- static route: A route that is manually added to the routing table. A static route is associated with an interface that represents the remote network. Unlike dynamic routes, static routes are retained even if the router is restarted or the interface is disabled. Typically, routes to remote networks are obtained dynamically through routing protocols. However, the administrator can also seed the routing table by providing routes manually. These routes are referred to as static.
- **subentry**: Specifies the portion of the phonebook entry that comprises the settings associated with the device configured for the RRAS entry.
- **subInterface**: For each RAS client connection in RRAS, one is created and has an index similar to **interface index** called a subInterface index. Different RAS clients on the server are associated with different subInterfaces identified by their subInterface index.

- **switch**: A logical device type that provides options to run a terminal window or a custom script for a dial-up connection. This device type is not used for dialing a connection.
- **Telephony Application Programming Interface (TAPI)**: A set of functions that allows programming of telephone line-based devices in a device-independent manner. TAPI is used for the development of communications applications.
- **terminal window**: An ANSI text-only window in a graphical user interface that emulates a console. This is also referred to as a hyper terminal.
- **transport**: routable **transport** that fits into the router architecture, for example, IPv4, IPv6, or IPX
- unicast: The process of sending traffic to a unique address. Unicast routing is the process of forwarding unicasted traffic from a source to a destination on an internetwork.
- **Unicode**: A character encoding standard developed by the Unicode Consortium that represents almost all of the written languages of the world. The **Unicode** standard [UNICODE5.0.0/2007] provides three forms (UTF-8, UTF-16, and UTF-32) and seven schemes (UTF-8, UTF-16, UTF-16 BE, UTF-16 LE, UTF-32, UTF-32 LE, and UTF-32 BE).
- universally unique identifier (UUID): A 128-bit value. UUIDs can be used for multiple purposes, from tagging objects with an extremely short lifetime, to reliably identifying very persistent objects in cross-process communication such as client and server interfaces, manager entry-point vectors, and RPC objects. UUIDs are highly likely to be unique. UUIDs are also known as globally unique identifiers (GUIDs) and these terms are used interchangeably in the Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the UUID. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the UUID.
- view: A subset of the routing table and contains a group of related routes (for example, multicast routes). Views are sometimes called routing information bases (RIBs).
- **virtual private network (VPN)**: A network that provides secure access to a private network over public infrastructure.
- MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

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[MS-DCOM] Microsoft Corporation, "Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM) Remote Protocol".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-L2TPIE] Microsoft Corporation, "Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP) IPsec Extensions".

[MS-RNAP] Microsoft Corporation, "<u>Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes for Network Access Protection</u> (NAP) Data Structure".

[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions".

[MS-RRP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Remote Registry Protocol".

[MS-SSTP] Microsoft Corporation, "Secure Socket Tunneling Protocol (SSTP)".

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1.3 Overview

The RRASM protocol enables remote management (configuration and monitoring) of RRAS. This protocol exposes the RRAS management data objects (described in sections $\underline{1.3.1}$, $\underline{1.3.2}$, $\underline{1.3.3}$, $\underline{1.3.4}$, and $\underline{1.3.5}$) and the methods to manage these objects remotely. An RRAS implementation that exposes its configuration in the form of these objects and methods can be managed remotely using the RRASM protocol. The RRASM protocol is responsible for providing the remote management capability only. The way the management objects are used in order to provide RRAS functionality, is specific to the RRAS implementation and is outside the scope of this protocol.

The RPC protocol provides the mechanism to define methods and data structures that are passed as parameters to these methods. It also provides the underlying with which these methods can be invoked remotely as well as the data passed as parameters.

This document, in addition, specifies the registry keys and values that can be used to specify an RRAS server configuration. These registry keys can be remotely configured using the [MS-RRP] protocol. They form the initial configuration for the RRAS implementation. Runtime configuration changes are done through the RPC protocol itself. An RRAS implementation that understands these registry keys and realizes their intended semantics can then be configured remotely using the [MS-RRP] protocol.

This document also specifies the format of the phonebook file that can be used to specify site-to-site connection settings. An RRAS implementation that understands the semantics of this phonebook file can then be configured to provide site-to-site connectivity. The phonebook file can be created remotely at a well-known location using any remote file management mechanism such as the Server Message Block protocol. The RRAS implementation can read the settings and realize the configuration based on the semantics specified.

The interaction between a RRASM client and a RRASM server itself is stateless and is accomplished through RPC method invocation. Each RPC method request is independent of others and no context is maintained by RRASM pertaining to the sequence of operations. Each method involves passing of certain parameters from the RRASM client to the RRAS implementation through the RRASM RPC server. The RRAS server should perform the required operation locally in response to the RPC method request and provide the result of the operation to the RRASM server in the form of result information and associated data. The RRASM server is responsible for transporting the result information and the data associated, back to the client that originated the request. This request-response mechanism is provided by the RPC protocol as defined in [MS-RPCE]. In a nutshell, the RRASM client and server act as the endpoints providing remote communication to the RRAS implementation which already has these objects defined and managed locally.

The following two figures respectively show the Client/server message exchange and the RRAS conceptual model.

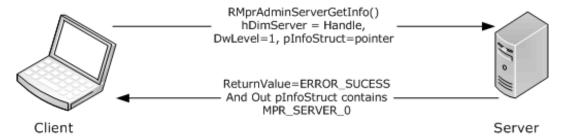


Figure 1: Client/server message exchange

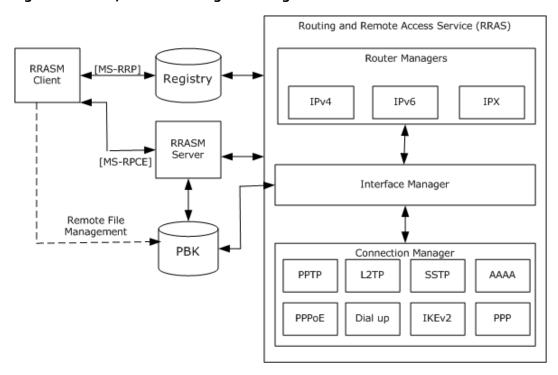


Figure 2: RRAS conceptual model

The RRASM client and server interact with each other using RPC and DCOM **interfaces**. There are two RPC interfaces supported by RRASM: DIMSVC and RASRPC. There is a DCOM interface supported by RRAS: REMRAS. These interfaces are specified in section 3.

The RRAS implementation can be viewed as comprising the following components:

- Interface Manager
- Router Manager
- Connection Manager

The interface Manager is the component responsible for managing the various interfaces (LAN/WAN) on the RRAS server. The LAN interface refers to the Ethernet interfaces that can participate in routing. The WAN interface can be a dial-in interface (the interface that collectively represents all the remote access clients that are connected to the RRAS server), or a demand dial interface (a WAN interface that is connected on demand to realize secure site-to-site router-level connectivity). For demand dial interfaces, the Interface Manager is responsible for initiating the connection. The connection settings are managed by the Interface Manager using the phonebook file format. The manager reads the

phonebook entry for the demand dial connection settings and passes it to the Connection Manager to perform the task of setting up the connection using a particular protocol.

The Router Managers are responsible for managing various **routing protocols**. The Router Managers start as a part of the RRAS server initialization. The RRAS server will read the router configuration as specified in the registry store and will initialize the Router Managers with their configuration. There is one Router Manager per transport (for example, the IPv4 Router Manager). The Router Manager in turn is responsible for configuring the various routing protocols (for example, RIP for IPv4 transport) for which the configuration is available. The Router Manager interacts with Interface Manager to monitor the various interfaces and their status. This in turn enables the Router Manager (and the routing protocols) to apply the routing configuration on the various interfaces. The Router Manager is also responsible for providing status and statistical information in the form of a Management Information Base (MIB).

The Connection Manager is the component responsible for managing remote access connections. It provides the implementation of the various protocols as mentioned in the conceptual model (such as **PPTP**, L2TP, PPP, and so on). It is also responsible for providing authentication, accounting, auditing, and authorization (AAAA) support for the remote access connections. This provides connection-specific detailed information for monitoring purposes.

These three components of RRAS server implement their own providers for configuration and monitoring tasks based on the defined objects and semantics. RRASM can then be used to perform these tasks remotely. The way these tasks are actually realized is outside the scope of the RRASM protocol itself.

The high-level data objects defined for an RRAS implementation to understand and operate on, and remotely managed by the RRASM protocol, are as follows:

- Interface
- Transport
- Management Information Base
- Port
- Connection
- Server

The RRAS implementation is defined to be the provider of these methods and objects for local management. These methods and objects should be made available for the RRASM server to call into. The RRASM protocol makes these objects and methods available remotely over RPC interfaces, thereby enabling remote management.

1.3.1 Interface Object

This object provides the interface-specific information and the routing protocol configurations associated with the interface. The interfaces on the RRAS server can be enumerated using RRouterInterfaceEnum. Each interface is associated with a handle that can be used to refer to a particular interface. This handle can be obtained through the RRouterInterfaceEnum or through RRouterInterfaceGetHandle. For new interfaces, creating the interface through RRouterInterfaceCreate (Opnum 12) will also provide the reference handle. With the interface handle, specific tasks on the interface can be performed, which are as follows:

- RRouterInterfaceDelete
- RRouterInterfaceGetInfo
- RRouterInterfaceSetInfo

- RRouterInterfaceUpdatePhonebookInfo
- RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo
- RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo
- RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx
- RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx
- RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsLocal
- RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal

An interface object corresponding to a demand dial interface can also be used to perform tasks like connect and disconnect using the <u>RRouterInterfaceConnect</u> and <u>RRouterInterfaceDisconnect</u> methods.

1.3.2 Transport Object

The transports are the various protocols that participate in the routing operation. The transport configurations are realized by the router managers and the routing protocols that are part of the router managers. Each transport is identified by a well-known transport identifier that specifies the protocol for which a certain operation needs to be performed. The transport-specific configuration can be managed through the following methods by specifying the appropriate transport identifier:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo
- RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate

Additionally, the transport configurations can be managed for a specific interface using the following methods by specifying the transport identifier and the interface handle.

- RRouterInterfaceTransportRemove
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo
- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd

For the routing functionality, the route configuration can be updated on the interfaces for a particular transport by using the following methods.

- RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes
- RRouterInterfaceQueryUpdateResult

1.3.3 Management Information Base (MIB)

A number of statistics are collected as a part of the routing functionality of the various routing protocols. The MIB object provides methods and data structures with which this information can be gathered from the router managers and the routing protocols. The following methods enable these monitoring operations:

- RMIBEntryCreate
- RMIBEntryDelete
- RMIBEntrySet

- RMIBEntryGet
- RMIBEntryGetFirst
- RMIBEntryGetNext
- RMIBGetTrapInfo
- RMIBSetTrapInfo

Each of these methods takes the transport identifier and the routing protocol identifier for which the MIB operations are performed.

1.3.4 Ports Object

The remote access and site-to-site connection functionality is associated with connectivity. In turn, connectivity is provided by physical devices, such as a modem or ISDN (dial-up), or by virtual devices, such as PPTP, L2TP, **PPPoE**, **IKEv2**, and **SSTP**. For the RRAS server to accept connectivity, the devices (physical or virtual) need to be configured to accept connections. This is specified through the port configuration. A port is associated with each device type supported. The ports can be used for various connectivity purposes like remote access or demand dial routing connectivity. There can be miscellaneous configurations associated with a particular device type. Configurations of the devices can be set or retrieved through the following methods:

- RMprAdminServerSetInfo
- RMprAdminServerGetInfo
- RMprAdminServerGetInfoEx
- RMprAdminServerSetInfoEx
- RRouterDeviceEnum

The following request types, used by RasRpcSubmitRequest, also enable these operations.

- REQTYPE GETDEVICECONFIGINFO
- REQTYPE_SETDEVICECONFIGINFO
- REQTYPE GETCALLEDID
- REQTYPE_SETCALLEDID
- REQTYPE GETDEVCONFIG
- REQTYPE_GETNDISWANDRIVERCAPS

Each port is associated with a port handle that can be retrieved using RRasAdminPortEnum or the RasRpcSubmitRequest with REQTYPE_PORTENUM. This handle can be used to perform tasks or queries specific to a port using this handle as reference. For each configured port there are runtime information and statistics obtainable through RRasAdminPortGetInfo. The specific request type REQTYPE_GETINFO of the RasRpcSubmitRequest method also enables these operations. Other than these get and set operations, there are other port-specific operations possible such as RRasAdminPortClearStats, RRasAdminPortDisconnect.

1.3.5 Connection Object

The ports represent an endpoint of the remote access or demand dial connectivity. As a part of the individual device process of establishing the underlying connectivity, there is data available at

runtime. The data is represented as connection objects. The connections can be enumerated using RRasAdminConnectionEnum. Each connection is associated with a connection handle that can be used to refer to a specific connection instance. This can be obtained through the RRasAdminPortEnum or RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo or RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx enable the retrieval of the connection-specific information. Other than these, the connection-specific tasks that can be performed are as follows:

- RRasAdminConnectionClearStats
- RRasAdminConnectionNotification
- RRasAdminUpdateConnection
- RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine
- RRasAdminSendUserMessage

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The RRAS Management Protocol relies on RPC [MS-RPCE] as a transport. It is used to remotely manage RRAS server implementations. For more information about RRAS, see [MSDN-RAS].

This protocol uses RPC over named pipes as specified in section 2.1. The support for the RPC protocol sequence using named pipes is as specified in the [MS-RPCE] section 2.1.1.2.

This protocol uses DCOM [MS-DCOM] as specified in section 2.

The registry values that the RRASM client uses for configurations are handled using the [MS-RRP] protocol. Any RRAS server implementation can use these registry settings to initialize the RRAS server configuration.

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

This protocol is implemented on top of DCOM and RPC. The pre-requisites specified in [MS-DCOM] and [MS-RPCE] are applicable.

The RRAS Management Protocol assumes that a client has obtained the name or the IP address of the RRAS server that implements this protocol suite before the protocol is invoked.

1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol is applicable when an application needs to remotely configure, manage, or monitor an RRAS server implementation.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

- Supported Transports: The RRAS Management Protocol uses the RPC protocol as a transport and the RPC protocol sequence as specified in section 2.1.
- Protocol Versions: This protocol has three interfaces named DIMSVC, RASRPC, and REMRAS. Each interface has only one interface version. The interfaces have been extended by adding additional methods at the end. The use of these methods is specified in section 3.1, section 3.3, and section 3.5.
- **Security and Authentication Methods: Authentication** and security for the transport used by this protocol are specified in [MS-RPCE]. For the RPC and DCOM interfaces, the security and authentication mechanisms are described in section 5.

- **Localization:** This protocol passes text strings in various methods. Localization considerations for such strings are specified where relevant.
- Capability Negotiation: The RRAS Management Protocol does not support negotiation of the
 interface version to use for the RPC interfaces. Instead, this protocol uses only the interface
 version number specified in the Interface Definition Language (IDL) for versioning and
 capability negotiation.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses error codes as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.2. Additional error codes are defined in section 2.2.4. Vendors SHOULD reuse those values with their indicated meaning. Choosing any other value runs the risk of a collision in the future.

1.9 Standards Assignments

The following parameters are private Microsoft assignments.

Parameter	Value	Reference
RPC interface UUID for dimsvc interface	8f09f000-b7ed-11ce-bbd2- 00001a181cad	[C706] section A.2.5
RPC interface UUID for Rasrpc interface	20610036-fa22-11cf-9823- 00a0c911e5df	[C706] section A.2.5
Named pipe name	\PIPE\ROUTER	
CLSID for REMRAS interface	1aa7f844-c7F5-11d0-A376- 00c04fc9da04	
RPC interface UUID for IRemoteNetworkConfig interface	66a2db1b-d706-11d0-a37b- 00c04fc9da04	
RPC interface UUID for IRemoteRouterRestart interface	66a2db20-d706-11d0-a37b- 00c04fc9da04	
RPC interface UUID for IRemoteSetDnsConfig interface	66a2db21-d706-11d0-a37b- 00c04fc9da04	
RPC interface UUID for IRemoteICFICSConfig interface	66a2db22-d706-11d0-a37b- 00c04fc9da04	
RPC interface UUID for IRemoteStringIdConfig interface	67e08fc2-2984-4b62-b92e- fc1aae64bbbb	
RPC interface UUID for IRemoteIPV6Config interface	6139d8a4-e508-4ebb-bac7- d7f275145897	
RPC interface UUID for IRemoteSstpCertCheck interface	5ff9bdf6-bd91-4d8b-a614- d6317acc8dd8	

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

RRASM uses RPC over named pipes, with the named pipe-name as \PIPE\ROUTER and DCOM interfaces.

The protocol MUST use the following UUID for the RPC interfaces.

- 8f09f000-b7ed-11ce-bbd2-00001a181cad for the dimsvc interface
- 20610036-fa22-11cf-9823-00a0c911e5df for the rasrpc interface

The protocol MUST use the following UUIDs for DCOM interfaces.

- 66a2db1b-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04 for the IRemoteNetworkConfig interface
- 66a2db20-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04 for the IRemoteRouterRestart interface
- 66a2db21-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04 for the IRemoteSetDnsConfig interface
- 66a2db22-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04 for the IRemoteICFICSConfig interface
- 67e08fc2-2984-4b62-b92e-fc1aae64bbbb for the IRemoteStringIdConfig interface
- 6139d8a4-e508-4ebb-bac7-d7f275145897 for the IRemoteIPV6Config interface
- 5ff9bdf6-bd91-4d8b-a614-d6317acc8dd8 for the IRemoteSstpCertCheck interface

2.1.1 Dimsvc Security Settings

2.1.1.1 Server Security Settings

The server interface MUST be identified by the UUID 8f09f000-b7ed-11ce-bbd2-00001a181cad version 0.0. The server MUST specify RPC over SMB as the RPC protocol sequence to the RPC implementation, as specified in [MS-RPCE]. The dimsvc RPC server MUST specify "Simple and Protected GSS-API Negotiation Mechanism" (0x09) as the RPC **authentication service (AS)** as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.1.1.7. The dimsvc RPC SHOULD<1> support RPC_C_AUTHN_LEVEL_PKT_PRIVACY (0x06) as the RPC **authentication level**. This enables clients requiring data confidentiality to be able to connect to the RPC server interface with data confidentiality.

The dimsvc RPC server, to perform its task, MUST impersonate the RPC client and retrieve its identity as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.3.3.4.3. To determine whether the client has access to an RPC method, all the RPC methods described under section 3.1.4 use this identity to ensure that the client belongs to the local administrators group on the server.

2.1.1.2 Client Security Settings

The RPC client for the dimsvc RPC interface MUST use ncacn_np as the RPC protocol sequence. The client MUST specify "Simple and Protected GSS-API Negotiation Mechanism" (0x09) as the authentication service, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.1.1.7. The client SHOULD supply a service principal name (SPN) (for more information, see [SPNNAMES]) of "host/hostname" where hostname is the actual name of the server to which the client is connecting and "host/" is the literal string "host/". The RPC client MUST first bind to the named pipe mentioned in section 2.1 and use the binding handle obtained (as a part of the binding process) to further communicate with the server, as specified in section 2 of [C706]. The RPC client MAY also negotiate RPC C AUTHN LEVEL PKT PRIVACY as the authentication level in order to ensure the communication

to the RPC server is also protected with data confidentiality. The client MUST enable the server to impersonate the client identity by specifying RPC_C_IMPL_LEVEL_IMPERSONATE as the impersonation level, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.1.1.9.

2.1.2 Rasrpc Security Settings

2.1.2.1 Server Security Settings

The server interface MUST be identified by the UUID 20610036-fa22-11cf-9823-00a0c911e5df version 1.0. The server MUST specify RPC over SMB as the RPC protocol sequence to the RPC implementation, as specified in [MS-RPCE]. The Rasrpc RPC server SHOULD<2> specify "Simple and Protected GSS-API Negotiation Mechanism" (0x09) as the RPC Authentication service, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.1.1.7. The Rasrpc RPC server SHOULD specify "NT LAN Manager (NTLM)" and "Kerberos"<3> as additional authentication services supported, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.1.1.7. The Rasrpc RPC server SHOULD<4> support all authentication levels up to RPC_C_AUTHN_LEVEL_PKT_PRIVACY (0x06) to enable clients to use data confidentiality as required. It SHOULD allow clients to connect only with an authentication level of at least RPC_C_AUTHN_LEVEL_CONNECT.<5> Additionally, the RPC server MUST allow only clients that are part of the administrators group on the server.

2.1.2.2 Client Security Settings

The RPC client for Rasrpc RPC interface MUST use ncacn_np as the RPC protocol sequence. The client SHOULD <6> specify "Simple and Protected GSS-API Negotiation Mechanism" (0x09) as the authentication service, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.1.1.7. The client MAY <7> use "NT LAN Manager (NTLM)" or "Kerberos" as the authentication services specifically to connect to the server. The client SHOULD supply a service principal name (SPN) (for more information, see [SPNNAMES]) of "host/hostname" where "hostname" is the actual name of the server to which the client is connecting. "host/" is the literal string "host/". The RPC client MUST first bind to the named pipe mentioned in section 2.1 and use the binding handle obtained (as a part of the binding process) to further communicate with the server, as specified in section 2 of [C706]. The client SHOULD negotiate RPC_C_AUTHN_LEVEL_PKT_PRIVACY <8> as the authentication level in order to have a secure connection to the RPC server with data confidentiality also. The client MUST enable the server to impersonate the client identity by specifying RPC_C_IMPL_LEVEL_IMPERSONATE as the impersonation level as described in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.1.1.9.

2.1.3 Remras Security Settings

The remras interfaces make use of the underlying DCOM security framework, as specified in [MS-DCOM], and rely upon its access control.

2.2 Common Data Types

2.2.1 RRASM RPC Common Messages

In addition to RPC base types and definitions specified in [C706] and [MS-RPCE], additional data types are defined in this section.

All multi-byte integer values in the messages declared in this section use **little-endian** byte order.

2.2.1.1 Data Types, Enumerations, and Constants

2.2.1.1.1 ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE

The ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE type enumerates the different kinds of interfaces on the RRAS server.

```
typedef enum _ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE
{
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT,
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER,
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER,
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DEDICATED,
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL,
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK,
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_TUNNEL1,
  ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT
} ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE;
```

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT: The interface is for a remote access client.

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER: The interface is for a home RRAS server or a one-way initiated **demand-dial** interface. With one-way initiated connections, one **router** is always the answering router and the other router is always the calling router [MSFT-ROUTING].

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER: The interface is for a full router or a two-way initiated demand-dial interface. With two-way initiated connections, either router can be the answering router or the calling router, depending on which router initiates the connection [MSFT-ROUTING].

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DEDICATED: The interface is always connected. It is a LAN interface, or the interface is connected over a leased line.

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL: The interface is an internal-only interface.

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK: The interface is a loopback interface.

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_TUNNEL1: The interface is an IP in IP tunnel.<9>

ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT: The interface is a demand-dial interface [MSFT-ROUTING].

2.2.1.1.2 ROUTER_CONNECTION_STATE

The ROUTER_CONNECTION_STATE type enumerates the possible states of an interface on the RRAS server.

```
typedef enum
{
  ROUTER_IF_STATE_UNREACHABLE,
  ROUTER_IF_STATE_DISCONNECTED,
  ROUTER_IF_STATE_CONNECTING,
  ROUTER_IF_STATE_CONNECTED
} ROUTER_CONNECTION_STATE;
```

ROUTER_IF_STATE_UNREACHABLE: The interface is unreachable.

ROUTER_IF_STATE_DISCONNECTED: The interface is reachable, but disconnected.

ROUTER_IF_STATE_CONNECTING: The interface is in the process of connecting.

ROUTER_IF_STATE_CONNECTED: The interface is connected.

2.2.1.1.3 RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE

The RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE enumerated type indicates the quarantine state of a client connection [MS-RNAP]. For more information, see [MSDN-NAP].

```
typedef enum RAS QUARANTINE STATE
```

```
{
    RAS_QUAR_STATE_NORMAL,
    RAS_QUAR_STATE_QUARANTINE,
    RAS_QUAR_STATE_PROBATION,
    RAS_QUAR_STATE_UNKNOWN
} RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE;
```

RAS_QUAR_STATE_NORMAL: The connection state is normal.

RAS_QUAR_STATE_QUARANTINE: The connection is quarantined, meaning that the client did not meet the health requirements [MS-RNAP] and therefore, its access is restricted to specific servers.

RAS_QUAR_STATE_PROBATION: The connection is in probation, meaning that the client is not healthy [MS-RNAP] and needs to become healthy within a specified duration.

RAS_QUAR_STATE_UNKNOWN: The connection state is unknown.

2.2.1.1.4 RAS_PORT_CONDITION

The RAS_PORT_CONDITION enumerated type specifies information regarding the connection condition of a given **RAS port**.

```
typedef enum RAS PORT CONDITION
{
   RAS_PORT_NON_OPERATIONAL,
   RAS_PORT_DISCONNECTED,
   RAS_PORT_CALLING_BACK,
   RAS_PORT_LISTENING,
   RAS_PORT_AUTHENTICATING,
   RAS_PORT_AUTHENTICATED,
   RAS_PORT_INITIALIZING
} RAS_PORT_CONDITION;
```

RAS_PORT_NON_OPERATIONAL: The port is non-operational.

RAS_PORT_DISCONNECTED: The port is disconnected.

RAS_PORT_CALLING_BACK: The port is in the process of a calling back a dialed connection.

RAS_PORT_LISTENING: The port is listening for incoming calls.

RAS_PORT_AUTHENTICATING: The user connected to the port is being authenticated.

RAS_PORT_AUTHENTICATED: The port has authenticated a user.

RAS_PORT_INITIALIZING: The port is initializing.

2.2.1.1.5 RAS_HARDWARE_CONDITION

The RAS_HARDWARE_CONDITION enumeration type specifies hardware status information about a given RAS port.

```
typedef enum _RAS_HARDWARE_CONDITION
{
   RAS HARDWARE OPERATIONAL,
   RAS_HARDWARE_FAILURE
} RAS HARDWARE CONDITION;
```

RAS_HARDWARE_OPERATIONAL: The hardware attached to this RAS port is operational and is ready to receive client calls.

RAS_HARDWARE_FAILURE: The hardware attached to this RAS port has failed.

2.2.1.1.6 DIM_HANDLE

The DIM_HANDLE is a handle_t used by methods specified in section 3.1.4; details of how it is obtained are specified in section 3.1.3.

This type is declared as follows:

```
typedef handle t DIM HANDLE;
```

2.2.1.1.7 FORWARD_ACTION

The FORWARD_ACTION enumeration type specifies the type of action to be taken in a filter.

```
typedef enum _FORWARD_ACTION
{
   FORWARD = 0,
   DROP = 1
} FORWARD ACTION;
```

FORWARD: Allows the traffic to pass through the filter.

DROP: Does not allow the traffic to pass through the filter: drops the traffic.

2.2.1.1.8 MIB_IPFORWARD_TYPE

The MIB_IPFORWARD_TYPE enumeration type specifies the type of the IP **route**.

```
typedef enum
{
   MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_OTHER = 1,
   MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_INVALID = 2,
   MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_DIRECT = 3,
   MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_INDIRECT = 4
} MIB_IPFORWARD_TYPE;
```

MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_OTHER: Other than the type specified in [RFC1354].

MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_INVALID: An invalid route is deleted.

MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_DIRECT: A local route where the **next hop** is the final **destination** (a local interface).

MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_INDIRECT: The remote route where the next hop is not the final destination (a remote destination).

2.2.1.1.9 MIB_IPFORWARD_PROTO

The MIB_IPFORWARD_PROTO enumeration indicates which protocols have updated routes.

```
typedef enum
{
   MIB_IPPROTO_OTHER = 1,
```

```
MIB IPPROTO LOCAL = 2,
 MIB IPPROTO NETMGMT = 3,
 MIB IPPROTO ICMP = 4,
 MIB IPPROTO EGP = 5,
 MIB IPPROTO GGP = 6,
 MIB IPPROTO HELLO = 7,
 MIB IPPROTO RIP = 8,
 MIB IPPROTO IS IS = 9,
 MIB IPPROTO ES IS = 10,
 MIB_IPPROTO CISCO = 11,
 MIB IPPROTO BBN = 12,
 MIB IPPROTO BGP = 13,
 MIB IPPROTO OSPF = 14,
 MIB_IPPROTO_NT AUTOSTATIC = 10002,
 MIB IPPROTO NT STATIC = 10006,
 MIB_IPPROTO_NT_STATIC_NON_DOD = 10007
} MIB IPFORWARD PROTO;
```

- MIB_IPPROTO_OTHER: A route added by a protocol not specified in [RFC1354].
- **MIB_IPPROTO_LOCAL:** A route added locally on an interface.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_NETMGMT:** A static route. This value is used to identify route information for IP routing set through network management such as DHCP, the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), or by any other API to create routes.
- MIB_IPPROTO_ICMP: A route added as a result of an Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) redirect.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_EGP:** A route added by the **Exterior Gateway Protocol (EGP)**, a dynamic routing protocol.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_GGP:** A route added by the Gateway-to-Gateway Protocol (GGP), a dynamic routing protocol.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_HELLO:** A route added by the Hellospeak protocol, a dynamic routing protocol. This protocol is not supported and MUST NOT be used.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_RIP:** A route added by the Berkeley Routing Information Protocol (RIP) or RIP-II, a dynamic routing protocol. See [RFC1058] and [RFC1723].
- **MIB_IPPROTO_IS_IS:** A route added by the Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System (IS-IS) protocol, a dynamic routing protocol. The IS-IS protocol was developed for use in the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) protocol suite.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_ES_IS:** A route added by the End System-to-Intermediate System (ES-IS) protocol, a dynamic routing protocol. The ES-IS protocol was developed for use in the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) protocol suite.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_CISCO:** A route added by the Cisco Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (IGRP), a dynamic routing protocol.
- MIB_IPPROTO_BBN: A route added by the Bolt, Beranek, and Newman (BBN) Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) that used the Shortest Path First (SPF) algorithm, a dynamic routing protocol.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_BGP:** A route added by the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP), a dynamic routing protocol.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_OSPF:** A route added by the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) protocol, a dynamic routing protocol.

- **MIB_IPPROTO_NT_AUTOSTATIC:** A route that was originally generated by a routing protocol, but now is static.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_NT_STATIC:** A route added as a **static route** from the routing user interface or a routing command.
- **MIB_IPPROTO_NT_STATIC_NON_DOD:** A route added as a static route from the routing user interface or a routing command. These routes do not cause demand-dial.

2.2.1.1.10 MIB_IPSTATS_FORWARDING

The MIB IPSTATS FORWARDING enumerates different forwarding possibilities.

```
typedef enum
{
   MIB IP FORWARDING = 1,
   MIB_IP_NOT_FORWARDING = 2
} MIB_IPSTATS_FORWARDING,
   *PMIB_IPSTATS_FORWARDING;
```

MIB_IP_FORWARDING: Forwarding-enabled.

MIB_IP_NOT_FORWARDING: Not forwarding-enabled.

2.2.1.1.11 MIB_TCP_STATE

The MIB_TCP_STATE enumerates different possible TCP states.

```
typedef enum
{
   MIB TCP STATE CLOSED = 1,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_LISTEN = 2,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_SYN_SENT = 3,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_SYN_RCVD = 4,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_STAN_RCVD = 4,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_FIN_WAIT1 = 6,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_FIN_WAIT2 = 7,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_CLOSE_WAIT = 8,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_CLOSING = 9,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_LAST_ACK = 10,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_LAST_ACK = 11,
   MIB_TCP_STATE_DELETE_TCB = 12
} MIB_TCP_STATE_DELETE_TCB = 12
```

MIB_TCP_STATE_CLOSED: The TCP connection is closed.

MIB_TCP_STATE_LISTEN: The TCP connection is in the listen state.

MIB_TCP_STATE_SYN_SENT: A SYN packet has been sent.

MIB_TCP_STATE_SYN_RCVD: A SYN packet has been received.

MIB_TCP_STATE_ESTAB: The TCP connection has been established.

MIB_TCP_STATE_FIN_WAIT1: The TCP connection is waiting for a FIN packet.

MIB_TCP_STATE_FIN_WAIT2: The TCP connection is waiting for a FIN packet.

MIB_TCP_STATE_CLOSE_WAIT: The TCP connection is in the close wait state.

MIB_TCP_STATE_CLOSING: The TCP connection is closing.

MIB_TCP_STATE_LAST_ACK: The TCP connection is in the last ACK state.

MIB_TCP_STATE_TIME_WAIT: The TCP connection is in the time wait state.

MIB_TCP_STATE_DELETE_TCB: The TCP connection is in the delete TCB state.

2.2.1.1.12 TCP_RTO_ALGORITHM

The TCP_RTO_ALGORITHM enumerates different TCP retransmission time-out algorithms.

```
typedef enum
{
   MIB_TCP_RTO_OTHER = 1,
   MIB_TCP_RTO_CONSTANT = 2,
   MIB_TCP_RTO_RSRE = 3,
   MIB_TCP_RTO_VANJ = 4
} TCP_RTO_ALGORITHM,
   *PTCP_RTO_ALGORITHM;
```

MIB_TCP_RTO_OTHER: Other.

MIB_TCP_RTO_CONSTANT: Constant time-out.

MIB_TCP_RTO_RSRE: MIL-STD-1778. See [RFC4022].

MIB_TCP_RTO_VANJ: Van Jacobson's algorithm.

2.2.1.1.13 IP_NAT_DIRECTION

This enumeration contains **Network Address Translator (NAT)** directions.

```
typedef enum
{
  NatInboundDirection = 0,
  NatOutboundDirection
} IP_NAT_DIRECTION,
  *PIP_NAT_DIRECTION;
```

NatInboundDirection: The packet was received from a public address and is to be sent to private address.

NatOutboundDirection: The packet was received from a private address and is to be sent to public address.

2.2.1.1.14 **OSPF_PARAM_TYPE**

This enumeration contains an OSPF parameter type that defines the type of information in the following structures.

- OSPF ROUTE FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.209)
- OSPF PROTO FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.210)
- OSPF GLOBAL PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.211)
- OSPF AREA PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.212)
- OSPF AREA RANGE PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.213)
- OSPF VIRT INTERFACE PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.214)

- OSPF INTERFACE PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.215)
- OSPF NBMA NEIGHBOR PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.216)

```
typedef enum
{
   OSPF END PARAM TYPE = 0,
   OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM_TYPE,
   OSPF AREA PARAM TYPE,
   OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM_TYPE,
   OSPF_INTF_PARAM_TYPE,
   OSPF_NEIGHBOR_PARAM_TYPE,
   OSPF_VIRT_INTF_PARAM_TYPE,
   OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_PARAM_TYPE,
   OSPF_PROTOCOL_FILTER_PARAM_TYPE
} OSPF_PARAM_TYPE;
```

OSPF_END_PARAM_TYPE: Specifies that there is no more configuration information and marks the end of the configuration.

OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM structure.

OSPF_AREA_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_AREA_PARAM structure.

OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM structure.

OSPF_INTF_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_INTERFACE_PARAM structure.

OSPF_NEIGHBOR_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_NBMA_NEIGHBOR_PARAM structure.

OSPF_VIRT_INTF_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_VIRT_INTF_PARAM structure.

OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_PARAM structure.

OSPF_PROTOCOL_FILTER_PARAM_TYPE: Mapped to the OSPF_PROTOCOL_FILTER_PARAM structure.

2.2.1.1.15 OSPF_FILTER_ACTION

This enumeration is used to determine whether or not a route is added to the OSPF database.

```
typedef enum OSPF FILTER ACTION
{
   ACTION_DROP = 0,
   ACTION ACCEPT = 1
} OSPF FILTER ACTION,
   *POSPF_FILTER_ACTION;
```

ACTION_DROP: The route is not added to the OSPF database.

ACTION_ACCEPT: The route is added to the OSPF database.

2.2.1.1.16 RASDEVICETYPE

The RASDEVICETYPE type enumeration defines the different device types on the RRAS server.

```
typedef enum RASDEVICETYPE
{
   RDT_Modem = 0,
   RDT_X25,
```

```
RDT Isdn,
  RDT_Serial,
RDT_FrameRelay,
  RDT Atm,
  RDT_Sonet,
  RDT Sw56,
  RDT Tunnel_Pptp,
  RDT Tunnel L2tp,
  RDT_Irda,
RDT_Parallel,
  RDT Other,
  RDT_PPPoE,
  RDT_Tunnel_Sstp,
RDT_Tunnel_Ikev2,
  RDT Tunnel = 0 \times 00010000,
  RDT_Direct = 0x00020000,
  RDT Null Modem = 0 \times 00040000,
  RDT Broadband = 0 \times 00080000
} RASDEVICETYPE;
```

RDT_Modem: Modem device

RDT_X25: X.25 device

RDT_Isdn: ISDN device

RDT_Serial: Serial port device

RDT_FrameRelay: Frame relay device

RDT_Atm: Asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) device

RDT_Sonet: Sonet device

RDT_Sw56: Switched 56K access device

RDT_Tunnel_Pptp: PPTP device
RDT_Tunnel_L2tp: L2TP device

RDT_Irda: Infrared Data Association (IrDA) device.

RDT_Parallel: Parallel port device.

RDT_Other: Any other device. **RDT_PPPoE:** PPPoE device<10>

RDT_Tunnel_Sstp: SSTP device<11>

RDT_Tunnel_Ikev2: IKEv2 device<12>

RDT_Tunnel: Specifies the tunnel device class like PPTP, L2TP, SSTP, IKEv2.

RDT_Direct: Specifies the direct device class like Serial, Parallel.

RDT_Null_Modem: Specifies modem device class like Modem, Isdn, Irda.

RDT_Broadband: Specifies broadband device class like PPPoE.<a><13>

The final four values (RDT_Tunnel, RDT_Direct, RDT_Null_Modem, RDT_Broadband) are used to specify the class of the device.

2.2.1.1.17 RASMAN_STATUS

The RASMAN_STATUS type enumerates the status of the Port.

```
typedef enum _RASMAN_STATUS
{
   OPEN = 0,
   CLOSED = 1,
   UNAVAILABLE = 2,
   REMOVED = 3
} RASMAN STATUS;
```

OPEN: Port is in open state for a connection.

CLOSED: Port is in closed state and is available for connection.

UNAVAILABLE: Port is in the process of being removed and is not available for connection.

REMOVED: Port is removed and is not available for connection.

2.2.1.1.18 ReqTypes

The ReqTypes enumerations indicate the different types of message requests that can be passed in the **RB_ReqType** field of RequestBuffer structure.

```
typedef enum _ReqTypes
{
   REQTYPE PORTENUM = 21,
   REQTYPE GETINFO = 22,
   REQTYPE GETDEVCONFIG = 73,
   REQTYPE SETDEVICECONFIGINFO = 94,
   REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO = 95,
   REQTYPE_GETCALLEDID = 105,
   REQTYPE SETCALLEDID = 106,
   REQTYPE GETNDISWANDRIVERCAPS = 111
} ReqTypes;
```

REQTYPE_PORTENUM: Request to enumerate all the port information on the RRAS.

REQTYPE_GETINFO: Request to get information about a specific port on the RRAS.

REQTYPE_GETDEVCONFIG: Request to get device information on the RRAS.

REQTYPE_SETDEVICECONFIGINFO: Request to set device configuration information on RRAS.

REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO: Request to get device configuration information on RRAS.

REQTYPE_GETCALLEDID: Request to get CalledId information for a specific device on RRAS.

REQTYPE_SETCALLEDID: Request to set CalledId information for a specific device on RRAS.

REQTYPE_GETNDISWANDRIVERCAPS: Request to get the encryption capabilities of the RRAS.

2.2.1.1.19 **RASMAN_STATE**

The RASMAN_STATE enumeration indicates the connection condition of a given RAS port.

```
typedef enum _RASMAN_STATE
{
   CONNECTING = 0,
```

```
LISTENING = 1,

CONNECTED = 2,

DISCONNECTING = 3,

DISCONNECTED = 4,

LISTENCOMPLETED = 5

} RASMAN STATE;
```

CONNECTING: The port is in the process of connecting.

LISTENING: The port is listening for connection requests.

CONNECTED: The port is connected.

DISCONNECTING: The port is in the process of disconnecting.

DISCONNECTED: The port is disconnected.

LISTENCOMPLETED: The port has completed listening for connection requests.

2.2.1.1.20 RASMAN_DISCONNECT_TYPE

The RASMAN_DISCONNECT_TYPE enumeration indicates different types of disconnection requests for a given RAS port.

```
typedef enum RASMAN DISCONNECT TYPE
{
  USER_REQUESTED = 0,
  REMOTE_DISCONNECTION = 1,
  HARDWARE_FAILURE = 2,
  NOT DISCONNECTED = 3
} RASMAN DISCONNECT TYPE;
```

USER_REQUESTED: The local user requested the disconnect action.

REMOTE_DISCONNECTION: The remote dial-up or **VPN** client requested the disconnect action.

HARDWARE_FAILURE: The hardware attached to this RAS port has failed.

NOT_DISCONNECTED: The port is not disconnected.

2.2.1.1.21 **RASMAN_USAGE**

RASMAN_USAGE enumerates the usage for a port. It can be any combination of the following values.

```
typedef enum _RASMAN_USAGE
{
   CALL NONE = 0x00,
   CALL_IN = 0x01,
   CALL OUT = 0x02,
   CALL_ROUTER = 0x04,
   CALL_LOGON = 0x08,
   CALL_OUT_ONLY = 0x10,
   CALL_IN ONLY = 0x20,
   CALL_OUTBOUND_ROUTER = 0x40
} RASMAN USAGE;
```

CALL_NONE: Port is not configured for any usage.

CALL_IN: Port is configured for incoming connection requests.

CALL_OUT: Port is configured for outgoing connection requests

CALL_ROUTER: Port is configured for demand dial connection requests.

CALL_LOGON: Port is configured for connection during logon.

CALL_OUT_ONLY: Port is configured only for outgoing connection requests.

CALL_IN_ONLY: Port is configured only for incoming connection requests.

CALL_OUTBOUND_ROUTER: Port is configured for outgoing demand dial connection requests.

2.2.1.1.22 BGP_POLICY_DIRECTION

BGP_POLICY_DIRECTION enumerates the values that specify the source of the **Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)** routes on which the BGP policy is applied. <14>

```
typedef enum _BGP_POLICY_DIRECTION
{
   DirectionIngress = 1,
   DirectionEgress = 2
} BGP_POLICY_DIRECTION,
   *PBGP_POLICY_DIRECTION;
```

DirectionIngress: The BGP policy is applied to the BGP routes advertised by BGP peers.

DirectionEgress: The BGP policy is applied to the BGP routes advertised by the BGP speaker.

2.2.1.1.23 BGP_POLICY_TYPE

The BGP_POLICY_TYPE enumerates the type of the BGP policy.<15>

```
typedef enum _BGP_POLICY_TYPE
{
   PolicyFilter = 1,
   PolicyModify = 2
} BGP POLICY TYPE,
   *PBGP POLICY TYPE;
```

PolicyFilter: The policy filters the routes based on the match criteria provided.

PolicyModify: The policy modifies some BGP route path attributes based on the match criteria.

2.2.1.1.24 BGP_PEERING_OP_MODE

BGP_PEERING_OP_MODE enumerates the operation mode of a BGP peer. <16>

```
typedef enum BGP PEERING OP MODE
{
   OpModeMixed = 1,
   OpModeServer = 2
} BGP PEERING OP MODE,
   *PBGP_PEERING_OP_MODE;
```

OpModeMixed: The **BGP speaker** is configured to accept an incoming connection from the BGP peer on port 179. It is also configured to initiate a connection to BGP peers.

OpModeServer: The BGP speaker is configured to only accept an incoming connection from the BGP peer. It never initiates the connection itself.

2.2.1.2 Structures

2.2.1.2.1 DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER

The DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER specifies a generic information container used by certain methods to store and retrieve information.

```
typedef struct _DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER {
  DWORD dwBufferSize;
  [size_is(dwBufferSize)] LPBYTE pBuffer;
} DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER,
*PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER;
```

dwBufferSize: This MUST be set to the size, in bytes, of the data being pointed to by pBuffer.

pBuffer: A pointer to a buffer of size **dwBufferSize** that contains the information. The information contained in this buffer is specific to the API in which this structure is used.

This information can be any of the following structures:

- MPR SERVER 0
- MPR SERVER 1
- MPR SERVER 2
- RASI CONNECTION 0
- RASI CONNECTION 1
- RASI CONNECTION 2
- RASI CONNECTION 3
- RASI PORT 0
- RASI PORT 1
- MPRI INTERFACE 0
- MPRI INTERFACE 1
- MPRI INTERFACE 2

DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER specifies a generic information container used by the following methods to store and retrieve information:

- RMprAdminServerGetInfo (section 3.1.4.1)
- RRasAdminConnectionEnum (section 3.1.4.2)
- RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo (section 3.1.4.3)
- RRasAdminPortEnum (section 3.1.4.5)
- RRasAdminPortGetInfo (section 3.1.4.6)

- RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13)
- RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.14)
- RRouterInterfaceSetInfo (section 3.1.4.15)
- RRouterInterfaceEnum (section 3.1.4.21)
- RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.39)
- RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo (section 3.1.4.40)
- RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx (section 3.1.4.41)
- RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx (section 3.1.4.42)
- RMprAdminServerSetInfo (section 3.1.4.44)
- RRouterDeviceEnum (section 3.1.4.37)

2.2.1.2.2 DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER

The DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER specifies a generic structure used by certain methods to set, create, or retrieve information from the RRAS server.

```
typedef struct _DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER {
   DWORD fGetInterfaceInfo;
   DWORD dwInterfaceInfoSize;
   [size is(dwInterfaceInfoSize)] LPBYTE pInterfaceInfo;
   DWORD fGetGlobalInfo;
   DWORD dwGlobalInfoSize;
   [size is(dwGlobalInfoSize)] LPBYTE pGlobalInfo;
} DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER,
  *PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER;
```

fGetInterfaceInfo: This field is used to get interface information from the server. This MUST be set to TRUE when the client needs to retrieve interface information from the server while calling the RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11) and RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19) methods.

dwInterfaceInfoSize: This MUST be set to the size of *pInterfaceInfo*.

pInterfaceInfo: This MUST point to a buffer that specifies the default client interface information for the **transport**. The buffer MUST contain <u>RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3)</u> with a valid info type of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4)</u>.

fGetGlobalInfo: This field is used to get or set global information. This field MUST be set to TRUE when the client needs to retrieve global information from the server while calling RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo.

dwGlobalInfoSize: This MUST be set to the size of *pGlobalInfo*.

pGlobalInfo: This MUST point to a buffer that specifies global information for the transport. The buffer MUST contain a RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER with a valid info type of RTR_TOC_ENTRY.

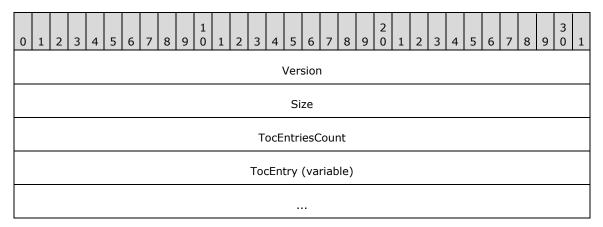
The DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER specifies a generic structure used by the following methods to set, create, or retrieve information from the RRAS server.

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate (section 3.1.4.38)

2.2.1.2.3 RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER

The RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER specifies information pertaining to the protocol using a set of RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) structures. These structures are encapsulated by an RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER.



Version (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in **network byte order** that MUST be set to 0x0000001. No other versions are defined.

Size (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the size of the structure in bytes including the **Version**, **Size**, **TocEntriesCount**, and entries (**TocEntry**). The size MUST be at least 28 bytes. The total size depends on the number and type of the entries. This value MUST be the size of the blob represented by the structure. This MUST be the sum of the **InfoSize** of each element of **TocEntry** and **TocEntriesCount** times the size of RTR_TOC_ENTRY.

TocEntriesCount (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the number of entries. It MUST be greater than 0.

TocEntry (variable): A list of consecutive entries, **TocEntriesCount** in number, each of which MUST be formatted as defined in RTR_TOC_ENTRY.

2.2.1.2.4 RTR_TOC_ENTRY

The RTR_TOC_ENTRY structure specifies the format in which information pertaining to the type of data is stored in RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3). The following figure shows the relationships between the block header and the entries.

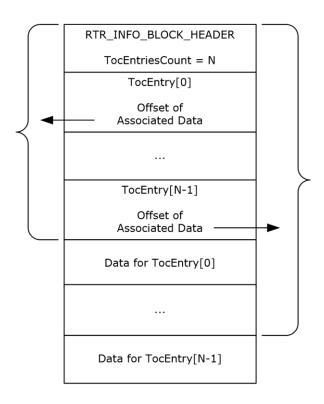
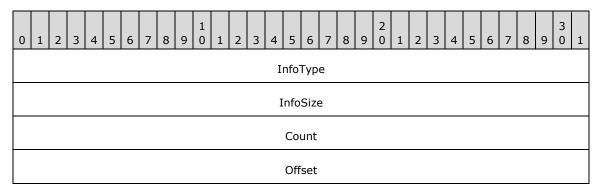


Figure 3: Block header and entries



InfoType (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST indicate the type of data contained in the list. The value MUST be one of the following when the transport is IPv4 or IPv6.

Value	Meaning	Structure pointed to at offset
0xffff0001 IP_IN_FILTER_INFO	This is the input filter that is applied to the IP packets sent to the RRAS server.	FILTER DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5)
0xffff0002 IP_OUT_FILTER_INFO	This is the output filter that is applied to the IP packets sent from the RRAS server.	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5)

Value	Meaning	Structure pointed to at offset
0xffff0003 IP_GLOBAL_INFO	Global IP filtering information.	GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2.9)
0xffff0004 IP_INTERFACE_STATUS_INFO	IPv4 interface status information.	INTERFACE STATUS INFO (section 2.2.1 .2.18)
0xffff0005 IP_ROUTE_INFO	Routing information is added. If bV4 of INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO is set, an IPv4 route is added; otherwise, an IPv6 route is added.	INTERFACE ROUTE INFO (section 2.2.1. 2.11)
0xffff0006 IP_PROT_PRIORITY_INFO	Protocol priority information.	PRIORITY INFO (section 2.2.1.2.12)
0xffff0017 IP_PROT_PRIORITY_INFO_EX<18>	Protocol priority information.	PRIORITY INFO EX (section 2.2.1.2.266)
0xffff0007 IP_ROUTER_DISC_INFO	Router discovery information.	RTR DISC INFO (section 2.2.1.2.14)
0xffff0009 IP_DEMAND_DIAL_FILTER_INFO	The IP traffic that matches this filter indicates that a demanddial connection is available and all the IP packets matching this filter MUST be routed into the connection.	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5)
IP_MCAST_HEARTBEAT_INFO 0xffff000a	This specifies the multicast heart beat configuration for an interface.	MCAST HBEAT INFO (section 2.2.1.2.15
0xffff000b IP_MCAST_BOUNDARY_INFO	Multicast boundary information.	MIB BOUNDARYROW (section 2.2.1.2.24
0xffff000c IP_IPINIP_CFG_INFO	IP in IP configuration information.	IPINIP CONFIG INFO (section 2.2.1.2.17) <19>
0xffff000d IP_IFFILTER_INFO	IPv4 interface filter information.	IFFILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.89)
0xffff000e IP_MCAST_LIMIT_INFO	Multicast configuration information.	MIB MCAST LIMIT ROW (section 2.2.1.2 .16)
0xffff000f IPV6_GLOBAL_INFO	Global IPv6 filtering information.	GLOBAL_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.9)
0xffff0011 IP_IN_FILTER_INFO_V6	This is the input filter that MUST be applied to the IPv6 packets sent to the RRAS server.	FILTER DESCRIPTOR V6 (section 2.2.1.2 .7)
0xffff0012 IP_OUT_FILTER_INFO_V6	This is the output filter that MUST be applied to the IPv6 packets sent	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 (section 2.2.1.2 .7)

Value	Meaning	Structure pointed to at offset
	from the RRAS server.	
0xffff0013 IP_DEMAND_DIAL_FILTER_INFO_V6	IPv6 traffic that matches this filter indicates that a site-to-site connection MUST be available and all the IPv6 packets matching this filter MUST be routed into the connection.	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 (section 2.2.1.2 .7)
0xffff0014 IP_IFFILTER_INFO_V6	IPv6 interface filter information.	IFFILTER_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.89)
0xffff0015 IP_FILTER_ENABLE_INFO	Enable or disable IPv4 interface filter.	MPR FILTER 0 (section 2.2.1.2.90) <20>
0xffff0016 IP_FILTER_ENABLE_INFO_V6	Enable or disable IPv6 interface filter.	MPR_FILTER_0 (section 2.2.1.2.90) <21>
0x0000270f MS_IP_BOOTP	IP BOOTP global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	IPBOOTP GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2. 1.2.150) IPBOOTP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.15 1)
0x4137000a MS_IP_IGMP	IGMP global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	IGMP MIB GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2 .1.2.174) IGMP MIB IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.1 75)
0x00000008 MS_IP_RIP	IP RIP global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	IPRIP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.167) IPRIP GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2. 165)
0x0137000e MS_IP_BGP	BGP configuration.	When the transport is IPv4, the structure pointed to at the offset is BGP CONFIG HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.2 52). When the transport is IPv6, the structure pointed to at the offset is BGP ROUTER V6 (section 2.2.1.2.265).
0x81372714 MS_IP_DHCP_ALLOCATOR	DHCP allocator global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	IP AUTO DHCP GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2.191) IP AUTO DHCP INTERFACE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.192)
0x81372713 MS_IP_DNS_PROXY	DNS Proxy global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	IP DNS PROXY GLOBAL INFO (section 2 .2.1.2.193) IP DNS PROXY INTERFACE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.194)
0x81372715 MS_IP_NAT	IP NAT global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	IP NAT GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2.1 95) IP NAT INTERFACE INFO (section 2.2.1. 2.197)
0x0000000d MS_IP_OSPF<22>	OSPF global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	OSPF ROUTE FILTER INFO (section 2.2. 1.2.209) OSPF PROTO FILTER INFO (section 2.2.

Value	Meaning	Structure pointed to at offset
		1.2.210) OSPF GLOBAL PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.2 11) OSPF AREA PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.212) OSPF AREA RANGE PARAM (section 2.2. 1.2.213) OSPF VIRT INTERFACE PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.214) OSPF INTERFACE PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.215) OSPF NBMA NEIGHBOR PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.216)
0x000003E7 MS_IPV6_DHCP	DHCPv6 Relay global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	DHCPV6R IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.16 0) DHCPV6R GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2. 1.2.158)

The value MUST be one of the following when the transport is IPX. $\leq 23 \geq 10^{-5}$

Value	Meaning	Structure pointed to at offset
0x00000001 IPX_INTERFACE_INFO_TYPE	Specifies the IPX interface data.	IPX IF INFO (section 2.2.1.2.92)
0x00000002 IPX_STATIC_ROUTE_INFO_TYPE	Specifies the route information for an IPX interface.	IPX STATIC ROUTE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.94)
0x00000003 IPX_STATIC_SERVICE_INFO_TYPE	Specifies information about the transport layer protocol that is being multiplexed.	IPX STATIC SERVICE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.95)
0x00000006 IPX_IN_TRAFFIC_FILTER_INFO_TYPE	Specifies the filter data for an IPX interface.	IPX TRAFFIC FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.99)
0x00000007 IPX_ADAPTER_INFO_TYPE	Specifies the adapter information for the IPX.	IPX ADAPTER INFO (section 2.2.1. 2.97)
0x00000008 IPXWAN_IF_INFO	Specifies whether IPXWAN negotiation is to be disabled or enabled.	IPXWAN IF INFO (section 2.2.1.2.9 3)
0x00000009 IPX_GLOBAL_INFO_TYPE	Specifies global IPX information. See IPX_GLOBAL_INFO for the actual information.	IPX GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2. 91)
0x0000000a	Specifies the NetBIOS name of	IPX STATIC NETBIOS NAME INFO

Value	Meaning	Structure pointed to at offset
IPX_STATIC_NETBIOS_NAME_INFO_TYPE	an IPX interface.	(section 2.2.1.2.96)
0x0000000b IPX_IN_TRAFFIC_FILTER_GLOBAL_INFO_TYPE	Specifies the action for a filter match.	IPX TRAFFIC FILTER GLOBAL INF O (section 2.2.1.2.98)
0x0000000c IPX_OUT_TRAFFIC_FILTER_INFO_TYPE	Specifies the filter data for an IPX interface.	IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.99)
0x0000000d IPX_OUT_TRAFFIC_FILTER_GLOBAL_INFO_TYPE	Specifies the action for a filter match.	IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_GLOBAL_INF O (section 2.2.1.2.98)
0x00020000 IPX_PROTOCOL_RIP	RIP global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	RIP GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2. 202) RIP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.20 6)
0x00020001 IPX_PROTOCOL_SAP	SAP global or interface information depending on the method that calls.	SAP GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2. 1.2.207) SAP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.11 5)

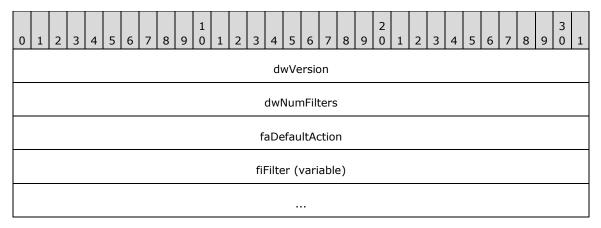
InfoSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer, in network byte-order, that MUST specify the number of bytes in an information structure of this type in this entry.

Count (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the number of information structures of this type in this entry.

Offset (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the offset of start of the first structure for this entry.

2.2.1.2.5 FILTER_DESCRIPTOR

The FILTER_DESCRIPTOR is the structure that MUST be used while specifying IPv4 filters.



dwVersion (4 bytes): A 32-bit integer in network byte order used to specify the version. It MUST be 0x00000001. No other versions are defined.

dwNumFilters (4 bytes): A 32-bit integer in network byte order used to specify the number of filters. It MUST be greater than 0.

faDefaultAction (4 bytes): A 32-bit integer in network byte order used to specify the action for the filter. It MUST be <u>FORWARD ACTION</u> (section 2.2.1.1.7).

fiFilter (variable): This MUST contain the actual five tuple filters as specified in section 2.2.1.2.6.

When this structure is used as an embedded structure in <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **infoType** of RTR_TOC_ENTRY MUST have the value 0xffff0001, 0xffff0002, or 0xffff0009 to specify an IPv4 in filter, an IPv4 out filter, or an IPv4 demand-dial filter respectively.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate (section 3.1.4.38)

2.2.1.2.6 FILTER_INFO

The FILTER_INFO structure MUST specify the five tuple filter to be used in FILTER DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5).

```
typedef struct _FILTER_INFO {
  DWORD dwSrcAddr;
  DWORD dwSrcMask;
  DWORD dwDstAddr;
  DWORD dwDstMask;
  DWORD dwProtocol;
  DWORD fLateBound;
  DWORD wSrcPort;
  WORD wDstPort;
} FILTER_INFO,
  *PFILTER_INFO;
```

dwSrcAddr: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST contain the IPv4 source address for which the filter applies. A value of 0x0000000 in this field signifies ANY.

dwSrcMask: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST contain the subnet mask for the source address. See [RFC950].

dwDstAddr: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST contain the IPv4 destination address for the filter. A value of 0x00000000 in this field signifies ANY.

dwDstMask: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST be the subnet mask for the destination address in network byte order. See [RFC950].

dwProtocol: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in little-endian byte order that MUST be the protocol number (such as TCP or UDP) for the filter.

Possible values include the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	ANY
0x00000001	ICMP
0x0000003A	ICMPv6

Value	Meaning
0x00000006	TCP
0x00000011	UDP

The complete list is specified in [RFC1700].

fLateBound: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in little-endian byte order that indicates to the RRAS server if the fields in the filter can be dynamically replaced by the RRAS server with values for specific **endpoints** at the time those endpoints request network access.

This MUST be a combination of one or more of the following values:

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	No source or destination address or mask replacement.
0x00000001	Source address replaceable with a new address.
0x00000004	Destination address replaceable with a new address.
0x00000010	Source address mask replaceable with a new mask.
0x00000020	Destination address mask replaceable with a new mask.

wSrcPort: If the protocol is TCP or UDP, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that specifies a port number for the corresponding protocol. If the protocol is ICMP or ICMPv6, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in little-endian byte order that specifies a type indicator for ICMP or ICMPv6 correspondingly. For all other protocol values, this MUST be set to 0 (byte order does not matter).

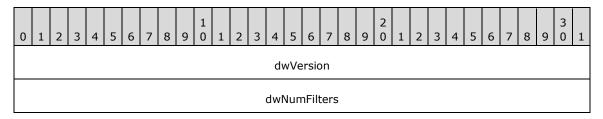
wDstPort: If the protocol is TCP or UDP, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that specifies a port number for the corresponding protocol. If the protocol is ICMP or ICMPv6, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in little-endian byte order that specifies a code indicator for ICMP or ICMPv6 correspondingly. For all other protocol values, this MUST be set to 0 (byte order does not matter).

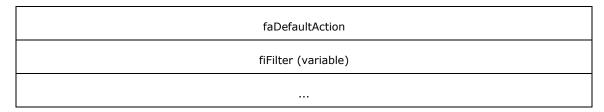
2.2.1.2.7 FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6

The FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 is the structure that MUST be used while specifying IPv6 filters.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate (section 3.1.4.38)





- **dwVersion (4 bytes):** A 32-bit integer in network byte order used to specify the version. It MUST be 0x0000001. No other versions are defined.
- **dwNumFilters (4 bytes):** A 32-bit integer in network byte order used to specify the number of filters. It MUST be greater than 0.
- **faDefaultAction (4 bytes):** A 32-bit integer in network byte order used to specify the action for the filter. It MUST be <u>FORWARD ACTION (section 2.2.1.1.7)</u>.
- fiFilter (variable): This is defined in FILTER INFO V6 (section 2.2.1.2.8).

When this structure is used as an embedded structure in RTR TOC ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the InfoType of RTR_TOC_ENTRY MUST be 0xffff0011, 0xffff0012, or 0xffff0013.<24>

2.2.1.2.8 FILTER_INFO_V6

The FILTER_INFO_V6 structure MUST specify the five tuple filters to be used in FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 (section 2.2.1.2.7).<25>

```
typedef struct _FILTER_INFO_V6 {
   BYTE ipv6SrcAddr[16];
   DWORD dwSrcPrefixLength;
   BYTE ipv6DstAddr[16];
   DWORD dwDstPrefixLength;
   DWORD dwProtocol;
   DWORD fLateBound;
   WORD wSrcPort;
   WORD wDstPort;
} FILTER_INFO_V6,
*PFILTER_INFO_V6;
```

- **ipv6SrcAddr:** A 128-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST contain the IPv6 source address for which the filter applies. A value of zero in this field signifies ANY.
- **dwSrcPrefixLength:** A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST be the prefix length for the source address. A value of zero in this field signifies ANY source address.
- **ipv6DstAddr:** A 128-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST contain the IPv6 destination address for the filter. A value of zero in this field signifies ANY.
- **dwDstPrefixLength:** A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST be the prefix length for the destination address. A value of zero in this field signifies ANY destination address.
- **dwProtocol:** A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that specifies the protocol number (such as TCP or UDP) for the filter.

Possible values include the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	ANY

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	ICMP
0x0000003A	ICMPv6
0x00000006	TCP
0x00000011	UDP

fLateBound: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that indicates if the fields in the filter can be dynamically replaced by the network access server (NAS) with values for specific endpoints.

The value MUST be one of the following values, or a bit-wise OR a combination of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	No source or destination address or mask replacement.
0x00000001	Source address replaceable with a new address.
0x00000004	Destination address replaceable with a new address.
0x00000010	Source address mask replaceable with a new mask.
0x00000020	Destination address mask replaceable with a new mask.

wSrcPort: If the protocol is TCP or UDP, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that specifies a port number for the corresponding protocol. If the protocol is ICMP or ICMPv6, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that specifies a type indicator for ICMP or ICMPv6 correspondingly. For all other protocol values, this MUST be set to 0 (byte order does not matter).

wDstPort: If the protocol is TCP or UDP, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that specifies a port number for the corresponding protocol. If the protocol is ICMP or ICMPv6, this MUST be a 16-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that specifies a code indicator for ICMP or ICMPv6 correspondingly. For all other protocol values, this MUST be set to 0 (byte order does not matter).

2.2.1.2.9 GLOBAL_INFO

The GLOBAL INFO structure is used to set logging levels and enable **filtering** on the RRAS server.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct _GLOBAL_INFO {
  BOOL bFilteringOn;
  DWORD dwLoggingLevel;
} GLOBAL_INFO,
*PGLOBAL INFO;
```

bFilteringOn: This MUST be set to 0x00000001; filtering is always enabled.

dwLoggingLevel: This MUST be set to the logging levels so that if the RRAS server has different levels of logging information this field specifies the logging level and MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Log no messages.
0x00000001	Log all errors.
0x00000002	Log all warnings and errors.
0x00000003	Log all errors, warnings, and information.

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff0003 or 0xffff000f.

2.2.1.2.10 IN6_ADDR

The IN6_ADDR structure represents an IPv6 address.

```
typedef struct in6_addr {
  union {
    UCHAR Byte[16];
    USHORT Word[8];
} u;
} IN6_ADDR,
*PIN6 ADDR,
*LPIN6 ADDR;
```

Byte: An IPv6 address represented as an array of 16 UCHAR values.

Word: An IPv6 address represented as an array of USHORT values.

2.2.1.2.11 INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO

The INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO <26> structure or MIB_IPFORWARDROW (section 2.2.1.2.35) <27> MUST be used to specify the routes to be added or deleted on the RRAS server. Whenever this structure is used, the **InfoType** of RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff0005.<28>

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

```
typedef struct _INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO {
  union {
    struct {
        DWORD dwRtInfoDest;
        DWORD dwRtInfoMask;
        DWORD dwRtInfoPolicy;
        DWORD dwRtInfoNextHop;
        DWORD dwRtInfoNextHop;
        DWORD dwRtInfoNextHopAS;
        DWORD dwRtInfoMetric1;
        DWORD dwRtInfoMetric2;
        DWORD dwRtInfoMetric3;
```

```
struct {
     IN6 ADDR DestinationPrefix;
     DWORD DestPrefixLength;
     IN6 ADDR NextHopAddress;
     ULONG ValidLifeTime;
     DWORD Flags;
     ULONG Metric;
   };
 DWORD dwRtInfoIfIndex;
 DWORD dwRtInfoType;
 DWORD dwRtInfoProto;
 DWORD dwRtInfoPreference;
 DWORD dwRtInfoViewSet;
 BOOL bV4;
} INTERFACE ROUTE INFO,
 *PINTERFACE ROUTE INFO;
```

- **dwRtInfoDest:** This MUST be the destination IPv4 address of the route. An entry with an IPv4 address of 0.0.0.0 is considered a default route. This member cannot be set to a **multicast** IPv4 address.
- **dwRtInfoMask:** This MUST be the IPv4 subnet mask to be logically ANDed with the destination IPv4 address before being compared to the value in the **dwRtInfoDest** member. See [RFC950].
- **dwRtInfoPolicy:** This MUST be set to the conditions that would cause the selection of a multipath route (the set of **next hops** for a given destination). This member is typically in IP TOS format. The encoding of this member is specified in [RFC1354].
- **dwRtInfoNextHop:** This MUST be the IPv4 address of the next system in the route. Otherwise, this member SHOULD be an IPv4 address of 0.0.0.0.
- **dwRtInfoAge:** This MUST be the number of seconds since the route was added or modified in the network **routing table**.
- **dwRtInfoNextHopAS:** This MUST be the **autonomous system** number of the next hop. When this member is unknown or not relevant to the protocol or routing mechanism specified in **dwRtInfoProto**, this value SHOULD be set to 0. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwRtInfoMetric1:** This MUST be the primary routing **metric** value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwRtInfoProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwRtInfoMetric2:** This MUST be an alternate routing metric value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwRtInfoProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwRtInfoMetric3:** This MUST be an alternate routing metric value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwRtInfoProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **DestinationPrefix:** This MUST be the IPv6 address prefix for the destination IP address for this route.
- **DestPrefixLength:** The length, in bits, of the site prefix or network part of the IP address specified in **DestinationPrefix**. Any value greater than 128 is an illegal value. A value of 255 is commonly used to represent an illegal value.
- **NextHopAddress:** This MUST be the IPv6 address of the next system or gateway for a remote route. If the route is to a local loopback address or an IP address on the local link, the next hop is

unspecified (all zeros). For a local loopback route, this member SHOULD be an IPv6 address of 0::0.

ValidLifeTime: The maximum time, in seconds, the IP route entry is valid. A value of 0xffffffff is infinite.

Flags: Reserved. This MUST be set to 0.

Metric: The route metric offset for this IP route entry. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in **dwRtInfoProto**. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC4292].

dwRtInfoIfIndex: This MUST be the index of the local interface through which the next hop of this route is reachable.

dwRtInfoType: This MUST be the route type as specified in [RFC1354].

The following list shows the possible values for this member. <29>

Value	Meaning
MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_OTHER 0x000000001	A type other than what is specified in [RFC1354].
MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_INVALID 0x000000002	An invalid route is logically deleted.
MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_DIRECT 0x00000003	A local route where the next hop is the final destination (a local interface).
MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_INDIRECT 0x00000004	The remote route where the next hop is not the final destination (a remote destination).

dwRtInfoProto: The protocol or routing mechanism that generated the route. It MUST be one of the values specified in MIB_IPFORWARD_PROTO.

dwRtInfoPreference: Specifies the route preference as determined by the routing protocol in **dwRtInfoProto**.

dwRtInfoViewSet: Specifies the Route Information Table **views**. It MUST be a combination of the following values, or a combination of RTM_VIEW_MASK_UCAST and RTM_VIEW_MASK_MCAST.

Value	Meaning
RTM_VIEW_MASK_ANY 0x000000000	This value is used to define or set the mask for the Route Information Table view. This value is a mask for any type of route.
RTM_VIEW_MASK_UCAST 0x00000001	This value is used to define or set the mask for Route Information Table view. This value is a mask for unicast routes.
RTM_VIEW_MASK_MCAST 0x000000002	This value is used to define or set the mask for the Route Information Table view. This value is a mask for multicast routes.
RTM_VIEW_MASK_ALL 0xFFFFFFFF	This value is used to define or set the mask for the Route Information Table view. This value is a mask for all types of routes.

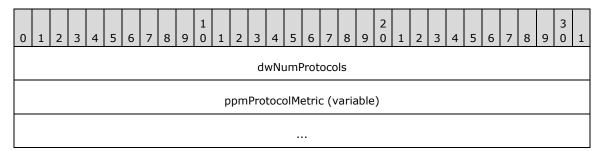
bV4: Set to 1 if it is an IPV4 route; set to 0 to indicate an IPV6 route. For an IPV4 route, the first structure in the union is used. For an IPV6 route, the second structure in the union is used.

2.2.1.2.12 PRIORITY_INFO

The PRIORITY_INFO structure MUST be used to set **preferences** to different protocols on the RRAS server.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate (section 3.1.4.38)



dwNumProtocols (4 bytes): This MUST be the number of protocols for which metric information is given in this structure PROTOCOL METRIC (section 2.2.1.2.13).

ppmProtocolMetric (variable): This MUST be an array of PROTOCOL_METRIC structures with **dwNumProtocols** specifying the number of elements in the array.

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff0006. Multiple instances of this structure can be present. If multiple instances are present, and there are overlapping protocol IDs, the metric specified in the last instance will be set.

2.2.1.2.13 PROTOCOL_METRIC

The PROTOCOL_METRIC $\leq 30 \geq$ structure MUST be used to specify the metric of a protocol in PRIORITY INFO (section 2.2.1.2.12).

```
typedef struct _PROTOCOL_METRIC {
  DWORD dwProtocolId;
  DWORD dwMetric;
} PROTOCOL_METRIC,
*PPROTOCOL_METRIC;
```

dwProtocolId: The protocol ID. This SHOULD be one of the values specified in **MIB_IPFORWARD_PROTO**<31>.

dwMetric: The metric for dwProtocolId.

2.2.1.2.14 RTR_DISC_INFO

The RTR_DISC_INFO is used to set and retrieve router discovery information according to [RFC1256].

This structure is used in the following methods.

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)

```
typedef struct _RTR_DISC_INFO {
  WORD wMaxAdvtInterval;
  WORD wMinAdvtInterval;
  WORD wAdvtLifetime;
  BOOL bAdvertise;
  LONG lPrefLevel;
} RTR_DISC_INFO,
  *PRTR_DISC_INFO;
```

wMaxAdvtInterval: This MUST be set to the maximum time allowed between sending multicast Router Advertisements from the interface, in seconds. It MUST be no less than 4 seconds and no greater than 1800 seconds.

wMinAdvtInterval: This MUST be the minimum time allowed between sending unsolicited mullticast Router Advertisements from the interface, in seconds. It MUST be no less than 3 seconds and no greater than **wMaxAdvtInterval**.

wAdvtLifetime: This MUST be the value to be placed in the **Lifetime** field of Router Advertisements sent from the interface, in seconds. It MUST be no less than **wMaxAdvtInterval** and no greater than 9000 seconds.

bAdvertise: This MUST be the flag indicating whether or not the address is to be advertised.

IPrefLevel: This MUST be the preference of the address as a default router address, relative to other router addresses on the same subnet. A 32-bit, signed, twos complement integer, with higher values meaning more preferable. The minimum value (hex 80000000) is used to indicate that the address, even if advertised, is not to be used by neighboring hosts as a default router address.

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of RTR TOC ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff0007.

2.2.1.2.15 MCAST HBEAT INFO

The MCAST_HBEAT_INFO is used for **multicast heartbeat** information. See [RFC1301] and [RFC3376] for more details.

```
typedef struct MCAST HBEAT INFO {
  WCHAR pwszGroup[64];
  BOOL bActive;
  ULONG ulDeadInterval;
  BYTE byProtocol;
  WORD wPort;
} MCAST HBEAT INFO,
  *PMCAST HBEAT INFO;
```

pwszGroup: A null-terminated **Unicode** string containing the name and address of the **multicast group**.

bActive: Indicates whether or not the heartbeat is active.

ulDeadInterval: The dead interval in minutes.

byProtocol: Specifies how the heartbeat is being carried out. This MUST have one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
RAW (0xFF)	A non-UDP based protocol is specified for use as multicast heartbeat. wPort specifies the identifier for the protocol.

Value	Meaning
UDP (0x11)	UDP-based protocol is specified for use as multicast heartbeat. wPort specifies the UDP port number.

wPort: The port or protocol for which the heartbeat is being carried out.

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff000a.

2.2.1.2.16 MIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW 1

The MIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW is used to specify the configuration information for a multicast interface.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD dwTtl;
  DWORD dwRateLimit;
} MIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW,
*PMIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW;
```

dwTtl: The Time to Live (TTL) value for a mullticast interface.

dwRateLimit: The rate limit for a mullticast interface.

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff000e.

2.2.1.2.17 IPINIP_CONFIG_INFO

The IPINIP_CONFIG_INFO structure is used to specify configuration information for an IP in an IP tunnel.<32>

```
typedef struct _IPINIP_CONFIG_INFO {
  DWORD dwRemoteAddress;
  DWORD dwLocalAddress;
  BYTE byTtl;
} IPINIP_CONFIG_INFO,
  *PIPINIP_CONFIG_INFO;
```

dwRemoteAddress: The destination address of the IP in the IP packet.

dwLocalAddress: The source address of the IP in the IP packet.

byTtl: The **TTL** field for the IP in the IP packet.

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff000c.

2.2.1.2.18 INTERFACE_STATUS_INFO

The INTERFACE_STATUS_INFO structure contains the administrative status of an interface.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

```
typedef struct INTERFACE STATUS INFO {
  DWORD dwAdminStatus;
} INTERFACE_STATUS_INFO,
  *PINTERFACE STATUS INFO;
```

dwAdminStatus: The administrative status of the interface. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IF_ADMIN_STATUS_UP 0x00000001	Interface is administratively enabled
IF_ADMIN_STATUS_DOWN 0x00000002	Interface is administratively disabled

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff0004.

2.2.1.2.19 DIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER

The DIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER structure contains the size and the data for the management information base (MIB) entries that are either set or retrieved from the MIB variables.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RMIBEntryCreate (section 3.1.4.27)
- RMIBEntryDelete (section 3.1.4.28)
- RMIBEntrySet (section 3.1.4.29)
- RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)
- RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31)
- RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32)

```
typedef struct _DIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER {
  DWORD dwMibInEntrySize;
  [size_is(dwMibInEntrySize)] LPBYTE pMibInEntry;
  DWORD dwMibOutEntrySize;
  [size_is(dwMibOutEntrySize)] LPBYTE pMibOutEntry;
} DIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER,
  *PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER;
```

dwMibInEntrySize: This field gives the size of the MIB entry data being input. It represents the size of the data contained in **pMibInEntry**.

pMibInEntry: A pointer to a protocol-specific structure that contains input data.

dwMibOutEntrySize: This field gives the size of the MIB entry data being output. It represents the size of the data contained in **pMibOutEntry**.

pMibOutEntry: This member points to the protocol-specific structure that points to the MIB.

The contents of pMibInEntry and pMibOutEntry are based on the transport and the routing protocol for which the MIB information is requested.

Transp ort	Routing Protocol	pMibInEntry	pMibOutEntry
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	IPRTRMGR_PID 0x00002710	MIB OPAQUE QUERY (section 2.2.1. 2.54)	MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54)
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	MS_IP_BOOTP 0x0000270F	IPBOOT MIB GET INPUT DATA (sec tion 2.2.1.2.152)	IPBOOTP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.153)
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	MS_IP_NAT 0x81372715	IP NAT MIB QUERY (section 2.2.1.2 .182)	IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.182)
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	MS_IP_DNS_PRO XY 0x81372713	IP DNS PROXY MIB QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.186)	IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.186)
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	MS_IP_DHCP_AL LOCATOR 0x81372714	IP AUTO DHCP MIB QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.188)	IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.188)
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	MS_IP_OSPF 0x0000000d	MIB DA MSG (section 2.2.1.2.190)	MIB_DA_MSG (section 2.2.1. 2.190)
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	MS_IP_RIP 0x00000008	IPRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.162)	IPRIP MIB GET OUTPUT DA TA (section 2.2.1.2.163)
PID_IP 0x0000 0021	MS_IP_IGMP 0x4137000a	IGMP MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.172)	IGMP MIB GET OUTPUT DA TA (section 2.2.1.2.173)
PID_IPV 6 0x0000 0057	MS_IPV6_DHCP 0x000003E7	DHCPV6R MIB GET INPUT DATA (s ection 2.2.1.2.161)	DHCPV6R MIB GET OUTPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.157)
PID_IPV 6 0x0000 0057	IPRTRMGR_PID 0x00002710	MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1. 2.54)	MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54)
PID_IPX 0x0000 002B	IPX_PROTOCOL_ BASE 0x0001FFFF	IPX MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.106)	IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA (section 2.2.1.2.106)
PID_IPX	IPX_PROTOCOL_	RIP MIB GET INPUT DATA (section	RIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA (

Transp ort	Routing Protocol	pMibInEntry	pMibOutEntry
0x0000 002B	RIP 0x00020000	2.2.1.2.126)	section 2.2.1.2.126)
PID_IPX 0x0000 002B	IPX_PROTOCOL_ SAP 0x00020000	SAP MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.119)	SAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA (section 2.2.1.2.119)

2.2.1.2.20 MIB_IPDESTROW

The MIB_IPDESTROW contains information about how a destination can be reached. In addition to the route information, this structure contains preference and view information. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPDESTROW {
   MIB_IPFORWARDROW ForwardRow;
   DWORD dwForwardPreference;
   DWORD dwForwardViewSet;
} MIB IPDESTROW,
   *PMIB IPDESTROW;
```

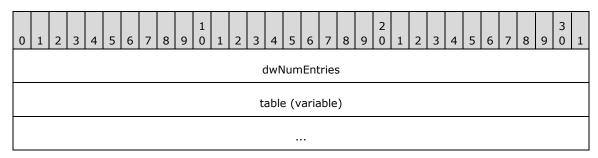
ForwardRow: Contains the MIB IPFORWARDROW (section 2.2.1.2.35) structure that contains the route information.

dwForwardPreference: This MUST be the preference value of the **ForwardRow**. While routing packets for two routes, if the prefix length is the same, the packet with the lower **dwForwardPreference** is chosen.

dwForwardViewSet: This MUST be the view information of the **ForwardRow**. This member describes the type of route, for example a multicast route. For more information, see the **dwRtInfoViewSet** member of <u>INTERFACE ROUTE INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.11).

2.2.1.2.21 MIB_IPDESTTABLE

The MIB_IPDESTTABLE structure contains a table of MIB_IPDESTROW (section 2.2.1.2.20) structures containing the interface entries.



dwNumEntries (4 bytes): The number of interface entries in the table.

table (variable): An array of MIB_IPDESTROW structures containing the interface entries.

2.2.1.2.22 MIB_ROUTESTATE

The MIB_ROUTESTATE structure contains information as to whether the route needs to be added to the **forwarder** or not. Typically, only the **best routes** are added to the forwarder.

```
typedef struct _MIB_ROUTESTATE {
  BOOL bRoutesSetToStack;
} MIB ROUTESTATE,
  *PMIB ROUTESTATE;
```

bRoutesSetToStack: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 to set routes to the forwarder.

2.2.1.2.23 MIB_BEST_IF

The MIB_BEST_IF structure stores the index of the interface that has the best route to a particular destination IPv4 address.

```
typedef struct _MIB_BEST_IF {
  DWORD dwDestAddr;
  DWORD dwIfIndex;
} MIB_BEST_IF,
  *PMIB_BEST_IF;
```

dwDestAddr: Specifies the IPv4 address of the destination address.

dwIfIndex: Specifies the index of the interface that has the best route to the destination address specified by the **dwDestAddr** member.

2.2.1.2.24 MIB_BOUNDARYROW

The MIB_BOUNDARYROW structure contains the IPv4 group address value and mask for a multicast boundary. Whenever this structure is used, the **InfoType** of RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff000b.

This structure is used in MIB OPAQUE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD dwGroupAddress;
  DWORD dwGroupMask;
} MIB BOUNDARYROW,
  *PMIB BOUNDARYROW;
```

dwGroupAddress: The 32-bit integer representation of the IPv4 group address which, when combined with the corresponding value in **dwGroupMask**, identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary exists.

Note Scoped addresses MUST come from the range 239.*.*.* as specified in [RFC2365].

dwGroupMask: The 32-bit integer representation of the IPv4 group address mask which, when combined with the corresponding value in **dwGroupAddress**, identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary exists.

2.2.1.2.25 MIB_ICMP

The MIB_ICMP structure contains the ICMP statistics. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct MIB ICMP {
  MIBICMPINFO stats;
} MIB_ICMP,
  *PMIB ICMP;
```

stats: An MIBICMPINFO (section 2.2.1.2.26) structure that contains the ICMP statistics.

2.2.1.2.26 MIBICMPINFO

The MIBICMPINFO structure that contains the incoming and outgoing statistics for the ICMP.

This structure is used in MIB ICMP (section 2.2.1.2.25).

```
typedef struct _MIBICMPINFO {
  MIBICMPSTATS icmpInStats;
  MIBICMPSTATS icmpOutStats;
} MIBICMPINFO;
```

icmpInStats: An <u>MIBICMPSTATS (section 2.2.1.2.27)</u> structure that contains the statistics for incoming ICMP messages.

icmpOutStats: An MIBICMPSTATS structure that contains the statistics for outgoing ICMP messages.

2.2.1.2.27 MIBICMPSTATS

The MIBICMPSTATS structure that contains statistics for the ICMP messages on a particular computer. This structure is used in <u>MIBICMPINFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.26).

```
typedef struct _MIBICMPSTATS {
   DWORD dwMsgs;
   DWORD dwErrors;
   DWORD dwDestUnreachs;
   DWORD dwPestUnreachs;
   DWORD dwParmProbs;
   DWORD dwSrcQuenchs;
   DWORD dwRedirects;
   DWORD dwEchos;
   DWORD dwEchos;
   DWORD dwEchoReps;
   DWORD dwTimestamps;
   DWORD dwAddrMasks;
   DWORD dwAddrMasks;
   DWORD dwAddrMaskReps;
} MIBICMPSTATS;
```

dwMsgs: The number of ICMP messages received or sent.

dwErrors: The number of errors that occurred while sending or receiving ICMP messages.

dwDestUnreachs: The number of destination-unreachable messages received or sent. A destination-unreachable message is sent to the originating computer when the destination address in a datagram cannot be reached.

- **dwTimeExcds:** The number of TTL-exceeded messages received or sent. A TTL-exceeded message is sent to the originating computer when a datagram is discarded because the number of routers it has passed through exceeds its TTL value.
- **dwParmProbs:** The number of parameter-problem messages received or sent. A parameter-problem message is sent to the originating computer when a router or host detects an error in a datagram's IP header.
- **dwSrcQuenchs:** The number of source quench messages received or sent. A source quench request is sent to a computer to request that it reduce its rate of packet transmission.
- **dwRedirects:** The number of redirect messages received or sent. A redirect message is sent to the originating computer when a better route is discovered for a datagram sent by that computer.
- **dwEchos:** The number of echo requests received or sent. An echo request causes the receiving computer to send an echo reply message back to the originating computer.
- **dwEchoReps:** The number of echo replies received or sent. A computer sends an echo reply in response to receiving an echo request message.
- **dwTimestamps:** The number of time stamp requests received or sent. A time stamp request causes the receiving computer to send a time stamp reply back to the originating computer.
- **dwTimestampReps:** The number of time stamp replies received or sent. A computer sends a time stamp reply in response to receiving a time stamp request. Routers can use time stamp requests and replies to measure the transmission speed of datagrams on a network.
- **dwAddrMasks:** The number of address mask requests received or sent. A computer sends an address mask request to determine the number of bits in the subnet mask for its local subnet.
- **dwAddrMaskReps:** The number of address mask responses received or sent. A computer sends an address mask response in response to an address mask request.

2.2.1.2.28 MIB_IFNUMBER

The MIB_IFNUMBER structure stores the number of interfaces on a particular computer.

```
typedef struct _MIB_IFNUMBER {
  DWORD dwValue;
} MIB_IFNUMBER,
  *PMIB IFNUMBER;
```

dwValue: The number of interfaces on the computer.

2.2.1.2.29 MIB_IFROW

The MIB_IFROW structure stores information about a particular interface.

```
typedef struct MIB IFROW {
  WCHAR wszName[256];
  DWORD dwIndex;
  DWORD dwType;
  DWORD dwMtu;
  DWORD dwSpeed;
  DWORD dwPhysAddrLen;
  BYTE bPhysAddr[8];
  DWORD dwAdminStatus;
  DWORD dwOperStatus;
  DWORD dwLastChange;
  DWORD dwInOctets;
```

```
DWORD dwInUcastPkts;
DWORD dwInNUcastPkts;
DWORD dwInDiscards;
DWORD dwInErrors;
DWORD dwInUnknownProtos;
DWORD dwOutOctets;
DWORD dwOutUcastPkts;
DWORD dwOutDiscards;
DWORD dwOutDiscards;
DWORD dwOutDiscards;
DWORD dwOutErrors;
DWORD dwOutQLen;
DWORD dwDescrLen;
BYTE bDescr[256];
} MIB IFROW;
```

wszName: A pointer to a Unicode string that contains the name of the interface.

dwIndex: The index that identifies the interface. This index value can change when a network adapter is disabled and then enabled, and is not persistent.

dwType: The interface type as defined by the Internet Assigned Names Authority (IANA) [IANAifType].

The following table lists common values for the interface type, although many other values are possible.

Value	Meaning	
IF_TYPE_OTHER 0x00000001	Another type of network interface.	
IF_TYPE_ETHERNET_CSMACD 0x00000006	An Ethernet network interface.	
IF_TYPE_ISO88025_TOKENRING 0x00000009	A token ring network interface.	
IF_TYPE_PPP 0x00000017	A PPP network interface.	
IF_TYPE_SOFTWARE_LOOPBACK 0x00000018	A software loopback network interface.	
IF_TYPE_ATM 0x00000027	An ATM network interface.	
IF_TYPE_IEEE80211 0x00000047	An IEEE 802.11 wireless network interface.	
IF_TYPE_TUNNEL 0x00000083	A tunnel type encapsulation network interface.	
IF_TYPE_IEEE1394 0x00000090	An IEEE 1394 (FireWire) high-performance serial bus network interface.	

dwMtu: The maximum transmission unit (MTU) size in bytes.

dwSpeed: The speed of the interface in bits per second.

dwPhysAddrLen: The length, in bytes, of the physical address specified by the **bPhysAddr** member.

bPhysAddr: The physical address of the adapter for this interface.

dwAdminStatus: The administrative status of the interface. It can be either enabled or disabled.

dwOperStatus: The operational status of the interface.

This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IF_OPER_STATUS_NON_OPERATIONAL 0x000000000	LAN adapter has been disabled, for example, because of an address conflict.
IF_OPER_STATUS_UNREACHABLE 0x00000001	WAN adapter that is not connected.
IF_OPER_STATUS_DISCONNECTED 0x000000002	For LAN adapters: network cable disconnected. For WAN adapters: no carrier.
IF_OPER_STATUS_CONNECTING 0x00000003	WAN adapter that is in the process of connecting.
IF_OPER_STATUS_CONNECTED 0x00000004	WAN adapter that is connected to a remote peer.
IF_OPER_STATUS_OPERATIONAL 0x00000005	Default status for LAN adapters.

dwLastChange: The length of time, in hundredths of seconds, starting from the last computer restart, when the interface entered its current operational state.<a><33>

dwInOctets: The number of octets of data received through this interface.

dwInUcastPkts: The number of unicast packets received through this interface.

dwInNUcastPkts: The number of nonunicast packets received through this interface. **Broadcast** and multicast packets are included.

dwInDiscards: The number of incoming packets that were discarded even though they did not have errors.

dwInErrors: The number of incoming packets that were discarded because of errors.

dwInUnknownProtos: The number of incoming packets that were discarded because the protocol was unknown.

dwOutOctets: The number of octets of data sent through this interface.

dwOutUcastPkts: The number of unicast packets sent through this interface.

dwOutNUcastPkts: The number of nonunicast packets sent through this interface. Broadcast and multicast packets are included.

dwOutDiscards: The number of outgoing packets that were discarded even though they did not have errors.

dwOutErrors: The number of outgoing packets that were discarded because of errors.

dwOutQLen: The transmit queue length. This field is not currently used.

dwDescrLen: The length, in bytes, of the **bDescr** member.

bDescr: A null-terminated ASCII string containing the description of the interface.

2.2.1.2.30 MIB_IFSTATUS

The MIB_IFSTATUS structure stores status information for a particular interface.

```
typedef struct _MIB_IFSTATUS {
  DWORD dwIfIndex;
  DWORD dwAdminStatus;
  DWORD dwOperationalStatus;
  BOOL bMHbeatActive;
  BOOL bMHbeatAlive;
} MIB_IFSTATUS,
  *PMIB IFSTATUS;
```

dwIfIndex: The index that identifies the interface.

dwAdminStatus: The administrative status of the interface, that is, whether the interface is administratively enabled or disabled.

dwOperationalStatus: The operational status of the interface. This member can be one of the values defined in the ROUTER CONNECTION STATE (section 2.2.1.1.2).

bMHbeatActive: Specifies whether multicast heartbeat detection is enabled. A value of TRUE indicates that heartbeat detection is enabled. A value of FALSE indicates that heartbeat detection is disabled.

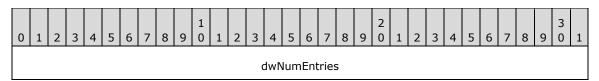
Value	Meaning	
TRUE	Heartbeat detection is enabled.	
FALSE	Heartbeat detection is disabled.	

bMHbeatAlive: Specifies whether the mullticast heartbeat dead interval has been exceeded. A value of FALSE indicates that the interval has been exceeded. A value of TRUE indicates that the interval has not been exceeded.

Value	Meaning
TRUE	Heartbeat dead interval has not been exceeded.
FALSE	Heartbeat dead interval has been exceeded.

2.2.1.2.31 MIB_IFTABLE

The MIB_IFTABLE structure contains a table of interface entries. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).



```
table (variable)
...
```

dwNumEntries (4 bytes): The number of interface entries in the table.

table (variable): An array of MIB_IFROW (section2.2.1.2.29) structures containing interface entries.

2.2.1.2.32 MIB_IPADDRROW

The MIB_IPADDRROW specifies information for a particular IPv4 address. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53) and MIB_IPADDRTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.33).

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPADDRROW {
  DWORD dwAddr;
  DWORD dwIndex;
  DWORD dwMask;
  DWORD dwBCastAddr;
  DWORD dwReasmSize;
  unsigned short unusedl;
  unsigned short wType;
} MIB_IPADDRROW;
```

dwAddr: The IPv4 address.

dwIndex: The index of the interface associated with this IPv4 address.

dwMask: The subnet mask for the IPv4 address. See [RFC950].

dwBCastAddr: The broadcast address. A broadcast address is typically the IPv4 address with the

host portion set to either all zeros or all ones.

dwReasmSize: The maximum reassembly size for received datagrams.

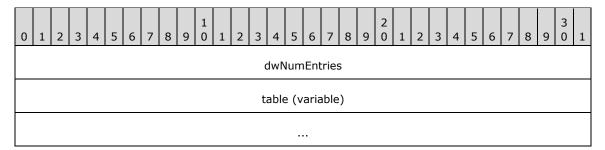
unused1: This member is reserved and SHOULD be set to 0.

wType: The address type or state. <34>

Value	Meaning
MIB_IPADDR_PRIMARY 0x0001	Primary IP address.
MIB_IPADDR_DYNAMIC 0x0004	Dynamic IP address.
MIB_IPADDR_DISCONNECTED 0x0008	Address is on a disconnected interface.
MIB_IPADDR_DELETED 0x0040	Address is being deleted.
MIB_IPADDR_TRANSIENT 0x0080	Transient address.

2.2.1.2.33 MIB_IPADDRTABLE

The MIB_IPADDRTABLE structure contains a table of IPv4 address entries. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).



dwNumEntries (4 bytes): The number of IPv4 address entries in the table.

table (variable): A pointer to a table of IPv4 address entries implemented as an array of MIB IPADDRROW (section 2.2.1.2.32) structures.

2.2.1.2.34 MIB_IPFORWARDNUMBER

The MIB_IPFORWARDNUMBER structure stores the number of routes in a particular IP routing table.

```
typedef struct MIB IPFORWARDNUMBER {
  DWORD dwValue;
} MIB_IPFORWARDNUMBER,
  *PMIB IPFORWARDNUMBER;
```

dwValue: Specifies the number of routes in the IP routing table.

2.2.1.2.35 MIB_IPFORWARDROW

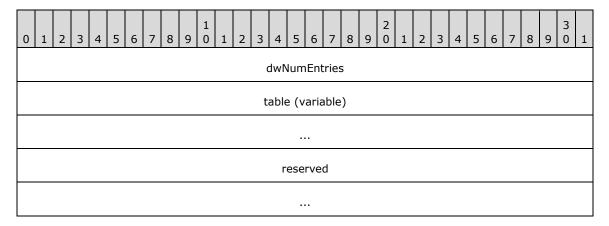
The MIB_IPFORWARDROW structure contains information that describes an IPv4 network route. This structure is used in <u>MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53)</u>, <u>MIB_IPDESTROW (section 2.2.1.2.20)</u>, and <u>MIB_IPFORWARDTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.36)</u>.

```
typedef struct MIB IPFORWARDROW {
 DWORD dwForwardDest;
  DWORD dwForwardMask;
 DWORD dwForwardPolicy;
 DWORD dwForwardNextHop;
 DWORD dwForwardIfIndex;
 union {
    DWORD dwForwardType;
   MIB IPFORWARD TYPE ForwardType;
 };
 union {
    DWORD dwForwardProto;
   MIB IPFORWARD PROTO ForwardProto;
  DWORD dwForwardAge;
 DWORD dwForwardNextHopAS;
  DWORD dwForwardMetric1;
 DWORD dwForwardMetric2;
 DWORD dwForwardMetric3;
 DWORD dwForwardMetric4;
 DWORD dwForwardMetric5;
} MIB IPFORWARDROW,
 *PMIB IPFORWARDROW;
```

- **dwForwardDest:** The destination IPv4 address of the route. An entry with an IPv4 address of 0.0.0.0 is considered a default route. This member MUST NOT be set to a multicast (class D) IPv4 address.
- **dwForwardMask:** The IPv4 subnet mask to be logically ANDed with the destination IPv4 address before being compared to the value in the **dwForwardDest** member; see [RFC950].
- **dwForwardPolicy:** The set of conditions that would cause the selection of a multipath route (the set of next hops for a given destination). This member is typically in IP TOS format. The encoding of this member is specified in [RFC1354].
- **dwForwardNextHop:** For remote routes, the IPv4 address of the next system in the route. Otherwise, this member SHOULD be an IPv4 address of 0x00000000.
- **dwForwardIfIndex:** The index of the local interface through which the next hop of this route is reachable. This MUST be an interface index of one of the interfaces on RRAS.
- **dwForwardType:** The route type as specified in [RFC1354]. The enum MIB_IPFORWARD_TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.8) describes the possible values for this member. In addition, **dwForwardType** can also be IP_PRIORITY_MAX_METRIC (0x000000ff) or IP_PRIORITY_DEFAULT_METRIC (0x0000007f).
- **ForwardType:** The route type as specified in [RFC1354].<35>
- **dwForwardProto:** The protocol or routing mechanism that generated the route. It can take one of the values specified in [RFC1354]. The enum <u>MIB_IPFORWARD_PROTO (section 2.2.1.1.9)</u> describes the possible values for this member.
- **ForwardProto:** The protocol or routing mechanism that generated the route. <36>
- dwForwardAge: The number of seconds since the route was added or modified in the network routing table. The dwForwardAge member is also used if the RRAS server is running for routes of type PROTO_IP_NETMGMT as defined on the Protocol Identifiers reference page. When dwForwardAge is set to INFINITE (-1) when running the RRAS server, the route will not be removed based on a time-out value.
- **dwForwardNextHopAS:** The autonomous system number of the next hop. When this member is unknown or not relevant to the protocol or routing mechanism specified in **dwForwardProto**, this value SHOULD be set to 0. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwForwardMetric1:** The primary routing metric value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwForwardProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to MIB_IPROUTE_METRIC_UNUSED (-1). This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwForwardMetric2:** An alternate routing metric value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwForwardProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwForwardMetric3:** An alternate routing metric value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwForwardProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwForwardMetric4:** An alternate routing metric value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwForwardProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC1354].
- **dwForwardMetric5:** An alternate routing metric value for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing protocol specified in the **dwForwardProto** member. If this metric is not used, its value SHOULD be set to -1. This value is documented in [RFC1354].

2.2.1.2.36 MIB_IPFORWARDTABLE

The MIB_IPFORWARDTABLE structure contains a table of the IP route entries.



dwNumEntries (4 bytes): Specifies the number of route entries in the table.

table (variable): Pointer to a table of route entries implemented as an array of MIB IPFORWARDROW (section 2.2.1.2.35) structures.

reserved (8 bytes): An array of 8 bytes that SHOULD be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.37 MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY

The MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY structure contains a router's scoped IPv4 multicast address boundaries. This structure is used in <u>MIB_OPAQUE_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.53) and <u>MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY_TABLE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.38).

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD dwIfIndex;
  DWORD dwGroupAddress;
  DWORD dwGroupMask;
  DWORD dwStatus;
} MIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY,
  *PMIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY;
```

dwIfIndex: The index value for the interface that applies to this boundary. Packets with a destination address in the associated address/mask range are not forwarded with this interface.

dwGroupAddress: The 32-bit integer representation of the IPv4 group address which, when combined with the corresponding value in **dwGroupMask**, identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary exists.

Note Scoped addresses MUST come from the range 239.*.*.* as specified in [RFC2365].

dwGroupMask: The 32-bit integer representation of the IPv4 group address mask which, when combined with the corresponding value in **dwGroupAddress**, identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary exists.

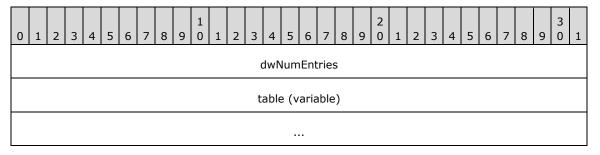
dwStatus: A status value that describes the current status of this entry in a mullticast forwarding entry (MFE) boundary table.

Value	Meaning	
0x00000001	The entry has active status.	

Value	Meaning	
0x00000002	The entry has notInService status.	
0x00000003	The entry has notReady status.	
0x00000004	The entry has createAndGo status.	
0x00000005	The entry has createAndWait status.	
0x00000006	The entry has destroy status.	

2.2.1.2.38 MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY_TABLE

The MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY_TABLE structure contains a list of a router's scoped IPv4 multicast address boundaries. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).



dwNumEntries (4 bytes): The number of <u>MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY (section 2.2.1.2.37)</u> structures listed in **table**.

table (variable): An array of MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY structures that collectively define the set of scoped IPv4 mullticast address boundaries on a router.

2.2.1.2.39 MIB_IPMCAST_GLOBAL

The MIB_IPMCAST_GLOBAL structure stores global information for IP multicast on a particular computer.

```
typedef struct MIB IPMCAST GLOBAL {
  DWORD dwEnable;
} MIB_IPMCAST_GLOBAL,
  *PMIB IPMCAST GLOBAL;
```

dwEnable: Specifies whether or not IP mullticast is enabled on the computer. This value is set to 1 if IP multicast is enabled on the computer and is set to 2 if IP multicast is not enabled on the computer.

2.2.1.2.40 MIB_IPMCAST_IF_ENTRY

The MIB_IPMCAST_IF_ENTRY structure stores information about an IP multicast interface.

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_IF_ENTRY {
  DWORD dwIfIndex;
  DWORD dwTtl;
  DWORD dwProtocol;
  DWORD dwRateLimit;
```

```
ULONG ulInMcastOctets;
ULONG ulOutMcastOctets;
} MIB_IPMCAST_IF_ENTRY,
*PMIB_IPMCAST_IF_ENTRY;
```

dwIfIndex: The index of this interface.

dwTtl: The TTL value for this interface.

dwProtocol: The **multicast routing protocol** that owns this interface.

dwRateLimit: The rate limit of this interface.

ulInMcastOctets: The number of octets of mullticast data received through this interface.

ulOutMcastOctets: The number of octets of mullticast data sent through this interface.

2.2.1.2.41 MIB_IPMCAST_IF_TABLE

The MIB IPMCAST IF TABLE structure contains a table of IP multicast interface entries.

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_IF_TABLE {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY table[dwNumEntries];
} MIB IPMCAST IF TABLE,
   *PMIB_IPMCAST_IF_TABLE;
```

dwNumEntries: Specifies the number of interface entries in the table.

table: A pointer to a table of interface entries implemented as an array of MIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.40) structures.

2.2.1.2.42 MIB_IPMCAST_MFE

The MIB_IPMCAST_MFE structure stores the information for an IP multicast forwarding entry (MFE). This structure is used in MIB MFE TABLE (section 2.2.1.2.52).

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_MFE {
 DWORD dwGroup;
 DWORD dwSource;
 DWORD dwSrcMask;
 DWORD dwUpStrmNgbr;
 DWORD dwInIfIndex;
 DWORD dwInIfProtocol;
 DWORD dwRouteProtocol;
 DWORD dwRouteNetwork;
 DWORD dwRouteMask;
 ULONG ulUpTime;
 ULONG ulExpiryTime;
 ULONG ulTimeOut;
 ULONG ulNumOutIf;
 DWORD fFlags;
 DWORD dwReserved;
 MIB IPMCAST OIF rgmioOutInfo[ulNumOutIf];
} MIB IPMCAST MFE,
 *PMIB IPMCAST MFE;
```

dwGroup: The range of IPv4 mullticast groups for this MFE. A value of zero indicates a wildcard group.

dwSource: The range of IPv4 source addresses for this MFE. A value of zero indicates a wildcard source.

dwSrcMask: The IPv4 subnet mask that corresponds to **dwSource**. The **dwSource** and **dwSrcMask** members are used together to define a range of sources.

dwUpStrmNgbr: The upstream neighbor that is related to this MFE.

dwInIfIndex: The index of the interface to which this MFE is related.

dwInIfProtocol: The routing protocol that owns the incoming interface to which this MFE is related.

dwRouteProtocol: The protocol that created the route. This is the enum MIB IPFORWARD PROTO (section 2.2.1.1.9).

dwRouteNetwork: The IPv4 address associated with the route referred to by **dwRouteProtocol**.

dwRouteMask: The IPv4 mask associated with the route referred to by dwRouteProtocol.

ulUpTime: The time, in seconds, that this MFE has been valid. This value starts from zero and is incremented until it reaches the **ulTimeOut** value, at which time the MFE is deleted.

ulExpiryTime: The time, in seconds, that remains before the MFE expires and is deleted. This value starts from **ulTimeOut** and is decremented until it reaches zero, at which time the MFE is deleted.

ulTimeOut: The total length of time, in seconds, that this MFE remains valid. After the time-out value is exceeded, the MFE is deleted.

ulNumOutIf: The number of outgoing interfaces that are associated with this MFE.

fFlags: Reserved. This member SHOULD be NULL.

dwReserved: Reserved. This member SHOULD be NULL.

rgmioOutInfo: A pointer to a table of outgoing interface statistics that are implemented as an array of MIB IPMCAST OIF (section 2.2.1.2.43) structures.

2.2.1.2.43 MIB_IPMCAST_OIF

The MIB_IPMCAST_OIF structure stores the information required to send an outgoing IP multicast packet.

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_OIF {
  DWORD dwOutIfIndex;
  DWORD dwNextHopAddr;
  PVOID pvReserved;
  DWORD dwReserved;
} MIB_IPMCAST_OIF,
*PMIB IPMCAST_OIF;
```

dwOutIfIndex: The index of the interface on which to send the outgoing IP mullticast packet.

dwNextHopAddr: The destination address for the outgoing IPv4 mullticast packet.

pvReserved: Reserved. This member MUST be NULL.

dwReserved: Reserved. This member MUST be zero.

2.2.1.2.44 MIB_IPMCAST_MFE_STATS

The MIB_IPMCAST_MFE_STATS structure stores the statistics associated with an MFE.



dwGroup (4 bytes): The multicast group for this MFE. A value of zero indicates a wildcard group.

dwSource (4 bytes): The range of source addresses for this MFE. A value of zero indicates a wildcard source.

dwSrcMask (4 bytes): The IPv4 subnet mask that corresponds to the **dwSource**. The **dwSource** and the **dwSrcMask** members are used together to define a range of sources.

dwUpStrmNgbr (4 bytes): The upstream neighbor that is related to this MFE.

dwInIfIndex (4 bytes): The index of the incoming interface that is related to this MFE.

dwInIfProtocol (4 bytes): The routing protocol that owns the incoming interface that is related to this MFE.

- **dwRouteProtocol (4 bytes):** The protocol that created the route. It is the enum MIB IPFORWARD PROTO (section 2.2.1.1.9).
- dwRouteNetwork (4 bytes): The address associated with the route referred to by the dwRouteProtocol.
- dwRouteMask (4 bytes): The mask associated with the route referred to by the dwRouteProtocol.
- ulUpTime (4 bytes): The time, in 100ths of a second, since the MFE was created.
- **ulExpiryTime (4 bytes):** The time, in 100ths of a second, until the MFE will be deleted. A value of zero is specified if the MFE is not subject to aging requirements.
- ulNumOutIf (4 bytes): The number of interfaces in the outgoing interface list for this MFE.
- ulInPkts (4 bytes): The number of packets that have been forwarded that matched this MFE.
- ulInOctets (4 bytes): The number of octets of data forwarded that match this MFE.
- **ulPktsDifferentIf (4 bytes):** The number of packets matching this MFE that were dropped due to an incoming interface check.
- **ulQueueOverflow (4 bytes):** The number of packets matching this MFE that were dropped due to a queue overflow. There is one queue per MFE.
- **rgmiosOutStats (variable):** A pointer to a table of outgoing interface statistics that are implemented as an array of <u>MIB_IPMCAST_OIF_STATS (section 2.2.1.2.45)</u> structures. The number of entries in the table is specified by the value of the **ulNumOutIf** member.

2.2.1.2.45 MIB_IPMCAST_OIF_STATS

The MIB_IPMCAST_OIF_STATS structure stores the statistics that are associated with an outgoing multicast interface.

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_OIF_STATS {
   DWORD dwOutIfIndex;
   DWORD dwNextHopAddr;
   PVOID pvDialContext;
   ULONG ulTtlTooLow;
   ULONG ulFragNeeded;
   ULONG ulOutPackets;
   ULONG ulOutDiscards;
} MIB_IPMCAST_OIF_STATS,
   *PMIB IPMCAST_OIF_STATS;
```

dwOutIfIndex: Specifies the outgoing interface to which these statistics are related.

dwNextHopAddr: Specifies the address of the next hop that corresponds to dwOutIfIndex. The dwOutIfIndex and dwIfNextHopIPAddr members uniquely identify a next hop on point-to-multipoint interfaces, where one interface connects to multiple networks. Examples of point-to-multipoint interfaces include non-broadcast multiple-access (NBMA) interfaces, and the internal interface on which all dial-up clients connect. For Ethernet and other broadcast interfaces, specify zero. Also specify zero for point-to-point interfaces, which are identified by only dwOutIfIndex.

pvDialContext: Reserved. This member MUST be NULL.

ulTtlTooLow: Specifies the number of packets on this outgoing interface that were discarded because the packet's TTL value was too low.

ulFragNeeded: Specifies the number of packets that required fragmentation when they were forwarded on this interface.

ulOutPackets: Specifies the number of packets that were forwarded out of this interface.

ulOutDiscards: Specifies the number of packets that were discarded on this interface.

2.2.1.2.46 MIB_IPMCAST_SCOPE

The MIB_IPMCAST_SCOPE structure contains a multicast scope name and the associated IPv4 multicast group address and mask that define the scope. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct {
   DWORD dwGroupAddress;
   DWORD dwGroupMask;
   WCHAR snNameBuffer[256];
   DWORD dwStatus;
   BYTE reserved[492];
} MIB IPMCAST SCOPE,
   *PMIB IPMCAST SCOPE;
```

dwGroupAddress: A 32-bit integer representation of the IPv4 group address which, when combined with the corresponding value in **dwGroupMask**, identifies the group range for which the mullticast scope exists.

Note Scoped addresses MUST come from the range 239.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255 as specified in [RFC2365].

dwGroupMask: A 32-bit integer representation of the IPv4 group address mask which, when combined with the corresponding value in **dwGroupAddress**, identifies the group range for which the mullticast scope exists.

snNameBuffer: A Unicode string, suitable for display to mullticast application users, that contains the text name associated with the mullticast scope.

If no name is specified, the default name is the string representation of the scoped address in **dwGroupAddress** with the address and mask length appended and separated by a backslash "/" character, of the form "239.*.*.*.x/y", where x is the address length and y is the mask length.

dwStatus: A status value that describes the current status of this row in an MFE scope table.

Value	Meaning	
0x00000001	Row has active status.	
0x00000002	Row has notInService status.	
0x00000003	Row has notReady status.	
0x00000004	Row has createAndGo status.	
0x00000005	Row has createAndWait status.	
0x00000006	Row has destroy status.	

reserved: An array of 492 bytes that SHOULD be set to 0 and ignored on receive.

2.2.1.2.47 MIB_IPNETROW

The MIB_IPNETROW structure contains information for an Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) table entry for an IPv4 address. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPNETROW {
   DWORD dwIndex;
   DWORD dwPhysAddrLen;
   BYTE bPhysAddr[8];
   DWORD dwAddr;
   DWORD dwType;
} MIB_IPNETROW,
*PMIB IPNETROW;
```

dwIndex: This MUST be the interface index of an adapter.

dwPhysAddrLen: The length, in bytes, of the physical address.

bPhysAddr: The physical address.

dwAddr: The IPv4 address.

dwType: The type of ARP entry. This type MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000004	Static
0x00000003	Dynamic
0x00000002	Invalid
0x0000001	Other

2.2.1.2.48 MIB_IPNETTABLE

The MIB_IPNETTABLE structure contains a table of ARP entries for IPv4 addresses.

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPNETTABLE {
  DWORD dwNumEntries;
  MIB_IPNETROW table[dwNumEntries];
  BYTE reserved[8];
} MIB_IPNETTABLE,
  *PMIB IPNETTABLE;
```

dwNumEntries: The number of ARP entries in the table.

table: A pointer to a table of ARP entries implemented as an array of MIB IPNETROW (section 2.2.1.2.47) structures.

reserved: An array of 8 bytes that SHOULD be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.49 MIB_IPSTATS

The MIB_IPSTATS structure stores information about the IP protocol running on a particular computer. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct _MIB_IPSTATS {
  union {
```

```
DWORD dwForwarding;
   MIB IPSTATS FORWARDING Forwarding;
  DWORD dwDefaultTTL;
  DWORD dwInReceives;
  DWORD dwInHdrErrors;
  DWORD dwInAddrErrors;
  DWORD dwForwDatagrams;
  DWORD dwInUnknownProtos;
  DWORD dwInDiscards;
 DWORD dwInDelivers;
  DWORD dwOutRequests;
  DWORD dwRoutingDiscards;
 DWORD dwOutDiscards;
  DWORD dwOutNoRoutes;
  DWORD dwReasmTimeout:
  DWORD dwReasmReqds;
 DWORD dwReasmOks;
 DWORD dwReasmFails;
  DWORD dwFragOks;
 DWORD dwFragFails;
  DWORD dwFragCreates;
 DWORD dwNumIf;
 DWORD dwNumAddr;
 DWORD dwNumRoutes;
} MIB IPSTATS,
 *PMIB IPSTATS;
```

dwForwarding: Specifies whether IP forwarding is enabled or disabled. This value MUST be 0xffffffff or one of the following values. If set to 0xffffffff, RMIBEntrySet does not change the current value of **dwForwarding**.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	IP Forwarding enabled.
0x00000002	IP Forwarding not enabled.

Forwarding: Specifies whether IP forwarding is enabled or disabled. <37>

dwDefaultTTL: The default initial TTL for datagrams originating on a particular computer. This value MUST be 0xffffffff or a value less than or equal to 255.

dwInReceives: The number of datagrams received. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.

dwInHdrErrors: The number of datagrams received that have header errors. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.

dwInAddrErrors: The number of datagrams received that have address errors. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.

dwForwDatagrams: The number of datagrams forwarded. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.

dwInUnknownProtos: The number of datagrams received that have an unknown protocol. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.

dwInDiscards: The number of received datagrams discarded. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.

- **dwInDelivers:** The number of received datagrams delivered. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwOutRequests:** The number of outgoing datagrams that the IP is requested to transmit. This number does not include forwarded datagrams. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwRoutingDiscards:** The number of outgoing datagrams discarded. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwOutDiscards:** The number of transmitted datagrams to be discarded. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwOutNoRoutes:** The number of datagrams for which this computer did not have a route to the destination IP address. These datagrams were discarded. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwReasmTimeout:** The amount of time allowed for all pieces of a fragmented datagram to arrive. If all pieces do not arrive within this time, the datagram is discarded. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwReasmReqds:** The number of datagrams that require reassembly. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwReasmOks:** The number of datagrams that were successfully reassembled. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwReasmFails:** The number of datagrams that cannot be reassembled. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwFragOks:** The number of datagrams that were fragmented successfully. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwFragFails:** The number of datagrams that have not been fragmented because the IP header specifies no fragmentation. These datagrams are discarded. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwFragCreates:** The number of fragments created. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwNumIf:** The number of interfaces. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwNumAddr:** The number of IP addresses associated with this computer. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.
- **dwNumRoutes:** The number of routes in the IP routing table. This is a read-only field and MUST be ignored while writing.

2.2.1.2.50 MIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW 2

The MIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW structure contains the configurable limit information from a corresponding <u>MIB_IPMCAST_IF_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.40) structure. Whenever this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff000e.

This structure is used in the following methods.

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

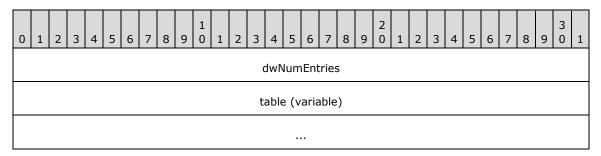
```
typedef struct {
  DWORD dwTtl;
  DWORD dwRateLimit;
} MIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW,
*PMIB_MCAST_LIMIT_ROW;
```

dwTtl: The TTL value for a multicast interface.

dwRateLimit: The rate limit for a mullticast interface. This MUST be set to 0.

2.2.1.2.51 MIB_MFE_STATS_TABLE

The MIB_MFE_STATS_TABLE structure stores statistics for a group of MFEs. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

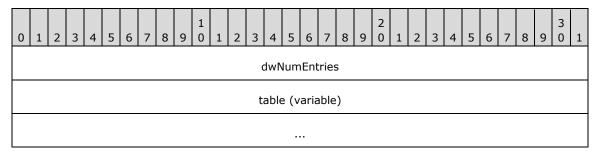


dwNumEntries (4 bytes): The number of MFEs in the table.

table (variable): A pointer to a table of MFEs that are implemented as an array of MIB IPMCAST MFE STATS (section 2.2.1.2.44) structures.

2.2.1.2.52 **MIB_MFE_TABLE**

The MIB_MFE_TABLE structure contains a table of MFEs. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).



dwNumEntries (4 bytes): The number of MFEs in the table.

table (variable): A pointer to a table of MFEs implemented as an array of <u>MIB_IPMCAST_MFE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.42) structures.

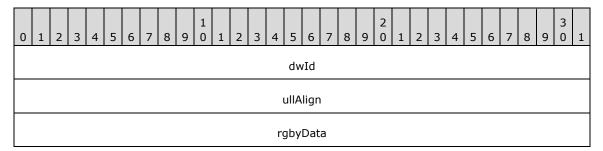
2.2.1.2.53 MIB_OPAQUE_INFO

The MIB_OPAQUE_INFO structure contains information related to an MIB entry. This structure is used to handle MIB data in MIB methods such as the following:

- RMIBEntryCreate (section 3.1.4.27)
- RMIBEntrySet (section 3.1.4.29)

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- RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)
- RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31)
- RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32)



dwId (4 bytes): MIB ID for the type of information being submitted or returned.

IPX does not use this structure.

For IP transport, the MIB ID MUST be one of the following.

dwId Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by rgbyData.
0x00000000 IF_NUMBER	Information about number of interfaces on the server.	MIB IFNUMBER (section 2.2.1.2.28)
0x00000001 IF_TABLE	Table of interface entries.	MIB IFTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.31)
0x00000002 IF_ROW	Information about a particular interface.	MIB IFROW (section 2.2.1.2.29)
0x00000003 IP_STATS	Information about the IP protocol.	MIB IPSTATS (section 2.2.1.2.49)
0x00000004 IP_ADDRTABLE	Table of IPv4 address entries.	MIB IPADDRTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.33)
0x00000005 IP_ADDRROW	Information for a particular IPv4 address.	MIB IPADDRROW (section 2.2.1.2.32)
0x00000006 IP_FORWARDNUMBER	Information about number of routes in a particular IP routing table.	MIB IPFORWARDNUMBER (section 2.2.1.2.34)
0x00000007 IP_FORWARDTABLE	Table of IPv4 route entries.	MIB IPFORWARDTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.36)
0x00000008 IP_FORWARDROW	Information that describes an IPv4/IPv6	MIB IPFORWARDROW (section 2.2.1.2.35) for IPv4, INTERFACE ROUTE ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.181) for IPv6 based on the transport

dwId Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by rgbyData.
	network route.	
0x00000009 IP_NETTABLE	Table of ARP entries for IPv4 addresses.	MIB IPNETTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.48)
0x0000000a IP_NETROW	Information about an ARP table entry for an IPv4 address.	MIB IPNETROW (section 2.2.1.2.47)
0x0000000b ICMP_STATS	Statistics for ICMP messages on a particular computer.	MIB ICMP (section 2.2.1.2.25)
0x0000000c TCP_STATS	Statistics for the TCP protocol running on the local computer.	MIB TCPSTATS (section 2.2.1.2.57)
0x0000000d TCP_TABLE	Table of IPv4 TCP connections.	MIB TCPTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.58)
0x0000000e TCP_ROW	Information for an IPv4 TCP connection.	MIB TCPROW (section 2.2.1.2.56)
0x0000000f UDP_STATS	Statistics for the UDP running on the local computer.	MIB UDPSTATS (section 2.2.1.2.60)
0x00000010 UDP_TABLE	Table of address information for sending and receiving UDP datagrams.	MIB UDPTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.61)
0x00000011 UDP_ROW	Information for a UDP session.	MIB UDPROW (section 2.2.1.2.59)
0x00000012 MCAST_MFE	Information for an IP multicast forwarding entry.	MIB MFE TABLE (section 2.2.1.2.52). rgbyData SHOULD be specified as NULL when the requested IP multicast forwarding entry is not found when using the RMIBEntryGet, RMIBEntryGetFirst, and RMIBEntryGetNext methods. These methods return ERROR_SUCCESS even if they do not find the requested IP multicast forwarding entry.
0x00000013 MCAST_MFE_STATS	Statistics associated with an MFE.	MIB MFE STATS TABLE (section 2.2.1.2.51)
0x00000014 BEST_IF	Information about the interface that	MIB BEST IF (section 2.2.1.2.23)

dwId Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by rgbyData.
	has the best route to a particular destination IPv4 address.	
0x00000015 BEST_ROUTE	Information about a particular route.	INTERFACE ROUTE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.11)
0x00000016 PROXY_ARP	Information for a Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (PARP) entry.	MIB PROXYARP (section 2.2.1.2.55)
0x00000017 MCAST_IF_ENTRY	Information about an IP multicast interface.	MIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.40)
0x00000018 MCAST_GLOBAL	Global information for IP multicast on a particular computer.	MIB IPMCAST GLOBAL (section 2.2.1.2.39)
0x00000019 IF_STATUS	Status information for a particular interface.	MIB IFSTATUS (section 2.2.1.2.30)
0x0000001a MCAST_BOUNDARY	Information about a router's scoped IPv4 multicast address boundaries.	MIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY (section 2.2.1.2.37)
0x0000001b MCAST_SCOPE	Information about a multicast scope.	MIB IPMCAST SCOPE (section 2.2.1.2.46)
0x0000001c DEST_MATCHING	Route information about a matching destination.	MIB IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)
0x0000001d DEST_LONGER	Information about all the possible routes to a destination.	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)
0x0000001e DEST_SHORTER	Information about the best matching routes to a destination.	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)

dwId Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by rgbyData.
0x0000001f ROUTE_MATCHING	Information about a matching IP route.	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)
0x00000020 ROUTE_LONGER	Information about all the possible routes to a destination.	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)
0x00000021 ROUTE_SHORTER	Information about the best matching routes to a destination.	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)
0x00000022 ROUTE_STATE	Information about whether the route needs to be added to the forwarder or not.	MIB ROUTESTATE (section 2.2.1.2.22)
0x00000023 MCAST_MFE_STATS_EX	Statistics associated with an MFE.	MIB_MFE_STATS_TABLE (section 2.2.1.2.51)

ullAlign (4 bytes): The number of bytes that align the information returned. This is used to align the field to a long boundary so that the structure is aligned.

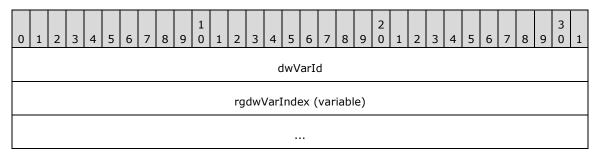
rgbyData (4 bytes): A pointer to the information returned from the opaque query.

2.2.1.2.54 MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY

The MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY structure contains the MIB ID and the corresponding index of the MIB object. This structure is used in the following methods:

- RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)
- RMIBEntryDelete (section 3.1.4.28)
- RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31)
- RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32)

The same structure is also used as a blob for querying MIB if **dwPid** is PID_IPX, or if **dwPid** is PID_IP and **dwRoutingPid** is not IPRTRMGR_PID in the parameter of the methods using this structure.



dwVarId (4 bytes): The identifier of the MIB object while querying IPv4 or IPv6 MIB variables. The value MUST be the same as **dwId** for <u>MIB OPAQUE INFO</u>.

rgdwVarIndex (variable): Place holder for data of the blob as previously mentioned. If **dwRoutingPid** is IPRTRMGR_PID, then this MUST indicate the index of the MIB object to query as shown in the following table.

dwVarId	rgdwVarIndex	Structure that needs to be retrieved	Meaning of rgdwVarIndex
0x00000000 IF_NUMBER	Not used.	MIB IFNUMBER (section 2.2.1.2.28)	Not used.
0x00000001 IF_TABLE	Not used.	MIB IFTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.31)	Not used.
0x00000002 IF_ROW	Index of the interface.	MIB IFROW (section 2.2.1.2.29)	The instance of the structure whose interface index matches with the value specified in rgdwVarIndex.
0x00000003 IP_STATS	Not used.	MIB IPSTATS (section 2.2.1.2.49)	Not used.
0x00000004 IP_ADDRTABLE	Not used.	MIB IPADDRTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.33	Not used.
0x00000005 IP_ADDRROW	IP address.	MIB IPADDRROW (section 2.2.1.2.32)	The instance of the structure whose dwAddr matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex.
0x00000006 IP_FORWARDNUMBER	Not used.	MIB IPFORWARDNUMBER (section 2.2 .1.2.34)	Not used.
0x00000007 IP_FORWARDTABLE	Not used.	MIB IPFORWARDTABLE (section 2.2.1. 2.36)	Not used.
0x00000008 IP_FORWARDROW	This MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]) for IPV4. For IPV6 this MUST be index.	MIB IPFORWARDROW (section 2.2.1.2 .35) for IPv4, INTERFACE ROUTE ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.181) for IPv6	For IPv4, the instance of the structure whose dwForwardDest matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwForwardProto matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwForwardPolicy matches rgdwVarIndex[2], and dwForwardNextHo p matches rgdwVarIndex[3]. For IPv6, the instance of the structure whose

dwVarId	rgdwVarIndex	Structure that needs to be retrieved	Meaning of rgdwVarIndex
			dwIndex matches rgdwVarIndex.
0x0000009 IP_NETTABLE	MUST be of size one DWORD (rgdwVarIndex[1]) or two DWORDS (rgdwVarIndex[2]).	MIB IPNETTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.48)	If one DWORD is passed, an instance of the structure whose dwIndex matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] is returned. If two DWORDs are passed, an instance of the structure whose dwIndex matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] and whose dwAddr matches rgdwVarIndex[1] is returned.
0x0000000a IP_NETROW	This MUST be of size one DWORD (rgdwVarIndex[1]) or two DWORDS (rgdwVarIndex[2]).	MIB IPNETROW (section 2.2.1.2.47)	If one DWORD is passed, an instance of the structure whose dwIndex matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] is returned. If two DWORDs are passed, an instance of the structure whose dwIndex matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] and whose dwAddr matches rgdwVarIndex[1] is returned.
0x0000000b ICMP_STATS	Not used.	MIB ICMP (section 2.2.1.2.25)	Not used.
0x0000000c TCP_STATS	Not used.	MIB TCPSTATS (section 2.2.1.2.57)	Not used.
0x0000000e TCP_ROW	This MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]) for IPV4.	MIB TCPROW (section 2.2.1.2.56)	The instance of the structure whose dwLocalAddr matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwLocalPort matches

dwVarId	rgdwVarIndex	Structure that needs to be retrieved	Meaning of rgdwVarIndex
			rgdwVarIndex[1], dwRemoteAddr matches rgdwVarIndex[2], and dwRemotePort matches rgdwVarIndex[3].
0x0000000f UDP_STATS	Not used.	MIB UDPSTATS (section 2.2.1.2.60)	Not used.
0x00000010 UDP_TABLE	Not used.	MIB UDPTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.61)	Not used.
0x00000011 UDP_ROW	This MUST be of size one DWORD (rgdwVarIndex[1]) or two DWORDS (rgdwVarIndex[2]).	MIB UDPROW (section 2.2.1.2.59)	If one DWORD is passed, an instance of the structure whose dwLocalAddr matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] is returned. If two DWORDs are passed, an instance of the structure whose dwLocalAddr matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] and whose dwLocalPort matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[1]. Both dwLocalAddr and dwLocalPort MUST be specified for RMIBEntryGet.
0x00000012 MCAST_MFE	This MUST be of 3 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[3]).	MIB MFE TABLE (section 2.2.1.2.52)	The instance of the structure whose dwGroup matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwSource matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwSrcMask matches rgdwVarIndex[2] is returned, and rgdwVarIndex[2] MUST be 0xffffffff.
0x00000013 MCAST_MFE_STATS	This MUST be of 3 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[3]).	MIB IPMCAST MFE STATS (section 2. 2.1.2.44)	The instance of the structure whose dwGroup matches

dwVarId	rgdwVarIndex	Structure that needs to be retrieved	Meaning of rgdwVarIndex
			rgdwVarIndex[0], dwSource matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwSrcMask matches rgdwVarIndex[2] is returned, and rgdwVarIndex[2] MUST be 0xfffffff.
0x00000014 BEST_IF	MUST be of 1 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[1]).	MIB BEST IF (section 2.2.1.2.23)	The interface having the best route for the destination specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] is returned.
0x00000015 BEST_ROUTE	MUST be of 2 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[2])	INTERFACE ROUTE INFO (section 2.2. 1.2.11)	The best route information for the destination specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] is returned. rgdwVarIndex[1] MUST be set to 0.
0x00000017 MCAST_IF_ENTRY	MUST be of 1 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[1]).	MIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY (section 2.2. 1.2.40)	The instance of the structure whose interface index matches with the value specified in rgdwVarIndex.
0x00000018 MCAST_GLOBAL	Not used.	MIB IPMCAST GLOBAL (section 2.2.1. 2.39)	Not used.
0x00000019 IF_STATUS	MUST be of 1 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[1]).	MIB IFSTATUS (section 2.2.1.2.30)	The instance of the structure whose interface index matches with the value specified in rgdwVarIndex.
0x0000001a MCAST_BOUNDARY	MUST be of 3 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[3]).	MIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY (section 2.2 .1.2.37)	The instance with dwIfIndex equal to rgdwVarIndex[0], dwGroupAddres s equal to rgdwVarIndex[1], and dwGroupMask equal to rgdwVarIndex[2] is returned.
0x0000001b	MUST be of size	MIB IPMCAST SCOPE (section 2.2.1.2	If one DWORD is

dwVarId	rgdwVarIndex	Structure that needs to be retrieved	Meaning of rgdwVarIndex
MCAST_SCOPE	one DWORD (rgdwVarIndex[1]) or two DWORDS (rgdwVarIndex[2]).	.46)	passed, an instance of the structure whose dwGroupAddres s matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] is returned. If two DWORDs are passed, an instance of the structure whose dwGroupAddres s matches the value specified in rgdwVarIndex[0] and whose dwGroupMask matches rgdwVarIndex[1] is returned. Both dwGroupMask MUST be specified for RMIBEntryGet
0x0000001c DEST_MATCHING	MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]).	MIB IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)	The instance of the structure whose ForwardRow fields of dwForwardDest matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwForwardMask matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwForwardView Set matches rgdwVarIndex[2], and whose dwForwardProt o matches rgdwVarIndex[3].
0x0000001d DEST_LONGER	MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]).	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)	The instance of the structure whose ForwardRow fields of dwForwardDest matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwForwardMask matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwForwardView Set matches rgdwVarIndex[2],

dwVarId	rgdwVarIndex	Structure that needs to be retrieved	Meaning of rgdwVarIndex
			and whose dwForwardProt o matches rgdwVarIndex[3].
0x0000001e DEST_SHORTER	MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]).	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)	The instance of the structure whose ForwardRow fields of dwForwardDest matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwForwardMask matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwForwardView Set matches rgdwVarIndex[2], and whose dwForwardProt o matches rgdwVarIndex[3].
0x0000001f ROUTE_MATCHING	This MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]).	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)	The instance of the structure whose ForwardRow fields of dwForwardDest matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwForwardMask matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwForwardViewSe t matches rgdwVarIndex[2], and whose dwForwardProto matches rgdwVarIndex[3].
0x00000020 ROUTE_LONGER	MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]).	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)	The instance of the structure whose ForwardRow fields of dwForwardDest matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwForwardMask matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwForwardView Set matches rgdwVarIndex[2], and whose dwForwardProt o matches rgdwVarIndex[3].

dwVarId	rgdwVarIndex	Structure that needs to be retrieved	Meaning of rgdwVarIndex
0x00000021 ROUTE_SHORTER	MUST be of 4 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[4]).	MIB_IPDESTTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.21)	The instance of the structure whose ForwardRow fields of dwForwardDest matches rgdwVarIndex[0], dwForwardMask matches rgdwVarIndex[1], dwForwardView Set matches rgdwVarIndex[2], and whose dwForwardProt o matches rgdwVarIndex[3].
0x00000022 ROUTE_STATE	Not used.	MIB ROUTESTATE (section 2.2.1.2.22)	Not used.
0x00000023 MCAST_MFE_STATS_EX	MUST be of 3 DWORDS size (rgdwVarIndex[3]).	MIB MFE STATS TABLE (section 2.2.1 .2.51)	The instance of the structure whose dwGroup field matches rgdwVarIndex[0], and dwSource matches rgdwVarIndex[1]. rgdwVarIndex[2] is not used.

2.2.1.2.55 MIB_PROXYARP

The MIB_PROXYARP structure stores information for a Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (PARP) entry. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct _MIB_PROXYARP {
  DWORD dwAddress;
  DWORD dwMask;
  DWORD dwIfIndex;
} MIB_PROXYARP,
  *PMIB_PROXYARP;
```

dwAddress: The IPv4 address that acts as a proxy.

dwMask: The subnet mask for the IPv4 address specified by the **dwAddress** member. See [RFC950].

dwIfIndex: The index of the interface that acts as a proxy for the address specified by the **dwAddress** member.

2.2.1.2.56 MIB_TCPROW

The MIB_TCPROW structure contains information for an IPv4 TCP connection. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53) and MIB_TCPTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.58).

```
typedef struct _MIB_TCPROW {
   union {
     DWORD dwState;
     MIB_TCP_STATE State;
   };
   DWORD dwLocalAddr;
   DWORD dwLocalPort;
   DWORD dwRemoteAddr;
   DWORD dwRemotePort;
} MIB TCPROW,
*PMIB TCPROW;
```

dwState: The state of the TCP connection. This member can be one of the enums in MIB TCP STATE (section 2.2.1.1.11).

State: The state of the TCP connection. <38>

dwLocalAddr: The local IPv4 address for the TCP connection on the local computer. A value of zero indicates the listener can accept a connection on any interface.

dwLocalPort: The local port number in network byte order for the TCP connection on the local computer.

dwRemoteAddr: The IPv4 address for the TCP connection on the remote computer.

dwRemotePort: The remote port number in network byte order for the TCP connection on the remote computer.

2.2.1.2.57 MIB_TCPSTATS

The MIB_TCPSTATS structure contains statistics for the TCP protocol running on the local computer. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct _MIB_TCPSTATS {
 union {
   DWORD dwRtoAlgorithm;
   TCP RTO ALGORITHM RtoAlgorithm;
 DWORD dwRtoMin;
  DWORD dwRtoMax;
 DWORD dwMaxConn;
 DWORD dwActiveOpens;
  DWORD dwPassiveOpens;
 DWORD dwAttemptFails;
 DWORD dwEstabResets;
 DWORD dwCurrEstab;
  DWORD dwInSegs;
 DWORD dwOutSegs;
 DWORD dwRetransSegs;
 DWORD dwInErrs;
 DWORD dwOutRsts;
 DWORD dwNumConns;
} MIB TCPSTATS,
 *PMIB TCPSTATS;
```

dwRtoAlgorithm: The retransmission time-out (RTO) algorithm in use. This member can be one of the enum values in TCP RTO ALGORITHM (section 2.2.1.1.12).

RtoAlgorithm: The RTO algorithm in use. <39>

dwRtoMin: The minimum RTO value in milliseconds.

dwRtoMax: The maximum RTO value in milliseconds.

dwMaxConn: The maximum number of connections. If this member is -1, the maximum number of connections is variable.

dwActiveOpens: The number of active open connections. In an active open, the client is initiating a connection with the server.

dwPassiveOpens: The number of passive open connections. In a passive open, the server is listening for a connection request from a client.

dwAttemptFails: The number of failed connection attempts.

dwEstabResets: The number of established connections that were reset.

dwCurrEstab: The number of currently established connections.

dwInSegs: The number of segments received.

dwOutSegs: The number of segments transmitted. This number does not include retransmitted segments.

dwRetransSegs: The number of segments retransmitted.

dwInErrs: The number of errors received.

dwOutRsts: The number of segments transmitted with the reset flag set.

dwNumConns: The number of connections that are currently present in the system. This total number includes connections in all states except listening connections.

2.2.1.2.58 MIB TCPTABLE

The MIB_TCPTABLE structure contains a table of IPv4 TCP connections on the local computer.

```
typedef struct MIB TCPTABLE {
  DWORD dwNumEntries;
  MIB_TCPROW table[dwNumEntries];
  BYTE reserved[8];
} MIB TCPTABLE,
  *PMIB_TCPTABLE;
```

dwNumEntries: The number of entries in the table.

table: A pointer to a table of TCP connections implemented as an array of MIB TCPROW (section 2.2.1.2.56) structures.

reserved: An array of 8 bytes that SHOULD be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.59 MIB_UDPROW

The MIB_UDPROW structure contains address information for sending and receiving User Datagram Protocol (UDP) datagrams. This structure is used in <u>MIB_OPAQUE_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.53) and <u>MIB_UDPTABLE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.61).

```
typedef struct _MIB_UDPROW {
  DWORD dwLocalAddr;
  DWORD dwLocalPort;
```

```
} MIB_UDPROW,
 *PMIB UDPROW;
```

dwLocalAddr: The IPv4 address on the local computer.

dwLocalPort: The port number on the local computer.

2.2.1.2.60 MIB_UDPSTATS

The MIB_UDPSTATS structure contains statistics for the UDP running on the local computer. This structure is used in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).

```
typedef struct _MIB_UDPSTATS {
  DWORD dwInDatagrams;
  DWORD dwNoPorts;
  DWORD dwInErrors;
  DWORD dwOutDatagrams;
  DWORD dwNumAddrs;
} MIB_UDPSTATS,
  *PMIB_UDPSTATS;
```

dwInDatagrams: The number of datagrams received.

dwNoPorts: The number of datagrams received that were discarded because the port specified was invalid.

dwInErrors: The number of erroneous datagrams received. This number does not include the value contained by the **dwNoPorts** member.

dwOutDatagrams: The number of datagrams transmitted.

dwNumAddrs: The number of entries in the UDP listener table.

2.2.1.2.61 MIB_UDPTABLE

The MIB_UDPTABLE structure contains a table of address information for sending and receiving UDP datagrams on the local computer.

```
typedef struct _MIB_UDPTABLE {
  DWORD dwNumEntries;
  MIB_UDPROW table[dwNumEntries];
  BYTE reserved[8];
} MIB_UDPTABLE,
  *PMIB_UDPTABLE;
```

dwNumEntries: The number of entries in the table.

table: Pointer to an array of <u>MIB UDPROW (section 2.2.1.2.59)</u> structures.

reserved: An array of 8 bytes that SHOULD be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.62 MPR_SERVER_0

The MPR_SERVER_0 structure contains configuration information for a router.

```
typedef struct MPR_SERVER_0 {
  BOOL fLanOnlyMode;
  DWORD dwUpTime;
```

```
DWORD dwTotalPorts;
DWORD dwPortsInUse;
} MPR_SERVER_0,
*PMPR_SERVER_0;
```

fLanOnlyMode: This is of type BOOL. It specifies whether the RRAS server is running in LAN only mode or not. If the value is 1, the RRAS server is not routing; if the value is 0, then the RRAS server is functioning as a router.

Value	Meaning
0	The RRAS server is functioning as a router.
1	The RRAS server is not routing.

dwUpTime: Specifies the elapsed time (in seconds) since the router was started.

dwTotalPorts: Specifies the number of ports on the router.

dwPortsInUse: Specifies the number of ports on the router currently in use.

2.2.1.2.63 MPR_SERVER_1

The MPR_SERVER_1 structure is used to get and set the number of Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol/Layer Two Tunneling Protocol (PPTP/L2TP) ports configured on the RRAS server. It is also used to get and set the RRAS functionality and router functionality enabled on those ports.

```
typedef struct MPR_SERVER_1 {
   DWORD dwNumPptpPorts;
   DWORD dwPptpPortFlags;
   DWORD dwNumL2tpPorts;
   DWORD dwL2tpPortFlags;
} MPR SERVER 1,
   *PMPR SERVER 1;
```

dwNumPptpPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on that (PPTP) device. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<40>

dwPptpPortFlags: Indicates the RRAS server and/or router functionality configured on the PPTP device.

Possible flag values are as follows.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x00000001	Remote access is enabled for PPTP.
MPR_ENABLE_ROUTING_ON_DEVICE 0x000000002	Routing is enabled for PPTP.

dwNumL2tpPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on that (L2TP) device. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<a href="mailto:

dwL2tpPortFlags: Indicates the RAS and/or router functionality configured on the L2TP device.

Possible flag values are as follows.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x00000001	Remote access is enabled for L2TP.
MPR_ENABLE_ROUTING_ON_DEVICE 0x000000002	Routing is enabled for L2TP.

2.2.1.2.64 MPR_SERVER_2

The MPR_SERVER_2 structure is used to get and set the number of Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol/Layer Two Tunneling Protocol/Secure Socket Tunneling Protocol (PPTP/L2TP/SSTP) ports configured on the RRAS server. It also gets and sets the RRAS functionality and router functionality enabled on the server. <42>

```
typedef struct MPR_SERVER_2 {
  DWORD dwNumPptpPorts;
  DWORD dwPptpPortFlags;
  DWORD dwNumL2tpPorts;
  DWORD dwL2tpPortFlags;
  DWORD dwNumSstpPorts;
  DWORD dwSstpPortFlags;
} MPR SERVER 2,
*PMPR SERVER 2;
```

dwNumPptpPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on that (PPTP) device. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<a><43>

dwPptpPortFlags: Indicates the RRAS server and/or router functionality configured on the PPTP device.

Possible flag values are as follows.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x00000001	Remote access is enabled for PPTP.
MPR_ENABLE_ROUTING_ON_DEVICE 0x000000002	Routing is enabled for PPTP.

dwNumL2tpPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on that (L2TP) device. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<a href="mailto:

dwL2tpPortFlags: Indicates the RRAS server and/or router functionality configured on the L2TP device.

Possible flag values are as follows.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x00000001	Remote access is enabled for L2TP.
MPR_ENABLE_ROUTING_ON_DEVICE 0x00000002	Routing is enabled for L2TP.

dwNumSstpPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on that (SSTP) device. \leq 45> This value cannot exceed the server port limit. \leq 46>

dwSstpPortFlags: Indicates the RRAS server and/or router functionality configured on the SSTP device.<47>

Possible flag values are as follows.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x00000001	Remote access is enabled for SSTP.

2.2.1.2.65 **PPP_NBFCP_INFO**

The PPP_NBFCP_INFO structure contains the result of a PPP **NetBEUI** Framer (NBF) projection operation.<48>

```
typedef struct _PPP_NBFCP_INFO {
  DWORD dwError;
  WCHAR wszWksta[17];
} PPP_NBFCP_INFO;
```

dwError: Specifies the result of the PPP control protocol negotiation. A value of zero indicates success. A nonzero value indicates failure and is the actual fatal error that occurred during the control protocol negotiation.

wszWksta: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that is the local workstation's computer name. This unique computer name is the closest **NetBIOS** equivalent to a client's NetBEUI address on a remote access connection.

2.2.1.2.66 **PPP_IPCP_INFO**

The PPP_IPCP_INFO structure contains the result of a PPP control protocol negotiation for IP.

```
typedef struct _PPP_IPCP_INFO {
  DWORD dwError;
  WCHAR wszAddress[16];
  WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
} PPP IPCP INFO;
```

dwError: Specifies the result of the PPP control protocol negotiation. A value of zero indicates success. A nonzero value indicates failure and is the actual fatal error that occurred during the control protocol negotiation.

wszAddress: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that holds the local computer's IP address for the connection. This string has the form a.b.c.d; for example, "10.102.235.84".

If a remote access client is connecting to a RRAS server, this member holds the IP address of the server.

wszRemoteAddress: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that holds the IP address of the remote computer. This string has the form a.b.c.d. If the address is not available, this member is an empty string.

If a remote access client is connecting to a RRAS server, this member holds the IP address of the client.

2.2.1.2.67 PPP_IPCP_INFO2

The PPP_IPCP_INFO2 structure contains the result of a PPP control protocol negotiation for the IP.

```
typedef struct _PPP_IPCP_INFO2 {
  DWORD dwError;
  WCHAR wszAddress[16];
  WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
  DWORD dwOptions;
  DWORD dwRemoteOptons;
} PPP_IPCP_INFO2;
```

dwError: See dwError in PPP IPCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.66).

wszAddress: See wszAddress in PPP IPCP INFO.

wszRemoteAddress: See wszRemoteAddress in PPP IPCP INFO.

dwOptions: Specifies IP Configuration Parameters (IPCP) options for the local computer.

When set to PPP_IPCP_VJ (0x00000001), indicates that IP datagrams sent by the local computer are compressed using Van Jacobson compression. Otherwise, set to 0x00000000.

dwRemoteOptons: Uses the same values as **dwOptions**, but applies to datagrams received by the local computer.

2.2.1.2.68 **PPP_IPXCP_INFO**

The PPP_IPXCP_INFO structure contains the result of a PPP IPX projection operation. <49>

```
typedef struct _PPP_IPXCP_INFO {
  DWORD dwError;
  WCHAR wszAddress[23];
} PPP IPXCP INFO;
```

dwError: Specifies the result of the PPP control protocol negotiation. As value of zero indicates success. A nonzero value indicates failure and is the actual fatal error that occurred during the control protocol negotiation.

wszAddress: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that holds the client's IPX address on the RRAS server connection. This address string has the form of "net.node" (for example, "1234ABCD.12AB34CD56EF").

2.2.1.2.69 PPP_IPV6_CP_INFO

The PPP_IPV6_CP_INFO structure contains the result of a PPP control protocol negotiation for IPv6.

```
typedef struct _PPP_IPV6CP_INFO {
  DWORD dwVersion;

DWORD dwSize;
  DWORD dwError;
  BYTE bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
  BYTE bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
  DWORD dwOptions;
  DWORD dwRemoteOptions;
```

```
BYTE bPrefix[8];

DWORD dwPrefixLength;

} PPP_IPV6_CP_INFO,

*PPPP_IPV6_CP_INFO;
```

dwVersion: Specifies the version of the PPP_IPV6_CP_INFO structure used. Currently this field is not used and MUST be set to zero.

dwSize: This SHOULD be set to 0. This MAY be used to specify the size, in bytes, of this PPP_IPV6_CP_INFO structure.

dwError: Specifies the result of the PPP control protocol negotiation. A value of zero indicates success. A nonzero value indicates failure and is the actual fatal error that occurred during the control protocol negotiation.

bInterfaceIdentifier: Specifies the 64-bit **interface identifier** of the IPv6 server interface.

bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier: Specifies the 64-bit interface identifier of the IPv6 client interface.

dwOptions: Currently this is not used and MUST be set to zero.

dwRemoteOptions: Currently this is not used and MUST be set to zero.

bPrefix: Specifies the address prefix of the IPv6 client interface.

dwPrefixLength: The length, in bits, of the address prefix.

2.2.1.2.70 PPP_ATCP_INFO

The PPP_ATCP_INFO structure contains the result of a PPP AppleTalk projection operation. <50>

```
typedef struct _PPP_ATCP_INFO {
  DWORD dwError;
  WCHAR wszAddress[33];
} PPP ATCP INFO;
```

dwError: Specifies the result of the PPP control protocol negotiation. A value of zero indicates success. A nonzero value indicates failure and is the actual fatal error that occurred during the control protocol negotiation.

wszAddress: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that holds the client's AppleTalk address on the RRAS server connection.

2.2.1.2.71 PPP CCP INFO

The PPP_CCP_INFO structure contains information that describes the results of a **Compression Control Protocol (CCP)** negotiation.

```
typedef struct _PPP_CCP_INFO {
  DWORD dwError;
  DWORD dwCompressionAlgorithm;
  DWORD dwOptions;
  DWORD dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm;

  DWORD dwRemoteOptions;
} PPP_CCP_INFO;
```

dwError: Specifies an error if the negotiation was unsuccessful. Zero indicates success.

dwCompressionAlgorithm: Specifies the compression algorithm used by the local computer.

The following table shows the possible values for this member.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	The local computer has not negotiated any compression algorithm.
RASCCPCA_MPPC 0x00000006	Microsoft Point-to-Point Compression (MPPC) Protocol.
RASCCPCA_STAC 0x00000005	STAC LZS data compression algorithm [RFC1974] option 4.

dwOptions: Specifies the compression options on the local computer.

The following options are supported.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	No additional compression options are available.
PPP_CCP_COMPRESSION 0x00000001	Compression without encryption.
PPP_CCP_HISTORYLESS 0x01000000	Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption (MPPE) in stateless mode. The session key is changed after every packet. This mode improves performance on high-latency networks, or networks that experience significant packet loss.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION40BIT 0x00000020	MPPE using 40-bit keys.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION56BIT 0x00000080	MPPE using 56-bit keys.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION128BIT 0x00000040	MPPE using 128-bit keys.

dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm: Specifies the compression algorithm used by the remote computer.

The following table shows the possible values for this member.

Value	Meaning
0x0000000	The remote computer has not negotiated any compression algorithm.
RASCCPCA_MPPC 0x00000006	MPPC Protocol.
RASCCPCA_STAC 0x00000005	STAC option 4.

dwRemoteOptions: Specifies the compression options on the remote computer.

The following options are supported.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	No additional compression options are available.
PPP_CCP_COMPRESSION 0x00000001	Compression without encryption.
PPP_CCP_HISTORYLESS 0x01000000	MPPE in stateless mode. The session key is changed after every packet. This mode improves performance on high-latency networks, or networks that experience significant packet loss.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION40BIT 0x000000020	MPPE using 40-bit keys.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION56BIT 0x00000080	MPPE using 56-bit keys.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION128BIT 0x00000040	MPPE using 128-bit keys.

2.2.1.2.72 PPP_LCP_INFO

The PPP_LCP_INFO structure contains information that describes the results of a PPP Link Control Protocol (LCP) negotiation.

```
typedef struct PPP LCP INFO {
   DWORD dwError;
   DWORD dwAuthenticationProtocol;
   DWORD dwAuthenticationData;
   DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol;
   DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationData;
   DWORD dwTerminateReason;
   DWORD dwRemoteTerminateReason;
   DWORD dwOptions;
   DWORD dwRemoteOptions;
   DWORD dwRemoteOptions;
   DWORD dwRemoteEapTypeId;
   DWORD dwRemoteEapTypeId;
}
```

dwError: Specifies the error that occurred if the negotiation was unsuccessful. Zero indicates success.

dwAuthenticationProtocol: Specifies the authentication protocol used to authenticate the local computer. The following table shows the possible values for this member. <51>

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Either no authentication was negotiated by the local end, or no LCP settings are applicable for the connection (for example, an IKEv2 connection).
PPP_LCP_PAP 0x0000C023	Password Authentication Protocol (PAP)
PPP_LCP_SPAP 0x0000C027	Shiva Password Authentication Protocol (SPAP)
PPP_LCP_CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)

Value	Meaning
0x0000C223	
PPP_LCP_EAP 0x0000C227	Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)

dwAuthenticationData: Specifies additional information about the authentication protocol specified by the **dwAuthenticationProtocol** member. The following table shows the possible values for this member. <52>

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	No additional authentication data applies.
PPP_LCP_CHAP_MD5 0x00000005	MD5 CHAP
PPP_LCP_CHAP_MS 0x00000080	Microsoft CHAP
PPP_LCP_CHAP_MSV2 0x00000081	Microsoft CHAP version 2

dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol: Specifies the authentication protocol used to authenticate the remote computer. See the **dwAuthenticationProtocol** member for a list of possible values.

The following table shows the possible values for this member. $\leq 53 \geq$

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Either no authentication was negotiated by the remote end, or no LCP settings are applicable for the connection (for example, an IKEv2 connection).
PPP_LCP_PAP 0x0000C023	Password Authentication Protocol (PAP)
PPP_LCP_SPAP 0x0000C027	Shiva Password Authentication Protocol (SPAP)
PPP_LCP_CHAP 0x0000C223	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)
PPP_LCP_EAP 0x0000C227	Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)

dwRemoteAuthenticationData: Specifies additional information about the authentication protocol specified by **dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol**. See the **dwAuthenticationData** member for a list of possible values.

dwTerminateReason: Specifies the reason the connection was terminated by the local computer. This member always has a value of zero.

dwRemoteTerminateReason: Specifies the reason the connection was terminated by the remote computer. This member always has a value of zero.

dwOptions: Specifies information about the LCP options in use by the local computer. This member is a combination of the following flags. <54>

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	No flag is set.
PPP_LCP_MULTILINK_FRAMING 0x00000001	The connection is using multilink.
PPP_LCP_PFC 0x00000002	Protocol Field Compression (see [RFC1172]).
PPP_LCP_ACFC 0x00000004	Address and Control Field Compression (see [RFC1172]).
PPP_LCP_SSHF 0x00000008	Short Sequence Number Header Format (see [RFC1990]).
PPP_LCP_DES_56 0x00000010	Data Encryption Standard (DES) 56-bit encryption.
PPP_LCP_3_DES 0x00000020	Triple DES encryption.
PPP_LCP_AES_128 0x00000040	128-bit AES encryption.
PPP_LCP_AES_256 0x00000080	256-bit AES encryption.
PPP_LCP_AES_192 0x00000100	192-bit AES encryption.
PPP_LCP_GCM_AES_128 0x00000200	128-bit AES encryption GCM (Galois Counter Mode) mode of operation (see [RFC4106]).
PPP_LCP_GCM_AES_192 0x00000400	192-bit AES encryption GCM (Galois Counter Mode) mode of operation (see [RFC4106]).
PPP_LCP_GCM_AES_256 0x00000800	256-bit AES encryption GCM (Galois Counter Mode) mode of operation (see [RFC4106]).

dwRemoteOptions: Specifies information about the LCP options in use by the remote computer. See **dwOptions** member for a list of possible values.

dwEapTypeId: Specifies the type identifier of the **EAP** used to authenticate the local computer. MUST be one of the values specified in Method Types of [IANA-EAP]. The value of this member is valid only if **dwAuthenticationProtocol** is PPP_LCP_EAP.

dwRemoteEapTypeId: This field MUST be zero and has no significance.

2.2.1.2.73 PPP_INFO

The PPP_INFO structure is used to report the results of the various PPP projection operations for a connection.

```
typedef struct _PPP_INFO {
   PPP NBFCP INFO nbf;
   PPP_IPCP_INFO ip;

   PPP_IPXCP_INFO ipx;
   PPP_ATCP_INFO at;
```

```
} PPP INFO;
```

- **nbf:** A <u>PPP NBFCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.65)</u> structure containing information about the NetBEUI Framer (NBF) for a connection.
- **ip:** A <u>PPP IPCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.66)</u> structure containing the IPv4 PPP information for a connection.
- **ipx:** A <u>PPP IPXCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.68)</u> structure containing the IPX information <55> for a connection.
- **at:** A <u>PPP_ATCP_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.70) structure containing the AppleTalk<56> information for a connection.

2.2.1.2.74 PPP_INFO_2

The PPP_INFO_2 structure SHOULD<57> be used to report the results of the various PPP projection operations for a connection.

```
typedef struct _PPP_INFO_2 {
    PPP_NBFCP_INFO nbf;
    PPP IPCP INFO2 ip;
    PPP_IPXCP_INFO ipx;
    PPP_ATCP INFO at;
    PPP_CCP_INFO ccp;
    PPP_LCP_INFO lcp;
} PPP_INFO 2;
```

- **nbf:** A <u>PPP NBFCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.65)</u> structure containing information about the NetBEUI Framer (NBF) for a connection.
- **ip:** A PPP IPCP INFO2 (section 2.2.1.2.67) structure containing the IPv4 information for a connection.
- **ipx:** A <u>PPP_IPXCP_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.68)</u> structure containing the IPX information<u><58></u> for a connection.
- **at:** A <u>PPP ATCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.70)</u> structure containing AppleTalk<u><59></u> information for a connection.
- **ccp:** A <u>PPP CCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.71)</u> structure containing compression information details for a given PPP connection.
- **Icp:** A <u>PPP LCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.72)</u> structure containing the PPP information related to the Link Control Protocol (LCP) for a given connection.

2.2.1.2.75 PPP_INFO_3

The PPP_INFO_3 structure is used to report the results of the various PPP projection operations for a connection. <60>

```
typedef struct _PPP_INFO_3 {
   PPP NBFCP INFO nbf;
   PPP_IPCP_INFO2 ip;
   PPP_IPV6_CP_INFO ipv6;
   PPP_CCP_INFO ccp;
   PPP_LCP_INFO lcp;
```

```
} PPP INFO 3;
```

nbf: A <u>PPP NBFCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.65)</u> structure containing information about NetBEUI Framer (NBF) for a connection.

ip: A <u>PPP IPCP INFO2 (section 2.2.1.2.67)</u> structure containing the IPv4 information for a connection.

ipv6: A <u>PPP IPV6 CP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.69)</u> structure containing the IPv6 information for a connection.

ccp: A <u>PPP CCP INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.71) structure containing the compression information details for a given connection.

Icp: A <u>PPP LCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.72)</u> structure containing the compression information related to the Link Control Protocol (LCP) for a given connection.

2.2.1.2.76 RASI_PORT_0

The RASI_PORT_0 structure contains general information regarding a specific RRAS port, such as the port condition and the port name.

```
typedef struct RASI PORT 0 {
   DWORD dwPort;
   DWORD dwConnection;
   RAS_PORT_CONDITION dwPortCondition;
   DWORD dwTotalNumberOfCalls;
   DWORD dwConnectDuration;
   WCHAR wszPortName[17];
   WCHAR wszMediaName[17];
   WCHAR wszDeviceName[129];
   WCHAR wszDeviceType[17];
} RASI_PORT_0,
*PRASI_PORT_0;
```

dwPort: A unique identifier for the port.

dwConnection: A unique identifier that specifies the connection.

dwPortCondition: A <u>RAS_PORT_CONDITION</u> (section 2.2.1.1.4) value indicating the condition of a port specified in **dwPort**.

dwTotalNumberOfCalls: Specifies the cumulative number of calls that this port has serviced.

dwConnectDuration: Specifies the duration of the current connection on this port, in seconds.

wszPortName: Specifies the port name.

wszMediaName: Specifies the media name.

wszDeviceName: Specifies the device name.

wszDeviceType: Specifies the device type.

This member can be one of the following string constants.

Value	Meaning
MPRDT_Modem	A modem that is accessed through a Component Object Model (COM)

Value	Meaning
"Modem"	port.
MPRDT_Isdn "Isdn"	An ISDN adapter with the corresponding NDISWAN driver installed.
MPRDT_X25 "x25"	An X.25 adapter with the corresponding NDISWAN driver installed.
MPRDT_Vpn "Vpn"	A virtual private network (VPN) connection.
MPRDT_Pad "Pad"	A packet assembler/disassembler.
MPRDT_Generic "GENERIC"	Generic.
MPRDT_Serial "SERIAL"	Direct serial connection through a serial port.
MPRDT_FrameRelay "FRAMERELAY"	Frame relay.
MPRDT_Atm "ATM"	Asynchronous transfer mode (ATM).
MPRDT_Sonet "SONET"	Sonet.
MPRDT_SW56 "SW56"	Switched 56K access.
MPRDT_Irda "IRDA"	An Infrared Data Association (IrDA)-compliant device.
MPRDT_Parallel "PARALLEL"	Direct parallel connection through a parallel port.

2.2.1.2.77 RASI_PORT_1

The RASI_PORT_1 structure contains information about a RRAS port.

```
typedef struct _RASI_PORT_1 {
   DWORD dwPort;
   DWORD dwConnection;
   RAS HARDWARE CONDITION dwHardwareCondition;
   DWORD dwLineSpeed;
   DWORD dwBytesXmited;
   DWORD dwBytesXmited;
   DWORD dwFramesXmited;
   DWORD dwFramesXcved;
   DWORD dwCrcErr;
   DWORD dwTremesXmited;
   DWORD dwTremesXreved;
   DWORD dwTremesXreved;
   DWORD dwTremesXreved;
   DWORD dwTremesXreved;
   DWORD dwTremesXreved;
   DWORD dwFramingerr;
   DWORD dwHardwareOverrunErr;
   DWORD dwFramingErr;
```

```
DWORD dwBufferOverrunErr;
DWORD dwCompressionRatioIn;
DWORD dwCompressionRatioOut;
} RASI_PORT_1,
*PRASI PORT 1;
```

dwPort: A unique identifier that specifies the port.

dwConnection: A unique identifier that specifies the connection.

dwHardwareCondition: A <u>RAS HARDWARE CONDITION (section 2.2.1.1.5)</u> value that specifies the condition of a port specified in **dwPort**.

dwLineSpeed: Specifies the line speed of the port, represented in bits per second.

dwBytesXmited: Specifies the bytes transmitted on the port. This value is the number of bytes of compressed data.

dwBytesRcved: Specifies the bytes received on the port. This value is the number of bytes of compressed data.

dwFramesXmited: Specifies the frames transmitted on the port.

dwFramesRcved: Specifies the frames received on the port.

dwCrcErr: Specifies the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) errors on the port.

dwTimeoutErr: Specifies the time-out errors on the port.

dwAlignmentErr: Specifies the alignment errors on the port.

dwHardwareOverrunErr: Specifies the hardware-overrun errors on the port.

dwFramingErr: Specifies the framing errors on the port.

dwBufferOverrunErr: Specifies the buffer-overrun errors on the port.

dwCompressionRatioIn: Specifies a percentage that indicates the degree to which data received on this connection is compressed. The ratio is the size of the compressed data divided by the size of the same data in an uncompressed state.

dwCompressionRatioOut: Specifies a percentage indicating the degree to which data transmitted on this connection is compressed. The ratio is the size of the compressed data divided by the size of the same data in an uncompressed state.

2.2.1.2.78 RASI_CONNECTION_0

The RASI_CONNECTION_0 structure contains general information regarding a specific connection, such as user name or **domain**.

```
typedef struct RASI CONNECTION 0 {
  DWORD dwConnection;
  DWORD dwInterface;
  DWORD dwConnectDuration;
  ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE dwInterfaceType;
  DWORD dwConnectionFlags;
  WCHAR wszInterfaceName[257];
  WCHAR wszUserName[257];
  WCHAR wszLogonDomain[16];
  WCHAR wszRemoteComputer[17];
} RASI CONNECTION 0,
```

```
*PRASI CONNECTION 0;
```

dwConnection: Contains the connection handle that specifies a unique identifier of the connection.

dwInterface: Contains the interface handle and specifies a unique identifier of the interface through which the connection exists.

dwConnectDuration: Specifies the duration of the current connection, in seconds.

dwInterfaceType: A <u>ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE</u> value specifying the interface type of the current connection.

dwConnectionFlags: Specifies certain attributes of the connection.

This member can contain the following flags.

Value	Meaning
RAS_FLAGS_PPP_CONNECTION 0x000000001	The connection is using PPP.
RAS_FLAGS_MESSENGER_PRESENT 0x00000002	The messenger service is active on the client, and messages can be sent to the client using RRasAdminSendUserMessage (section 3.1.4.36).
RAS_FLAGS_RAS_CONNECTION 0x00000004	The connection is a NetBIOS connection.
RAS_FLAGS_QUARANTINE_PRESENT 0x00000008	The connection is currently in quarantine. See RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine (section 3.1.4.43) for more information.
RAS_FLAGS_ARAP_CONNECTION 0x00000010	The connection is using AppleTalk Remote Access Protocol (ARAP).

wszInterfaceName: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the interface for this connection.

wszUserName: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the user logged on to the connection.

wszLogonDomain: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the domain on which the connected user is authenticated.

wszRemoteComputer: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the remote computer.

2.2.1.2.79 **RASI_CONNECTION_1**

The RASI_CONNECTION_1 structure contains detailed statistical information regarding a specific connection, such as error counts and bytes received.

```
typedef struct RASI_CONNECTION_1 {
  DWORD dwConnection;
  DWORD dwInterface;
  PPP_INFO PppInfo;
  DWORD dwBytesXmited;
  DWORD dwBytesRcved;
  DWORD dwFramesXmited;
```

```
DWORD dwFramesRcved;
DWORD dwCrcErr;
DWORD dwTimeoutErr;
DWORD dwAlignmentErr;
DWORD dwHardwareOverrunErr;
DWORD dwFramingErr;
DWORD dwCompressionRatioIn;
DWORD dwCompressionRatioOut;
RASI_CONNECTION_1,
*PRASI_CONNECTION_1;
```

dwConnection: See dwConnection in RASI CONNECTION 0 (section 2.2.1.2.78).

dwInterface: See **dwInterface** in RASI_CONNECTION_0.

PppInfo: A <u>PPP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.73)</u> structure giving the connections details.

dwBytesXmited: Specifies the bytes transmitted on the current connection.

dwBytesRcved: Specifies the bytes received on the current connection.

dwFramesXmited: Specifies the frames transmitted on the current connection.

dwFramesRcved: Specifies the frames received on the current connection.

dwCrcErr: Specifies the CRC errors on the current connection.

dwTimeoutErr: Specifies the time-out errors on the current connection.

dwAlignmentErr: Specifies the alignment errors on the current connection.

dwHardwareOverrunErr: Specifies the number of hardware-overrun errors on the current

connection.

dwFramingErr: Specifies the number of framing errors for the current connection.

dwBufferOverrunErr: Specifies the number of buffer-overrun errors.

dwCompressionRatioIn: Specifies a percentage that indicates the degree to which data received on this connection is compressed. The ratio is the size of the compressed data divided by the size of the same data in an uncompressed state.

dwCompressionRatioOut: Specifies a percentage that indicates the degree to which data transmitted on this connection is compressed. The ratio is the size of the compressed data divided by the size of the same data in an uncompressed state.

2.2.1.2.80 **RASI_CONNECTION_2**

The RASI_CONNECTION_2 structure contains information for a connection, including the **GUID** that identifies the connection, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4.

```
typedef struct _RASI_CONNECTION_2 {
  DWORD dwConnection;
  WCHAR wszUserName[257];
  ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE dwInterfaceType;
  GUID guid;
  PPP_INFO_2 PppInfo2;
} RASI_CONNECTION_2,
  *PRASI_CONNECTION_2;
```

dwConnection: See dwConnection in RASI CONNECTION 0 (section 2.2.1.2.78).

wszUserName: See wszUserName in RASI_CONNECTION_0.

dwInterfaceType: A <u>ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> that specifies the interface type of the current connection.

guid: A GUID uniquely identifying the connection.

PppInfo2: A <u>PPP INFO 2 (section 2.2.1.2.74)</u> structure that contains information about the PPP negotiation for this connection.

2.2.1.2.81 **RASI_CONNECTION_3**

The RASI_CONNECTION_3 structure contains information for a connection, including the GUID that identifies the connection, the **Network Access Protection (NAP)**, and the PPP-related data for the connection.<62>

```
typedef struct _RASI_CONNECTION_3 {
   DWORD dwVersion;
   DWORD dwSize;
   DWORD dwConnection;
   WCHAR wszUserName[257];
   ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE dwInterfaceType;
   GUID guid;
   PPP_INFO_3 PppInfo3;
   RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE rasQuarState;
   FILETIME timer;
} RASI CONNECTION 3,
*PRASI CONNECTION 3;
```

dwVersion: Determines the version of the RASI_CONNECTION_3 structure used.

dwSize: This SHOULD be set to 0. This MAY be used to specify the size, in bytes, of this RASI CONNECTION 3 structure.

dwConnection: Contains the connection handle that specifies a unique identifier of a connection.

wszUserName: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the user on this connection.

dwInterfaceType: A ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE value that specifies the type of interface.

guid: Specifies a GUID that identifies the connection. For an incoming connection, this GUID is valid only as long as the connection is active.

PppInfo3: Specifies a PPP INFO 3 structure that contains information about the PPP negotiation for this connection. <63>

rasQuarState: Specifies the NAP quarantine state for the connection through the RAS QUARANTINE STATE (section 2.2.1.1.3) that contains the quarantine state of this connection.

timer: Specifies the NAP probation time for the connection in the UTC. This value is valid only if the **rasQuarState** has a value of RAS_QUAR_STATE_PROBATION (see RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE).

2.2.1.2.82 MPRI_INTERFACE_0

The MPRI_INTERFACE_0 structure contains information for a particular router interface. This structure is used in the RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13), RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.14), RRouterInterfaceEnum (section 3.1.4.21) methods.

```
typedef struct _MPRI_INTERFACE_0 {
  WCHAR wszInterfaceName[257];
  DWORD dwInterface;
  BOOL fEnabled;
  ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE dwIfType;
  ROUTER_CONNECTION STATE dwConnectionState;
  DWORD fUnReachabilityReasons;
  DWORD dwLastError;
} MPRI_INTERFACE_0,
  *PMPRI_INTERFACE_0;
```

wszInterfaceName: A null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of a valid interface. This value MUST be specified during the call to RRouterInterfaceCreate and cannot be modified after the interface is created.

dwInterface: Specifies a unique identifier of the interface. This is a read-only field that cannot be set or modified.

fEnabled: Specifies whether the interface is enabled. The value is greater than 0 (zero) if the interface is enabled, and 0 (zero) if the interface is disabled by administrators.

This member can have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
TRUE >0	The interface is enabled.
FALSE 0	The interface is disabled.

dwIfType: A <u>ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> value that specifies the interface type. This value MUST be specified during the call to RRouterInterfaceCreate and cannot be modified after the interface is created.

dwConnectionState: A ROUTER_CONNECTION_STATE (section 2.2.1.1.2) value that specifies the current state of the interface (for example: connected, disconnected, or unreachable). This is a read-only field that cannot be set or modified.

fUnReachabilityReasons: Specifies a value that represents a reason the interface cannot be reached. This is a read-only field that cannot be set or modified.

The following table lists constant values that indicate why an interface is unreachable.

Value	Meaning
MPR_INTERFACE_OUT_OF_RESOURCES 0x00000001	No ports or devices are available for use.
MPR_INTERFACE_ADMIN_DISABLED 0x00000002	The administrator has disabled the interface.
MPR_INTERFACE_CONNECTION_FAILURE 0x00000004	The previous connection attempt failed. Look at the dwLastError member for the error code.
MPR_INTERFACE_DIALOUT_HOURS_RESTRICTION 0x00000010	Dialing out is not allowed at the current time.
MPR_INTERFACE_SERVICE_PAUSED	The RRAS is paused.

Value	Meaning
0x00000008	
MPR_INTERFACE_NO_MEDIA_SENSE 0x00000020	The network cable is disconnected from the network card.
MPR_INTERFACE_NO_DEVICE 0x00000040	The network card has been removed from the machine.

dwLastError: Specifies a nonzero value if the interface fails to connect. The value is a Win32 error code as specified in [MS-ERREF]. This is a read-only field that cannot be set or modified.

2.2.1.2.83 MPRI_INTERFACE_1

The MPRI_INTERFACE_1 structure contains configuration and status information for a particular router interface. structure in RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13), RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.14) and RRouterInterfaceSetInfo (section 3.1.4.15).

```
typedef struct _MPRI_INTERFACE_1 {
   WCHAR wszInterfaceName[257];
   DWORD dwInterface;
   BOOL fEnabled;
   ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE dwIfType;
   ROUTER_CONNECTION_STATE dwConnectionState;
   DWORD fUnReachabilityReasons;
   DWORD dwLastError;
   DWORD dwDialOutHoursRestrictionOffset;
   WCHAR lpwsDialoutHoursRestriction;
} MPRI_INTERFACE_1,
   *PMPRI_INTERFACE_1;
```

wszInterfaceName: The same as wszInterfaceName in MPRI INTERFACE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.82).

dwInterface: The same as **dwInterface** in MPRI_INTERFACE_0.

fEnabled: The same as fEnabled in MPRI INTERFACE 0.

dwIfType: The same as **dwIfType** in MPRI_INTERFACE_0.

dwConnectionState: The same as dwConnectionState in MPRI_INTERFACE_0.

fUnReachabilityReasons: The same as fUnReachabilityReasons in MPRI_INTERFACE_0.

dwLastError: The same as dwLastError in MPRI_INTERFACE_0.

dwDialOutHoursRestrictionOffset: Indicates whether **lpwsDialoutHoursRestriction** is specified. It MUST be set to a nonzero value if **lpwsDialoutHoursRestriction** is specified. Otherwise, it MUST be set to 0.

IpwsDialoutHoursRestriction: Pointer to a Unicode string that specifies the times during which dial-out is restricted. The format for this string is as follows.

```
<day><space><time range><...<NULL><day>...<NULL><NULL>
```

Where <day> is a numeral that corresponds to a day of the week.

Value	Meaning
0	Sunday
1	Monday
2	Tuesday
3	Wednesday
4	Thursday
5	Friday
6	Saturday

<Time range> is of the form HH:MM-HH:MM, using 24-hour notation.

<space> denotes a space character. <NULL> denotes a null character.

The restriction string is terminated by two consecutive null characters.

Example:

```
2 09:00-12:00 13:00-17:30<NULL>4 09:00-12:00 13:00-17:30<NULL><NULL>
```

The preceding string restricts dial-out to Tuesdays and Thursdays from 9:00 A.M. to 12:00 P.M. and from 1:00 P.M. to 5:30 P.M.

2.2.1.2.84 MPRI_INTERFACE_2

The MPRI_INTERFACE_2 structure contains data for a router demand-dial interface.<a href="mailto: This structure is used in RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13), RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.15).

```
typedef struct _MPRI_INTERFACE 2 {
  WCHAR wszInterfaceName[257];
  DWORD dwInterface;
  BOOL fEnabled:
  ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE dwifType;
  ROUTER CONNECTION STATE dwConnectionState;
  DWORD fUnReachabilityReasons;
  DWORD dwLastError;
  DWORD dwfOptions;
  WCHAR szLocalPhoneNumber[129];
  DWORD dwAlternateOffset;
  DWORD ipaddr;
  DWORD ipaddrDns;
  DWORD ipaddrDnsAlt;
  DWORD ipaddrWins;
  DWORD ipaddrWinsAlt;
  DWORD dwfNetProtocols;
  WCHAR szDeviceType[17];
  WCHAR szDeviceName[129];
  WCHAR szX25PadType[33];
  WCHAR szX25Address[201];
  WCHAR szX25Facilities[201];
  WCHAR szX25UserData[201];
  DWORD dwChannels;
  DWORD dwSubEntries;
  DWORD dwDialMode;
  DWORD dwDialExtraPercent;
```

```
DWORD dwDialExtraSampleSeconds;
DWORD dwHangUpExtraPercent;
DWORD dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds;
DWORD dwIdleDisconnectSeconds;
DWORD dwType;
DWORD dwEncryptionType;
DWORD dwCustomAuthKey;
DWORD dwCustomAuthDataSize;
DWORD dwCustomAuthDataOffset;
GUID guidId;
DWORD dwVpnStrategy;

MPRI_INTERFACE_2,

*PMPRI_INTERFACE_2;
```

wszInterfaceName: Specifies a Unicode string that contains the name of a valid interface. This value MUST be specified during the call to the RRouterInterfaceCreate <66> method and cannot<67> be modified after the interface is created.

dwInterface: Specifies a unique identifier of the interface. This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified.

fEnabled: Specifies whether the interface is enabled. The value is greater than zero (0) if the interface is enabled, and zero (0) if the interface is disabled by an administrator.

Value	Meaning
TRUE >0	The interface is enabled.
FALSE 0	The interface is disabled.

dwIfType: A <u>ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> value that specifies the type of interface.

dwConnectionState: A <u>ROUTER CONNECTION STATE (section 2.2.1.1.2)</u> value that specifies the current state of the interface (for example: connected, disconnected, or unreachable). This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified.

fUnReachabilityReasons: A value that describes the reason that the interface is unreachable. This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified. The following is the list of possible values.

Value	Meaning
MPR_INTERFACE_ADMIN_DISABLED 0x00000002	The administrator has disabled the interface.
MPR_INTERFACE_CONNECTION_FAILURE 0x00000004	The previous connection attempt failed.
MPR_INTERFACE_DIALOUT_HOURS_RESTRICTION 0x00000010	Dial-out is not allowed at the current time.
MPR_INTERFACE_OUT_OF_RESOURCES 0x00000001	No ports or devices are available for use.
MPR_INTERFACE_SERVICE_PAUSED 0x00000008	The service is paused.

Value	Meaning
MPR_INTERFACE_NO_MEDIA_SENSE 0x00000020	The network cable is disconnected from the network card.
MPR_INTERFACE_NO_DEVICE 0x00000040	The network card has been removed from the machine.

dwLastError: Contains a nonzero value if the interface fails to connect. This value is a Win32 error code as defined in [MS-ERREF]. This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified.

dwfOptions: A value that specifies the bit flags that are used to set connection options.

This value SHOULD $\leq 68>$ be a combination of the flags listed in the following table.

Value	Meaning
MPRIO_SpecificIpAddr 0x00000002	If this flag is set, the RRAS server attempts to use the IP address specified by the ipaddr field as the IP address for the dial-up connection. If this flag is not set, the value of the ipaddr member is ignored.
MPRIO_SpecificNameServers 0x00000004	If this flag is set, the RRAS server uses the ipaddrDns , ipaddrDnsAlt , ipaddrWins , and ipaddrWinsAlt members to specify the name server addresses for the dial-up connection. If this flag is not set, the RRAS server ignores these members.
MPRIO_IpHeaderCompression 0x00000008	If this flag is set, the RRAS server negotiates to use the IP header compression on PPP connections. The IP header compression can significantly improve performance. If this flag is not set, the IP header compression is not negotiated.
MPRIO_RemoteDefaultGateway 0x00000010	If this flag is set, the default route for the IP packets is through the dial-up adapter when the connection is active. If this flag is cleared, the default route is not modified.
MPRIO_DisableLcpExtensions 0x00000020	If this flag is set, the PPP LCP extensions defined in [RFC1570] are disabled for the connection associated with the interface. This flag MUST not be set, unless interoperating with some older PPP implementations that do not support LCP extensions.
MPRIO_SwCompression 0x00000200	If this flag is set, software compression is negotiated on the link. Setting this flag causes the PPP to attempt to negotiate a Compression Control Protocol (CCP) with the server. This flag SHOULD be set by default, but clearing it can reduce the negotiation period if the server does not support a compatible compression protocol.
MPRIO_RequireEncryptedPw 0x00000400	If this flag is set, only secure password schemes can be used to authenticate the client with the server. This prevents the PPP from using the PAP plaintext authentication protocol to authenticate the client. However, the [MS-CHAP], MD5-CHAP, and SPAP authentication protocols are supported. For increased security, set this flag. For increased interoperability, clear this flag.

Value	Meaning
MPRIO_RequireMsEncryptedPw 0x00000800	If this flag is set, it prevents the PPP from using the PAP plaintext authentication protocol, MD5-CHAP, or SPAP. For increased security, set this flag. For increased interoperability, clear this flag. This flag takes precedence over MPRIO_RequireEncryptedPw.
MPRIO_RequireDataEncryption 0x00001000	If this flag is set, data encryption MUST be negotiated successfully or the connection is dropped. This flag is ignored unless MPRIO_RequireMsEncryptedPw is also set.
MPRIO_UseLogonCredentials 0x00004000	If this flag is set, the RRAS server uses the user name, password, and domain of the currently logged-on user when dialing this entry. This flag is ignored unless MPRIO_RequireMsEncryptedPw is also set.
MPRIO_PromoteAlternates 0x00008000	This flag has an effect when alternate phone numbers are defined by the szAlternates member. If this flag is set, an alternate phone number that connects successfully becomes the primary phone number, and the current primary phone number is moved to the alternate list.
MPRIO_SecureLocalFiles 0x00010000	If this flag is set, the RRAS server checks for an existing remote file system and remote printer bindings before making a connection with this entry. Typically, this flag is set on phone book entries for public networks to remind users to break connections to their private network before connecting to a public network.
MPRIO_RequireEAP 0x00020000	If this flag is set, Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequirePAP 0x00040000	If this flag is set, Password Authentication Protocol (PAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequireSPAP 0x00080000	If this flag is set, Shiva's Password Authentication Protocol (SPAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_SharedPhoneNumbers 0x00800000	This flag is not used.
MPRIO_RequireCHAP 0x08000000	If this flag is set, the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP 0x10000000	If this flag is set, the Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol [MS-CHAP] MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP2 0x20000000	If this flag is set, version 2 of the [MS-CHAP] MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_IpSecPreSharedKey 0x80000000	Configured the demand-dial interface to use preshared key .
MPRIO_RequireMachineCertificates 0x01000000	If this flag is set, the machine certificate is to be used for IKEv2 authentication.
MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Initiator	If this flag is set, a preshared key is to be used by the

Value	Meaning
0x02000000	initiator of the IKEv2 connection for authentication.
MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Responder 0x04000000	If this flag is set, a preshared key is to be used by the responder of the IKEv2 connection for authentication.

- **szLocalPhoneNumber:** A null-terminated Unicode string that contains the local telephone number or the destination IP, IPv4, or IPv6 address.
- **dwAlternateOffset:** Offset from the beginning of this structure where the alternate phone numbers are stored. If no alternate phone number is available, this value MUST be set to 0. Alternate phone numbers are a list of consecutive null-terminated Unicode strings. The last string is terminated by two consecutive null characters. The strings are alternate phone numbers that the router dials, in the order listed, if the primary number fails to connect. For more information, see the description of **szLocalPhoneNumber**. The alternate phone numbers MUST be stored after the CustomAuthData field that is appended at the end of this structure.
- **ipaddr:** A value that specifies the IP address to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificIpAddr flag.
- **ipaddrDns:** A value that specifies the IP address of the DNS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificNameServers flag.
- **ipaddrDnsAlt:** A value that specifies the IP address of a secondary or backup DNS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificNameServers flag.
- **ipaddrWins:** A value that specifies the IP address of the WINS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificNameServers flag.
- **ipaddrWinsAlt:** A value that specifies the IP address of a secondary WINS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificNameServers flag.
- **dwfNetProtocols:** A value that specifies the network protocols to negotiate. This member can be a combination of the following flags.

Value	Meaning
MPRNP_Ipx 0x00000002	Negotiate the IPX protocol. <u><69></u>
MPRNP_Ip 0x00000004	Negotiate the TCP/IPv4 protocol.
MPRNP_Ipv6 0x00000008	Negotiate the TCP/IPv6 protocol. <a><70>

szDeviceType: A value that specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that indicates the RRAS server device type that is referenced by **szDeviceName**. This is a read-only field that is computed based on the value of **szDeviceName**.

This member can be one of the following string constants.

Value	Meaning
MPRDT_Modem "Modem"	A modem that is accessed through a COM port.
MPRDT_Isdn "Isdn"	An ISDN adapter with the corresponding NDISWAN driver installed.
MPRDT_X25 "x25"	An X.25 adapter with the corresponding NDISWAN driver installed.
MPRDT_Vpn "Vpn"	A VPN connection.
MPRDT_Pad "Pad"	A packet assembler/disassembler.
MPRDT_Generic "GENERIC"	Generic.
MPRDT_Serial "SERIAL"	Direct serial connection through a serial port.
MPRDT_FrameRelay "FRAMERELAY"	Frame relay.
MPRDT_Atm "ATM"	Asynchronous transfer mode.
MPRDT_Sonet "SONET"	Sonet.
MPRDT_SW56 "SW56"	Switched 56K access.
MPRDT_Irda "IRDA"	An Infrared Data Association (IrDA)-compliant device.
MPRDT_Parallel "PARALLEL"	Direct parallel connection through a parallel port.

- **szDeviceName:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of a telephony application programming interface (**TAPI**) device to use with this phone book entry, for example, "Fabrikam Inc 28800 External". To enumerate all available RAS-capable devices, use the RRouterDeviceEnum (section 3.1.4.37) function.
- **szX25PadType:** A data type that contains a null-terminated Unicode string that identifies the X.25 PAD type. This value SHOULD be set to an empty string ("") unless the entry dials using an X.25 PAD.<a href="mailto:
- **szX25Address:** Contains a null-terminated Unicode string that identifies the X.25 address to connect to. This value SHOULD be set to an empty string ("") unless the entry SHOULD dial using an X.25 PAD or native X.25 device. <73>
- **szX25Facilities:** Contains a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies the facilities to request from the X.25 host at connection time. This member is ignored if **szX25Address** is an empty string ("").

szX25UserData: Contains a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies additional connection data supplied to the X.25 host at connection time. This member is ignored if **szX25Address** is an empty string ("").

dwChannels: Not used and MUST be set to zero.

dwSubEntries: A value that specifies the number of multilink subentries associated with this entry. This is a read-only field that cannot be set or modified. Multilink subentries can be added and configured as described in 3.1.4.40. Multilink subentries can be removed by updating the Media section of the phonebook file as specified in 2.2.2.2.96.

dwDialMode: Indicates whether the RRAS server dials all of this entry's multilink subentries when the entry is first connected.

This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Dial the first available device only.
MPRDM_DialAll 0x00000001	Dial all subentries initially.
MPRDM_DialAsNeeded 0x00000002	Adjust the number of subentries as bandwidth is required. The RRAS server uses the dwDialExtraPercent, dwDialExtraSampleSeconds, dwDialHangUpExtraPercent, and dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds members to determine when to dial or disconnect a subentry. This value SHOULD

dwDialExtraPercent: A value that specifies the percentage of the total bandwidth that is available from the currently connected subentries. The RRAS server dials an additional subentry when the total bandwidth that is used exceeds the percentage limit (**dwDialExtraPercent**) of the available bandwidth for at least **dwDialExtraSampleSeconds** seconds.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM DialAsNeeded flag.

dwDialExtraSampleSeconds: A value that specifies the time, in seconds, for which current bandwidth usage MUST exceed the threshold that is specified by **dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds** before the RRAS server dials an additional subentry.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM DialAsNeeded flag.

dwHangUpExtraPercent: A value that specifies the percentage of the total bandwidth that is available from the currently connected subentries. The RRAS server terminates (hangs up) an existing subentry connection when the total bandwidth used is less than the percentage limit, indicated by **dwHangUpExtraPercent**, of the available bandwidth for at least **dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds** seconds.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM_DialAsNeeded flag.

dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds: A value that specifies the time, in seconds, for which current bandwidth usage MUST be less than the threshold that is specified by **dwHangUpExtraPercent** before the RRAS server terminates an existing subentry connection.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM_DialAsNeeded flag.

dwIdleDisconnectSeconds: A value that specifies the time, in seconds, after which an idle connection is terminated. Unless the idle time-out is disabled, the entire connection is terminated if the connection is idle for the specified **dwIdleDisconnectSeconds**. This member can specify either a time-out value or one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
MPRIDS_Disabled 0xffffffff	There is no idle time-out for this connection.
MPRIDS_UseGlobalValue 0x00000000	Use the user preference value as the default.

dwType: A value that specifies the type of phone book entry. This is a read-only field and specifies the type of entry based on the value of the **szDeviceType** member.

This member can be one of the following types.

Value	Meaning
MPRET_Phone 0x1	Phone line (for example: modem, ISDN, or X.25).
MPRET_Vpn 0x2	Virtual private network (VPN).
MPRET_Direct 0x3	Direct serial or parallel connection. <a><75>

dwEncryptionType: A value that specifies the type of encryption to use for Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption (MPPE) with the connection.

This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ET_None 0x0	Do not use encryption.
MPR_ET_Require 0x1	Use encryption.
MPR_ET_RequireMax 0x2	Use maximum-strength encryption.
MPR_ET_Optional 0x3	If possible, use encryption.

The value of the **dwEncryptionType** does not affect how passwords are encrypted. Whether passwords are encrypted and how passwords are encrypted is determined by the authentication protocol (for example: PAP, [MS-CHAP], or EAP).

dwCustomAuthKey: A value that specifies the authentication key to be provided to an EAP vendor.

dwCustomAuthDataSize: A value that specifies the size of the data pointed to by the **lpbCustomAuthData** member.

dwCustomAuthDataOffset: Offset from the beginning of this structure where the CustomAuthData is stored. If CustomAuthData is not specified, it MUST be set to 0. CustomAuthData is the authentication data to use with EAP. CustomAuthData MUST be appended to the end of this structure.

guidId: The GUID that represents this phone book entry. This member is read-only.

dwVpnStrategy: The VPN strategy to use when dialing a VPN connection.

This member can have one of the following values. <76>

Value	Meaning
MPR_VS_Default 0x0	The RRAS server dials the PPTP first. If the PPTP fails, the L2TP is attempted. If the L2TP fails, the IKEv2 is attempted. The protocol that succeeds is tried first in subsequent dialing for this entry.
MPR_VS_PptpOnly 0x1	The RRAS server dials only the PPTP.
MPR_VS_PptpFirst 0x2	The RRAS server always dials the PPTP first, the L2TP second, and the IKEv2 third.
MPR_VS_L2tpOnly 0x3	The RRAS server dials only the L2TP.
MPR_VS_L2tpFirst 0x4	The RRAS server dials the L2TP first, the PPTP second, and the IKEv2 third.
MPR_VS_Ikev2Only 0x00000007	The RRAS server dials only the IKEv2.
MPR_VS_Ikev2First 0x00000008	The RRAS server dials the IKEv2 first, the PPTP second, and the L2TP third.

2.2.1.2.85 MPRI_INTERFACE_3

The MPRI_INTERFACE_3 structure contains data for a router demand-dial interface. <77> This structure is used in RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13), RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.14), and RRouterInterfaceSetInfo (section 3.1.4.15).

```
typedef struct _MPR_INTERFACE_3 {
 WCHAR wszInterfaceName[257];
 DWORD dwInterface;
 BOOL fEnabled;
 ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE dwifType;
 ROUTER CONNECTION STATE dwConnectionState;
 DWORD fUnReachabilityReasons;
 DWORD dwLastError;
 DWORD dwfOptions;
 WCHAR szLocalPhoneNumber[129];
 DWORD dwAlternateOffset;
 DWORD ipaddr;
 DWORD ipaddrDns;
 DWORD ipaddrDnsAlt;
 DWORD ipaddrWins;
 DWORD ipaddrWinsAlt;
 DWORD dwfNetProtocols;
 WCHAR szDeviceType[17];
 WCHAR szDeviceName[129];
 WCHAR szX25PadType[33];
 WCHAR szX25Address[201];
 WCHAR szX25Facilities[201];
 WCHAR szX25UserData[201];
 DWORD dwChannels;
 DWORD dwSubEntries;
 DWORD dwDialMode;
 DWORD dwDialExtraPercent;
```

```
DWORD dwDialExtraSampleSeconds;
  DWORD dwHangUpExtraPercent;
  DWORD dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds;
  DWORD dwIdleDisconnectSeconds;
  DWORD dwType;
  DWORD dwEncryptionType;
 DWORD dwCustomAuthKey;
  DWORD dwCustomAuthDataSize;
  DWORD dwCustomAuthDataOffset;
 GUID guidId;
 DWORD dwVpnStrategy;
 ULONG AddressCount;
  IN6 ADDR ipv6addrDns;
 IN6 ADDR ipv6addrDnsAlt;
 IN6 ADDR* ipv6addr;
} MPRI_INTERFACE 3,
 *PMPRI INTERFACE 3;
```

wszInterfaceName: A pointer to a Unicode string that contains the name of the interface. This value MUST be specified during the call to the RRouterInterfaceCreate <78> method and cannot<79> be modified after the interface is created.

dwInterface: Specifies a unique identifier of the interface. This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified.

fEnabled: Specifies whether the interface is enabled. The value is greater than 0 (zero) if the interface is enabled, and 0 (zero) if the interface is disabled by an administrator.

Value	Meaning
TRUE >0	The interface is enabled.
FALSE 0	The interface is disabled.

dwIfType: A <u>ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.1)</u> value specifying the type of interface.

dwConnectionState: A <u>ROUTER CONNECTION STATE (section 2.2.1.1.2)</u> value specifying the current state of the interface (for example: connected, disconnected, or unreachable). This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified.

fUnReachabilityReasons: A value that describes the reason why the interface is unreachable. This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified.

The following table has the list of possible values.

Value	Meaning
MPR_INTERFACE_ADMIN_DISABLED 0x00000002	The administrator has disabled the interface.
MPR_INTERFACE_CONNECTION_FAILURE 0x00000004	The previous connection attempt failed.
MPR_INTERFACE_DIALOUT_HOURS_RESTRICTION 0x00000010	Dial-out is not allowed at the current time.
MPR_INTERFACE_OUT_OF_RESOURCES 0x00000001	No ports or devices are available for use.

Value	Meaning
MPR_INTERFACE_SERVICE_PAUSED 0x00000008	The service is paused.
MPR_INTERFACE_NO_MEDIA_SENSE 0x00000020	The network cable is disconnected from the network card.
MPR_INTERFACE_NO_DEVICE 0x00000040	The network card has been removed from the machine.

dwLastError: A value that contains a nonzero value if the interface fails to connect. This value is a Win32 error code as defined in [MS-ERREF]. This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified.

dwfOptions: A value that specifies bit flags used to set connection options. It SHOULD<80> be a combination of the flags listed in the following table.

Value	Meaning
MPRIO_SpecificIpAddr 0x00000002	If this flag is set, the RRAS server attempts to use the IP address specified by the ipaddr field as the IP address for the dial-up connection. If this flag is not set, the value of the ipaddr member is ignored.
MPRIO_SpecificNameServers 0x00000004	If this flag is set, the RRAS server uses the ipaddrDns , ipaddrDnsAlt , ipaddrWins , and ipaddrWinsAlt members to specify the name server addresses for the dial-up connection. If this flag is not set, the RRAS server ignores these members.
MPRIO_IpHeaderCompression 0x00000008	If this flag is set, the RRAS server negotiates to use the IP header compression on the PPP connections. The IP header compression can significantly improve performance. If this flag is not set, the IP header compression is not negotiated.
MPRIO_RemoteDefaultGateway 0x00000010	If this flag is set, the default route for the IP packets is through the dial-up adapter when the connection is active. If this flag is cleared, the default route is not modified.
MPRIO_DisableLcpExtensions 0x00000020	If this flag is set, the RRAS server disables the PPP LCP extensions defined in [RFC1570] . Disabling the PPP LCP extensions is sometimes necessary to connect to certain older PPP implementations, but it interferes with features such as server callback. This flag MUST NOT be set unless it is specifically required.
MPRIO_SwCompression 0x00000200	If this flag is set, software compression is negotiated on the link. Setting this flag causes the PPP to attempt to negotiate the CCP with the server. This flag SHOULD be set by default, but clearing it can reduce the negotiation period if the server does not support a compatible compression protocol.
MPRIO_RequireEncryptedPw 0x00000400	If this flag is set, only secure password schemes can be used to authenticate the client with the server. This prevents the PPP from using the PAP plaintext authentication protocol to authenticate the client. However, the [MS-CHAP], MD5-CHAP, and SPAP

Value	Meaning
	authentication protocols are supported. For increased security, set this flag. For increased interoperability, clear this flag.
MPRIO_RequireMsEncryptedPw 0x00000800	If this flag is set, only the Microsoft secure password schemes can be used to authenticate the client with the server. This prevents the PPP from using the PAP plaintext authentication protocol, MD5-CHAP, or SPAP. For increased security, set this flag. For increased interoperability, clear this flag. This flag takes precedence over MPRIO_RequireEncryptedPw.
MPRIO_RequireDataEncryption 0x00001000	If this flag is set, data encryption MUST be negotiated successfully or the connection is dropped. This flag is ignored unless MPRIO_RequireMsEncryptedPw is also set.
MPRIO_UseLogonCredentials 0x00004000	If this flag is set, the RRAS server uses the user name, password, and domain of the currently logged-on user when dialing this entry. This flag is ignored unless MPRIO_RequireMsEncryptedPw is also set.
MPRIO_PromoteAlternates 0x00008000	This flag has an effect when alternate phone numbers are defined by the szAlternates member. If this flag is set, an alternate phone number that connects successfully becomes the primary phone number, and the current primary phone number is moved to the alternate list.
MPRIO_SecureLocalFiles 0x00010000	If this flag is set, the RRAS server checks for an existing remote file system and remote printer bindings before making a connection with this entry. Typically, this flag is set on phone book entries for public networks to remind users to break connections to their private network before connecting to a public network.
MPRIO_RequireEAP 0x00020000	If this flag is set, Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequirePAP 0x00040000	If this flag is set, Password Authentication Protocol (PAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequireSPAP 0x00080000	If this flag is set, Shiva's Password Authentication Protocol (SPAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_SharedPhoneNumbers 0x00800000	If this flag is set, phone numbers are shared.
MPRIO_RequireCHAP 0x08000000	If this flag is set, the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP 0x10000000	If this flag is set, the Microsoft Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol [MS-CHAP] MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP2 0x20000000	If this flag is set, version 2 of the [MS-CHAP] MUST be supported for authentication.
MPRIO_IpSecPreSharedKey 0x80000000	Configured the demand-dial interface to use preshared key.

Value	Meaning
MPRIO_RequireMachineCertificates 0x010000000	If this flag is set, a machine certificate is to be used for IKEv2 authentication.
MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Initiator 0x020000000	If this flag is set, a preshared key is to be used by the initiator of the IKEv2 connection for authentication.
MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Responder 0x04000000	If this flag is set, a preshared key is to be used by the responder of the IKEv2 connection for authentication.

- **szLocalPhoneNumber:** A value that specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains a telephone number.
- dwAlternateOffset: The offset from the beginning of this structure where the alternate phone numbers are stored. If no alternate phone number is available, this value MUST be set to 0. Alternate phone numbers are a list of consecutive null-terminated Unicode strings. The last string is terminated by two consecutive null characters. The strings are alternate phone numbers that the router dials, in the order listed, if the primary number fails to connect. For more information, see szLocalPhoneNumber. The alternate phone numbers MUST be stored after the custom data that is appended to this structure.
- **ipaddr:** A value that specifies the IP address to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificIpAddr flag.
- **ipaddrDns:** A value that specifies the IP address of the DNS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless dwfOptions specifies the MPRIO_SpecificNameServers flag.
- **ipaddrDnsAlt:** A value that specifies the IP address of a secondary or backup DNS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO SpecificNameServers flaq.
- **ipaddrWins:** A value that specifies the IP address of the WINS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificNameServers flag.
- **ipaddrWinsAlt:** A value that specifies the IP address of a secondary WINS server to be used while this connection is active. This member is ignored unless **dwfOptions** specifies the MPRIO_SpecificNameServers flag.
- **dwfNetProtocols:** A value that specifies the network protocols to negotiate.

This member can be a combination of the following flags.

Value	Meaning
MPRNP_Ipx 0x00000002	Negotiate the IPX protocol.
MPRNP_Ip 0x00000004	Negotiate the TCP/IPv4 protocol.
MPRNP_Ipv6 0x00000008	Negotiate the TCP/IPv6 protocol.

szDeviceType: A value that specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that indicates the RRAS server device type that is referenced by **szDeviceName**. This is a read-only field that is computed based

- on the value of the **szDeviceName** member. The possible values for this member are the same as the wszDeviceName defined in RASI_PORT_0.
- **szDeviceName:** Contains a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of a TAPI device to use with this phone book entry (for example, "Fabrikam Inc 28800 External"). To enumerate all available RAS-capable devices, use the RRouterDeviceEnum function.
- **szX25PadType:** A data type that contains a null-terminated Unicode string that identifies the X.25 PAD type. This value SHOULD be set to an empty string ("") unless the entry dials using an X.25 PAD.<82">x81><82
- **szX25Address:** Contains a null-terminated Unicode string that identifies the X.25 address to connect to. This value SHOULD be set to an empty string ("") unless the entry dials using an X.25 PAD or native X.25 device.<83>
- **szX25Facilities:** Contains a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies the facilities to request from the X.25 host at connection time. This member is ignored if szX25Address is an empty string ("").
- **szX25UserData:** Contains a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies the additional connection data supplied to the X.25 host at connection time. This member is ignored if szX25Address is an empty string ("").

dwChannels: Reserved for future use.

- **dwSubEntries:** A value that specifies the number of multilink subentries associated with this entry. This is a read-only field and cannot be set or modified. Multilink entries SHOULD be specified by updating the Media section of the phonebook file as specified in 2.2.2.2.96.
- **dwDialMode:** Indicates whether the RRAS server needs to dial all of this entry's multilink subentries when the entry is first connected.

This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Dial the first available device only.
MPRDM_DialAll 0x00000001	Dial all subentries initially.
MPRDM_DialAsNeeded 0x00000002	Adjust the number of subentries as bandwidth is required. The RRAS server uses the dwDialExtraPercent, dwDialExtraSampleSeconds, dwDialHangUpExtraPercent, and dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds members to determine when to dial or disconnect a subentry. sex-subentry.

dwDialExtraPercent: A value that specifies the percentage of the total bandwidth that is available from the currently connected subentries. The RRAS server dials an additional subentry when the total bandwidth that is used exceeds **dwDialExtraPercent** percent of the available bandwidth for at least **dwDialExtraSampleSeconds** seconds.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM_DialAsNeeded flag.

dwDialExtraSampleSeconds: A value that specifies the time, in seconds, for which current bandwidth usage MUST exceed the threshold that is specified by **dwDialExtraPercent** before the RRAS server dials an additional subentry.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM_DialAsNeeded.

dwHangUpExtraPercent: A value that specifies the percentage of the total bandwidth that is available from the currently connected subentries. The RRAS server terminates (hangs up) an

existing subentry connection when the total bandwidth used is less than **dwHangUpExtraPercent** percent of the available bandwidth for at least **dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds** seconds.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM DialAsNeeded flag.

dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds: A value that specifies the time, in seconds, for which current bandwidth usage MUST be less than the threshold that is specified by **dwHangUpExtraPercent** before the RRAS server terminates an existing subentry connection.

This member is ignored unless the **dwDialMode** member specifies the MPRDM DialAsNeeded flag.

dwIdleDisconnectSeconds: A value that specifies the time, in seconds, after which an inactive connection is terminated. Unless the idle time-out is disabled, the entire connection is terminated if the connection is idle for the specified interval.

This member can specify either a time-out value or one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
MPRIDS_Disabled 0xffffffff	There is no idle time-out for this connection.
MPRIDS_UseGlobalValue 0x00000000	Use the user preference value as the default.

dwType: A value that specifies the type of phone book entry. This is a read-only field that is calculated based on the value of the **szDeviceType** member.

This member can be one of the following types.

Value	Meaning
MPRET_Phone 0x00000001	Phone line (for example: modem, ISDN, or X.25).
MPRET_Vpn 0x00000002	Virtual private network (VPN).
MPRET_Direct 0x00000003	Direct serial or parallel connection.

dwEncryptionType: A value that specifies the type of encryption to use for Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption (MPPE) with the connection.

This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ET_None 0x00000000	Do not use encryption.
MPR_ET_Require 0x00000001	Use encryption.
MPR_ET_RequireMax 0x00000002	Use maximum-strength encryption.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ET_Optional 0x00000003	If possible, use encryption.

The value of **dwEncryptionType** does not affect how passwords are encrypted. Whether passwords are encrypted and how passwords are encrypted is determined by the authentication protocol, for example: PAP, MS-CHAP, or EAP.

dwCustomAuthKey: A value that specifies the authentication key to be provided to an EAP ([MS-PEAP]) vendor.

dwCustomAuthDataSize: A value that specifies the size of the data pointed to by the **lpbCustomAuthData** member.

dwCustomAuthDataOffset: The offset from the beginning of this structure where the CustomAuthData is stored. If CustomAuthData are not specified, this member MUST be set to 0. CustomAuthData is the authentication data to use with EAP [MS-PEAP]. CustomAuthData MUST be appended to the end of this structure.

guidId: The GUID that represents this phone book entry. This member is read-only.

dwVpnStrategy: The VPN strategy to use when dialing a VPN connection.

This member SHOULD<85> have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
MPR_VS_Default 0x00000000	The RRAS server dials the PPTP first. If the PPTP fails, the L2TP is attempted. If the L2TP fails, the IKEv2 is attempted. The protocol that succeeds is tried first in subsequent dialing for this entry.
MPR_VS_PptpOnly 0x00000001	The RRAS server dials only the PPTP.
MPR_VS_PptpFirst 0x00000002	The RRAS server always dials the PPTP first, the L2TP second, and the IKEv2 third.
MPR_VS_L2tpOnly 0x00000003	The RRAS server dials only the L2TP.
MPR_VS_L2tpFirst 0x00000004	The RRAS server dials the L2TP first, the PPTP second, and the IKEv2 third.
MPR_VS_Ikev2Only 0x00000007	The RRAS server dials only the IKEv2.
MPR_VS_Ikev2First 0x00000008	The RRAS server dials the IKEv2 first, the PPTP second, and the L2TP third.

AddressCount: Not used.

ipv6addrDns: A value that specifies the IP address of the DNS server to be used while this connection is active.

ipv6addrDnsAlt: A value that specifies the IP address of a secondary or backup DNS server to be used while this connection is active.

ipv6addr: Not used.

2.2.1.2.86 MPR_DEVICE_0

The MPR_DEVICE_0 structure stores information about a device used for a link in a multilinked demand-dial interface.

```
typedef struct MPR DEVICE 0 {
  WCHAR szDeviceType[17];
  WCHAR szDeviceName[129];
} MPR_DEVICE_0,
  *PMPR DEVICE 0;
```

- **szDeviceType:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that indicates the RRAS server device type referenced by **szDeviceName**. See MPRI INTERFACE 2 (section 2.2.1.2.84) for a list of possible device types.
- **szDeviceName:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the TAPI device to use with this phone book entry.

2.2.1.2.87 MPR_DEVICE_1

The MPR_DEVICE_1 structure stores information about a device used for a link in a multilinked demand-dial interface. In addition to the information in MPR_DEVICE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.86), MPR_DEVICE_1 contains phone number information.

```
typedef struct _MPR_DEVICE_1 {
  WCHAR szDeviceType[17];
  WCHAR szDeviceName[129];
  WCHAR szLocalPhoneNumber[129];
  PWCHAR szAlternates;
} MPR_DEVICE_1,
  *PMPR_DEVICE_1;
```

- **szDeviceType:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that indicates the device type referenced by **szDeviceName**. See MPRI INTERFACE 2 (section 2.2.1.2.84) for a list of possible device types.
- **szDeviceName:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the TAPI device to use with this phone book entry.
- **szLocalPhoneNumber:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains a telephone number. The router uses the **szLocalPhoneNumber** string as the entire phone number.
- **szAlternates:** Pointer to a list of consecutive null-terminated Unicode strings. The last string is terminated by two consecutive null characters. The strings are alternate phone numbers that the router dials in the order listed if the primary number (see **szLocalPhoneNumber**) fails to connect.

2.2.1.2.88 MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1

The MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1 structure contains extended credentials information (other than username/password), such as the information used by Extensible Authentication Protocols (EAPs) or a preshared key based on the level being passed in by the methods that use this structure. This structure is used in RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx (section 3.1.4.41) and RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx (section 3.1.4.42). If a preshared key is being used dwwsize MUST be less than 257. Note that the preshared key here is used to specify the credential for the connection endpoint on the RRAS server. The other end of the connection endpoint MUST be configured with the same preshared key in order for the connection to be successful.

```
typedef struct _MPR_CREDENTIALSEXI {
  DWORD dwSize;
  DWORD dwOffset;
  BYTE bData[1];
} MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1,
  *PMPR CREDENTIALSEX 1;
```

dwSize: Specifies the size of the data pointed to by the **bData** member. If dwSize is zero in a call to RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx and the key is a preshared key, the key is deleted.

dwOffset: Offset where the data starts in the structure.

bData: Pointer to the credential information. Note that bData[1] is only a placeholder and the actual data of size **dwSize** is stored at the end of the structure. The actual value stored here can be either a preshared key or the EAP information EAPTLS USER PROPERTIES (section 2.2.1.2.129).

2.2.1.2.89 **IFFILTER_INFO**

The IFFILTER_INFO structure is used to specify the filter settings for an interface. When this structure is encapsulated within the RTR TOC ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) structure, the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0xffff000d or 0xffff0014.

```
typedef struct _IFFILTER_INFO {
  BOOL bEnableFragChk;
} IFFILTER_INFO,
  *PIFFILTER_INFO;
```

bEnableFragChk: When this field is set to TRUE, the fragmented packets are filtered at the interface and dropped. If this field is set to FALSE, the fragment checking is not done at the interface.

Value	Meaning
TRUE	Fragment checking is done at the interface.
FALSE	Fragment checking is not done at the interface.

2.2.1.2.90 MPR_FILTER_0

The MPR_FILTER_0 structure is used to specify whether RRAS server filtering is enabled or not. When this structure is encapsulated within RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0xffff0015 or 0xffff0016.

```
typedef struct _MPR_FILTER_0 {
  BOOL fEnable;
} MPR_FILTER_0,
  *PMPR FILTER 0;
```

fEnable: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 to enable filtering on the RRAS server and MUST be set to 0x00000000 to disable filtering.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Disable filtering.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	Enable filtering.

2.2.1.2.91 IPX_GLOBAL_INFO

The IPX_GLOBAL_INFO \leq 86 \geq structure is used to give the global IPX information for the RRAS server. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0x00000009.

```
typedef struct _IPX_GLOBAL_INFO {
  ULONG RoutingTableHashSize;
  ULONG EventLogMask;
} IPX GLOBAL INFO,
  *PIPX GLOBAL INFO;
```

RoutingTableHashSize: The hash size of the IPX routing table.

EventLogMask: Mask to manage event logging on the IPX interface on the RRAS server.

The IPX_IF_INFO <87> structure is used to specify the IPX interface data. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0x0000001.

```
typedef struct _IPX_IF_INFO {
   ULONG AdministratorState;
   ULONG NetbiosAccept;
   ULONG NetbiosDeliver;
} IPX_IF_INFO,
*PIPX IF INFO;
```

AdministratorState: This MUST be set to the desired state of the interface. A value of 0x00000001 disables the interface and a value of 0x00000002 enables the interface.

NetbiosAccept: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 for the interface to accept NetBIOS broadcast packets.

NetbiosDeliver: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 on a LAN interface and 0x00000000 on a WAN interface.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	WAN interface
0x00000001	LAN interface

The IPXWAN_IF_INFO <88> structure is used to specify the IPX interface data for the WAN interface. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0x00000008.

```
typedef struct _IPXWAN_IF_INFO {
  ULONG Adminstate;
} IPXWAN_IF_INFO,
  *PIPXWAN_IF_INFO;
```

Adminstate: This MUST be set to the desired state of the interface. A value of 0x00000001 disables the interface, and a value of 0x00000002 enables the interface. This enables or disables the IPXWAN negotiation.

2.2.1.2.94 IPX_STATIC_ROUTE_INFO

The IPX_STATIC_ROUTE_INFO <89> structure carries the route information for an IPX interface. When this structure is encapsulated within the RTR TOC ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0x00000002.

```
typedef struct _IPX_STATIC_ROUTE_INFO {
   union {
     ULONG DwordAlign;
     UCHAR Network[4];
   };
   USHORT TickCount;
   USHORT HopCount;
   UCHAR NextHopMacAddress[6];
} IPX STATIC ROUTE INFO,
   *PIPX STATIC ROUTE INFO;
```

DwordAlign: This field of the union MUST NOT be used.

Network: This member MUST be the 4-byte IPX network number in hexadecimal (8 hexadecimal digits). For example, 1abe32.0000.0c33.2331. The first 32 bits represent the network address and the remaining bits represent the node address; that is, the format is network.node.

TickCount: This MUST be the number of ticks to get to the network number. One unit of tick count is approximately 1/18 seconds.

HopCount: This MUST be the number of routers to be traversed to get to the network number.

NextHopMacAddress: This MUST be the 6-byte MAC address of the next hop in hexadecimal (12 hexadecimal digits).

2.2.1.2.95 IPX_STATIC_SERVICE_INFO

The IPX_STATIC_SERVICE_INFO ≤ 90 structure carries the IPX server information. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0x00000003.

```
typedef struct _IPX_SERVER_ENTRY {
   USHORT Type;
   UCHAR Name[48];
   UCHAR Network[4];
   UCHAR Node[6];
   UCHAR Socket[2];
   USHORT HopCount;
} IPX SERVER ENTRY,
   *PIPX_SERVER_ENTRY,
   IPX STATIC SERVICE INFO,
   *PIPX STATIC SERVICE INFO;
```

Type: The **Type** field indicates the contents of the payload portion of the IPX packet. It allows a number of client protocols to use the IPX and be identified by the IPX router.

Routers can filter the IPX traffic based on the Packet **Type** field. For example, some routers by default do not propagate NetBIOS over IPX broadcast traffic and MUST be manually configured to enable packets with a packet type value of 20.

The following table lists some common defined values of the IPX packet type.

Value	Meaning
0x0000	Unspecified
0x0001	RIP
0x0004	SAP/Normal IPX
0x0005	SPX
0x0014	IPX WAN broadcast (used for NetBIOS over IPX broadcasts)

Name: A null-terminated Unicode string giving the name of the interface.

Network: This MUST be the 4-byte IPX network number in hexadecimal (8 hexadecimal digits).

Node: The **Node** field identifies a node on an IPX network. The 6-byte fields can be used to store physical addresses, also known as media access control (MAC) addresses.

Socket: The **Socket** field identifies the software process addresses of the destination and source applications. With multiple processes communicating between the same two computers, the IPX network and node numbers are the same. The IPX socket number is a software process identifier that is used to forward the IPX payload to the proper process.

HopCount: This MUST be the number of routers to be traversed to get to the network number.

2.2.1.2.96 IPX_STATIC_NETBIOS_NAME_INFO

The IPX_STATIC_NETBIOS_NAME_INFO structure contains the static NetBIOS name for an IPX interface. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value MUST be 0x00000000a.<91>

```
typedef struct IPX STATIC NETBIOS NAME INFO {
  union {
    ULONG DwordAlign;
    UCHAR Name[16];
  };
} IPX STATIC NETBIOS NAME INFO,
  *PIPX STATIC NETBIOS NAME INFO;
```

DwordAlign: This field of the union MUST NOT be used.

Name: Static NetBIOS names MUST be used to confine NetBIOS over IPX broadcast traffic in environments where client-side NetBIOS applications need to access a small set of server-side NetBIOS applications.

2.2.1.2.97 IPX_ADAPTER_INFO

The IPX_ADAPTER_INFO \leq 92 \geq structure contains the adapter information for the IPX. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be 0x00000007.

```
typedef struct _IPX_ADAPTER_INFO {
  ULONG PacketType;
  WCHAR AdapterName[MAX_ADAPTOR_NAME_LEN];
} IPX_ADAPTER_INFO,
*PIPX_ADAPTER_INFO;
```

PacketType: The **PacketType** field indicates the contents of the payload portion of the IPX packet. It allows a number of client protocols to use the IPX and be identified by the IPX router.

The following table lists some common defined values of the IPX packet type.

Value	Meaning
0x0000	Unspecified
0x0001	RIP
0x0004	SAP/Normal IPX
0x0005	SPX
0x0014	IPX WAN broadcast (used for NetBIOS over IPX broadcasts)

AdapterName: Name of the adapter. The MAX_ADAPTER_NAME_LEN value is defined as follows.

```
#define MAX ADAPTOR NAME LEN 48
```

2.2.1.2.98 IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_GLOBAL_INFO

The IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_GLOBAL_INFO \leq 93> structure specifies the filter action to be taken when any IPX interface filter condition is met. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value MUST be 0x0000000b or 0x0000000d. If the value in **InfoType** is 0x0000000b, the filter is applied to incoming traffic and if the value is 0x0000000d, the filter is applied to outgoing traffic.

```
typedef struct IPX TRAFFIC FILTER GLOBAL INFO {
  ULONG FilterAction;
} IPX TRAFFIC FILTER GLOBAL INFO,
  *PIPX TRAFFIC FILTER GLOBAL INFO;
```

FilterAction: This specifies the action if there is a match with any filter on the interface. This MUST be set to 0x00000001 to permit traffic and to 0x00000002 to deny traffic.

2.2.1.2.99 IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_INFO

The IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_INFO structure <94> specifies the filter data for an IPX interface. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value MUST be 0x00000006 or 0x00000000c. If the value of **InfoType** is 0x00000006, the filter is applied to incoming traffic, if the value of **InfoType** is 0x0000000c, the filter is applied to outgoing traffic.

```
typedef struct _IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_INFO {
  ULONG FilterDefinition;
  UCHAR DestinationNetwork[4];
  UCHAR DestinationNetworkMask[4];
  UCHAR DestinationNode[6];
  UCHAR DestinationSocket[2];
```

```
UCHAR SourceNetwork[4];
UCHAR SourceNetworkMask[4];
UCHAR SourceNode[6];
UCHAR SourceSocket[2];
ULONG PacketType;
} IPX TRAFFIC FILTER INFO,
*PIPX TRAFFIC FILTER INFO;
```

FilterDefinition: Flags that specify relevant IPX address fields to filter on. The values MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_ON_SRCNET 0x00000001	Apply filter on source network.
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_ON_SRCNODE 0x00000002	Apply filter on source node.
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_ON_SRCSOCKET 0x000000004	Apply filter on source socket.
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_ON_DSTNET 0x00000010	Apply filter on destination network.
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_ON_DSTNODE 0x00000020	Apply filter on destination node.
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_ON_DSTSOCKET 0x00000040	Apply filter on destination socket.
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_ON_PKTTYPE 0x00000100	Apply filter based on packet type.
IPX_TRAFFIC_FILTER_LOG_MATCHES 0x800000000	Apply filters based on log matches.

DestinationNetwork: The **DestinationNetwork** field identifies the network (a segment of the IPX internetwork bounded by the IPX routers) to which an IPX node is connected.

DestinationNetworkMask: The mask that MUST be logically ANDed with **DestinationNetwork**.

DestinationNode: Identifies a node on an IPX network. The 6-byte fields can be used to store physical addresses, also known as MAC addresses.

DestinationSocket: Identifies the software process addresses of the destination and source applications respectively. With multiple processes communicating between the same two computers, the IPX network and node numbers are the same. The IPX socket number is a software process identifier that is used to forward the IPX payload to the proper process.

SourceNetwork: Identifies the network (a segment of the IPX internetwork bounded by the IPX routers) to which an IPX node is connected.

SourceNetworkMask: The mask that MUST be logically ANDed with **SourceNetwork**.

SourceNode: Identifies a node on an IPX network. The 6-byte fields can be used to store physical addresses, also known as MAC addresses.

SourceSocket: Identifies the software process addresses of the destination and source applications respectively. With multiple processes communicating between the same two computers, the IPX network and node numbers are the same. The IPX socket number is a software process identifier that is used to forward the IPX payload to the proper process.

PacketType: The **PacketType** field indicates the contents of the payload portion of the IPX packet. It allows a number of client protocols to use the IPX and be identified by the IPX router.

The following table lists some common defined values of the IPX packet type.

Value	Meaning
0x0000	Unspecified
0x0001	RIP
0x0004	SAP/Normal IPX
0x0005	SPX
0x0014	IPX WAN broadcast (used for NetBIOS over IPX broadcasts)

2.2.1.2.100 IF_TABLE_INDEX

The IF_TABLE_INDEX structure specifies the index within the Interface Table. It is used in IPX MIB INDEX (section 2.2.1.2.105).<95>

```
typedef struct _IF_TABLE_INDEX {
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
} IF TABLE INDEX,
  *PIF TABLE INDEX;
```

InterfaceIndex: The local index value for the network interface. This index value MAY change when a network adapter is disabled and then enabled, or under other circumstances, and need not be persistent.

2.2.1.2.101 ROUTING_TABLE_INDEX

The ROUTING_TABLE_INDEX structure specifies the index within the routing table. It is used in IPX MIB INDEX (section 2.2.1.2.105). < 96>

```
typedef struct _ROUTING_TABLE_INDEX {
   UCHAR Network[4];
} ROUTING TABLE INDEX,
   *PROUTING TABLE INDEX;
```

Network: This MUST be the 4-byte IPX network number in hexadecimal (8 hexadecimal digits).

2.2.1.2.102 STATIC_ROUTES_TABLE_INDEX

The STATIC_ROUTES_TABLE_INDEX structure specifies the index within the static routes table. It is used in IPX_MIB_INDEX (section 2.2.1.2.105).<97>

```
typedef struct _STATIC_ROUTES_TABLE_INDEX {
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
  UCHAR Network[4];
```

```
} STATIC_ROUTES_TABLE_INDEX,
*PSTATIC ROUTES TABLE INDEX;
```

InterfaceIndex: The local index value for the network interface. This index value MAY change when a network adapter is disabled and then enabled, or under other circumstances, and need not be persistent.

Network: This MUST be the 4-byte IPX network number in hexadecimal (8 hexadecimal digits).

2.2.1.2.103 SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX

The SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX structure specifies the index within the services table. It is used in IPX MIB INDEX (section 2.2.1.2.105).<98>

```
typedef struct SERVICES TABLE INDEX {
  USHORT ServiceType;
  UCHAR ServiceName[48];
} SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX,
  *PSERVICES_TABLE_INDEX;
```

ServiceType: The type of service (for example: file server, print server, or application server).

Commonly used types are described in the following table.

Service type (hexadecimal)	Server
0x00	Unknown
0x00 — 0x04	NetWare file server
0x00 — 0x07	NetWare print server
0x06 — 0x40	Microsoft RPC server
0xFF	General SAP request

ServiceName: The name of the server hosting the service.

2.2.1.2.104 STATIC_SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX

The STATIC_SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX structure specifies the index within the static services table. It is used in <u>IPX_MIB_INDEX</u> (section 2.2.1.2.105).<99>

```
typedef struct _STATIC_SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX {
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
  USHORT ServiceType;
  UCHAR ServiceName[48];
} STATIC_SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX,
*PSTATIC_SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX;
```

InterfaceIndex: The local index value for the network interface. This index value MAY change when a network adapter is disabled and then enabled, or under other circumstances, and need not be persistent.

ServiceType: The type of service (for example: file server, print server, or application server).

Commonly used types are described in the following table.

Service Type (Hexadecimal)	Server
0x00	Unknown
0x00 - 0x04	NetWare File Server
0x00 — 0x07	NetWare Print Server
0x06 — 0x40	Microsoft RPC Server
0xFF	General SAP Request

ServiceName: The name of the server hosting the service.

The IPX_MIB_INDEX structure is used in <u>IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA</u> (section 2.2.1.2.106) to specify the MIB index for which the query is made.<100>

```
typedef struct _IPX_MIB_INDEX {
   IF_TABLE_INDEX InterfaceTableIndex;
   ROUTING_TABLE_INDEX RoutingTableIndex;
   STATIC ROUTES TABLE INDEX StaticRoutesTableIndex;
   SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX ServicesTableIndex;
   STATIC_SERVICES_TABLE_INDEX StaticServicesTableIndex;
} IPX_MIB_INDEX,
   *PIPX_MIB_INDEX;
```

InterfaceTableIndex: Gives the MIB index within the interface table, as specified in section 2.2.1.2.100.

RoutingTableIndex: Gives the MIB index within the routing table, as specified in section 2.2.1.2.101.

StaticRoutesTableIndex: Gives the MIB index within the static routes table, as specified in section 2.2.1.2.102.

ServicesTableIndex: Gives the MIB index within the services table, as specified in section 2.2.1.2.103.

StaticServicesTableIndex: Gives the MIB index within the static services table, as specified in section 2.2.1.2.104.

2.2.1.2.106 IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA

The IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA structure is used to retrieve IPX MIB entries. <101> This structure is used in RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
  ULONG TableId;
  IPX MIB INDEX MibIndex;
} IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA,
  *PIPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
```

TableId: Specifies the type of table. Values MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPX_BASE_ENTRY 0x00000000	IPX base. See <u>IPXMIB_BASE (section 2.2.1.2.107)</u> .
IPX_INTERFACE_TABLE 0x00000001	IPX interface table. See <u>IPX_INTERFACE (section 2.2.1.2.109)</u> .
IPX_DEST_TABLE 0x000000002	IPX destination table. See <u>IPX_ROUTE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.110).
IPX_SERV_TABLE	IPX service table. See <u>IPX SERVICE (section 2.2.1.2.121)</u> .
IPX_STATIC_SERV_TABLE 0x00000005	IPX static service table. See IPX STATIC SERVICE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.95).

MibIndex: Specifies the MIB index for the query. See section 2.2.1.2.105.

The IPXMIB_BASE structure contains basic information about the IPX protocol.<a href="mailto: This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.31), RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _IPXMIB_BASE {
   ULONG OperState;
   UCHAR PrimaryNetNumber[4];
   UCHAR Node[6];
   UCHAR SysName[48];
   ULONG MaxPathSplits;
   ULONG IfCount;
   ULONG DestCount;
   ULONG ServCount;
} IPXMIB BASE,
*PIPXMIB BASE;
```

OperState: The operational status of the interface. This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
OPER_STATE_DOWN 0x00000001	Nonoperational.
OPER_STATE_UP 0x00000002	Operational and can pass packets.
OPER_STATE_SLEEPING 0x00000003	Operational but has to connect to pass packets.

PrimaryNetNumber: Every IPX WAN router has a "primary network number". This is an IPX network number unique to the entire internet. This number will be a permanently assigned network number for the router.

A 32-bit number assigned by a network administrator; set to 0 on the local network.

Node: A 48-bit number that identifies the LAN hardware address. If the node number is FFFF FFFF FFFF, it means broadcast. If the node number is 0000 0000 0001, that means it is the server.

SysName: An administratively assigned name for this managed node. By convention, this is the node's fully qualified **domain name**.

MaxPathSplits: The maximum number of path splits implies the number of network interface boards in the server that are connected to the network or the number of ports in the server that are connected to a **switch**. The highest possible number is 8.

IfCount: Indicates the number of available interfaces.

DestCount: This value indicates the maximum destinations (networks) that the user expects the router to learn. This is used to pre-allocate table sizes for network tables. Changing this value can greatly affect the memory used by the IPX, but it can also speed learning times.

ServCount: This value indicates the maximum services that the user expects the router to learn. This is used to pre-allocate table sizes for service tables. Changing this value can greatly affect the memory used by the IPX, but it can also speed learning times.

2.2.1.2.108 IPX_IF_STATS

The IPX_IF_STATS structure is used to gather the IPX interface statistics. <103> This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _IPX_IF_STATS {
   ULONG IfOperState;
   ULONG MaxPacketSize;
   ULONG InHdrErrors;
   ULONG InFiltered;
   ULONG InNoRoutes;
   ULONG InDiscards;
   ULONG InDelivers;
   ULONG OutFiltered;
   ULONG OutDiscards;
   ULONG OutDelivers;
   ULONG NetbiosReceived;
   ULONG NetbiosSent;
} IPX IF STATS;
*PIPX IF STATS;
```

IfOperState: The operational status of the interface. This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
OPER_STATE_DOWN 0x00000001	Nonoperational.
OPER_STATE_UP 0x00000002	Operational and can pass packets.
OPER_STATE_SLEEPING 0x00000003	Operational but has to connect to pass packets.

MaxPacketSize: The size of the MAX size packet received on the interface.

InHdrErrors: The number of packets received with header errors.

InFiltered: The number of incoming packets filtered.

InNoRoutes: The number of packets received with no matching routes.

InDiscards: The number of incoming packets discarded.

InDelivers: The number of incoming packets delivered.

OutFiltered: The number of outgoing packets filtered.

OutDiscards: The number of outgoing packets discarded.

OutDelivers: The number of outgoing packets delivered.

NetbiosReceived: The number of NetBIOS packets received.

NetbiosSent: The number of NetBIOS packets sent.

2.2.1.2.109 IPX_INTERFACE

The IPX_INTERFACE structure describes the MIB Row for IPX_INTERFACE_TABLE.<104> This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct IPX INTERFACE {
 ULONG InterfaceIndex;
 ULONG AdministratorState;
 ULONG AdapterIndex;
 UCHAR InterfaceName[48];
 ULONG InterfaceType;
 ULONG MediaType;
 UCHAR NetNumber[4];
 UCHAR MacAddress[6];
 ULONG Delay;
 ULONG Throughput;
 ULONG NetbiosAccept;
 ULONG NetbiosDeliver;
 ULONG EnableIpxWanNegotiation;
 IPX IF STATS IfStats;
} IPX INTERFACE,
 *PIPX INTERFACE;
```

InterfaceIndex: The local index value for the network interface. This index value MAY change when a network adapter is disabled and then enabled, or under other circumstances, and need not be persistent.

AdministratorState: This MUST be set to the desired state of the interface. A value of 0x00000001 disables the interface and a value of 0x00000002 enables the interface.

AdapterIndex: The interface index associated with the network adapter.

InterfaceName: A null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the adapter.

InterfaceType: The type of the interface. The type MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IF_TYPE_OTHER	Other.
IF_TYPE_LAN	LAN.

Value	Meaning
0x00000002	
IF_TYPE_WAN_ROUTER 0x00000003	WAN router.
IF_TYPE_WAN_WORKSTATION 0x00000004	Remote workstation dialing in.
IF_TYPE_INTERNAL 0x00000005	The internal (virtual) interface.
IF_TYPE_PERSONAL_WAN_ROUTER 0x00000006	Personal WAN router.
IF_TYPE_ROUTER_WORKSTATION_DIALOUT 0x00000007	Local workstation dialing out.
IF_TYPE_STANDALONE_WORKSTATION_DIALOUT 0x00000008	Stand-alone workstation dialing out.

MediaType: The type of media. This MUST one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
NdisMedium802_3 0x0000000	An Ethernet (802.3) network.
NdisMedium802_5 0x0000001	A Token Ring (802.5) network.
NdisMediumFddi 0x0000002	A Fiber Distributed Data Interface (FDDI) network.
NdisMediumWan 0x0000003	A wide area network (WAN). This type covers various forms of point-to-point and WAN NICs and variant address/header formats that MUST be negotiated between the protocol driver and the underlying driver after the binding is established.
NdisMediumLocalTalk 0x0000004	A LocalTalk network.
NdisMediumDix 0x0000005	An Ethernet network for which the drivers use the DIX Ethernet header format.
NdisMediumArcnetRaw 0x0000006	An ARCNET network.
NdisMediumArcnet878_2 0x0000007	An ARCNET (878.2) network.
NdisMediumAtm 0x0000008	An ATM network. Connection-oriented client protocol drivers can bind themselves to an underlying miniport driver that returns this value. Otherwise, legacy protocol drivers bind themselves to the systemsupplied LanE intermediate driver, which reports its medium type as either NdisMedium802_3 or NdisMedium802_5, depending on how the network administrator configures the LanE driver.
NdisMediumWirelessWan	A wireless network. NDIS 5.x miniport drivers that support wireless

Value	Meaning
0x0000009	LAN (WLAN) or wireless WAN (WWAN) packets declare their medium as NdisMedium802_3 and emulate Ethernet to higher-level NDIS drivers. \text{L05}
NdisMediumIrda 0x000000a	An infrared (IrDA) network.
NdisMediumBpc 0x000000b	A broadcast computer network.
NdisMediumCoWan 0x000000c	A wide area network (WAN) in a connection-oriented environment.
NdisMedium1394 0x000000d	An IEEE 1394 (FireWire) network.
NdisMediumInfiniBand 0x000000e	An InfiniBand network.
NdisMediumTunnel 0x000000f	A tunnel network.
NdisMediumNative802_11 0x0000010	A native IEEE 802.11 network.
NdisMediumLoopback 0x0000011	An NDIS loopback network.

NetNumber: The IPX network number that is matched to the destination network number in a packet's IPX header.

MacAddress: The destination MAC address of the IPX packet when it is forwarded to the next hop. For directly attached networks, the Forwarding MAC Address field is blank.

Delay: Link delay indicated in milliseconds.

Throughput: Throughput of the interface indicated in bits per second.

NetbiosAccept: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 for the interface to accept NetBIOS broadcast packets.

NetbiosDeliver: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 on the LAN interface and 0x00000000 on the WAN interface.

EnableIpxWanNegotiation: A value of 0x00000001 disables the WAN negotiation, and a value of 0x00000002 enables the WAN negotiation.

IfStats: The interface statistics. See <u>IPX_IF_STATS</u> (section 2.2.1.2.108).

2.2.1.2.110 IPX_ROUTE

The IPX_ROUTE structure specifies the details for an IPX route in the RRAS server. <106>

```
typedef struct _IPX_ROUTE {
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
  ULONG Protocol;
  UCHAR Network[4];
  USHORT TickCount;
```

```
USHORT HopCount;
UCHAR NextHopMacAddress[6];
ULONG Flags;
} IPX_ROUTE,
*PIPX ROUTE;
```

InterfaceIndex: The local index value for the network interface. This index value MAY change when a network adapter is disabled and then enabled, or under other circumstances, and need not be persistent.

Protocol: The protocol that added the route. The value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPX_PROTOCOL_LOCAL 0x0000000	Local route
IPX_PROTOCOL_STATIC 0x0000001	Static route
IPX_PROTOCOL_RIP 0x0000002	Added by RIP
IPX_PROTOCOL_NLSP 0x0000004	Added by NLSP

Network: This MUST be the 4-byte IPX network number in hexadecimal (8 hexadecimal digits).

TickCount: The number of ticks it takes to reach the destination network where one tick is approximately 1/18 of a second. This estimate is based on ongoing RIP requests and replies and is determined by the transmission speed of network segments. LAN links are typically one tick, and WAN links, such as a T1 link, are usually six or seven ticks. The tick count is an estimated, not precise, measurement of the delay.

HopCount: This MUST be the number of routers to be traversed to get to the network number.

NextHopMacAddress: This MUST be the 6-byte MAC address of the next hop in hexadecimal (12 hexadecimal digits).

Flags: Indicates the type of route being added. It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
GLOBAL_WAN_ROUTE 0x0000001	Global route.
DO_NOT_ADVERTISE_ROUTE 0x0000002	This route is not advertised.

2.2.1.2.111 IPX_MIB_ROW

This structure contains IPX_MIB_ROW information.<107>

```
typedef struct _IPX_MIB_ROW {
   IPX INTERFACE Interface;
```

```
IPX_ROUTE Route;
IPX_SERVICE Service;
} IPX_MIB_ROW,
*PIPX MIB ROW;
```

Interface: The <u>IPX_INTERFACE (section 2.2.1.2.109)</u> structure.

Route: The <u>IPX_ROUTE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.110) structure.

Service: The <u>IPX_SERVICE (section 2.2.1.2.121)</u> structure.

2.2.1.2.112 IPX_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA

The IPX_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA structure is used in RMIBEntrySet (section 3.1.4.29).<108>

```
typedef struct _IPX_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA {
  ULONG TableId;
  IPX_MIB_ROW MibRow;
} IPX_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA,
  *PIPX_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA;
```

TableId: Specifies the type of tables. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning	
0x00000000	IPX_BASE_ENTRY	
0x00000001	IPX_INTERFACE_TABLE	
0x00000002	IPX_DEST_TABLE	
0x00000003	IPX_STATIC_ROUTE_TABLE	
0x00000004	IPX_SERV_TABLE	
0x00000005	IPX_STATIC_SERV_TABLE	

MibRow: An IPX MIB ROW (section 2.2.1.2.111) structure.

2.2.1.2.113 SAP_SERVICE_FILTER_INFO

The **SAP_SERVICE_FILTER_INFO** structure<109> is used in SAP IF FILTERS (section 2.2.1.2.114).

```
typedef struct _SAP_SERVICE_FILTER_INFO {
   union {
     USHORT ServiceType;
     ULONG ServiceType_align;
};
   UCHAR ServiceName[48];
} SAP_SERVICE_FILTER_INFO,
*PSAP_SERVICE_FILTER_INFO;
```

ServiceType: A field that indicates the type of the service. Service types are assigned uniquely by Novell, Inc. Some commonly defined SAP service types are listed in the following table.

Service type (hexadecimal)	Server
0x00	Unknown
0x00 — 0x04	NetWare file server
0x00 — 0x07	NetWare print server
0x06 — 0x40	Microsoft RPC server
0xFF	General SAP request

ServiceType_align: Ensures alignment.

ServiceName: Stores the name of the server advertising the service. The combination of server name and service type uniquely identifies a service on an IPX internetwork. Server names that are fewer than 48 bytes are terminated with the ASCII NULL character.

2.2.1.2.114 **SAP_IF_FILTERS**

This structure contains information about the SAP interface filters. <110>

```
typedef struct _SAP_IF_FILTERS {
   ULONG SupplyFilterAction;
   ULONG SupplyFilterCount;
   ULONG ListenFilterAction;
   ULONG ListenFilterCount;
   SAP_SERVICE_FILTER_INFO ServiceFilter[1];
} SAP IF FILTERS;
*PSAP IF FILTERS;
```

SupplyFilterAction: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 to permit data and to 0x00000002 to deny data.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	Permit data
0x00000002	Deny data

SupplyFilterCount: The count of supply filters.

ListenFilterAction: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 to permit data and to 0x00000002 to deny data.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	Permit data
0x00000002	Deny data

ListenFilterCount: The count of listen filters.

ServiceFilter: This is a SAP SERVICE FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.113).

2.2.1.2.115 SAP_IF_CONFIG

The SAP_IF_CONFIG structure contains SAP InterfaceConfiguration Information. <111> This structure MUST be used when the **InfoType** in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) is 0x00020001.

```
typedef struct _SAP_IF_CONFIG {
   SAP_IF_INFO SapIfInfo;
   SAP_IF_FILTERS SapIfFilters;
} SAP_IF_CONFIG,
*PSAP_IF_CONFIG;
```

SapIfInfo: This MUST be a <u>SAP IF INFO (section 2.2.1.2.122)</u> structure.

SapIfFilters: This is a <u>SAP IF FILTERS (section 2.2.1.2.114)</u> structure.

2.2.1.2.116 SAP_MIB_BASE

The SAP_MIB_BASE structure contains the operation status.<112> This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _SAP_MIB_BASE {
  ULONG SapOperState;
} SAP_MIB_BASE,
  *PSAP_MIB_BASE;
```

SapOperState: Contains the operational status of the SAP. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
OPER_STATE_DOWN 0x00000001	Nonoperational.
OPER_STATE_UP 0x00000002	Operational and can pass packets.
OPER_STATE_SLEEPING 0x000000003	Sleeping.
OPER_STATE_STARTING 0x00000004	Starting the router.
OPER_STATE_STOPPING 0x00000005	Stopping the router.

2.2.1.2.117 SAP_IF_STATS

The SAP_IF_STATS structure contains the SAP MIB Interface Table Entry.structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _SAP_IF_STATS {
  ULONG SapIfOperState;
  ULONG SapIfInputPackets;
  ULONG SapIfOutputPackets;
} SAP IF STATS,
*PSAP IF STATS;
```

SapIfOperState: Indicates the operation status of the SAP on the interface. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
OPER_STATE_DOWN 0x00000001	Nonoperational.
OPER_STATE_UP 0x00000002	Operational and can pass packets.
OPER_STATE_SLEEPING 0x00000003	Sleeping.

SapIfInputPackets: Counts the SAP input packets on the interface.

SapIfOutputPackets: Counts the SAP output packets on the interface.

2.2.1.2.118 **SAP_INTERFACE**

The SAP_INTERFACE structure contains information about an SAP interface.<a href="mailto: This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _SAP_INTERFACE {
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
  SAP_IF_INFO SapIfInfo;
  SAP_IF_STATS SapIfStats;
} SAP_INTERFACE,
  *PSAP_INTERFACE;
```

InterfaceIndex: This MUST be the interface index of the interface.

SapIfInfo: This MUST be a <u>SAP_IF_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.122)</u> structure.

SapIfStats: This MUST be a <u>SAP_IF_STATS</u> (section 2.2.1.2.117) structure.

2.2.1.2.119 SAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA

The SAP MIB GET INPUT DATA structure is used to retrieve the SAP MIB information. <115>

```
typedef struct _SAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
  ULONG TableId;
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
} SAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA,
  *PSAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
```

TableId: This MUST be set to 0x00000000 if the table refers to a

SAP MIB BASE (section 2.2.1.2.116) and this MUST be set to 0x00000001 if the table refers to a SAP INTERFACE (section 2.2.1.2.118).

InterfaceIndex: MUST be the interface index of the interface.

The SAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA structure is used in the following APIs to retrieve the MIB information of the TableId and specified InterfaceIndex:

RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)

- RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31)
- RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32)

2.2.1.2.120 SAP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA

The SAP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA structure is used in the <u>RMIBEntrySet (section 3.1.4.29)</u> method to set information corresponding to the **TableId** and the **SapInterface**.<116>

```
typedef struct _SAP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA {
  ULONG TableId;
  SAP_INTERFACE SapInterface;
} SAP MIB SET INPUT DATA,
  *PSAP MIB SET INPUT DATA;
```

TableId: This MUST be set to 0x00000001.

SapInterface: This MUST be a <u>SAP_INTERFACE (section 2.2.1.2.118)</u> structure.

2.2.1.2.121 IPX_SERVICE

This structure contains information about the IPX service $\leq 117 \geq$ and is part of IPX MIB ROW (section 2.2.1.2.111).

```
typedef struct _IPX_SERVICE {
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
  ULONG Protocol;
  IPX_SERVER_ENTRY Server;
} IPX SERVICE,
*PIPX SERVICE;
```

InterfaceIndex: This MUST be the interface index.

Protocol: This MUST be the protocol from which knowledge of the service was obtained.

Server: This MUST be an IPX SERVER ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.95) structure.

2.2.1.2.122 SAP_IF_INFO

The SAP_IF_INFO structure contains information about the SAP interface.<118> This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.31), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _SAP_IF_INFO {
   ULONG AdminState;
   ULONG UpdateMode;
   ULONG PacketType;
   ULONG Supply;
   ULONG Listen;
   ULONG GetNearestServerReply;
   ULONG PeriodicUpdateInterval;
   ULONG AgeIntervalMultiplier;
} SAP_IF_INFO,
   *PSAP_IF_INFO;
```

AdminState: This MUST be the desired state of the interface. A value of 0x00000001 disables the SAP on the interface, and a value of 0x00000002 enables the SAP on the interface.

UpdateMode: This MUST be the SAP update mechanism used on the interface.

PacketType: This MUST be the SAP packet type used on this interface.

Supply: This MUST be set to a value of 0x00000001 to disable sending SAP updates on this interface and to a value of 0x00000002 to enable.

Listen: This MUST be set to a value of 0x000000001 to disable listening to SAP updates on this interface and to a value of 0x000000002 to enable.

GetNearestServerReply: Set to a value of 0x00000001 to disable GetNearestServer and to a value of 0x00000002 to enable.

PeriodicUpdateInterval: This MUST be the interval, in seconds, at which the information is periodically updated. The default value is 60.

AgeIntervalMultiplier: Each time a periodic update is done at the server, **PeriodicUpdateInterval** is multiplied by **AgeIntervalMultiplier**. The default value is 3.

2.2.1.2.123 RIPMIB_BASE

The RIPMIB_BASE structure contains information about the RIP MIB base. This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct RIPMIB BASE {
  ULONG RIPOperState;
} RIPMIB_BASE,
  *PRIPMIB BASE;
```

RIPOperState: RIPOperState MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
OPER_STATE_DOWN 0x00000001	Nonoperational.
OPER_STATE_UP 0x00000002	Operational and can pass packets.
OPER_STATE_SLEEPING 0x000000003	Sleeping.
OPER_STATE_STARTING 0x00000004	Starting the router.
OPER_STATE_STOPPING 0x00000005	Stopping the router.

2.2.1.2.124 RIP_IF_STATS

The RIP_IF_STATS contains the RIP interface statistics. This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _RIP_IF_STATS {
```

```
ULONG RipIfOperState;
ULONG RipIfInputPackets;
ULONG RipIfOutputPackets;
} RIP_IF_STATS,
*PRIP IF STATS;
```

RipIfOperState: This MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
OPER_STATE_DOWN 0x00000001	Nonoperational.
OPER_STATE_UP 0x00000002	Operational and can pass packets.
OPER_STATE_SLEEPING 0x00000003	Sleeping.

RipIfInputPackets: The count of the RIP interface input packets.

RipIfOutputPackets: The count of the RIP interface output packets.

2.2.1.2.125 **RIP_INTERFACE**

The RIP_INTERFACE structure contains information about a particular RIP interface. This structure is returned as part of RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _RIP_INTERFACE {
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
  RIP IF INFO RipIfInfo;
  RIP_IF_STATS RipIfStats;
} RIP_INTERFACE,
  *PRIP_INTERFACE;
```

InterfaceIndex: This MUST be the interface index of the interface.

RipIfInfo: This MUST be the RIP IF INFO (section 2.2.1.2.205) structure.

RipIfStats: This MUST be the <u>RIP IF STATS (section 2.2.1.2.124)</u> structure.

2.2.1.2.126 RIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA

The RIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA \leq 119> structure is used to retrieve information from the IPX RIP MIB.

```
typedef struct RIP MIB GET INPUT DATA {
  ULONG TableId;
  ULONG InterfaceIndex;
} RIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA,
  *PRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
```

TableId: This MUST contain 0x000000000 if the table refers to <u>RIPMIB_BASE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.123) and it MUST contain 0x00000001 if the table refers to <u>RIP_INTERFACE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.125).

InterfaceIndex: The interface index.

2.2.1.2.127 RIP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA

The RIP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA <120> is used to set information in the IPX RIP MIB.

```
typedef struct _RIP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA {
  ULONG TableId;
  RIP INTERFACE RipInterface;
} RIP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA,
  *PRIP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA;
```

TableId: This MUST contain 0x00000000 if the table refers to <u>RIPMIB_BASE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.123) and it MUST contain 0x00000001 if the table refers to <u>RIP_INTERFACE</u> (section 2.2.1.2.125).

RipInterface: This MUST be the RIP_INTERFACE structure.

2.2.1.2.128 EAPTLS_HASH

The EAPTLS_HASH structure contains the **certificate** hash.

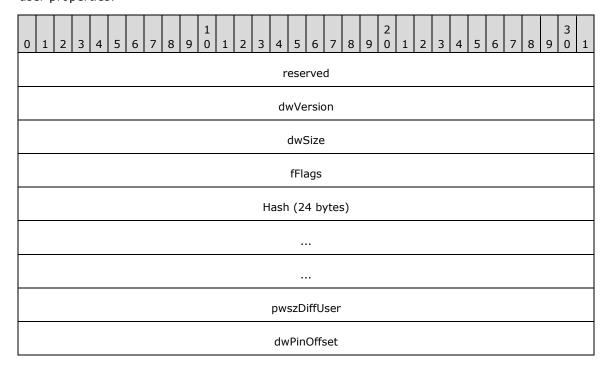
```
typedef struct _EAPTLS_HASH {
  DWORD cbHash;
  BYTE pbHash[20];
} EAPTLS HASH;
```

cbHash: This MUST contain the number of bytes in the hash.

pbHash: This MUST contain the hash of the certificate.

2.2.1.2.129 EAPTLS_USER_PROPERTIES

The structure EAPTLS_USER_PROPERTIES is used to store the EAP Transport Layer Security (TLS) user properties.



pwszPin		
usLe	_ength usMaximumLength	
ucSeed	awszString (variable)	

reserved (4 bytes): This MUST be 0x00000000.

dwVersion (4 bytes): This MUST be 0x0000001.

dwSize (4 bytes): This MUST be the number of bytes in this structure.

fFlags (4 bytes): Unused; it MUST be set to 0x00000000.

Hash (24 bytes): An <u>EAPTLS HASH (section 2.2.1.2.128)</u> structure that MUST contain the hash for the user certificate.

pwszDiffUser (4 bytes): Pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the EAP identity to send. The string SHOULD be stored starting at **awszString**.

dwPinOffset (4 bytes): Offset from the end of this structure to where the PIN is stored. This SHOULD be set to sizeof(pwszDiffUser).

pwszPin (4 bytes): Pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the smart card PIN.

usLength (2 bytes): Unused; it MUST be set to zero.

usMaximumLength (2 bytes): Unused; it MUST be set to zero.

ucSeed (1 byte): Unused; it MUST be set to zero.

awszString (variable): Storage for pwszDiffUser and pwszPin.

2.2.1.2.130 MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL

The MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL structure <121> defines the version of the structure that needs to be used by the following methods and structures:

- RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx (section 3.1.4.46)
- RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx (section 3.1.4.47)
- RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL (section 2.2.1.2.134)
- MPR SERVER EX 1 (section 2.2.1.2.143)
- MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1 (section 2.2.1.2.146)
- RAS UPDATE CONNECTION 1 IDL (section 2.2.1.2.148)
- MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 2 (section 2.2.1.2.241)
- MPR SERVER EX 2 (section 2.2.1.2.242)
- MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 0 (section 2.2.1.2.244)
- MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 3 (section 2.2.1.2.250)

- MPR SERVER EX 3 (section 2.2.1.2.251)
- MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 1 (section 2.2.1.2.269)

```
typedef struct _MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL {
   UCHAR revision;
   UCHAR type;
   USHORT size;
} MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL,
   *PMPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL;
```

revision: This represents the version of the structure that is being used depending on the **type** field. The following values are supported.

Value	Meaning
MPRAPI_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT_REVISION_1 0x01	Represents revision 1 of the structure RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL (section 2.2.1.2.134) if type is 0x01.
MPRAPI_MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_OBJECT_REVISION_1 0x01	Represents revision 1 of the structure MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_1 (section 2.2.1.2.146) if type is 0x03.
MPRAPI_MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_OBJECT_REVISION_2 0x02	Represents revision 2 of the structure MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2 (section 2.2.1.2.241) if type is 0x03.
MPRAPI_MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_OBJECT_REVISION_3 0x03	Represents revision 3 of the structure MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3 (section 2.2.1.2.250) if type is 0x03.
MPRAPI_MPR_SERVER_OBJECT_REVISION_1 0x01	Represents revision 1 of the structure MPR_SERVER_EX_1 (section 2.2.1.2.143) if type is 0x02.
MPRAPI_MPR_SERVER_OBJECT_REVISION_2 0x02	Represents revision 2 of the structure MPR_SERVER_EX_2 (section 2.2.1.2.242) if type is 0x02.
MPRAPI_MPR_SERVER_OBJECT_REVISION_3 0x03	Represents revision 3 of the structure MPR_SERVER_EX_3 (section 2.2.1.2.251) if type is 0x02.
MPRAPI_RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_OBJECT_REVISION_1 0x01	Represents revision 1 of the structure RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL (section 2.2.1.2.148) if type is 0x05.
MPRAPI_MPR_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_OBJECT_REVISION_1 0x01	Represents revision 1 of the structure MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0 (section 2.2.1.2.244) if type is 0x06.
MPRAPI_MPR_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_OBJECT_REVISION_2 0x02	Represents revision 2 of the structure MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 (section 2.2.1.2.269) if type is 0x06.

type: The following represents the type of structure being used.

Value	Meaning
MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT 0x01	Represents a RAS CONNECTION EX IDL (section 2 .2.1.2.135) structure.

Value	Meaning
MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_MPR_SERVER_OBJECT 0x02	Represents an MPR_SERVER_EX structure (MPR_SERVER_EX_1 (section 2.2.1.2. 143) structure or an MPR_SERVER_EX_2 (section 2.2.1.2.2 42)) based on the value of revision.
MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_OBJECT 0x03	Represents an MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX structure (an MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_1 or an MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2 (se ction 2.2.1.2.241) structure based on the value of revision).
MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_UPDATE_CONNECTION_OBJECT 0x05	Represents a RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL (s ection 2.2.1.2.148) structure.
MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_OBJECT 0x06	Represents an MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX IDL (section 2.2.1.2.245) structure.

size: Size of the BLOB (structure) being passed based on the type and revision.

2.2.1.2.131 PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1

The PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1 structure <122> contains information obtained during the PPP negotiation for the PPP-based tunnels.

```
typedef struct {
 DWORD dwIPv4NegotiationError;
 WCHAR wszAddress[16];
 WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
 DWORD dwIPv4Options;
 DWORD dwIPv4RemoteOptions;
 ULONG64 IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
 DWORD dwIPv6NegotiationError;
 UCHAR bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
 UCHAR bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
 UCHAR bPrefix[8];
 DWORD dwPrefixLength;
 ULONG64 IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
 DWORD dwLcpError;
  DWORD dwAuthenticationProtocol;
 DWORD dwAuthenticationData;
  DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol;
  DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationData;
 DWORD dwLcpTerminateReason;
  DWORD dwLcpRemoteTerminateReason;
  DWORD dwLcpOptions;
  DWORD dwLcpRemoteOptions;
 DWORD dwEapTypeId;
  DWORD dwRemoteEapTypeId;
  DWORD dwCcpError;
 DWORD dwCompressionAlgorithm;
 DWORD dwCcpOptions;
 DWORD dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm;
 DWORD dwCcpRemoteOptions;
} PPP PROJECTION INFO 1,
 *PPPP PROJECTION INFO 1;
```

dwIPv4NegotiationError: Same as dwError in PPP IPCP INFO (section 2.2.1.2.66).

wszAddress: Same as wszAddress in PPP_IPCP_INFO.

wszRemoteAddress: Same as wszRemoteAddress in PPP_IPCP_INFO.

dwIPv4Options: Same as **dwOptions** in PPP_IPCP_INFO.

dwIPv4RemoteOptions: Same as dwIPv4Options.

IPv4SubInterfaceIndex: Specifies the index of the **subinterface** corresponding to the connection on the server.

dwIPv6NegotiationError: Specifies the result of PPP_IPv6. Network control protocol negotiation. A value of zero indicates that either IPv6 was not negotiated or Ipv6 has been negotiated successfully. A nonzero value indicates failure, and is the actual fatal error that occurred during the control protocol.

bInterfaceIdentifier: If **dwIPv6NegotiationError** is zero and IPv6 was negotiated, this MUST be the 64-bit interface identifier of the IPv6 address of the server interface. If **dwIPv6NegotiationError** is zero, a value of zero for this indicates that IPv6 was not negotiated. It MUST be zero when **dwIPv6NegotiationError** is nonzero.

bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier: If **dwIPv6NegotiationError** is zero and IPv6 was negotiated, this MUST be the 64-bit interface identifier of the IPv6 address of the client interface. If **dwIPv6NegotiationError** is zero, a value of zero for this indicates that IPv6 was not negotiated. It MUST be zero when **dwIPv6NegotiationError** is nonzero.

bPrefix: Specifies the prefix of the IPv6 address of the client interface.

dwPrefixLength: The length, in bits, of the address prefix.

IPv6SubInterfaceIndex: Specifies the index of the subInterface corresponding to the connection on the server.

dwLcpError: Specifies the error that occurred if the PPP negotiation was unsuccessful and it MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
ERROR_NO_LOCAL_ENCRYPTION 0x000002E5	The local computer does not support the required data encryption type.
ERROR_NO_REMOTE_ENCRYPTION 0x000002E6	The remote computer does not support the required data encryption type.
ERROR_CHANGING_PASSWORD 0x000002C5	There was an error changing the password on the domain. The password might have been too short or might have matched a previously used password.
ERROR_PPP_NO_PROTOCOLS_CONFIGURED 0x000002D0	The PPP controlled protocols were not configured.
ERROR_AUTHENTICATION_FAILURE 0x000002B3	The connection was denied because the user name or password specified is not valid or because the selected authentication protocol is not permitted on the remote server.
ERROR_MORE_DATA 0x000000EA	More data is available.

Value	Meaning
ERROR_PROTOCOL_NOT_CONFIGURED 0x000002DC	The received control protocol of the PPP is not configured.
ERROR_AUTH_INTERNAL 0x00000285	There was an internal error while processing authentication.
ERROR_NO_DIALIN_PERMISSION 0x00000289	The user does not have permission to dial in.
ERROR_SERVER_POLICY 0x0000032C	The connection was prevented because of a policy configured on the RRAS.
ERROR_PEER_REFUSED_AUTH 0x00000397	The connection could not be established because the authentication protocol used by the RRAS to verify user name and password could not be matched with the one proposed by the client.
ERROR_UNKNOWN_FRAMED_PROTOCOL 0x0000031A	The Framed Protocol RADIUS [RFC2865] attribute for this client is not PPP.
ERROR_WRONG_TUNNEL_TYPE 0x0000031B	The Tunnel Type RADIUS [RFC2865] attribute for this user is not correct.
ERROR_UNKNOWN_SERVICE_TYPE 0x0000031C	The Service Type RADIUS [RFC2865] attribute for this user is neither Framed nor callback Framed.
ERROR_RESTRICTED_LOGON_HOURS 0x00000286	The user is not permitted to log on at this time of day.
ERROR_ACCT_DISABLED 0x00000287	The account is disabled.
ERROR_PASSWD_EXPIRED 0x00000288	The password for this account has expired.
ERROR_ILL_FORMED_PASSWORD 0x0000052C	Unable to update the password. The value provided for the new password contains values that are not allowed in passwords.

dwAuthenticationProtocol: The same as dwAuthenticatedProtocol in PPP LCP INFO.

dwAuthenticationData: The same as dwAuthenticatedData in PPP_LCP_INFO.

dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol: Specifies the authentication protocol used to authenticate the remote computer. This will be different from **dwAuthenticationProtocol** in the case of demand-dial if the authentication protocol used by the two ends are different. See the **dwAuthenticationProtocol** member for a list of possible values.

dwRemoteAuthenticationData: Specifies additional information about the authentication protocol specified by *dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol*. This will be different from **dwAuthenticationData** in the case of demand-dial if the authentication protocol used by the two ends are different. See the **dwAuthenticationData** member for a list of possible values.

dwLcpTerminateReason: Specifies the reason the connection was terminated by the local computer. This member always has a value of zero.

dwLcpRemoteTerminateReason: Specifies the reason the connection was terminated by the remote computer. This member always has a value of zero.

dwLcpOptions: The same as dwOptions in PPP_LCP_INFO.

dwLcpRemoteOptions: Specifies information about the LCP options in use by the remote computer. See the **dwLcpOptions** member for a list of possible values.

dwEapTypeId: Specifies the type identifier of the EAP used to authenticate the local computer. The value of this member is valid only if **dwAuthenticationProtocol** is PPP_LCP_EAP. The valid values are defined in [IANA-EAP].

dwRemoteEapTypeId: MUST be zero. This value has no significance.

dwCcpError: Specifies an error if the negotiation is unsuccessful.

dwCompressionAlgorithm: The same as dwCompressionAlgorithm in PPP_LCP_INFO.

dwCcpOptions: The same as dwCcpOptions in PPP_LCP_INFO.

dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm: Specifies the compression algorithm used by the remote computer. The values are the same as those for **dwCompressionAlgorithm**.

dwCcpRemoteOptions: Specifies the compression options on the remote computer. The following options are supported.

Value	Meaning
PPP_CCP_COMPRESSION 0x00000001	Compression without encryption.
PPP_CCP_HISTORYLESS 0x01000000	MPPE in stateless mode. The session key is changed after every packet. This mode improves performance on high-latency networks, or networks that experience significant packet loss.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION40BITOLD 0x00000010	PPE using 40-bit keys.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION40BIT 0x00000020	MPPE using 40-bit keys.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION56BIT 0x00000080	MPPE using 56-bit keys.
PPP_CCP_ENCRYPTION128BIT 0x00000040	MPPE using 128-bit keys.
ERROR_PPP_NOT_CONVERGING 0x000002DC	The remote computer and RRAS could not converge on address negotiation.

2.2.1.2.132 IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1

The IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1 structure<123> contains information obtained during Internet Key Exchange (IKE) negotiation.

```
typedef struct IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1 {
  DWORD dwIPv4NegotiationError;
  WCHAR wszAddress[16];
  WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
  ULONG64 IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
  DWORD dwIPv6NegotiationError;
```

```
UCHAR bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
UCHAR bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
UCHAR bPrefix[8];
DWORD dwPrefixLength;
ULONG64 IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
DWORD dwOptions;
DWORD dwAuthenticationProtocol;
DWORD dwEapTypeId;
DWORD dwCompressionAlgorithm;
DWORD dwEncryptionMethod;
} IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1,
*PIKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1;
```

dwIPv4NegotiationError: Specifies if an Internal IPv4 address [RFC4306] has been successfully assigned. A value of zero indicates success. A nonzero value indicates failure.

wszAddress: The same as wszAddress in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.

 $\textbf{wszRemoteAddress:} \ \ \textbf{The same as } \textbf{wszRemoteAddress} \ \textbf{in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1}.$

IPv4SubInterfaceIndex: The same as IPv4SubInterfaceIndex in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwIPv6NegotiationError: The same as dwIPv5NegotiationError in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

bInterfaceIdentifier: The same as **bInterfaceIdentifier** in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier: The same as **bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier** in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.

bPrefix: The same as **bPrefix** in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwPrefixLength: The same as dwPrefixLength in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.

IPv6SubInterfaceIndex: The same as **IPv6SubInterfaceIndex** in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwOptions: Not used.

dwAuthenticationProtocol: Specifies the authentication protocol used to authenticate the remote computer. It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
MPRAPI_IKEV2_AUTH_USING_CERT 0x000000001	Using x.509 machine certificate [RFC2459].
MPRAPI_IKEV2_AUTH_USING_EAP 0x000000002	Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP).

dwEapTypeId: Specifies the type identifier of the EAP used to authenticate the local computer. The value of this member is valid only if **dwAuthenticationProtocol** is MPRAPI_IKEV2_AUTH_USING_EAP [IANA-EAP].

dwCompressionAlgorithm: Not used.

dwEncryptionMethod: Specifies the encryption method used in the connection. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPSEC_CIPHER_TYPE_3DES	Specifies 3DES encryption.

Value	Meaning
2	
IPSEC_CIPHER_TYPE_AES_128 3	Specifies AES-128 encryption.
IPSEC_CIPHER_TYPE_AES_192 4	Specifies AES-192 encryption.
IPSEC_CIPHER_TYPE_AES_256 5	Specifies AES-256 encryption.

2.2.1.2.133 PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_1

The PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_1 structure is used in RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL (section 2.2.1.2.134) as a placeholder for PPP PROJECTION INFO 1 (section 2.2.1.2.131) or IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1 (section 2.2.1.2.132).

```
typedef struct _PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_1 {
   UCHAR projectionInfoType;
   union {
      PPP PROJECTION INFO 1 PppProjectionInfo;
      IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1 Ikev2ProjectionInfo;
    } ProjectionInfoObject;
} PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_1,
   *PPROJECTION_INFO_IDL_1;
```

projectionInfoType: Specifies if the projection is for a PPP-based or IKEv2-based tunnel.

Value	Meaning
MPRAPI_PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_TYPE 0x01	Data corresponds to PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
MPRAPI_IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_TYPE 0x02	Data corresponds to IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

PppProjectionInfo: Contains a PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1 for a PPP-based tunnel.

Ikev2ProjectionInfo: Contains an IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1 for an IKEv2-based tunnel.

2.2.1.2.134 RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL

The RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL structure contains information for a connection, including the GUID that identifies the connection, the NAP, and the PPP or the IKEv2 related data for the connection.

```
typedef struct _RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD dwConnectDuration;
   ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE dwInterfaceType;
   DWORD dwConnectionFlags;
   WCHAR wszInterfaceName[257];
   WCHAR wszUserName[257];
   WCHAR wszLogonDomain[16];
   WCHAR wszRemoteComputer[17];
```

```
GUID guid;
 RAS QUARANTINE STATE rasQuarState;
 FILETIME probationTime;
 DWORD dwBytesXmited;
 DWORD dwBytesRcved;
 DWORD dwFramesXmited;
 DWORD dwFramesRcved;
  DWORD dwCrcErr;
 DWORD dwTimeoutErr;
 DWORD dwAlignmentErr;
 DWORD dwHardwareOverrunErr;
 DWORD dwFramingErr;
  DWORD dwBufferOverrunErr;
 DWORD dwCompressionRatioIn;
 DWORD dwCompressionRatioOut;
 DWORD dwNumSwitchOvers;
 WCHAR wszRemoteEndpointAddress[65];
 WCHAR wszLocalEndpointAddress[65];
 PROJECTION INFO IDL 1 ProjectionInfo;
 ULONG hConnection;
 ULONG hInterface;
} RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL,
 *PRAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL;
```

Header: A MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130) whose revision field MUST be 0x01 and type field MUST be 0x01.

dwConnectDuration: Specifies the duration in seconds for which the current connection is active.

dwInterfaceType: Specifies a <u>ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE</u> (section 2.2.1.1.1) value specifying the interface type of the current connection.

dwConnectionFlags: Specifies certain attributes of the connection.

This member SHOULD<124> contain one of the following flags.

Value	Meaning
0x0000000	No flag is set.
RAS_FLAGS_PPP_CONNECTION 0x000000001	The connection is using the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP).
RAS_FLAGS_MESSENGER_PRESENT 0x00000002	The messenger service is active on the client and messages can be sent to the client using RRasAdminSendUserMessage (section 3.1.4.36).
RAS_FLAGS_QUARANTINE_PRESENT 0x00000008	The connection is currently in quarantine. See RRasAdministratorConnectionRemoveQuarantine (section 3 .1.4.43) for more information.
RAS_FLAGS_ARAP_CONNECTION 0x00000010	The connection is using the AppleTalk Remote Access Protocol (ARAP).
RAS_FLAGS_DORMANT 0x00000020	The connection is using the IKEv2 and the server is not reachable.

wszInterfaceName: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the interface for this connection.

wszUserName: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the user logged on to the connection.

- **wszLogonDomain:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the domain on which the connected user is authenticated.
- **wszRemoteComputer:** Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the remote computer.

guid: A GUID uniquely identifying the connection.

rasQuarState: Specifies the NAP quarantine state for the connection through the type <u>RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE (section 2.2.1.1.3)</u> that contains the quarantine state of this connection.

probationTime: Specifies the NAP probation time for the connection in UTC. This value is valid only
if the rasQuarState has a value of RAS_QUAR_STATE_PROBATION (see
 RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE).

dwBytesXmited: Specifies the bytes transmitted on the current connection.

dwBytesRcved: Specifies the bytes received on the current connection.

dwFramesXmited: Specifies the frames transmitted on the current connection.

dwFramesRcved: Specifies the frames received on the current connection.

dwCrcErr: Specifies the CRC errors on the current connection.

dwTimeoutErr: Specifies the time-out errors on the current connection.

dwAlignmentErr: Specifies the alignment errors on the current connection.

dwHardwareOverrunErr: Specifies the number of hardware-overrun errors on the current connection.

dwFramingErr: Specifies the number of framing errors for the current connection.

dwBufferOverrunErr: Specifies the number of buffer-overrun errors.

dwCompressionRatioIn: Specifies a percentage that indicates the degree to which data received on this connection is compressed. The ratio is the size of the compressed data divided by the size of the same data in an uncompressed state.

dwCompressionRatioOut: Specifies a percentage that indicates the degree to which data transmitted on this connection is compressed. The ratio is the size of the compressed data divided by the size of the same data in an uncompressed state.

dwNumSwitchOvers: Specifies the number of MOBIKE [RFC4555] switches that happened on the connection. Valid only if **dwConnectionFlags** is RAS FLAGS IKEV2 CONNECTION.

wszRemoteEndpointAddress: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that holds the remote computer's IP address for the connection. This string has the form a.b.c.d; for example, "10.102.235.84".

wszLocalEndpointAddress: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that holds the local computer's IP address for the connection. This string has the form a.b.c.d or a::1234; for example, "10.102.235.84" or 2ffe::1234.

ProjectionInfo: This is a <u>PROJECTION INFO IDL 1</u> structure.

hConnection: A handle to the connection.

hInterface: A handle to the interface.

2.2.1.2.135 RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL

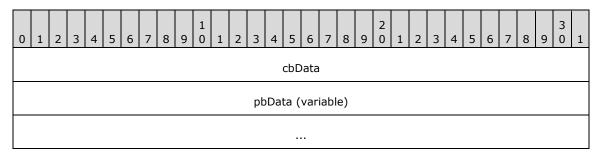
The RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL structure contains a placeholder for RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL (section 2.2.1.2.134). This structure is used in RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx (section 3.1.4.47).

```
typedef
union _RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL switch (UCHAR revision) ConnObject {
  case 1: RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL RasConnection1;
} RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL,
  *PRAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL;
```

RasConnection1: This MUST be the structure RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

2.2.1.2.136 CERT_BLOB_1

The CERT_BLOB_1 is a generic structure that contains x.509 [RFC2459] certificate information.

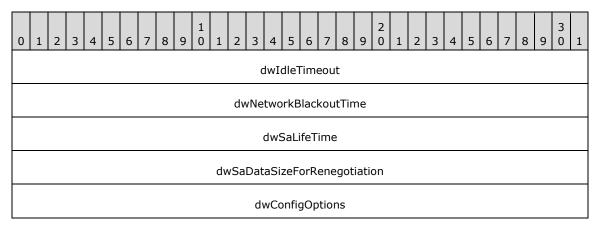


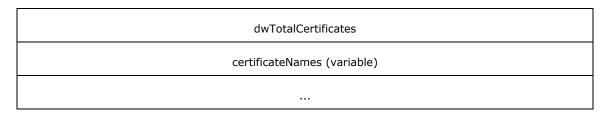
cbData (4 bytes): Size (in bytes) of the certificate information present in pbData.

pbData (variable): Pointer to the information of the certificate. This information depends on the structure in which this used. In IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 (section 2.2.1.2.137), IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 (section 2.2.1.2.239), or IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3 (section 2.2.1.2.247), this points to the subject name of the certificate. In SSTP CERT INFO 1, **pbData** contains a SHA-1 hash.

2.2.1.2.137 IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1

The IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 structure is used to get or set configured parameters for IKEv2 devices [RFC4306].<125>





- **dwIdleTimeout (4 bytes):** Duration, in seconds, after which the connection will be disconnected if there is no traffic. This value MUST be between 300 and 17,279,999.
- **dwNetworkBlackoutTime (4 bytes):** Retransmission timeout, in seconds, for IKEv2 Request packets [RFC4306]. IKEv2 expects a response for every request packet sent, this value specifies the time after which the connection is deleted incase response is not received. This value MUST be greater than or equal to 120.
- **dwSaLifeTime (4 bytes):** Lifetime of a security association (SA), in seconds, after which the SA is no longer valid [RFC4306]. This value MUST be between 300 and 17,279,999.
- **dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation (4 bytes):** Number of Kilobytes that are allowed to transfer using a SA. After that the SA will be renegotiated [RFC4306]. This value MUST be greater than or equal to 1024.

dwConfigOptions (4 bytes): Unused and MUST be set to 0.

dwTotalCertificates (4 bytes): Total number of certificates in member variable certificateNames.

certificateNames (variable): An array of CERT BLOB 1.

The IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 structure is used to get or set configured parameters for IKEv2 devices.<126>

```
typedef struct _IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 {
  DWORD dwNumPorts;
  DWORD dwPortFlags;
  DWORD dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
  IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 TunnelConfigParams;
} IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1,
*PIKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1;
```

dwNumPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on RRAS to accept IKEv2 connections. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<a href="mailto:<127">

dwPortFlags: Specifies the type of port configured on IKEv2 devices. Possible flags are:

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x00000001	Remote Access is enabled for IKEv2.

dwTunnelConfigParamFlags: SHOULD be set to 0x00000001 when sent and SHOULD be ignored on receipt.

TunnelConfigParams: IKEv2 tunnel related parameters. MUST be an IKEv2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 structure.

2.2.1.2.139 PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1

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The PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 structure is used to get or set the device configuration for PPTP on the RAS Server.<a href="mailto:server.<128"><128>

```
typedef struct _PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 {
  DWORD dwNumPorts;
  DWORD dwPortFlags;
} PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1,
  *PPPTP CONFIG_PARAMS_1;
```

dwNumPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on that (PPTP) device. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<a href="mailto:

dwPortFlags: Specifies the type of port configured on PPTP devices. The possible flags are.

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x000000001	PPTP is enabled to accept Remote Access client connection.
MPR_ENABLE_ROUTING_ON_DEVICE 0x000000002	PPTP is enabled to accept Demand dial connections.

2.2.1.2.140 L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1

The L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 structure is used to get or set the device configuration for L2TP on RAS Server.<130>

```
typedef struct L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
  DWORD dwNumPorts;
  DWORD dwPortFlags;
} L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1,
  *PL2TP CONFIG_PARAMS_1;
```

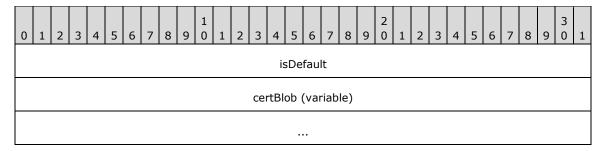
dwNumPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on the (L2TP) device. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<a href="mailto:<131"><131>

dwPortFlags: Specifies the type of port configured on L2TP devices. Possible flags are:

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE 0x00000001	L2TP is enabled to accept Remote Access client connection.
MPR_ENABLE_ROUTING_ON_DEVICE 0x000000002	L2TP is enabled to accept Demand dial connections.

2.2.1.2.141 SSTP_CERT_INFO_1

The SSTP_CERT_INFO_1 structure contains the subject name of the x.509 certificates that will be configured by the RRAS to be used in SSL/TLS negotiation as a part of the [MS-SSTP] protocol.<a href="mailto:sstple="



isDefault (4 bytes): This value specifies how the SSTP certificate hash values are configured. Possible values are:

Value	Meaning
TRUE	RRAS server chooses a certificate hash on its own automatically.
FALSE	The SSTP certificate hash values are configured by the administrator.

This value SHOULD be set to FALSE when sent. The RRAS server specifies TRUE for this value if administrator has not configured the certificate and default certificate selection logic is used. This value is FALSE if the administrator has configured the certificate.

certBlob (variable): This MUST be a <u>CERT_BLOB_1</u>. This contains the Certificate HASH Length and Certificate Hash. It accepts ONLY SHA256 HASH as the valid HASH. Thus, the value of the length field SHOULD always be 32 [RFC2459]. Specifying a value 0 for the cbData member of CERT_BLOB_1 removes the certificate configuration. In this case, RRAS server uses its default certificate selection logic.

2.2.1.2.142 SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1

The SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 structure is used to get or set the device configuration for SSTP on a RAS Server [MS-SSTP].<133>

```
typedef struct SSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
  DWORD dwNumPorts;
  DWORD dwPortFlags;
  BOOL isUseHttps;
  DWORD certAlgorithm;
  SSTP_CERT_INFO_1 sstpCertDetails;
} SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1,
*PSSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1;
```

dwNumPorts: Specifies the number of ports configured on that (SSTP) device. This value cannot exceed the server port limit.<a href="mailto:<134">

dwPortFlags: Specifies the type of port configured on SSTP devices. Possible flags are:

Value	Meaning
MPR_ENABLE_RAS_ON_DEVICE	Remote Access is enabled for SSTP.
0x00000001	

isUseHttps: MUST be set to TRUE if HTTPS used, MUST be set to FALSE if HTTPS is not used.

certAlgorithm: MUST be set to 0x0000800C.

sstpCertDetails: MUST be a <u>SSTP_CERT_INFO_1</u> structure.

2.2.1.2.143 MPR_SERVER_EX_1

The MPR_SERVER_EX_1 structure is used to get or set the configuration of a RAS server. <135>

```
typedef struct _MPR_SERVER_EX_1 {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD fLanOnlyMode;
   DWORD dwUpTime;
   DWORD dwTotalPorts;
   DWORD dwPortsInUse;
   DWORD Reserved;
   MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 ConfigParams;
} MPR_SERVER_EX_1,
   *PMPR_SERVER_EX_1;
```

Header: This specifies the version of the MPR_SERVER_EX_1 structure; and MUST be a MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130) whose revision field MUST be 0x01, and whose type field MUST be 0x02.

fLanOnlyMode: Specifies whether RRAS is running on the router. If TRUE, RRAS is not running as the router; if FALSE, RRAS is running as router.

dwUpTime: Specifies the elapsed time, in seconds, since the router was started.

dwTotalPorts: Specifies the number of ports on the system.

dwPortsInUse: Specifies the number of ports currently in use.

Reserved: Unused, MUST be set to 0.

ConfigParams: This MUST be a MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 structure.

2.2.1.2.144 MPR SERVER EX IDL

The MPR_SERVER_EX_IDL structure<136> is a placeholder for MPR_SERVER_EX_1 (section 2.2.1.2.143), MPR_SERVER_EX_2 (section 2.2.1.2.242), or MPR_SERVER_EX_3 (section 2.2.1.2.251).<137>

```
typedef
union _MPR_SERVER_EX_IDL switch (UCHAR revision) ServerConfigObject {
  case 1: MPR SERVER EX 1 ServerConfig1;
  case 2: MPR_SERVER_EX_2 ServerConfig2;
  case 3: MPR SERVER EX 3 ServerConfig3;
} MPR_SERVER_EX_IDL,
  *PMPR_SERVER_EX_IDL;
```

ServerConfig1: This MUST be an MPR_SERVER_EX_1 structure.

ServerConfig2: This MUST be an MPR_SERVER_EX_2 structure.

ServerConfig3: This MUST be an MPR_SERVER_EX_3 structure.

2.2.1.2.145 MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1

The MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 structure is used to get or set configuration of various tunnels on RAS server.<a href="mailto:<a href="mailto:server.serv

```
typedef struct _MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 {
   IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 IkeConfigParams;
```

```
PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 PptpConfigParams;
L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 L2tpConfigParams;
SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 SstpConfigParams;
} MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1,
*PMPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1;
```

IkeConfigParams: MUST be a <u>IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1</u> structure and is used to get or set IKEv2 tunnel parameters.

PptpConfigParams: MUST be a <u>PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1</u> structure and is used to get or set PPTP tunnel parameters.

L2tpConfigParams: MUST be a <u>L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1</u> structure and is used to get or set L2TP tunnel parameters.

SstpConfigParams: MUST be a <u>SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1</u> structure and is used to get or set SSTP tunnel parameters.

2.2.1.2.146 MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_1

The MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_1 structure is used to set the configuration parameters for the RRAS. <139>

```
typedef struct MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1 {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD setConfigForProtocols;
   MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 ConfigParams;
} MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1,
   *PMPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1;
```

Header: This MUST be MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130), the revision field MUST be 0x01, and the type field MUST be 0x03.

setConfigForProtocols: This MUST be one of the following values that specify the type of tunnel.

Value	Meaning
MPRAPI_SET_CONFIG_PROTOCOL_FOR_PPTP 0x00000001	PPTP device configuration parameters are present in the structure.
MPRAPI_SET_CONFIG_PROTOCOL_FOR_L2TP 0x000000002	L2TP device configuration parameters are present in the structure.
MPRAPI_SET_CONFIG_PROTOCOL_FOR_SSTP 0x00000004	SSTP device configuration parameters are present in the structure.
MPRAPI_SET_CONFIG_PROTOCOL_FOR_IKEV2 0x00000008	IKEv2 device configuration parameters are present in the structure.

ConfigParams: This MUST be a MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

2.2.1.2.147 MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_IDL

The MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_IDL structure is used to get or set configured parameters for PPTP, L2TP, SSTP, and IKEv2 devices.

```
typedef struct _MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_IDL switch (UCHAR revision)
ServerSetConfigObject {
  case 1: MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_1 ServerSetConfig1;
  case 2: MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2 ServerSetConfig2;
  case 3: MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3 ServerSetConfig3;
} MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_IDL,
  *PMPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_IDL;
```

ServerSetConfig1: This MUST be an MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1 structure.

ServerSetConfig2: This MUST be an MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 2 structure.

ServerSetConfig3: This MUST be an MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 3 structure.

2.2.1.2.148 RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL

The RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL structure contains information about the tunnel endpoint address on an IKEv2 connection.<140>

```
typedef struct _RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL {
   MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL Header;
   DWORD dwifindex;
   WCHAR wszRemoteEndpointAddress[65];
} RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL,
   *PRAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL;
```

Header: MUST be a MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL.

dwIfIndex: MUST be set to the index of the local interface to which the connections has to be switched and on which MOBIKE [RFC4555] is to be sent.

wszRemoteEndpointAddress: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string that holds the remote IP address to which connections has to be switched and on which MOBIKE is to be sent for the connection. This string has the form a.b.c.d in case of IPv4 address and a::b:c in case of IPv6; for example, "10.102.235.84" or "2001::a456".

2.2.1.2.149 RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_IDL

The RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_IDL is used to send the MOBIKE [RFC4555] on an IKEv2 connection. <141>

```
typedef
union RAS UPDATE CONNECTION IDL switch (UCHAR revision) UpdateConnection {
  case 1: RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL UpdateConnection1;
} RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_IDL,
  *PRAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_IDL;
```

UpdateConnection1: This MUST be an RAS UPDATE CONNECTION 1 IDL structure.

2.2.1.2.150 IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG

The IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG structure is used to set or retrieve global configuration for the IPBOOTP. This is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG {
  DWORD GC_LoggingLevel;
  DWORD GC_MaxRecvQueueSize;
  DWORD GC_ServerCount;
} IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG,
*PIPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG;
```

GC_LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG 0x00000000	No Logging is done.
IPBOOTP_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
IPBOOTP_LOGGING_WARN 0x00000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
IPBOOTP_LOGGING_INFO 0x00000003	Errors, warnings, and information are logged.

GC_MaxRecvQueueSize: Specifies the maximum size in bytes of messages in the receive queue while processing.

GC_ServerCount: The number of BOOTP server IP addresses.

2.2.1.2.151 IPBOOTP_IF_CONFIG

The IPBOOTP_IF_CONFIG structure is used to set or retrieve the per-interface configuration. This is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo

All IP address are in network order.

```
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_IF_CONFIG {
   DWORD IC_State;
   DWORD IC_melayMode;
   DWORD IC MaxHopCount;
   DWORD IC_MinSecondsSinceBoot;
} IPBOOTP_IF_CONFIG,
*PIPBOOTP IF CONFIG;
```

IC_State: Contains the status of the IPBOOTP. This member is read only.

Value	Meaning
IPBOOTP_STATE_ENABLED 0x00000001	The interface is enabled.
IPBOOTP_STATE_BOUND 0x00000002	The socket is bound and can listen to the IP BOOTP packets [RFC1542].

IC_RelayMode: Contains the IPBOOTP relay mode status. It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPBOOTP_RELAY_DISABLED 0x00000000	The relay is configured.
IPBOOTP_RELAY_ENABLED 0x00000001	The relay is not configured.

- **IC_MaxHopCount:** The maximum number of DHCP relay agents that will handle the DHCP relayed traffic. It MUST be less than 17.
- **IC_MinSecondsSinceBoot:** The number of seconds the relay agent waits before forwarding the DHCP messages; no validation is done while setting this value.

2.2.1.2.152 IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA

The IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA structure is passed as input data for RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
  DWORD IMGID_TypeID;
  DWORD IMGID_IfIndex;
} IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA,
  *PIPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
```

IMGID_TypeID: This MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG_ID 0x000000000	The global configuration for the IPBOOTP.
IPBOOTP_IF_STATS_ID 0x00000001	The per-interface statistics.
IPBOOTP_IF_CONFIG_ID 0x00000002	The per-interface configuration.
IPBOOTP_IF_BINDING_ID 0x00000003	The IP addresses to which each interface is bound.

IMGID_IfIndex: The index of the interface.

2.2.1.2.153 IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA

The IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA structure is passed as output data for RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.2.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.2.4.32).

Note At the end of a table RMIBEntryGetNext wraps to the next table.

```
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA {
  DWORD IMGOD_TypeID;
  DWORD IMGOD_IfIndex;
```

```
BYTE IMGOD_Buffer;
} IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA,
*PIPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA;
```

IMGOD_TypeID: It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG_ID 0x000000000	The global configuration for the IPBOOTP, IPBOOTP GLOBAL CONFIG
IPBOOTP_IF_STATS_ID 0x00000001	The per interface statistics, <u>IPBOOTP_IF_STATS</u>
IPBOOTP_IF_CONFIG_ID 0x00000002	IPBOOTP IF CONFIG
IPBOOTP_IF_BINDING_ID 0x00000003	The IP addresses to which each interface is bound, IPBOOTP IF BINDING .

IMGOD_IfIndex: The index of the interface.

IMGOD_Buffer: One of the structures in the previous table based on **IMGOD_TypeID**.

2.2.1.2.154 IPBOOTP_IF_STATS

The IPBOOTP_IF_STATS structure is an MIB entry, stores per interface statistics for the IPBOOTP. All of the IP addresses are in network order. This structure is read-only.

```
typedef struct IPBOOTP IF STATS {
   DWORD IS_State;
   DWORD IS_SendFailures;
   DWORD IS ReceiveFailures;
   DWORD IS ArpUpdateFailures;
   DWORD IS RequestsReceived;
   DWORD IS_RequestsDiscarded;
   DWORD IS_RepliesReceived;
   DWORD IS_RepliesReceived;
   DWORD IS_RepliesDiscarded;
} IPBOOTP_IF_STATS;
```

IS_State: Contains status of the IPBOOTP. This member is read-only.

Value	Meaning
IPBOOTP_STATE_ENABLED 0x00000001	The interface is enabled.
IPBOOTP_STATE_BOUND 0x00000002	The socket is bound and can listen to the IPBOOTP packets [RFC1542] .

IS_SendFailures: The number of relay messages that could not be sent.

IS_ReceiveFailures: The number of times errors were encountered in receiving relay messages.

IS_ArpUpdateFailures: The number of times errors were encountered while updating the ARP cache.

- **IS_RequestsReceived:** The number of IP BOOTP requests received.
- **IS_RequestsDiscarded:** The number of IP BOOTP requests discarded.
- **IS_RepliesReceived:** The number of IP BOOTP replies received.
- **IS_RepliesDiscarded:** The number of IP BOOTP replies discarded.

2.2.1.2.155 IPBOOTP_IF_BINDING

In the IPBOOTP_IF_BINDING structure, the MIB entry contains the table of IP addresses to which each interface is bound. All of the IP addresses are in network order. The base structure contains the field IB_AddrCount, which gives the number of IP addresses to which the indexed interface is bound. The IP addresses themselves follow the base structure and are given as IPBOOTP_IP_ADDRESS (section 2.2.1.2.156) structures.

```
typedef struct IPBOOTP IF BINDING {
  DWORD IB_State;
  DWORD IB_AddrCount;
} IPBOOTP IF BINDING,
  *PIPBOOTP IF BINDING;
```

IB_State: The state of the IPBOOTP. It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPBOOTP_STATE_ENABLED 0x00000001	The interface is enabled.
IPBOOTP_STATE_BOUND 0x000000002	The socket is bound and can listen to the IP BOOTP packets [RFC1542].

IB AddrCount: The number of IP addresses to which the indexed interface is bound.

2.2.1.2.156 IPBOOTP_IP_ADDRESS

The IPBOOTP_IP_ADRRESS structure is used for storing interface bindings. A series of structures of this type follows the IPBOOTP_IF_BINDING structure. Both fields are IP address fields in network order.

```
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_IP_ADDRESS {
   DWORD IA_Address;
   DWORD IA Netmask;
} IPBOOTP IP ADDRESS,
   *PIPBOOTP_IP_ADDRESS;
```

IA_Address: The IP address in network byte order.

IA_Netmask: The network mask in network byte order. See [RFC950].

2.2.1.2.157 DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA

The DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA structure is passed as output data for RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA {
```

```
DWORD IMGOD_TypeID;

DWORD IMGOD_IfIndex;

BYTE IMGOD_Buffer[1];

} DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA,

*PDHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA;
```

IMGOD_TypeID: It MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
DHCPV6R_IF_STATS_ID	The interface statistics data,
0x00000001	<u>DHCPV6R IF STATS (section 2.2.1.2.159)</u> , is specified in the location that starts with IMGOD_Buffer.

IMGOD_IfIndex: The index of the interface.

IMGOD_Buffer: This specifies the output data corresponding to the type specified by IMGOD TypeID.

2.2.1.2.158 DHCPV6R_GLOBAL_CONFIG

The DHCPV6R_GLOBAL_CONFIG structure contains the global configuration of the DHCPV6 Relay Agent. This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

This structure is variable length, after the base structure there will be an array of GC_ServerCount in6_addr, each of which contains an IPv6 address of a DHCP server to which packets will be sent. All IPv6 address fields MUST be in network order.

```
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_GLOBAL_CONFIG {
  DWORD GC_LoggingLevel;
  DWORD GC MaxRecvQueueSize;
  DWORD GC_ServerCount;
} DHCPV6R_GLOBAL_CONFIG,
  *PDHCPV6R_GLOBAL_CONFIG;
```

GC_LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
DHCPV6R_LOGGING_NONE 0x00000000	No logging is done.
DHCPV6R_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
DHCPV6R_LOGGING_WARN 0x00000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
DHCPV6R_LOGGING_INFO 0x00000003	Errors, warnings, and information are logged.

GC_MaxRecvQueueSize: Specifies the maximum size in bytes of messages in the receive queue while processing

GC_ServerCount: The number of the IPv6 addresses of DHCP servers.

2.2.1.2.159 DHCPV6R_IF_STATS

The DHCPV6R_IF_STATS structure stores per interface statistics for the DHCPv6 relay agent. This structure is read-only. This structure is part of DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA (section 2.2.1.2.157).

```
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_IF_STATS {
  DWORD IS_State;
  DWORD IS_SendFailures;
  DWORD IS ReceiveFailures;
  DWORD IS_RequestsReceived;
  DWORD IS_RequestsDiscarded;
  DWORD IS_RepliesReceived;
  DWORD IS_RepliesReceived;
  DWORD IS_RepliesDiscarded;
} DHCPV6R_IF_STATS,
*PDHCPV6R IF_STATS;
```

IS_State: Contains the status of the DHCPv6 relay agent. This member is read-only and MUST be a combination of one or more of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
DHCPV6R_STATE_ENABLED 0x00000001	The interface is enabled.
DHCPV6R_STATE_BOUND 0x000000002	The socket is bound and can listen to the DHCPv6 relay agent packets [RFC3315].

- **IS_SendFailures:** The number of relay messages that could not be sent.
- IS_ReceiveFailures: The number of times errors were encountered while receiving relay messages.
- **IS_RequestsReceived:** The number of DHCPV6 relay requests received.
- **IS_RequestsDiscarded:** The number of DHCPV6 relay requests discarded.
- **IS_RepliesReceived:** The number of DHCPV6 relay replies received.
- **IS_RepliesDiscarded:** The number of DHCPV6 relay replies discarded.

2.2.1.2.160 DHCPV6R_IF_CONFIG

The DHCPV6R_IF_CONFIG structure is an MIB entry and describes the per-interface configuration. The field **IC_State** is read-only. This structure is used in

DHCPV6R MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.161) and DHCPV6R MIB GET OUTPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.157).

```
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_IF_CONFIG {
  DWORD IC_State;
  DWORD IC RelayMode;
  DWORD IC_MaxHopCount;
  DWORD IC_MinSecondsSinceBoot;
} DHCPV6R_IF_CONFIG,
*PDHCPV6R IF CONFIG;
```

IC_State: Contains the status of the DHCPV6 relay. This member is read-only and MUST be a combination of one or more of the following flags:

Value	Meaning
DHCPV6R_STATE_ENABLED 0x00000001	The interface is enabled
DHCPV6R_STATE_BOUND 0x000000002	The socket is bound and can listen to the DHCPv6 relay agent packets [RFC3315].

IC_RelayMode: Contains the DHCPV6 relay mode status. It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
DHCPV6R_RELAY_DISABLED 0x000000000	The relay is configured.
DHCPV6R_RELAY_ENABLED 0x000000001	The relay is not configured.

- **IC_MaxHopCount:** The maximum number of DHCPv6 relay agents that will handle the DHCPv6 relayed traffic. It MUST be less than 33.
- **IC_MinSecondsSinceBoot:** The number of seconds the relay agent waits before forwarding the DHCPv6 messages.

2.2.1.2.161 DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA

The DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA structure is passed as input for RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).

```
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
   DWORD IMGID_TypeID;
   DWORD IMGID_IfIndex;
} DHCPV6R MIB GET INPUT DATA,
   *PDHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
```

IMGID_TypeID: This MUST be one of the following.

aning
erface statistics data

IMGID_IfIndex: The index of the interface for which Get has to be performed.

2.2.1.2.162 IPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA

The IPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA structure is passed as input data for RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32). All of the IP addresses MUST be in network order.

```
typedef struct IPRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA {
   DWORD IMGID_TypeID;
   union {
     DWORD IMGID_IfIndex;
     DWORD IMGID_PeerAddress;
   };
```

```
} IPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA,
 *PIPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
```

IMGID_TypeID: This MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_GLOBAL_STATS_ID 0x00000000	The global statistics for the Microsoft Internet Protocol Routing Information Protocol (IPRIP).
IPRIP_GLOBAL_CONFIG_ID 0x00000001	The global configuration for the IPRIP.
IPRIP_IF_STATS_ID 0x00000002	The per-interface statistics for the IPRIP.
IPRIP_IF_CONFIG_ID 0x00000003	The per-interface configuration.
IPRIP_IF_BINDING_ID 0x00000004	The table of IP addresses to which each interface is bound.
IPRIP_PEER_STATS_ID 0x00000005	The statistics kept about neighboring routers.

(unnamed union): The interface index or peer IP address for which data specified by IMGID_TypeID needs to be retrieved.

2.2.1.2.163 IPRIP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA

The IPRIP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA structure is populated by <u>RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)</u>, <u>RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31)</u>, and <u>RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32)</u>.

```
typedef struct _IPRIP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA {
   DWORD IMGOD TypeID;
   union {
      DWORD IMGID_IfIndex;
      DWORD IMGID_PeerAddress;
   };
   BYTE IMGOD_Buffer[1];
} IPRIP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA,
   *PIPRIP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA;
```

IMGOD_TypeID: This MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_GLOBAL_STATS_ID 0x00000000	The global statistics for the IP RIP, IPRIP GLOBAL STATS (section 2.2.1.2.164).
IPRIP_GLOBAL_CONFIG_ID 0x00000001	The global configuration for the IP RIP, IPRIP GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.165).
IPRIP_IF_STATS_ID 0x00000002	The per-interface statistics for the IP RIP, IPRIP IF STATS (section 2.2.1.2.166).
IPRIP_IF_CONFIG_ID	The per-interface configuration,

Value	Meaning
0x00000003	IPRIP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.167).
IPRIP_IF_BINDING_ID 0x00000004	The table of IP addresses to which each interface is bound, IPRIP IF BINDING (section 2.2.1.2.169).
IPRIP_PEER_STATS_ID 0x00000005	The statistics kept about neighboring routers, IPRIP PEER STATS (section 2.2.1.2.171).

(unnamed union): The interface index or peer IP address for which data specified by IMGOD_TypeID needs to be retrieved.

IMGOD_Buffer: One of the structures in the previous table based on the **IMGOD_TypeID**.

2.2.1.2.164 IPRIP_GLOBAL_STATS

The IPRIP_GLOBAL_STATS structure contains global statistics for the IP RIP. There is only one instance, so this entry has no index. This structure is read-only. This structure is used in IPRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.162) and IPRIP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.163).

```
typedef struct _IPRIP_GLOBAL_STATS {
  DWORD GS SystemRouteChanges;
  DWORD GS_TotalResponsesSent;
} IPRIP_GLOBAL_STATS,
  *PIPRIP_GLOBAL_STATS;
```

GS_SystemRouteChanges: The number of global route changes due to the IPRIP.

GS_TotalResponsesSent: The count of global RIP responses sent.

2.2.1.2.165 IPRIP_GLOBAL_CONFIG

The IPRIP_GLOBAL_CONFIG structure contains global configuration for the IPRIP. This structure is used in IPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA (section 2.2.1.2.162), and the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo

There is only one instance of this entry in the MIB. Following it is an array of **GC_PeerFilterCount** DWORDs, each of which contains an IP address which is a peer which will be accepted or rejected depending on the value of **GC_PeerFilterMode**. If the **GC_PeerFilterMode** is set to IPRIP_FILTER_EXCLUDE, routes will be rejected which come from the routers whose addresses are in the peer array, and all other routers will be accepted.

Likewise, if the **GC_PeerFilterMode** is set to IPRIP_FILTER_INCLUDE, routes will be only be accepted if they are from the routers in the peer array.

```
typedef struct _IPRIP_GLOBAL_CONFIG {
   DWORD GC LoggingLevel;
   DWORD GC MaxRecvQueueSize;
   DWORD GC MaxSendQueueSize;
   DWORD GC MinTriggeredUpdateInterval;
   DWORD GC_PeerFilterMode;
   DWORD GC_PeerFilterCount;
} IPRIP GLOBAL CONFIG,
```

GC_LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. This MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_LOGGING_NONE 0x00000000	No logging is done.
IPRIP_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
IPRIP_LOGGING_WARN 0x00000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
IPRIP_LOGGING_INFO 0x00000003	Errors, warnings, and information is logged.

- **GC_MaxRecvQueueSize:** The maximum queue size of outstanding RIP messages that need to be processed.
- **GC_MaxSendQueueSize:** The maximum queue size for outstanding RIP messages that have been sent out.
- **GC_MinTriggeredUpdateInterval:** The minimum amount of time router waits before it sends triggered updates.
- **GC_PeerFilterMode:** Specifies whether route changes from all the IP addresses are accepted. It MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_FILTER_DISABLED 0x000000000	Updates from all the IP addresses are accepted.
IPRIP_FILTER_INCLUDE 0x00000001	Updates only from the IP addresses specified in this structure after GC_PeerFilterCount are accepted.
IPRIP_FILTER_EXCLUDE 0x000000002	Ignores updates from the IP addresses specified in this structure after GC_PeerFilterCount.

GC_PeerFilterCount: The number of IP addresses in this structure after this field.

2.2.1.2.166 **IPRIP_IF_STATS**

The IPRIP_IF_STATS structure contains per-interface statistics for the IPRIP. This structure is read-only. This structure is used in <u>IPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA (section 2.2.1.2.162)</u> and <u>IPRIP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA (section 2.2.1.2.163)</u>.

```
typedef struct _IPRIP_IF_STATS {
  DWORD IS_State;
  DWORD IS_SendFailures;
  DWORD IS_ReceiveFailures;
  DWORD IS RequestsSent;
  DWORD IS_RequestsReceived;
  DWORD IS_ResponsesSent;
  DWORD IS_ResponsesReceived;
```

```
DWORD IS_BadResponsePacketsReceived;
DWORD IS_BadResponseEntriesReceived;
DWORD IS_TriggeredUpdatesSent;
} IPRIP_IF_STATS,
*PIPRIP IF_STATS;
```

IS_State: The IP RIP state on the interface. It MUST be a combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_STATE_ENABLED 0x00000001	IP RIP is enabled.
IPRIP_STATE_BOUND 0x00000002	The socket is bound.

IS_SendFailures: The number of send failures on the interface.

IS_ReceiveFailures: The number of receive failures on the interface.

IS_RequestsSent: The number of requests sent on the interface.

IS_RequestsReceived: The number of requests received on the interface.

IS_ResponsesSent: The number of responses sent on the interface.

IS_ResponsesReceived: The number of responses received on the interface.

IS_BadResponsePacketsReceived: The number of bad response packets received.

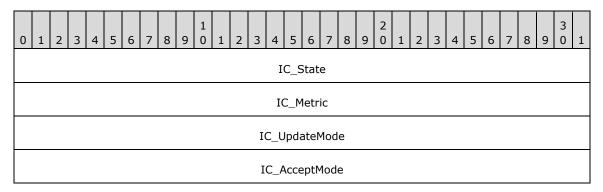
IS_BadResponseEntriesReceived: The number of bad response entries received.

IS_TriggeredUpdatesSent: The number of triggered updates sent.

2.2.1.2.167 **IPRIP_IF_CONFIG**

The IPRIP_IF_CONFIG structure contains the per-interface configuration. This structure is used in IPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA (section 2.2.1.2.162), and the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.2.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)



IC_AnnounceMode		
IC_ProtocolFlags		
IC_RouteExpi	irationInterval	
IC_RouteRen	novalInterval	
IC_FullUpd	lateInterval	
IC_Authent	icationType	
IC_Authenticatio	onKey (16 bytes)	
IC_RouteTag	IC_Padding	
IC_Unicas	tPeerMode	
IC_Accept	FilterMode	
IC_AnnounceFilterMode		
IC_UnicastPeerCount		
IC_AcceptFilterCount		
IC_Announc	reFilterCount	
IC_UnicastPeer (variable)		
IC_AcceptFilter (variable)		
IC_AnnounceFilter (variable)		

IC_State (4 bytes): Specifies the IP RIP state on the interface. This field MUST be read-only and MUST be ignored if modified. It MUST be a combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_STATE_ENABLED	The IP RIP is enabled.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	
IPRIP_STATE_BOUND 0x00000002	The socket is bound.

IC_Metric (4 bytes): Specifies the metric of the interface.

IC_UpdateMode (4 bytes): Specifies whether the update mode is periodic or on demand.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_UPDATE_PERIODIC 0x00000000	The RIP updates are done periodically.
IPRIP_UPDATE_DEMAND 0x00000001	The RIP updates are done only when there is change.

IC_AcceptMode (4 bytes): Specifies the type of routes that are accepted.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_ACCEPT_DISABLED 0x00000000	Does not accept routes.
IPRIP_ACCEPT_RIP1 0x00000001	Accepts RIPv1 routes.
IPRIP_ACCEPT_RIP1_COMPAT 0x000000002	Accepts RIPv1 compatible routes (RIPv1 was designed to be compatible with future versions of the RIP. If a RIPv1 router receives a message and if the RIP version indicated in the RIP header is not 1, the RIPv1 router does not discard the RIP announcement, but instead processes only the RIPv1 defined fields.)
IPRIP_ACCEPT_RIP2 0x00000003	Accepts RIPv2 routes. See [RFC1723].

IC_AnnounceMode (4 bytes): Specifies the type of routes that are announced.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_ANNOUNCE_DISABLED 0x000000000	Does not announce routes.
IPRIP_ANNOUNCE_RIP1 0x00000001	Announces RIPv1 routes.
IPRIP_ANNOUNCE_RIP1_COMPAT 0x000000002	Accepts RIPv1 compatible routes. (RIPv1 was designed to be compatible with future versions of the RIP. If a RIPv1 router receives a message and if the RIP version indicated in the RIP header is not 1, the RIPv1 router does not discard the RIP announcement, but instead processes only the RIPv1 defined fields.)
IPRIP_ANNOUNCE_RIP2 0x00000003	Announces RIPv2 routes. See [RFC1723].

IC_ProtocolFlags (4 bytes): Specifies which routes are included or excluded from RIP announcements.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_FLAG_ACCEPT_HOST_ROUTES 0x00000000	Specifies whether host routes in received RIP announcements are accepted.
IPRIP_FLAG_ANNOUNCE_HOST_ROUTES 0x00000002	Specifies whether host routes are included in RIP announcements.
IPRIP_FLAG_ACCEPT_DEFAULT_ROUTES 0x00000004	Specifies whether host routes are included in RIP announcements.
IPRIP_FLAG_ANNOUNCE_DEFAULT_ROUTES 0x00000008	Specifies whether default routes are included in RIP announcements.
IPRIP_FLAG_SPLIT_HORIZON 0x00000010	Enables split-horizon processing. Specifies whether routes learned on a network are not announced in RIP announcements sent on that network.
IPRIP_FLAG_POISON_REVERSE 0x00000020	Enables the poison-reverse processing. Specifies whether routes learned on a network are announced with a metric of 16 (unreachable) in RIP announcements sent on that network.
IPRIP_FLAG_GRACEFUL_SHUTDOWN 0x00000040	Sends cleanup updates when shutting down. Specifies whether, if the RIP is stopping on this interface, the RIP sends an announcement with all routes that are marked with a metric of 15. This enables neighboring routers to immediately update their routing tables to indicate that the routes available through the router that is stopping are no longer reachable.
IPRIP_FLAG_TRIGGERED_UPDATES 0x00000080	Enables triggered updates processing. Specifies whether new routes and metric changes trigger an immediate update that includes only the changes. This is called a triggered update.
IPRIP_FLAG_OVERWRITE_STATIC_ROUTES 0x00000100	Overwrites the static routes on the interface.
IPRIP_FLAG_NO_SUBNET_SUMMARY 0x00000200	Specifies that subnet routes are not summarized in the form of the class-based network ID when announced on a network that is not a subnet of the class-based network ID. By default, subnet summarization is disabled.

- **IC_RouteExpirationInterval (4 bytes):** The lifetime (in seconds) of a route that is learned through the RIP before it expires.
- **IC_RouteRemovalInterval (4 bytes):** The amount of time (in seconds) after which a RIP-learned route that has expired is removed from the routing table.
- IC_FullUpdateInterval (4 bytes): The number of seconds between full RIP updates.
- IC_AuthenticationType (4 bytes): One of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_AUTHTYPE_NONE 0x00000001	No authentication is used.
IPRIP_AUTHTYPE_SIMPLE_PASSWORD	Password authentication is used. Plain comparison of text is made.

Value	Meaning
0x00000002	
IPRIP_AUTHTYPE_MD5 0x00000003	This is unused.

- **IC_AuthenticationKey (16 bytes):** The authentication data being sent depending on IC_AuthenticationType. This MUST be a write-only field and MUST be ignored on receive.
- **IC_RouteTag (2 bytes):** A tag number for the routes advertised on this interface. Use this option if to have all packets sent over this interface to include a tag in RIP version 2 announcements. See [RFC1723].
- IC_Padding (2 bytes): This is a padding field and MUST be set to 0 and ignored on receive.
- IC_UnicastPeerMode (4 bytes): This MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_PEER_DISABLED 0x00000000	RIP packets will not be sent to peers.
IPRIP_PEER_ALSO 0x00000001	RIP packets will be sent to peers, as well as being sent via broadcast or multicast.
IPRIP_PEER_ONLY 0x00000002	RIP packets will only be sent to the peers specified in the structure.

IC_AcceptFilterMode (4 bytes): This MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_FILTER_DISABLED 0x00000000	Updates from all IP addresses are accepted.
IPRIP_FILTER_INCLUDE 0x00000001	Updates are only accepted from the IP addresses specified by the IC_AcceptFilter.
IPRIP_FILTER_EXCLUDE 0x00000002	Ignores updates from the IP addresses specified by the IC_AcceptFilter.

IC_AnnounceFilterMode (4 bytes): This MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_FILTER_DISABLED 0x000000000	Updates from all IP addresses are accepted.
IPRIP_FILTER_INCLUDE 0x00000001	Updates are only accepted from IP addresses specified by the IC_AnnounceFilter.
IPRIP_FILTER_EXCLUDE 0x000000002	Ignores updates from the IP addresses specified by the IC_AnnounceFilter.

IC_UnicastPeerCount (4 bytes): The number of peer IP addresses specified in IC_UnicastPeer
array.

- IC_AcceptFilterCount (4 bytes): The number of accept filters specified in IC_AcceptFilter.
- IC_AnnounceFilterCount (4 bytes): The number of announce filters specified in IC_AnnounceFilter.
- **IC_UnicastPeer (variable):** This specifies an array of IPv4 address of the peers in network byte order. The array MUST have **IC_UnicastPeerCount** number of elements in it.
- **IC_AcceptFilter (variable):** This specifies an array of <u>IPRIP ROUTE FILTER (section 2.2.1.2.168)</u> entries. The array MUST have **IC_AcceptFilterCount** number of elements in it. The default filter action to be applied for these filters is specified by **IC_AcceptFilterMode**.
- **IC_AnnounceFilter (variable):** This specifies an array of IPRIP_ROUTE_FILTER (section 2.2.1.2.168) entries. The array MUST have **IC_AnnounceFilterCount** number of elements in it. The default filter action to be applied for these filters is specified by **IC_AnnounceFilterMode**.

2.2.1.2.168 IPRIP_ROUTE_FILTER

The **IPRIP_ROUTE_FILTER** structure is used to specify a route filter for use in the **IC_AcceptFilter** and **IC AnnounceFilter** fields of the **IPRIP** IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.167) structure.

```
typedef struct _IPRIP_ROUTE_FILTER {
  DWORD RF_LoAddress;
  DWORD RF_HiAddress;
} IPRIP_ROUTE_FILTER,
  *PIPRIP_ROUTE_FILTER;
```

RF_LoAddress: The starting IPv4 address of the route filter specified in network byte order.

RF_HiAddress: The ending IPv4 address of the route filter specified in network byte order.

2.2.1.2.169 IPRIP_IF_BINDING

The IPRIP_IF_BINDING structure is an MIB entry that contains the table of IP addresses to which each interface is bound. This structure is used in IPRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.162) and IPRIP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.163).

All IP addresses are in network order. This structure is variable length.

The base structure contains the field **IB_AddrCount**, which gives the number of IP addresses to which the indexed interface is bound. The IP addresses themselves follow the base structure and are given as <u>IPRIP_IP_ADDRESS</u> (section 2.2.1.2.170) structures. This MIB entry is read-only.

```
typedef struct _IPRIP_IF_BINDING {
  DWORD IB_State;
  DWORD IB AddrCount;
} IPRIP_IF_BINDING,
  *PIPRIP_IF_BINDING;
```

IB_State: The IP RIP state on the interface. It MUST be a combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPRIP_STATE_ENABLED 0x00000001	The IP RIP is enabled.
IPRIP_STATE_BOUND	The socket is bound.

Value	Meaning
0x00000002	

IB_AddrCount: The number of IPRIP_IP_ADDRESS structures present at the end of this structure.

2.2.1.2.170 IPRIP IP ADDRESS

The IPRIP_IP_ADDRESS structure is used for storing interface bindings. A series of structures of this type follows the <u>IPRIP_IF_BINDING</u> (section 2.2.1.2.169) structure. This structure is used in IPRIP_IF_BINDING. Both fields are IP address fields in network-order.

```
typedef struct _IPRIP_IP_ADDRESS {
  DWORD IA Address;
  DWORD IA_Netmask;
} IPRIP IP ADDRESS,
  *PIPRIP IP ADDRESS;
```

IA_Address: The IP address.

IA_Netmask: The net mask. See [RFC950].

2.2.1.2.171 IPRIP_PEER_STATS

The IPRIP_PEER_STATS structure is an MIB entry that describes the statistics kept about neighboring routers. All IP addresses are in network order. This structure is read-only. This structure is used in IPRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.162) and IPRIP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA (section 2.2.1.2.163).

```
typedef struct IPRIP PEER STATS {
   DWORD PS_LastPeerRouteTag;
   DWORD PS_LastPeerUpdateTickCount;
   DWORD PS_LastPeerUpdateVersion;
   DWORD PS_BadResponsePacketsFromPeer;
   DWORD PS_BadResponseEntriesFromPeer;
} IPRIP_PEER_STATS,
   *IPRIP_PEER_STATS;
```

PS_LastPeerRouteTag: The route tag last received from the peer.

PS_LastPeerUpdateTickCount: The number of updates received from peer.

PS_LastPeerUpdateVersion: The RIP version of the last update received from peer.

PS_BadResponsePacketsFromPeer: The number of bad response packets received from peer.

PS_BadResponseEntriesFromPeer: The number of bad entries in responses received from peer.

2.2.1.2.172 IGMP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA

The IGMP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA structure is passed as input data for RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32). All IP addresses MUST be in network order.

```
typedef struct IGMP MIB GET INPUT DATA {
  DWORD TypeID;
  USHORT Flags;
  USHORT Signature;
```

```
DWORD IfIndex;
DWORD RasClientAddr;
DWORD GroupAddr;
DWORD Count;
} IGMP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA,
*PIGMP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
```

TypeID: Specifies the type of entry being requested. It MUST be one of the following, otherwise an error is returned.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_IF_STATS_ID 0x00000004	The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) statistics for an interface. If TypeID is set to this value, Count MUST be non-zero.
IGMP_IF_GROUPS_LIST_ID 0x00000005	The list of multicast group members on an interface. If TypeID is set to this value, Count MUST be non-zero.
IGMP_GROUP_IFS_LIST_ID 0x00000006	The list of interfaces joined for a group. If TypeID is set to this value, Count MUST be non-zero and GroupAddr MUST match a valid existing IGMP group address.
IGMP_PROXY_IF_INDEX_ID 0x00000007	Returns the index of the interface owned by the IGMP proxy. RMIBEntryGetNext is invalid as there is only one proxy interface and ERROR_NO_MORE_ITEMS is returned.

Flags: This MUST be one of the following combinations, otherwise an error is returned.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_ENUM_FOR_RAS_CLIENTS 0x00000001	Enumerate for RAS clients only.
IGMP_ENUM_ONE_ENTRY 0x00000002	Return only one interface group entry.
IGMP_ENUM_ALL_INTERFACES_GROUPS 0x00000004	Enumerate all interfaces. If enumeration reaches end of an interface, it will go to the next interface.
IGMP_ENUM_ALL_TABLES 0x00000010	Enumerate all tables.
IGMP_ENUM_SUPPORT_FORMAT_IGMPV3 0x00000010	Set if IGMPv3 is supported.

Signature: This MUST be set to zero.

IfIndex: The index of the interface for which information needs to be retrieved.

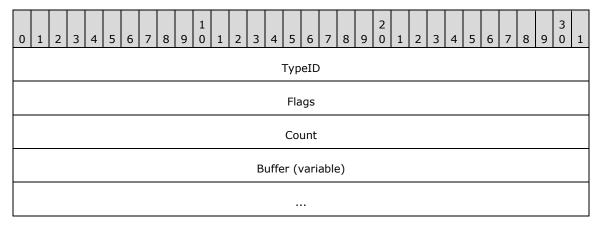
RasClientAddr: The address of the RAS client for which information needs to be retrieved.

GroupAddr: The IGMP group address for which information needs to be retrieved.

Count: The count of entries that need to be retrieved.

2.2.1.2.173 IGMP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA

The IGMP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA structure is written into the output data on calling RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32).



TypeID (4 bytes): Specifies the type of entry being populated.

Value	Meaning	
IGMP_IF_STATS_ID 0x00000004	Returns the statistics for an interface, see <u>IGMP MIB IF STATS</u> for more details.	
IGMP_IF_GROUPS_LIST_ID 0x00000005	Returns the list of multicast group members on an interface, IGMP MIB IF GROUPS LIST .	
IGMP_GROUP_IFS_LIST_ID 0x00000006	Returns the list of interfaces joined for that group, IGMP MIB GROUP IFS LIST.	
IGMP_PROXY_IF_INDEX_ID 0x00000007	Returns the index of interface owned by the IGMP proxy.	

Flags (4 bytes): This MUST be a combination of the following flags.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_ENUM_FOR_RAS_CLIENTS 0x00000001	Enumerate for RAS clients only.
IGMP_ENUM_ONE_ENTRY 0x00000002	Returns only one interface group entry.
IGMP_ENUM_ALL_INTERFACES_GROUPS 0x00000004	Enumerate all interfaces. If the enumeration reaches the end of an interface, it will go to the next interface.
IGMP_ENUM_ALL_TABLES 0x00000010	Enumerate all tables.
IGMP_ENUM_SUPPORT_FORMAT_IGMPV3 0x00000010	Set if IGMPv3 is supported.
IGMP_ENUM_INTERFACE_TABLE_BEGIN 0x00000100	Indicates the beginning of the table.
IGMP_ENUM_INTERFACE_TABLE_CONTINUE	The enumeration for the interface has to continue.

Value	Meaning
0x00000200	
IGMP_ENUM_INTERFACE_TABLE_END 0x00000400	End of the enumeration for the interface.
IGMP_ENUM_FORMAT_IGMPV3 0x00001000	A set of IGMPv3 information is present.

Count (4 bytes): The number of entries being returned.

Buffer (variable): One of the structures specified previously depending on the TypeId.

2.2.1.2.174 IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_CONFIG

The IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_CONFIG structure contains the global configuration for the IGMP. This structure is used in the following methods.

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (Opnum 9)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (Opnum 10)

```
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_CONFIG {
  DWORD Version;
  DWORD LoggingLevel;
} IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_CONFIG,
  *IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_CONFIG;
```

Version: It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_VERSION_1_2 0x00000201	IGMPv1 or IGMPv2
IGMP_VERSION_3 0x00000301	IGMPv3

LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_LOGGING_NONE 0x00000000	No logging is done.
IGMP_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
IGMP_LOGGING_WARN 0x00000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
IGMP_LOGGING_INFO 0x00000003	Errors, warnings, and information is logged.

RasClientStats: If **RASClientStats** is nonzero, then per RAS client statistics are maintained.

2.2.1.2.175 IGMP_MIB_IF_CONFIG

The IGMP_MIB_IF_CONFIG structure contains per-interface configuration. This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.2.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

All IP address fields MUST be in network order.

```
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_IF_CONFIG {
 DWORD Version;
 DWORD IfIndex;
 DWORD IpAddr;
 DWORD IfType;
 DWORD Flags;
 DWORD IgmpProtocolType;
 DWORD RobustnessVariable;
 DWORD StartQueryInterval;
 DWORD StartQueryCount;
 DWORD GenQueryInterval;
 DWORD GenQueryMaxResponseTimel;
 DWORD LastMemQueryInterval;
 DWORD LastMemQueryCount;
 DWORD OtherQuerierPresentInterval;
 DWORD GroupMembershipTimeout;
 DWORD NumStaticGroups;
} IGMP MIB IF CONFIG,
 *PIGMP MIB IF CONFIG;
```

Version: It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_VERSION_1_2 0x00000201	IGMPv1 or IGMPv2
IGMP_VERSION_3 0x00000301	IGMPv3

IfIndex: The index of the interface, it is read-only.

IpAddr: The IP address of the interface, it is read-only.

IfType: The type of the interface, it is read-only. It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_IF_NOT_RAS 0x00000001	The interface is connected to a LAN.
IGMP_IF_RAS_ROUTER 0x00000002	The interface is connected to another router over RAS.
IGMP_IF_RAS_SERVER 0x00000003	The entry corresponds to a RAS server if it contains statistics, then it represents summarized statistics.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_IF_RAS_CLIENT 0x00000004	The entry corresponds to a RAS client.
IGMP_IF_PROXY 0x00000008	One of the first four flags will still be set to enable the switch from the proxy to an IGMP router.

Flags: It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_INTERFACE_ENABLED_IN_CONFIG 0x00000001	The interface is enabled in this configuration.
IGMP_ACCEPT_RTRALERT_PACKETS_ONLY 0x00000002	Can accept only router alerts.

IgmpProtocolType:

Value	Meaning
IGMP_PROXY 0x00000000	The interface is an IGMPv2 proxy.
IGMP_ROUTER_V1 0x00000001	The interface is an IGMPv1 router.
IGMP_ROUTER_V2 0x00000002	The interface is an IGMPv2 router.
IGMP_ROUTER_V3 0x00000003	The interface is an IGMPv3 router.
IGMP_PROXY_V3 0x00000010	The interface is an IGMPv3 proxy.

- **RobustnessVariable:** The robustness variable is a way of indicating the lossy nature of the subnet to which this interface is attached. The IGMP can recover from lost IGMP packets (robustness variable is set to 1). The robustness variable SHOULD be set to a value of 2 or greater.
- **StartQueryInterval:** The startup query interval is the amount of time in seconds between successive general query messages sent by a querier during startup.
- **StartQueryCount:** The startup query count is the number of general query messages sent at startup.
- **GenQueryInterval:** The query interval is the amount of time, in seconds, between the IGMP general query messages sent by the router (if the router is the querier on this subnet).
- **GenQueryMaxResponseTimel:** The query response interval is the maximum amount of time, in seconds, that the IGMP router waits to receive a response to a general query message.
- **LastMemQueryInterval:** The last member query interval is the amount of time, in milliseconds, that the IGMP router waits to receive a response to a group-specific query message. The last member query interval is also the amount of time, in seconds, between successive group-specific query messages.

- **LastMemQueryCount:** The last member query count is the number of group-specific query messages sent before the router assumes there are no members of the host group being queried on this interface.
- **OtherQuerierPresentInterval:** Displays the calculated other querier present interval. The other querier present interval is the number of seconds that MUST pass before a multicast router determines that there is no other multicast router that can be the querier. The other querier present interval is (robustness variable) * (query interval) + (query response interval)/2.
- **GroupMembershipTimeout:** Displays the calculated group membership interval. The group membership interval is the number of seconds that MUST pass before a multicast router determines that there are no more members of a host group on a subnet. The group membership interval is (robustness variable) * (query interval) + (query response interval).

NumStaticGroups: The number of static groups. This value MUST be zero when calling RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd and RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo.

2.2.1.2.176 IGMP_MIB_IF_GROUPS_LIST

The IGMP_MIB_IF_GROUPS_LIST structure is an MIB entry that stores the list of multicast groups that are members of that interface. This structure has variable length. The structure is followed by **NumGroups** number of <u>IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.177) structures.

```
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_IF_GROUPS_LIST {
  DWORD IfIndex;
  DWORD IpAddr;
  DWORD IfType;
  DWORD NumGroups;
  BYTE Buffer[1];
} IGMP_MIB_IF_GROUPS_LIST,
  *IGMP_MIB_IF_GROUPS_LIST;
```

IfIndex: Index of the interface

IpAddr: IP address of the interface

IfType: Type of the interface, MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_IF_NOT_RAS 0x00000001	The interface is connected to a LAN
IGMP_IF_RAS_ROUTER 0x00000002	The interface is connected to another router over RAS
IGMP_IF_RAS_SERVER 0x00000003	The entry corresponds to a RAS server if it contains stats, then it represents summarized stats
IGMP_IF_RAS_CLIENT 0x00000004	The entry corresponds to a RAS client
IGMP_IF_PROXY 0x00000008	then one of the 1st 4 flags still will be set to enable switch from proxy to IGMP router

NumGroups: Number of IGMP MIB GROUP INFO structures

Buffer: MUST point to IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO

The IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO structure is used in <u>IGMP_MIB_IF_GROUPS_LIST</u> (section 2.2.1.2.176). If the interface is of type RAS_SERVER then the group membership of all the RAS clients is summarized, and the **GroupUpTime** and **GroupExpiryTime** is the maximum over all member RAS clients, while the **V1HostPresentTimeLeft** is set to 0. If the interface is of type RAS_CLIENT, the **IpAddr** is the next hop IP address of the RAS client. The membership is summarized over the RAS clients unless the IGMP_ENUM_FOR_RAS_CLIENTS_ID flag is set in **Flags**.

```
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO {
  union {
    DWORD IfIndex;
    DWORD GroupAddr;
} IfIndex/ GroupAddr;
DWORD IpAddr;
DWORD GroupUpTime;
DWORD GroupExpiryTime;
DWORD GroupExpiryTime;
DWORD LastReporter;
DWORD V1HostPresentTimeLeft;
DWORD Flags;
} IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO,
*IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO;
```

IfIndex/ GroupAddr: The index of the interface or group address.

IpAddr: The IP address of the interface.

GroupUpTime: The time, in seconds, since the group is up.

GroupExpiryTime: The time, in seconds, before the group expires.

LastReporter: The IP address of the last reporter.

V1HostPresentTimeLeft: The time left for the present IGMPv1 hosts.

Flags: It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_GROUP_TYPE_NON_STATIC 0x00000001	The IGMP group is not static.
IGMP_GROUP_TYPE_STATIC 0x000000002	The IGMP group is static.
IGMP_GROUP_FWD_TO_MGM 0x00000004	The IGMP group needs to be forwarded to the multiple multicast routing protocols.
IGMP_GROUP_ALLOW 0x00000010	Allows IGMP groups.
IGMP_GROUP_BLOCK 0x00000020	Blocks IGMP groups.
IGMP_GROUP_NO_STATE 0x00000040	There is no IGMP group state.

The IGMP_MIB_IF_STATS structure contains statistics about an interface.

```
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_IF_STATS {
  DWORD IfIndex;
  DWORD IpAddr;
  DWORD IfType;
  BYTE State;
  BYTE QuerierState;
  DWORD IgmpProtocolType;
  DWORD QuerierIpAddr;
  DWORD ProxyIfIndex;
  DWORD QuerierPresentTimeLeft;
  DWORD LastQuerierChangeTime;
  DWORD V1QuerierPresentTimeLeft;
  DWORD Uptime;
  DWORD TotalIgmpPacketsReceived;
  DWORD TotalIgmpPacketsForRouter;
  DWORD GeneralQueriesReceived;
  DWORD WrongVersionQueries;
  DWORD JoinsReceived;
  DWORD LeavesReceived;
  DWORD CurrentGroupMemberships;
  DWORD GroupMembershipsAdded;
  DWORD WrongChecksumPackets;
  DWORD ShortPacketsReceived;
  DWORD LongPacketsReceived;
  DWORD PacketsWithoutRtrAlert;
} IGMP MIB IF STATS,
 *PIGMP MIB IF STATS;
```

IfIndex: The index of the interface.

IpAddr: The IP address of the interface. If the interface is a RAS interface, then the **IpAddr** is set to the **NextHopAddress** of the RAS client.

IfType: The type of the interface. It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_IF_NOT_RAS 0x00000001	The interface is connected to a LAN.
IGMP_IF_RAS_ROUTER 0x00000002	The interface is connected to another router over RAS.
IGMP_IF_RAS_SERVER 0x00000003	The entry corresponds to a RAS server if it contains statistics and it represents summary statistics.
IGMP_IF_RAS_CLIENT 0x00000004	The entry corresponds to a RAS client.
IGMP_IF_PROXY 0x00000008	The interface is an IGMP PROXY. One of the first four flags will still be set to enable the switch from the proxy to the IGMP router.

State: It MUST be a combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_STATE_BOUND 0x01	The socket is bound.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_STATE_ENABLED_BY_RTRMGR 0x02	The interface is enabled by router.
IGMP_STATE_ENABLED_IN_CONFIG 0x04	The interface is enabled in the configuration.
IGMP_STATE_ENABLED_BY_MGM 0x08	The interface is enabled by component that aggregates multiple routing protocols.

QuerierState: It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
RTR_QUERIER 0x10	The interface is the IGMP querier.
RTR_NOT_QUERIER 0x00	The interface is not the IGMP querier.

IgmpProtocolType: Takes one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IGMP_PROXY	The interface is an IGMPv2 proxy.
0x00000000	Specifies that the IGMPv2 proxy mode is enabled on this interface. An interface in IGMP proxy mode acts as a host, forwarding the IGMP host membership messages for all the IGMP host membership messages received on all other interfaces on which the IGMP router mode is enabled. Additionally, all nonlocal multicast traffic received on all other interfaces (on which the IGMP router mode is enabled) is forwarded over the IGMP proxy mode interface.
IGMP_ROUTER_V1	The interface is an IGMPv1 router.
0x0000001	Specifies that IGMPv1 router mode is enabled on this interface. An interface in IGMP router mode listens for IGMP messages from hosts and updates the TCP/IP multicast forwarding table.
IGMP_ROUTER_V2	The interface is an IGMPv2 router.
0x00000002	Specifies that IGMPv2 router mode is enabled on this interface. An interface in IGMP router mode listens for IGMP messages from hosts and updates the TCP/IP multicast forwarding table.
IGMP_ROUTER_V3	The interface is an IGMPv3 router.
0x00000003	Specifies that IGMPv3 router mode is enabled on this interface. An interface in IGMP router mode listens for IGMP messages from hosts and updates the TCP/IP multicast forwarding table.
IGMP_PROXY_V3	The interface is an IGMPv3 proxy.
0x0000010	Specifies that IGMPv3 proxy mode is enabled on this interface. An interface in IGMP proxy mode acts as a host, forwarding IGMP host membership messages for all IGMP host membership messages received on all other interfaces on which IGMP router mode is enabled. Additionally, all nonlocal multicast traffic received on all other interfaces (on which IGMP router mode is enabled) is forwarded over the IGMP proxy mode interface.

QuerierIpAddr: The IP address of the querier.

ProxyIfIndex: The **IfIndex** of the IGMP proxy.

QuerierPresentTimeLeft: If no IGMPv2 queries are heard on this interface within this interval, the local router will take over the querier on the IP subnet to which this interface is attached.

LastQuerierChangeTime: The number of seconds since igmpInterfaceQuerier was last changed.

V1QuerierPresentTimeLeft: The time remaining until the host assumes that there are no IGMPv1 routers present on the interface. While this is nonzero, the host will reply to all queries with version 1 membership reports.

Uptime: The time, in seconds, the interface has been activated.

TotalIgmpPacketsReceived: The total IGMP packets received.

TotalIgmpPacketsForRouter: The total IGMP packets received for a router.

GeneralQueriesReceived: The total queries received.

WrongVersionQueries: The count of wrong version queries received.

JoinsReceived: The count of IGMP joins received.

LeavesReceived: The count of IGMP leaved received.

CurrentGroupMemberships: The count of current group memberships.

GroupMembershipsAdded: The count of group memberships received.

WrongChecksumPackets: The count of packets with wrong checksum received.

ShortPacketsReceived: The count of short packets received.

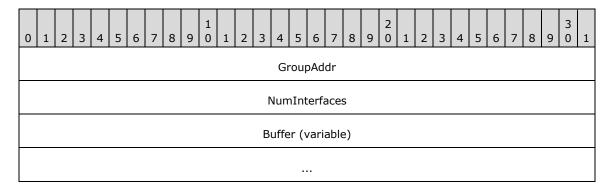
LongPacketsReceived: The count of long packets received.

PacketsWithoutRtrAlert: The count of packets with router alerts received.

2.2.1.2.179 IGMP_MIB_GROUP_IFS_LIST

The IGMP_MIB_GROUP_IFS_LIST structure is an MIB entry and stores the list of interfaces that have received joins for that group. This structure has variable length. The structure is followed by the **NumInterfaces** number of structures of type <u>IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO</u> or IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO_V3.

This structure is read only.



GroupAddr (4 bytes): The address of the IGMP group.

NumInterfaces (4 bytes): The number of structures in the buffer.

Buffer (variable): If IGMP_ENUM_FORMAT_IGMPV3 is set, then **Flags** of IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO_V3 structures otherwise. Otherwise, it contains IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO structures.

2.2.1.2.180 IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO_V3

The IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO_V3 provides information about a group.

```
typedef struct IGMP MIB GROUP INFO V3 {
 union {
   DWORD IfIndex;
   DWORD GroupAddr;
 DWORD IpAddr;
 DWORD GroupUpTime;
  DWORD GroupExpiryTime;
  DWORD LastReporter;
 DWORD V1HostPresentTimeLeft;
 DWORD Flags;
 DWORD Version;
  DWORD Size;
 DWORD FilterType;
 DWORD V2HostPresentTimeLeft;
 DWORD NumSources;
 DWORD Sources;
} IGMP MIB GROUP INFO V3,
 *IGMP MIB GROUP INFO V3;
```

IfIndex: The interface for which this entry contains information for an IP multicast group address.

GroupAddr: The IP multicast group address for which this entry contains information.

IpAddr: The IP address of the interface.

GroupUpTime: The time, in seconds, since the group membership was up.

GroupExpiryTime: The time, in seconds, before the group membership expires.

LastReporter: The IP address of the source of the last membership report received for this IP multicast group address on this interface. If no membership report has been received, this object has the value 0.0.0.0.

V1HostPresentTimeLeft: The time remaining until the local router will assume that there are no longer any IGMP version 1 members on the IP subnet attached to this interface. Upon hearing any IGMPv1 membership report, this value is reset to the group membership timer. While this time remaining is nonzero, the local router ignores any IGMPv1 leave messages for this group that it receives on this interface.

Flags: This MUST be 0x1000 if IGMPv3 information is available and a IGMP_MIB_GROUP_INFO_V3 structure MUST be used. All other values have no meaning.

Version: The IGMP version. It MUST be 3.

Size: The size of the structure.

FilterType: Indicates whether the sources specified need to included or excluded. It MUST be either 0x00000000 (EXCLUSION) or 0x00000001 (INCLUSION).

V2HostPresentTimeLeft: The time remaining until the local router will assume that there are no longer any IGMP version 2 members on the IP subnet attached to this interface. Upon hearing any

IGMPv2 membership report, this value is reset to the group membership timer. While this time remaining is nonzero, the local router ignores any IGMPv2 leave messages for this group that it receives on this interface.

NumSources: The number of entries of IGMP_MIB_GROUP_SOURCE_INFO_V3

Sources: The IGMP_MIB_GROUP_SOURCE_INFO_V3 structure.

2.2.1.2.181 INTERFACE_ROUTE_ENTRY

The INTERFACE_ROUTE_ENTRY structure is used to store and retrieve entries of the IPv6 ForwardRow based on the dwIndex.

```
typedef struct _INTERFACE_ROUTE_ENTRY {
  DWORD dwIndex;
  INTERFACE ROUTE INFO routeInfo;
} INTERFACE_ROUTE_ENTRY,
  *INTERFACE_ROUTE_ENTRY;
```

dwIndex: The index to the table of INTERFACE ROUTE INFO structures defined on RRAS.

routeInfo: This MUST be INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO.

The IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY structure is passed to <u>RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)</u>, <u>RMIBGetEntryFirst (section 3.1.4.31)</u>, and <u>RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32)</u> to retrieve the Network Address Translator (NAT) information.

```
typedef struct _IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY {
   ULONG Oid;
   union {
      ULONG Index;
      UCHAR Data;
   };
} IP NAT MIB QUERY,
*PIP NAT MIB QUERY;
```

Oid: This is an index of the NAT MIB. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_STATISTICS_OID 0x00000000	NAT interface statistics information is retrieved. When RMIBEntryGet, RMIBGetEntryFirst, and RMIBEntryGetNext return pMibOutEntry or pInfoStruct it MUST be typecast to IP NAT INTERFACE STATISTICS (section 2.2.1.2.18 5).
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_MAPPING_TABLE_OID 0x00000001	NAT interface mapping table information. When RMIBEntryGet, RMIBGetEntryFirst, and RMIBEntryGetNext return pMibOutEntry or pInfoStruct it MUST be typecast to IP NAT ENUMERATE SESSION MAPPINGS (section 2.2.1.2.183).
IP_NAT_MAPPING_TABLE_OID 0x00000002	NAT mapping table information. Retrieves the session mappings of an interface. When RMIBEntryGet, RMIBGetEntryFirst, and

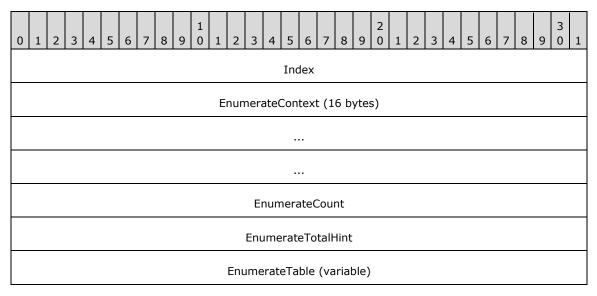
Value	Meaning
	RMIBEntryGetNext return pMibOutEntry or pInfoStruct it MUST be typecast to IP_NAT_ENUMERATE_SESSION_MAPPINGS.

Index: This MUST be the index of the interface when Oid is 0x00000000.

Data: This MUST be IP_NAT_ENUMERATE_SESSION_MAPPINGS if Oid is not 0x00000000.

2.2.1.2.183 IP_NAT_ENUMERATE_SESSION_MAPPINGS

The IP_NAT_ENUMERATE_SESSION_MAPPINGS structure is used for enumerating **NAT** session mappings and is part of <u>IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.182).



Index (4 bytes): This MUST be the index of the interface.

EnumerateContext (16 bytes): This is represented by an array of 4 ULONG values. On the first call (to RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.31))
EnumerateContext is zeroed out. It will be filled by the NAT with the information to be passed back down as the enumeration continues. To indicate there are no items remaining, the NAT will set EnumerateContext [0] to 0. In RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.2.4.32), EnumerateContext MUST be returned to the value returned in the previous calls.

EnumerateCount (4 bytes): Contains the number of enumerations returned and the number of IP NAT SESSION MAPPING (section 2.2.1.2.184) structures being returned.

EnumerateTotalHint (4 bytes): Count of the total number of entries.

EnumerateTable (variable): This MUST be IP_NAT_SESSION_MAPPING structures.

Note The **EnumerateTable** field is of variable size depending on the value of **EnumerateCount**. While calculating the structure size, the size of **EnumerateTable** MUST NOT be added if value of **EnumerateCount** is zero.

2.2.1.2.184 IP_NAT_SESSION_MAPPING

The IP_NAT_SESSION_MAPPING structure holds information for a single NAT mapping and is part of IP_NAT_ENUMERATE_SESSION_MAPPINGS (section 2.2.1.2.183).

```
typedef struct _IP_NAT_SESSION_MAPPING {
   UCHAR Protocol;
   ULONG PrivateAddress;
   USHORT PrivatePort;
   ULONG PublicAddress;
   USHORT PublicPort;
   ULONG RemoteAddress;
   USHORT RemotePort;
   IP_NAT_DIRECTION Direction;
   ULONG IdleTime;
} IP NAT SESSION MAPPING,
*PIP_NAT_SESSION_MAPPING;
```

Protocol: This MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
NAT_PROTOCOL_ICMP 0x01	ICMP Protocol
NAT_PROTOCOL_IGMP 0x02	IGMP Protocol
NAT_PROTOCOL_TCP 0x06	TCP Protocol
NAT_PROTOCOL_UDP 0x11	UDP Protocol
NAT_PROTOCOL_IP6IN4 0x29	IPv6 in IPv4
NAT_PROTOCOL_PPTP 0x2F	PPTP Protocol
NAT_PROTOCOL_IPSEC_ESP 0x32	IPSec ESP
NAT_PROTOCOL_IPSEC_AH 0x33	IPSec AH
NAT_PROTOCOL_PGM 0x71	PGM

PrivateAddress: The private address of the NAT entry.

PrivatePort: The private port of the NAT entry.

PublicAddress: The public address of the NAT entry.

PublicPort: The public port of the NAT entry

RemoteAddress: The remote address of the NAT entry.

RemotePort: The remote port of the NAT entry.

Direction: This MUST be IP_NAT_DIRECTION.

IdleTime: The time, in seconds, since the last packet matching this entry was sent or received.

2.2.1.2.185 IP_NAT_INTERFACE_STATISTICS

The IP_NAT_INTERFACE_STATISTICS structure holds statistics for an interface and is part of IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.182).

```
typedef struct IP NAT INTERFACE STATISTICS {
  ULONG TotalMappings;
  ULONG InboundMappings;
  ULONG64 BytesForward;
  ULONG64 BytesReverse;
  ULONG64 PacketsForward;
  ULONG64 PacketsReverse;
  ULONG64 RejectsForward;
  ULONG64 RejectsReverse;
} ULONG64 RejectsReverse;
} IP_NAT_INTERFACE_STATISTICS,
*PIP_NAT_INTERFACE_STATISTICS;
```

TotalMappings: The count of the total number of mappings present in the NAT table.

InboundMappings: The count of the total number of inbound mappings present in the NAT table.

BytesForward: The count of the total bytes forwarded.

BytesReverse: The count of the total bytes reversed.

PacketsForward: The count of the packets forwarded.

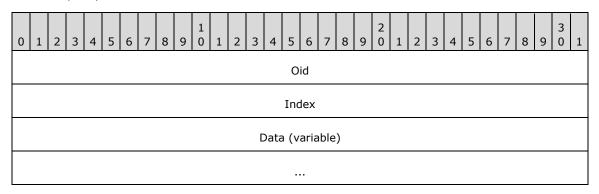
PacketsReverse: The count of the packets reversed.

RejectsForward: The count of the forward packets rejected.

RejectsReverse: The count of the reverse packets rejected.

2.2.1.2.186 IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY

The IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY structure is passed to RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30) to retrieve the DNS proxy information.



Oid (4 bytes): This MUST be set to 0x00000000.

Index (4 bytes): This MUST be the index of the interface.

Data (variable): This MUST be an <u>IP DNS PROXY STATISTICS</u> structure.

Note Note that the **Index** and **Data** are of variable size and while calculating the structure size, the size of **Index** or **Data** needs to added. **Data** is unused, and has been kept for extensibility.

2.2.1.2.187 IP_DNS_PROXY_STATISTICS

The IP_DNS_PROXY_STATISTICS structure contains the IP DNS proxy statistics.

```
typedef struct _IP_DNS_PROXY_STATISTICS {
   ULONG MessagesIgnored;
   ULONG QueriesReceived;
   ULONG ResponsesReceived;
   ULONG QueriesSent;
   ULONG ResponsesSent;
} IP DNS_PROXY_STATISTICS,
*PIP_DNS_PROXY_STATISTICS;
```

MessagesIgnored: The count of the DNS proxy messages ignored.

QueriesReceived: The count of the DNS proxy queries received.

ResponsesReceived: The count of the DNS proxy responses received.

QueriesSent: The count of the DNS proxy queries sent.

ResponsesSent: The count of the DNS proxy responses sent.

2.2.1.2.188 IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY

The IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY structure is passed to RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), and RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32) to retrieve the DNS proxy information.

```
typedef struct _IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY {
   ULONG Oid;
   union {
      ULONG Index;
      UCHAR Data;
   };
   ULONG Reserved;
} IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY,
*PIP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY;
```

Oid: This MUST be set to 0x00000000.

Index: This MUST be index of the interface.

Data: This MUST be an IP AUTO DHCP STATISTICS structure.

Note Index and Data are variable-sized arrays. While calculating the structure size, the size of Index or Data is added. Data is unused, and has been kept for extensibility.

Reserved: MUST be set to zero when sent and MUST be ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.189 IP_AUTO_DHCP_STATISTICS

The IP_AUTO_DHCP_STATISTICS structure contains the DHCP auto-discovery statistics. This structure defines the statistics kept by the DHCP allocator, and is accessible to RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.2.4.30), and RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.2.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.2.4.32).

```
typedef struct _IP_AUTO_DHCP_STATISTICS {
  ULONG MessagesIgnored;
  ULONG BootpOffersSent;
  ULONG DiscoversReceived;
```

```
ULONG InformsReceived;
ULONG OffersSent;
ULONG RequestsReceived;
ULONG AcksSent;
ULONG NaksSent;
ULONG DeclinesReceived;
ULONG ReleaseReceived;
IP_AUTO_DHCP_STATISTICS,
*PIP_AUTO_DHCP_STATISTICS;
```

MessagesIgnored: The count of the messages ignored.

BootpOffersSent: The count of the IPBOOTP offers sent.

DiscoversReceived: The count of the discover messages received.

InformsReceived: The count of the INFORM messages received.

OffersSent: The count of the OFFER messages sent.

RequestsReceived: The count of the REQUEST messages received.

AcksSent: The count of the acknowledge control packets (ACKs) sent.

NaksSent: The count of the negative acknowledge (NAK) messages sent.

DeclinesReceived: The count of the DECLINE messages received.

ReleaseReceived: The count of the RELEASE messages received.

2.2.1.2.190 MIB_DA_MSG

This structure<142> is used in RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30), RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31), and RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32) for retrieving OSPF MIB entries.

```
typedef struct MIB_DA_MSG {
   UINT32 op_code;
   UINT32 ret_code;
   UINT32 in snmp id[44];
   UINT32 obj_id[17];
   UINT32 attr id;
   UINT32 inst_id[23];
   UINT32 next_snmp_id[44];
   UINT32 creator;
   UINT32 attr type;
   UINT32 inst_cnt;
   UINT32 map flag;
   ULONG_PTR data[32];
} MIB DA MSG;
```

op_code: This MUST have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
ASN_RFC1157_GETREQUEST 0x000000A0	MIB get request: RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)
ASN_RFC1157_GETNEXTREQUEST 0x000000A1	MIB get next request: RMIBEntryGetNext (section 3.1.4.32)

Value	Meaning
ASN_RFC1157_SETREQUEST	MIB set request: RMIBEntrySet (section 3.1.4.29)
0x000000A3	

ret_code: This contains a return value which MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
MIB_OK 0x00000000	The call was successful.
All other values	The call was not successful.

in_snmp_id: Contains the index of the entry that needs to be retrieved.

 $in_snmp_id[0]$ contains the length (excluding the zeroth element) of the data passed in in_snmp_id . $in_snmp_id[1]$ onwards contains the MIB object identifier [RFC1850]

Value in_snmp_id[1] and beyond	Meaning [RFC 1850]
g_oidOspfAreaEntry { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1 }	Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) area entry. See ospfAreaEntry, section 3.2 in [RFC1850]. Information describing the configured parameters and cumulative statistics of one of the router's attached areas.
g_oidOspfLsdbEntry { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 3, 1 }	A single link state advertisement. See ospfLsdbEntry, section 3.4 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfNbrEntry { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 7, 1 }	The information regarding a single neighbor. See OspfNbrEntry, section 3.10 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfVIEntry { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 6, 1 }	The information about a single Virtual Interface. See OspfVirtIfEntry, section 3.9 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfAreaState { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1, 3 }	Retrieves the state. This value indicates the state of the OSPF Area, either up(0x0000001), or down(0x0000002). See ospfAreaStatus, section 3.2 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfAreaSpfCount { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 2, 1, 9 }	Retrieves the number of times the SPF algorithm has run for the area. See ospfSpfRuns, section 3.2 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfLsdbAge { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 3, 1, 6 }	Retrieves the age of the link state advertisement in seconds. See ospfLsdbAge, section 3.4 in [RFC1850] and section 12.1.1 LS age in [RFC2328].
g_oidOspfLsdbSequence { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 3, 1, 5 }	Retrieves the sequence. The OSPF Sequence Number is a 32-bit signed integer. It starts with the value '80000001'h, or '7FFFFFFF'h, and increments until '7FFFFFFF'h. Thus, a typical sequence number will be very negative. The sequence number field is a signed 32-bit integer. It is used to detect old and duplicate link state advertisements. The space of sequence numbers is linearly ordered. The larger the sequence number the more recent the advertisement. See ospfLsdbSequence, section 3.4 of [RFC1850]

Value in_snmp_id[1] and beyond	Meaning [RFC 1850]
	and LS sequence number, section 12.1.6 in [RFC2328].
g_oidOspfNbrRtrId { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 7, 1, 7 }	Retrieves the router ID. A 32-bit integer uniquely identifying the neighboring router in the autonomous system. See ospfNbrRtrId, section 3.10 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfNbrState { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 7, 1, 3 }	Retrieves the state. The state of the Virtual Neighbor Relationship. It can be down (0x00000001), attempt (0x00000002), init (0x00000003), twoWay (0x00000004), exchangeStart (0x00000005), exchange (0x00000006), loading (0x00000007), and full (0x00000008) See ospfNbrState, section 3.10 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfNbrPriority { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 7, 1, 9 }	Retrieves the priority. The priority of this neighbor in the designated router election algorithm. The value 0 signifies that the neighbor is not eligible to become the designated router on this particular network. See ospfNbrPriority, section 3.10 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfNbrEvents { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 7, 1, 10 }	Retrieves the event count. The number of times this neighbor relationship has changed state, or that an error has occurred. See ospfNbrEvents, section 3.10 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfNbrLSRetransQLen { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 7, 1, 11 }	Retrieves the queue length. See ospfNbrLsRetransQLen, section 3.10 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfVIState { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 6, 1, 3 }	Retrieves the state. See ospfVirtIfState, section 3.9 in[RFC1850].
g_oidOspfVIDrops { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 6, 1, 21}	The number of OSPF packets dropped on Virtual Interfaces. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfVIRxHellos { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 6, 1, 16 }	The number of OSPF Hello packets received on Virtual Interfaces. Data returned is a 32 bit integer.
g_oidOspfVITxHellos { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 6, 1, 11 }	The number of OSPF Hello packets transmitted on the Virtual Interfaces. The data returned is a 32 bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfArea { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 6 }	See ospfIfAreaId, section 3.7 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfIfType { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 7 }	See ospfIfType, section 3.7 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfIfState { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 3 }	See ospfIfState, section 3.7 in [RFC1850].
g_oidOspfIfRxDBDescripts { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 24 }	The number of OSPF DataBase Description packets received. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.

Value in_snmp_id[1] and beyond	Meaning [RFC 1850]
g_oidOspfIfRxLinkStateAcks { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 27 }	The number of OSPF Link State Acknowledgements received. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfRxLinkStateReqs { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 25 }	The number of OSPF Link State Requests received. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfRxLinkStateUpds { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 26 }	The number of OSPF Link State Updates received. The ata returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfTxDBDescripts { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 19 }	The number of OSPF DataBase Description packets transmitted. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfTxLinkStateAcks { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 22 }	The number of OSPF Link State Update packets transmitted. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfTxLinkStateReqs { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 20 }	The number of OSPF Link State Request packets transmitted. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfTxLinkStateUpds { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 21 }	The number of OSPF Link State Update packets transmitted. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.
g_oidOspfIfDrops { 4, 1, 18, 3, 5, 3, 2, 3, 5, 1, 28 }	The number of OSPF packets dropped because of invalid information in the packet. The data returned is a 32-bit integer.

obj_id: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

attr_id: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

inst_id: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

next_snmp_id: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

creator: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

attr_type: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

inst_cnt: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

map_flag: Unused and MUST be set to zero.

data: Contains the data returned by the OSPF MIB based on the entry requested in the previous table. See [RFC1850] for more information about how to interpret the returned data. The length of the data returned is specified in **dwMibOutEntrySize** of *pInfoStruct* in the call to RMIBEntryGet, RMIBEntryGetFirst, and RMIBEntryGetNext.

2.2.1.2.191 IP_AUTO_DHCP_GLOBAL_INFO

This structure holds the global configuration for the DHCP allocator and is used in the following methods.

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

The configuration consists of two things:

- 1. The network and mask from which addresses are to be allocated.
- 2. An optional list of addresses to be excluded from allocation. Thus, this structure is of variable length.

```
typedef struct _IP_AUTO_DHCP_GLOBAL_INFO {
   ULONG LoggingLevel;
   ULONG Flags;
   ULONG LeaseTime;
   ULONG ScopeNetwork;
   ULONG ScopeMask;
   ULONG ExclusionCount;
   ULONG ExclusionArray[0];
} IP_AUTO_DHCP_GLOBAL_INFO,
   *PIP_AUTO_DHCP_GLOBAL_INFO;
```

LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_NONE 0x00000000	No logging is done.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_WARN 0x000000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_INFO 0x00000003	Errors, warnings, and information is logged.

Flags: This MUST be set to 0.

LeaseTime: The lease time, in minutes.

ScopeNetwork: The scope of the network from which addresses are to be allocated.

ScopeMask: The mask used to identify the subnet portion of the address. See [RFC950]. The value obtained by logically ANDing ScopeMask and ScopeNetwork MUST equal ScopeNetwork. Any ScopeMask that produces a different ANDed result is invalid.

ExclusionCount: The number of IP addresses that need to be excluded from being allocated. This is also indicates the size of the *ExclusionArray*.

ExclusionArray: An array of IP addresses that need to be excluded. The size of the array is given by *ExclusionCount*.

2.2.1.2.192 IP_AUTO_DHCP_INTERFACE_INFO

This structure holds per-interface configuration for the DHCP allocator. This structure is used in the following methods:

RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)

- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

The configuration only allows the DHCP allocator to be disabled on the given interface. Since the allocator runs in promiscuous-interface mode, it is enabled by default on all interfaces. Thus, the only interfaces that require any configuration are those on which the allocator is to be disabled.

```
typedef struct _IP_AUTO_DHCP_INTERFACE_INFO {
  ULONG Flags;
} IP_AUTO_DHCP_INTERFACE_INFO,
  *PIP_AUTO_DHCP_INTERFACE_INFO;
```

Flags: Specifies whether or not the DHCP allocator is enabled.

Value	Meaning
0×00000000	The DHCP allocator is enabled.
IPNATHLP_INTERFACE_FLAG_DISABLED 0x00000001	The DHCP allocator is disabled.

2.2.1.2.193 IP_DNS_PROXY_GLOBAL_INFO

This structure holds global configuration for the DNS proxy and is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
  ULONG LoggingLevel;
  ULONG Flags;
  ULONG TimeoutSeconds;
} IP_DNS_PROXY_GLOBAL_INFO;
```

LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_NONE 0x00000000	No logging is done.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_WARN 0x000000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_INFO 0x000000003	Errors, warnings, and information is logged.

Flags: It MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
IP_DNS_PROXY_FLAG_ENABLE_DNS 0x00000001	DNS is enabled.
IP_DNS_PROXY_FLAG_ENABLE_WINS 0x00000002	WINS is enabled.

TimeoutSeconds: This MUST be the number of seconds that entry is maintained in the cache.

2.2.1.2.194 IP_DNS_PROXY_INTERFACE_INFO

This structure holds per-interface configuration for the DNS proxy. The configuration currently only allows the proxy to be disabled on a given interface. The proxy runs in promiscuous-interface mode so that all interfaces are added to it and it is enabled on all of them by default. Hence, the configuration need only be present for those interfaces on which the proxy is not to be run.

```
typedef struct {
   ULONG Flags;
} IP_DNS_PROXY_INTERFACE_INFO;
```

Flags: It MUST be a combination of the following.

Value	Meaning
IP_DNS_PROXY_INTERFACE_FLAG_DISABLED 0x00000001	The DNS proxy is disabled on the interface. This flag overrides the rest of the flags. The DNS proxy will not be enabled on this interface regardless of other flags being present.
IP_DNS_PROXY_INTERFACE_FLAG_DEFAULT 0x000000002	The interface is marked as the default DNS proxy. All DNS queries will be sent over this interface.
DNS_INTERFACE_FLAG_DELETED 0x80000000	The DNS proxy is disabled on the interface.
DNS_INTERFACE_FLAG_BOUND 0x40000000	The DNS proxy socket is bound on the interface.
DNS_INTERFACE_FLAG_ENABLED 0x20000000	The DNS proxy is enabled on the interface.
DNS_INTERFACE_FLAG_CONFIGURED 0x10000000	The DNS proxy is configured on the interface.

This structure holds the global configuration information for NAT. This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
```

```
ULONG LoggingLevel;
ULONG Flags;
RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER Header;
} IP NAT GLOBAL INFO;
```

LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_NONE 0x00000000	No logging is done.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_WARN 0x000000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_INFO 0x00000003	Errors, warnings, and information is logged.

Flags: This MUST be set to 0.

Header: This MUST be RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3). The InfoType field of header MUST be either 0x00000000 or 0xffff0001. If it is 0x00000000, there is no other information beyond the header and the rest of the fields MUST be zero. If the InfoType is 0xffff0001, the Offset MUST point to a structure of type IP NAT TIMEOUT (section 2.2.1.2.196).

2.2.1.2.196 IP_NAT_TIMEOUT

This structure is used to amend the default timeouts for TCP and UDP session mappings.

```
typedef struct {
   ULONG TCPTimeoutSeconds;
   ULONG UDPTimeoutSeconds;
} IP_NAT_TIMEOUT;
```

TCPTimeoutSeconds: The number of seconds that a dynamic mapping for a TCP session remains in the translation table.

UDPTimeoutSeconds: The number of seconds that a dynamic mapping for a UDP session remains in the translation table.

2.2.1.2.197 IP_NAT_INTERFACE_INFO

This structure is used to configure the NAT on an interface. This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

The configuration information uses the RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3) structure.

```
typedef struct {
```

Index: This MUST be set to the interface index that identifies the interface to be configured.

Flags: This specifies the logging level. It MUST be a combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_FLAGS_BOUNDARY 0x00000001	Set to mark the interface as a boundary-interface.
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_FLAGS_NAPT 0x00000002	Set to enable address-sharing via port-translation.
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_FLAGS_DISABLE_PPTP 0x00000004	The PPTP is disabled.
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_FLAGS_FW 0x00000010	Set to enable the firewall mode on the interface. This works with all other flags. An interface in the firewall mode is much more strict on what inbound packets it will allow to propagate up the stack; in general, it will only allow packets that are part of a locally initiated connection flow (for example, packets for which a mapping or ticket exists).
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_FLAGS_DIALUP 0x00000040	This is a dial-up interface.
IP_NAT_INTERFACE_FLAGS_ALL 0x0000007f	All of the above.

Header: This MUST be RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER. The **InfoType** field of the header MUST be one of the following and the offset MUST point to a structure specified in the following table.

Value	Meaning
IP_NAT_PORT_MAPPING_TYPE 0xffff0003	IP NAT PORT MAPPING (section 2.2.1.2.199).
IP_NAT_ADDRESS_RANGE_TYPE 0xffff0002	IP NAT ADDRESS RANGE (section 2.2.1.2.198).
IP_NAT_ADDRESS_MAPPING_TYPE 0xffff0004	IP NAT ADDRESS MAPPING (section 2.2.1.2.200).
IP_NAT_ICMP_CONFIG_TYPE 0xffff0005	There is no structure for IP_NAT_ICMP_CONFIG; it's just a ULONG . The flags in the following table define the behavior.

The values for IP_NAT_ICMP_CONFIG_TYPE are as follows:

Value	Meaning
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_OB_DEST_UNREACH	The data sent over the Internet that fails to

Value	Meaning
0x00000008	reach this computer due to an error will be discarded and acknowledged with a destination unreachable message explaining the failure.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_OB_SOURCE_QUENCH 0x00000010	When this computer's ability to process incoming data cannot keep up with the rate of a transmission, data will be dropped and the sender will be asked to slow down.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_REDIRECT 0x00000020	The data sent from this computer will be rerouted if the default path changes.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_IB_ECHO 0x00000100	The messages sent to this computer will be repeated back to the sender. This is commonly used for troubleshooting, for example, to ping a machine.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_IB_ROUTER 0x00000200	This computer will respond to requests for information about the routes it recognizes.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_OB_TIME_EXCEEDED 0x00000800	When this computer discards an incomplete data transmission because the entire transmission required more time than allowed, it will reply to the sender with a time-expired message.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_OB_PARAM_PROBLEM 0x00001000	When this computer discards data it has received due to a problematic header, it will reply to the sender with a bad-header error message.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_IB_TIMESTAMP 0x00002000	The data sent to this computer can be acknowledged with a confirmation message indicating the time that the data was received.
IP_NAT_ICMP_ALLOW_IB_MASK 0x00020000	This computer will listen for and respond to requests for more information about the public network to which it is attached.

2.2.1.2.198 IP_NAT_ADDRESS_RANGE

Holds a range of addresses that are part of the address-pool for a boundary interface. An address pool consists of a list of these structures. Overlapping address ranges are not supported. Noncontiguous subnet masks are also unsupported.

```
typedef struct {
  ULONG StartAddress;
  ULONG EndAddress;
  ULONG SubnetMask;
} IP_NAT_ADDRESS_RANGE;
```

StartAddress: The starting IP address of the address pool.

EndAddress: The end IP address of the address pool.

SubnetMask: The subnet mask of the address pool; see [RFC950].

2.2.1.2.199 IP_NAT_PORT_MAPPING

Holds a static mapping that ties a public-side port on this NAT interface to a particular private machine's address or port. In the case of an interface with a pool of addresses, the "PublicAddress" specifies which of those addresses this static mapping applies to.

```
typedef struct {
   UCHAR Protocol;
   USHORT PublicPort;
   ULONG PublicAddress;
   USHORT PrivatePort;
   ULONG PrivateAddress;
} IP NAT PORT MAPPING;
```

Protocol: Specifies the protocol used for data reception and transmission.

PublicPort: Specifies the destination port number of incoming public traffic.

PublicAddress: Specifies the public IPv4 address.

PrivatePort: The destination port number of the private traffic.

PrivateAddress: Specifies the private IPv4 address.

2.2.1.2.200 IP_NAT_ADDRESS_MAPPING

Holds a static mapping that ties an address from this NAT interface's address pool to a particular private-machine's address.

Note This address MUST fall within one of the ranges comprising the pool as specified by the <u>IP NAT ADDRESS RANGE</u> structures.

```
typedef struct {
  ULONG PrivateAddress;
  ULONG PublicAddress;
  BOOLEAN AllowInboundSessions;
} IP_NAT_ADDRESS_MAPPING;
```

PrivateAddress: The private IP address of the translation.

PublicAddress: The public IP address of the translation.

AllowInboundSessions: Specifies whether sessions from public networks are allowed.

2.2.1.2.201 IP_ALG_GLOBAL_INFO

The IP_ALG_GLOBAL_INFO $\leq 143 >$ structure holds the global configuration for the Application Layer Gateway transparent proxy and is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
  ULONG LoggingLevel;
  ULONG Flags;
} IP_ALG_GLOBAL_INFO;
```

LoggingLevel: Specifies the logging level. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_NONE 0x00000000	No logging is done.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_ERROR 0x00000001	Only errors are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_WARN 0x000000002	Errors and warnings are logged.
IPNATHLP_LOGGING_INFO 0x000000003	Errors, warnings, and information is logged.

Flags: This MUST be set to 0.

2.2.1.2.202 RIP_GLOBAL_INFO

The **RIP_GLOBAL_INFO** structure<144> is used to give the global IPX RIP information for the RRAS server. When this structure is encapsulated in <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be set to 0x00020000. This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
   ULONG EventLogMask;
} RIP GLOBAL_INFO;
```

EventLogMask: The mask to manage event logging on the RIP interface on the RRAS server. This MUST be set as combination of one or more of the following flags.

Value	Meaning
0x0000	Nothing will be logged.
EVENTLOG_ERROR_TYPE (0x0001)	Only errors will be logged.
EVENTLOG_WARNING_TYPE 0x0002	Only warnings will be logged.
EVENTLOG_INFORMATION_TYPE 0x0004	Only information will be logged.

2.2.1.2.203 RIP_ROUTE_FILTER_INFO

This structure contains the information about a route filter to which the filter actions specified in RIP IF FILTERS (section 2.2.1.2.204) are applied. This structure is used in RIP IF FILTERS.

```
typedef struct {
   UCHAR Network;
   UCHAR Mask;
```

```
} RIP ROUTE FILTER INFO;
```

Network: The network to which this filter is to be applied.

Mask: The mask that MUST be ANDed with the network and with the IP address of the packet to establish a filter match. See [RFC950].

2.2.1.2.204 RIP_IF_FILTERS

The **RIP_IF_FILTERS** structure<145> specifies the filter data for a **RIP for IPX** interface. This structure is used in <u>RIP IF CONFIG</u> (section 2.2.1.2.206). Supply filters are applied to the RIP updates supplied by the interface, while the listening filters are applied to the RIP updates being listened to by the interface.

```
typedef struct {
  ULONG SupplyFilterAction;
  ULONG SupplyFilterCount;
  ULONG ListenFilterAction;
  ULONG ListenFilterCount;
  ULONG RouteFilter;
} RIP IF FILTERS;
```

SupplyFilterAction: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 to permit data and to 0x00000002 to deny data.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	Permit data.
0x00000002	Deny data.

SupplyFilterCount: The count of supply filters.

ListenFilterAction: This MUST be set to 0x00000001 to permit data and to 0x00000002 to deny data.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	Permit data.
0x00000002	Deny data.

ListenFilterCount: The count of listen filters.

RouteFilter: This is a RIP ROUTE FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.203).

2.2.1.2.205 RIP_IF_INFO

The RIP_IF_INFO<146> structure contains information about the RIP for IPX interface. This structure is used in RIP_IF_CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.206) and RIP_INTERFACE (section 2.2.1.2.125).

```
typedef struct {
  ULONG AdminState;
  ULONG UpdateMode;
  ULONG PacketType;
  ULONG Supply;
  ULONG Listen;
```

```
ULONG PeriodicUpdateInterval;
  ULONG AgeIntervalMultiplier;
} RIP IF INFO;
```

AdminState: This MUST be set to the desired state of the interface. A value of 0x00000001 disables the interface, and a value of 0x00000002 enables the interface.

UpdateMode: This MUST be set to the RIP update mechanism used on the interface. It can have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	Periodic update.
0x00000002	No update.
0x0000003	AutoStatic triggered update.

PacketType: Indicates the RIP packet type used on this interface and MUST be one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
IPX_STANDARD_PACKET_TYPE 0x00000001	IPX standard packet
IPX_RELIABLE_DELIVERY_PACKET_TYPE 0x00000002	IPX reliable packet

Supply: Determines whether to send RIP updates on this interface. A value of 0x00000001 disables sending of a RIP updated on this interface, and a value of 0x00000002 enables sending of a RIP updated on this interface.

Listen: Determines whether to listen for RIP updates on this interface. A value of 0x00000001 disables listening for a RIP updated on this interface, and a value of 0x00000002 enables listening for a RIP updated on this interface.

PeriodicUpdateInterval: This MUST be the interval at which the information is updated periodically, in seconds. The default value is 60.

AgeIntervalMultiplier: Each time a periodic update is done at the server, PeriodicUpdateInterval is multiplied by AgeIntervalMultiplier. The default value is 3.

2.2.1.2.206 RIP_IF_CONFIG

The **RIP_IF_CONFIG** structure<147> is used to specify the configuration information of a RIP for IPX interface. When this structure is encapsulated in <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be set to 0x00020000 and the transport MUST be PID_IPX.

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD RipIfInfo;
  DWORD RipIfFilters;
} RIP IF CONFIG;
```

RipIfInfo: This MUST be a RIP IF INFO (section 2.2.1.2.205) structure.

RipIfFilters: This MUST be a <u>RIP_IF_FILTERS (section 2.2.1.2.204)</u> structure.

2.2.1.2.207 SAP_GLOBAL_CONFIG

The **SAP_GLOBAL_INFO** structure <148> is used to give the global SAP information for the RRAS server. When this structure is encapsulated in RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4), the **InfoType** value used MUST be set to 0x00020001 and the transport MUST be PID_IPX.

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD EventLogMask;
} SAP_GLOBAL_INFO;
```

EventLogMask: The mask to manage event logging on the SAP interface on the RRAS server. This MUST be set as combination of one or more following flags.

Value	Meaning
0x0000	Nothing will be logged.
EVENTLOG_ERROR_TYPE (0x0001)	Only errors will be logged.
EVENTLOG_WARNING_TYPE 0x0002	Only warnings will be logged.
EVENTLOG_INFORMATION_TYPE 0x0004	Only information will be logged.

2.2.1.2.208 OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER

This structure<149> is used as part of OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_INFO.

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD dwAddress;
  DWORD dwMask;
} OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER;
```

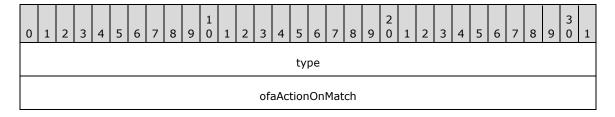
dwAddress: The IPV4 address or subnet.

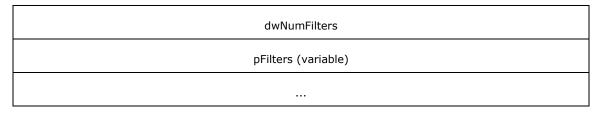
dwMask: The IP subnet mask. See [RFC950].

2.2.1.2.209 OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_INFO

This structure<150> contains OSPF route filter information and is used by the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)





type (4 bytes): This MUST be set to OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_PARAM_TYPE.

ofaActionOnMatch (4 bytes): Set to 0 or 1 as mentioned in <u>OSPF_FILTER_ACTION (section 2.2.1.1.15)</u>.

dwNumFilters (4 bytes): Set to the number of route filters present in the pFilters field.

pFilters (variable): List of route filters. This points to a buffer that contains a list of structures of type OSPF ROUTE FILTER (section 2.2.1.2.208).

2.2.1.2.210 OSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO

This structure < 151> contains the OSPF protocol filter information is used by the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD type;
  OSPF_FILTER_ACTION ofaActionOnMatch;
  DWORD dwNumFilters;
  DWORD pdwProtoId[1];
} OSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO;
```

type: This MUST be set to OSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO_TYPE.

ofaActionOnMatch: Set to 0 or 1 as mentioned in OSPF FILTER ACTION (section 2.2.1.1.15).

dwNumFilters: The number of protocol filters present in the **pFilter** field.

pdwProtoId: A list of protocol IDs. This list MUST contain one or more values defined in MIB IPFORWARD PROTO (section 2.2.1.1.9). All other values are ignored.

2.2.1.2.211 OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM

This structure $\leq 152 \geq$ contains the OPSF global parameters and is used by the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD type;
  DWORD create;
  DWORD enable;
  DWORD routerId;
  DWORD ASBrdrRtr;
  DWORD logLevel;
} OSPF GLOBAL PARAM;
```

type: This MUST be set to OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM_TYPE.

create: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be created or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

enable: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be enabled or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

routerId: This can be any value, or the IP address of the router, and MUST NOT be zero.

ASBrdrRtr: If it is the boundary router set to 1, otherwise set to 2.

logLevel: Set to 0 if no logging, 1 if an error, 2 if a warning, and 3 if information.

2.2.1.2.212 OSPF_AREA_PARAM

The OSPF_AREA_PARAM structure<153> contains the OSPF area parameters and is used by the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

When calling RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo you MUST NOT delete the area with the areaId set to 0.0.0.0, which works as the backbone area for the OSPF, otherwise the method will return a failure.

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD type;
  DWORD create;
  DWORD enable;
  DWORD areaId;
  DWORD authType;
  DWORD importASExtern;
  DWORD stubMetric;
  DWORD importSumAdv;
} OSPF AREA PARAM;
```

type: This MUST be set to OSPF_AREA_PARAM_TYPE.

create: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be created or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

enable: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be enabled or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

areaId: Set to 0 if it is border. Otherwise, set to any nonzero value.

authType: Set to 1 if there is no password or set to 2 for a simple password.

importASExtern: Set to 1 if yes, 2 for no.

stubMetric: Stub area metric. It MUST be set to a value between 1 and USHORTMAX/2.

importSumAdv: The import summary advertisement. Set to 1 if yes, 2 for no.

2.2.1.2.213 OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM

The OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM structure<154> contains the OSPF area range parameters. This structure is used by the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
   DWORD type;
```

```
DWORD create;
DWORD enable;
DWORD areald;
DWORD rangeNet;
DWORD rangeMask;
) OSPF AREA RANGE PARAM;
```

type: This MUST be set to OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM_TYPE.

create: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be created, or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

enable: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be enabled, or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

areaId: Set to 0 if it is a border. Otherwise, set it to any nonzero value.

rangeNet: The IP address of the subnet.

rangeMask: The mask of the IP address subnet.

2.2.1.2.214 OSPF_VIRT_INTERFACE_PARAM

This structure $\leq 155 \geq$ contains the OSPF virtual interface parameters and is used by the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.11)

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD type;
  DWORD create;
  DWORD enable;
  DWORD transitAreald;
  DWORD virtNeighborRouterId;
  DWORD transitDelay;
  DWORD retransInterval;
  DWORD helloInterval;
  DWORD deadInterval;
  BYTE password[8];
} OSPF VIRT INTERFACE PARAM;
```

type: This MUST be set to OSPF_VIRT_INTF_PARAM_TYPE.

create: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be created or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

enable: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be enabled or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

transitAreaId: The transit area ID. It MUST not be set to 0; it MUST be set to an IP address.

virtNeighborRouterId: The virtual neighbor router ID (for example, the IP address).

transitDelay: This MUST be set to a value a value between 1 and 3600.

retransInterval: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and 3600.

helloInterval: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and USHORTMAX/2.

deadInterval: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and USHORTMAX/2.

password: The password.

2.2.1.2.215 OSPF_INTERFACE_PARAM

This structure<156> contains the OSPF Non-Broadcast Multiple Access (NBMA) neighbor parameters and is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

```
typedef struct {
 DWORD type;
 DWORD create;
 DWORD enable:
 DWORD intflpAddr;
 DWORD intfSubnetMask;
 DWORD areald;
 DWORD intfType;
 DWORD routerPriority;
 DWORD transitDelay;
 DWORD retransInterval;
 DWORD helloInterval;
 DWORD deadInterval;
 DWORD pollInterval;
 DWORD metricCost;
 BYTE password[8];
 DWORD mtuSize;
} OSPF INTERFACE PARAM;
```

type: This MUST be set to OSPF_INTF_PARAM_TYPE.

create: This MUST be set to 1 if the configuration needs to be created or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

enable: This MUST set to 1 if the configuration needs to be enabled or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

intfIpAddr: The interface address on which the OSPF is enabled.

intfSubnetMask: The interface subnet address on which the OSPF is enabled. See [RFC950].

areaId: The area ID of the OSPF area of which the interface is a part.

intfType: Set to 1 for broadcast, set to 2 for NBMA, and set to 3 for point-to-point.

routerPriority: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and 255.

transitDelay: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and 3600.

retransInterval: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and 3600.

helloInterval: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and USHORTMAX/2.

deadInterval: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and USHORTMAX/2.

pollInterval: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and USHORTMAX/2.

metricCost: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and USHORTMAX/2.

password[8]: The password.

mtuSize: This MUST be set to a value between 1 and 10000.

2.2.1.2.216 OSPF_NBMA_NEIGHBOR_PARAM

This structure<157> contains the OSPF NBMA neighbor parameters and is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (section 3.1.4.20)

```
typedef struct {
  DWORD type;
  DWORD create;
  DWORD enable;
  DWORD neighborIpAddr;
  DWORD intfIpAddr;
  DWORD neighborPriority;
} OSPF NBMA NEIGHBOR PARAM;
```

type: This MUST be set to OSPF NEIGHBOR PARAM TYPE.

create: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be created or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

enable: Set to 1 if the configuration needs to be created or set to 2 if it needs to be deleted.

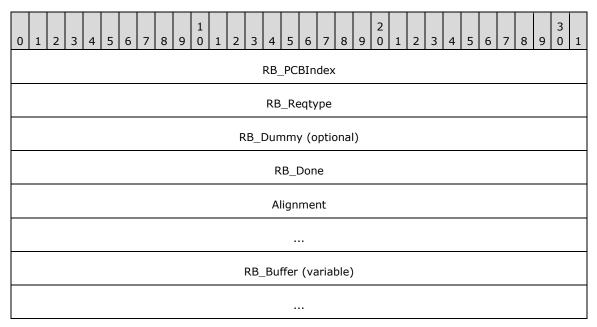
neighborIpAddr: The neighbor IP address.

intfIpAddr: The interface IP address.

neighborPriority: The priority of the neighbor.

2.2.1.2.217 RequestBuffer

The RequestBuffer is a generic information container used by the RasRpcSubmitRequest (section 3.4.4.5) method to set or retrieve information on RRAS server.



RB_PCBIndex (4 bytes): A unique identifier for the port.

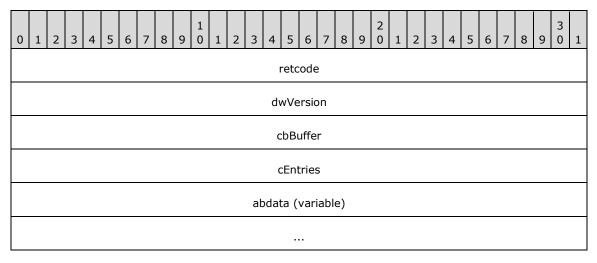
- **RB_Reqtype (4 bytes):** A <u>ReqTypes (section 2.2.1.1.18)</u> enumeration value indicating the request type sent to the server.
- **RB_Dummy (4 bytes):** MUST be set to the size of the ULONG_PTR on the client.<158>
- **RB_Done (4 bytes):** MUST be set to zero when sent and MUST be ignored on receipt.
- Alignment (8 bytes): MUST be set to zero when sent and MUST be ignored on receipt.
- **RB_Buffer (variable):** A pointer to the buffer that contains the information specific to the **RB_Reqtype** request type.

This information MUST be one of the following structures depending upon the **RB_Reqtype** ReqTypes.

Structure	ReqTypes
DeviceConfigInfo (section 2.2.1.2.218)	REQTYPE_SETDEVICECONFIGINFO
DeviceConfigInfo (section 2.2.1.2.218)	REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO
GetSetCalledId (section 2.2.1.2.220)	REQTYPE_GETCALLEDID
GetSetCalledId (section 2.2.1.2.220)	REQTYPE_SETCALLEDID
GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct (section 2.2.1.2.222)	REQTYPE_GETNDISWANDRIVERCAPS
GetDevConfigStruct (section 2.2.1.2.224)	REQTYPE_GETDEVCONFIG
Enum (section 2.2.1.2.225)	REQTYPE_PORTENUM
<u>Info (section 2.2.1.2.227)</u>	REQTYPE_GETINFO

2.2.1.2.218 DeviceConfigInfo

The DeviceConfigInfo structure contains information specific to the **REQTYPE_SETDEVICECONFIGINFO** and **REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO** ReqTypes (section 2.2.1.1.18).



retcode (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, specified in [MS-ERREF] or in 2.2.4.

dwVersion (4 bytes): Specifies the version of the server.<a><159>

cbBuffer (4 bytes): This MUST be set to the size, in bytes, of the buffer passed in **abdata**.

cEntries (4 bytes): Specifies the number of device entries as returned by the server.

abdata (variable): This refers to the buffer containing the array of <u>RAS_DEVICE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.219)</u> structures as returned by the server.

2.2.1.2.219 RAS_DEVICE_INFO

The **RAS_DEVICE_INFO** structure contains device information.

```
typedef struct RAS DEVICE INFO {
 DWORD dwVersion;
 BOOL fWrite;
 BOOL fRasEnabled;
 BOOL fRouterEnabled;
 BOOL fRouterOutboundEnabled;
 DWORD dwTapiLineId;
  DWORD dwError;
 DWORD dwNumEndPoints:
  DWORD dwMaxOutCalls;
 DWORD dwMaxInCalls;
 DWORD dwMinWanEndPoints;
 DWORD dwMaxWanEndPoints;
 RASDEVICETYPE eDeviceType;
 GUID guidDevice;
 CHAR szPortName[17];
 CHAR szDeviceName[129];
 WCHAR wszDeviceName[129];
} RAS DEVICE INFO,
 *PRAS DEVICE INFO;
```

dwVersion: Specifies the version of the Rasrpc server.<a><160>

fWrite: If set to 1, specifies that device information needs to be stored on RRAS. If set to 0, specifies that the device information does not need to be stored.

fRasEnabled: If set to 1, specifies that the device is enabled for incoming connections. If set to 0, specifies that the device is not enabled for incoming connections.

fRouterEnabled: If set to 1, specifies that the device is enabled for both incoming and outgoing **Demand dial** connection. If set to 0, specifies that the device is not enabled for both incoming and outgoing **Demand dial** connection.

fRouterOutboundEnabled: If set to 1, specifies that the device is enabled for outgoing Demand dial connection. This can be set to 1 only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when fRouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.color: blue; only when frouterEnabled is set to 0.colo

dwTapiLineId: Unique TAPI identifier for the device.

dwError: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for the **retcode** field.

dwNumEndPoints: Specifies the number of WAN end points available for the device.

dwMaxOutCalls: Specifies the maximum number of outgoing connections allowed on the device.

dwMaxInCalls: Specifies the maximum number of incoming connections allowed on the device.

dwMinWanEndPoints: Specifies the minimum number of WAN end points allowed on the device.

dwMaxWanEndPoints: Specifies the maximum number of WAN end points allowed on the device.

eDeviceType: Specifies the **RASDEVICETYPE** enumeration type.

guidDevice: A **GUID** uniquely identifying the device. This value MUST NOT be used when eDeviceType is RDT_Modem.

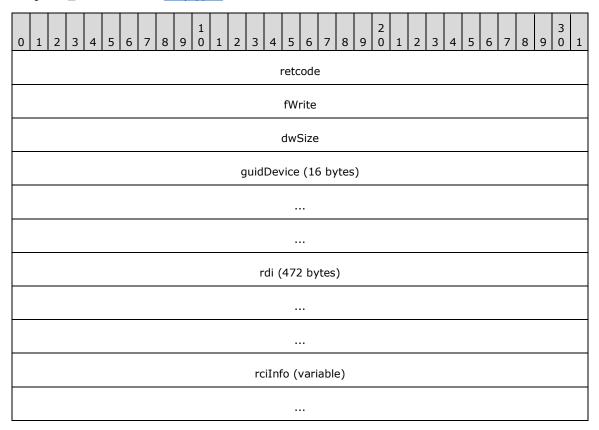
szPortName: Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string specifying the Port Name.

szDeviceName: Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string specifying the Device Name.

wszDeviceName: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string specifying the Device Name. <162>

2.2.1.2.220 GetSetCalledId

The **GetSetCalledId** structure contains information specific to the REQTYPE_GETCALLEDID and REQTYPE SETCALLEDID ReqTypes.



retcode (4 bytes): Specifies the return status as explained in section <u>2.2.1.2.218</u> for the retcode field.

fWrite (4 bytes): If set to 1, specifies that **CalledID** information MUST be stored on RRAS. If set to 0, CalledId information MUST not be stored.

dwSize (4 bytes): Specifies the size, in bytes, of the rciInfo structure, including the rciInfo.bCalledId buffer, which is specified by the **dwSize** member of the <u>RAS_CALLEDID_INFO</u> structure.

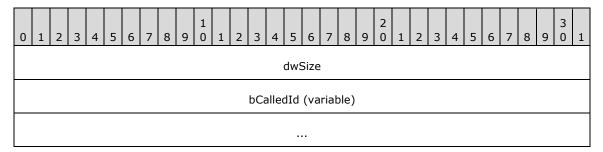
guidDevice (16 bytes): This value MUST be set to 0 when sent and ignored on receipt.

rdi (472 bytes): Specifies the RAS_DEVICE_INFO structure as defined in section 2.2.1.2.219

rciInfo (variable): Specifies the RAS_CALLEDID_INFO structure as defined in section 2.2.1.2.221

2.2.1.2.221 RAS_CALLEDID_INFO

The RAS_CALLEDID_INFO structure contains the TAPI CalledId information.



dwSize (4 bytes): Specifies the size in bytes of the bCalledId buffer.

bCalledId (variable): Specifies the buffer containing the null-terminated Unicode string representing the called device phonenumber information.

2.2.1.2.222 GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct

The **GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct** structure contains the information specific to the REQTYPE_GETNDISWANDRIVERCAPS **ReqTypes**

```
typedef struct GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct {
  DWORD retcode;
  RAS_NDISWAN_DRIVER_INFO NdiswanDriverInfo;
} GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct;
```

retcode: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for retcode field.

NdiswanDriverInfo: The RAS_NDISWAN_DRIVER_INFO structure.

2.2.1.2.223 RAS_NDISWAN_DRIVER_INFO

The RAS_NDISWAN_DRIVER_INFO structure contains the encryption capabilities of the RRAS server.

```
typedef struct _RAS_NDISWAN_DRIVER_INFO {
  ULONG DriverCaps;
  ULONG Reserved;
} RAS_NDISWAN_DRIVER_INFO,
  *P_NDISWAN_DRIVER_INFO;
```

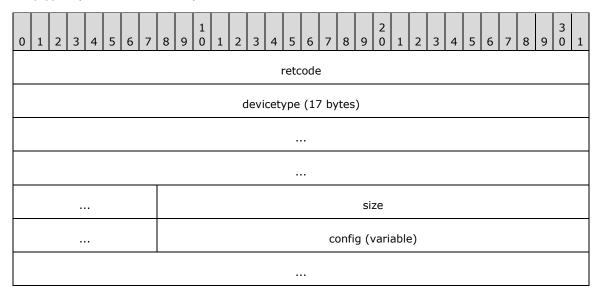
DriverCaps: Specifies the encryption capabilities of the RRAS. It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
RAS_NDISWAN_40BIT_ENABLED 0x000000000	40-bit encryption supported
RAS_NDISWAN_128BIT_ENABLED 0x00000001	128-bit encryption supported

Reserved: MUST be set to zero when sent and MUST be ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.224 GetDevConfigStruct

The GetDevConfigStruct structure contains information specific to the **REQTYPE_GETDEVCONFIG** ReqTypes (section 2.2.1.1.18).



retcode (4 bytes): Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for retcode field.

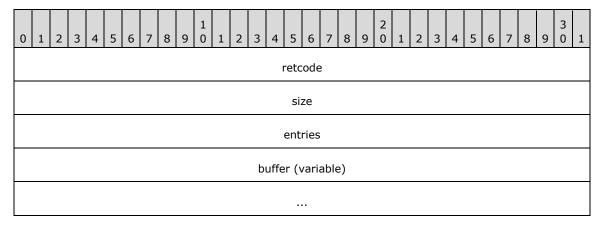
devicetype (17 bytes): Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string that indicates the RRAS server device type as specified for the **wszDeviceType** field in the <u>RASI_PORT_0</u> (section 2.2.1.2.76) structure.

size (4 bytes): Specifies the size in bytes of the configuration data as specified by config.

config (variable): Tapi device configuration blob as specified by **GetDevConfig.lpDeviceConfig** in section 2.2.4.1.3.33 of [MS-TRP].

2.2.1.2.225 Enum

The Enum structure contains information specific to the **REQTYPE_PORTENUM** ReqTypes (section 2.2.1.1.18) value.



retcode (4 bytes): Specifies the return status as explained in section <u>2.2.1.2.218</u> for the **retcode** field.

size (4 bytes): Specifies the size in bytes of the buffer.

entries (4 bytes): Specifies the number of port entries as pointed by the buffer.

buffer (variable): Points to the array of RASMAN PORT 32 (section 2.2.1.2.226) structures.

2.2.1.2.226 RASMAN_PORT_32

The RASMAN_PORT_32 structure contains information regarding a specific RAS port, such as port status and port name.

```
typedef struct _RASMAN_PORT_32 {
   DWORD P_Port;
   CHAR P_PortName[16];
   RASMAN STATUS P Status;
   RASDEVICETYPE P_rdtDeviceType;
   RASMAN USAGE P_ConfiguredUsage;
   RASMAN_USAGE P_CurrentUsage;
   CHAR P_MediaName[16];
   CHAR P_DeviceType[16];
   CHAR P_DeviceName[129];
   DWORD P_LineDeviceId;
   DWORD P_AddressId;
} RASMAN PORT 32;
```

- **P_Port:** A unique identifier for the port.
- **P_PortName:** Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string specifying the port name.
- **P_Status:** Specifies the status of the port as defined in the <u>RASMAN_STATUS</u> (section 2.2.1.1.17) enumeration type.
- **P_rdtDeviceType:** Specifies the device type of the port as defined in the RASDEVICETYPE (section 2.2.1.1.16) enumeration type.
- **P_ConfiguredUsage:** Specifies the configured usage of the port as defined in section 2.2.1.1.21.
- **P_CurrentUsage:** Specifies the usage for the port currently being used as defined in section 2.2.1.1.21.
- **P_MediaName:** A null-terminated ASCII string specifying the name of the media associated with the port.
- **P_DeviceType:** Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string that indicates the RRAS server device type as specified for the **wszDeviceType** field of the <u>RASI_PORT_0</u> (section 2.2.1.2.76) structure.
- **P_DeviceName:** A null-terminated ASCII string specifying the name of the device associated with the port.
- **P_LineDeviceId:** Specifies a unique identifier for the device.
- **P_AddressId:** MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.227 Info

The Info structure contains information specific to the **REQTYPE_GETINFO** ReqTypes (section 2.2.1.1.18) value.

```
typedef struct Info {
  union {
    DWORD retcode;
```

```
HANDLE paddingField;
};
RASMAN_INFO info;
} Info;
```

retcode: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for the retcode field.

paddingField: Reserved field to provide proper alignment of the structure.

info: Specifies the port information as defined in the <u>RASMAN_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.228) structure.

2.2.1.2.228 RASMAN_INFO

The RASMAN_INFO structure contains general information regarding a specific RRAS port, such as port status and port name.

```
typedef struct RASMAN INFO {
 RASMAN STATUS RI PortStatus;
 RASMAN STATE RI ConnState;
 DWORD RI LinkSpeed;
 DWORD RI LastError;
 RASMAN USAGE RI CurrentUsage;
  CHAR RI DeviceTypeConnecting[16];
 CHAR RI_DeviceConnecting[129];
 CHAR RI szDeviceType[16];
 CHAR RI szDeviceName[129];
 CHAR RI szPortName[17];
 RASMAN DISCONNECT TYPE RI DisconnectType;
 DWORD RI OwnershipFlag;
  DWORD RI ConnectDuration;
 DWORD RI BytesReceived;
 CHAR RI Phonebook[261];
 CHAR RI PhoneEntry[257];
 HANDLE RI ConnectionHandle;
 DWORD RI SubEntry;
 RASDEVICETYPE RI rdtDeviceType;
 GUID RI GuidEntry;
 DWORD RI_dwSessionId;
 DWORD RI dwFlags;
 GUID RI CorrelationGuid;
} RASMAN INFO;
```

- **RI_PortStatus:** Specifies the status of the port as defined in <u>RASMAN_STATUS</u> (section 2.2.1.1.17) enumeration type.
- **RI_ConnState:** Specifies the connection state of the port as defined in RASMAN STATE (section 2.2.1.1.19).
- **RI_LinkSpeed:** Specifies the link speed in bits per second (bps) of the connection using port as specified by **RI_szPortName**.
- **RI_LastError:** Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for **retcode** field.
- **RI_CurrentUsage:** Specifies the current usage of the port as defined in section 2.2.1.1.21.
- **RI_DeviceTypeConnecting:** Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string that indicates the RRAS server device type as specified for the **wszDeviceType** field of a <u>RASI_PORT_0</u> (section 2.2.1.2.76) structure.
- **RI_DeviceConnecting:** Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string containing the name of the device associated with the port.

- **RI_szDeviceType:** Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string containing the RRAS server device type as specified for the **wszDeviceType** field of RASI_PORT_0 structure.
- **RI_szDeviceName:** Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string containing the name of the device associated with the port.
- **RI_szPortName:** Specifies a null-terminated ASCII string containing the port name.
- **RI_DisconnectType:** Specifies the disconnect type of the port as defined by the RASMAN DISCONNECT TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.20) enumeration type.
- **RI_OwnershipFlag:** Specifies the **process identifier (PID)** of the **client** application that has opened the port.
- **RI_ConnectDuration:** Specifies the duration of the current connection on this port, in milliseconds.
- **RI_BytesReceived:** Specifies the number of bytes received on this port.
- RI_Phonebook: Specifies the RRAS Phonebook path for the connection associated with this port.
- **RI_PhoneEntry:** Specifies the **RRAS Phonebook entry** name for the connection associated with this port.
- **RI_ConnectionHandle:** Specifies a unique 32-bit unsigned integer identifying the connection associated with this port.
- RI_SubEntry: Specifies an index to the multilink subentry associated with this port.
- **RI_rdtDeviceType:** Specifies a value giving the <u>RASDEVICETYPE</u> (section 2.2.1.1.16) enumeration type.
- RI_GuidEntry: Specifies a GUID uniquely identifying the connection associated with the port.
- **RI_dwSessionId:** Specifies the unique session ID associated with the port.<163>
- **RI_dwFlags:** Specifies the configuration option of the connection associated with this port. $\leq 164 >$

The value MUST be one of the following values or a bit-wise OR combination of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	Connection associated with this port is configured to store the credentials for everyone.
0x00000002	Connection associated with this port is configured as outgoing connection.

RI_CorrelationGuid: Specifies a GUID that uniquely identifies the connection associated with this port.<165>

2.2.1.2.229 RASRPC_PBUSER

The RASRPC_PBUSER structure contains configuration information of Demand Dial connection.

```
typedef struct _RASRPC_PBUSER {
  BOOL fOperatorDial;
  BOOL fPreviewPhoneNumber;
  BOOL fUseLocation;
  BOOL fShowLights;
  BOOL fShowConnectStatus;
  BOOL fCloseOnDial;
```

```
BOOL fAllowLogonPhonebookEdits;
  BOOL fAllowLogonLocationEdits;
  BOOL fSkipConnectComplete;
  BOOL fNewEntryWizard;
  DWORD dwRedialAttempts;
  DWORD dwRedialSeconds;
  DWORD dwIdleDisconnectSeconds;
  BOOL fRedialOnLinkFailure;
  BOOL fPopupOnTopWhenRedialing;
  BOOL fExpandAutoDialQuery;
  DWORD dwCallbackMode;
  [unique] LPRASRPC CALLBACKLIST pCallbacks;
  WCHAR pszLastCallbackByCaller[129];
  DWORD dwPhonebookMode;
  WCHAR pszPersonalFile[260];
  WCHAR pszAlternatePath[260];
  [unique] LPRASRPC STRINGLIST pPhonebooks;
  [unique] LPRASRPC STRINGLIST pAreaCodes;
  BOOL fUseAreaAndCountry;
  [unique] LPRASRPC_STRINGLIST pPrefixes;
[unique] LPRASRPC_STRINGLIST pSuffixes;
  [unique] LPRASRPC LOCATIONLIST pLocations;
  DWORD dwXPhonebook;
  DWORD dwYPhonebook;
  WCHAR pszDefaultEntry[257];
  BOOL fInitialized;
  BOOL fDirty;
} RASRPC PBUSER,
 *LPRASRPC PBUSER;
```

fOperatorDial: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fPreviewPhoneNumber: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fUseLocation: It is unused can be set to any value.

fShowLights: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fShowConnectStatus: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fCloseOnDial: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fAllowLogonPhonebookEdits: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fAllowLogonLocationEdits: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fSkipConnectComplete: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fNewEntryWizard: It is unused and can be set to any value.

dwRedialAttempts: It is unused and can be set to any value.

dwRedialSeconds: It is unused and can be set to any value.

dwIdleDisconnectSeconds: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fRedialOnLinkFailure: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fPopupOnTopWhenRedialing: It is unused and can be set to any value.

fExpandAutoDialQuery: It is unused and can be set to any value.

dwCallbackMode: It is unused and can be set to any value.

pCallbacks: A pointer to a linked list of callback information specified by <u>RASRPC CALLBACKLIST (section 2.2.1.2.230)</u> structures. Each member of the linked list specifies the callback information for a particular port associated with a device.

pszLastCallbackByCaller: A null-terminated Unicode string specifying the callback phone number last used.

dwPhonebookMode: It is unused and can be set to any value.

pszPersonalFile: It MUST be set to an empty string("").

pszAlternatePath: It MUST be set to an empty string("").

pPhonebooks: It is not used and can be set to NULL.

pAreaCodes: It is not used and can be set to NULL.

fUseAreaAndCountry: It is unused and can be set to any value.

pPrefixes: It MUST be set to NULL.pSuffixes: It MUST be set to NULL.pLocations: It MUST be set to NULL.

dwXPhonebook: It is unused and can be set to any value.

dwYPhonebook: It is unused can be set to any value.

pszDefaultEntry: It MUST be set to an empty string (").

fInitialized: If set to 1, specifies that the RASRPC_PBUSER structure is initialized if set to 0 specifies that the RASRPC_PBUSER structure is not initialized.

fDirty: If set to 1, specifies that the RASRPC_PBUSER structure needs to be stored on server. If set to 0, specifies that the RASRPC_PBUSER structure need not be stored on RRAS.

2.2.1.2.230 RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST

The RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST structure specifies the callback information such as the callback device name and the callback phonenumber.

```
typedef struct _RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST {
  WCHAR pszPortName[RASRPC MaxPortName + 1];
  WCHAR pszDeviceName[RASRPC_MaxDeviceName + 1];
  WCHAR pszNumber[RASRPC MaxPhoneNumber + 1];
  DWORD dwDeviceType;
  [unique] struct _RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST* pNext;
} RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST,
  *LPRASRPC CALLBACKLIST;
```

pszPortName: A null-terminated Unicode string specifying the port name on which callback is made.

pszDeviceName: A null-terminated Unicode string specifying the device name on which callback is be made.

pszNumber: A null-terminated Unicode string specifying the phone number to which callback is be made.

dwDeviceType: Specifies the device type to which callback is to be made.

This MUST take one of the following values:

Value	Meaning
PBDT_None 0	No device.
PBDT_Null	Serial or parallel port device.
PBDT_Other 2	Device other than mentioned in the table.
PBDT_Modem 3	A modem device.
PBDT_Pad 4	An X.25 [X.25] packet assembler/disassembler. <a href="mailto:<166"><166 >
PBDT_Switch 5	Switch device.
PBDT_Isdn 6	An ISDN device.
PBDT_X25 7	An X.25 [X.25] device.<167>
PBDT_ComPort 8	Generic COM port device.
PBDT_Irda 10	An Infrared Data Association (IrDA)-compliant device.
PBDT_Vpn 11	A virtual private networking (VPN) device
PBDT_Serial	Serial port device.
PBDT_Atm 13	Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) device.
PBDT_Parallel	Parallel port device.
PBDT_Sonet	Sonet device.
PBDT_Sw56 16	Switched 56K Access.
PBDT_FrameRelay	Frame Relay device.
PBDT_PPPoE 18	PPPoE device. <a href="mailto:<168"><168>

pNext: Specifies the pointer to the next **RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST** structure. The last member of the linked list of RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST structures MUST have the **pNext** field set to NULL.

2.2.1.2.231 RASRPC STRINGLIST

The RASRPC_STRINGLIST structure contains a null-terminated Unicode string.

```
typedef struct _RASRPC_STRINGLIST {
  WCHAR psz[256];
  [unique] struct _RASRPC_STRINGLIST* pNext;
} RASRPC_STRINGLIST,
*LPRASRPC STRINGLIST;
```

psz: Specifies a null-terminated Unicode string.

pNext: Specifies the pointer to the next RASRPC_STRINGLIST structure.

2.2.1.2.232 RASRPC_LOCATIONLIST

The RASRPC LOCATIONLIST structure contains information related to the TAPI location identifier.

```
typedef struct _RASRPC_LOCATIONLIST {
   DWORD dwLocationId;
   DWORD iPrefix;
   DWORD iSuffix;
   [unique] struct _RASRPC_LOCATIONLIST* pNext;
} RASRPC LOCATIONLIST,
   *LPRASRPC LOCATIONLIST;
```

dwLocationId: Specifies the TAPI location id.

iPrefix: It is unused and if set MUST be ignored by RRAS.

iSuffix: It is unused and if set MUST be ignored by RRAS.

pNext: Specifies the pointer to the next RASRPC_LOCATIONLIST structure.

2.2.1.2.233 PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_2

The PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_2 structure<169> contains information obtained during the PPP negotiation for the PPP-based tunnels.

```
typedef struct {
 DWORD dwIPv4NegotiationError;
 WCHAR wszAddress[16];
 WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
 DWORD dwIPv4Options;
 DWORD dwIPv4RemoteOptions;
 ULONG64 IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
 DWORD dwIPv6NegotiationError;
 UCHAR bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
 UCHAR bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
 UCHAR bPrefix[8];
 DWORD dwPrefixLength;
 ULONG64 IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
 DWORD dwLcpError;
  DWORD dwAuthenticationProtocol;
 DWORD dwAuthenticationData;
 DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol;
  DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationData;
 DWORD dwLcpTerminateReason;
```

```
DWORD dwLcpRemoteTerminateReason;
     DWORD dwLcpOptions;
     DWORD dwLcpRemoteOptions;
     DWORD dwEapTypeId;
     DWORD dwEmbeddedEAPTypeId;
     DWORD dwRemoteEapTypeId;
     DWORD dwCcpError;
     DWORD dwCompressionAlgorithm;
     DWORD dwCcpOptions;
     DWORD dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm;
    DWORD dwCcpRemoteOptions;
   } PPP PROJECTION INFO 2,
    *PPPP PROJECTION INFO 2;
dwIPv4NegotiationError: Same as dwIPv4NegotiationError in
   PPP PROJECTION INFO 1 (section 2.2.1.2.131).
wszAddress: Same as wszAddress in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
wszRemoteAddress: Same as wszRemoteAddress in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
dwIPv4Options: Same as dwIPv4Options in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
dwIPv4RemoteOptions: Same as dwIPv4RemoteOptions in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
IPv4SubInterfaceIndex: Same as IPv4SubInterfaceIndex in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
dwIPv6NegotiationError: Same as dwIPv6NegotiationError in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
bInterfaceIdentifier: Same as bInterfaceIdentifier in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier: Same as bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier in
   PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
bPrefix: Same as bPrefix in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
dwPrefixLength: Same as bPrefix in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
IPv6SubInterfaceIndex: Same as IPv6SubInterfaceIndex in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
dwLcpError: Same as dwLcpError in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
dwAuthenticationProtocol: Same as dwAuthenticationProtocol in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
dwAuthenticationData: Same as dwAuthenticationData in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol: Same as dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol in
   PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
dwRemoteAuthenticationData: Same as dwRemoteAuthenticationData in
   PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
dwLcpTerminateReason: Same as dwLcpTerminateReason in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
dwLcpRemoteTerminateReason: Same as dwLcpRemoteTerminateReason in
   PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
dwLcpOptions: Same as dwLcpOptions in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.
dwLcpRemoteOptions: Same as dwLcpRemoteOptions in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
dwEapTypeId: Same as dwEapTypeId in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.
```

dwEmbeddedEAPTypeId: Specifies the type identifier of the inner EAP method used in the EAP [MS-PEAP] authentication. The value of this member is valid only if the **dwEapTypeId** member is set to PEAP (defined in [IANA-EAP]). The valid values are defined in [IANA-EAP].

dwRemoteEapTypeId: Same as dwRemoteEapTypeId in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwCcpError: Same as **dwCcpError** in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwCompressionAlgorithm: Same as dwCompressionAlgorithm in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwCcpOptions: Same as dwCcpOptions in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.

dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm: Same as **dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm** in PPP PROJECTION INFO 1.

dwCcpRemoteOptions: Same as **dwCcpRemoteOptions** in PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

2.2.1.2.234 IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_2

The IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_2 structure <170> contains information obtained during Internet key exchange (IKE) negotiation.

```
typedef struct IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 2 {
 DWORD dwIPv4NegotiationError;
 WCHAR wszAddress[16];
 WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
 ULONG64 IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
 DWORD dwIPv6NegotiationError;
 UCHAR bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
 UCHAR bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
 UCHAR bPrefix[8];
 DWORD dwPrefixLength;
 ULONG64 IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
 DWORD dwOptions;
 DWORD dwAuthenticationProtocol;
 DWORD dwEapTypeId;
 DWORD dwEmbeddedEAPTypeId;
 DWORD dwCompressionAlgorithm;
 DWORD dwEncryptionMethod;
} IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 2,
 *PIKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 2;
```

dwIPv4NegotiationError: Same as dwIPv4NegotiationError in IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1.

wszAddress: Same as wszAddress in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

wszRemoteAddress: Same as wszRemoteAddress in IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1.

IPv4SubInterfaceIndex: Same as **IPv4SubInterfaceIndex** in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwIPv6NegotiationError: Same as dwIPv6NegotiationError in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

bInterfaceIdentifier: Same as bInterfaceIdentifier in IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1.

bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier: Same as **bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier** in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

bPrefix: Same as **bPrefix** in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwPrefixLength: Same as dwPrefixLength in IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1.

IPv6SubInterfaceIndex: Same as IPv6SubInterfaceIndex in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwOptions: Same as **dwOptions** in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwAuthenticationProtocol: Same as dwAuthenticationProtocol in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwEapTypeId: Same as dwEapTypeId in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwEmbeddedEAPTypeId: Same as dwEmbeddedEAPTypeId in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwCompressionAlgorithm: Same as dwCompressionAlgorithm in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

dwEncryptionMethod: Same as dwEncryptionMethod in IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1.

2.2.1.2.235 PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_2

The PROJECTION INFO IDL 2 structure<171> is used in RAS CONNECTION 4 IDL (section 2.2.1.2.236) as a placeholder for PPP PROJECTION INFO 2 (section 2.2.1.2.233) or IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_2 (section 2.2.1.2.234).

```
typedef struct _PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_2 {
   UCHAR projectionInfoType;
   union {
     PPP PROJECTION INFO 2 PppProjectionInfo;
     IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_2 Ikev2ProjectionInfo;
   } ProjectionInfoObject;
} PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_2,
   *PPROJECTION INFO IDL 2;
```

projectionInfoType: Specifies if the projection is for a PPP-based or IKEv2-based tunnel.

Value	Meaning
MPRAPI_PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_TYPE 0x01	Data corresponds to PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_2.
MPRAPI_IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_TYPE 0x02	Data corresponds to IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_2.

PppProjectionInfo: Contains a PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_2 for a PPP-based tunnel.

Ikev2ProjectionInfo: Contains an IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_2 for an IKEv2-based tunnel.

2.2.1.2.236 RAS_CONNECTION_4_IDL

The RAS_CONNECTION_4_IDL structure <172>contains information for a connection, including the GUID that identifies the connection, the NAP, and the PPP or the IKEv2- related data for the connection.

```
typedef struct _RAS_CONNECTION_4_IDL {
   DWORD dwConnectDuration;
   ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE dwInterfaceType;
   DWORD dwConnectionFlags;
   WCHAR wszInterfaceName[257];
   WCHAR wszUserName[257];
   WCHAR wszLogonDomain[16];
   WCHAR wszRemoteComputer[17];
   GUID guid;
   RAS_QUARANTINE_STATE rasQuarState;
   FILETIME probationTime;
   FILETIME connectionStartTime;
```

```
DWORD dwBytesXmited;
  DWORD dwBytesRcved;
  DWORD dwFramesXmited;
 DWORD dwFramesRcved;
 DWORD dwCrcErr;
  DWORD dwTimeoutErr;
 DWORD dwAlignmentErr;
  DWORD dwHardwareOverrunErr;
  DWORD dwFramingErr;
 DWORD dwBufferOverrunErr;
 DWORD dwCompressionRatioIn;
  DWORD dwCompressionRatioOut;
  DWORD dwNumSwitchOvers;
 WCHAR wszRemoteEndpointAddress[65];
 WCHAR wszLocalEndpointAddress[65];
 PROJECTION INFO_IDL_2 ProjectionInfo;
 ULONG hConnection;
 ULONG hInterface;
 DWORD dwDeviceTvpe;
} RAS CONNECTION 4 IDL,
 *PRAS CONNECTION 4 IDL;
```

dwConnectDuration: Same as dwConnectDuration in RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL.

dwInterfaceType: Same as dwInterfaceType in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwConnectionFlags: Same as dwConnectionFlags in RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL.

wszInterfaceName: Same as wszInterfaceName in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

wszUserName: Same as wszUserName in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

wszLogonDomain: Same as wszLogonDomain in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

wszRemoteComputer: Same as wszRemoteComputer in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

guid: Same as guid in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

rasQuarState: Same as rasQuarState in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

probationTime: Same as probationTime in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

connectionStartTime: Same as connectionStartTime in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwBytesXmited: Same as **dwBytesXmited** in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwBytesRcved: Same as dwBytesRcved in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwFramesXmited: Same as dwFramesXmited in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwFramesRcved: Same as dwFramesRcved in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

 $\label{lem:dwCrcErr} \textbf{dwCrcErr} \ \text{in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL}.$

dwTimeoutErr: Same as **dwTimeoutErr** in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwAlignmentErr: Same as dwAlignmentErr in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwHardwareOverrunErr: Same as **dwHardwareOverrunErr** in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwFramingErr: Same as dwFramingErr in RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL.

dwBufferOverrunErr: Same as dwBufferOverrunErr in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwCompressionRatioIn: Same as dwCompressionRatioIn in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwCompressionRatioOut: Same as dwCompressionRatioOut in RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL.

dwNumSwitchOvers: Same as dwNumSwitchOvers in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

wszRemoteEndpointAddress: Same as wszRemoteEndpointAddress in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

wszLocalEndpointAddress: Same as wszLocalEndpointAddress in RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL.

ProjectionInfo: Same as **ProjectionInfo** in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

hConnection: Same as hConnection in RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL.

hInterface: Same as hInterface in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_1_IDL.

dwDeviceType: Specifies the device type of the port associated with the RAS connection as defined in the <u>RASDEVICETYPE</u> (section 2.2.1.1.16) enumeration type.

2.2.1.2.237 ROUTER_CUSTOM_IKEv2_POLICY_0

The ROUTER_CUSTOM_IKEv2_POLICY_0 structure <173> is used to get or set configuration parameters to be used during **quick mode security association (QM SA)** or **main mode security association (MM SA)** negotiation for IKEv2 [RFC4306] and L2TP devices.

```
typedef struct ROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2 POLICY 0 {
  DWORD dwIntegrityMethod;
  DWORD dwEncryptionMethod;
  DWORD dwCipherTransformConstant;
  DWORD dwAuthTransformConstant;
  DWORD dwPfsGroup;
  DWORD dwDhGroup;
} ROUTER_CUSTOM_IKEv2_POLICY_0,
  *PROUTER_CUSTOM_IKEv2_POLICY_0,
  ROUTER_CUSTOM_LZTP_POLICY_0,
  *PROUTER_CUSTOM_LZTP_POLICY_0;
```

dwIntegrityMethod: Specifies the integrity check algorithm to be negotiated during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This SHOULD have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
INTEGRITY_MD5 (0x0)	Specifies MD5 hash algorithm.
INTEGRITY_SHA1 (0x1)	Specifies SHA1 hash algorithm.
INTEGRITY_SHA_256 (0x2)	Specifies a 256-bit SHA encryption.
INTEGRITY_SHA_384 (0x3)	Specifies a 384-bit SHA encryption.

dwEncryptionMethod: Specifies the encryption algorithm to be negotiated during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This SHOULD have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
CIPHER_DES (0x0)	Specifies DES encryption.
CIPHER_3DES (0x1)	Specifies 3DES encryption.
CIPHER_AES_128 (0x2)	Specifies AES-128 encryption.
CIPHER_AES_192 (0x3)	Specifies AES-192 encryption.
CIPHER_AES_256 (0x4)	Specifies AES-256 encryption.

dwCipherTransformConstant: Specifies the encryption algorithm to be negotiated during QM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This SHOULD have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
CIPHER_CONFIG_CBC_DES (0x1)	DES (Data Encryption Standard) algorithm. CBC (Cipher Block Chaining) mode of operation. [RFC2410]
CIPHER_CONFIG_CBC_3DES (0x2)	3DES algorithm. CBC mode of operation. [RFC2451]
CIPHER_CONFIG_CBC_AES_128 (0x3)	AES-128 (Advanced Encryption Standard) algorithm. CBC mode of operation. [RFC3602]
CIPHER_CONFIG_CBC_AES_192 (0x4)	AES-192 algorithm. CBC mode of operation. [RFC3602]
CIPHER_CONFIG_CBC_AES_256 (0x5)	AES-256 algorithm. CBC mode of operation. [RFC3602]
CIPHER_CONFIG_GCM_AES_128 (0x6)	AES-128 algorithm. GCM (Galois Counter Mode) mode of operation. [RFC4106]
CIPHER_CONFIG_GCM_AES_192 (0x7)	AES-192 algorithm. GCM (Galois Counter Mode) mode of operation. [RFC4106]
CIPHER_CONFIG_GCM_AES_256 (0x8)	AES-256 algorithm. GCM (Galois Counter Mode) mode of operation. [RFC4106]

dwAuthTransformConstant: Specifies the hash algorithm to be negotiated during QM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This SHOULD have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
AUTH_CONFIG_HMAC_MD5_96 (0x0)	Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) secret key authentication algorithm. MD5data integrity and data origin authentication algorithm. [RFC2403]
AUTH_CONFIG_HMAC_SHA_1_96 (0x1)	Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) secret key authentication algorithm. SHA-1 (Secure Hash Algorithm) data integrity and data origin authentication

Value	Meaning
	algorithm. [RFC2404]
AUTH_CONFIG_HMAC_SHA_256_128 (0x2)	Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) secret key authentication algorithm. SHA-256 data integrity and data origin authentication algorithm.
AUTH_CONFIG_GCM_AES_128 (0x3)	GCM (Galois Counter Mode) secret key authentication algorithm. AES(Advanced Encryption Standard) data integrity and data origin authentication algorithm, with 128-bit key.
AUTH_CONFIG_GCM_AES_192 (0x4)	GCM secret key authentication algorithm. AES data integrity and data origin authentication algorithm, with 192-bit key.
AUTH_CONFIG_GCM_AES_256 (0x5)	GCM secret key authentication algorithm. AES data integrity and data origin authentication algorithm, with 256-bit key.

dwPfsGroup: Specifies the Diffie-Hellman algorithm to be used for Quick Mode Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) [RFC4306]. This SHOULD have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
PFS_NONE (0x0)	Specifies no Quick Mode PFS.
PFS_1 (0x1)	Specifies Diffie- Hellman group 1.
PFS_2 (0x2)	Specifies Diffie- Hellman group 2.
PFS_2048 (0x3)	Specifies Diffie- Hellman group 2048.
PFS_ECP_256 (0x4)	Specifies Diffie- Hellman ECP group 256.
PFS_ECP_384 (0x5)	Specifies Diffie- Hellman ECP group 384.
PFS_MM (0x6)	Use the same Diffie- Hellman as the main mode (MM) that contains this quick mode (QM).
PFS_24 (0x7)	Specifies Diffie- Hellman group 24.

dwDhGroup: Specifies the type of Diffie-Hellman group used for Internet Key Exchange (IKE) key generation during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This SHOULD have one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
DH_GROUP_NONE (0x0)	No key exchange algorithms defined.
DH_GROUP_1 (0x1)	Do key exchange with Diffie-Hellman group 1.

Value	Meaning
DH_GROUP_2 (0x2)	Do key exchange with Diffie-Hellman group 2.
DH_GROUP_14 (0x3)	Do key exchange with Diffie-Hellman group 14.
DH_GROUP_2048 (0x3)	Do key exchange with Diffie-Hellman group 14. This group was called Diffie-Hellman group 2048 when it was introduced. The name has been changed to match standard terminology.
DH_ECP_256 (0x4)	Do key exchange with elliptic curve Diffie-Hellman 256.
DH_ECP_384 (0x5)	Do key exchange with elliptic curve Diffie-Hellman 384.
DH_GROUP_24 (0x6)	Do key exchange with Diffie-Hellman group 24.

2.2.1.2.238 IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2

The IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 structure \leq 174 \geq is used to get or set configured parameters for IKEv2 devices [RFC4306].

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	2 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	3	1
	dwIdleTimeout																														
	dwNetworkBlackoutTime																														
dwSaLifeTime																															
dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation																															
dwConfigOptions																															
dwTotalCertificates																															
												cer	tific	ate	Nan	nes	(va	arial	ble)											
										ı	mad	hin	eCe	ertif	icat	eNa	ame	e (v	aria	able)										
																•															
													dv	νEn	cryp	otio	nTy	pe													
														cus	ton	ιPo	licy														

```
...
```

dwIdleTimeout (4 bytes): Same as dwIdleTimeout in IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1.

dwNetworkBlackoutTime (4 bytes): Same as **dwNetworkBlackoutTime** in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwSaLifeTime (4 bytes): Same as dwSaLifeTime in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation (4 bytes): Same as **dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation** in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwConfigOptions (4 bytes): Same as dwConfigOptions in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwTotalCertificates (4 bytes): Same as **dwTotalCertificates** in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

certificateNames (variable): Same as certificateNames in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

machineCertificateName (variable): This MUST be a <u>CERT_BLOB_1</u>. This member specifies the certificate configured to be sent to the peer for authentication during the main mode (MM SA) negotiation [RFC4306] for the IKE2 tunnel-based VPN connections. A zero value for the **cbData** member of CERT_BLOB_1 indicates that no certificate is configured.

dwEncryptionType (4 bytes): Specifies the encryption type to be negotiated during the SA negotiation [RFC4306] for the IKE2 tunnel-based VPN connections. This SHOULD have one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	RRAS will not negotiate encryption.
1	RRAS requests encryption during negotiation. Negotiation will succeed even if remote RRAS does not support encryption.
2	RRAS requires encryption to be negotiated.
3	RRAS requires maximum-strength encryption to be negotiated.

customPolicy (8 bytes): This MUST be a pointer to <u>ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0</u> that specifies the custom IKEv2 configurations to be used during the SA negotiation [RFC4306]. The NULL value for this member indicates that no custom IKEv2 configuration is available.

The IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 structure <175> is used to get or set configured parameters for IKEv2 devices.

```
typedef struct _IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 {
   DWORD dwNumPorts;
   DWORD dwPortFlags;
   DWORD dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
   IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 TunnelConfigParams;
} IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_2,
   *PIKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_2;
```

dwNumPorts: Same as dwNumPorts in IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1.

dwPortFlags: Same as dwPortFlags in IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1.

dwTunnelConfigParamFlags: Same as **dwTunnelConfigParamFlags** in IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

TunnelConfigParams: IKEv2 tunnel-related parameters. MUST be an IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 structure.

2.2.1.2.240 MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2

The MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 structure \leq 176> is used to get or set configuration of various tunnels on a RAS server.

```
typedef struct _MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 {
   IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 IkeConfigParams;
   PPTP CONFIG_PARAMS 1 PptpConfigParams;
   L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 L2tpConfigParams;
   SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 SstpConfigParams;
} MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2,
   *PMPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2;
```

IkeConfigParams: MUST be an <u>IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 2</u> structure and is used to get or set IKEv2 tunnel parameters.

PptpConfigParams: MUST be a <u>PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1</u> structure and is used to get or set PPTP tunnel parameters.

L2tpConfigParams: MUST be an <u>L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1</u> structure and is used to get or set L2TP tunnel parameters.

SstpConfigParams: MUST be an <u>SSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1</u> structure and is used to get or set SSTP tunnel parameters.

2.2.1.2.241 MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2

The MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2 structure <177> is used to set the configuration parameters for the RRAS server.

```
typedef struct MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 2 {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD setConfigForProtocols;
   MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 ConfigParams;
} MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2,
   *PMPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2;
```

Header: This MUST be an MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130), the **revision** field MUST be 0x02, and the **type** field MUST be 0x03.

setConfigForProtocols: Same as setConfigForProtocols in MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1.

ConfigParams: This MUST be an MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 structure.

2.2.1.2.242 MPR SERVER EX 2

The MPR_SERVER_EX_2 structure<178> is used to get or set the configuration of a RAS server.

```
typedef struct _MPR_SERVER_EX_2 {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD fLanOnlyMode;
   DWORD dwUpTime;
   DWORD dwTotalPorts;
```

```
DWORD dwPortsInUse;
DWORD Reserved;
MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 ConfigParams;
} MPR_SERVER_EX_2,
*PMPR SERVER EX 2;
```

Header: This specifies the version of the MPR_SERVER_EX_2 structure and MUST be an MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130) whose **revision** field MUST be 0x02 and whose **type** field MUST be 0x02.

fLanOnlyMode: Same as **fLanOnlyMode** in MPR SERVER EX 1.

dwUpTime: Same as dwUpTime in MPR_SERVER_EX_1.

dwTotalPorts: Same as dwTotalPorts in MPR_SERVER_EX_1.

dwPortsInUse: Same as dwPortsInUse in MPR_SERVER_EX_1.

Reserved: Same as Reserved in MPR SERVER EX 1.

ConfigParams: This MUST be an MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 structure.

2.2.1.2.243 ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0

The ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0 structure <179> is used to get or set IKEv2 tunnel configuration parameters for IKEv2 tunnel- based demand- dial interfaces.

```
typedef struct _ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0 {
   DWORD dwSaLifeTime;
   DWORD dwSaDataSize;
   CERT_BLOB_1 certificateName;
   PROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2 POLICY 0 customPolicy;
} ROUTER IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0,
   *PROUTER IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0;
```

dwSaLifeTime: Same as dwSaLifeTime in IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1.

dwSaDataSize: Same as dwSaDataSize in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

certificateName: Same as certificateName in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

customPolicy: MUST be a pointer to a ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0 structure

2.2.1.2.244 MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0

The MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0 structure \leq 180> contains the IKEv2 policy configuration of a demand dial interface (see section 1.3).

```
typedef struct MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 0 {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD dwFlags;
   ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0 customIkev2Config;
} MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 0,
   *PMPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0;
```

Header: This MUST be an MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130). The **revision** field MUST be 0x01, and the **type** field MUST be 0x06.

dwFlags: This MUST be one of the following values that specify the type of tunnel.

Value	Meaning
0x0	No custom configuration is available.
MPRAPI_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_FOR_IKEV2 0x00000001	IKEv2 tunnel-specific configuration is available.

customIkev2Config: Specifies the IKEv2 tunnel configuration parameters. This MUST be a pointer to <u>ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0</u>. The value of this member is valid only if the **dwFlag** member is set to MPRAPI_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_FOR_IKEV2.

2.2.1.2.245 MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL

The MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL structure<181> is a placeholder for MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0 (section 2.2.1.2.244) and MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 (section 2.2.1.2.269).

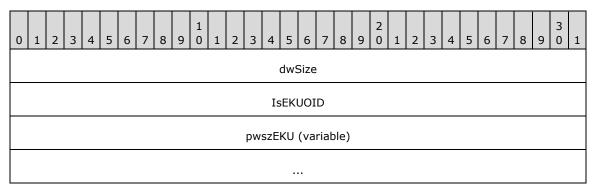
```
typedef struct _MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL switch(UCHAR revision) IfCustomConfigObject {
  case 1: MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0 IfConfigObj1;
  case 2: MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 IfConfigObj2;
} MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL,
  *PMPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL;
```

IfConfigObj1: This MUST be an MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0 (section 2.2.1.2.244) structure.

IfConfigObj2: This MUST be an MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 (section 2.2.1.2.269) structure.

2.2.1.2.246 CERT_EKU_1

The CERT_EKU_1 structure contains **EKU OID** or EKU name of an x.509 certificate (see [RFC2459]).<182>



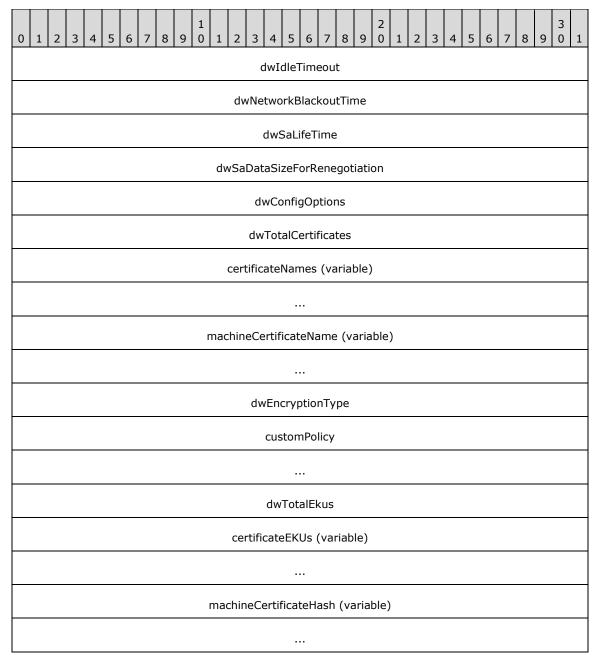
dwSize (4 bytes): The size (in bytes) of pwszEKU.

IsEKUOID (4 bytes): Specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether the *pwszEKU* parameter specifies the EKU OID or EKU name of a certificate. If this parameter is a TRUE value, *pwszEKU* specifies an EKU OID of a certificate. Otherwise, *pwszEKU* specifies an EKU name of a connection.

pwszEKU (variable): A pointer to the EKU OID or EKU name of a certificate.

2.2.1.2.247 IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3

The IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 structure is used to get or set configured parameters for IKEv2 devices (see [RFC4306]).<183>



dwIdleTimeout (4 bytes): Same as **dwIdleTimeout** in <u>IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1</u> (section 2.2.1.2.137).

dwNetworkBlackoutTime (4 bytes): Same as **dwNetworkBlackoutTime** in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwSaLifeTime (4 bytes): Same as dwSaLifeTime in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation (4 bytes): Same as **dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation** in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwConfigOptions (4 bytes): Same as dwConfigOptions in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

```
dwTotalCertificates (4 bytes): Same as dwTotalCertificates in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.
```

certificateNames (variable): Same as certificateNames in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

machineCertificateName (variable): Same as machineCertificateName in IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 (section 2.2.1.2.238).

dwEncryptionType (4 bytes): Same as **dwEncryptionType** in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2.

customPolicy (8 bytes): Same as customPolicy in IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2.

dwTotalEkus (4 bytes): Total number of EKUs in member variable certificateEKUs.

certificateEKUs (variable): An array of <u>CERT_EKU_1 (section 2.2.1.2.246)</u> that specifies the EKU parameter of the certificates that are accepted by the RemoteAccess server for IKEv2 tunnel based VPN connections.

machineCertificateHash (variable): This MUST be a CERT_BLOB_1 (section 2.2.1.2.136). This member specifies the hash of the X.509 certificate that is configured to be sent to the peer for authentication during the MM SA negotiation [RFC4306] for the IKE2 tunnel-based VPN connections. A zero value for the cbData member of CERT_BLOB_1 indicates that no certificate is configured.

The IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 structure \leq 184> is used to get or set configured parameters for IKEv2 devices.

```
typedef struct _IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 {
  DWORD dwNumPorts;
  DWORD dwPortFlags;
  DWORD dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
  IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 TunnelConfigParams;
} IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_3,
  *PIKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_3;
```

dwNumPorts: Same as dwNumPorts in IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1 (section 2.2.1.2.138).

dwPortFlags: Same as dwPortFlags in IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwTunnelConfigParamFlags: Same as **dwTunnelConfigParamFlags** in IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1.

TunnelConfigParams: IKEv2 tunnel-related parameters. MUST be an IKEv2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3 structure.

2.2.1.2.249 MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3

The MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 structure<185> is used to get or set configuration of various tunnels on a RAS server.

```
typedef struct MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3 {
   IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 IkeConfigParams;
   PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 PptpConfigParams;

   L2TP CONFIG_PARAMS 2 L2tpConfigParams;
   SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 SstpConfigParams;
} MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3,
```

```
*PMPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3;
```

IkeConfigParams: MUST be an <u>IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 3 (section 2.2.1.2.248)</u> structure. This is used to get or set IKEv2 tunnel parameters.

PptpConfigParams: MUST be a <u>PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 (section 2.2.1.2.139)</u> structure. This is used to get or set PPTP tunnel parameters.

L2tpConfigParams: MUST be an <u>L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 2 (section 2.2.1.2.271)</u> structure. This is used to get or set L2TP tunnel parameters.

SstpConfigParams: MUST be an <u>SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 (section 2.2.1.2.142)</u> structure. This is used to get or set SSTP tunnel parameters.

2.2.1.2.250 MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3

The MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3 structure \leq 186> is used to set the configuration parameters for the RRAS server

```
typedef struct _MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3 {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD setConfigForProtocols;
   MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 ConfigParams;
} MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3,
   *PMPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3;
```

Header: This MUST be an MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130), the **revision** field MUST be 0x03, and the **type** field MUST be 0x03.

setConfigForProtocols: Same as setConfigForProtocols in MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1 (section 2.2.1.2.146).

ConfigParams: This MUST be an MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3 (section 2.2.1.2.249) structure.

2.2.1.2.251 MPR_SERVER_EX_3

The MPR_SERVER_EX_3 structure $\leq 187 \geq$ is used to get or set the configuration of a RAS server.

```
typedef struct _MPR_SERVER_EX_3 {
   MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL Header;
   DWORD fLanOnlyMode;
   DWORD dwUpTime;
   DWORD dwTotalPorts;
   DWORD dwPortsInUse;
   DWORD Reserved;
   MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 ConfigParams;
} MPR_SERVER_EX_3,
   *PMPR_SERVER_EX_3;
```

Header: This specifies the version of the MPR_SERVER_EX_3 structure and MUST be an MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130) whose **revision** field is 0x03 and whose **type** field is 0x02.

fLanOnlyMode: This is the same as **fLanOnlyMode** in MPR SERVER EX 1.

dwUpTime: This is the same as **dwUpTime** in MPR_SERVER_EX_1.

dwTotalPorts: This is the same as **dwTotalPorts** in MPR_SERVER_EX_1.

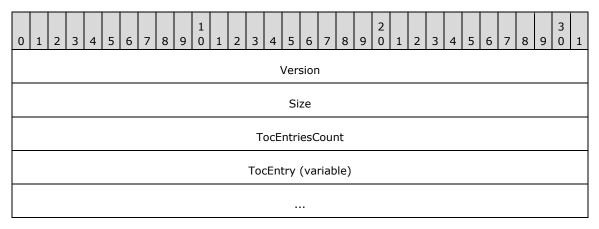
dwPortsInUse: This is the same as dwPortsInUse in MPR SERVER EX 1.

Reserved: This is the same as **Reserved** in MPR_SERVER_EX_1.

ConfigParams: This MUST be an MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3 structure.

2.2.1.2.252 BGP_CONFIG_HEADER

The BGP_CONFIG_HEADER structure<188> specifies information pertaining to the BGP protocol using a set of BGP_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.253) structures.



Version (4 bytes): This is a 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST be set to 0x0000001. No other versions are defined.

Size (4 bytes): This is a 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the size of the structure in bytes including the Version, Size, TocEntriesCount, and entries (TocEntry). The size MUST be at least 28 bytes. The total size depends on the number and type of the entries. This value MUST be the size of the BLOB represented by the structure. This MUST be the sum of the InfoSize of each element of TocEntry and TocEntriesCount times the size of BGP_TOC_ENTRY.

TocEntriesCount (4 bytes): This is a 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the number of entries. It MUST be greater than zero.

TocEntry (variable): This is a list of consecutive entries, **TocEntriesCount** in number, each of which MUST be formatted as defined in BGP_TOC_ENTRY.

2.2.1.2.253 BGP_TOC_ENTRY

The BGP_TOC_ENTRY structure<189> specifies the format in which information pertaining to the type of data is stored in BGP_CONFIG_HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.252). The following table shows the relationships between the BGP_CONFIG_HEADER and the entries.

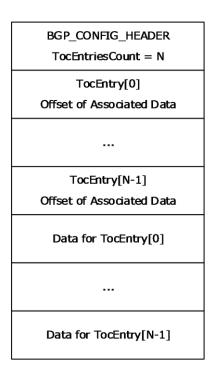
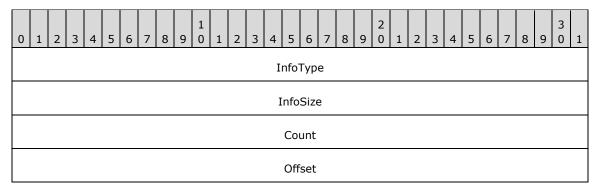


Figure 4: Relationship between the BGP_CONFIG_HEADER and the entries



InfoType (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST indicate the type of data contained in the list. The value MUST be one of the following:

Value	Meaning	The structure pointed to at offset.
0x00000001 BGP_ROUTER_CONFIG	This is the BGP router configuration.	BGP ROUTER CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.25 Z)
0x00000002 BGP_POLICY_INFO	This is the BGP policy configuration.	BGP POLICY (section 2.2.1.2.261)
0x00000003 BGP_PEER_INFO	This is the BGP peer configuration.	BGP PEER (section 2.2.1.2.262)
0x00000004 BGP_PEER_POLICY_MAP	This is the BGP peer to BGP policy mapping.	BGP PEER TO POLICIES (section 2.2.1.2. 263)

Value	Meaning	The structure pointed to at offset.
0x00000005 BGP_ADVERTISE_INFO	This is the BGP route advertise configuration.	BGP ADVERTISE (section 2.2.1.2.264)

InfoSize (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer, in network byte order, that MUST specify the number of bytes in an information structure of this type in this entry.

Count (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the number of information structures of this type in this entry.

Offset (4 bytes): A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that MUST specify the offset starting from BGP CONFIG HEADER to start of the first structure for this entry.

2.2.1.2.254 BGP_IP_ADDRESS

The BGP_IP_ADDRESS structure<190> is used to represent an IPv4 or IPv6 address in the BGP configuration.

```
typedef struct _BGP_IP_ADDRESS {
  union {
    DWORD v4;
    BYTE v6[16];
} address;
  USHORT uAddressFamily;
} BGP_IP_ADDRESS,
*PBGP_IP_ADDRESS;
```

v4: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that represents an IPv4 address.

v6[16]: A 128-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that represents an IPv6 address.

uAddressFamily: Specifies whether the IP address is an IPv4 or IPv6 address.

Value	Meaning
AF_INET 0x02	The IP address is an IPv4 address.
AF_INET6 0x17	The IP address is an IPv6 address.

2.2.1.2.255 BGP_IP_PREFIX

The BGP_IP_PREFIX structure<191> is used to represent the prefix of an IPv4 or IPv6 network subnet.

```
typedef struct _BGP_IP_PREFIX {
   union {
     DWORD v4;
     BYTE v6[16];
   } address;
   USHORT uPrefixLength;
   USHORT uAddressFamily;
} BGP_IP_PREFIX,
*PBGP_IP_PREFIX;
```

v4: A 32-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that represents an IPv4 address prefix.

v6[16]: A 128-bit, unsigned integer in network byte order that represents an IPv6 address prefix.

uPrefixLength: Specifies prefix length of the IPv4 or IPv6 network subnet.

uAddressFamily: Specifies whether the subnet is an IPv4 or IPv6 network subnet.

Value	Meaning
AF_INET 0x02	The IP address is an IPv4 network subnet.
AF_INET6 0x17	The IP address is an IPv6 network subnet.

2.2.1.2.256 BGP_ASN_RANGE

The BGP_ASN_RANGE structure < 192> is used to represent an **autonomous system number (ASN)** range.

```
typedef struct BGP ASN RANGE {
  DWORD dwStartRange;
  DWORD dwEndRange;
} BGP_ASN_RANGE,
*PBGP ASN RANGE;
```

dwStartRange: Specifies the first ASN in the range. This value MUST be between 1 and 65534.

dwEndRange: Specifies the last ASN in the range. This value MUST be greater than or equal to **dwStartRange**. This value MUST be between 1 and 65534.

2.2.1.2.257 BGP_ROUTER_CONFIG

The BGP_ROUTER_CONFIG structure $\leq 193 \geq$ is used to get or set the BGP speaker configuration of a RAS server.

```
typedef struct BGP ROUTER CONFIG {
   DWORD dwFlags;
   DWORD dwBGPIdentifier;
   DWORD dwLocalASN;
   BOOL bCompareMedAcrossASN;
   BOOL bUseDefaultGateway;
   BOOL bIPv6Routing;
   in6_addr localIPv6Address;
} BGP_ROUTER_CONFIG,
   *PBGP_ROUTER_CONFIG;
```

dwFlags: Specifies the attributes of this structure that are modified. This field is used while modifying the BGP configuration. This value MUST be a bitwise OR combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
	The BGP identifier is modified.
0x0000001	

Value	Meaning
	The local autonomous system number (ASN) is modified.
0x00000002	
	The bCompareMedAcrossASN value is modified.
0x00000004	
	The default gateway configuration is changed.
0x00000008	
	The configuration regarding whether the IPv6 routing state is modified.
0x0000010	
	The default next hop IPv6 address is modified.
0x00000020	

dwBGPIdentifier: Specifies the unique BGP identifier that the BGP speaker uses while communicating with BGP peers.

dwLocalASN: Specifies the local autonomous system number (ASN) to be used for peering. This value MUST be between 1 and 65534.

bCompareMedAcrossASN: Specifies if the BGP speaker compares the **multi exit discriminator** (**MED**) attribute in a BGP route received from BGP peers across an autonomous system. This value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	The BGP speaker MUST NOT compare the MED attribute in a BGP route received from BGP peers across an autonomous system.
0x00000001	The BGP speaker MUST compare the MED attribute in a BGP route received from BGP peers across an autonomous system.

bUseDefaultGateway: Specifies whether the default route would be used to recursively resolve a route. This value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	The BGP speaker MUST NOT use the default route while recursively resolving a route.
0x00000001	The BGP speaker MUST use the default route while recursively resolving a route.

bIPv6Routing: Specifies whether the BGP speaker would advertise the IPv6 MultiProtocol Extension capability as specified in [RFC 2545]. This value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
	The BGP speaker MUST NOT advertise the IPv6 MultiProtocol Extension capability.
0x00000000	
	The BGP speaker MUST advertise the IPv6 MultiProtocol Extension capability.
0x0000001	

localIPv6Address: Species the default IPv6 address that the BGP server would use as next hop while advertising IPv6 routes to peers. This configuration is used only when the IPv6 addresses are advertised over peering done using IPv4 address or link-local IPv6 address.

2.2.1.2.258 BGP_POLICY_MATCH

The BGP_POLICY_MATCH structure <194> is used to represent a single Match clause in a BGP policy. The Match clause is used to filter the BGP routes on which the BGP policy would be allowed.

```
typedef struct _BGP_POLICY_MATCH {
  BGP_POLICY_MATCH_TYPE eType;
  union {
    BGP IP PREFIX prefix;
    BGP_ASN_RANGE asnRange;
    DWORD dwCommunity;
    DWORD dwMaxPrefixes;
  } PolicyMatch;
} BGP POLICY MATCH,
*PBGP POLICY MATCH;
```

eType: Specifies the attribute type to be used while matching the policy for a BGP route. This value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
MatchPrefix (0x1)	The policy match is done based on the network prefix of the BGP route. The value of the prefix field is used for the comparison.
MatchIgnorePrefix (0x2)	The policy match is done based on the network prefix of the BGP route. It filters out the BGP routes whose prefix value is the same as that specified in the prefix field.
MatchAsnRange (0x3)	The policy match is done based on the ASN attribute of the BGP route. The value of the asnRange field is used for the comparison.
MatchCommunity (0x4)	The policy match is done based on the community attribute of the route. The value of the dwCommunity field is used for the comparison.
MatchMaxPrefixes (0x5)	The policy match is done based on the number of prefixes learned from a BGP peer. The value of the dwMaxPrefixes field is used for the comparison.

prefix: Specifies the network prefix that would be compared with the network prefix of the BGP route. This MUST be of type BGP IP PREFIX (section 2.2.1.2.255).

asnRange: Specifies the ASN range that would be compared with the ASN in the ASN path attribute of the BGP route. This MUST be of type BGP ASN RANGE (section 2.2.1.2.256).

dwCommunity: Specifies the value of the community attribute that would be compared with the community attribute of the BGP route.

dwMaxPrefixes: Specifies the maximum number of prefixes that can be learned from a BGP peer.

2.2.1.2.259 BGP_POLICY_MODIFY

The BGP_POLICY_MODIFY structure \leq 195>specifies an attribute of the BGP route that MUST be modified if the policy is matched.

```
typedef struct _BGP_POLICY_MODIFY {
   BGP_POLICY_MODIFY_ATTR_TYPE eAttrType;
```

```
union {
    DWORD dwCommunity;
    DWORD dwLocalPref;
    BGP_IP_ADDRESS nextHop;
    DWORD dwMed;
} ModifyAttr;
} BGP_POLICY_MODIFY,
*PBGP_POLICY_MODIFY;
```

eAttrType: Specifies the attribute type that is used to modify a BGP route. This value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
AddCommunity (0x1)	A community attribute with the value specified in the dwCommunity field is added to the BGP route.
RemoveCommunity (0x2)	A community attribute with the value specified in the dwCommunity field is removed from the BGP route (if present).
NewLocalPref (0x3)	A Local preference attribute with the value specified in the dwLocalPref field is added or modified to the BGP route.
NewNextHop (0x4)	The next hop specified in the nextHop field is updated to the BGP route.
NewMed (0x5)	The MED attribute in the BGP route is updated with the MED attribute specified in the dwMed field.

dwCommunity: Specifies the value of the community attribute used to modify a BGP route.

dwLocalPref: Specifies the value of the local preference that is used to modify the path attribute of a BGP route.

nextHop: Specifies the value of the next hop that is used to modify the path attribute of a BGP route

dwMed: Specifies the value of the MED that is used to modify the MED attribute of a BGP route.

2.2.1.2.260 BGP_POLICY_ACTION

The BGP_POLICY_ACTION structure<196> specifies the modified value of a BGP attribute.

```
typedef struct _BGP_POLICY_ACTION {
  union {
    BGP_POLICY_MODIFY Modify;
    BOOL bDeny;
  } Action;
} BGP_POLICY_ACTION,
*PBGP_POLICY_ACTION;
```

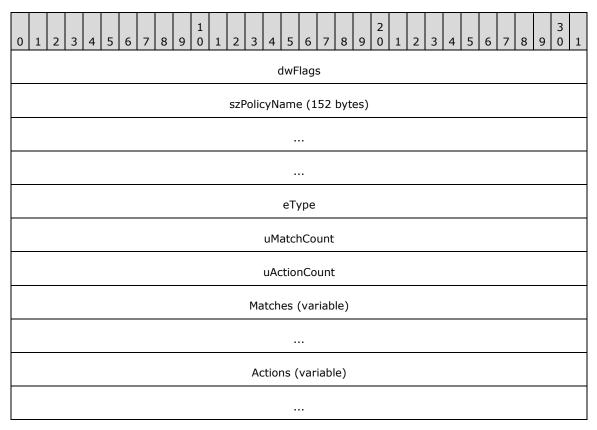
Modify: Specifies the attribute value that would be used to modify the BGP route. This MUST be of type <u>BGP POLICY MODIFY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.259).

bDeny: Specifies whether the BGP route is to be filtered out. This value MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	If the BGP policy is of type PolicyFilter , all the BGP routes that do not match the policy MUST be ignored while broadcasting to BGP peers and while receiving from BGP peers.
0x00000001	The BGP route that matches the BGP policy MUST be ignored while broadcasting to BGP peers and while receiving from BGP peers.

2.2.1.2.261 BGP_POLICY

The BGP_POLICY structure<197> is used to get or set the policy configuration of a BGP speaker. A policy can be composed of zero or more Match clauses and one or more Action clauses. All the Match clauses are always grouped in logical AND. Similarly, all the Action clauses are always grouped in logical AND. Action clauses are applied only if all the Match clauses are satisfied.



dwFlags (4 bytes): Specifies the policy attribute that is being modified. This field is used while modifying the BGP policy configuration.

The value MUST be a bit-wise OR combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0x00000001	The Match clauses are modified.
	The Action clauses are modified.

Value	Meaning
0x00000002	

szPolicyName (152 bytes): A null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the BGP policy.

eType (4 bytes): Specifies the policy type as defined in <u>BGP POLICY TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.23)</u> enumeration type.

uMatchCount (4 bytes): Specifies the number of Match clauses.

uActionCount (4 bytes): Specifies the number of Action clauses.

Matches (variable): A list of consecutive entries of Match clauses, **uMatchCount** in number, each of which MUST be of type <u>BGP_POLICY_MATCH (section 2.2.1.2.258)</u>.

Actions (variable): A list of consecutive entries of Action clauses, **uActionCount** in number, each of which MUST be of type <u>BGP_POLICY_ACTION</u> (section 2.2.1.2.260). The Action clause MUST ignore the **Modify** field of BGP_POLICY_ACTION when the **eType** field is set to **PolicyFilter** (0x1).

A BGP policy:

- MUST NOT have more than one Match clause with eType in BGP_POLICY_MATCH set to MatchASNRange (0x3).
- MUST NOT have more than one Match clause with eType in BGP_POLICY_MATCH set to MatchMaxPrefix (0x5).
- MUST NOT have more than one modify Action clause with eAttrType in BGP POLICY MODIFY (section 2.2.1.2.259) set to ModifyLocalPref (0x3).
- MUST NOT have more than one modify Action clause with eAttrType in BGP_POLICY_MODIFY set to ModifyNextHop (0x4).
- MUST NOT have more than one modify Action clause with eAttrType in BGP_POLICY_MODIFY set to ModifyMed (0x5
- MUST have only one Action clause with **bDeny** in BGP_POLICY_ACTION set to TRUE when a
 Match clause with **eType** in BGP_POLICY_MATCH is specified as MatchMaxPrefix (0x5).

2.2.1.2.262 BGP_PEER

The BGP_PEER structure < 198> is used to get or set the configuration of a BGP peer.

```
typedef struct _BGP_PEER {
   DWORD dwFlags;
   WCHAR szPeeringName (152 bytes)[76];
   BGP IP ADDRESS localIP;
   BGP IP ADDRESS remoteIP;
   USHORT uHoldTime;
   DWORD dwRemoteASN;
   BOOL bAutoStart;
   BGP PEERING OP MODE opMode;
} BGP_PEER,
*PBGP PEER;
```

dwFlags: Specifies the BGP peer attribute that is being modified. This field is used while modifying the BGP peer configuration.

This value MUST be a bit-wise OR combination of one or more of the following values.

Value	Meaning
	The local IP address is modified.
0x00000001	
	The local hold timeout is modified.
0x00000002	
	The remote ASN is modified.
0x00000004	
	The operation mode of the BGP peer is modified.
0x00000010	

szPeeringName (152 bytes): A null-terminated Unicode string that specifies a unique name for the BGP peer.

localIP: Specifies local IP Address to be used for BGP peering. This MUST be of type BGP IP ADDRESS (section 2.2.1.2.254).

remoteIP: Specifies remote IP address to be used for BGP peering. This MUST be of type BGP_IP_ADDRESS.

uHoldTime: Specifies the local value of the Hold Timer in seconds. This value MUST NOT be 1 or 2.

dwRemoteASN: Specifies the peer's ASN number. This value MUST be between 1 and 65534.

bAutoStart: This MUST be set to TRUE.

opMode: Specifies the operation mode of the BGP as defined in BGP PEERING OP MODE (section 2.2.1.1.24) enumeration type.

2.2.1.2.263 BGP_PEER_TO_POLICIES

The BGP_PEER_TO_POLICIES structure < 199> is used to configure BGP policies for a BGP peer.

```
typedef struct BGP PEER TO POLICIES {
  DWORD dwFlags;
  BGP_IP_ADDRESS peerIP;
  BGP_POLICY_DIRECTION eDirection;
  USHORT uPolicyCount;
  BYTE policyNames[1];
} BGP PEER TO POLICIES,
  *PBGP PEER TO POLICIES;
```

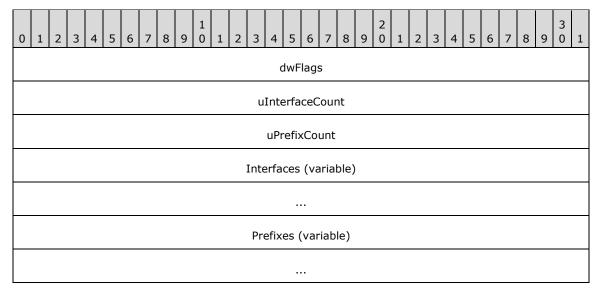
dwFlags: This value MUST be set to one of the following values while modifying the BGP peer to policy mapping.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	None of the attributes in the BGP_PEER_TO_POLICIES structure is modified.
0xFFFFFFF	One or more attributes in the BGP_PEER_TO_POLICIES structure are modified.

- **peerIP:** Specifies the IP address of the BGP peer for which the policies are configured. This MUST be of type BGP IP ADDRESS (section 2.2.1.2.254).
- **eDirection:** Specifies the source of the BGP routes to which the BGP policies are applied. This value MUST be of type BGP POLICY DIRECTION (section 2.2.1.1.22).
- **uPolicyCount:** Specifies the number of policies configured for the BGP peer. This value MUST be greater than zero.
- **policyNames:** A list of consecutive policy name entries, **uPolicyCount** in number; each entry MUST be a null-terminated Unicode string of 152 bytes.

2.2.1.2.264 BGP_ADVERTISE

The BGP_ADVERTISE structure < 200> is used to get or set the BGP route advertisement configuration.



dwFlags (4 bytes): This value MUST to set to one of the following values while modifying the BGP route advertisement configuration and MUST be ignored on receipt.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	None of the attributes in the BGP_ADVERTISE structure is modified
0xFFFFFFF	One or more attributes in the BGP_ADVERTISE structure are modified.

- uInterfaceCount (4 bytes): Specifies the number of interfaces whose static routes would be advertised.
- uPrefixCount (4 bytes): Specifies the number of prefixes in addition to the prefixes learned from the BGP peers that would be advertised. These additional prefix values are specified in the Prefixes field.
- **Interfaces (variable):** An array of **LUIDs** of the interfaces whose static routes would be advertised. The number of entries in this array MUST be **uInterfaceCount**.
- **Prefixes (variable):** An array of prefixes, **uPrefixCount** in number, each of which MUST be of type BGP IP PREFIX (section 2.2.1.2.255).

2.2.1.2.265 BGP_ROUTER_V6

The BGP_ROUTER_V6 structure<201> is used to enable a BGP speaker to handle IPv6 address changes for the local interfaces while peering using IPv6 addresses.

```
typedef struct _BGP_ROUTER_V6 {
  DWORD dwReserved;
} BGP ROUTER V6,
*PBGP ROUTER V6;
```

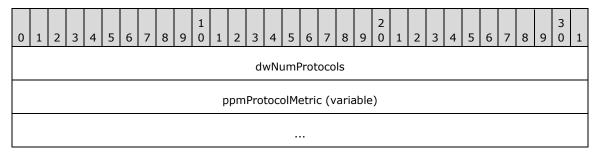
dwReserved: Reserved. MUST be set to zero when sent and MUST be ignored on receipt.

2.2.1.2.266 PRIORITY_INFO_EX

The PRIORITY_INFO_EX structure<202> MUST be used to set preferences to different protocols on the RRAS server.

This structure is used in the following methods:

- RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10)
- RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (section 3.2.4.11)



dwNumProtocols (4 bytes): This MUST be the number of protocols for which metric information is given in this structure PROTOCOL METRIC EX (section 2.2.1.2.267).

ppmProtocolMetric (variable): This MUST be an array of **PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX** structures with **dwNumProtocols** specifying the number of elements in the array.

When this structure is used, the **InfoType** of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) MUST be 0xffff0017. Multiple instances of this structure can be present. If multiple instances are present, and there are overlapping protocol IDs, the metric specified in the last instance will be set.

2.2.1.2.267 PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX

The PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX structure <203> MUST be used to specify the metric of a protocol in PRIORITY INFO EX (section 2.2.1.2.266).

```
typedef struct _PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX {
  DWORD dwProtocolId;
  DWORD dwSubProtocolId;
  DWORD dwMetric;
} PROTOCOL_METRIC,
*PPROTOCOL_METRIC;
```

dwProtocolId: This is same as dwProtocolId in PROTOCOL METRIC (section 2.2.1.2.13).

dwSubProtocolId: This is the subprotocol ID. This value MUST be set to zero if the **dwProtocolId** is not set to MIB_IPPROTO_BGP (0xD). For **dwProtocolId** MIB_IPPROTO_BGP (0xD), this MUST be set to one the following values.

Value	Meaning
SUB_PROTO_IP_BGP_IBGP 0x1	Interior Border Gateway Protocol (IBGP).
SUB_PROTO_IP_BGP_EBGP 0x2	Exterior Border Gateway Protocol (EBGP).

dwMetric: The metric for dwSubProtocolId.

2.2.1.2.268 ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_1

The ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_1 structure <204> is used to get or set IKEv2 tunnel configuration parameters for IKEv2 tunnel-based demand-dial interfaces.

```
typedef struct _ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_1 {
   DWORD dwSaLifeTime;
   DWORD dwSaDataSize;
   CERT BLOB 1 certificateName;
   PROUTER_CUSTOM_IKEv2_POLICY_0 customPolicy;
   CERT BLOB 1 certificateHash;
} ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_1,
   *PROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_1;
```

dwSaLifeTime: This is the same as dwSaLifeTime in

ROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 0 (section 2.2.1.2.243).

dwSaDataSize: This is the same as dwSaDataSize in ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0.

certificateName: Same as certificateName in ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0.

customPolicy: This is the same as customPolicy in ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0.

certificateHash: This is the same as **machineCertificateHash** in IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3.

2.2.1.2.269 MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1

The MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 structure<<205> contains IKEv2 policy configuration of a demand dial interface.

```
typedef struct _MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 {
   MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL Header;
   DWORD dwFlags;
   ROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 1 customIkev2Config;
} MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1,
   *PMPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1;
```

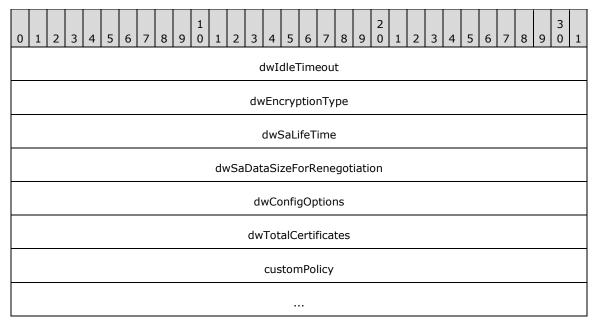
Header: This MUST be an MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130). The **revision** field MUST be 0x02, and the **type** field MUST be 0x06.

dwFlags: This is the same as dwFlag in MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 0 (section 2.2.1.2.244).

customIkev2Config: Specifies the IKEv2 tunnel configuration parameters. This MUST be a pointer to <u>ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_1</u> (section 2.2.1.2.268). The value of this member is valid only if the **dwFlag** member is set to MPRAPI_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_FOR_IKEV2.

2.2.1.2.270 L2TP_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1

The L2TP_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 structure < 206> is used to get or set configured parameters for L2TP devices.



- **dwIdleTimeout (4 bytes):** Duration, in seconds, after which the connection will be disconnected if there is no traffic. This value MUST be between 300 and 17,279,999.
- **dwSaLifeTime (4 bytes):** The lifetime of a **security association (SA)**, in seconds, after which the SA is no longer valid [RFC4306]. This value MUST be between 300 and 17,279,999.
- **dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation (4 bytes):** Number of kilobytes that are allowed to transfer using an SA. After that, the SA is renegotiated [RFC4306]. This value MUST be greater than or equal to 1024.
- **customPolicy (8 bytes):** This MUST be a pointer to ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0 (section 2.2.1.2.237) that specifies the custom IPSec configurations to be used during the SA negotiation [RFC4306]. The NULL value for this member indicates that no custom IPsec configuration is available.

2.2.1.2.271 L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_2

The L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 structure $\leq 207 \geq$ is used to get or set the device configuration for L2TP on a RAS server.

```
typedef struct _L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 {
   DWORD dwNumPorts;
```

```
DWORD dwPortFlags;
DWORD dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
L2TP_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 TunnelConfigParams;
} L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_2,
*PL2TP CONFIG_PARAMS_2;
```

dwNumPorts: This is the same as dwNumPort in L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1 (section 2.2.1.2.140).

dwPortFlags: Same as **dwPortFlags** in L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1.

dwTunnelConfigParamFlags: This SHOULD be set to 0x00000001 when sent and ignored on receipt.

TunnelConfigParams: L2TP tunnel related parameters. This MUST be an L2TP TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 (section 2.2.1.2.270) structure.

2.2.2 File Format for Phonebook

The Phonebook is an 8-bit ASCII-encoded text file that contains the names and settings for the demand dial connections. It includes the connection settings that can be used for establishing the demand dial connections. The RRASM client can remotely configure this file on the RRAS server at a well-known name and location using any remote file management protocol (such as SMB). RRAS can read the file from this location <208> for gathering the demand dial connection settings.

The name and the settings for a single demand dial connection is known as an **RRAS phonebook section** (also known as RRAS phonebook entry or RRAS entry). An RRAS entry begins with the name of demand dial connection, which MUST be unique. The name is followed by settings as a sequence of **key value pairs (KVP)**. The phonebook file can have zero (when there are no demand dial connections) or more **RRAS entry sections**.

Each RRAS entry section in the phonebook file can have the following four **RRAS entry subsections**: NETCOMPONENTS, MEDIA, DEVICE, and PhoneNumber. The NETCOMPONENTS and PhoneNumber subsections are optional, whereas MEDIA and DEVICE subsections MUST be present. There can be multiple MEDIA subsections within a single RRAS entry sections. Each MEDIA subsection can have multiple DEVICE subsections and each DEVICE subsection in turn can have multiple PhoneNumber subsections. When there are multiple MEDIA subsections, each subsection corresponds to a physical device.

RRASM uses the list of phonebook entries to validate the WAN interface name as a part of specific RPC methods as specified in section 3.1.1. In order for the WAN interface name to be valid, there has to be a RRAS phonebook entry with the specified name.

2.2.2.1 RRAS entry section name

An RRAS entry section is identified by a unique RRAS entry section name. The RRAS entry section name MUST be a minimum of one (1) character in length.

The RRAS entry section name MUST be enclosed within an open square bracket "[" and a closing square bracket "]", followed by a line-feed and carriage return. An RRAS entry section extends from the beginning of one RRAS entry section name to the start of the next RRAS entry section or the end of file. Consider the following example.

[Remote Router]\LF\CR

"[Remote Router]\LF\CR" is the beginning of a RRAS entry section with the name "Remote Router". <209>

2.2.2.2 Phonebook entry settings

Each RRAS entry section MUST consist of a sequence of key value pairs separated by line-feed and carriage return. A key-value pair MUST be a key name followed by an equal sign "=" with the value after the equal sign.

For example:

Encoding=1\LF\CR

Encoding is the name of the key and 1 is its value.

In cases where the value is optional, the key is followed by an equal sign "=" and a line-feed and carriage return. The value is not specified for the key.

For example:

Encoding=\LF\CR

Here, Encoding is the name of key and it does not take a value. The implementation can assume a default value for the key or ignore it.

The following sections provide descriptions for each key used in the phonebook file and their possible values. All the keys MUST appear in the same order in the phonebook file as they appear here, unless explicitly specified.

In the following sections, if an optional key is absent or for any key the value is not one of the specified valid values, the behavior of the RRAS is implementation-specific and outside the scope of this document. For example, if the "Encoding" key is not present, or the value of the key is not 0 or 1, a compliant implementation can assume the value of an encoding is 1.

2.2.2.1 **Encoding**

This key specifies the encoding format for all the string values in the current RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	All strings in the RRAS entry are encoded in 8-bit ASCII format.
1	All strings in the RRAS entry are encoded in UTF-8 format [RFC3629].

2.2.2.2.2 PBVersion

This key specifies the version of the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, the value SHOULD be "1".

2.2.2.2.3 Type

This key MAY \leq 210> specify the type of the RRAS entry. This key SHOULD take one of the values in the following table

Value	Meaning
1	Dial-up connection

Value	Meaning
2	VPN connection
5	Broadband connection<211>

2.2.2.4 **Autologon**

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.5 UseRasCredentials

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.6 LowDateTime

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.7 HighDateTime

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.28 DialParamsUID

This key specifies a unique identifier (an 8-bit ASCII-encoded string representation of a decimal number) to be used on RRAS for use as a credential key for demand-dial connection. This key is optional.

2.2.2.2.9 Guid

This key specifies a unique identifier (GUID) for this RRAS entry. This key is optional.

2.2.2.10 BaseProtocol

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.11 VpnStrategy

This key specifies the order in which the RRAS attempts the tunnel protocol until the demand-dial connection succeeds. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "2" and SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Try a series of tunnel protocols. <a><212>
1	RRAS attempts PPTP only.
2	RRAS attempts PPTP first. If PPTP fails, L2TP is tried. If L2TP fails, demand-dial connection fails.
3	RRAS attempts L2TP only.
7	RRAS attempts IKEv2 only. <a><213>

2.2.2.2.12 ExcludedProtocols

This key specifies the protocols not to be negotiated by the RRAS. This key is an 8-bit ASCII-encoded string representation of a decimal number used as a bit field. The bits are defined in the following table. This key is optional.

Bit number (From LSB)	Network Protocol	Meaning
0 (LSB)	NetBEUI	0 - Negotiate NetBEUI 1 - Don't negotiate NetBEUI <214>
1	IPX [RFC1634]	0 - Negotiate IPX 1 - Don't negotiate IPX <215>
2	IPv4 [RFC1661]	0 - Negotiate IPv4 1 - Don't negotiate IPv4
3	IPv6 [RFC5072]	0 - Negotiate IPv6 1 - Don't negotiate IPv6 <216>

2.2.2.2.13 LcpExtensions

This key specifies whether the option for LCP extensions, as defined in [RFC1570], is enabled for the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not configure LCP extensions.
1	Configure LCP extensions.

2.2.2.14 DataEncryption

This key specifies the encryption type to be negotiated by the RRAS. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	RRAS will not negotiate encryption.
8	RRAS requests encryption during negotiation. Negotiation will succeed even if remote RRAS does not support encryption.
256	RRAS requires encryption to be negotiated.
512	RRAS requires maximum strength encryption to be negotiated.

2.2.2.2.15 SwCompression

This key specifies whether the option for software compression, as defined in [RFC1962], is enabled on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key if present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not use software compression.
1	Use software compression.

2.2.2.16 NegotiateMultilinkAlways

This key specifies whether the option for **multilink** is enabled on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key Type has the value "1" and SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning	
0	RRAS will not negotiate multilink.	
1	RRAS will negotiate multilink.	

2.2.2.2.17 SkipNwcWarning

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.18 SkipDownLevelDialog

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.19 SkipDoubleDialDialog

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.2 DialMode

This key specifies the dialing mode for the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "1" and SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	RRAS dials first available subentry
1	RRAS dials all the subentries
2	RRAS dials subentries as needed <217>

2.2.2.2.1 DialPercent

This key specifies a percent of the total bandwidth available through the currently connected **subentry**, or subentries, for the demand-dial connection. If the bandwidth actually consumed exceeds this value, then RRAS will dial an additional subentry. This key is optional; if present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "1" and the key DialMode has the value "2". The value for this key SHOULD be a decimal number in the range 0 to 100.218>

2.2.2.2.2 DialSeconds

This key specifies the number of seconds during which the current bandwidth usage MUST exceed the threshold specified by **DialPercent** before RRAS dials an additional subentry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "1" and the key DialMode has the value "2". The value for this key SHOULD be a decimal number in the range 0 to 3600.<219>

2.2.2.2.3 HangupPercent

This key specifies a percent of the total bandwidth available from the currently connected subentries for a demand-dial connection. RRAS terminates a currently connected subentry when the total bandwidth used is less than this value. The key is optional; if present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "1" and the key **DialMode** has the value "2". The value for this key SHOULD be a decimal number in the range 0 to $100. \le 220 >$

2.2.2.24 HangupSeconds

This key specifies the time, in seconds, that the current bandwidth usage MUST be less than the threshold specified by **HangupPercent**, after which RRAS terminates a currently connected subentry. This key is optional; if present, it is used only if its key **Type** has the value "1" and its key **DialMode** has the value "2". The value for this key SHOULD be a decimal number in the range 0 to 3600.<a href="mailto:

2.2.2.2.5 OverridePref

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.6 RedialAttempts

This key specifies the number of times RRAS attempts to redial a connection. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be a decimal number in the range 0 to 99.

2.2.2.27 RedialSeconds

This key specifies the number of seconds to wait between redial attempts. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be a decimal number in the range 1 and 600.

2.2.2.2.28 IdleDisconnectSeconds

This key specifies the number of seconds after which the demand-dial connection is terminated due to inactivity. This key is optional. If the key is present, the value SHOULD be a number in the range 0 to 4294967296.

2.2.2.2.29 RedialOnLinkFailure

This key indicates whether RRAS automatically attempts to re-establish the demand-dial connection if it is lost. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	RRAS does not re-establish the demand-dial connection if it is lost.
1	RRAS Server establishes the demand-dial connection if it is lost.

2.2.2.30 CallbackMode

This key specifies whether the option for callback is enabled on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "1" and SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not negotiate callback.
1	Negotiating callback is optional.
2	Callback is negotiated.

2.2.2.31 CustomDialDII

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.32 CustomDialFunc

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.33 CustomRasDialDII

This key specifies the file path to a custom dialer dynamic link library. This key is optional.

2.2.2.34 ForceSecureCompartment

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.35 DisableIKENameEkuCheck

This key specifies whether the option for verifying that enhanced key usage (EKU) of the RRAS certificate is enabled on the RRAS entry.<222> This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "2". It SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	The EKU of the RRAS certificate is validated to check whether it contains the Server Auth (1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.1) [RFC2459] Object Identifier (OID).
1	The EKU of the RRAS certificate is not validated.

2.2.2.36 AuthenticateServer

This key specifies whether the RRAS authenticates the remote RRAS when making a demand-dial connection. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not authenticate the remote RRAS.
1	Authenticate the remote RRAS.

2.2.2.2.37 ShareMsFilePrint

The value for this key indicates whether the option of file and printer sharing is enabled on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Disable file and printer sharing on the RRAS entry.
1	Enable file and printer sharing on the RRAS entry.

2.2.2.38 BindMsNetClient

This key indicates whether the option for NetBT is enabled on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be set either to "0" or "1". This key, along with the value of the keys **ShareMsFilePrint** and **IpNBTFlags**, specifies whether NetBT is enabled or not. <223>

2.2.2.39 SharedPhoneNumbers

This key specifies whether RRAS uses the same set of phone numbers for all the subentries in the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not use same phone numbers for all subentries in the RRAS entry.
1	Use same phone numbers for all subentries in the RRAS entry.

2.2.2.2.40 GlobalDeviceSettings

This key specifies whether the modem device settings are read from the RRAS entry or not. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "1" and SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not use the modem device settings from the RRAS entry.
1	Use the modem device settings from the RRAS entry.

2.2.2.2.41 PrerequisitePbk

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.42 PrerequisiteEntry

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.43 PreferredPort

This key specifies the name of the preferred port to be used by the RRAS server for the demand-dial connection. This key contains a string. This key is optional. If this key is present its value SHOULD be the same as that of the **Port** key.

2.2.2.44 PreferredDevice

This key specifies the name of the preferred device to be used by RRAS server for the demand-dial connection. This key contains a string. This key is optional. If this key is present its value SHOULD be the same as that of the **Device** key.

2.2.2.2.45 PreferredBps

This key specifies the maximum connection speed for a modem, in bits per second, associated with the preferred port. For example, it can be 115200 bits per second. The value of this key SHOULD be a valid modem connection speed in the range 0 to 4294967296. This key is optional. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem".

2.2.2.46 PreferredHwFlow

This key specifies whether to enable hardware flow control for the modem associated with the preferred port. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem".<224>

Value	Meaning
0	Disable hardware flow control.
1	Enable hardware flow control.

2.2.2.47 PreferredProtocol

This key specifies whether the modem associated with the preferred port performs a cyclic redundancy check on the inbound and outbound data stream. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem".<225>

Value	Meaning	
0	Do not perform (CRC) error checking.	
1	Perform (CRC) error checking.	

2.2.2.48 PreferredCompression

This key specifies whether to compress the modem-to-modem data stream for the modem associated with the preferred port. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem".<226>

Value	Meaning
0	Disable hardware compression.
1	Enable hardware compression.

2.2.2.49 PreferredSpeaker

The value for this key specifies whether the modem dial tone and connections sounds are heard for modem associated with the preferred port. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem".modem".<227>

Value	Meaning
0	Disable modem speaker.
1	Enable modem speaker.

2.2.2.2.50 PreferredMdmProtocol

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.51 PreviewUsePw

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.52 PreviewDomain

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.53 PreviewPhoneNumber

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.54 ShowDialingProgress

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.55 ShowMonitorIconInTaskbar

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.56 CustomAuthKey

This key specifies the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) method type to be used when making a demand-dial connection. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the **AuthRestrictions** key is configured to negotiate EAP. It SHOULD be an 8-bit ASCII string representation of a decimal number as defined by [IANA-EAP] section 1.2.1.

2.2.2.2.57 CustomAuthData

This key specifies the configuration blob associated with an EAP method. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if **AuthRestrictions** key is configured to negotiate EAP. This key contains data specific to the EAP method specified in the key **CustomAuthKey**.

2.2.2.58 AuthRestrictions

This key specifies the authentication protocols configured for the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, the value is a decimal number used as a bit field. The bits are defined in the following table. <228>

Bit number (From LSB)	Authentication Protocol	Meaning
4	Password Authentication Protocol (PAP) [RFC1334]	0 – Do not negotiate PAP 1 – Negotiate PAP.
5	Shiva Password Authentication Protocol (SPAP) [RFC1334]	0 – Do not negotiate SPAP. 1 – Negotiate SPAP
6	MD-5 Challenge Handshake Protocol (CHAP) [RFC2433]	0 – Do not negotiate MD5-CHAP. 1 – Negotiate MD5-CHAP.
7	Microsoft Challenge Handshake Protocol Version 1 (MSCHAPv1) [RFC2433]	0 - Do not negotiate MSCHAPv1. 1 - Negotiate MSCHAPv1.

Bit number (From LSB)	Authentication Protocol	Meaning
8	Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) [RFC2284]	0 – Do not negotiate EAP. 1 – Negotiate EAP.
10	Microsoft Challenge Handshake Protocol Version 2 (MSCHAPv2) [RFC2759]	0 – Do not negotiate MSCHAPv2. 1 – Negotiate MSCHAPv2.
11	Microsoft Challenge Handshake Protocol (Windows 95 operating system compatible MSCHAP)	0 – Do not negotiate MSCHAP Windows 95 compatible. 1 – Negotiate MSCHAP Windows 95 compatible. <a href="mailto:<229"><a href="mailto:<229"><a href="mailto:<229"><a href="mailto:<229"><a href="mailto:<229"><a href="mailto:</td></tr><tr><td>12</td><td>Machine certificate authentication method for IKEv2 [RFC4306]</td><td>0 – Do not negotiate machine certificate authentication method for IKEv2 tunnels. 1 – Negotiate machine certificate authentication method for IKEv2 tunnels.<a href=" mailto:<230"=""><230>
13	Preshared key authentication method for IKEv2 [RFC4306]	0 – Do not negotiate preshared key authentication method for IKEv2 tunnels. 1 – Negotiate preshared key authentication method for IKEv2 tunnels. <a href="mailto:<231"><231 >

2.2.2.59 TypicalAuth

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.60 IpPrioritizeRemote

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.61 IpInterfaceMetric

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.62 fCachedDnsSuffix

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.63 IpHeaderCompression

This key specifies whether the option for IP header compression is enabled on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if the key **Type** has the value "1" and SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning	
0	Disable TCP/IP header compression.	
1	Enable TCP/IP header compression.	

2.2.2.2.64 IpAddress

This key specifies a static IPv4 address. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0.0.0.0	RRAS ignores this key
A valid IPv4 address. For ex: 10.10.10.1	If the key IpAssign has the value "2", RRAS requests the configured IPv4 address for the demand-dial connection when connecting to a remote RRAS endpoint. Otherwise RRAS ignores this key.

2.2.2.2.65 IpDnsAddress

This key specifies a static IPv4 address. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0.0.0.0	RRAS ignores this key.
A valid IPv4 address. For ex: 10.10.10.1	If the key IpNameAssign has the value "2", RRAS requests the configured IPv4 address as the primary DNS server address from the remote RRAS endpoint when making a demand-dial connection. Otherwise RRAS ignores this key.

2.2.2.2.66 IpDns2Address

This key specifies a static IPv4 address. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0.0.0.0	RRAS ignores this key.
A valid IPv4 address. For ex: 10.10.10.1	If the key IpNameAssign has the value "2", RRAS requests the configured IPv4 address as the secondary DNS server address from the remote RRAS endpoint when making a demand-dial connection. Otherwise RRAS ignores this key.

2.2.2.2.67 IpWinsAddress

This key specifies a static IPv4 address. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0.0.0.0	RRAS ignores this key.
A valid IPv4 address. For ex: 10.10.10.1	If the key IpNameAssign has the value "2", RRAS requests the configured IPv4 address as the primary WINS server address from the remote RRAS endpoint when making a demand-dial connection. Otherwise RRAS ignores this key.

2.2.2.2.68 IpWins2Address

This key specifies a static IPv4 address. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0.0.0.0	RRAS ignores this key.
A valid IPv4 address such as 10.10.10.1	If the key IpNameAssign has the value "2", RRAS requests the configured IPv4 address as the secondary WINS server address from the remote RRAS endpoint when making a demand-dial connection. Otherwise RRAS ignores this key.

2.2.2.2.69 IpAssign

This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Value Meaning	
1	RRAS when making a demand-dial connection does not request a specific IPv4 address from the remote RRAS endpoint.	
2	RRAS requests a specific IPv4 address as specified by the value of the key IpAddress for the demand-dial connection when connecting to a remote RRAS endpoint.	

2.2.2.2.70 IpNameAssign

This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
1	RRAS, when making a demand-dial connection, does not request a specific IPv4 address for the DNS and WINS servers from the remote RRAS endpoint.
2 RRAS, when making a demand-dial connection, requests a specific IPv4 DNS and WINS served as specified in keys IpDnsAddress , IpDns2Address , IpWinsAddress , and IpWins2Address respectively from a remote RRAS endpoint.	
3	Same as the value 1.

2.2.2.2.71 IpFrameSize

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.72 IpDnsFlags

This key specifies the DNS configuration settings on the RRAS entry. The value is a decimal number used as a bit field. The bits are defined as in the following table.

Bit number (From LSB)	DNS flag	Meaning
0	This bit determines whether RRAS registers IPv4 and IPv6 addresses for the demand-dial connection with DNS server.	0 – Do not register with DNS. 1 – Register with DNS.
1	This bit specifies whether RRAS registers DNS suffixes specified as the value of the key IpDnsSuffix in the RRAS entry with the DNS server.	0 - Do not register DNS suffix with DNS. 1 - Register DNS suffix with DNS.
2	This bit specifies whether RRAS registers DNS suffixes obtained	0 – Do not register

Bit number (From LSB)	DNS flag	Meaning
	when making a demand-dial connection with the DNS server.	DNS suffix with DNS. 1 - Register DNS suffix with DNS.

2.2.2.2.73 IpNBTFlags

This key specifies whether the option for **NetBT** is enabled on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be set either to "0" or "1". The meaning of these values is implementation-specific.<232>

2.2.2.2.74 TcpWindowSize

This key specifies the TCP window size for all TCP sessions created over the demand-dial connection. This key is optional. If the key is present, it MAY < 233 > be set to a decimal number in the range 0 to 1073725440.

2.2.2.2.75 UseFlags

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.76 **IpSecFlags**

This key specifies whether a preshared key is configured on the RRAS entry. This key is optional. If the key is present, it is used only if **Type** is "2" and the demand-dial connection is made using either L2TP or IKEv2. It SHOULD take one of the following values.

Value	Meaning	
0	No preshared key is configured for the RRAS entry.	
1	A preshared key is configured for the RRAS entry.	
2	A preshared key is configured for IKEv2 tunnel in the RRAS entry and will be used to authenticate the peer.	

2.2.2.2.77 **IpDnsSuffix**

This key specifies the DNS suffix configured for the RRAS entry. The key is optional; if present, it is used only if the **IpDnsFlags** key is configured to use it. This key SHOULD be in the domain name format.

2.2.2.2.78 IpCachedDnsSuffix

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.79 Ipv6Assign

This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table. <234>

Value	Meaning
1	RRAS when making a demand-dial connection does not request a specific IPv6 address from the remote RRAS endpoint.

Value	Meaning
2	RRAS requests a specific IPv4 address as specified as the value for the keys Ipv6PrefixLength and Ipv6Address for the demand-dial connection when connecting to a remote RRAS endpoint.

2.2.2.2.80 Ipv6PrefixLength

This key specifies a static IPv6 prefix length configured for the RRAS entry. RRAS requests the configured prefix length when making a demand-dial connection to the remote RRAS endpoint. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be a decimal number in the range 0 to 128.<235>

2.2.2.2.81 Ipv6PrioritizeRemote

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.82 Ipv6InterfaceMetric

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.83 Ipv6NameAssign

This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
1	RRAS when making a demand-dial connection does not request a specific IPv6 address for the DNS servers from the remote RRAS endpoint.
2	RRAS when making a demand-dial connection requests a specific IPv6 DNS server addresses as specified in keys Ipv6DnsAddress and Ipv6Dns2Address from a remote RRAS endpoint.

2.2.2.2.84 Ipv6DnsAddress

This key specifies a static primary IPv6 DNS server address. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table.<236>

Value	Meaning
::	RRAS ignores this key.
A valid IPv6 address. For example: 3ffe::1	If the key Ipv6NameAssign has the value "2", RRAS requests the configured IPv6 address as the primary DNS server address from the remote RRAS endpoint when making a demand-dial connection. Otherwise RRAS ignores this key.

2.2.2.2.85 Ipv6Dns2Address

This key specifies a static secondary IPv6 DNS server address. This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values in the following table. <237>

Value	Meaning
::	RRAS ignores this key.
A valid IPv6 address. For example:	If the key Ipv6NameAssign has the value "2", RRAS requests the configured IPv6 address as the secondary DNS server address from the remote RRAS endpoint when making a demand-dial connection.

Value	Meaning
3ffe::1	Otherwise RRAS ignores this key.

2.2.2.2.86 **Ipv6Prefix**

This key specifies a 64-bit prefix length of the IPv6 address of the demand-dial connection. This key is optional. This key SHOULD be initialized to 000000000000000 and MUST be ignored on receipt. When RRAS connects to a remote RRAS endpoint, the prefix length for the IPv6 address of the demand-dial connection is cached as a value for this key. <238>

2.2.2.2.87 Ipv6InterfaceId

This key specifies a 64-bit interface identifier for the IPv6 address of the demand-dial connection. This key is optional. This key SHOULD be initialized to 000000000000000 and MUST be ignored on receipt. When RRAS connects to a remote RRAS endpoint, the interface identifier for the IPv6 address of the demand-dial connection is cached as a value for this key. <239>

2.2.2.2.88 DisableClassBasedDefaultRoute

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.89 DisableMobility

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.90 NetworkOutageTime

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.91 ProvisionType

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.92 PreSharedKey

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.93 NETCOMPONENTS

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.94 ms_msclient

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.95 ms_server

This key is optional and if present is ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.96 MEDIA

This **key** specifies the name of the media. This is also the beginning of the MEDIA RRAS Entry subsection (henceforth called MEDIA subsection). A MEDIA subsection can contain one or more **DEVICE** RRAS Entry subsections (section <u>2.2.2.2.100</u>). For a Multilink phonebook entry there are multiple **MEDIA** subsections, where each subsection corresponds to a physical device. All the keys in the RRAS phonebook entry starting from the MEDIA key until the beginning of another MEDIA

subsection, or another **RRAS entry** or the end of RRAS phonebook file are part of a MEDIA subsection. This key MUST be present and it is case sensitive. This key SHOULD take one of the string values given in the following table.

String	Meaning
Isdn	The device type is isdn.
x25	The device type is x25.
Serial	The device type is modem, pad, or switch.
Rastapi	For other device types.

If the key is absent, the demand-dial connection cannot be made for this RRAS entry.

2.2.2.2.97 Port

This key specifies the name of the port to be used by RRAS server for the demand-dial connection. This key is a string. This key MUST be present. In case the key is not present, RRAS will discard this RRAS entry. < 240 >

2.2.2.2.98 Device

This key specifies the name of the device to be used by the RRAS server for the demand-dial connection. This key contains a string. This key is optional.

2.2.2.2.99 ConnectBPS

This key specifies the maximum connection speed for a modem, in bits per second. An example speed would be 115200 bits per second. The value of this key SHOULD take a valid modem connection speed in the range 0 to 4294967296. This key is optional. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem".

2.2.2.2.100 DEVICE

This key specifies the name of the device type associated with a port. This key MUST be present and it is case sensitive. This key MUST take one of the string values given in the following table.

String	Meaning
Modem	A modem accessed through a COM port.
Isdn	An ISDN card.
X25	An X.25 card.
Vpn	A virtual private network connection.
Pad	A Packet Assembler/Disassembler.
Generic	Generic.
FrameRelay	Frame Relay.
Atm	Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM).
Sonet	Sonet.
SW56	Switched 56K Access.

String	Meaning
Irda	Infrared Data Association (IrDA) compliant device.
PPPoE	Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet.
Switch	A pre-connect switch or post-connect switch.
Rastap	For other devices. This is allowed only if the MEDIA key is Rastapi.
Serial	A serial device.

This key is also the beginning of DEVICE RRAS entry subsection (henceforth called DEVICE subsection). There can be multiple DEVICE subsections within a single **MEDIA** subsection. For serial media, there can be one to four DEVICE subsections, representing a pre-connect switch, modem, X.25 PAD, and post-connect switch, and MUST appear in the same order within the RRAS phonebook entry. If the switch is used before dialing a connection it is known as a pre-connect switch. If it is used after dialing a connection it is known as post-connect switch. For all other media, there MUST be exactly one DEVICE subsection. If this key is missing, then RRAS will ignore the DEVICE subsection settings.

All the keys in the RRAS phonebook entry (from the DEVICE key to the beginning of another DEVICE subsection, or another MEDIA subsection, or another RRAS entry, or the end of RRAS phonebook file) are part of a DEVICE subsection. Some of the following keys will be relevant only to specific device types. Unless explicitly specified, a key will be applicable to all the device types. If a key is not applicable to a device type it can be absent. $\leq 241 >$

2.2.2.2.101 Terminal

This key specifies whether to use a **Terminal window** for dialup connections. For example, before connecting to the remote server, a terminal window opens in which the user can type modem setup commands and view the modem's responses. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be used only with a pre-connect switch and SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table. <242>

Value	Meaning
0	Do not display Terminal window for user input.
1	Display Terminal window for user input.

2.2.2.2.102 Name

This key specifies the name of the path of the custom script file that the RRAS server executes during the demand dial connection. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be used only with a post-connect switch.

2.2.2.2.103 Script

This key specifies whether a script can run. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be used only with a post-connect switch and SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not run the script.
1	Run the script.

2.2.2.2.104 X25Pad

This key identifies the X.25 PAD type. This key contains a string. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad". This key MAY<<243> be present with a valid X.25 PAD type for making a X.25 demand dial connection.

2.2.2.2.105 X25Address

This key identifies the X.25 address to which to connect. This key contains a string. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad" or "X25". This key SHOULD be present with a valid X.25 address for making a X.25 demand dial connection. <244>

2.2.2.2.106 UserData

This key specifies additional connection information supplied to the X.25 host at connection time. This key contains a string. The value for this key is ignored if the **X25Address** key is empty. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad" or "X25". This key is optional. <245>

2.2.2.2.107 Facilities

This key specifies the facilities to request from the X.25 host at connection time. For example, some providers support $/\mathbf{R}$ to specify reverse charging. The value of this key is ignored if the value is not an **X25Address** key. This key contains a string. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad" or "X25". This key is optional. <246>

2.2.2.2.108 PhoneNumber

This key specifies a device-type specific destination string to dial a connection. This key is ignored if the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad", "X25" or "Switch". This key contains a string. This key SHOULD be present with a valid value for making a demand dial connection. This key is optional if the **Type** key is set to "5". The following table describes the contents of the **PhoneNumber** key for various device types.

DEVICE	PhoneNumber
Modem	Telephone number [E164]
Isdn	Telephone number [E164]
Atm	Virtual Path Identifier (VPI) and Virtual Channel Identifier [RFC2761] (VCI) values of a permanent virtual circuit. Use the following format: p(vpi),(vci) Example: "P0,40"
PPPoE	Service name [RFC2516]
Vpn	DNS name, IPv4 address, or IPv6 address

There can be one or more phone number subsections within in a DEVICE subsection when the **Type** key is set to "1". The phone number subsection contains the following keys only—**PhoneNumber**, **AreaCode**, **CountryCode**, **CountryID**, **UseDialingRules**, **Comment**, and **FriendlyName**. If there are multiple phone number subsections then the first subsection is for the primary phone number and the others are for the alternate phone numbers.

2.2.2.2.109 AreaCode

This key specifies the telephonic area code. The value of key is ignored unless the **UseDialingRules** key is set to "1". This key is ignored unless the **Type** key is set to "1". This key is also ignored if the

DEVICE key is set to "Pad", "X25", or "Switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be a string representation of an area code.

2.2.2.110 CountryCode

This key specifies the country/region code portion of the phone number, as specified in [OB930E]. The value of the key is ignored unless the **UseDialingRules** key is set to "1". This key is ignored unless the **Type** key is set to "1". This key is also is ignored if the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad", "X25", or "Switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD be a string representation of a country/region code.

2.2.2.2.111 CountryID

This key specifies the telephony application programming interface (**TAPI**) country/region identifier. The value of the key is ignored unless the **UseDialingRules** key is set to "1". This key is ignored unless the **Type** key is set to "1". This key is also is ignored if the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad", "X25", or "Switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it MUST be a string representation of TAPI country/region identifier.

2.2.2.2.112 UseDialingRules

This key specifies whether the **CountryID**, **CountryCode**, **AreaCode** keys and the custom **dialing rules** are used to construct the phone number. This key is ignored unless the **Type** key is set to "1". This key is also is ignored if the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad", "X25", or "Switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not use CountryID , CountryCode , AreaCode keys and custom dialing rules.
1	Use CountryID, CountryCode, AreaCode keys and custom dialing rules.

2.2.2.2.113 Comment

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.114 FriendlyName

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.115 LastSelectedPhone

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.116 PromoteAlternates

This key specifies whether to make the alternate phone number that connects successfully the primary phone number and move the primary phone number to the alternate list. This key is ignored unless the **Type** key is set to "1". It is also ignored if the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad", "X25", or "Switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not promote alternate phone numbers.
1	Promote alternate phone numbers.

2.2.2.2.117 TryNextAlternateOnFail

This key specifies whether to dial the alternate phone numbers when the primary phone number fails to connect to the remote RRAS server. This key is ignored unless the **Type** key is set to "1". It is also ignored if the **DEVICE** key is set to "Pad", "X25", or "Switch". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not try next alternate phone number on fail.
1	Try next alternate phone number on fail.

2.2.2.118 HwFlowControl

This key specifies whether to enable hardware flow control for the modem. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Disable hardware flow control.
1	Enable hardware flow control.

2.2.2.119 Protocol

This key specifies whether the modem performs cyclic redundancy checks on the inbound and outbound data stream. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem".

This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Do not perform (CRC) error checking.
1	Perform (CRC) error checking.

2.2.2.120 Compression

This key specifies whether to compress the modem-to-modem data stream. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning	
0	Disable hardware compression.	
1	Enable hardware compression.	

2.2.2.121 Speaker

This key specifies whether the modem dial tone and connection sounds are heard. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "modem". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value Meaning	
0	Disable modem speaker.
1	Enable modem speaker.

2.2.2.2.122 MdmProtocol

This key is optional and if present MUST be ignored by RRAS.

2.2.2.2.123 LineType

This key specifies the type of ISDN line. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Isdn". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning	
0	64K Digital (highest quality)	
1	56K Digital	
2	56K Analog (lowest quality)	

2.2.2.124 Fallback

This key instructs RRAS to communicate at the selected line type but to negotiate a lower quality line type if necessary. This negotiation depends on the condition of the ISDN line (for example, noise on the line affects negotiation). This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Isdn". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning	
0	Do not Negotiate Line Type.	
1	Negotiate Line Type.	

2.2.2.125 EnableCompression

This key specifies whether an ISDN card will compress the data before transmitting. The value of this key is ignored unless the **Proprietary** flag is set to "1". This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Isdn". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Value	Meaning	
0	Disable hardware compression.	
1	Enable hardware compression.	

2.2.2.126 ChannelAggregation

This key specifies the number of ISDN channels. The value of this key is ignored unless the **Proprietary** flag is set to "1". This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Isdn". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take values ranging from 1 to 999999999 only.

2.2.2.2.127 **Proprietary**

This key specifies whether the keys **EnableCompression** and **ChannelAggregation** are ignored. This key is ignored unless the **DEVICE** key is set to "Isdn". This key is optional. If the key is present, it SHOULD take one of the values given in the following table.

Valu	ue	Meaning
0		Ignore EnableCompression and ChannelAggregation flags.
1		Do not ignore EnableCompression and ChannelAggregation flags.

2.2.3 Registry Keys

The following are the various registry keys that can be configured on the RRAS server to control RRAS server behavior.<247> These registry configurations can be performed remotely, by using the [MS-RRP] protocol. RRAS reads these registry values during the initialization process, and uses the registry values to initialize RRASM as specified in section 3.1.1.

2.2.3.1 Transport Configuration

The various transport-specific generic configurations that are not associated with any particular interface MUST be stored under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\RouterManagers

Under this key, there MUST be one registry key per transport with the name denoting the transport itself. Each name MUST be either of the values IP, IPv6, or IPX.<a href="mailto: For example, the IPv4 transport configuration will be specified under the registry key

HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\RouterManagers\IP

The registry values defined under these keys are given in the following sections.

2.2.3.1.1 ProtocolId

This value MUST be defined for each supported transport. This registry value MUST be of type **REG_DWORD**. This represents the numeric protocol identifier corresponding to the transport protocol name.

Transport Name	ProtocolId Value
IP	0x00000021
IPv6	0x00000057
IPX	0x0000002b

2.2.3.1.2 GlobalInfo

This value SHOULD be defined for each transport supported. This registry value when defined MUST be of type REG_BINARY. This represents the global transport configuration and any specific global information for the various routing protocols and configuration that might be supported for the specific transport. The contents of this registry value MUST be in the form of RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER as described in section 2.2.1.2.3.

2.2.3.1.3 GlobalInterfaceInfo

This value SHOULD be defined for each transport supported. \leq 249> This registry value when defined MUST be of type REG_BINARY. This represents the default configuration that will be applied for each

interface that is added to the specific transport. In the absence of per-interface transport configuration, this will be the configuration applied on the interface. The contents of this registry value MUST be in the form of RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER as described in section 2.2.1.2.3.

2.2.3.2 Interface Configuration

The interfaces that are present on the RRAS server MUST be stored under the registry key

HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Interfaces

with each subkey representing the configuration information pertaining to one interface. The subkeys MUST be named with a 0-based index in a monotonically increasing order. For example if there are 3 interfaces in the system, the registry keys will be as follows.

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Interfaces\0

HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Interfaces\1

HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Interfaces\2

Under each interface-specific registry key, there SHOULD be transport-specific subkeys that contain the interface-specific configuration information pertaining to the transport. For example, the IPv4 transport-specific information for an interface with index 4 will be stored under HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Interfaces\4\IP.

2.2.3.2.1 Common Interface Configuration Values

These are the registry values that define the common properties of an interface.

2.2.3.2.1.1 InterfaceName

For each interface, **InterfaceName** MUST be specified. This MUST be of type REG_SZ and MUST be a null-terminated string. This represents the name of the interface.

2.2.3.2.1.2 Type

For each interface, Type MUST be specified. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This represents the type of the interface. The value for this MUST be as defined in the ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.1).

2.2.3.2.1.3 Enabled

For each interface, Enabled SHOULD be specified. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This represents whether the interface is enabled or not. The value MUST be either 0 or 1. A value of 0 MUST be interpreted as the interface is disabled and a value of 1 MUST be used to indicate the interface is enabled. If the value is not specified, it MUST be treated as the interface is enabled (1).

2.2.3.2.1.4 DialOutHours

This is applicable only for interfaces of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER. This SHOULD be used to specify the dialing restrictions for the demand dial interfaces. This represents the times during which the dialing and connecting of the demand dial interface is allowed. This MUST be of type REG_MULTI_SZ as specified in [MS-RRP] section 2.2.6. It MUST be specified in the following format: <day><space><time range><time range><0<00

where

<day> is a numeral that corresponds to the day of the week starting with 1 representing Monday.

<space> is the literal corresponding to one blank space.

<time range> represents the dialing hours allowed during the particular <day> and is represented in the form "HH:MM-HH:MM" using 24-hour notation.

There can be a number of time ranges within a single day and each day's dialing hours is separated by a \0. The last of the dialing information is followed by an additional \0 as defined for REG MULTI SZ.

2.2.3.2.2 Transport-specific Configuration

The following are the registry values that can be configured for a given interface, and which represent transport and routing protocol-specific configuration for the interface.

2.2.3.2.2.1 ProtocolId

This is similar to the ProtocolId as described in ProtocolId 2.4.1.2. The protocolId MUST be the value corresponding to the transport protocol subkey for which the interface information is being specified.

2.2.3.2.2.2 InterfaceInfo

This value MUST be used to specify the transport-specific configuration for the interface. This also includes the various routing protocol configurations applicable to the specific transport. This MUST be of type REG_BINARY. The contents of this registry value MUST be in the form of RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER as specified in section 2.2.1.2.3.

2.2.3.2.3 IKEv2 Custom Configuration

The following are the registry values that can be configured for a given interface and that represent the IKEv2 tunnel-specific configuration for the interface.

2.2.3.2.3.1 SaMaxDataSize

This value specifies the lifetime of the security association (SA) for IKEv2 [RFC4306] in terms of the data transfer size, in kilobytes, after which the SA has to be renegotiated. This value MUST be of type REG DWORD and MUST be at least 1024.

2.2.3.2.3.2 SaLifeTime

This value specifies the lifetime of the SA for IKEv2 [RFC4306], in seconds, after which the SA has to be renegotiated. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD and MUST be at least 300.

2.2.3.2.3.3 MachineCertificateName

This is a registry value that specifies the subject name of the certificate that is configured to be sent to the peer for authentication during the MM SA negotiation [RFC4306] for the IKE2 tunnel-based VPN connections. This value MUST be of type REG_BINARY. The value itself is the binary representation of the subject name of the certificate.

2.2.3.2.3.4 IKEv2 Custom Policies

The following are the registry values that can be configured for a given interface and that represent the IKEv2 configurations used during MM SA and QM SA negotiation. These registry values are defined under a subkey, "IKEv2CustomPolicy".

2.2.3.2.3.4.1 IntegrityMethod

This is a registry value that specifies the integrity check algorithm to be negotiated during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry

value are the same as those for **dwIntegrityMethod** in <u>ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0</u>. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value INTEGRITY SHA 256 (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.2.3.4.2 EncryptionMethod

This is a registry value that specifies the encryption algorithm to be negotiated during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwEncryptionMethod** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value CIPHER_AES_256 (0x4) is assumed.

2.2.3.2.3.4.3 CipherTransformConstant

This is a registry value that specifies the encryption algorithm to be negotiated during QM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwCipherTransformConstant** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value CIPHER_CONFIG_CBC_3DES (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.2.3.4.4 AuthTransformConstant

This is a registry value that specifies the hash algorithm to be negotiated during QM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwAuthTransformConstant** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value AUTH_CONFIG_HMAC_SHA_256_128 (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.2.3.4.5 PfsGroup

This is a registry value that specifies the Diffie-Hellman algorithm to be used for Quick Mode Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwPfsGroup** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value PFS_2048 (0x3) is assumed.

2.2.3.2.3.4.6 DHGroup

This is a registry value that specifies the type of Diffie-Hellman group used for Internet Key Exchange (IKE) key generation during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwDhGroup** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value DH GROUP 2 (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.3 Ports Configuration

An RRAS server implementation can support a number of device types for remote access requirements. Each device type can be configured with a number of ports as well as the usage of the ports.

2.2.3.3.1 Non-modem Device Port Configurations

The port configuration for various device types given in the following table MUST be stored under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Class\{4D36E972-E325-11CE-BFC1-08002BE10318\}.

The device types for which the configuration information is stored here are PPTP, L2TP, SSTP, IKEv2, and PPPoE. This registry MUST include subkeys that are numbered from 000 and monotonically increasing. Under each subkey, the value ComponentId MUST be used to denote the protocol for which the (numbered) key has the configuration information. The following table specifies the ComponentId value and the protocol the configuration corresponds to.

ComponentId Value	Device Type	Driver Description
ms_sstpminiport	SSTP	WAN Miniport (SSTP)
ms_agilevpnminiport	IKEv2	WAN Miniport (IKEv2)
ms_l2tpminiport	L2TP	WAN Miniport (L2TP)
ms_pptpminiport	PPTP	WAN Miniport (PPTP)
ms_pppoeminiport	PPPoE	WAN Miniport (PPPoE)
ms_ptiminiport	Direct Parallel Connection	Direct Parallel

For example, if the subkey having name 008 has ms_sstpminiport as the ComponentId value, the registry path storing SSTP information will be

 $\label{local_MACHINE} HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE SYSTEM \controlSet \con$

2.2.3.3.1.1 ComponentId

This value specifies the protocol for which the key (under which the value is defined) comprises the configuration information. The value for this name MUST be one of the values mentioned in the preceding table. This value MUST be of type REG SZ. This value MUST be null-terminated.

2.2.3.3.1.2 DriverDesc

This value specifies the name of the device. This value MUST be of type REG_SZ. If this value is not specified, the device MUST be considered as an invalid device for routing and remote access.

2.2.3.3.1.3 EnableForOutboundRouting

This value MUST be used to specify whether the ports of the device type can be used for outbound demand dial interface connections. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This MUST be configured with a value of either 0 or 1. The value 0 MUST be interpreted as the device type is not enabled for outbound routing. The value 1 MUST be interpreted as the device type is enabled for outbound routing.

2.2.3.3.1.4 EnableForRas

This value MUST be used to specify whether or not the ports for the device type can be used for remote access. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This MUST be configured with a value of either 0 or 1. The value 0 MUST be interpreted as the device type is not enabled for remote access, and a value of 1 MUST be interpreted as the device type is enabled for remote access.

2.2.3.3.1.5 EnableForRouting

This value MUST be used to indicate whether the ports for the device type can be used for demand dial (or site-to-site) connectivity. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This MUST be configured with a value of 0 if the device type has to be disabled for demand dial usage and MUST be configured with a value of 1 if the device type has to be enabled for demand dial usage.

2.2.3.3.1.6 CalledIDInformation

This value SHOULD be used to specify the phone number of the device to be passed to the client as the called station ID in Bandwidth Allocation Protocol (BAP)-enabled connections. This MUST be of type REG_MULTI_SZ as specified in [MS-RRP] section 2.2.6. Each string in the REG_MULTI_SZ represents one phone number. For VPN device types where a phone number is not applicable, this SHOULD be the IP address of the server configured as the called ID.

2.2.3.3.1.7 MaxWanEndpoints

This value MUST be used to specify the maximum number of endpoints or ports that the device type can support. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD and can take any valid 32-bit integer value.

2.2.3.3.1.8 WanEndpoints

This value MUST be used to specify the number of endpoints or ports that the device type is configured with. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD and can take any valid 32-bit integer as its value. It MUST be lesser than or equal to MaxWanEndpoints value.

2.2.3.3.2 Modem device Port Configurations

The modem devices can be used for dial-up networking. The modem devices that are present on the RRAS server MUST be registered under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Class\{4D36E96D-E325-11CE-BFC1-08002BE10318}.

Under this registry key, for each modem, the modem-specific information MUST be present under its own subkey. The subkey MUST be a monotonically increasing number starting with 0000. For example, HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Class\{4D36E96D-E325-11CE-BFC1-08002BE10318}\0005 can be the subkey under which modem device information is present. Under this registry key, the value FriendlyName MUST be defined to specify the friendly name for the particular modem device. This MUST be of type REG_SZ, which comprises the friendly name for the modem device. This value MUST be null-terminated.

The device usage configuration itself MUST be present under the subkey Clients\Ras. For example, if HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Class\{4D36E96D-E325-11CE-BFC1-08002BE10318}\0005 represents a valid modem device information, the device usage information will be present in the HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Class\{4D36E96D-E325-11CE-BFC1-08002BE10318}\0005\Clients\Ras key. The registry values, EnableForOutboundRouting, EnableForRas, EnableForRouting, and CalledIDInformation specify the device usage and these values are the same as described in sections <a href="https://docs.ncbi.org/10.2003/10.200

2.2.3.4 Miscellaneous Configuration Information

These registry keys specify information relevant for the RRAS server configuration that does not fall under the previous categories.

2.2.3.4.1 RouterType

This defines the mode in which the RRAS server needs to be running. This MUST be defined under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This MUST be a combination of the following flag values.

Flag Value	Description
ROUTER_TYPE_RAS	RRAS is enabled for remote access connections providing connectivity using IPv4

Flag Value	Description
0x00000001	protocol as transport.
ROUTER_TYPE_LAN 0x00000002	RRAS is enabled for IPv4 routing over Ethernet interfaces only.
ROUTER_TYPE_WAN 0x00000004	RRAS is enabled for IPv4 routing over Ethernet as well as demand dial interfaces.
IPV6_ROUTER_TYPE_RAS 0x00000008	RRAS is enabled for remote access connections providing connectivity using IPv6 protocol as transport.
IPV6_ROUTER_TYPE_LAN 0x00000010	RRAS is enabled for IPv6 routing over Ethernet interfaces only.
IPV6_ROUTER_TYPE_WAN 0x00000020	RRAS is enabled for IPv6 routing over Ethernet as well as demand dial interfaces.

2.2.3.4.2 IKEv2 Tunnel Configuration Settings

IKEv2 tunnel configuration settings MUST be stored under the registry path HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\IKEV2.

2.2.3.4.2.1 idleTimeout

This value specifies the idle Timeout value in seconds to be used with IKEv2 protocol. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This is the duration in seconds after which the connection will be disconnected if there is no traffic. This value MUST be at least 300 and have a maximum supported value of 17,279,999.

2.2.3.4.2.2 networkBlackoutTime

This value specifies the retransmission timeout value in seconds to be used with IKEv2 protocol. This MUST be of type REG DWORD. This value MUST be greater than or equal to 120 seconds.

2.2.3.4.2.3 saDataSize

This value specifies the life time of the security association (SA) for IKEv2 [RFC4306] in terms of the data transfer size in kilobytes, after which the SA has to be renegotiated. This value MUST be of type REG DWORD. This value MUST be at least 1024.

2.2.3.4.2.4 saLifeTime

This value specifies the life time of the security association for IKEv2 [RFC4306] in seconds after which the SA has to be renegotiated. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This value MUST be at least 300 seconds.

2.2.3.4.2.5 TrustedRootCert

This is a registry value specifying the subject name of the certificate that will be trusted by the server for IKEv2 certificate authentication. This value MUST be of type REG_BINARY. The value itself is the binary representation of the subject name of the **certificate**. This registry value is defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\IKEV2\Allowe dTrustedRootCerts\nnnn, where nnnn is a monotonically increasing number starting with 0000 with each such entry representing a unique trusted root certificate to be supported for IKEv2 peer authentication.

2.2.3.4.2.6 EncryptionType

This is a registry value that specifies the encryption type to be negotiated during the SA negotiation [RFC4306] for the IKE2 tunnel-based VPN connections. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD and SHOULD have one of the values in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	RRAS will not negotiate encryption.
1	RRAS requests encryption during negotiation. Negotiation will succeed even if remote RRAS does not support encryption.
2	RRAS requires encryption to be negotiated.
3	RRAS requires maximum strength encryption to be negotiated.

2.2.3.4.2.7 MachineCertificateName

This is a registry value that specifies the subject name of the certificate that is configured to be sent to the peer for authentication during the MM SA negotiation [RFC4306] for the IKE2 tunnel-based VPN connections. This value MUST be of type REG_BINARY. The value itself is the binary representation of the subject name of the certificate.

2.2.3.4.2.8 IKEv2 Custom Policy Configuration

The following are the registry values that can be configured on an RRAS server and that represent the IKEv2 configurations used during MM SA and QM SA negotiation for all the incoming IKEv2 tunnel-based VPN connections. These registry values are defined under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\IKEV2\IKEv2 CustomPolicy.

2.2.3.4.2.8.1 IntegrityMethod

This is a registry value that specifies the integrity check algorithm to be negotiated during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwIntegrityMethod** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value INTEGRITY_SHA_256 (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.4.2.8.2 EncryptionMethod

This is a registry value that specifies the encryption algorithm to be negotiated during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwEncryptionMethod** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value CIPHER_AES_256 (0x4) is assumed.

2.2.3.4.2.8.3 CipherTransformConstant

This is a registry value that specifies the encryption algorithm to be negotiated during QM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwCipherTransformConstant** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value CIPHER_CONFIG_CBC_3DES (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.4.2.8.4 AuthTransformConstant

This is a registry value that specifies the hash algorithm to be negotiated during QM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwAuthTransformConstant** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value AUTH_CONFIG_HMAC_SHA_256_128 (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.4.2.8.5 PfsGroup

This is a registry value that specifies the Diffie-Hellman algorithm that is used for Quick Mode Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) [RFC4306]. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwPfsGroup** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value PFS_2048 (0x3) is assumed.

2.2.3.4.2.8.6 DHGroup

This is a registry value that specifies the type of Diffie-Hellman group used for Internet Key Exchange (IKE) key generation during MM SA negotiation [RFC4306]. Allowed values for this registry value are the same as those for **dwDhGroup** in ROUTER CUSTOM IKEV2 POLICY 0. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default value DH_GROUP_2 (0x2) is assumed.

2.2.3.4.3 SSTP Tunnel Configuration Settings

SSTP Tunnel configuration settings MUST be stored in the registry key HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\SstpSvc\Parameters.

2.2.3.4.3.1 UseHttps

This value specifies whether the SSTP uses HTTP or HTTPS as the underlying transport. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. The valid values for this are 0 and 1. A value 0 implies the use of HTTP transport and 1 implies the use of HTTPS transport. If the value not specified, a default usage of HTTPS (value 1) MUST be assumed.

2.2.3.4.3.2 IsHashConfiguredByAdmin

This value specifies whether the SSTP certificate hash values are configured by the administrator, or if the RRAS server chooses a certificate hash on its own automatically. This value MUST be of type REG_DWORD. The valid values for this are 0 and 1. A value 0 implies automatic certificate configuration and 1 implies the certificate was configured by the administrator. If the value is not specified for this registry value, or if this registry value is not present, the default setting of automatic certificate configuration is assumed.

2.2.3.4.3.3 SHA256CertificateHash

This value specifies the SHA 256 hash of the X.509 certificate to be used with SSTP. This value MUST be of type REG_BINARY. It MUST be of length 32 bytes. This registry value is used only if the registry value <u>IsHashConfiguredByAdmin</u> is present with the value of 1; otherwise, this value is ignored.

2.2.3.4.3.4 SHA1CertificateHash

This value specifies the SHA1 hash of the X.509 certificate to be used with SSTP. This value MUST be of type REG_BINARY. It MUST be of length 20 bytes. This registry value is used only if the registry value <u>IsHashConfiguredByAdmin</u> is present with the value of 1; otherwise, this value is ignored.

2.2.3.4.4 QuarantineInstalled

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be either 0 or 1. This represents whether Quarantine Service [MSFT-NAQC] is installed or not. A value 0 SHOULD be used to denote that quarantine service is not installed and a value 1 SHOULD be used to denote that quarantine service is installed.

2.2.3.4.5 LoggingFlags

This value MUST be defined under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be from 0 to 3. This represents the logging level for events for the RRAS server.

Value	Description
0x00000000	Logging SHOULD be disabled.
0x00000001	Log all the error category events only.
0x00000002	Log all the warning and error category events only.
0x00000003	Log all the informational, warning, and error category events.

2.2.3.4.6 ServerFlags

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be a combination of the various flag values given in the following table. This specifies a number of configuration settings for the RRAS server implementation.

Value	Description
0x00000001	This specifies that for Callback Control Protocol (CBCP) [RFC1570] in PPP, there needs to be a delay before the RRAS server performs the actual callback.
0x00000002	Use the Microsoft Point-to-Point Compression (MPPC) protocol to compress data sent on the remote access or demand dial connections.
0x00000004	NetBEUI Framing is enabled.
0x00000008	RRAS server is enabled for IPv4 traffic to be tunneled.
0x0000010	RRAS server is enabled for IPX traffic to be tunneled.
0x00000020	RRAS server is enabled for AppleTalk protocol traffic to be tunneled.
0x00000040	Shiva Password Authentication Protocol (SPAP) can be negotiated for remote access and demand dial connection authentication.
0x00000080	Packets between the WAN endpoints SHOULD be encrypted.
0x00000100	MSCHAP protocol can be negotiated for remote access and demand dial connection authentication.
0x00000200	The use of LCP extensions as defined in [RFC1570] is allowed.
0x00000400	Multilink negotiation [RFC1990] is allowed for remote access and demand dial connections.
0x00000800	PPP peer needs to be authentication.
0x00001000	Packets between WAN endpoints SHOULD be encrypted using the strongest possible algorithm. The exact algorithm is RRAS implementation-dependent.

Value	Description
0x00002000	Bandwidth Allocation Control Protocol (BACP) [RFC2125] is allowed for remote access connections.
0x00004000	Remote access connections without authentication are allowed on the RRAS server.
0x00008000	EAP protocol can be negotiated for remote access and demand dial connection authentication.
0x00010000	Password Authentication Protocol (PAP) [RFC1334] can be negotiated for remote access and demand dial connection authentication.
0x00020000	MD5-CHAP [RFC1994] can be negotiated for remote access and demand dial connection authentication.
0x00040000	IPsec needs to be negotiated for L2TP [MS-L2TPIE] tunnel type connections.
0x00080000	Packets between WAN endpoints can be unencrypted.
0x00100000	MOBIKE [RFC4555] extension support is not allowed for IKEv2 remote access connections.
0x00200000	Use of LAN Manager passwords [RFC2433] is allowed for remote access and demand dial connection authentication.
0x00400000	Connections to the RRAS server using directly connected serial ports can be accepted without authentication.
0x00800000	MSCHAPv2 [MS-CHAP] can be negotiated for remote access and demand dial connection authentication.
0x01000000	Callback functionality using CBCP [RFC1570] is enabled.
0x02000000	Machine authentication is allowed on the RRAS server.
0x04000000	Authentication using certificates is allowed on the RRAS server.
0x08000000	RRAS server is enabled for IPv6 traffic to be tunneled.
0x10000000	Preshared key can be used for authentication using L2TP over IPsec [MS-L2TPIE].

2.2.3.4.7 ConfigurationFlags

This value MUST be defined under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be either 0 or 1. This specifies whether the RRAS functionality is enabled or not. A value 0 SHOULD be used to specify that RRAS is disabled and a value 1 SHOULD be used to denote that RRAS is enabled.

2.2.3.4.8 AllowNetworkAccess

This value MUST be defined under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip or HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ipv6 based on whether it is specifying the setting for IPv4 or IPv6. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be either 0 or 1. This specifies whether RRAS can route packets between interfaces or not. A value of 0 is used to specify that routing is not be allowed and a value of 1 is used to specify that routing is allowed.

2.2.3.4.9 EnableIn

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip or HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ipv6 based on whether it is specifying the setting for IPv4 or IPv6. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be either 0 or 1. This specifies whether remote access is enabled for the specific protocol (IPv4 or IPv6) or not. A value of 0 SHOULD be used to specify that remote access is not enabled for the data traffic and a value of 1 SHOULD be used to specify that the remote access is enabled for the data traffic.

2.2.3.4.10 EnableNetbtBcastFwd

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip or HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ipv6 based on whether it is specifying the setting for IPv4 or IPv6. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be either 0 or 1. This specifies whether remote access clients can use NETBIOS over TCP/IP (NETBT) [RFC1002] to perform broadcast name resolution or not. A value of 0 SHOULD be used to specify that this service is disabled and a value of 1 SHOULD be used to specify that this service is enabled.

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip. This MUST be of type REG_SZ. This specifies a valid IPv4 address in dotted notation which along with IpMask specifies the static address pool to be used to configure remote access clients and demand dial peers. This registry value specifies the static address range if the StaticAddressPool registry is not configured.

2.2.3.4.12 IpMask

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip. This MUST be of type REG_SZ. This specifies a valid IPv4 address mask in dotted notation specifying the subnet mask or the prefix which along with IpAddress specifies the static address pool to be used to configure remote access clients and demand dial peers; see [RFC950]. This registry value specifies the static address range if StaticAddressPool registry is not configured.

2.2.3.4.13 NetworkAdapterGUID

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip. This MUST be of type REG_SZ. This specifies the GUID associated with the adapter that is used to obtain IP addresses, the DNS and WINS servers to be assigned to the remote access, and demand dial IPv4 remote endpoints.

2.2.3.4.14 UseDhcpAddressing

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be either 0 or 1. This specifies whether the RRAS server uses a DHCP server to obtain IP addresses to be assigned for remote access and demand dial connections. A value of 0 specifies that IP addresses for IPv4 are assigned from the static IP address pool. A value of 1 is used to specify that IP addresses for IPv4 are obtained from a DHCP server.

2.2.3.4.15 StaticAddressPool

This registry subkey MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip. This in turn MUST comprise of subkeys numbered from 0, with each subkey specifying the values that form a static address range. For example, there can be a registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip\StaticAddr essPool\0 which provides one static IPv4 address range to be used to assign IPv4 addresses to remote access and demand dial interfaces.

Each range MUST be specified using the values "From" and "To". These values MUST be of type REG_DWORD. The "From" value MUST specify the starting of the IPv4 address range and the "To" value MUST specify the ending of the IPv4 address range.

2.2.3.4.16 AdvertiseDefaultRoute

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ipv6. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This SHOULD be either 0 or 1. This specifies whether the default route is advertised over IPv6 router advertisement for remote access or demand dial based tunnels. A value of 0 specifies that the default route is not advertised and a value of 1 specifies that the default route is advertised.

2.2.3.4.17 StaticPrefixPool

This key MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ipv6. There MUST be a subkey for each IPv6 prefix and the subkey SHOULD be numbered from 0. For example, the registry path for an IPv6 prefix could be

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ipv6\StaticPr efixPool\0. Under this subkey, the values "From" and "To" MUST be defined of type REG_BINARY which specify the prefix to be used for IPv6 as a 16 byte value.

2.2.3.4.18 Accounting Settings

The accounting settings for the RRAS server SHOULD be defined under the registry key HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Accounting.

2.2.3.4.18.1 AcctGroupName

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Accounting. This value MUST be of type REG_SZ. This specifies the name of the RADIUS server or server group that provides accounting.

2.2.3.4.18.2 ActiveProvider

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Accounting\Providers. This MUST be of type REG_SZ. This defines a GUID corresponding to the current accounting provider. This SHOULD be either $\{1AA7F846-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04\}$ to specify the default accounting provider, or $\{1AA7F840-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04\}$ to specify RADIUS accounting provider.

2.2.3.4.18.3 RADIUS-based Accounting Settings

For RADIUS accounting, the RADIUS server information SHOULD be specified under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Accounting\Providers\{1A A7F840-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04}\Servers. <250> There SHOULD be one subkey for each RADIUS server and the RADIUS server-specific settings SHOULD be present under this subkey as

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registry values. For example, the accounting settings specific to a RADIUS server Server1 SHOULD be present under the registry key

 $\label{local_MACHINE} HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Accounting\Providers\{1AA7F840-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04}\Servers\Server1.$

2.2.3.4.18.3.1 Score

This value specifies the initial responsiveness score of the RADIUS server. This MUST be of type REG DWORD. This can be any valid positive integer.

2.2.3.4.18.3.2 AcctPort

This value specifies the UDP port that the RADIUS server is waiting on, for processing accounting requests. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This can be any valid UDP port number on which the RADIUS server is configured to listen for accounting messages.

2.2.3.4.18.3.3 Timeout

This value specifies the time in seconds that the RRAS server waits for a response from the RADIUS server before trying the next configured RADIUS server. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This can be any valid positive integer.

2.2.3.4.18.3.4 EnableAccountingOnOff

This value specifies whether RADIUS Accounting-On and Accounting-Off messages are to be sent by the RRAS server when it starts up and shuts down respectively. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. It SHOULD be either 0 or 1. A value 0 SHOULD be used to specify that the Accounting On/Off messages need not be sent by RRAS server and a value 1 SHOULD be used to specify that these messages need to be sent by RRAS server.

2.2.3.4.19 Authentication Settings

The authentication settings for the RRAS server SHOULD be defined under the registry key HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Authentication.

2.2.3.4.19.1 **AuthGroupName**

This value MUST be of defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Authentication. This value MUST be of type REG_SZ. This specifies the name of the RADIUS server or server group that provides authentication services.

2.2.3.4.19.2 CRPName

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Authentication. This value MUST be of type REG_SZ. This specifies the connection request policy (CRP) name which will designate whether connection requests are processed locally or forwarded to a remote RADIUS server.

2.2.3.4.19.3 ActiveProvider

This value MUST be defined under the registry key

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Authentication\Providers. This MUST be of type REG_SZ. This defines a GUID corresponding to the current authentication provider. This SHOULD be either {1AA7F841-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04} to specify the default authentication provider or {1AA7F83F-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04} to specify the RADIUS authentication provider.

2.2.3.4.19.4 RADIUS-based Authentication Settings

For RADIUS authentication, the RADIUS server information SHOULD<a><251> be specified under the following registry key:

 $\label{thm:local_machine} HKEY LOCAL MACHINE \SYSTEM \Current Control Set \services \Remote Access \Authentication \Providers \ \{1AA7F83F-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04\} \Servers$

There SHOULD be one subkey for each RADIUS server and the RADIUS server specific settings SHOULD be present under this subkey as registry values. For example, the authentication settings specific to a RADIUS server Server1 SHOULD be present under the following registry key:

 $\label{local_Machine} HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Authentication\Providers\{1 AA7F83F-C7F5-11D0-A376-00C04FC9DA04}\Servers\Server1$

2.2.3.4.19.4.1 Score

This value specifies the initial responsiveness score of the RADIUS server. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This can be any valid positive integer.

2.2.3.4.19.4.2 AuthPort

This value specifies the UDP port that the RADIUS server is waiting on, for processing authentication requests. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This can be any valid UDP port number on which the RADIUS server is configured to listen for authentication messages.

2.2.3.4.19.4.3 Timeout

This value specifies the time in seconds that the RRAS server waits for a response from the RADIUS server before trying the next configured RADIUS server. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. This can be any valid positive integer.

2.2.3.4.19.4.4 SendSignature

This value specifies whether a message authenticator need to be sent with each RADIUS authentication message or not. This MUST be of type REG_DWORD. It SHOULD be either 0 or 1. A value 0 SHOULD be used to specify that the message authenticator need not be sent with each RADIUS message and a value 1 SHOULD be used to specify that message authenticator need to be sent with each RADIUS message.

2.2.4 Error Codes

This section lists additional error codes that can be used to convey specific error conditions to the RRASM client. These codes have been implemented in addition to the common error codes defined in [MS-ERREF].

Return value	Description
0x00000258 PENDING	An operation is pending.
0x00000259 ERROR_INVALID_PORT_HANDLE	An invalid port handle was detected.
0x0000025B	The caller's buffer is too small.

Return value	Description
ERROR_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL	
0x00000260 ERROR_DEVICE_DOES_NOT_EXIST	The specified device does not exist.
0x00000267 ERROR_PORT_NOT_FOUND	The specified port was not found.
0x0000026A ERROR_PORT_NOT_OPEN	The specified port is not open.
0x0000026D ERROR_CANNOT_OPEN_PHONEBOOK	The phonebook file could not be opened.
0x0000026E ERROR_CANNOT_LOAD_PHONEBOOK	The phonebook file could not be loaded.
0x0000026F ERROR_CANNOT_FIND_PHONEBOOK_ENTRY	The phonebook entry for the specified connection could not be found.
0x00000386 ERROR_UNKNOWN_PROTOCOL_ID	The specified protocol identifier is not known to the router.
0x00000387 ERROR_DDM_NOT_RUNNING	The Demand-dial Interface Manager is not running.
0x00000388 ERROR_INTERFACE_ALREADY_EXISTS	An interface with this name is already registered with the router.
0x00000389 ERROR_NO_SUCH_INTERFACE	An interface with this name is not registered with the router.
0x0000038A ERROR_INTERFACE_NOT_CONNECTED	The interface is not connected.
0x0000038C ERROR_INTERFACE_CONNECTED	The interface cannot be deleted, because it is connected.
0x0000038E ERROR_ALREADY_CONNECTING	The interface is already in the process of connecting.
0x0000038F ERROR_UPDATE_IN_PROGRESS	An update of routing information on this interface is already in progress.
0x00000394 ERROR_INTERFACE_DISABLED	The interface is in a disabled state.
0x0000039D ERROR_INTERFACE_HAS_NO_DEVICES	There are no routing enabled ports available for use by this demand-dial interface.
0x000003A0 ERROR_SERVICE_IS_PAUSED	The Demand-dial Interface Manager is in a paused state. The request could not be processed.
0x000003B4 ERROR_PROTOCOL_ALREADY_INSTALLED	The transport is already installed with the router.
0x8004A024	Another application currently owns the lock on network

Return value	Description
NETCFG_E_NO_WRITE_LOCK	configuration.

2.2.5 REMRAS Common Messages

In addition to DCOM base types and definitions specified in <a>[MS-DCOM], additional data types are defined in this section.

All multi-byte integer values in the messages declared in this section use little-endian byte order.

2.2.5.1 Structures

2.2.5.1.1 IPV6Address

The IPv6Address structure contains IPv6 Address. <252>

```
typedef struct tagIPV6Address
{
    unsigned char bytes[16];
}IPV6Address;
```

bytes: This is a 16 byte char array that contains IPv6 address.

3 Protocol Details

There are three components to the RRAS management - the RPC interfaces, the phonebook file settings, and the registry settings.

The RPC interfaces enable remote management of the RRAS runtime. It comprises two RPC interfaces – DIMSVC and RASRPC.

The phonebook file specifies the site-to-site connection settings and RRASM validates the phonebook entries used as a part of RRASM RPC methods using the phonebook file. The phonebook entries (specified through the RPC methods) are valid if there are corresponding phonebook entry sections that have the same name. The phonebook file format is described in section 2.2.2.

The registry settings specify the RRAS configuration. RRAS initializes its runtime configuration using the registry settings described in section 2.2.3. Subsequently the RRASM RPC interfaces provide the remote management of these runtime configuration settings. RRAS is responsible for updating the configuration changes back to the registry store. RRAS initializes the RRASM RPC interfaces as given in section 3.1.6.2 and 3.3.6.2. RRAS server passes the value of two of the registry keys that impacts RRASM protocol behavior as a part of this initialization as defined in section 3.1.6. RRASM stores these values in the ADM variables as defined in section 3.1.1. The other registry settings do not impact the RRASM protocol behavior and only impact the configuration used by RRAS. Both RRASM and RRAS reside on the same server. That portion of the server which implements the management semantics, which the RRASM protocol remotely makes available remotely, is referred to as the RRAS server or RRAS implementation.

3.1 DIMSVC Interface Server Details

For the list of methods supported by this interface, refer to Appendix A: Full IDL (section 6).

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model that an implementation can maintain to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

RRASM protocol provides the remoting capability to the underlying RRAS implementation's management objects and methods. The following data variables affect the protocol behavior.

RouterType: This 4-byte variable specifies the currently defined RRAS role type. It is a combination of the flags as specified under section 2.2.3.4.1. As a part of the initialization, the RRAS server specifies this value for the RRASM server to initialize with **Start DIMSVC**, as defined in section 3.1.6. This value remains the same and will be refreshed only when the RRASM server is shut down and initialized again.

SupportedTransportsList: This specifies the list of transport identifiers that are supported by RRAS. Each transport identifier is a 4-byte value and can be one of the following values. As a part of the initialization, RRAS specifies this value for the RRASM server to initialize with **Start DIMSVC** as defined in section 3.1.6. This list remains static and will be refreshed only when the RRASM server is shut down and initialized again.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX protocol<253>
PID_IP	IPv4 protocol

Value	Meaning
0x00000021	
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6 protocol<254>

PhonebookEntryNameList: This specifies the list of **phonebook entry names** (section 2.2.2.1). The RRASM server loads the phonebook file and regenerates this list when any of the following methods are called:

RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13)

RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.14)

RRouterInterfaceSetInfo (section <u>3.1.4.15</u>)

RasRpcDeleteEntry (section 3.3.4.1)

InterfaceList: This specifies the list of interfaces configured in the RRAS server. Each entry in this list is comprised of an interface name of type LPWSTR and an interface handle of type DWORD. This list is populated using the InterfaceName registry value (section 2.2.3.2.1.1) for each interface as specified in section 2.2.3.2. As a part of the initialization, RRAS specifies this list with the interface name and handle specified for each entry. The interface handle is an opaque value for RRASM. This list is specified as a part of Start DIMSVC as defined in section 3.1.6. This list is updated when the following methods are called:

RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13)

RRouterInterfaceDelete (section 3.1.4.16)

There are no additional states maintained by RRASM other than those maintained by [MS-RPCE].

3.1.2 Timers

No timers are required beyond those used internally by the RPC to implement resiliency to network outages, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.2.3.2.1.

3.1.3 Initialization

The DIMSVC RPC interface of RRASM server MUST be initialized by RRAS as described in the Start DIMSVC abstract interface defined in section 3.1.6. As a part of the initialization process, the RRASM protocol server MUST register the RPC interface as specified in section 2.1.1.

3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement an RPC endpoint using the UUID, 8f09f000-b7ed-11ce-bbd2-00001a181cad. As a part of the message processing, RRASM performs validation parameters as specified under the methods in this section. It then passes the information to the actual RRAS implementation using **Invoke DIMSVC Method**. The **Invoke DIMSVC Method** will return any data required and the completion status of the operation is sent back to the client over the DIMSVC interface of RRASM protocol.

The RRASM server MUST perform a strict **Network Data Representation (NDR)** data consistency check at target level 5.0, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

In the following table, the term "Reserved for local use" means that the clients MUST NOT send the **opnum**, and the server behavior is undefined because it does not affect interoperability.

All methods MUST NOT throw exceptions. No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
RMprAdminServerGetInfo	Retrieves port-related configuration information for the specified RRAS server. Opnum: 0
RRasAdminConnectionEnum	Opnum: 1
RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo	Opnum: 2
RRasAdminConnectionClearStats	Opnum: 3
RRasAdminPortEnum	Opnum: 4
RRasAdminPortGetInfo	Opnum: 5
<u>RRasAdminPortClearStats</u>	Opnum: 6
RRasAdminPortReset	Opnum: 7
RRasAdminPortDisconnect	Opnum: 8
RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo	Opnum: 9
RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo	Opnum: 10
RRouterInterfaceGetHandle	Opnum: 11
RRouterInterfaceCreate	Opnum: 12
RRouterInterfaceGetInfo	Opnum: 13
RRouterInterfaceSetInfo	Opnum: 14
<u>RRouterInterfaceDelete</u>	Opnum: 15
RRouterInterfaceTransportRemove	Opnum: 16
RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd	Opnum: 17
RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo	Opnum: 18
RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo	Opnum: 19
RRouterInterfaceEnum	Opnum: 20
RRouterInterfaceConnect	Opnum: 21
RRouterInterfaceDisconnect	Opnum: 22
RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes	Opnum: 23
RRouterInterfaceQueryUpdateResult	Opnum: 24
RRouterInterfaceUpdatePhonebookInfo	Opnum: 25
<u>RMIBEntryCreate</u>	Opnum: 26
RMIBEntryDelete	Opnum: 27

Method	Description
RMIBEntrySet	Opnum: 28
RMIBEntryGet	Opnum: 29
RMIBEntryGetFirst	Opnum: 30
RMIBEntryGetNext	Opnum: 31
RMIBGetTrapInfo	Opnum: 32
RMIBSetTrapInfo	Opnum: 33
RRasAdminConnectionNotification	Opnum: 34
RRasAdminSendUserMessage	Opnum: 35
RRouterDeviceEnum	Opnum: 36
RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate	Opnum: 37
RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo	Opnum: 38
RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo	Opnum: 39
RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx	Opnum: 40
RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx	Opnum: 41
RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine	Opnum: 42
RMprAdminServerSetInfo	Opnum: 43
RMprAdminServerGetInfoEx	Opnum: 44
RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx	Opnum: 45
RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx	Opnum: 46
<u>RMprAdminServerSetInfoEx</u>	Opnum: 47
RRasAdminUpdateConnection	Opnum: 48
RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsLocal	Opnum: 49
RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal	Opnum: 50

3.1.4.1 RMprAdminServerGetInfo (Opnum 0)

The RMprAdminServerGetInfo method retrieves port-related configuration information for the specified RRAS server using the handle hDimServer. The dwLevel defines the type of information requested. The caller MUST pass a pointer to a valid \underline{DIM} $\underline{INFORMATION}$ $\underline{CONTAINER}$ (section 2.2.1.2.1). The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by $\underline{pInfoStruct}$.

```
DWORD RMprAdminServerGetInfo(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [out] PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pInfoStruct);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	After the function returns, the memory pointed by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPR SERVER 0 (section 2.2.1.2.62).
1	After the function returns, the memory pointed by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPR SERVER 1 (section 2.2.1.2.63).<255>
2	After the function returns, the memory pointed by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPR SERVER 2 (section 2.2.1.2.64).<256>

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.

DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize SHOULD be initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is typecast to MPR_SERVER_0, MPR_SERVER_1, <257> or MPR_SERVER_2 <258> based on the dwLevel value.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or in section 2.2.4. All values not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 0.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than those specified in the previous table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server processes the request successfully, populate *pInfoStruct* with the information returned by the RRAS server. Return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.2 RRasAdminConnectionEnum (Opnum 1)

The RRasAdminConnectionEnum method retrieves the list of active connections for a specified RRASM server identified by the handle *hDimServer*. The *dwLevel* specifies the type of information requested.

The caller MUST pass a pointer to a valid <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1)</u>, where **DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize** is initialized to zero. After the function returns, the caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by **pInfoStruct**.

```
DWORD RRasAdminConnectionEnum(
[in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
[in] DWORD dwLevel,
[in, out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
[in] DWORD dwPreferedMaximumLength,
[out] LPDWORD lpdwEntriesRead,
[out] LPDWORD lpdwTotalEntries,
[in, out, unique] LPDWORD lpdwResumeHandle
):
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type DWORD and SHOULD be set to one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as an array of RASI CONNECTION 0 (section 2.2.1.2.78). The size of the array is determined by Ipdae Ipdae
1	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as an array of RASI CONNECTION 1 (section 2.2.1.2.79). The size of the array is determined by lpdwEntriesRead .
2	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as an array of RASI CONNECTION 2 (section 2.2.1.2.80)). The size of the array is determined by Ipdae Ipdae Interpreted as an array of RASI CONNECTION 2 (section 2.2.1.2.80)). The size of the array is determined by Ipdae Ipdae Interpreted as an array of Ipdae Interpreted as a same array of IPDAE Interpreted as
3	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as an array of RASI CONNECTION 3 (section 2.2.1.2.81)). The size of the array is determined by IpdwEntriesRead .
4	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as an array of RAS CONNECTION 4 IDL (section 2.2.1.2.236). The size of the array is determined by lpdwEntriesRead.

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER, and DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is a typecast array of RASI_CONNECTION_0, RASI_CONNECTION_1, RASI_CONNECTION_2, RASI_CONNECTION_3,<259> or RAS_CONNECTION_4_IDL based on the dwLevel value. The array size is determined by the value in memory pointed to by lpdwEntriesRead.

dwPreferedMaximumLength: This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD specify the preferred maximum length of the returned data (pInfoStruct->pBuffer) in bytes.

IpdwEntriesRead: This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and upon a successful function-call return specifies the total number of connections enumerated from the current resume position given by *IpdwResumeHandle*.

IpdwTotalEntries: This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and receives the total number of connections that could have been enumerated from the current resume position given by *IpdwResumeHandle*.

IpdwResumeHandle: This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and specifies a resume handle that is used to continue the enumeration. The *IpdwResumeHandle* parameter is zero on the first call and left unchanged on subsequent calls. The caller MUST pass the same returned value in the next call to this function; otherwise, an error is returned. If the return code is ERROR_MORE_DATA, another

call can be made using this handle to retrieve more data. If the return code is not ERROR_MORE_DATA, the handle returned SHOULD be ignored. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS indicates a successful completion of the enumeration. Any return value other than ERROR_SUCCESS or ERROR_MORE_DATA indicates the failure of the enumeration.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or in section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.
0x000000EA ERROR_MORE_DATA	Not all of the data was returned with this call. To obtain additional data, call the function again using the handle that was returned in the <code>lpdwResumeHandle</code> parameter.

The opnum field value for this method is 1.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If the <u>RouterType (section 2.2.3.4.1)</u> is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server processes the request successfully, populate the information returned by RRAS server in *pInfoStruct*, along with *lpdwEntriesRead*, *lpdwTotalEntries*, and *lpdwResumeHandle*, and return ERROR SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the failure error that the RRAS server returns.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.3 RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo (Opnum 2)

The RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo method retrieves the connection information for a particular connection identified by the passed handle of the connection given in *hDimConnection*. The RRAS server is identified by the server handle passed in *hDimServer*. The *dwLevel* defines the type of information requested. The caller MUST pass a pointer to a valid DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1), where

DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *pInfoStruct*.

DWORD RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo(

```
[in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
[in] DWORD dwLevel,
[in] DWORD hDimConnection,
[out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type DWORD and MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as RASI CONNECTION 0 (section 2.2.1.2.78).
1	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as RASI CONNECTION 1 (section 2.2.1.2.79).
2	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as an array of RASI CONNECTION 2 (section 2.2.1.2.80) structures.
3	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as RASI CONNECTION 3 (section 2.2.1.2.81).

hDimConnection: This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD be set to a particular connection identifier for which the connection information is required. Obtain this handle by calling RRasAdminConnectionEnum (section 3.1.4.2). Since RRASM server does not maintain connection handle information, the validation of this handle SHOULD be done by the RRAS server implementation.

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER, and
 DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. Upon successful return,
 the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is a cast to an array of RASI_CONNECTION_0, RASI_CONNECTION_1,
 RASI_CONNECTION_2, or RASI_CONNECTION_3 structures, based on the dwLevel value.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 2.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If not, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If the <u>RouterType</u> is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.

- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, populate the pInfoStruct with the information returned by the RRAS server and return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.4 RRasAdminConnectionClearStats (Opnum 3)

The RRasAdminConnectionClearStats method resets the statistics counters for the connection identified by the passed handle in *hDimConnection*. The *hDimServer* handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is executed.

```
DWORD RRasAdminConnectionClearStats(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hDimConnection
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRAS server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

hDimConnection: This is of type DWORD and SHOULD be set to the particular connection identifier for which the connection statistics have to be cleared. Obtain this handle by calling RRASAdminConnectionEnum (section 3.1.4.2). Because RRASM server does not maintain connection handle information, the validation of this handle SHOULD be done by the RRAS server implementation.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or in section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 3.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has
 access to the method. If the client does not have access, return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED
 (0x00000005).
- If the **RouterType** is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than one of the errors listed in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.

- If the operation completed successfully, return ERROR SUCCESS.
- Otherwise, return the error provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.5 RRasAdminPortEnum (Opnum 4)

The RRasAdminPortEnum method retrieves the list of all ports on a RRAS server, or the ports for a specified connection determined by <code>hRasConnection</code>. The <code>hDimServer</code> handle specifies the RRAS server on which the call is executed. The <code>dwLevel</code> defines the type of information requested. The caller <code>MUST</code> pass a pointer to a valid <code>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</code> (section 2.2.1.2.1), where <code>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize</code> is initialized to zero. The caller <code>SHOULD</code> free the memory pointed to by <code>pInfoStruct</code>.

```
DWORD RRasAdminPortEnum(
   [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD dwLevel,
   [in] DWORD hRasConnection,
   [in, out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
   [in] DWORD dwPreferedMaximumLength,
   [out] LPDWORD lpdwEntriesRead,
   [out] LPDWORD lpdwTotalEntries,
   [in, out, unique] LPDWORD lpdwResumeHandle
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to the following value.

Value	Meaning
0	After the function returns, the memory pointed by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as an array of RASI_PORT_0 (section 2.2.1.2.76). The size of the array is determined by IpdwEntriesRead. This includes information related to the Port object during runtime. The port objects SHOULD be initialized based on the port configurations defined by WanEndpoints (section 2.2.3.3.1.8). The Device Name is also returned as a part of each port information.

hRasConnection: This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD be set to a particular connection identifier for which the connection information is required. Obtain this handle by calling RRasAdminConnectionEnum (section 3.1.4.2). If this parameter is passed as INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE (0xffffffff), the function enumerates all the active ports configured on the RRAS server. Since RRASM server does not maintain connection handle information, the validation of this handle SHOULD be done by the RRAS server implementation.

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1), and **DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize** is initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is typecast to an array of RASI_PORT_0, and the array size is determined by the value to pointer *lpdwEntriesRead*.

dwPreferedMaximumLength: This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD specify the preferred maximum length of returned data (pInfoStruct->pBuffer) in bytes. If *dwPreferedMaximumLength* is -1 then all existing port entries for the specified connection are returned in the buffer.

IpdwEntriesRead: This is a pointer to type **DWORD**. Upon successful return, this determines the total number of ports enumerated from the current resume position given by *IpdwResumeHandle*.

IpdwTotalEntries: This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and receives the total number of ports that could have been enumerated from the current resume position given by *IpdwResumeHandle*.

IpdwResumeHandle: This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and specifies a resume handle that is used to continue the enumeration. The *IpdwResumeHandle* parameter is zero on the first call and left unchanged on subsequent calls (the caller MUST pass the same returned value in the next call to this function; otherwise, an error is returned). If the return code is ERROR_MORE_DATA (0x00000EA), another call can be made using this handle to retrieve more data. If the handle is NULL upon return, the enumeration is complete. This handle is invalid (-1) for other types of error returns.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not listed in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.
0x000000EA ERROR_MORE_DATA	Not all of the data was returned with this call. To obtain additional data, call the function again using the handle that was returned in the <code>lpdwResumeHandle</code> parameter.

The opnum field value for this method is 4.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).

If the RouterType (section 2.2.3.4.1) is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.

- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, populate pInfoStruct with the information returned by the RRAS server and return ERROR SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the failure error status returned by RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.6 RRasAdminPortGetInfo (Opnum 5)

The RRasAdminPortGetInfo method retrieves the port information for a particular port given in *hPort* for a specified RRAS server using the handle *hDimServer*. The *dwLevel* defines the type of information requested. The caller MUST pass a pointer to a valid DIM INFORMATION CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1), where

DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct.

```
DWORD RRasAdminPortGetInfo(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in] DWORD hPort,
  [out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type DWORD and MUST be set to any of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is typecast to RASI PORT 0 (section 2.2.1.2.76). The size of the array is determined by IpdwEntriesRead.
1	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is typecast to RASI PORT 1 (section 2.2.1.2.77). The size of the array is determined by IpdwEntriesRead.

hPort: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to the particular port identifier for which the port information is required. Obtain this handle by calling <u>RRasAdminPortEnum (section 3.1.4.5)</u>. Since RRASM server does not maintain any port handle information, the validation of this handle SHOULD be done by the RRAS server implementation.

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER, and DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is typecast to an array of the RASI_PORT_0 or RASI_ PORT_1 structures, based on the *dwLevel* value.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not listed in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 5.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If the **RouterType** is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.

- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, populate *pInfoStruct* with the information returned by RRAS server. Return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error status returned by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.7 RRasAdminPortClearStats (Opnum 6)

The RRasAdminPortClearStats method resets the counters for the specified port on the given server *hPort*. The *hDimServer* handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is to be executed.

```
DWORD RRasAdminPortClearStats(
   [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD hPort
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section <u>3.1.3</u>.

hPort: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to the particular port identifier for which the port information is required. Obtain this handle by calling <u>RRasAdminPortEnum</u> (section 3.1.4.5). Since RRASM server does not maintain port handle information, the validation of this handle SHOULD be done by the RRAS server implementation.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of *ERROR_SUCCESS* (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 6.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has
 access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error
 ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If **RouterType** is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error that the RRAS server can return while processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS. No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.8 RRasAdminPortReset (Opnum 7)

The RRasAdminPortReset function performs no action and always returns ERROR_SUCCESS if the access validation succeeds.

```
DWORD RRasAdminPortReset(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD hPort
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

hPort: This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD be set to the particular port identifier for which the port information is required. Obtain this handle by calling <u>RRasAdminPortEnum (section 3.1.4.5)</u>. This parameter is not used. Because RRASM server does not maintain port handle information, the validation of this handle SHOULD be done by the RRAS server implementation.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or in section 2.2.4. All values not in the following table MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 7.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If **RouterType** is ROUTER TYPE LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error that the RRAS server returns while processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.9 RRasAdminPortDisconnect (Opnum 8)

The RRasAdminPortDisconnect method initiates the disconnect of the connection on a specified port. The port SHOULD have been associated with a connection. For the disconnection to be successful, the connection SHOULD have been in the connected state. The connection is the established dial-up or VPN connection that has the RRAS server as its endpoint.

```
DWORD RRasAdminPortDisconnect(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hPort
```

);

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

hPort: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to the port identifier of the port that is to be disconnected. Obtain this handle by calling <u>RRasAdminPortEnum (section 3.1.4.5)</u>. Since RRASM server does not maintain port handle information, the validation of this handle SHOULD be done by the RRAS server implementation.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 8.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has
 access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error
 ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If **RouterType** is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Use the **RRasAdminPortEnum** method to ensure that *hPort* is a valid port handle of an active connection. If it is not, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error that the RRAS server returns as a part of processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.10 RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (Opnum 9)

The RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo method $\leq 260 \geq$ is used to set global information, for the specified transport (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX), such as disabling IPv6 filtering.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo(
   [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD dwTransportId,
   [in] PDIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport for which the information is set (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX). It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX protocol<261>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4 protocol
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6 protocol<262>

pInfoStruct: Specifies the pointer to a <u>DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.2)</u>.

The fGetGlobalInfo member of the DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER MUST be set to 0.

The **pGlobalInfo** and **dwGlobalInfoSize** of DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER MUST be set. The rest of the fields SHOULD not be set.

The dwGlobalInfoSize field MUST be set to the size of the information passed in pGlobalInfo.

The **pGlobalInfo** member MUST point to a valid <u>RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.3) and <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4). Otherwise, an error code is returned. The acceptable RTR_TOC_ENTRY values depend on the transport and the RRAS server implementation support; hence the RRAS server implementation SHOULD check that *InfoType* of RTR_TOC_ENTRY is supported.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] f. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $2.1.1.1$.

The opnum field value for this method is 9.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- If *dwTransportId* is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- If the **dwGlobalInfoSize** information in *pInfoStruct* is not the same as the **Size** field of RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER, or if the RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER is not constructed properly according to section 2.2.1.2.3, return an error other than one of the errors in the preceding table.

- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error value returned as a part of the RRAS server processing. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.11 RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (Opnum 10)

The RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo method<a> is used to get the entire global information for the specified transport.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwTransportId,
  [in, out] PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER pInfoStruct):
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport for which the information is set (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX). It MUST be one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX protocol<264>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4 protocol
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6 protocol<265>

pInfoStruct: Pointer to <u>DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1). This pointer MUST NOT be NULL when calling this method and is allocated to the size of the DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER structure. On successful completion, the structure is populated with a DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER structure having valid values for **dwGlobalInfoSize** and **pGlobalInfo** fields which the caller SHOULD free when done using it.

The **fGetGlobalInfo** of DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER MUST be set to 1. The rest of the DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER fields SHOULD not be set.

The **pGlobalInfo** and **dwGlobalInfoSize** members of DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER will be populated on successful completion of this method.

The pGlobalInfo member will point to a valid RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3) and RTR TOC ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4).

On successful completion **dwGlobalInfoSize** will be set to the size of the information being passed in **pGlobalInfo**.

If *dwTransportId* is PID_IP or PID_IP6 and if the **InfoType** field in the RTR_TOC_ENTRY structure is one of the following, **pGlobalInfo** MUST be interpreted as the structure in the following table.

InfoType value	Meaning	Structure pointed to by pGlobalInfo
MS_IP_BOOTP 0x0000270f	IP BOOTP global configuration information.	IPBOOTP GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.15 0)
MS_IP_IGMP 0x4137000a	IGMP global configuration.	IGMP MIB GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.1 74)
MS_IP_RIP 0x00000008	IP RIP global configuration information.	IPRIP GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.165) (values specified are overwritten)
MS_IP_BGP 0x0137000e	BGP configuration.	When <i>dwTransportId</i> is PID_IP, the structure pointed to, at the offset is BGP CONFIG HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.252). When <i>dwTransportId</i> is PID_IP6, the structure pointed to, at the offset is BGP ROUTER V6 (section 2.2.1.2.265).
MS_IP_DHCP_ALLOCATOR 0x81372714	DHCP global configuration information.	IP AUTO DHCP GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2 .191) (values specified are overwritten)
MS_IP_DNS_PROXY 0x81372713	DNS proxy global configuration information.	IP DNS PROXY GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2 .193) (values specified are overwritten)
MS_IP_OSPF<266> 0x0000000d	OSPF global configuration information specified is retrieved. The type field is the first field in each of the structures and this defines which of the structures MUST be used. The type field MUST be OSPF_PARAM_TYPE (section 2.2.1.1.14) and the value MUST be corresponding to the structures specified.	OSPF ROUTE FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.20 9) OSPF PROTO FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.21 0) OSPF GLOBAL PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.211) OSPF ROUTE FILTER (section 2.2.1.2.208)
MS_IP_ALG< <u>267></u> 0x8137271A	Application layer gateway global configuration.	IP ALG GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2.201)
MS_IPV6_DHCP 0x000003E7	DHCPv6 Relay global configuration information.	DHCPV6R GLOBAL CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.15 8)
MS_IP_NAT 0x81372715	IP NAT global configuration information.	IP NAT GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2.195)

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully;

otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 10.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- If dwTransportId is not specified in **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, populate the returned information in the pInfoStruct with the information returned by the RRAS server and return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error value provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.12 RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (Opnum 11)

The RRouterInterfaceGetHandle method < 268> retrieves the handle of the specified interface IpwsInterfaceName among all the ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPEs. The hDimServer handle determines the RRAS server on which the call is made.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceGetHandle(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsInterfaceName,
  [in, out] LPDWORD phInterface,
  [in] DWORD fIncludeClientInterfaces);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRAS server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

IpwsInterfaceName: Pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies the name of the interface to be retrieved.

phInterface: This is a pointer to a **DWORD** that receives the unique identifier of the interface specified by *lpwsInterfaceName*.

fIncludeClientInterfaces: Specifies whether the method includes client interfaces while searching. If this parameter is 0, interfaces of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT are ignored in the search for the interface with the name specified by *lpwsInterfaceName*. If this parameter is a non-zero value and

an interface with the specified name exists, RRouterInterfaceGetHandle returns a handle to an interface of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT. Since it is possible that there are several interfaces of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT, the handle returned references the first interface that is found with the name ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT specified by *IpwsInterfaceName*.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 11.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *lpwsInterfaceName* is NULL, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- If the interface name of any entry in InterfaceList is not the same as *lpwsInterfaceName*, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC** Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server has successfully processed the request, populate the interface handle in *phInterface*. This interface handle is the same as the one present as a part of the interface-specific entry in InterfaceList. Return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.13 RRouterInterfaceCreate (Opnum 12)

The RRouterInterfaceCreate method creates an interface on a specified RRAS server, hDimServer.<269>

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceCreate(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in, out] LPDWORD phInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type DWORD and MUST be set to any of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	The pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI INTERFACE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.82).
1	The pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI_INTERFACE_1 (section 2.2.1.2.83).
2	The pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI_INTERFACE_2 (section 2.2.1.2.84).
3	The pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI INTERFACE 3 (section 2.2.1.2.85).

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1)</u> and MUST be set to following, based on *dwLevel*.

dwLevel	pInfoStruct->size	pInfoStruct->pBuffer
0	This MUST be set to the size of MPRI_INTERFACE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.82). Otherwise, an error is returned.	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_0. Only the wszInterfaceName, fEnabled, and dwIfType fields of MPRI_INTERFACE_0 can be set. Setting other values has no effect.
1	This MUST be set to the size of MPRI_INTERFACE_1 (section 2.2.1.2.83). Otherwise, an error is returned.	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_1. Only the wszInterfaceName, fEnabled, dwIfType fields of MPRI_INTERFACE_1 can be set. Setting other values has no effect.
2	This MUST be set to the size of MPRI_INTERFACE_2 (section 2.2.1.2.84). Otherwise, an error is returned.	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_2. The dwIfType of MPRI_INTERFACE_2 SHOULD be set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER. The dwAlternateOffset of MPRI_INTERFACE_2 MUST be set to 0.
3	This MUST be set to the size of MPRI_INTERFACE_3 (section 2.2.1.2.85). Otherwise, an error is returned.	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_3. The dwIfType of MPRI_INTERFACE_3 SHOULD be set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER. The dwAlternateOffset of MPRI_INTERFACE_3 MUST be set to 0. The values of the ipv6addrDns and ipv6addrDnsAlt members of the MPRI_INTERFACE_3 structure SHOULD be ignored by the server.

If **dwIfType** is set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_TUNNEL1 or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT in MPRI_INTERFACE_0, MPRI_INTERFACE_1, MPRI_INTERFACE_2, or MPRI_INTERFACE_3, an error is returned.<a href="mailto:<270"><270

If **dwIfType** is set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DEDICATED, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK, and if **fEnabled** is set to FALSE, an error other than one of the errors specified in the table that follows MUST be returned.

If the **dwIfType** in MPRI_INTERFACE_0, MPRI_INTERFACE_1, MPRI_INTERFACE_2, or MPRI_INTERFACE_3, is set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER, and if the **RouterType** is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, an error SHOULD be returned.

If **dwIfType** in MPRI_INTERFACE_0 is set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER, phonebook information for the interface MUST have already been configured in the phonebook file.

If **dwLevel** is either 2 or 3 and none of the authentication protocol-related flags MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP2, MPRIO_RequireCHAP, and MPRIO_RequireEAP are specified in the **dwfOptions** member, then the **dwEncryptionType** member of the MPRI_INTERFACE_2 or MPRI_INTERFACE_3 structures SHOULD be initialized to MPR_ET_Require and the value of the **dwfOptions** member SHOULD be modified to enable the following flags by default:

- MPRIO_RequireEncryptedPw
- MPRIO_RequireDataEncryption
- MPRIO RequireCHAP
- MPRIO RequireMsCHAP2

phInterface: This is a pointer to a DWORD that specifies the unique identifier of the interface that is created. This is the same as the dwInterface in MPRI_INTERFACE_0, MPRI_INTERFACE_1, MPRI_INTERFACE_2, or MPRI_INTERFACE_3.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 12.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If *dwLevel* is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If the interface name of any entry in InterfaceList is the same as wszInterfaceName specified as a part of MPRI_INTERFACE_0, MPRI_INTERFACE_1, MPRI_INTERFACE_2, and MPRI_INTERFACE_3, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.

- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server processes the request successfully, populate the *phInterface* with the interface handle returned by the RRAS server, add an interface entry to the InterfaceList comprising the interface name to be the **wszInterfaceName** (present as a part of the MPRI_INTERFACE_0, MPRI_INTERFACE_1, MPRI_INTERFACE_2, or MPRI_INTERFACE_3 structure) and the interface handle to be the value filled in for *phInterface*. If **dwLevel** value is specified as 2 or 3, add the **wszInterfaceName** specified as a part of MPRI_INTERFACE_2 or MPRI_INTERFACE_3 into **PhonebookEntryNameList** and return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error status that the RRAS server returned.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.14 RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (Opnum 13)

The RRouterInterfaceGetInfo method <271> retrieves information for a specified interface, hInterface, on a specified RRAS server, hDimServer. This method is used to find information about existing interfaces on the RRAS. The information is returned in pInfoStruct. The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceGetInfo(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in, out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type DWORD and MUST be set to any of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPRI INTERFACE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.82).
1	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPRI_INTERFACE_1 (section 2.2.1.2.83).
2	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPRI_INTERFACE_2 (section 2.2.1.2.84).
3	After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPRI_INTERFACE_3 (section 2.2.1.2.85).

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1), and DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize SHOULD be initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is cast to an array of MPRI_INTERFACE_0, MPRI_INTERFACE_1, MPRI_INTERFACE_2, or MPRI_INTERFACE_3 structures based on the *dwLevel* values.

The **dwfOptions** member of MPRI_INTERFACE_2 and MPRI_INTERFACE_3 SHOULD be updated as follows:

• If the **dwfOptions** member has neither MPRIO_RequirePAP nor MPRIO_RequireEAP, then enable MPRIO RequireEncryptedPw.

- If the dwfOptions has none of the following flags set, then enable MPRIO_RequireMsEncryptedPw:
 - MPRIO RequireCHAP
 - MPRIO_RequirePAP
 - MPRIO RequireEAP
- If the dwEncryptionType member is not set to MPR_ET_None or MPR_ET_Optional, enable the MPRIO_RequireDataEncryption flag.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). The interface MUST be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER if dwlevel is set to 2 or 3. Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle value represents a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not listed in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 13.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If the *hInterface* value specified is not associated with an interface entry in InterfaceList that has a matching interface handle (value being the same), return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel value is specified as 2 or 3 and *lpszEntry* is not present in **PhonebookEntryNameList**, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server has processed the request successfully, populate the *pInfoStruct* with the information returned by the RRAS server and return ERROR SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error status returned by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.15 RRouterInterfaceSetInfo (Opnum 14)

The RRouterInterfaceSetInfo method<272> sets information for a specified interface, hInterface, on a specified server, hDimServer.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceSetInfo(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type DWORD and SHOULD be set to any of the following values.

Value	Meaning
0	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI INTERFACE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.82).
1	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI INTERFACE 1 (section 2.2.1.2.83).
2	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI INTERFACE 2 (section 2.2.1.2.84).
3	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to a MPRI_INTERFACE_3 (section 2.2.1.2.85).<273>

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1) and MUST be set to the following, based on *dwLevel*.

dwLevel	pInfoStruct->size	pInfoStruct->pBuffer
0	This MUST be set to the size of the data being passed in MPRI_INTERFACE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.82).	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_0. Only the fEnabled field of this structure can be modified; the rest of the fields MUST be populated as returned by RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.1.4.14).
1	This MUST be set to the size of the data being passed in MPRI_INTERFACE_1 (section 2.2.1.2.83).	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_1. In addition to the fields for MPRI_INTERFACE_0, IpwsDialoutHoursRestriction can be set. Setting other values has no effect. The values MUST be populated as returned by RRouterInterfaceGetInfo.
2	This MUST be set to the size of MPRI_INTERFACE_2 (section 2.2.1.2.84). Otherwise, an error is returned.	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_2. The dwIfType of MPRI_INTERFACE_0 MUST be set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER. The dwAlternateOffset of MPRI_INTERFACE_2 MUST be set to 0.
3	This MUST be set to the size of MPRI_INTERFACE_3 (section 2.2.1.2.85). Otherwise, an error is returned.	This MUST be set to point to MPRI_INTERFACE_3. The dwIfType of MPRI_INTERFACE_3 MUST be set to

dwLevel	pInfoStruct->size	pInfoStruct->pBuffer
		ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER.
		The dwAlternateOffset of MPRI_INTERFACE_0 MUST be set to 0. The values of the ipv6addrDns and ipv6addrDnsAlt members of MPRI_INTERFACE_3 SHOULD be ignored by the server.

If the interface type, specified at the time the interface was created using RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13), is either ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DEDICATED or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL and if **fEnabled** is set to FALSE, an error is returned.

When the **dwLevel** value is either 2 or 3 and the **dwfOptions** member does not contain any of the flags MPRIO_RequirePAP, MPRIO_RequireCHAP, MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP2, or MPRIO_RequireEAP, then the **dwfOptions**value SHOULD be modified to enable MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP2, MPRIO_RequireCHAP, and **MPRIO_RequirePAP**.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate or <u>RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12)</u>. Since the RRASM does not manage the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check to ensure that this handle is a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 14.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If the hInterface value specified is not associated with an interface entry in **InterfaceList** that has a matching interface handle (value being the same), return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error that the RRAS server returns while processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS. No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.16 RRouterInterfaceDelete (Opnum 15)

The RRouterInterfaceDelete method <274> deletes an interface on a specified server. The interface MUST have been created with the RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) method.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceDelete(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: A unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check to ensure that this handle is a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates the return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not listed in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $2.1.1.1$.
0x0000038c ERROR_INTERFACE_CONNECTED	The interface is connected and therefore cannot be deleted. This error is returned if the interface is of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER.

The opnum field value for this method is 15.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If the interface is of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER, and if the interface is not connected, the RRAS implementation MUST return ERROR_INTERFACE_CONNECTED (0x0000038c).
- If the hInterface value specified is not associated with an interface entry in InterfaceList that has
 a matching interface handle (value being the same), return an error other than one of the errors
 specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server returns successfully removing the interface context from its runtime
 configuration settings, and if the interface is ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER, get the
 interface name present in the interface entry (from the InterfaceList) that has the same
 interface handle as hInterface, remove the phone book entry with the specified interface name,

and remove the interface name from **PhonebookEntryNameList**. Remove the interface entry from the **InterfaceList** to complete the removal of the interface.

Return any error status provided by the RRAS server. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.17 RRouterInterfaceTransportRemove (Opnum 16)

The RRouterInterfaceTransportRemove method $\leq 275 \geq$ is used to remove an existing transport (IPv4, IPv6 $\leq 276 \geq$, or IPX $\leq 277 \geq$) from the RRAS server on an interface.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceTransportRemove(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD hInterface,
   [in] DWORD dwTransportId
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: A unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX). It MUST be one of the following values. Otherwise an error other than those in the returned values table is returned.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX protocol <u><278></u>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4 protocol
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6 protocol <u><279></u>

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

The return value is one of the following error codes. All other values MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 16.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If dwTransportId is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status that the RRAS server returns as a result of its processing. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.18 RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (Opnum 17)

The RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd method <280> adds a transport (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX) to a specified interface. Note that if a transport already exists on an interface it cannot be added.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hInterface,
  [in] DWORD dwTransportId,
  [in] PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER pInfoStruct
):
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX) and MUST be one of the following values. Otherwise an error, other than those in the return values table, is returned.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX <u><281></u>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6 <u><282></u>

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.2).

pInterfaceInfo and **dwInterfaceInfoSize** of DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER MUST be set to valid values. All other fields of DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER are ignored.

pInterfaceInfo points to a valid <u>RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3)</u> and <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4)</u>. Otherwise, an error is returned. The RRASM server does not store the interface configurations for the various transports that the RRAS server supports. As part of its processing, the RRAS server SHOULD check that **InfoType** of RTR_TOC_ENTRY is supported.

Value	Meaning and conditions (interface means the one identified by hInterface)	Structure pointed to at offset
IP_IN_FILTER_INFO 0xffff0001	This is the input filter that MUST be applied to IP packets sent to the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	FILTER DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5)
IP_OUT_FILTER_INFO 0xffff0002	This is the output filter that MUST be applied to IP packets sent from the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2. 5)
IP_INTERFACE_STATUS _INFO 0xffff0004	The interface IP status info is overwritten.	INTERFACE STATUS INFO (section 2. 2.1.2.18)
IP_ROUTER_DISC_INFO 0xffff0007	Router discovery information is overwritten.	RTR DISC INFO (section 2.2.1.2.14)
IP_MCAST_BOUNDARY_I NFO 0xffff000b	Multicast boundary information is added.	MIB BOUNDARYROW (section 2.2.1.2. 24)
IP_IFFILTER_INFO 0xffff000d	IP interface filter information is overwritten. Interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	IFFILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.89)
IP_MCAST_LIMIT_INFO 0xffff000e	Multicast configuration information.	MIB MCAST LIMIT ROW (section 2.2. 1.2.50)
IP_ROUTE_INFO 0xffff0005	The dwAdminStatus MUST be IF_ADMIN_STATUS_UP if the route information is added. If bV4 of INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO is set, it indicates an IPv4 route is added; otherwise, an IPv6 route is added.	INTERFACE ROUTE INFO (section 2.2 .1.2.11)
IP_IN_FILTER_INFO_V6 0xffff0011	This is the input filter that MUST be applied to IPv6 packets sent to the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	FILTER DESCRIPTOR V6 (section 2.2. 1.2.7)
IP_OUT_FILTER_INFO_V 6 0xffff0012	This is the output filter that MUST be applied to IPv6 packets sent from the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 (section 2.2. 1.2.7)

Value	Meaning and conditions (interface means the one identified by hInterface)	Structure pointed to at offset
	of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	
IP_DEMAND_DIAL_FILT ER_INFO_V6 0xffff0013	IPv6 traffic that matches this filter indicates that a site-to-site connection MUST be available and all IPv6 packets matching this filter MUST be routed into the connection. The interface MUST be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER and the filters are overwritten	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 (section 2.2. 1.2.7)
IP_IFFILTER_INFO_V6 0xffff0014	IPv6 interface filter information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBACK, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	IFFILTER_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.89)
MS_IP_BOOTP 0x0000270f	IP BOOTP interface, information depending.	IPBOOTP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2. 151)
MS_IP_IGMP 0x4137000a	IGMP interface information.	IGMP MIB IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1. 2.175)
MS_IP_RIP 0x00000008	IP RIP interface information.	IPRIP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.16 Z).
MS_IP_DHCP_ALLOCAT OR 0x81372714	DHCP allocator interface information. Used only with RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (section 3.1.4.10).	IP AUTO DHCP INTERFACE INFO (se ction 2.2.1.2.192)
MS_IP_DNS_PROXY 0x81372713	DNS proxy interface information.	IP DNS PROXY INTERFACE INFO (se ction 2.2.1.2.194)
MS_IP_NAT 0x81372715	IP NAT interface information.	IP NAT INTERFACE INFO (section 2. 2.1.2.197)
MS_IP_OSPF<284> 0x0000000d	OSPF interface information is added.	OSPF INTERFACE PARAM (section 2.2 .1.2.215)
MS_IPV6_DHCP 0x000003E7	DHCPv6 Relay interface information.	DHCPV6R IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2 .160)

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values not in the following table MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000	The call was successful.
ERROR_SUCCESS	

Return value/code	Description
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in $2.1.1.1$.

The opnum field value for this method is 17.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwTransportId is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke DIMSVC Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status provided by the RRAS server processing. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.19 RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (Opnum 18)

The RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo method<285> retrieves information about a transport running on a specified interface. The information retrieved is of the type

RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3), encapsulated within a

DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.2).

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD hInterface,
   [in] DWORD dwTransportId,
   [in, out] PDIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER pInfoStruct);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Since the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle is a valid interface handle.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport for which the information is retrieved (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX). It MUST be one of the following values. Otherwise an error other than those in the return values table is returned.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX <u><286></u>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4

Value	Meaning
PID_IPV6	IPv6 <u><287><288></u>
0x00000057	

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER. It MUST NOT be NULL.

fGetInterfaceInfo of DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER MUST be set to 1.

On completion of the method, **pInterfaceInfo** and **dwInterfaceInfoSize** of the *pInfoStruct* fields are set. **pInterfaceInfo** points to a valid RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3), and RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) on return.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 18.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If *dwTransportId* is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server processing returns successfully, populate the interface information returned by RRAS server in *pInfoStruct* and return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error result provided by RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.20 RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (Opnum 19)

The RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo method <289> sets information about a transport running on a specified interface. The information is overwritten using the type RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3), encapsulated within a DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.2).

DWORD RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo(

- [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
- [in] DWORD hInterface,

```
[in] DWORD dwTransportId,
  [in] PDIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
):
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport for which the information is set (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX). It MUST be one of the following values. Otherwise an error other than those in the return values table is returned.<290>

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER.

pInterfaceInfo and **dwInterfaceInfoSize** of PDIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER MUST be set. The rest of the fields are ignored. The RRASM server does not store the interface configurations for the various transports that the RRAS server supports. The RRAS server SHOULD check that the **InfoType** field of <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY</u> (section 2.2.1.2.4) is supported.

Only a combination of the following entries of RTR_TOC_ENTRY MUST be present in **pInterfaceInfo**.<291>

Value	Meaning and conditions (interface means the one identified by hInterface)	Structure pointed to at offset
IP_INTERFACE_STATUS_INF O 0xffff0004	Interface IP status information is overwritten.	INTERFACE STATUS INFO (section 2.2.1.2.1 8)
IP_ROUTER_DISC_INFO 0xffff0007	Router discovery information is overwritten.	RTR DISC INFO (section 2.2.1.2.14)
IP_MCAST_BOUNDARY_INFO 0xffff000b	Multicast boundary information is added.	MIB BOUNDARYROW (section 2.2.1.2.24)
IP_IFFILTER_INFO 0xffff000d	IP interface filter information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNA L, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBAC K, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT	IFFILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.89)

Value	Meaning and conditions (interface means the one identified by hInterface)	Structure pointed to at offset
IP_MCAST_LIMIT_INFO 0xffff000e	Multicast configuration information.	MIB MCAST LIMIT ROW (section 2.2.1.2.16)
IP_ROUTE_INFO 0xffff0005	The dwAdminStatus MUST be IF_ADMIN_STATUS_UP if the route information is added. If bV4 of INTERFACE ROUTE INFO is set, it indicates an IPv4 route is added; otherwise, an IPv6 route is added.	INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.11)
IP_IN_FILTER_INFO 0xffff0001	This is the input filter that MUST be applied to IP packets sent to the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNA L, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBAC K, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	FILTER DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5)
IP_OUT_FILTER_INFO 0xffff0002	This is the output filter that MUST be applied to IP packets sent from the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNA L, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBAC K, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT .	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5)
IP_DEMAND_DIAL_FILTER_I NFO 0xffff0009	IPv4 traffic that matches this filter indicates that there is a site-to-site connection available into which all the IPv4 packets (matching this filter) are routed. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_RO UTER or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_R OUTER.	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR (section 2.2.1.2.5)
IP_IN_FILTER_INFO_V6 0xffff0011	This is the input filter that MUST be applied to IPv6 packets sent to the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface	FILTER DESCRIPTOR V6 (section 2.2.1.2.7)

Value	Meaning and conditions (interface means the one identified by hInterface)	Structure pointed to at offset
	MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNA L, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBAC K, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT .	
IP_OUT_FILTER_INFO_V6 0xffff0012	This is the output filter that MUST be applied to IPv6 packets sent from the RRAS server. The information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNA L, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBAC K, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT.	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 (section 2.2.1.2.7)
IP_DEMAND_DIAL_FILTER_I NFO_V6 0xffff0013	IPv6 traffic that matches this filter indicates that a site-to-site connection MUST be available and all IPv6 packets matching this filter MUST be routed into the connection. The interface MUST be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_RO UTER or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_R OUTER. The filters are overwritten.	FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6 (section 2.2.1.2.7)
IP_IFFILTER_INFO_V6 0xffff0014	The IPv6 interface filter information is overwritten. The interface MUST NOT be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNA L, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_LOOPBAC K, or ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DIALOUT .	IFFILTER_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.89)
MS_IP_BOOTP 0x0000270f	IP BOOTP interface information.	IPBOOTP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.151)
MS_IP_IGMP 0x4137000a	IGMP interface information. It can only be set once.	IGMP MIB IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.175)
MS_IP_RIP 0x00000008	IP RIP interface information.	IPRIP IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.167)
MS_IP_DHCP_ALLOCATOR 0x81372714	DHCP allocator interface information.	IP AUTO DHCP INTERFACE INFO (section 2. 2.1.2.192)
MS_IP_DNS_PROXY	DNS proxy interface	IP DNS PROXY INTERFACE INFO (section 2.

Value	Meaning and conditions (interface means the one identified by hInterface)	Structure pointed to at offset
0x81372713	information.	2.1.2.194)
MS_IP_NAT 0x81372715	IP NAT interface information.	IP NAT INTERFACE INFO (section 2.2.1.2.19 Z).
MS_IP_OSPF<292> 0x0000000d	OSPF interface information is set. This MUST end the configuration buffer by OSPF_END_PARAM_TYPE. If passed with any other structure, it will return an error.	OSPF INTERFACE PARAM (section 2.2.1.2.21 5), OSPF NBMA NEIGHBOR PARAM (section 2.2. 1.2.216)
MS_IPV6_DHCP 0x000003E7	DHCPv6 Relay interface information. It can only be set once.	DHCPV6R IF CONFIG (section 2.2.1.2.160)

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The Opnum field value for this method is 19.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If **dwTransportId** is not specified in **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any processing error that the RRAS server fails with. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol specified in [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.21 RRouterInterfaceEnum (Opnum 20)

The RRouterInterfaceEnum method <293> Retrieves the list of all the interfaces from the specified server. The *hDimServer* handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is to be executed. The caller MUST pass a pointer to a valid <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1), where

DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *pInfoStruct*.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceEnum(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in, out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in] DWORD dwPreferedMaximumLength,
  [out] LPDWORD lpdwEntriesRead,
  [out] LPDWORD lpdwTotalEntries,
  [in, out, unique] LPDWORD lpdwResumeHandle
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD be set to zero (0).

- **pInfoStruct:** This is a pointer of type DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER. **pInfoStruct.dwBufferSize**SHOULD be initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is cast to an array of MPRI INTERFACE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.82), and the array size is determined by the value to pointer IpdwEntriesRead.
- **dwPreferedMaximumLength:** This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD specify the preferred maximum length of returned data (pInfoStruct->pBuffer) in bytes. If this parameter is -1, the buffer returned is large enough to hold all available information.
- **IpdwEntriesRead:** This is a pointer to type **DWORD**. Upon successful return, this determines the total number of connections enumerated from the current resume position given by *IpdwResumeHandle*.
- **IpdwTotalEntries:** This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and receives the total number of connections that could have been enumerated from the current resume position given by *IpdwResumeHandle*.
- **IpdwResumeHandle:** This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and specifies a resume handle used to continue the enumeration. The *IpdwResumeHandle* parameter is zero on the first call and left unchanged on subsequent calls (the caller MUST pass the same returned value in the next call to this function). If the return code is ERROR_MORE_DATA (0x000000EA), another call MAY be made using this handle to retrieve more data. If the handle is NULL upon return, the enumeration is complete. This handle is invalid for other types of error returns.
- **Return Values:** A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client. This error code value can correspond to a RRAS Management Protocol-specific failure, which takes a value between 600 and 975, or any generic failure.

The return value is one of the following error codes. All other error values MUST be treated the same.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $2.1.1.1$.
0x000000EA	More information is available; the enumeration can be continued.

Return value/code	Description
ERROR_MORE_DATA	

The opnum field value for this method is 20.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server processes the request successfully, populate the interface information in pInfoStruct and fill the values for lpdwResumeHandle, lpdwEntriesRead, and lpdwTotalEntries as returned by the RRAS server. If the RRAS server has updated the resume handle and there are more entries to be enumerated, return ERROR MORE DATA. Otherwise, return ERROR SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error status provided by RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.22 RRouterInterfaceConnect (Opnum 21)

The RRouterInterfaceConnect method < 294 > establishes a connection for the specified interface hInterface if it is not already connected. The hDimServer handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is to be executed.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceConnect(
[in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
[in] DWORD hInterface,
[in] ULONG_PTR hEvent,
[in] DWORD fBlocking,
[in] DWORD dwCallersProcessId
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Since the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle is a valid interface handle.

hEvent: The calling application MUST specify NULL for this.

fBlocking: If this parameter is set to 1, the function does not return until the connection attempt has completed.

If this parameter is set to 0, the function will return immediately. A return value of PENDING (0x00000258) indicates that the connection attempt was successfully initiated.

dwCallersProcessId: This is for internal use and SHOULD be ignored by the server.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.
0x00000258 PENDING	An operation is pending.

The opnum field value for this method is 21. Whether the call returns immediately or is blocked is decided by *fBlocking* as previously described.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If RouterType is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status or PENDING status that the RRAS server returns as a part of its processing. The RRAS server MUST return PENDING if fBlocking is set to FALSE and the task of connecting the interface is not complete. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.23 RRouterInterfaceDisconnect (Opnum 22)

The RRouterInterfaceDisconnect method disconnects the specified interface, *hInterface*. The *hDimServer* handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is to be executed.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceDisconnect(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Since the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle is a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 22.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If RouterType is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status that the RRAS server returns while processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.24 RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes (Opnum 23)

The RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes method <295> updates routing information for a given transport on a specified interface on the RRAS server. If a routing protocol like RIP is running ([RFC1058]), the new routes learned are updated on the interface. This interface MUST be called only when the interface state is ROUTER_IF_STATE_CONNECTED, otherwise an error is returned.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hInterface,
  [in] DWORD dwTransportId,
  [in] ULONG PTR hEvent,
  [in] DWORD dwClientProcessId
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Since the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport for which routing information needs to be updated. This MUST be one of the following.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX <u><296></u>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4

hEvent: The calling application MUST specify NULL for this parameter.

dwClientProcessId: The current process identifier where the function is called from. If this is a nonexistent process the method will fail with an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF]. Otherwise the process specified is notified.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or in section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 23.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If **RouterType** is ROUTER TYPE LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwTransportId is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns while processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.25 RRouterInterfaceQueryUpdateResult (Opnum 24)

The RRouterInterfaceQueryUpdateResult method <297> returns the result of the last RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes (section 3.1.4.24) request of the RRAS server for a specified transport to update its routes for an interface. This method MUST be called only once after RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceQueryUpdateResult(
   [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD hInterface,
   [in] DWORD dwTransportId,
   [out] LPDWORD pUpdateResult
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This identifier can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12).

Because the RRASM server does not maintain interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport for which routing information needs to be updated. This MUST be one of the following values. Otherwise an error is returned.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX <u><298></u>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4

pUpdateResult: A pointer to a **DWORD** variable. This variable receives the result of the last call to RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes; see the return values of RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes.

Return Values: A-32 bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 24.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If dwTransportId is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server processes the request successfully, update the pUdateResult with the
 information provided by RRAS server and return ERROR_SUCCESS. Otherwise return the error
 status that the RRAS server returns.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.26 RRouterInterfaceUpdatePhonebookInfo (Opnum 25)

The RRouterInterfaceUpdatePhonebookInfo method <299> forces the router to pick up changes made on a specified demand-dial interface, hInterface. The hDimServer handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is to be executed. Call this method after changes are made to a phone-book entry for a demand-dial interface, such as ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER or ROUTER IF TYPE FULL ROUTER.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceUpdatePhonebookInfo(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle is a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A-32 bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 25.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error result the RRAS server might return while processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.27 RMIBEntryCreate (Opnum 26)

The RMIBEntryCreate method $\leq 300 \geq$ creates an MIB entry that is used by the RRAS to create a route entry in the IPv4 routing table.

```
DWORD RMIBEntryCreate(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwPid,
  [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
  [in] PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER pInfoStuct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: Specifies the transport protocol.

dwRoutingPid: Specifies the routing protocol. The value of this parameter MUST be set to IPRTRMGR_PID (0x2710.) The method MUST return an error other than those specified in the return value table for any other value.

pInfoStuct: This is a pointer to a <u>DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.19)</u> structure with valid **dwMibInEntrySize** and **pMibInEntry** fields. The **dwMibOutEntrySize** and **pMibOutEntry** of the structure are ignored by the server for this method. **dwMibInEntrySize** MUST be set to the size of data being passed in **pMibInEntry**. If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, an error other than those specified in the return value table is returned. Otherwise, the pointer is treated as a pointer to the DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER structure.

Because the *dwRoutingPid* parameter of this method MUST take the value IPRTRMGR_PID, the **pMibInEntry** field of **pInfoStruct** MUST be a pointer to <u>MIB_OPAQUE_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.53). The **dwId** and **rgbyData** fields of MIB_OPAQUE_INFO MUST be set to one of the values in the following table.

dwId Value	Structure that MUST be pointed to by rgbyData	Remarks
ROUTE_MATCHING 0x0000001f	MIB IPDESTROW (section 2.2.1.2.20)	A route corresponding to data in rgbyData is added in the IPv4 route table. The route is created with the following fields specified in MIB_IPDESTROW and the ForwardRow member of MIB_IPDESTROW: dwForwardDest dwForwardMask dwForwardPolicy dwForwardNextHop ForwardType ForwardProto dwForwardNextHopAS dwForwardIfIndex dwForwardMetric1 dwForwardMetric2 dwForwardMetric3
		dwForwardMetric4
		dwForwardMetric5
		 dwForwardPreference
		And the dwForwardViewSet field of MIB_IPDESTROW:
		 dwRtInfoDest

dwId Value	Structure that MUST be pointed to by rgbyData	Remarks
		 dwRtInfoMask
		 dwRtInfoNextHop
		 dwRtInfoIfIndex
		 dwRtInfoProto
		 dwRtInfoMetric1
		dwRtInfoMetric2
		 dwRtInfoMetric3
		The following fields are set to these values irrespective of the values specified in the pMibInEntry:
		 dwForwardPolicy is set to 0.
		 dwForwardMetric4 and dwForwardMetric5 are set to MIB_IPROUTE_METRIC_UNUSED (-1).
		dwForwardPreference is set to IP_PRIORITY_DEFAULT_METRIC (0x0000007f).

If **pMibInEntry** is NULL, an error other than those specified in the return values table is returned. Otherwise the pointer to **pMibInEntry** is cast to a pointer to MIB_OPAQUE_INFO.

If **dwMibInEntrySize** does not match the size of MIB_IPDESTROW an error other than those specified in the return values table is returned.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 26.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.

- If *dwPid* is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error that the RRAS server returns while processing this request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.28 RMIBEntryDelete (Opnum 27)

The RMIBEntryDelete method<301> deletes a MIB entry in an IPv4 forwarding table. This causes the IPv4 routing table entry to be deleted.

```
DWORD RMIBEntryDelete(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwPid,
  [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
  [in] PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER pInfoStuct
):
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: Specifies the transport. The value of this field MUST be as follows.

Value	Meaning
PID_IP	An IPv4 MIB entry is to be deleted.
0x00000021	

dwRoutingPid: Specifies the routing protocol. This MUST be 0x2710 (10000) and indicates that *pInfoStruct* MUST point to <u>MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54)</u>. Otherwise an error other than those specified in the return values table is returned.

pInfoStuct: This parameter MUST be a pointer to the structure

<u>DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.19)</u> with valid **dwMibInEntrySize** and **pMibInEntry** fields. The parameters *dwMibOutEntrySize* and *pMibOutEntry* are ignored by the server. **dwMibInEntrySize** MUST be set to the size of data being passed in **pMibInEntry**.

pMibInEntry MUST be a pointer to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY. **dwVarId** and **rgdwVarIndex** of MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY MUST be set to one of the following values that need to be deleted.

dwVarId Value	Structure that MUST to be pointed by rgdwVarIndex	Remarks
ROUTE_MATCHING 0x0000001f	 MIB IPDESTROW (section 2.2.1.2.20) rgdwVarIndex[0] MUST be dwForwardDest rgdwVarIndex[1] MUST be dwForwardMask rgdwVarIndex[2] MUST be dwForwardIfIndex rgdwVarIndex[3] MUST be 	A route with the following matching fields specified in ForwardRow and MIB_IPDESTROW is deleted from the IPv4 route table: dwForwardDest dwForwardMask dwForwardIfIndex

dwVarId Value	Structure that MUST to be pointed by rgdwVarIndex	Remarks
	dwForwardNextHoprgdwVarIndex[4] MUST be dwForwardProto	dwForwardNextHopdwForwardProto
IP_NETTABLE 0x00000009	MIB IPNETTABLE (section 2.2.1.2.48) rgdwVarIndex[0] MUST be dwIfIndex rgdwVarIndex[1] MUST be dwAddr	An entry is deleted <302> whose interface index matches the dwIfIndex and whose IPv4 address matches the specified dwAddr .

If **pMibInEntry** is NULL, an error other than those specified in the return value table is returned. Otherwise, the pointer to **pMibInEntry** is cast to a pointer to a MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY.

If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, an error other than those specified in the following return value table is returned.

If **dwMibInEntrySize** does not match the size of MIB_IPDESTROW (section 2.2.1.2.20) an error other than those specified in the return value table is returned.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the following table MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 27.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Validate that the *dwPid* is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status returned by the RRAS server while processing the request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.29 RMIBEntrySet (Opnum 28)

The RMIBEntrySet method<303> modifies an MIB entry in the IPv4 forwarding table.

```
DWORD RMIBEntrySet(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD dwPid,
   [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
   [in] PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: Specifies the transport protocol. The value of this parameter MUST be PID_IP. The method MUST return an error other than those specified in the return value table for any other value.

Value	Meaning
PID_IP	An IPv4 MIB entry is to be deleted.
0x00000021	

dwRoutingPid: Specifies the routing protocol. This MUST be 0x2710 (10000) and indicate that *pInfoStruct* MUST point to <u>MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54)</u>. Otherwise, an error other than those specified in the return table value is returned.

pInfoStruct: This MUST be a pointer to the structure

<u>DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.19)</u> with valid **dwMibInEntrySize** and **pMibInEntry** fields. The **dwMibOutEntrySize** and **pMibOutEntry** of the structure are ignored by the server for this method. **dwMibInEntrySize** MUST be set to the size of data being passed in **pMibInEntry**. If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, an error other than those specified in the return value table is returned. Otherwise, the pointer is treated as a pointer to the structure DIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER.

Since the *dwRoutingPid* parameter of this method MUST take a value IPRTRMGR_PID, the **pMibInEntry** field of *pInfoStruct* MUST be a pointer to <u>MIB_OPAQUE_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.53). The **dwId** and **rgbyData** fields of MIB_OPAQUE_INFO MUST be set to one of the values in the following table.

dwId Value	Structure that MUST be pointed to by rgbyData	Remarks
ROUTE_MATCHIN G 0x0000001f	MIB IPDESTROW (section 2.2.1.2.20)	A route corresponding to data in rgbyData is added in the IPv4 route table. The route is created with the following fields specified in MIB_IPDESTROW and the ForwardRow member of MIB_IPDESTROW: dwForwardDest dwForwardMask dwForwardPolicy dwForwardNextHop ForwardType ForwardProto

dwId Value	Structure that MUST be pointed to by rgbyData	Remarks
		 dwForwardAge
		 dwForwardNextHopAS
		 dwForwardMetric1
		■ dwForwardMetric2
		■ dwForwardMetric3
		 dwForwardMetric4
		 dwForwardMetric5
		 dwForwardPreference
		 dwForwardViewSet
		 dwRtInfoDest
		 dwRtInfoMask
		 dwRtInfoNextHop
		 dwRtInfoIfIndex
		 dwRtInfoProto
		 dwRtInfoMetric1
		 dwRtInfoMetric2
		dwRtInfoMetric3
		The following fields are set to these values irrespective of the values specified: • dwForwardPolicy is set to 0.
		dwForwardMetric4 and dwForwardMetric5 are set to MIB_IPROUTE_METRIC_UNUSED (-1).
		 dwForwardPreference is set to IP_PRIORITY_DEFAULT_METRIC (0x0000007f).
IF_ROW 0x00000002	MIB IFROW (section 2.2.1.2.29)	Only dwAdminStatus can be set to IF_ADMIN_STATUS_DOWN or IF_ADMIN_STATUS_UP (see dwAdminStatus of INTERFACE STATUS INFO (section 2.2.1.2 .18).
MCAST_IF_ENTR Y	MIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2. 40)	dwTtl MUST be set to less than or equal to 255.
0x00000017		dwRateLimit MUST NOT be set to 0.
		dwIfIndex MUST be set to the index of the interface for which the entries are

dwId Value	Structure that MUST be pointed to by rgbyData	Remarks
		being updated. The following entries can be set only if the operational status of the interface is IF_OPER_STATUS_OPERATIONAL (see dwOperStatus of MIB_IFROW: ulInMcastOctets ulOutMcastOctets
MCAST_BOUNDA RY 0x0000001a	MIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY (section 2.2.1. 2.37)	If dwStatus is set to ROWSTATUS_CREATEANDGO, the boundary information specified in MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY is created. If dwStatusfield is set to ROWSTATUS_DESTROY, the boundary information specified in

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

All error values MUST be treated the same and as long as ERROR_SUCCESS is not returned, the call is deemed failed.

The opnum field value for this method is 28.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than specified those in the preceding table.
- If *dwPid* is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status that the RRAS server might return while processing the request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.30 RMIBEntryGet (Opnum 29)

The RMIBEntryGet method $\leq 304 \geq$ retrieves the value of a RRAS MIB entry that corresponds to the transport and that matches the information specified in *pInfoStruct*.

```
DWORD RMIBEntryGet(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD dwPid,
   [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
   [in, out] PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: Specifies the transport protocol. The value of this parameter MUST be one from the following table. The method MUST return an error for any other values.

Value	Meaning
PID_IP 0x00000021	An IPv4 MIB entry is to be retrieved.
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	An IPX<305> MIB entry is to be retrieved.
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6. <a>306>

dwRoutingPid: If dwPid is PID_IP and if dwRoutingPid is 10000, then pMibInEntry MUST point to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54). The dwVarId field of MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY MUST be one of the following values. pMibOutEntry MUST be interpreted as a pointer to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY.

See section 2.2.1.2.54 for details on the structure retrieved by the **rgdwVarIndex** field of MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY for different **dwVarId** values.

dwVarId Value	Meaning		
IF_NUMBER 0x0000000	Number of interfaces on the machine.		
IF_TABLE 0x00000001	Information about interface table.		
IF_ROW 0x00000002	Information about a particular interface.		
IP_STATS 0x00000003	Information about the IP protocol.		
IP_ADDRTABLE 0x00000004	Table of IPv4 address entries.		
IP_ADDRROW 0x00000005	Information for a particular IPv4 address.		
IP_FORWARDNUMBER 0x00000006	Information about number of routes in a particular IP routing table.		

dwVarId Value	Meaning	
IP_FORWARDTABLE 0x00000007	Table of IPv4 route entries.	
IP_NETTABLE 0x00000009	Table of ARP entries for IPv4 addresses.	
IP_NETROW 0x0000000a	Information about an ARP table entry for an IPv4 address.	
ICMP_STATS 0x0000000b	Statistics for ICMP messages on a particular computer.	
TCP_STATS 0x0000000c	Statistics for the TCP protocol running on the local computer.	
UDP_STATS 0x0000000f	Statistics for the UDP running on the local computer.	
MCAST_MFE 0x00000012	Information for an IP multicast forwarding entry.	
MCAST_MFE_STATS 0x00000013	Statistics associated with an MFE.	
MCAST_IF_ENTRY 0x00000017	Information about an IP multicast interface.	
ROUTE_MATCHING 0x0000001f	Information about a matching IP route.	
BEST_IF 0x00000014	Index of the interface that has the best route to a particular destination IPv4 address.	
MCAST_GLOBAL 0x00000018	Global information for IP multicast on a particular computer.	
IF_STATUS 0x00000019	Status information for a particular interface.	
MCAST_BOUNDARY 0x0000001a	Information about a router's scoped IPv4 multicast address boundaries.	
MCAST_SCOPE 0x0000001b	Information about a multicast scope.	

If dwPid is PID_IPv6 and dwRoutingPid is 10000, then pMibInEntry MUST point to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54). The dwVarId field of pMibInEntry MUST be one of the following values. pMibOutEntry MUST be interpreted as a pointer to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY.

See section 2.2.1.2.54 for details on the structure retrieved by the **rgdwVarIndex** field of MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY for different **dwVarId** values.

dwVarId Value	Meaning	
0x00000001 IF_TABLE	Information about interface table.	

dwVarId Value	Meaning	
0x00000008 IP_FORWARDROW	Information about an IPv6 network route.	

If dwPid is PID_IP and if dwRoutingPid is not IPRTRMGR_PID (0x00002710), then dwRoutingPid MUST be one of the entries in the **Value** column and pMibInEntry MUST be the corresponding entry in the **Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry** in the following table. The routing protocols specified in the following table are valid only if the protocol is already initialized by RRAS for IPv4. RRAS initializes a protocol when a RTR_TOC_ENTRY with the **InfoType** corresponding to the protocol is present in the global configuration. The <u>RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo</u> method enables specifying the global configuration through the **pGlobalInfo** member of **pInfoStruct**.

Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry.	Remarks
MS_IP_BOOTP 0x0000270f	An entry in IBOOTPMI B needs to be retrieved.	IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_D ATA	See section 2.2.1.2.153 for details on how to populate IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA to retrieve different types of MIB entries. When this method returns pMibOutEntry , pInfoStruct MUST be cast to IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA. See section 2.2.1.2.158 on how to interpret the data returned.
MS_IP_NAT 0x81372715	An entry in the NAT MIB needs to be retrieved.	IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY	See IP NAT MIB QUERY (section 2.2.1.2. 182) for details on how to populate this structure to retrieve the entries required. The values are returned in IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY.
MS_IP_DNS_PROXY 0x81372713	An entry in DNS Proxy MIB needs to be retrieved.	IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY	See section 2.2.1.2.186 for details on how to populate IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY. The values are returned in IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY.
MS_IP_DHCP_ALLOCAT OR 0x81372714	An entry in auto DHCP MIB is retrieved.	IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY	See section 2.2.1.2.188 for details on how to populate IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY. The values are returned in the same structure.
MS_IP_OSPF<307> 0x0000000d	An entry in OSPF MIB needs to be retrieved.	MIB_DA_MSG MIB_DA_MSG OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_INFO OSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO OSPF_AREA_PARAM OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM OSPF_VIRT_INTERFACE_PAR AM	

Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry.	Remarks
		OSPF_NBMA_NEIGHBOR_PAR AM	

If dwPid is PID_IPV6 and if dwRoutingPid is not IPRTRMGR_PID (0x00002710), then dwRoutingPid MUST be one of the entries in the **Value** column and **pMibInEntry** MUST be the corresponding entry in the **Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry** in the following table. The routing protocols specified in the following table are valid only if the protocol is already initialized by RRAS for IPv6. RRAS initializes a protocol when a RTR_TOC_ENTRY with the **InfoType** corresponding to the protocol is present in the global configuration. The RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo method enables specifying the global configuration through the **pGlobalInfo** member of **pInfoStruct**.

Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry	Remarks
MS_IPV6_DHCP 0x000003E7	An entry in DHCPv6 Relay agent MIB needs to be retrieved.	DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA	See section 2.2.1.2.161 on how to populate DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA. The values are retuned in DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA.

pInfoStruct: This MUST be a pointer to the structure

<u>DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.19)</u> with valid **dwMibInEntrySize** and **pMibInEntry** fields. **dwMibInEntrySize** MUST be set to the size of data being passed in **pMibInEntry**. **dwMibOutEntrySize** and **pMibOutEntry** are populated by the server. The caller frees the memory pointed to by *pInfoStruct*.

If dwPid is PID_IPX, dwRoutingPid MUST be one of the entries in the Value column and pMibInEntry MUST be the corresponding entry in the Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry in the return values table.

Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry.	Remarks
IPX_PROTOCOL_BASE 0x00000000	IPX related information. The call was successful.	IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA	See section 2.2.1.2.106 for details on how to populate IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA to retrieve different types of MIB entries and how to interpret the data returned.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $2.1.1.1$.

The opnum field value for this method is 29.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwPid is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status returned by the RRAS server while processing the request. Otherwise, fill
 the MIB information returned by the RRAS server in the pInfoStruct and return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.31 RMIBEntryGetFirst (Opnum 30)

The RMIBEntryGetFirst method<308> retrieves the first value of an entry corresponding to the transport, protocol, and the MIB entry specified in *pInfoStruct*.

```
DWORD RMIBEntryGetFirst(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwPid,
  [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
  [in, out] PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: Specifies the transport protocol. The value of this parameter MUST be one from the following table.

Value	Meaning
PID_IP 0x00000021	An IPv4 MIB entry is to be retrieved.
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	An IPX MIB entry is to be retrieved. <a><309>
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	An IPv6 entry is to be retrieved. <a><310>

dwRoutingPid: If dwPid is PID_IP and if dwRoutingPid is 10000, then pMibInEntry MUST point to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54). The dwVarId field of MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY MUST be one of the following values. pMibOutEntry MUST be interpreted as a pointer to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY.

See section 2.2.1.2.54 for details on the structure retrieved by the **rgdwVarIndex** field of MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY for different **dwVarId** values.

dwVarId Value	Meaning

dwVarId Value	Meaning
IF_ROW 0x00000002	Information about a particular interface.
IP_ADDRROW 0x00000005	Information for a particular IPv4 address.
IP_NETROW 0x00000000a	Information about an ARP table entry for an IPv4 address.
MCAST_MFE	Information for an IP multicast forwarding entry.
0x00000012	
MCAST_MFE_STATS 0x00000013	Statistics associated with an MFE.
MCAST_IF_ENTRY 0x00000017	Information about an IP multicast interface.
IF_STATUS 0x00000019	Status information for a particular interface.
MCAST_BOUNDARY 0x0000001a	Information about a router's scoped IPv4 multicast address boundaries.
MCAST_SCOPE 0x0000001b	Information about a multicast scope.

If dwPid is PID_IPv6 and dwRoutingPid is 10000, then **pMibInEntry** MUST point to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY (section 2.2.1.2.54). The **dwVarId** field of **pMibInEntry** MUST be one of the following values. **pMibOutEntry** MUST be interpreted as a pointer to MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY.

See section 2.2.1.2.54 for details on the structure retrieved by the **rgdwVarIndex** field of MIB_OPAQUE_QUERY for different **dwVarId** values.

dwVarId Value	Meaning
0x00000008 IP_FORWARDROW	Information about an IPv6 network route.

If dwPid is PID_IP and if dwRoutingPid is not IPRTRMGR_PID (0x00002710), then dwRoutingPid MUST be one of the entries in the **Value** column and pMibInEntry MUST be the corresponding entry in the **Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry** in the following table. The following specified routing protocols are valid only if the protocol is already initialized by RRAS for IPv4. RRAS initializes a protocol when an RTR_TOC_ENTRY with the **InfoType** corresponding to the protocol is present in the global configuration. The <u>RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo</u> method enables specifying the global configuration through the **pGlobalInfo** member of **pInfoStruct**.

Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry.	Remarks
MS_IP_BOOTP 0x0000270f	An entry in IBOOTPMI B needs to be retrieved.	IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_D ATA	See section 2.2.1.2.153 for details on how to populate IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA to retrieve different types of MIB entries. When this method returns pMibOutEntry , pInfoStruct MUST be cast to IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA. See section 2.2.1.2.158 on how to interpret the data returned.
MS_IP_NAT 0x81372715	An entry in the NAT MIB needs to be retrieved.	IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY	See IP NAT MIB QUERY (section 2.2.1.2. 182) for details on how to populate this structure to retrieve the entries required. The values are returned in IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY.
MS_IP_DNS_PROXY 0x81372713	An entry in DNS Proxy MIB needs to be retrieved.	IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY	See section 2.2.1.2.186 for details on how to populate IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY. The values are returned in IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY.
MS_IP_DHCP_ALLOCAT OR 0x81372714	An entry in auto DHCP MIB is retrieved.	IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY	See section 2.2.1.2.188 for details on how to populate IP_AUTO_DHCP_MIB_QUERY. The values are returned in the same structure.
MS_IP_OSPF<311> 0x0000000d	An entry in OSPF MIB needs to be retrieved.	MIB_DA_MSG MIB_DA_MSG OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER_INFO OSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO OSPF_AREA_PARAM OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM	

Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry.	Remarks
		OSPF_VIRT_INTERFACE_PAR AM OSPF_NBMA_NEIGHBOR_PAR AM	

If dwPid is PID_IPV6 and if dwRoutingPid is not IPRTRMGR_PID (0x00002710), then dwRoutingPid MUST be one of the entries in the **Value** column and **pMibInEntry** MUST be the corresponding entry in the **Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry** in the following table. The following specified routing protocols are valid only if the protocol is already initialized by RRAS for IPv6. RRAS initializes a protocol when an RTR_TOC_ENTRY with the **InfoType** corresponding to the protocol is present in the global configuration. The RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo method enables specifying the global configuration through the **pGlobalInfo** member of **pInfoStruct**.

Value	Meaning	Structure to be pointed to by pMibInEntry	Remarks
MS_IPV6_DHCP 0x000003E7	An entry in DHCPv6 Relay agent MIB needs to be retrieved.	DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA	See section 2.2.1.2.161 on how to populate DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA. The values are retuned in DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA.

pInfoStruct: The same as in <u>RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30)</u>.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 30.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwPid is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.

• Return any error status returned by the RRAS server while processing the request. Otherwise fill the MIB information returned by the RRAS server in the pInfoStruct and return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.32 RMIBEntryGetNext (Opnum 31)

The RMIBEntryGetNext method $\leq 312 \geq$ retrieves the next (to the previous call) entry corresponding to the transport, protocol, and the MIB entry specified in *pInfoStruct*.

```
DWORD RMIBEntryGetNext(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwPid,
  [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
  [in, out] PDIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: The same as in RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30).

dwRoutingPid: The same as in <u>RMIBEntryGetFirst (section 3.1.4.31)</u>.

pInfoStruct: The same as in RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30).

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $2.1.1.1$.
0x00000103 ERROR_NO_MORE_ITEMS	No more data available.

The opnum field value for this method is 31.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If *dwPid* is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status returned by the RRAS server while processing the request. Otherwise fill the MIB information returned by the RRAS server in the pInfoStruct. If there are no more MIB

entries to be returned, the RRAS server MUST return ERROR_NO_MORE_ITEMS<a13> therwise, return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.33 RMIBGetTrapInfo (Opnum 32)

The RMIBGetTrapIn method <314> queries the module that set a trap event for more information about the trap. This method cannot be called remotely.

```
DWORD RMIBGetTrapInfo(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwPid,
  [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
  [in, out] PDIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: Specifies the transport protocol. The value of this parameter MUST be one from the following table.

Value	Meaning
PID_IP 0x00000021	An IPv4 MIB entry is to be retrieved.
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	An IPX MIB entry is to be retrieved. <315>
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	An IPv6 entry is to be retrieved. <a><316>

dwRoutingPid: Specifies the routing protocol that exported the variable.

pInfoStruct: Pointer to an opaque data structure <u>DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.19). The data structure's format is determined by the router manager or router manager client that is servicing the call. The data structure MUST contain information that specifies the variable being created and the value to assign to the variable.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 32.

- Validate, as specified in section <u>2.1.1.1</u>, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If not, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED.
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- If dwPid is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, return the information in pInfoStruct and with the information provided by the RRAS server and return ERROR_SUCCESS. Otherwise return the error result provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.34 RMIBSetTrapInfo (Opnum 33)

The RMIBGetTrapInfo method $\leq 317 \geq$ specifies a handle to an event that is signaled whenever a TRAP needs to be issued. $\leq 318 >$

```
DWORD RMIBSetTrapInfo(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwPid,
  [in] DWORD dwRoutingPid,
  [in] ULONG_PTR hEvent,
  [in] DWORD dwClientProcessId,
  [in, out] PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwPid: Specifies the protocol ID that exported the variable.

dwRoutingPid: Specifies the routing protocol that exported the variable.

hEvent: A handle to an event that is signaled when a trap needs to be issued. This MUST be a handle to an event on the RRAS server which is created within the process specified by **dwClientProcessId** which can be signaled whenever a TRAP needs to be issued. Otherwise the method SHOULD fail with an appropriate error code as specified in [MS-ERREF].

dwClientProcessId: The current process identifier.

pInfoStruct: Pointer to an opaque data structure <u>DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.19)</u>. The data structure's format is determined by the router manager or router manager client that is servicing the call. The data structure MUST contain information that specifies the variable being created and the value to assign to the variable.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0×00000000	The call was successful.
ERROR_SUCCESS	

Return value/code	Description
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.
0x0000007A ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_BUFFER	

The opnum field value for this method is 33.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If not, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- If *dwPid* is not specified in the **SupportedTransportsList**, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, return ERROR_SUCCESS. Otherwise return the error result provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.35 RRasAdminConnectionNotification (Opnum 34)

The RRasAdminConnectionNotification method \leq 19> registers an event object with the RRAS server so that, if an interface connects or disconnects, the event is signaled. The *hDimServer* handle specifies on which RRAS server the call is to be executed. \leq 20>

```
DWORD RRasAdminConnectionNotification(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD fRegister,
  [in] DWORD dwClientProcessId,
  [in] ULONG PTR hEventNotification
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

fRegister: This is of type **DWORD** and SHOULD be set to 1, if notifications are required when an interface is connected or disconnected. Set to 0 to unregister notifications.

dwClientProcessId: The current process identifier that determines where the function is called from.

hEventNotification: A handle to an event that is signaled after the connection is connected or disconnected. This MUST be a handle to an event on the RRASM server which is created within the process specified by **dwClientProcessId** which can be signaled on interface connect and disconnect events. Otherwise the method SHOULD fail with an appropriate error code as specified in [MS-ERREF].

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully;

otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 34.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section <u>2.1.1.1</u>, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If not, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED.
- If hEventNotification is NULL, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- If RouterType is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server might return while processing the request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.36 RRasAdminSendUserMessage (Opnum 35)

The RRasAdminSendUserMessage method<321> sends a message to the user connected on the connection specified by hDimServer.<322>

```
DWORD RRasAdminSendUserMessage(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hDimConnection,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwszMessage
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hDimConnection: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to a particular connection identifier for which the connection information is required. Obtain this handle by calling RRASAdminConnectionEnum (section 3.1.4.2). Since RRASM server does not maintain the connection handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

IpwszMessage: A pointer to a Unicode string that specifies the message to the user. It MUST NOT be NULL.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 35.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If RouterType is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those specified in the preceding table.
- If IpwszMessage is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server might return while processing the request. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.37 RRouterDeviceEnum (Opnum 36)

The RRouterDeviceEnum method <323> retrieves the list of all the devices from the specified server. The *hDimServer* handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is executed. The caller MUST pass a pointer to a valid <u>DIM INFORMATION CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1), where DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer.

```
DWORD RRouterDeviceEnum(
   [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] DWORD dwLevel,
   [in, out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
   [in, out] LPDWORD lpdwTotalEntries
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to the following value.

Value	Meaning
0	After the function returns the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer it is interpreted as array of MPR DEVICE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.86). The size of the array is determined by IpdwEntriesRead.

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1), and pInfoStruct.dwBufferSize is initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is

a typecast array of MPR_DEVICE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.86) and the array size is determined by the value to pointer *lpdwTotalEntries*.

IpdwTotalEntries: This is a pointer to type **DWORD** and receives the total number of devices that have been enumerated.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 36.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server completes the request successfully, place the returned information in **pInfoStruct** and set *lpdwTotalEntries* to the number of entries returned by RRAS server and return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- Otherwise return the error status provided by RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.38 RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate (Opnum 37)

The RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate method $\leq 324 \geq$ is used to create a new transport on the RRAS server.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwTransportId,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsTransportName,
  [in] PDIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsDLLPath
):
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwTransportId: Specifies the transport for which the information is set (IPv4, IPv6, or IPX).

It MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value	Meaning
PID_IPX 0x0000002B	IPX protocol<325>
PID_IP 0x00000021	IPv4 protocol
PID_IPV6 0x00000057	IPv6 protocol<326>

IpwsTransportName: Pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies the name of the transport being added. If this parameter is not specified, the *dwTransportId* parameter is converted into a string and used as the transport name.

pInfoStruct: Pointer to a <u>DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.2)</u>. This MUST NOT be NULL. The **pGlobalInfo** member of the DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER MUST NOT be NULL and MUST point to a valid <u>RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3)</u> and <u>RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4)</u>.

If *dwTransportId* is PID_IP or PID_IPV6, one or more of the following entries MUST be set in the **InfoType** field in the RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) structure while passing to the method.

Value	Meaning and conditions	Structure pointed to at offset
IP_PROT_PRIORITY_INFO 0xffff0006	IPv4 and IPv6 route priority information is specified.	PRIORITY INFO (section 2.2.1.2.12)
IP_PROT_PRIORITY_INFO_EX 0xffff0017	IPv4 and IPv6 route priority information is specified.	PRIORITY INFO EX (section 2.2.1.2.266)
IPV6_GLOBAL_INFO 0xffff000f	Global IPv6 logging and filtering information.	GLOBAL INFO (section 2.2.1.2.9)
IP_GLOBAL_INFO 0xffff0003	Global IPv4 logging and filtering information.	GLOBAL_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.9)

IpwsDLLPath: Pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that specifies the name of the router manager DLL for the specified transport. If this name is specified, the function sets the DLL path for this transport to this name. <327>

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 37.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If *pInfoStruct* is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- If dwTransportId is not specified in the SupportedTransportsList, return an error other than one
 of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status returned by the RRAS server. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.39 RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo (Opnum 38)

The RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo method <328> retrieves information for a specified device, dwIndex, for a specified interface hInterface, on a specified server, hDimServer.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in, out] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in] DWORD dwIndex,
  [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to any of the following values.

Val	ue	Meaning
0		After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPR DEVICE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.86).
1		After the function returns, the memory pointed to by pInfoStruct->pBuffer is interpreted as MPR DEVICE 1 (section 2.2.1.2.87).

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type <u>DIM INFORMATION CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1)</u> and pInfoStruct.dwBufferSize SHOULD be initialized to zero. Upon successful return, the pInfoStruct->pBuffer is a typecast array of MPR_DEVICE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.86) or MPR_DEVICE_1 (section 2.2.1.2.87), based on the *dwLevel* value.

dwIndex: Specifies the one-based index of the device. A multilinked demand-dial interface uses multiple devices.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Since the RRASM server does not maintain interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully;

otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values not in the following table MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 38.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has
 access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error
 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, fill the returned information in *pInfoStruct* and return ERROR_SUCCESS. Otherwise return the ERROR_STATUS returned by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.40 RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo (Opnum 39)

The RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo method $\leq 329 \geq$ sets the information for a specified device, dwIndex, for a specified interface, hInterface, on a specified server, hDimServer.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in] DWORD dwIndex,
  [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value	Meaning	
0	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to MPR DEVICE 0 (section 2.2.1.2.86).	
1	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be set to point to MPR DEVICE 1 (section 2.2.1.2.87).	

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1) and MUST be set to the following, based on *dwLevel*. The *szDeviceName* MUST be one of the devices as specified by <u>RRouterDeviceEnum</u>. The **szDeviceType** specified in the structure SHOULD be

validated against the actual type of the device specified by *szDeviceName*. If the **szDeviceType** is incorrect, the actual device type SHOULD be used by the server instead.

dwLevel	pInfoStruct->size	pInfoStruct->pBuffer
0	Should be set to the size of MPR_DEVICE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.86).	This MUST be set to point to MPR_DEVICE_0.
1	Should be set to the size of MPR_DEVICE_1 (section 2.2.1.2.87).	This MUST be set to a point to MPR_DEVICE_1.

dwIndex: Specifies the 1-based index of the device. A multilinked demand-dial interface uses multiple devices. If the device information specified for dwIndex 1 is either a PPPoE interface or a VPN interface, any other device information, specified (with dwIndex > 1), SHOULD be ignored. If the device information specified for dwIndex 1 is a serial or ISDN device, the connection SHOULD be treated as a multilink-capable connection. Any other device information, specified (with dwIndex > 1), SHOULD be treated as device information for the individual links. Device information with type szDeviceType, which is neither modem nor ISDN, SHOULD<330> be ignored.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Since the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server implementation SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 39.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section <u>2.1.1.1</u>, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return the error status that is returned by the RRAS server while processing the request.
 Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.41 RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx (Opnum 40)

The RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx method<a331> is used to set extended **credentials** (other than username and password) information for an interface. This function is used to set credentials information used for the EAP methods or used as a key that is shared between two routers (a preshared key).

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in] PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in] DWORD hInterface
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: Specifies the format of the credentials information. This parameter MUST be one of the following values: 0x00000000, 0x0000001, 0x00000002, or 0x00000003. A value of zero indicates that this is EAP information, and the MPR CREDENTIALSEX 1 structure MUST contain EAPTLS USER PROPERTIES (section 2.2.1.2.129). A value of one, two, or three (these can be used interchangeably) indicate that the credentials information is a preshared key and is formatted as an MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1 structure. The preshared key specifies the preshared key to be used with IPsec for L2TP over IPsec connections.

pInfoStruct: Pointer to the <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1), the **pBuffer** pointer of which points to the MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1 structure that contains the credential information to be set for the interface.

hInterface: Handle to the interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). If dwLevel is 0x0000002 and hInterface is NULL, the preshared key is used for L2TP. Since the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle is a valid interface handle.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 40.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has
 access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error
 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than those in the preceding table.

- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error the RRAS server returns while processing the request. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.42 RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx (Opnum 41)

Use the RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx method<a>332> to retrieve extended (other than the user name or password) credentials information for the specified interface.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in, out] PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
  [in] DWORD hInterface
):
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: Specifies the format of the credentials information. This parameter takes values 0x00000000, 0x00000001, 0x00000002, or 0x00000003. An error other than one of the errors in the return values table is returned for other values. A value of 0x00000000 indicates that the credentials information is about the EAP configuration. If the interface does not have EAP information, the dwSize field of the MPR CREDENTIALSEX 1 structure MUST be set to zero. Otherwise, the MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1 structure MUST contain EAPTLS USER PROPERTIES (section 2.2.1.2.129). A value of 0x00000001, 0x00000002, or 0x00000003 indicates that the credentials information is a preshared key. If the interface does not have a preshared key configured, an error other than one of the errors in the return values table is returned. Otherwise, the preshared key is formatted as an MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1 structure.

pInfoStruct: Pointer to a MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1 structure that contains the preshared key or EAP information for the interface. When the method completes successfully, the client SHOULD free this memory.

hInterface: A handle to the interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). The interface MUST be of type ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER if dwLevel is 0x00000000.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 41.

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error the RRAS server returns while processing the request. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.43 RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine (Opnum 42)

The RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine method <333> removes quarantine filters on a dialed-in RRAS client if the filters were applied as a result of Internet Authentication Service (IAS) policies. This function does not remove the IPv6 quarantine filters. The *hDimServer* handle specifies the RRASM server on which the call is to be executed. <334>

```
DWORD RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hRasConnection,
  [in] BOOL fIsIpAddress
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRAS server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hRasConnection: This is of type DWORD and SHOULD be set to a particular connection identifier for which the connection information is required. Obtain this handle by calling RRasAdminConnectionEnum (section 3.1.4.2). Since the RRASM server does not maintain the connection handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle is a valid connection handle.

Alternatively, this parameter specifies the IP address of the RRAS client for which to remove the quarantine filter. The IP address MUST be specified as a **DWORD** in network byte order. Obtain the IP address by calling RRasAdminConnectionEnum. If this parameter specifies an IP address, the *fIsIpAddress* parameter MUST specify a TRUE value.

fIsIpAddress: Specifies a Boolean value that indicates whether the *hRasConnection* parameter specifies the IP address of the client for which to remove the quarantine filters. If this parameter is a TRUE value, *hRasConnection* specifies an IP address. Otherwise, *hRasConnection* specifies a handle to a connection.

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 42.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that is a member of the "Administrator Group". If not, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error the RRAS server returns while processing the request. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.44 RMprAdminServerSetInfo (Opnum 43)

The RMprAdminServerSetInfo method <335> sets ports information on a specified server hDimServer.

```
DWORD RMprAdminServerSetInfo(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD dwLevel,
  [in] PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

dwLevel: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to any of the following values.

Value	Meaning	
1	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be a pointer to a MPR SERVER 1 (section 2.2.1.2.63).	
2	pInfoStruct->pBuffer MUST be a pointer to a MPR SERVER 2 (section 2.2.1.2.64).	

pInfoStruct: This is a pointer of type <u>PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1)</u> and MUST be set to the following, based on *dwLevel*.

dwLevel	pInfoStruct->size	pInfoStruct->pBuffer
1	This MUST be set to the size of MPR_SERVER_1 (section 2.2.1.2.63).	This MUST be set to a pointer to a MPR_SERVER_1 (section 2.2.1.2.63).
2	This MUST be set to the size of MPR_SERVER_2 (section 2.2.1.2.64).	This MUST be set to a pointer to a MPR_SERVER_2 (section 2.2.1.2.64).

Return Values: A 32-bit, unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not listed in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

Return value/code	Description
ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	
0x00000BC2 ERROR_SUCCESS_REBOOT_REQUIRED	A system reboot is required for such a change to take effect. <336>

The opnum field value for this method is 43.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED.
- If pInfoStruct is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- If dwLevel is not supported, return an error other than one of the errors listed in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke DIMSVC Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server completes the processing successfully return either ERROR_SUCCESS or ERROR_REBOOT_REQUIRED<337> based on the impact of the configuration change as indicated by the RRAS server. Otherwise return the error status.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.45 RMprAdminServerGetInfoEx (Opnum 44)

The RMprAdminServerGetInfoEx method<338> gets the device configuration information for PPTP, L2TP, SSTP, and IKEv2 on a specified server , hDimServer.

```
DWORD RMprAdminServerGetInfoEx(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in, out] PMPR_SERVER_EX_IDL pServerConfig
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

pServerConfig: A valid pointer to an MPR_SERVER_EX_IDL structure (section <u>2.2.1.2.144</u>). This MUST NOT be NULL. On successful return this parameter contains port information for RRAS.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 44.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- Call the abstract interface Invoke DIMSVC Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- When the RRAS server processes the request successfully, populate pServerConfig with the information returned by RRAS server and return ERROR_SUCCESS. Otherwise return the error status provided by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.46 RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx (Opnum 45)

The RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx method<339> retrieves the list of all active connections for a specified RRAS server using handle *hDimServer*. The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *pRasConections*.

```
DWORD RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx(
   [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] PMPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL objectHeader,
   [in] DWORD dwPreferedMaxLen,
   [out] LPDWORD lpdwEntriesRead,
   [out] LPDWORD lpdNumTotalElements,
   [out, size_is(,*lpdwEntriesRead)]
   PRAS CONNECTION EX IDL* pRasConections,
   [in, out, unique] LPDWORD lpdwResumeHandle
);
```

hDimServer: The handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

objectHeader: The pointer to an MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL structure (section 2.2.1.2.130). In the structure, the revision field MUST be MPRAPI_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT_REVISION_1, type filed MUST be MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT, and size MUST be size of RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL.

- **dwPreferedMaxLen:** This parameter is of type DWORD and SHOULD specify the preferred maximum length of returned data (*pRasConections*) in bytes. If *dwPreferedMaxLen* is -1, the buffer returned is large enough to hold all available information. The number of entries returned is zero in the case that *dwPreferedMaxLen* is less than the size of one item; otherwise, the number of entries returned is one more than what could be accommodated in *dwPreferedMaxLen* bytes.
- **IpdwEntriesRead:** This is a pointer to type DWORD. Upon a successful function call return, this parameter determines the total number of connections enumerated from the current resume position given by IpdwResumeHandle.
- **IpdNumTotalElements:** This is a pointer to type DWORD and receives the total number of connections that could have been enumerated from the current resume position given by IpdwResumeHandle.
- **pRasConections:** Upon successful return, this is a pointer array of RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL (section 2.2.1.2.135) structures and the array size is determined by value pointed to by lpdwEntriesRead.
- **IpdwResumeHandle:** This is a pointer to type DWORD and specifies a resume handle used to continue the enumeration. The IpdwResumeHandle parameter is NULL on the first call, and left

unchanged on subsequent calls (caller MUST pass the same returned value in the next call to this function). If the return code is ERROR_MORE_DATA, another call MAY be made using this handle to retrieve more data. If the handle is NULL upon return, the enumeration is complete. This handle is invalid for other types of error returns.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $2.1.1.1$.
0x000000EA ERROR_MORE_DATA	Not all of the data was returned with this call. To obtain additional data, call the function again using the resume handle.

The opnum field value for this method is 45.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If RouterType is ROUTER_TYPE_LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, populate *pRasConections* with information about the active connections returned by the RRAS server. For successful processing, the *lpdwEntriesRead*, *lpdwNumTotalElements*, and *lpdwResumeHandle* will be filled with the values returned by the RRAS server. If there are more entries to be enumerated, the RRAS implementation MUST return ERROR_MORE_DATA. If all the entries have been enumerated, the RRAS implementation MUST return ERROR SUCCESS.
- Otherwise, return the failure error status that is returned by the RRAS server.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.47 RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx (Opnum 46)

The RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx method $\leq 340 >$ retrieves the connection information for a particular connection given in *hDimConnection* for a specified RRAS server using handle *hDimServer*. The caller SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *pRasConnection*.

```
DWORD RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hDimConnection,
  [in] PMPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL objectHeader,
  [out] PRAS CONNECTION EX IDL pRasConnection
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hDimConnection: This is of type DWORD and MUST be set to a particular connection identifier for which the connection information is required. Obtain this handle by calling RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx (section 3.1.4.46). Because the RRASM server does not maintain the connection handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check and ensure that this handle represents a valid connection handle.

objectHeader: A pointer to MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130). In the structure, the **revision** field MUST be MPRAPI_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT_REVISION_1, the **type** field MUST be MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT, and the **size** MUST be the size of RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL.

pRasConnection: Upon successful return, this is a pointer to a RAS CONNECTION EX IDL (section 2.2.1.2.135) structure.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges, as specified in section $\underline{2.1.1.1}$.

The opnum field value for this method is 46.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If RouterType is ROUTER TYPE LAN, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke DIMSVC Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, populate pRasConnection with information specific to the connection that was requested in hDimConnection. Return ERROR_SUCCESS to the caller. If the RRAS server doesn't complete the request successfully, return the error status returned.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.48 RMprAdminServerSetInfoEx (Opnum 47)

The RMprAdminServerSetInfoEx method \leq 341 \geq sets the device configuration information for PPTP, L2TP, SSTP, and IKEv2 on a specified server *hDimServer*.

```
DWORD RMprAdminServerSetInfoEx(
   [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
   [in] PMPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_IDL pServerConfig
);
```

hDimServer: The handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

pServerConfig: This is a pointer to a structure PMPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_IDL (section 2.2.1.2.147) which contains the information required to set values on the RAS server.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.
0x00000BC2 ERROR_SUCCESS_REBOOT_REQUIRED	A system reboot is required for such a change to take effect.
0x00000BC3 ERROR_SUCCESS_RESTART_REQUIRED	A remote access service restart is required for such a change to take effect.

The opnum field value for this method is 47.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- If pServerConfig is NULL, return an error other than those in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS server completes the processing successfully, it MUST return either ERROR_SUCCESS, ERROR_REBOOT_REQUIRED<342>, or ERROR_RESTART_REQUIRED<343> based on the impact of the configuration change. Otherwise return the error status.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.49 RRasAdminUpdateConnection (Opnum 48)

The RRasAdminUpdateConnection method <344> updates the endpoint by sending MOBIKE on a connection specified by hDimConnection on a specified server, hDimServer.

```
DWORD RRasAdminUpdateConnection(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hDimConnection,
  [in] PRAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_IDL pServerConfig
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

hDimConnection: This is of type DWORD and SHOULD be set to a particular IKEv2 connection identifier for which the endpoint needs to be updated. Obtain this handle by calling

RRasAdminConnectionEnum (see section 3.1.4.2). Since the RRASM server does not maintain connection handles, the RRAS server SHOULD validate this handle.

pServerConfig: This is a pointer to a RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_IDL structure (section 2.2.1.2.149) that contains the information required to set values on the RRAS server.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, the return value contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not included in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The Opnum field value for this method is 48.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- Call the abstract interface Invoke DIMSVC Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESSFUL.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.50 RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsLocal (Opnum 49)

The RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsLocal method<345> is used to set credentials information for an interface. Specifically, the user name, domain name, and password that are used in user authentication are set using this method.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsLocal(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsInterfaceName,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsUserName,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsDomainName,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsPassword
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

IpwsInterfaceName: A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the interface for which credentials need to be set. The length of the string MUST NOT be more than 256 characters, otherwise an error is returned.

IpwsUserName: A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the user on this connection. The string length MUST NOT be more than 256 characters, otherwise an error is returned.

IpwsDomainName: A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the domain name. The string length MUST NOT be more than 16 characters, otherwise an error is returned.

IpwsPassword: A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the password of the user on this connection. The string length MUST NOT be more than 256 characters, otherwise an error is returned.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 49.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If an interface with the name *lpwsInterfaceName* does not exist on the server, return an error other than those described in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESSFUL.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.51 RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal (Opnum 50)

The RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal <346> method is used to get credentials information for an interface. Specifically the user name, domain name, and password used in user authentication are retrieved with this method.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal(
  [in] DIM_HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in, string] LPWSTR lpwsInterfaceName,
  [out, string] LPWSTR* lpwsUserName,
  [out, string] LPWSTR* lpwsDomainName,
  [out, string] LPWSTR* lpwsPassword
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed, see section 3.1.3.

IpwsInterfaceName: A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the interface for which credentials need to be set. The length of the string MUST NOT be more than 256 characters, otherwise an error is returned. The client SHOULD free this memory.

- **IpwsUserName:** A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the name of the user on this connection. The string length MUST NOT be more than 256 characters. The client SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *IpwsUserName*.
- **IpwsDomainName:** A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the domain name. The string length MUST NOT be more than 16 characters. The client SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *IpwsDomainName*.
- **IpwsPassword:** A pointer to a null-terminated Unicode string that contains the password of the user on this connection. The string length MUST NOT be more than 256 characters. The client SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *IpwsPassword*.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates the operation was completed successfully; otherwise it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

The opnum field value for this method is 50.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, then return error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- If an interface with the name *lpwsInterfaceName* does not exists on the server, return an error other than one of the errors listed in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke DIMSVC Method** specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR SUCCESSFUL.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.52 RRouterInterfaceGetCustomInfoEx (Opnum 51)

The RRouterInterfaceGetCustomInfoEx method<347> is used to get the tunnel-specific custom configuration for an interface.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceGetCustomInfoEx(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hInterface,
  [in, out] PMPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL pIfCustomConfig
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed; see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12).

Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check to ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

pIfCustomConfig: A valid pointer to an MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX IDL (section 2.2.1.2.245) structure. This MUST NOT be NULL. On successful return, this parameter contains tunnel-specific custom configuration for the interface whose handle is specified in the hInterface parameter.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully; otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section <u>2.1.1.1</u>, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, return the error ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005).
- Call the abstract interface Invoke DIMSVC Method, specifying the operation and the parameters, to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status that the RRAS server returns. Otherwise, return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x0000000).

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.4.53 RRouterInterfaceSetCustomInfoEx (Opnum 52)

The RRouterInterfaceSetCustomInfoEx method<348> is used to set the tunnel-specific custom configuration for an interface.

```
DWORD RRouterInterfaceSetCustomInfoEx(
  [in] DIM HANDLE hDimServer,
  [in] DWORD hInterface,
  [in, out] PMPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL pIfCustomConfig
);
```

hDimServer: A handle to the RRASM server where the call is to be executed; see section 3.1.3.

hInterface: The unique identifier of an interface. This can be obtained from RRouterInterfaceCreate (section 3.1.4.13) or RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (section 3.1.4.12). Because the RRASM server does not maintain the interface handles, the RRAS server SHOULD check to ensure that this handle represents a valid interface handle.

pIfCustomConfig: A valid pointer to an MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX IDL (section 2.2.1.2.245) structure that contains custom configurations to be set for the interface whose handle is specified in the hInterface parameter. This MUST NOT be NULL.

Return Values: A 32-bit unsigned integer value that indicates return status. A return value of ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) indicates that the operation was completed successfully;

otherwise, it contains an error code, as specified in [MS-ERREF] or section 2.2.4. All values that are not in the table that follows MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.
0x00000005 ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED	The calling application does not have sufficient privileges.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Validate, as specified in section 2.1.1.1, whether this method was called by a client that has access to the method. If the client does not have access, return the error ERROR ACCESS DENIED (0x00000005).
- Call the abstract interface Invoke DIMSVC Method, specifying the operation and the parameters, to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status that the RRAS server returns. Otherwise, return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000).

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.1.5 Timer Events

None.

3.1.6 Other Local Events

Apart from the underling [MS-RPCE] specified events there are no special events for RRASM. However the RPC interface interacts with the underlying RRAS implementation through the following interfaces.

3.1.6.1 Invoke DIMSVC Method

The RRASM server provides the remote management capability to the RRAS implementation. The RRAS implementation refers to the actual task of configuring and providing the routing and remote access functionality that is outside the scope of the RRASM protocol. In order to keep the implementation aspects separated from the semantics of the RRASM methods, this abstract interface is defined with the RRAS implementation. With this, any RPC method request received by the RRASM server, after the required validations done by the RRASM server, are passed to the RRAS server through the interface. As a part of the callback, the Opnum and data structures are passed as-is to the RRAS server. The RRAS as a part of this processing, will perform the actual management task as defined by the semantics of the RRASM method, and will return any information requested by the RRASM server on behalf of the remote RRASM client and return the status of the operation requested by the RRASM server (on behalf of the RRASM client). The RRASM server then relays these return values and data back to the remote RRASM client. The RRAS understands the data structures that the RRASM server requires and can process and provide information in the same manner.

3.1.6.2 Start DIMSVC

This interface is invoked by RRAS when it is started to initialize the DIMSVC interface of RRASM. RRAS reads the settings from the registry store – the configuration information in registry are explained in section 2.2.3. RRAS passes the initialization parameters to RRASM. RRASM stores these parameters in the corresponding ADM variables, that is, in RouterType, InterfaceList, and SupportedTransportsList as specified in section 3.1.1.

3.1.6.3 Stop DIMSVC

This interface is invoked by RRAS when it is getting stopped. This stops the DIMSVC interface of RRASM server and no further RPC requests are processed. RRAS in turn ensures that the runtime configuration settings are stored back to the registry store. This way the registry setting will be consistent with the active configuration that RRAS was having when the RRASM interface was running.

3.2 DIMSVC Interface Client Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model that an implementation can maintain to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of protocol behavior. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The client is not required to maintain any information during this protocol.

3.2.2 Timers

No protocol timers are required beyond those used internally by the RPC method to implement resiliency to network outages, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

3.2.3 Initialization

The client creates an RPC binding handle to the server RPC method endpoint when an RPC method is called. For more information on binding handles, see [C706]. The client MAY create a separate binding handle for each method invocation, or it MAY reuse a binding handle for multiple invocations. The client MUST create an authenticated RPC binding handle.

If the RPC interface is available, the client MUST use the RPC interface to configure the RRAS server remotely. The client SHOULD use the registry store configuration using [MS-RRP] to configure RRAS server as defined in section 2.2.3 when the RPC interface is not available.

3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The client MUST pass any error received from the invocation of an RPC method to the application that issued the RPC call. For all the methods, if ERROR_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005) is returned, the client needs to make sure it has administrative privileges on the RRAS.

3.2.4.1 RMprAdminServerGetInfo (Opnum 0)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.2 RRasAdminConnectionEnum (Opnum 1)

If the return code is **ERROR_MORE_DATA**, then call RRasAdminConnectionEnum (Opnum 1) (section 3.1.4.2) with the handle passed in *IpdwResumeHandle*. If *IpdwResumeHandle* is NULL, the enumeration cannot be continued.

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.3 RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo (Opnum 2)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.4 RRasAdminConnectionClearStats (Opnum 3)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.5 RRasAdminPortEnum (Opnum 4)

If the return code is **ERROR_MORE_DATA**, then call RRasAdminPortEnum (Opnum 4) (section 3.1.4.5) with the handle passed in *IpdwResumeHandle*. If *IpdwResumeHandle* is NULL, the enumeration cannot be continued.

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.6 RRasAdminPortGetInfo (Opnum 5)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.7 RRasAdminPortClearStats (Opnum 6)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.8 RRasAdminPortReset (Opnum 7)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.9 RRasAdminPortDisconnect (Opnum 8)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.10 RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo (Opnum 9)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.11 RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo (Opnum 10)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer **pGlobalInfo** pointer of the *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.12 RRouterInterfaceGetHandle (Opnum 11)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.13 RRouterInterfaceCreate (Opnum 12)

If **dwIfType** in MPRI INTERFACE 0 is set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_FULL_ROUTER, the phone book information for the interface MUST have already been configured.

3.2.4.14 RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (Opnum 13)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.15 RRouterInterfaceSetInfo (Opnum 14)

When the method completes with ERROR_IKEV2_PSK_INTERFACE_ALREADY_EXISTS (0x00000366)349 as the return value, it means that the interface configuration was modified successfully with the supplied information but the interface state has been changed to disabled.<a href="mailto:square: square: s

3.2.4.16 RRouterInterfaceDelete (Opnum 15)

If **ERROR_INTERFACE_CONNECTED** (0x0000038c) is returned, <u>RRouterInterfaceDisconnect (section 3.1.4.23)</u> SHOULD be called before <u>RRouterInterfaceDelete (section 3.1.4.16)</u> can succeed.

3.2.4.17 RRouterInterfaceTransportRemove (Opnum 16)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.18 RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (Opnum 17)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.19 RRouterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (Opnum 18)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer **pInterfaceInfo** of the *pInfoStruct* structure.

3.2.4.20 RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo (Opnum 19)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.21 RRouterInterfaceEnum (Opnum 20)

If the return code is **ERROR_MORE_DATA**, then the call <u>RRouterInterfaceEnum (section 3.1.4.21)</u> with the handle passed in *lpdwResumeHandle*. If *lpdwResumeHandle* is NULL, the enumeration cannot be continued.

If the method completes successfully and returns a value of either **ERROR_MORE_DATA** or **ERROR_SUCCESS**, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.22 RRouterInterfaceConnect (Opnum 21)

If the return value is **PENDING** (0x00000258), call <u>RRouterInterfaceGetInfo</u> (section 3.1.4.14) to find out if the connection was successful or not.

3.2.4.23 RRouterInterfaceDisconnect (Opnum 22)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.24 RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes (Opnum 23)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.25 RRouterInterfaceQueryUpdateResult (Opnum 24)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.26 RRouterInterfaceUpdatePhonebookInfo (Opnum 25)

When the method completes with ERROR_IKEV2_PSK_INTERFACE_ALREADY_EXISTS (0x00000366) as the return value, it means that the changes made to the demand-dial interface were picked up but the interface state has been changed to disabled.

3.2.4.27 RMIBEntryCreate (Opnum 26)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.28 RMIBEntryDelete (Opnum 27)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.29 RMIBEntrySet (Opnum 28)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.30 RMIBEntryGet (Opnum 29)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.31 RMIBEntryGetFirst (Opnum 30)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.32 RMIBEntryGetNext (Opnum 31)

When the method completes with either **ERROR_SUCCESS** or **ERROR_NO_MORE_ITEMS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*. If **ERROR_NO_MORE_ITEMS** is returned, the client MUST NOT call **RMIBEntryGetNext** for the same MIB table.

3.2.4.33 RMIBGetTrapInfo (Opnum 32)

When the method completes with ERROR_SUCCESS as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer <code>pInfoStruct</code>.

3.2.4.34 RMIBSetTrapInfo (Opnum 33)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.35 RRasAdminConnectionNotification (Opnum 34)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.36 RRasAdminSendUserMessage (Opnum 35)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.37 RRouterDeviceEnum (Opnum 36)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer pInfoStruct->pBuffer.

3.2.4.38 RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate (Opnum 37)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.39 RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo (Opnum 38)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer pInfoStruct->pBuffer.

3.2.4.40 RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo (Opnum 39)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.41 RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx (Opnum 40)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.42 RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx (Opnum 41)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.43 RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine (Opnum 42)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.44 RMprAdminServerSetInfo (Opnum 43)

If the return code is ERROR_SUCCESS_REBOOT_REQUIRED, then the server machine needs to be rebooted to make the changes take effect.

3.2.4.45 RMprAdminServerGetInfoEx (Opnum 44)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.46 RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx (Opnum 45)

If the return code is ERROR_MORE_DATA, then the call RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx (section 3.1.4.46) with the handle passed in *lpdwResumeHandle*. If *lpdwResumeHandle* is NULL, the enumeration cannot be continued. When the method completes with either **ERROR_SUCCESS** or **ERROR_MORE_DATA** as the return value, the client MUST free the returned buffer *pInfoStruct*.

3.2.4.47 RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx (Opnum 46)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.48 RMprAdminServerSetInfoEx (Opnum 47)

If the return code is **ERROR_SUCCESS_RESTART_REQUIRED**, then the RemoteAccess service on the server needs to be restarted to make the changes take effect.

If the return value is ERROR_SUCCESS_RESTART_REQUIRED, the RRAS implementation MUST be restarted for the changes to take effect.

3.2.4.49 RRasAdminUpdateConnection (Opnum 48)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.50 RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsLocal (Opnum 49)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.51 RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal (Opnum 50)

When the method completes with **ERROR_SUCCESS** as the return value, the client SHOULD free the memory pointed to by *IpwsUserName*, *IpwsDomainName*, and *IpwsPassword*.

3.2.4.52 RRouterInterfaceGetCustomInfoEx (Opnum 51)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.4.53 RRouterInterfaceSetCustomInfoEx (Opnum 52)

None beyond those specified in section 3.2.4.

3.2.5 Timer Events

No protocol timer events are required on the client beyond the timers required in the underlying RPC protocol.

3.2.6 Other Local Events

No local events are maintained on the client other than the events that are maintained in the underlying RPC protocol.

3.3 RASRPC Interface Server Details

For the list of methods supported by this interface, refer to Appendix A: Full IDL (section 6) for uuid(20610036-fa22-11cf-9823-00a0c911e5df)

3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model that an implementation can maintain to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

There are no states that are maintained for this RPC interface that would affect the RPC method behavior for this interface.

3.3.2 Timers

No timers are required beyond those used internally by RPC to implement resiliency to network outages, as specified in the [MS-RPCE] section 3.2.3.2.1.

3.3.3 Initialization

The Rasrpc server MUST be initialized by the RRAS server using Start RASRPC as defined in section 3.3.6. As a part of initialization, the RRASM protocol MUST register the RPC interface as specified in section 2.1.2.

3.3.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The Rasrpc Server interface provides methods that remotely retrieve and set the configuration of the RRAS. The version for this interface is 1.0.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the Rasrpc server MUST implement an RPC endpoint using the UUID, 20610036-fa22-11cf-9823-00a0c911e5df. As a part of the message processing, RRASM validates parameters as specified under the following methods. It then hands over the information to the actual RRAS implementation using the **Invoke RASRPC Method**. The **Invoke RASRPC method** will provide any data required and the completion status of the operation which is sent back to the client over the RASRPC interface of RRASM protocol.

The Rasrpc server MUST perform a strict Network Data Representation (NDR) data consistency check at target level 5.0, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to reject a NULL unique or full pointer with nonzero conformant value, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

In the following table, the term "Reserved for local use" means that clients MUST NOT send the opnum, and the server behavior is undefined because it does not affect interoperability.

The Rasrpc server implementation MUST check that the client invoking the method is an administrator of the RRASM server. If the client invoking the method is not an administrator of the RRASM server, the server MUST indicate the lack of access permission in the form of a specific error code. The server SHOULD<351> throw an RPC exception with the exception code RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005) if the client does not have access permission. If the server is not throwing an exception, it MAY<352> return a status code of E_ACCESSDENIED (0x80070005) to indicate to the client that it does not have the required access.

The RPC methods MUST NOT throw any other exception. The other exceptions allowed are those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
Opnum0NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use.

Method	Description
	Opnum: 0
Opnum1NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 1
Opnum2NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 2
Opnum3NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 3
Opnum4NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 4
RasRpcDeleteEntry	Opnum: 5
Opnum6NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 6
Opnum7NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 7
Opnum8NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 8
RasRpcGetUserPreferences	Opnum: 9
RasRpcSetUserPreferences	Opnum: 10
RasRpcGetSystemDirectory	Opnum: 11
RasRpcSubmitRequest	Opnum: 12
Opnum13NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 13
RasRpcGetInstalledProtocolsEx	Opnum: 14
RasRpcGetVersion	Opnum: 15
Opnum16NotUsedOnWire	Reserved for local use. Opnum: 16

3.3.4.1 RasRpcDeleteEntry (Opnum 5)

The RasRpcDeleteEntry method deletes a specific RRAS Entry from an RRAS Phonebook path.

```
DWORD RasRpcDeleteEntry(
   [in] handle_t h,
   [in, string] LPWSTR lpszPhonebook,
   [in, string] LPWSTR lpszEntry
);
```

h: An RPC binding handle as specified in <a>[C706] section 2.

IpszPhonebook: A null-terminated Unicode string specifying the RRAS Phonebook path as specified in section 2.2.2.

IpszEntry: A null-terminated Unicode string specifying the **RRAS Entry name** as specified in section 2.2.2.1 to be deleted.

Return Values: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for **retcode** field.

The return value can be one of the following error codes. All other error values MUST be treated the same by the **RRASM client**.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000	The call was successful.
ERROR_SUCCESS	

Exceptions Thrown: This method throws an exception with the exception code **RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED** (0x00000005) if the client is not an administrator on the **RRASM server**, with access permission to perform the operation. <353>

The opnum field value for this method is 5.

When processing this call, the RRASM server SHOULD do the following:

- Validate as specified in section 3.3.4 whether this method was called by a client which is an administrator of the RRASM server.
- If IpszEntry is NULL, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- If *IpszEntry* is not present in **PhonebookEntryNameList**, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke RASRPC**, with the method that specifies the operation and the parameters necessary to enable the RRASM server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error result that the RRASM server returns as a part of the processing. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

3.3.4.2 RasRpcGetUserPreferences (Opnum 9)

The RasRpcGetUserPreferences method retrieves the configuration information. The configuration information consists of the callback information associated with the various ports, and the number of the last successful callback done by the RRAS. This configuration information is set by RasRpcSetUserPreferences.

```
DWORD RasRpcGetUserPreferences(
   [in] handle_t h,
   [in, out] LPRASRPC_PBUSER pUser,
   [in] DWORD dwMode
);
```

h: An RPC binding handle as specified in <a>[C706] section 2.

pUser: Pointer to the <u>RASRPC PBUSER (section 2.2.1.2.229)</u> structure which on successful return contains the configuration information on the RRAS server.

dwMode: This MUST be set to 2.

Return Values: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for the **retcode** field.

The return value can be one of the following error codes. All other error values MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000	The call was successful.
ERROR_SUCCESS	

Exceptions Thrown: This method throws an exception with the exception code **RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED** (0x00000005) if the client is not an administrator on the RRASM server, with access permission to perform the operation.<354>

The Opnum field value for this method is 9.

When processing this call, the RRASM SHOULD do the following:

- Validate as specified in section 3.3.4 whether this method was called by a client that is an administrator of the RRASM server.<355>
- Call the abstract interface Invoke RASRPC method, specifying the operation and the parameters necessary to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Populate the *pUser* structure with the configuration information returned by the RRAS server and returning **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000).

3.3.4.3 RasRpcSetUserPreferences (Opnum 10)

The RasRpcSetUserPreferences method sets the configuration information. The configuration information consists of the callback information associated with the various ports, and the number of the last successful callback done by the RRAS.

```
DWORD RasRpcSetUserPreferences(
   [in] handle_t h,
   [in] LPRASRPC_PBUSER pUser,
   [in] DWORD dwMode
);
```

h: An RPC binding handle as specified in <a>[C706] section 2.

pUser: Pointer to the <u>RASRPC PBUSER</u> (<u>section 2.2.1.2.229</u>) structure which on successful return contains the configuration information on the RRAS server.

dwMode: This MUST be set to 2.

Return Values: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for the retcode field.

The return value can be one of the error codes that follow. All other error values MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000	The call was successful.
ERROR_SUCCESS	

Exceptions Thrown: This method throws an exception with the exception code **RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED** (0x00000005) if the client is not an administrator on the RRASM server, with access permission to perform the operation. <356>

The opnum field value for this method is 10.

When processing this call, the RRASM SHOULD do the following:

- Validate as specified in section 3.3.4 whether this method was called by a client that is an administrator of the RRASM server.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke RASRPC method, specifying the operation and the parameters necessary to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Provide the configuration information as specified by the pUser structure to the RRAS server for further processing and returning ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000).

3.3.4.4 RasRpcGetSystemDirectory (Opnum 11)

The RasRpcGetSystemDirectory method retrieves the path of the system directory.

```
UINT RasRpcGetSystemDirectory(
   [in] handle_t h,
   [in, out, string, size is(uSize)]
   LPWSTR lpBuffer,
   [in, range(0, 260)] UINT uSize
);
```

h: An RPC binding handle as specified in [C706] section 2.

IpBuffer: A null-terminated Unicode string that is populated with the path of the system directory. The length of the string MUST be equal to *uSize*.

uSize: Specifies the size of the *IpBuffer* in Unicode characters. This value MUST be equal to 260.

Return Values: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for retcode field.

The return value can be one of the following error codes. All other error values MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value	Description
0x00000000	The actual processing to retrieve the system directory on the remote server has failed.
Any other values	Indicate the length of the string in Unicode characters copied to the buffer.

Exceptions Thrown: This method throws an exception with the exception code **RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED** (0x00000005) if the client is not an administrator on the RRASM server, with access permission to perform the operation. <357>

The Opnum field value for this method is 11.

When processing this call, the RRASM server SHOULD do the following:

 Validate as specified in section 3.3.4 whether this method was called by a client that is an administrator of the RRASM server.<358>

- If uSize is less than 260, return an error other than one of the errors specified in the preceding table.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke RASRPC method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If all validations are successful, return the processing information result for the RRAS server and populate the *lpBuffer* with the system directory path returned by the RRAS server. Return the length of the string in Unicode characters populated to the *lpBuffer*.

3.3.4.5 RasRpcSubmitRequest (Opnum 12)

The RasRpcSubmitRequest method retrieves or sets the configuration data on RRAS server.

```
DWORD RasRpcSubmitRequest(
  [in] handle t hServer,
  [in, out, unique, size_is(dwcbBufSize)]
    PBYTE pReqBuffer,
  [in] DWORD dwcbBufSize
);
```

hServer: An RPC binding handle as specified in [C706] section 2.

pReqBuffer: A pointer to a buffer of size dwcbBufSize. The buffer MUST be large enough to hold the RequestBuffer structure (section 2.2.1.2.217) and RequestBuffer.RB_Buffer data. RequestBuffer.RB_Reqtype specifies the request type which will be processed by the server and RequestBuffer.RB_Buffer specifies the structure specific to RB_Reqtype to be processed. The structure that MUST be used for each ReqTypes value is explained in section 2.2.1.2.217. The client MUST NOT send the ReqType other than those defined in section 2.2.1.1.18. RequestBuffer.RB_PCBIndex MUST be set to the unique port identifier whose information is sought for ReqTypes REQTYPE_GETINFO and REQTYPE_GETDEVCONFIG. For other valid RegTypes, RequestBuffer.RB_PCBIndex MUST be set to zero.

dwcbBufSize: Size in byte of *pReqBuffer*.

Return Values: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for **retcode** field.

Exceptions Thrown: This method throws an exception with the exception code RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005) if the client is not an administrator on the RRASM server, with access permission to perform the operation. <359>

Validations which SHOULD be done by the RRASM for all RegTypes are:

- Return **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000) if one of the following conditions are met without any further processing of the call:
 - dwcbBufSize is less than the sum of size of RequestBuffer and 5000, i.e. if the condition (dwcbBufSize < size of RequestBuffer + 5000) is true.
 - pReqBuffer is NULL
 - pReqBuffer.RB_ReqType is less than zero or greater than maximum ReqTypes<360>
- Validate as specified in section 3.3.4 whether this method was called by a client that is an
 administrator of the RRASM server.

Specific RRASM behavior for each RegTypes value follows.

REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO:

When processing this request, the RRASM SHOULD do the following:

- The dwcbBufSize that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the sum of the size of RequestBuffer (section 2.2.1.2.217) with the RB_Buffer field specifying the DeviceConfigInfo (section 2.2.1.2.218) structure, and the size of DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer. If this is not the case, RRASM MUST return the ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting DeviceConfigInfo.retcode to E_INVALIDARG (0x80070057).
- If DeviceConfigInfo.dwVersion is not set to the version of Rasrpc Server<361>, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting DeviceConfigInfo.retcode to ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED (0x00000032).
- Call the abstract interface Invoke RASRPC specifying the method and the parameters necessary to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- MUST set the cEntries to the number of devices returned by the RRAS.
- MUST check the passed in **cbBuffer** size, and copy the device information details
 (<u>RAS_DEVICE_INFO</u> (section 2.2.1.2.219)) for the devices that fit in the **cbBuffer** size to **abdata** buffer.
- **cbBuffer** MUST be set to the total size in bytes needed to hold all the device information. It MUST be set to the value of **cEntries** multiplied by the size of RAS_DEVICE_INFO.
- **dwVersion** MUST be set to the version of the Rasrpc server.
- If there is no error, **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000) MUST be returned setting **DeviceConfigInfo.retcode** to **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000).

REQTYPE_SETDEVICECONFIGINFO:

When processing this request, the RRASM MUST do the following:

- The dwcbBufSize that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the sum of the size of RequestBuffer (section 2.2.1.2.217) with the RB_Buffer field specifying the DeviceConfigInfo (section 2.2.1.2.218) structure, and the size of DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer. The dwcbBufSize passed in SHOULD be equal to or greater than sum of the size of RequestBuffer, size of DeviceConfigInfo and DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer. If not, <ERROR_SUCCESS> (0x00000000) MUST be returned setting DeviceConfigInfo.retcode to E_INVALIDARG (0x80070057).
- The DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer SHOULD be greater than or equal to size of all the device information (RAS_DEVICE_INFO) as specified in DeviceConfigInfo.cEntries. If not, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) and also set DeviceConfigInfo.retcode to ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER (0x00000057).
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke RASRPC** method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If the RRAS implementation does not have any of the devices, **RAS_DEVICE_INFO.dwError** for that device MUST be set to **ERROR_DEVICE_DOES_NOT_EXIST** (0x00000260).
- If RAS_DEVICE_INFO.fWrite is set and the RRAS implementation could not succeed in storing the device information then DeviceConfigInfo.retcode MUST be set to ERROR_CAN_NOT_COMPLETE (0x000003EB).
- If RAS_DEVICE_INFO.dwNumEndPoints or RAS_DEVICE_INFO.dwMaxWanEndPoints is more than the maximum supported value for the WAN endpoint on the RRAS server, it MUST be set to the maximum supported value.

• If the RRAS server returns no error status, **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000) MUST be returned setting **DeviceConfigInfo.retcode** to **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000). Otherwise return the error status returned by the RRAS server in **DeviceConfigInfo.retcode**.

REQTYPE_GETINFO:

When processing this request, the RRASM SHOULD do the following:

- The *dwcbBufSize* that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the size of RequestBuffer (section 2.2.1.2.217) with the **RB_Buffer** field specifying the size of the <u>Info</u> structure. If not, RRASM MUST return **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000) setting **Info.retcode** to **E_INVALIDARG** (0x80070057).
- Since the RRASM server does not manage the list of valid port identifiers, the RRAS implementation SHOULD check if the RequestBuffer.RB_PCBIndex refers to a valid port identifier. If the port identifier is not valid, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) and also set Info.retcode to ERROR_PORT_NOT_FOUND (0x00000267).
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke RASRPC** method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- SHOULD<362> validate if the passed in RequestBuffer.RB_Dummy is equal to the size of ULONG_PTR on the server. If it is not equal and passed in RequestBuffer.RB_Dummy is equal to the size of DWORD, the RRASM server MUST marshal the Rasman Info.RI ConnectionHandle from HANDLE to ULONG.
- If the RRAS server successfully processes the request, the RRASM server MUST populate the **RequestBuffer.RB_Buffer** (Info) structure with the port information provided by RRAS server and return **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000).

REQTYPE_GETCALLEDID:

When processing this request, the RRASM MUST do the following:

- The dwcbBufSize that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the sum of the size of RequestBuffer (section 2.2.1.2.217) with the RB_Buffer field specifying the GetSetCalledId (section 2.2.1.2.220) structure, and the size of GetSetCalledId.rciInfo.dwSize. If not, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) and also set GetSetCalledId.retcode to E_INVALIDARG (0x80070057).
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke RASRPC** method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- GetSetCalledId.dwSize SHOULD be equal to or greater than the sum of the size of RAS CALLEDID INFO (section 2.2.1.2.221) and the size of CalledId buffer to be returned. If so, fill the GetSetCalledId.rciInfo buffer with the CalledId details returned by the RRAS server. Otherwise GetSetCalledId.rciInfo buffer is not filled with the CalledId details.
- MUST set the GetSetCalledId.dwSize to the sum of the size of RAS_CALLEDID_INFO and the size of CalledId buffer to be returned and return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000).

REQTYPE_SETCALLEDID:

When processing this request, the RRASM MUST do the following:

The dwcbBufSize that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the sum of the size of RequestBuffer (section 2.2.1.2.217) with the RB_Buffer field specifying the GetSetCalledId structure, and the size of GetSetCalledId.rciInfo.dwSize. If not, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting GetSetCalledId.retcode to E_INVALIDARG (0x80070057).

- Call the abstract interface **Invoke RASRPC** method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If all validation is successful, the RRAS server MUST store the GetSetCalledId.rciInfo buffer containing CalledId details.
- Return any error the RRAS server returns while processing the request. Otherwise return **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000).

REQTYPE_PORTENUM:

When processing this request, the RRASM MUST do the following:

- The dwcbBufSize that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the sum of the size of the RequestBuffer structure specifying the Enum (section 2.2.1.2.225) structure, and Enum size. If not, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting Enum retcode to <a href="Equations-Invalidations-In
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke RASRPC** method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- MUST set the **Enum.entries** to the number of available port devices returned by the RRAS server.
- MUST check the passed in Enum.size and copy all of the port information details (RASMAN PORT 32 (section 2.2.1.2.226)) for the ports that fit in the Enum.size to Enum.buffer.
- **Enum.size** MUST be set to the total size in bytes needed to hold all the port information.
- If there is no error, the server MUST return **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000).

REQTYPE_GETNDISWANDRIVERCAPS:

When processing this request, the RRASM MUST do the following:

- The dwcbBufSize that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the size of the RequestBuffer structure with the RB_Buffer field specifying the GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct (section 2.2.1.2.222) structure. If not, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct.retcode to E_INVALIDARG (0x80070057).
- Call the abstract interface **Invoke RASRPC** method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If all validation is successful, populate the GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct with the encryption capabilities returned by the RRAS server and set **GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct.retcode** to **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000). If there is any error while retrieving the encryption capabilities of RRAS, set the **GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct.retcode** with the error. RRASM MUST return **ERROR_SUCCESS** (0x00000000).

REQTYPE_GETDEVCONFIG:

When processing this request, the RRASM MUST do the following:

The dwcbBufSize that is passed in SHOULD be greater than or equal to the sum of the size of the RequestBuffer structure with the RB_Buffer field specifying the GetDevConfigStruct (section 2.2.1.2.224) structure, and GetDevConfigStruct.size. If not, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting GetDevConfigStruct.retcode to E_INVALIDARG (0x80070057).

- Because RRASM does not maintain the list of valid port identifiers, the RRAS server SHOULD check that RequestBuffer.RB_PCBIndex is a valid port identifier. If this is not the case, RRAS MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting GetDevConfigStruct.retcode to ERROR_PORT_NOT_FOUND (0x00000267).
- If the device type specified by GetDevConfigStruct.devicetype does not exist on the RRAS server, the RRAS implementation MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting GetDevConfigStruct.retcode to ERROR_DEVICE_DOES_NOT_EXIST (0x00000260).
- If the device type associated with the port as identified by RequestBuffer.RB_PCBIndex is a value other than "MODEM", RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting GetDevConfigStruct.retcode to ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) and GetDevConfigStruct.size to zero.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke RASRPC method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Check if GetDevConfigStruct.size is large enough to hold the device information as returned by RRAS. If not, RRASM MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000) setting GetDevConfigStruct.retcode to ERROR_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL (0x0000025B). Set the GetDevConfigStruct.size to the size of the required buffer to hold device information.
- If all validation is successful, the RRAS server MUST get the device configuration information associated with the port identified by RequestBuffer.RB_PCBIndex and fill the GetDevConfigStruct.config buffer with the details and set the GetDevConfigStruct.size to the size of the buffer copied to GetDevConfigStruct.config. Server MUST return ERROR_SUCCESS (0x00000000).

3.3.4.6 RasRpcGetInstalledProtocolsEx (Opnum 14)

The **RasRpcGetInstalledProtocolsEx** method retrieves the protocol information on the RRAS server. The list of protocols is defined in the following return value section.

```
DWORD RasRpcGetInstalledProtocolsEx(
   [in] handle_t h,
   [in] BOOL fRouter,
   [in] BOOL fRasCli,
   [in] BOOL fRasSrv
);
```

h: An RPC binding handle as specified in <a>[C706] section 2.

fRouter: If set to TRUE, protocols enabled for Demand Dial are retrieved. If set to FALSE, protocols enabled for Demand Dial are not retrieved.

fRasCli: This flag is not used and MUST be set to FALSE.

fRasSrv: If set to TRUE, retrieves the protocol enabled for RRAS incoming connections. If set to FALSE, protocol for RRAS incoming connections are not retrieved.

Return Values: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for the **retcode** field.

The return value can be one of the error codes that follow. All other error values MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value	Description
0x00000000	There is no protocol installed on the RRAS server or there is some error when RRAS server retrieves the information.

Return value	Description
0x00000001 to 0x0000000F	Specifies the protocols enabled on the RRAS server. This value SHOULD be a combination of one or more of the following flags:
	NP_Nbf (0x00000001): NetBEUI protocol is enabled. <a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><a><
	NP_Ipx (0x00000002): IPX protocol is enabled. <a>
	NP_Ip (0x00000004): TCP/IPv4 protocol is enabled.
	NP_Ipv6 (0x00000008): TCP/IPv6 protocol is enabled.<365>

Exceptions Thrown: This method throws an exception with the exception code **RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED** (0x00000005) if the client is not an administrator on the RRASM server, with access permission to perform the operation. <366>

The opnum field value for this method is 14.

When processing this call, the RRASM server SHOULD do the following:

- Validate as specified in section 3.3.4 whether this method was called by a client that is an administrator of the RRASM server.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke RASRPC method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- If all validation is successful, return the installed protocol information as provided by the RRAS server.

3.3.4.7 RasRpcGetVersion (Opnum 15)

The RasRpcGetVersion method retrieves the Rasrpc server interface version.

```
DWORD RasRpcGetVersion(
   [in] handle_t h,
   [in, out, ref] LPDWORD pdwVersion
);
```

h: An RPC binding handle as specified in [C706] section 2.

pdwVersion: This is a pointer to type **DWORD** which, after a successful function call, specifies the version of the Rasrpc interface.

Return Values: Specifies the return status as explained in section 2.2.1.2.218 for the retcode field

The return value can be one of the error codes that follow. All other error values MUST be treated the same by the RRASM client.

Return value/code	Description
0x00000000 ERROR_SUCCESS	The call was successful.

Exceptions Thrown: This method throws an exception with the exception code **RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED** (0x00000005) if the client is not an administrator on the RRASM server, with access permission to perform the operation. <367>

The opnum field value for this method is 15.

When processing this call, the RRAM server SHOULD do the following:

- Validate as specified in section <u>3.3.4</u> whether this method was called by a client that is an administrator of the RRASM server.
- Call the abstract interface Invoke RASRPC method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Set the value pointed by pdwVersion to the version of RRAS server.<a><369>
- If there is no error, the server MUST return 0x00000000 (ERROR SUCCESS).

3.3.5 Timer Events

No protocol timer events are required on the server beyond the timers required in the underlying RPC protocol.

3.3.6 Other Local Events

Apart from the underlying [MS-RPCE] specified events there are no special events for RRASM. However the RPC interface interacts with the underlying RRAS implementation through the following interfaces.

3.3.6.1 Invoke RASRPC Method

The RRASM server provides the remote management capability to the RRAS implementation. The RRAS implementation refers to the actual task of configuring and providing the routing and remote access functionality that is outside the scope of the RRASM protocol. For more information about routing and remote access, see [MSFT-RRA]. To keep the implementation aspects separate from the semantics of the RRASM methods, this abstract interface is defined with the RRAS implementation. With this, any RPC method request received by the RRASM server, after the required validations done by the RRASM server, are passed to the RRAS server through this interface. The Opnum and the data structures are passed as is to the RRAS server. As part of this processing, RRAS will perform the actual management task as defined by the semantics of the RRASM method, and will return any information requested by the RRASM server on behalf of the remote RRASM client and return the status of the operation requested by the RRASM server (on behalf of the RRASM client). The RRASM server then relays these return values and data back to the remote RRASM client. The RRAS understands the data structures that the RRASM server requires and can process and provide information in the same manner.

3.3.6.2 Start RASRPC

This interface is invoked by RRAS when it is started to initialize the RASRPC interface of RRASM.

3.3.6.3 Stop RASRPC

This interface is invoked by RRAS when it is getting stopped. This will stop the RASRPC interface of RRASM and no further RPC requests are processed.

3.4 RASRPC Interface Client Details

3.4.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model that an implementation can maintain to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to help explain protocol behavior. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The client is not required to maintain any information during this protocol.

3.4.2 Timers

No protocol timers are required beyond those used internally by the RPC method to implement resiliency to network outages, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

3.4.3 Initialization

The client creates an RPC binding handle to the server RPC method endpoint when an RPC method is called. For more information on binding handles, see [C706]. The client MAY create a separate binding handle for each method invocation, or it MAY reuse a binding handle for multiple invocations. The client MUST create an authenticated RPC binding handle.

3.4.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The client MUST pass any error that is received from the invocation of an RPC method to the application that issued the RPC call. For all of the methods, if RPC_S_ACCESS_DENIED (0x00000005) is returned as an exception or E_ACCESS_DENIED (0x80070005)<370> is returned as a return value, the client needs to make sure it has administrative privileges on the RRAS server.

The Rasrpc server MUST perform a strict Network Data Representation (NDR) data consistency check at target level 5.0, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to reject a NULL unique or full pointer with non-zero conformant value, as specified in section 3 of [MS-RPCE].

3.4.4.1 RasRpcDeleteEntry (Opnum 5)

None beyond those specified in section 3.4.4

3.4.4.2 RasRpcGetUserPreferences (Opnum 9)

When the method completes successfully with a return value of ERROR_SUCCESS, the client SHOULD free the memory allocated by RPC. The following fields of **RASRPC_PBUSER** MAY contain RPC allocated memory: pCallbacks, pLocations, pPhonebooks, pAreaCodes, pPrefixes, pSuffixes.

3.4.4.3 RasRpcSetUserPreferences (Opnum 10)

None beyond those specified in section 3.4.4

3.4.4.4 RasRpcGetSystemDirectory (Opnum 11)

None beyond those specified in section 3.4.4

3.4.4.5 RasRpcSubmitRequest (Opnum 12)

Before calling the method, the client MUST set the pReqBuffer buffer and dwcbBufSize buffer size to a size at least as large as the sum of the size of RequestBuffer and 5000. Also, thepReqBuffer.RB_ReqType value MUST be set to one of the valid enumeration values as stated in section 2.2.1.1.18.

Client behavior for specific **ReqTypes** is as follows.

REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO

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Before calling the method, the client MUST set DeviceConfigInfo.dwVersion to the version of Rasrpc server. The version information for the Rasrpc server can be retrieved using RasRpcGetVersion method as described in section 3.3.4.7.

Also, the DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer value MUST be equal to the size of the DeviceConfigInfo.abdata buffer.

If the returned DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer is more than the passed in cbBuffer size, it implies that the passed in buffer is not big enough to hold all the device information. The client SHOULD again call the API with DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer set to the size of the returned cbBuffer.

REQTYPE_SETDEVICECONFIGINFO

Before calling the method, the client MUST set the DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer value equal to the size of DeviceConfigInfo.abdata buffer.

REQTYPE_PORTENUM

Before calling the method, the client MUST set the Enum.size value to the size of Enum.buffer.

If the returned Enum.size is more than the passed in Enum.size, it implies that the passed in buffer was not big enough to hold all the ports information. The client SHOULD again call the API with Enum.size set to the size of the returned Enum.size.

REQTYPE_GETDEVCONFIG

Before calling the method, the client MUST set the GetDevConfig.size value to the size of the GetDevConfig.config buffer.

If the returned GetDevConfig.retcode is set to ERROR_BUFFER_TOO_SMALL (0x0000025B), the buffer that was passed in was not big enough to hold the device configuration information. The client SHOULD again call the API with GetDevConfig.size set to the size of returned GetDevConfig.size.

REQTYPE_GETCALLEDID

Before calling the method, the client SHOULD set the RequestBuffer.RB PCBIndex to zero.

Also, the client MUST set the GetSetCalledId.dwSize to the sum of the size of RAS_CALLEDID_INFO and the size of GetSetCalledId.rciInfo.bCalledId buffer size.

If the returned GetSetCalledId.dwSize is more than the passed in GetSetCalledId.dwSize, it implies that the passed in buffer was not big enough to hold all the CalledId information. The client SHOULD again call the API with GetSetCalledId.dwSize set to sum of the size of RAS_CALLEDID_INFO and the returned GetSetCalledId.dwSize.

3.4.4.6 RasRpcGetInstalledProtocolsEx (Opnum 14)

None beyond those specified in section 3.4.4

3.4.4.7 RasRpcGetVersion (Opnum 15)

None beyond those specified in section 3.4.4

3.4.5 Timer Events

No protocol timer events are required on the client beyond the timers required in the underlying RPC protocol.

3.4.6 Other Local Events

No local events are maintained on the client other than the events that are maintained in the underlying RPC protocol.

3.5 REMRAS Server Details

The methods supported by this interface are described here and also listed in Appendix A: Full IDL (section 6).

3.5.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model that an implementation can maintain to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

There are no states that are maintained for this interface that affect the DCOM methods behavior for this interface.

3.5.2 Timers

No timers are required beyond those used internally by RPC to implement resiliency to network outages, as specified in the [MS-RPCE] section 3.2.3.2.1.

3.5.3 Initialization

This interface uses DCOM initialization. The server MUST be considered to be initialized after a successful activation of one of the three interfaces that are registered with the Distributed Component Object Model (DCOM) Remote Protocol infrastructure, as specified in the [MS-DCOM] section 1.3.6.

3.5.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.5.4.1 IRemoteNetworkConfig Interface (Opnum 3)

This interface is used to update the configuration of RRAS server.

The IRemoteNetworkConfig interface inherits the IUnknown interface, as specified in the [MS-DCOM] section 3.1.1.5.8. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object that uses the UUID {66a2db1b-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04}.

In these methods, some error codes are implementation-specific and are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum order

Method	Description
UpgradeRouterConfig	The UpgradeRouterConfig clears the existing transport configuration (section $\underline{2.2.3.1}$ and section $\underline{2.2.3.2}$.
	Opnum: 3

Method	Description
SetUserConfig	This method is not used.
	Opnum: 4

3.5.4.1.1 UpgradeRouterConfig Method (Opnum 3)

The UpgradeRouterConfig method clears the existing transport configuration (section $\underline{2.2.3.1}$) and interfaces (section $\underline{2.2.3.2}$).

```
HRESULT UpgradeRouterConfig();
```

Return Values:

The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code as defined in the [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x8000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise, return ERROR_SUCCESS.
- No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.4.1.2 SetUserConfig Method (Opnum 4)

This method is not used. The server MUST return E_NOTIMPL.

```
HRESULT SetUserConfig (
   [in] LPCOLESTR pszService,
   [in] LPCOLESTR pszNewGroup):
```

3.5.4.2 IRemoteRouterRestart Interface (Opnum 3)

The **IRemoteRouterRestart** interface inherits the IUnknown interface, as specified in [MS-DCOM] section 3.1.1.5.8. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown_QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object that uses the UUID {66a2db20-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04}.

This interface contains the RestartRouter method to restart the RRAS server.

In this method, some error codes are implementation-specific and are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order:

Method	Description
RestartRouter	The RestartRouter stops and restarts the RRAS server. Opnum: 3

3.5.4.2.1 RestartRouter Method (Opnum 3)

The RestartRouter method stops and restarts the RRAS server.

HRESULT RestartRouter([in] DWORD dwFlags);

dwFlags: This is unused and if set MUST be ignored by RRASM server.

Return Values:

The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x8000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.4.3 IRemoteSetDnsConfig (Opnum 3)

The **IRemoteSetDnsConfig** interface inherits the IUnknown interface, as specified in [MS-DCOM] section 3.1.1.5.8. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object that uses the UUID {66a2db21-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04}.

This interface contains method to set the Domain Name System (DNS) name resolution configuration.

In these methods, some error codes are implementation-specific and are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum order:

Method	Description
SetDnsConfig	The SetDnsConfig method updates the behavior of the Domain Name System (DNS) name resolution on the RRAS server.
	Opnum: 3

3.5.4.3.1 SetDnsConfig Method (Opnum 3)

The SetDnsConfig method updates the behavior of the Domain Name System (DNS) name resolution of the Network Adapters on the RRAS server.

```
HRESULT SetDnsConfig(
   [in] DWORD dwConfigId,
   [in] DWORD dwNewValue
);
```

dwConfigId: This is of type DWORD and MUST be set to the following value.

Value	Meaning
0x00010011	Indicates to the DNS name resolution on the RRAS server to not wait for name resolution response from all the adapters.

dwNewValue: This is of type **DWORD** and MUST be set to 0. **Return Values**:

The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x8000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.

No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.4.4 IRemoteICFICSConfig Interface (Opnum 3)

The IRemoteICFICSConfig interface inherits the IUnknown interface, as specified in [MS-DCOM] section 3.1.1.5.8. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown_QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object that uses the UUID {66a2db22-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04}.

This interface is used to query the status of basic firewall and Network Address Translation features on a remote RRAS server.

In these methods, some error codes are implementation-specific and are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
GetIcfEnabled	The GetIcfEnabled method retrieves the status on whether "Basic Firewall" or "Internet Connection Firewall" feature is enabled or not on RRAS server. Opnum: 3
GetIcsEnabled	The GetIcsEnabled method retrieves the status on whether "Network Address Translation (NAT)" or "Internet Connection Sharing" feature is enabled or not on RRAS server. Opnum: 4

3.5.4.4.1 GetIcfEnabled Method (Opnum 3)

The GetIcfEnabled method retrieves the status of whether the "Basic Firewall" or "Internet Connection Firewall" feature is enabled on RRAS server. <371>

```
HRESULT GetIcfEnabled( BOOL * status);
```

Status: This is a pointer to a **BOOL**. The value of the method is either TRUE or FALSE. If TRUE, indicates that basic firewall is enabled on the server. If FALSE, indicates that basic firewall is disabled on the server.

Return Values: The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code, as defined in [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x8000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. All nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.
 No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.4.4.2 GetIcsEnabled Method (Opnum 4)

The GetIcsEnabled method retrieves the status of whether the "Network Address Translation (NAT)" or "Internet Connection Sharing" feature is enabled on RRAS.

```
HRESULT GetIcsEnabled( BOOL * status);
```

Status: A pointer to a **BOOL**. The value of the method is either TRUE or FALSE. If TRUE, indicates that NAT is enabled on the server on at least one connection. If FALSE, indicates that NAT is not enabled on any connection on the server.

Return Values: The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code as defined in the [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x8000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. All nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS method (section 3.5.6.1) specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.
 No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.4.5 IRemoteStringIdConfig Interface (Opnum 3)

The IRemoteStringIdConfig interface inherits the IUnknown interface, as specified in [MS-DCOM] section 3.1.1.5.8. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown_QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object that uses the UUID {67e08fc2-2984-4b62-b92e-fc1aae64bbbb}.

This interface is used to retrieve a detailed error string corresponding to an error.

In these methods, some error codes are implementation-specific and are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
GetStringFromId	The GetStringFromId method returns the string corresponding to the specified string ID.
	Opnum: 3

3.5.4.5.1 GetStringFromId Method (Opnum 3)

The GetStringFromId method returns the string corresponding to the specified string ID.

HRESULT GetStringFromId (UINT stringId, BSTR * pBstrName);

stringId: This is of type **UINT** and MUST be set to one of the values specified in the table below.

pBstrName: This is a localized string of type pointer to BSTR that contains the message that corresponds to the specified stringId.

stringId	pBstrName (in English)
0x64	Remrras
0x67	Remote RRAS configuration
0xc8	Microsoft Routing and Remote Access Service Authentication Servers
0xc9	Microsoft Routing and Remote Access Service Accounting Servers
0xca	Microsoft Routing and Remote Access Service Policy
0xfb	Remrras enables remote RRAS configuration
0xfc	Routing and Remote Access Remote Management
0xfd	Routing and Remote Access Remote Management (DCOM-In)
0xfe	Inbound rule to allow DCOM traffic for Routing and Remote Access (RRAS) to be remotely managed
0x280c	Rules for remote management of Routing and Remote Access (RRAS) through the Routing and Remote Access snap-in
0x12f	Routing and Remote Access Remote management (RPC-In)
0x130	Inbound rule for Routing and Remote Access (RRAS) to be remotely managed by RPC/TCP

Return Values: The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code as defined in the [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x8000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. For protocol

purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures. When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS Method (section 3.5.6.1) specifying the operation and the parameters to enable RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.
 No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.4.6 IRemoteIPV6Config Interface (Opnum 3)

The IRemoteIPV6Config interface inherits the IUnknown interface, as specified in the [MS-DCOM] section 3.1.1.5.8. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown_QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively <374>.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object that uses the UUID {6139d8a4-e508-4ebb-bac7-d7f275145897}.

This interface is used to retrieve IPv6 address information.

In these methods, some error codes are implementation-specific and are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
GetAddressList	The GetAddressList method returns IPv6 address information.
	Opnum: 3

3.5.4.6.1 GetAddressList Method (Opnum 3)

The GetAddressList method retrieves IPv6 addresses on a network adapter associated with a specified interface name and index.

```
HRESULT GetAddressList(
    [in, string] wchar_t *pszInterfaceName,
    [out] DWORD *pdwNumAddresses,
    [out, size_is(, *pdwNumAddresses)] IPV6Address **ppIPV6AddressList,
    [in] DWORD dwIfIndex);
```

pszInterfaceName: This is a wchar string and MUST be set to the name of the network adapter whose IPv6 addresses are to be retrieved.

pdwNumAddresses: If the method call is successful, contains the number of IPv6 addresses in ppIPv6AddressList. If NULL, an ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENTS error is returned.

ppIPV6AddressList: If the method call is successful, contains a pointer to a list of IPv6 addresses on the interface. The value of pdwNumAddresses specifies the number of IPv6 addresses in the list. Each element is of type IPV6Address (section 2.2.5.2.1). If NULL, ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENTS error is returned.

dwIfIndex: A DWORD that contains the interface index value of the interface specified by pszInterfaceName.

Return Values: The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code as defined in the [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x8000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. All nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise return ERROR_SUCCESS.
 No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.4.7 IRemoteSSTPCertCheck Interface (Opnum 3)

The **IRemoteSSTPCertCheck** interface inherits the IUnknown interface, as specified in the <u>[MS-DCOM]</u> section 3.1.1.5.8. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown_QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.<372>

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object that uses the UUID 5ff9bdf6-bd91-4d8b-a614-d6317acc8dd8}.

This interface is used to check **SSTP** certificates.

In these methods, some error codes are implementation-specific and are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR	The CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR method checks the SSTP certificate information. Opnum: 3

3.5.4.7.1 CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR Method (Opnum 3)

The CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR method validates whether the provided certificate is valid for SSTP [MS-SSTP] configuration.

```
HRESULT CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR(
    [in] PCWSTR adminCertName,
    [in, out] PSSTP_CERT_INFO_1 certSha1,
    [in, out] PSSTP_CERT_INFO_1 certSha256
);
```

adminCertName: This is a wide character string that contains the display name of the certificate.

certSha1: A pointer to SHA1 hash of the certificate. The format is as specified in section 2.2.1.2.141.

certSha256: A pointer to SHA256 hash of the certificate. The format is as specified in section 2.2.1.2.141.

At least one of these three parameters MUST have valid information, which means the caller can pass the display name, SHA1 hash, or SHA256 hash of the certificate whose validity is being checked. If the method call is successful and certificate details passed match the configuration, details of the certificate configured are returned in **certSha1** and **certSha256**.

Return Values:

The server MUST return zero if it successfully processes the message. If processing fails, the server MUST return a nonzero HRESULT error code as defined in the [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When processing this call, the RRASM server MUST do the following:

- Call the abstract interface Invoke REMRAS Method specifying the operation and the parameters to enable the RRAS server to perform the required management task.
- Return any error status the RRAS server returns. Otherwise, return ERROR SUCCESS.
- No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol [MS-RPCE].

3.5.5 Timer Events

No protocol timer events are required on the server.

3.5.6 Other Local Events

Apart from the underlying [MS-RPCE] specified events, there are no special events for RRASM. However, the RPC interface interacts with the underlying RRAS implementation through the REMRAS interface.

3.5.6.1 Invoke REMRAS Method

The RRASM server provides the remote management capability to the RRAS implementation. The RRAS implementation refers to the actual task of configuring and providing the routing and remote access functionality that is outside the scope of the RRASM protocol. To keep the implementation aspects separated from the semantics of the RRASM methods, this abstract interface is defined with the RRAS implementation. Any RPC method request received by the RRASM server, after required validations are done by the RRASM server, is passed to the RRAS server through the interface.

As a part of the callback, the opnum and data structures are passed as-is to the RRAS server. The RRAS server performs the actual management task as defined by the semantics of the RRASM method, and returns any information requested on behalf of the remote RRASM client and return the status of the operation requested by the RRASM server (on behalf of the RRASM client). The RRASM server then relays these return values and data back to the remote RRASM client. The RRASM understands the data structures that the RRASM server requires and can process and provide information in the same manner.

3.6 REMRAS Interface Client Details

3.6.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model that an implementation can maintain to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of protocol behavior. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model, as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The client is not required to maintain any information during this protocol.

3.6.2 Timers

No protocol timers are required beyond those used internally by the RPC method to implement resiliency to network outages, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

3.6.3 Initialization

A client MUST initialize by creating an RPC binding handle to one of the interfaces. For more information and a description of how to get a client-side RPC binding handle for an interface, see [MS-DCOM].

No additional initialization is required. The client can call the method of the interfaces immediately after binding.

3.6.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The client does not maintain any state. It MUST send to the server the command that is issued by the application. All error codes are returned directly to the application.

3.6.5 Timer Events

None.

3.6.6 Other Local Events

None.

4 Protocol Examples

4.1 Querying Server Configuration Information

This example illustrates the use of the RPC methods defined in this specification. The methods are used to query the configuration of the RRAS server when there are 128 ports each of PPTP, L2TP, and SSTP.<373> The RRAS server is configured for both routing and remote access.

The client calls the RPC method <u>RMprAdminServerGetInfo</u> (section 3.1.4.1) with the following parameters:

- The <u>DIM HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.6)</u> that the client obtains during initialization (section <u>3.1.3</u>).
- The level of information required. In this example, if the client specifies level 2, it will get the maximum information.
- The pointer to <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1)</u> (*pInfoStruct*) into which the server configuration information would be passed back by the RRAS server.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, it returns ERROR_SUCCESS. Additionally, the following parameter values are updated:

- The dwBufferSize in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) will contain the size of information being passed; in this case, it will be the size of MPR SERVER 2 (section 2.2.1.2.64).
- The pBuffer in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) will contain the pointer to a buffer containing MPR_SERVER_2.
- The dwNumPptpPorts in MPR_SERVER_2 will contain 128, the number of PPTP ports configured on the RRAS server.
- The *dwPptpPortFlags* in MPR_SERVER_2 will contain 0x00000003 because both routing and remote access are configured.
- The dwNumL2tpPorts in MPR_SERVER_2 will contain 128, the number of L2TP ports configured on the RRAS server.
- The dwL2tpPortFlags in MPR_SERVER_2 will contain 0x00000003 because both routing and remote access are configured.
- The dwNumSstpPorts in MPR_SERVER_2 will contain 128, the number of SSTP ports configured on the RRAS server.
- The dwSstpPortFlags in MPR_SERVER_2 will contain 0x00000003 because both routing and remote access are configured.

The client should free the buffer pointed to by *pBuffer* using midl_user_free.

4.2 Disconnecting a Particular User Connection

This example illustrates the use of the RPC methods defined in this specification to enumerate a connection on the RRAS server. This example shows a Windows Server 2008 operating system server when 10 remote access connections are active and one of the clients (foo) has connected from a multilink (2-port) machine that is compliant with the polices on the server [MS-RNAP]. The connection of foo is enumerated and all the ports (2) of that connection are disconnected.

The client calls the RPC method RRasAdminConnectionEnum (section 3.1.4.2) with the following parameters:

- The <u>DIM HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.6)</u> that the client obtains during initialization (section <u>3.1.3</u>).
- The level of information required. In this example, the RRAS server supports level 3.<374>
- The pointer to <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1) (pInfoStruct) that the RRAS server uses to pass the information.
- The dwPreferedMaximumLength is set to -1, so that the buffer returned is large enough to hold all available information.
- The *IpdwResumeHandle* parameter is zero because this is the first call.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, the RRAS server returns ERROR_SUCCESS. Additionally, the following parameter values are updated:

- The dwBufferSize in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1) (pInfoStruct) will contain the size of information being passed; in this case, it will be 10 times the size of RASI CONNECTION 3 (section 2.2.1.2.81).
- The IpdwEntriesRead and IpdwTotalEntries will point to DWORD, which has a value of 10.
- The **pBuffer** in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1) (*pInfoStruct*) will contain a pointer to a 10-element array of RASI_CONNECTION_3.
- The **dwVersion** in RASI_CONNECTION_3 will be 1.
- The dwSize in each instance of RASI_CONNECTION_3 will be the size of RASI_CONNECTION_3 in bytes.
- The **dwConnection** in RASI_CONNECTION_3 will be a unique handle to identify the connection.
- The wszUserName in one of the 10 instances of RASI_CONNECTION_3 will be "foo".
- The dwInterfaceType in RASI_CONNECTION_3 will be ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT.
- The guid in RASI_CONNECTION_3 will be a unique GUID to identify a connection.
- The **PppInfo3** RASI_CONNECTION_3 will contain the PPP information of the connection.
- The rasQuarState in RASI_CONNECTION_3 will be RAS_QUAR_STATE_NORMAL because the client is healthy.
- The timer in RASI CONNECTION 3 will not be valid because the client is healthy.

The client then stores the **dwConnection** in RASI_CONNECTION_3, which has the **wszUserName** "foo" in a local variable *hRasConnection*.

The client should free the buffer pointed to by **pBuffer**.

The client calls the RPC method RRasAdminPortEnum (section 3.1.4.5) with the following parameters:

- The DIM_HANDLE is the same handle that the client obtains earlier during initialization.
- The *dwLevel* is set to 0.
- The *hRasConnection* is the handle that the client obtained in **dwConnection** in RASI_CONNECTION_3 during the previous call RRasAdminConnectionEnum.
- The pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1) (pInfoStruct) that the RRAS servers uses to pass the information.

- The dwPreferedMaximumLength is set to -1, so that the buffer returned is large enough to hold all available information.
- The IpdwResumeHandle parameter is zero because all the information required is present.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, the RRAS server returns ERROR_SUCCESS. Additionally, the following parameter values are updated:

- The dwBufferSize in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1) (pInfoStruct) will contain the size of information being passed; in this case, it will be the size of RASI_PORT_0 (section 2.2.1.2.76).
- The **pBuffer** in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1) (*pInfoStruct*) will contain a pointer to RASI_PORT_0.
- The IpdwEntriesRead will point to a DWORD that contains 2.

The client stores the **dwPort** in each instance of RASI_PORT_0 into a local variable array hPort[2].

The client should free the buffer pointed to by **pBuffer**.

The client then calls the RPC method <u>RRasAdminPortDisconnect</u> (section 3.1.4.9) twice with the following parameters:

- The DIM_HANDLE is the same handle that the client obtains earlier during initialization.
- The hPort[n] handle is obtained previously by calling RRasAdminPortEnum (n = 0,1).

When the client calls the RPC method as described in this section, the method returns ERROR SUCCESS, and the user connection is disconnected.

4.3 Creating a Demand Dial Interface on RRAS with Filters

This example illustrates the use of the RPC methods defined in this specification to create a one-way demand-dial interface named "dd1" on the RRAS on Windows Server 2008. Then, IPv4 filtering is enabled on the demand-dial interface so that the demand dial is triggered whenever packets with the source address 1.1.1.1 reach the RRAS server.

The client updates the phone book file router.pbk under the file path C:\Windows\System32 to comprise the phonebook entry for dd1, see section 4.10 for details.

The client calls the RPC method <u>RRouterInterfaceCreate</u> (section 3.1.4.13) with the following parameters:

- The DIM HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.6) that the client obtains during initialization (section 3.1.3).
- The level of information required. In this example, the client specifies level 0.
- The pointer to <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER</u> (section 2.2.1.2.1) (pInfoStruct) that the RRAS server uses to pass the information.
- The dwBufferSize in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) will contain
 the size of information being passed; in this case, it will be the size of
 MPRI_INTERFACE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.82).
- The pBuffer in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) will contain a pointer to MPRI_INTERFACE_0.
- The wszInterfaceName in the pointer to MPRI_INTERFACE_0 is set to L"dd1".
- The dwIfType in the pointer to MPRI_INTERFACE_0 is set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_HOME_ROUTER.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, it returns ERROR_SUCCESS. Additionally, the following parameter value is updated:

• The *hInterface* specifies a unique identifier of the newly created interface.

The client stores the *hInterface* returned in MPRI_INTERFACE_0 into a local variable *hInterface*.

The client should free the buffer pointed to by **pBuffer**.

The client then calls the RPC method <u>RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd (section 3.1.4.18)</u> to add with the following parameters:

- The DIM_HANDLE that the client obtains during initialization (section 3.1.3).
- The pointer to <u>DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER</u> (*pInfoStruct*) that the RRAS server uses to pass the information.
- The hInterface is the handle to the interface stored locally.
- The dwTransportId will be set to 0x00000021 since IPv4 filters are being added.
- The pointer to DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) that the RRAS server uses to pass the
 information.
- The **fGetInterfaceInfo** in the pointer to DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER (*pInfoStruct*) MUST be set to 0 because the client is setting information.
- The dwInterfaceInfoSize in the pointer to DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) MUST be set to the size of RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER (section 2.2.1.2.3) with one RTR_TOC_ENTRY (section 2.2.1.2.4) and have the quad memory aligned data for MPR_FILTER_0 0x34.
- The pInterfaceInfo in the pointer to DIM_INTERFACE_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) MUST be set to RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER.
- The **Version** in RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER MUST be set to 1.
- The Size MUST be set to 32.
- The TocEntriesCount MUST be set to 1.
- The InfoType of RTR TOC ENTRY MUST be set to IP FILTER ENABLE INFO (0xffff0015).
- The InfoSize in RTR_TOC_ENTRY MUST be set to 20 (TOC entry 16 byte + 4 bytes mprfilter).
- The Count in RTR TOC ENTRY MUST be set to 1.
- The Offset MUST be 16 and MUST point to MPR FILTER 0 (section 2.2.1.2.90).
- The **fEnable** in MPR FILTER 0 is set to 0x00000001 to enable filtering on the RRAS server.

Having enabled filtering on the interface, the client then adds filters on the demand-dial interface. In this example, filtering is enabled on all packets with the source address 1.1.1.1.

The client then calls the RPC method RRouterInterfaceTransportAdd with the following parameters:

- The DIM_HANDLE that the client obtains during initialization (section 3.1.3).
- The pointer to DIM INFORMATION CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) that the RRAS server uses to pass.
- The hInterface is the handle to the interface stored locally.

- The *dwTransportId* will be set to 0x00000021 for IPv4.
- The pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) that the RRAS server uses to pass .
- The **fGetInterfaceInfo** in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (*pInfoStruct*) MUST be set to 0 because the client is setting information.
- The dwInterfaceInfoSize in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) MUST be set to 68 (filter descriptor 40 bytes + TOC entry 16 bytes + RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER -Toc 12 bytes).
- The pInterfaceInfo in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (pInfoStruct) MUST be set to RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER.
- The Version in RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER MUST be set to 1.
- The Size MUST be set to 72 (filter descriptor 40 bytes + TOC entry 32 bytes).
- The **TocEntriesCount** MUST be set to 1.
- The **InfoType** of RTR_TOC_ENTRY MUST be set to 0xffff0009.
- The **InfoSize** in RTR_TOC_ENTRY MUST be set to 40 (the size of the filter descriptor).
- The Count in RTR_TOC_ENTRY MUST be set to 1.
- The Offset MUST be 32 and MUST point to <u>FILTER_DESCRIPTOR</u> (section 2.2.1.2.5).
- The dwVersion in FILTER_DESCRIPTOR is set to 0x00000001.
- The dwNumFilters in FILTER_DESCRIPTOR is set to 0x00000001.
- The faDefaultAction in FILTER DESCRIPTOR is set to 0x00000000.
- The fiFilter MUST contain FILTER INFO (section 2.2.1.2.6).
- The dwSrcAddr in FILTER_INFO is set to 0x01010101 and the rest of the fields in FILTER_INFO are set to 0.

4.4 Enumerating Interfaces and Connecting "dd1"

This example illustrates the use of the RPC methods defined in this specification to enumerate interfaces on the RRAS server that has three demand-dial interfaces and connect dd1.

The client calls the RPC method <u>RRouterInterfaceEnum (section 3.1.4.21)</u> with the following parameters:

- The <u>DIM HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.6)</u> that the client obtains during initialization (section <u>3.1.3</u>).
- The level of information required is set to zero.
- The pointer to <u>DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1)</u> (*pInfoStruct*) into which the information is passed by the RRAS server.
- The dwPreferedMaximumLength is set to -1, so that the buffer returned is large enough to hold all available information.
- The *IpdwResumeHandle* parameter is zero because this is the first call.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, the RRAS server returns ERROR_SUCCESS. Additionally, the following parameter values are updated:

- The **dwBufferSize** in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1) (*pInfoStruct*) will contain the size of information being passed. In this case, it will be three times the size of MPRI_INTERFACE_0 (section 2.2.1.2.82).
- The **pBuffer** in the pointer to DIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.1) (*pInfoStruct*) will contain the pointer to the three-element array of MPRI_INTERFACE_0.
- The *lpdwEntriesRead* and *lpdwTotalEntries* will point to the **DWORD** whose value is 3. The client will attempt to match **wszInterfaceName** of each of the entries of MPRI_INTERFACE_0.

It will store the **dwInterface** of the matched MPRI_INTERFACE_0 in the local variable *hInterface*. After ensuring that the **fEnabled** field is 1, the client calls <u>RRouterInterfaceConnect (section 3.1.4.22)</u> with the following parameters:

- The DIM HANDLE that the client obtains during initialization (section 3.1.3).
- The *hInterface* that the client has stored locally.
- The *hEvent* is set to NULL and *fBlocking* is set to 1 so that the call is blocked until the connection attempt has completed.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, the RRAS server returns ERROR SUCCESS after the connection is successful.

4.5 Querying Interface Status Through MIB

This example illustrates the use of the RPC methods defined in this specification to get the status information for an interface on the RRAS server on which no multicast protocol is running.

The client calls the RPC method RMIBEntryGet (section 3.1.4.30) with the following parameters:

- The <u>DIM_HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.6)</u> that the client obtains during initialization (section <u>3.1.3</u>).
- The *dwPid* specifies the protocol ID that exported the variable (0x00000002) because the status is being requested.
- The dwRoutingPid specifies the routing protocol that exported the variable (10000) IP.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, the RRAS server returns ERROR SUCCESS. Additionally, the following parameter values are updated:

- The pInfoStuct pointer to an opaque data structure DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER (section 2.2.1.2.19).
- The dwMibOutEntrySize in the pointer to DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER.
- The pMibOutEntry in the pointer to DIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER will point to MIB_OPAQUE_INFO (section 2.2.1.2.53).
- The dwId in MIB_OPAQUE_INFO will be set to 0x00000002.
- The **dwIfIndex** in MIB IFSTATUS (section 2.2.1.2.30). The index that identifies the interface.
- The dwAdminStatus will indicate the administrative status as UP.
- The **dwOperationalStatus** will indicate the operational status as UP.
- The bMHbeatActive will be zero.
- The bMHbeatAlive will be zero.

4.6 Updating the Connection Endpoint of an IKEv2-Based Connection

This example illustrates the use of the RPC methods defined in this specification to enumerate a connection on the RRAS server. In this example we consider a Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system when 10 remote access connections are active and one of the clients (user name = joe) has connected using the IKEv2 from a machine that is compliant with the polices on the server [MS-RNAP]. The connection of joe is enumerated and the tunnel endpoint is updated to a different interface identified by interface index.

The client calls the RPC method RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx (section 3.1.4.46) with the following parameters:

- The <u>DIM HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.6)</u> that the client obtains during initialization (section <u>3.1.3</u>).
- The objectHeader contains the pointer to MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL (section 2.2.1.2.130), revision is set to MPRAPI_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT_REVISION_1, type is set to MPRAPI_OBJECT_TYPE_RAS_CONNECTION_OBJECT, and size is set to sizeof(MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL).
- The dwPreferedMaximumLength is set to -1, so that the buffer returned is large enough to hold all available information.
- The *IpdwResumeHandle* parameter is zero as this is the first call.

When the client calls the RPC method as described above, the RRAS server returns ERROR_SUCCESS and additionally the following parameter values are updated:

- The IpdwEntriesRead and IpdNumTotalElements will point to DWORD whose value is 10.
- The pRasConnections will contain pointer to 10 element array RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL.
- The hConnection in RAS CONNECTION EX IDL will be a unique handle to identify the connection.
- The wszUserName in one of the 10 instances of RAS CONNECTION EX IDL will be "joe".
- The dwInterfaceType in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL will be ROUTER_IF_TYPE_CLIENT.
- The guid in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL will be a unique GUID to identify a connection.
- The ProjectionInfo in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL will contain the IKEv2 information of the connection.
- The rasQuarState in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL will be RAS_QUAR_STATE_NORMAL as the client is healthy.

The client then stores the **hConnection** in RAS_CONNECTION_EX_IDL whose wszUserName is "joe" in a local variable **hRasConnection**.

The client should free the buffer pointed to by **pRasConections**.

The client calls the RPC method $\frac{RRasAdminUpdateConnection}{(section 3.1.4.49)}$ with the following parameters:

- The DIM_HANDLE (section 2.2.1.1.6) that the client obtains during initialization (section 3.1.3).
- hDimConnection contains the previously obtained hConnection.
- The pointer to RAS UPDATE CONNECTION IDL (section 2.2.1.2.149) (pServerConfig) which
 contains the interface index of the local interface to which the connection has to be switched.

When the client calls the RPC method as described above, the RRAS server returns ERROR_SUCCESS and the IKEv2 connection is switched to the new interface specified in the interface index.

4.7 Retrieving the Rasrpc Server Version Info

This example illustrates the use of the Rasrpc Interface method RasRpcGetVersion as defined in this specification. The method is used to query the version information of the Rasrpc Server when the version is 6.

The client calls the RPC method RasRpcGetVersion (section 3.3.4.7) with the following parameters:

- The handle to the Rasrpc Server, where the call is to be executed that the client obtains during initialization (section <u>3.3.3</u>)
- The pointer to type DWORD, which on successful function call return contains the version of the Rasrpc server.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, it returns ERROR_SUCCESS. pdwVersion points to DWORD containing 6 as the remote Rasrpc server version.

4.8 Retrieving Device Configuration Information

This example illustrates the use of the Rasrpc Interface method **RasRpcSubmitRequest** with ReqTypes REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO as defined in this specification. The method is used to query all the devices configured on the RRAS server when there are 7 devices on the RRAS - 2 Modem devices, 4 tunnel devices (one each for PPTP, L2TP, SSTP and IKEv2) and 1 PPPoE device.

The client calls the RPC method **RasRpcSubmitRequest** (section <u>3.3.4.5</u>) with the following parameters:

- The handle to the Rasrpc Server where the call is to be executed that the client obtains during initialization (section 3.3.3).
- pRegBuffer parameter is updated as follows:
 - The pReqBuffer buffer is allocated the size of the sum of the size of RequestBuffer and 5000.
 - pReqBuffer.RB_PCBIndex is set to zero.
 - pReqBuffer.RB_Reqtype is set to 95 (REQTYPE_GETDEVICECONFIGINFO)
 - pReqBuffer.RB_Dummy is set to the size of ULONG.
 - pReqBuffer.Done is set to zero.
 - pRegBuffer.Alignment is set to zero.
 - pReqBuffer.RB_Buffer is interpreted as a DeviceConfigInfo structure and following value for DeviceConfigInfo are set:
 - DeviceConfigInfo.dwVersion is set to the version of Rasrpc Server. The version information can be retrieved using RasRpcGetVersion method (section 3.3.4.7)
 - DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer is set to zero.
- The dwcbBufSize is set to the size of pRegBuffer.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, server returns ERROR_SUCCESS. Additionally, the DeviceConfigInfo structure as pointed by pReqBuffer.RB_Buffer is updated as follows:

- DeviceConfigInfo.cEntries will contain 7 as the number of device entries present on the Rasrpc server.
- DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer will contain 3304 as the size of DeviceConfigInfo.abdata buffer needed to contain all the device information.
- DeviceConfigInfo.dwVersion will contain 6 as the version of the Rasrpc server.

If DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer returned size is greater than the passed in DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer size, it implies that the passed in size was not large enough to hold all the devices information in which case, The client should call the **RasRpcSubmitRequest** method again with DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer set to the returned value of DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer in the first call.

If DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer returned size is less than or equal to the passed in DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer size, DeviceConfigInfo.abdata contains an array of RAS_DEVICE_INFO structure containing information for each device on the server.

The client will call the **RasRpcSubmitRequest** method again with DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer set to 3304 and all other parameters being same.

When the client calls the RPC method as described, the server returns ERROR_SUCCESS. Additionally, the **DeviceConfigInfo** structure as pointed by pReqBuffer.RB_Buffer is updated as follows by the server:

- DeviceConfigInfo.cEntries will contain 7 as the number of device entries present on the Rasrpc server.
- DeviceConfigInfo.cbBuffer will contain 3304 as the size of DeviceConfigInfo.abdata buffer needed to contain all the device information.
- DeviceConfigInfo.dwVersion will contain 6 as the version of the Rasrpc server.
- DeviceConfigInfo.abdata points to the array of RAS_DEVICE_INFO structures containing the device information.

The client should free the memory allocated to the pReqBuffer structure.

4.9 Retrieving Specific Port Information

This example illustrates the use of the Rasrpc Interface method RasRpcSubmitRequest with ReqTypes REQTYPE_GETINFO as defined in this specification. The method is used to query the information of a specific port with port identifier 2 which is a SSTP port.

The client calls the RPC method RasRpcSubmitRequest(section 3.3.4.5) with the following parameters:

- The handle to the Rasrpc Server where the call is to be executed that the client obtains during initialization (section 3.3.3)
- pReqBuffer parameter is updated as follows:
 - The pReqBuffer buffer is allocated the size of the sum of the size of RequestBuffer and 5000.
 - pReqBuffer.RB_PCBIndex is set to 2. (Port identifier information for all the available ports on the server can be retrieved using the RasRpcSubmitRequest with ReqTypes as REQTYPE_PORTENUM. RASMAN_PORT_32.P_Port contains the unique port identier for the port.)
 - pRegBuffer.RB_Regtype is set to 22 (REQTYPE_GETINFO)
 - pRegBuffer.RB Dummy is set to the size of ULONG.

- pReqBuffer.Done is set to zero.
- pReqBuffer.Alignment is set to zero.
- The dwcbBufSize is set to the size of pRegBuffer.

When the client calls the RPC method as previously described, the server returns ERROR_SUCCESS. pReqBuffer.RB_Buffer is interpreted as Info structure and contains the port information of the port with port ID 2.

4.10 Sample Phonebook File for a Demand-dial Connection

This example illustrates the settings associated with a Demand-Dial connection "dd1". The description for each key/value pair is given in the following table. The format of the phonebook file is defined in section 2.2.2. The phonebook entry for "dd1" is stored inside the file router.pbk present under the path %windir%\system32\ras on the RRAS server. The following table describes the sample phonebook settings associated with "dd1". The first column in the following table is the sample phonebook file representing the settings for "dd1" connection. The second column is the description of the values for all of the settings.

Phonebook file	Meaning	
[dd1]\LF\CR	Name of the Demand-Dial connection is "dd1"	
Encoding=1\LF\CR	Encoding format is UTF-8	
Type=1\LF\CR	Type of connection is dial-up	
AutoLogon=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
UseRASCredentials=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
LowDateTime=-300171584\LF\CR	Ignored	
HighDateTime=30015653\LF\CR	Ignored	
DialParamsUID=700993612\LF\CR	A unique number	
Guid=ECFE1B3644EBB744A7562E43091795ED\LF\CR	A unique identifier of the Demand-Dial connection "dd1"	
BaseProtocol=1\LF\CR	Ignored	
VpnStrategy=0\LF\CR	Ignored for Modem connection type	
ExcludedProtocols=0\LF\CR	Negotiate IPv4 and IPv6	
LcpExtensions=1\LF\CR	Enable LCP extensions	
DataEncryption=8\LF\CR	Request data encryption	
SwCompression=1\LF\CR	Enable software compression	
NegotiateMultilinkAlways=0\LF\CR	Don't negotiate multilink	
SkipNwcWarning=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
SkipDownLevelDialog=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
SkipDoubleDialDialog=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
DialMode=1\LF\CR	Dial all Modems	

Phonebook file	Meaning	
DialPercent=75\LF\CR	Ignored since DialMode is 1	
DialSeconds=120\LF\CR	Ignored since DialMode is 1	
HangUpPercent=10\LF\CR	Ignored since DialMode is 1	
HangUpSeconds=120\LF\CR	Ignored since DialMode is 1	
OverridePref=32\LF\CR	Read CallbackMode from this entry	
RedialAttempts=0\LF\CR	Redial attempts is set to 0	
RedialSeconds=60\LF\CR	Redial seconds is set to 60	
IdleDisconnectSeconds=300\LF\CR	Idle disconnect seconds is set to 300	
RedialOnLinkFailure=0\LF\CR	Do not redial the connection on link failure	
CallbackMode=0\LF\CR	No callback	
CustomDialDII=\LF\CR	The key does not have a value	
CustomDialFunc=\LF\CR	Ignored	
CustomRRASDialDII=\LF\CR	Ignored	
ForceSecureCompartment=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
DisableIKENameEkuCheck=0\LF\CR	Ignored. This is not applicable since Type is "1".	
AuthenticateServer=0\LF\CR	Server authentication is disabled	
ShareMsFilePrint=0\LF\CR	NetBT is disabled	
BindMsNetClient=0\LF\CR	Microsoft Net client is disabled	
SharedPhoneNumbers=1\LF\CR	Phone numbers are shared for all the subentries	
GlobalDeviceSettings=0\LF\CR	Do not use the device settings present in the phonebook file	
PrerequisiteEntry=\LF\CR	Ignored	
PrerequisitePbk=\LF\CR	Ignored	
PreferredPort=COM3\LF\CR	Preferred port name is "COM3"	
PreferredDevice= Compaq 56K USB External Fax Modem \LF\CR	Preferred device name is "Compaq 56K USB External Fax Modem"	
PreferredBps=115200\LF\CR	Maximum transfer speed is 115200 bits per second for preferred modem	
PreferredHwFlow=1\LF\CR	Hardware flow control is enabled for preferred modem	
PreferredProtocol=1\LF\CR	Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) is enabled for preferred modem	
PreferredCompression=1\LF\CR	Enable hardware compression for preferred modem	
PreferredSpeaker=1\LF\CR	Enable modem speaker for preferred modem	
PreferredMdmProtocol=0\LF\CR	Ignored	

Phonebook file	Meaning	
PreviewUserPw=1\LF\CR	Ignored	
PreviewDomain=1\LF\CR	Ignored	
PreviewPhoneNumber=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
ShowDialingProgress=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
ShowMonitorIconInTaskBar=1\LF\CR	Ignored	
CustomAuthKey=0\LF\CR	Ignored since AuthRestrictions not configured to negotiate EAP	
AuthRestrictions=544\LF\CR	Negotiate authentication protocols Challenge Handshake Protocol (CHAP) and Microsoft Challenge Handshake Protocol Version 2 (MSCHAPv2)	
IpPrioritizeRemote=1\LF\CR	Ignored	
IpInterfaceMetric=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
IpHeaderCompression=1\LF\CR	Enable IPv4 header compression	
IpAddress=0.0.0.0\LF\CR	Ignored since IpAssign is 1	
IpDnsAddress=0.0.0.0\LF\CR	Ignored since IpNameAssign is 1	
IpDns2Address=0.0.0.0\LF\CR	Ignored since IpNameAssign is 1	
IpWinsAddress=0.0.0.0\LF\CR	Ignored since IpNameAssign is 1	
IpWins2Address=0.0.0.0\LF\CR	Ignored since IpNameAssign is 1	
IpAssign=1\LF\CR	RRAS assigns the IPv4 address	
IpNameAssign=3\LF\CR	RRAS assigns the IPv4 DNS and WINS address	
IpDnsFlags=0\LF\CR	Do not register the client IPv4 address with DNS	
IpNBTFlags=0\LF\CR	Disable NetBT	
TcpWindowSize=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
UseFlags=2\LF\CR	Ignored	
IpSecFlags=0\LF\CR	Ignored since Type is 1.	
IpDnsSuffix=\LF\CR	Ignored	
Ipv6PrioritizeRemote=1\LF\CR	Ignored	
Ipv6InterfaceMetric=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
Ipv6NameAssign=1\LF\CR	RRAS assigns the IPv6 DNS address	
Ipv6DnsAddress=::\LF\CR	Ignored since Ipv6NameAssign is 1	
Ipv6Dns2Address=::\LF\CR	Ignored since Ipv6NameAssign is 1	
Ipv6InterfaceId=000000000000000\LF\CR	Ignored	
NETCOMPONENTS=\LF\CR	Ignored	

Phonebook file	Meaning	
ms_msclient=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
ms_server=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
MEDIA=serial\LF\CR	Media name is serial	
Port=COM3\LF\CR	Communication port name is COM3	
Device=Compaq 56K USB External Fax Modem\LF\CR	Device name is "Compaq 56K USB External Fax Modem"	
ConnectBPS=115200\LF\CR	Maximum transfer speed is 115200 bits per second	
DEVICE=switch\LF\CR	Device type is pre-connect switch	
Terminal=1\LF\CR	Display terminal window	
DEVICE=modem\LF\CR	Device type is modem	
PhoneNumber=2006034\LF\CR	Primary local phone number to dial is 2006034	
AreaCode=\LF\CR	Ignored as UseDialingRules is 0	
CountryCode=91\LF\CR	Ignored as UseDialingRules is 0	
CountryID=91\LF\CR	Ignored as UseDialingRules is 0	
UseDialingRules=0\LF\CR	Do not use the dialing rules	
Comment=\LF\CR	Ignored	
FriendlyName=\LF\CR	Ignored	
PhoneNumber=2006035\LF\CR	Alternate local phone number is 2006035	
AreaCode=\LF\CR	Ignored because UseDialingRules is 0	
CountryCode=91\LF\CR	Ignored as UseDialingRules is 0	
CountryID=91\LF\CR	Ignored as UseDialingRules is 0	
UseDialingRules=0\LF\CR	Do not use the dialing rules	
Comment=\LF\CR	Ignored	
FriendlyName=\LF\CR	Ignored	
LastSelectedPhone=0\LF\CR	Ignored	
PromoteAlternates=0\LF\CR	Do not promote alternate numbers	
TryNextAlternateOnFail=1\LF\CR	Try alternate number on failure of the primary number	
HwFlowControl=1\LF\CR	Hardware flow control is enabled	
Protocol=1\LF\CR	Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) is enabled	
Compression=1\LF\CR	Enable hardware compression	
Speaker=0\LF\CR	Disable modem speaker	
MdmProtocol=0\LF\CR	Ignored	

4.11 Registry Configuration

This section describes the sample registry settings for the various RRAS settings configured.

4.11.1 Transport Configuration

The following is a sample registry setting configuration for the IPv4 transport.

Key Name:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\RouterManagers\Ip

Name: ProtocolId

Type: REG DWORD

Data: 0x21

Name: GlobalInfo

Type: REG_BINARY

Data:

```
01 00 00 00 78 00 00 00 - 02 00 00 00 03 00 ff ff ....x......ÿÿ
00000000
00000010
         08 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 - 30 00 00 06 00 ff ff ......ÿÿ
00000020
         34 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 - 38 00 00 00 00 00 00 4.....8.....
          00 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 - 06 00 00 00 02 00 00 00
00000030
         01 00 00 00 16 27 00 00 - 03 00 00 00 17 27 00 00
                                                          00000040
00000050
         05 00 00 00 12 27 00 00 - 07 00 00 00 03 00 00 00
          0a 00 00 00 08 00 00 00 - 78 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
00000060
                                                          . . . . . . . . X . . . . . . .
         00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 -
00000070
```

The GlobalInfo is the RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER structure providing the following information:

GLOBAL_INFO: This specifies the transport configuration for IPv4 – specifically the filtering and logging level.

bFilteringOn: FALSE

dwLoggingLevel: 0x00000001 - Log Errors only.

PRIORITY_INFO: This specifies the priority of the routes added through various methods. The following is the information represented by the GlobalInfo blob. It is organized in terms of the route type and the priority associated with it.

- MIB_IPPROTO_LOCAL 1
- MIB_IPPROTO_NT_STATIC 3
- MIB_IPPROTO_NT_STATIC_NON_DOD 5
- MIB IPPROTO NT AUTOSTATIC 7
- MIB_IPPROTO_NETMGMT 10
- MIB_IPPROTO_RIP 120
- SUB_PROTO_IP_BGP_EBGP 20
- SUB_PROTO_IP_BGP_IBGP 200

4.11.2 Interface Configuration

The following is a sample registry setting showing the IPv4 configuration for a demand dial interface with name RR2.

Key Name: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Interfaces\5

Name: InterfaceName

Type: REG_SZ

Data: RR2

Name: Type

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x2

Name: Enabled

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x1

Key Name:

 $HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE \SYSTEM \Current Control Set \services \Remote Access \Interfaces \SIDE \SYSTEM \Current Control Set \SYSTEM \Current \Current \SYSTEM \Current \Current \SYSTEM \SYSTEM \Current \SYSTEM \Current \SYSTEM \$

Name: ProtocolId

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x21

Name: InterfaceInfo

Type: REG BINARY

Data:

```
00000000
      01 00 00 00 fc 00 00 00 - 04 00 00 00 0a 00 ff ff ....ü......ÿÿ
      8c 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 - 50 00 00 00 04 00 ff ff
00000010
      04 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 - e0 00 00 07 00 ff ff
00000020
                                     .....ÿÿ
00000030
     10 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 - e8 00 00 00 0d 00 ff ff
                                     .....ÿÿ
00000040
      04 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 - f8 00 00 00 00 00 00
                                     00000050
      00000060
                                     . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
      00000070
08000000
      00000090
000000a0
      0d0000b0
      . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
      000000c0
      00 00 00 00 0a 00 00 00 - 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
000000d0
00000000
      01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 - 58 02 a4 01 08 07 00 00 ......x.¤.....
000000f0
      00 00 00 00 00 00 00 - 00 00 00 00
                                     . . . . . . . . . . . .
```

The InterfaceInfo is the RTR_INFO_BLOCK_HEADER specifying the following information:

MCAST_HBEAT_INFO: This specifies the multicast heart beat configuration for the interface. In the preceding configuration, the multicast heart beat is disabled.

bActive: FALSE

The rest of the members of the structure MCAST_HBEAT_INFO are not applicable since it is not active.

INTERFACE_STATUS_INFO: This specifies the administrative status of the interface. In the preceding setting, it is set to IF ADMIN STATUS UP.

dwAdminStatus: IF_ADMIN_STATUS_UP

RTR_DISC_INFO: This specifies the router discovery configuration for the interface. The advertisement is disabled in the preceding interface configuration.

wMaxAdvtInterval: 600 wMinAdvtInterval: 420

wAdvtLifetime: 1800

bAdvertise: FALSE

IPrefLevel: 0

IFFILTER_INFO: This specifies the filter setting for the IP fragments. The specified configuration has

the fragment filtering disabled.

bEnableFragChk: FALSE

4.11.3 Ports Configuration

The following is a sample registry configuration for an SSTP device. The following registry key has the SSTP configured for remote access connections with 128 ports.

Key Name: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Class\{4D36E972-E325-

11CE-BFC1-08002BE10318}\0000

Name: ComponentId

Type: REG_SZ

Data: ms sstpminiport

Name: DriverDesc

Type: REG SZ

Data: WAN Miniport (SSTP)

Name: EnableForRas

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x1

Name: EnableForRouting

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0

Name: EnableForOutboundRouting

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0

Name: MaxWanEndpoints

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x3e8

Name: WanEndpoints

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x80

4.11.4 Other Miscellaneous Configuration Information

The following registry value specifies the RRAS mode configured.

Key Name: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters

Name: RouterType

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x1e

The previous value corresponds to the following enumeration flags.

ROUTER_TYPE_LAN

ROUTER_TYPE_WAN

IPV6_ROUTER_TYPE_RAS

IPV6 ROUTER TYPE LAN

This specifies that for IPv4 LAN routing and demand dial is enabled and remote access connections are not enabled. For IPv6, Remote Access connections are enabled but only LAN routing is enabled.

The following registry information specifies the settings to be used for IKEv2. This specifies an idle timeout value of 5 minutes, retransmission timeout of 30minutes, SA life time of 8 hours, and SA datasize lifetime of 100 MB.

Key Name:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\IKEV2

Name: idleTimeout

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x12c

Name: networkBlackoutTime

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x708

Name: saLifeTime

Type: REG DWORD

Data: 0x7080

Name: saDataSize

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0x19000

The following registry configuration specifies the IPv4 static address pool to be used. The address range configured is from 10.1.1.1 to 10.1.1.100.

Key Name:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip

Name: UseDhcpAddressing

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0

Key Name:

 $\label{local_MACHINE} HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\services\RemoteAccess\Parameters\Ip\StaticAddress\Pool\0$

Name: From

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0xa010101

Name: To

Type: REG_DWORD

Data: 0xa010164

4.12 Querying validity of SSTP certificate

This example illustrates the use of a method in the REMRAS interface defined in this specification. The CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR method (section 3.5.4.7.1) is used to query the configuration of the RRAS server. The RRAS server is configured for SSTP remote access.

The client first calls CoCreateInstance with the UUID of the REMRAS Interface (RemoteRouterConfig) to obtain a pointer to the IUnKnown interface.

After obtaining a pointer to the IUnKnown interface, the client calls the QueryInterface method of the IUnKnown interface with the UUID of the IRemoteSstpCertCheck interface to retrieve a pointer to the IRemoteSstpCertCheck interface.

After a pointer to IRemoteSstpCertCheck interface is obtained, the CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR (section 3.5.4.7) method is called with the following parameters:

- A string containing the display name of the certificate to be validated, passed as adminCertName
- A NULL pointer to SSTP_CERT_INFO_1 (section 2.2.1.2.141), passed as certSha1
- A NULL pointer to SSTP_CERT_INFO_1 (section 2.2.1.2.141), passed as certSha256

When the CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR method is called, the server enumerates all the certificates in the SSTP certificate store [MSFT-CERT] and compares the display name of each with the value passed in adminCertName. If there is no match, the server returns ERROR_NOT_FOUND. If there is a match,

certSha1 and certSha256 are populated with information of SHA1 and SHA256 hashes of the certificate.	
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5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

The RRAS Management Protocol allows any user to establish a connection to the RPC server. The protocol uses the underlying RPC protocol to retrieve the identity of the caller that made the method call as specified in [MS-RPCE]. Clients should create an authenticated RPC connection. Servers should use this identity to perform specific access checks.

5.1.1 Security Considerations Specific to the RRAS Management Protocol

The RRASM data and RRASM operations specified by this implementation should be protected by access checks based on the identity of the RPC client.

Servers implementing this specification should not allow anonymous RPC connections and should protect RRAS access to all data and operations with access control checks based on client identity.

RPC over named pipes should not be used by clients or servers implementing this specification because it is vulnerable to man-in-the-middle attacks. RPC over TCP/IP should be used instead.

Using RPC_C_AUTHN_LEVEL_PKT_PRIVACY as the RPC authentication level provides data confidentiality for the communication between client and server. The server implementing this protocol should support clients requesting RPC_C_AUTHN_LEVEL_PKT_PRIVACY. The server MAY enforce this in order to protect the privacy of the communication between the client and the server.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

Security parameter	SECTION
RPC_C_AUTHN_GSS_NEGOTIATE	Section <u>2.1.1.1</u>

6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full IDL is provided, where "ms-dtyp.idl" refers to the IDL found in [MS-DTYP] Appendix A. The syntax uses the IDL syntax extensions defined in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.4. For example, as noted in [MS-RPCE] section 2.2.4.9, a pointer_default declaration is not required, and pointer_default (unique) is assumed.

```
import "ms-oaut.idl";
#define IN
#define OUT
typedef enum ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE
    ROUTER IF TYPE CLIENT,
    ROUTER IF TYPE HOME ROUTER,
    ROUTER IF TYPE FULL ROUTER,
    ROUTER_IF_TYPE_DEDICATED, ROUTER_IF_TYPE_INTERNAL,
    ROUTER IF TYPE LOOPBACK,
    ROUTER IF TYPE TUNNEL1,
    ROUTER IF TYPE DIALOUT
} ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE;
typedef enum
    ROUTER IF STATE UNREACHABLE,
    ROUTER IF STATE DISCONNECTED,
    ROUTER IF STATE CONNECTING,
ROUTER_IF_STATE_CONNECTED
} ROUTER_CONNECTION_STATE;
typedef enum _RAS_QUARANTINE STATE
    RAS QUAR STATE NORMAL,
    RAS QUAR STATE QUARANTINE,
    RAS QUAR STATE PROBATION,
    RAS QUAR STATE UNKNOWN
} RAS QUARANTINE STATE;
typedef enum _RAS_PORT_CONDITION
    RAS PORT NON OPERATIONAL,
    RAS PORT DISCONNECTED,
    RAS PORT CALLING BACK,
    RAS PORT LISTENING,
    RAS_PORT_AUTHENTICATING,
    RAS PORT AUTHENTICATED,
    RAS PORT INITIALIZING
} RAS PORT CONDITION;
typedef enum RAS HARDWARE CONDITION
    RAS HARDWARE OPERATIONAL,
    RAS HARDWARE FAILURE
RAS HARDWARE CONDITION;
```

```
typedef handle t DIM HANDLE;
typedef enum _FORWARD_ACTION
    FORWARD = 0,
    DROP = 1,
FORWARD ACTION;
typedef enum {
    MIB IPROUTE TYPE OTHER
    MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_INVALID = 2,
MIB_IPROUTE_TYPE_DIRECT = 3,
    MIB IPROUTE TYPE INDIRECT = 4,
} MIB IPFORWARD TYPE;
typedef enum {
    MIB_IPPROTO_OTHER = 1,
    MIB_IPPROTO_LOCAL = 2,
MIB_IPPROTO_NETMGMT = 3,
    MIB IPPROTO ICMP = 4,
    MIB\_IPPROTO\_EGP = 5,
    MIB IPPROTO GGP = 6,
    MIB IPPROTO HELLO = 7,
    MIB_IPPROTO_RIP = 8,
    MIB IPPROTO IS IS = 9,
    MIB IPPROTO ES IS = 10,
    MIB IPPROTO CISCO = 11,
    MIB_IPPROTO_BBN = 12,
MIB_IPPROTO_OSPF = 13,
    MIB IPPROTO BGP = 14,
    MIB IPPROTO NT AUTOSTATIC = 10002,
    MIB_IPPROTO_NT_STATIC = 10006,
    MIB IPPROTO NT STATIC NON DOD = 10007,
} MIB IPFORWARD PROTO;
typedef enum {
    MIB IP FORWARDING
                          = 1,
    MIB IP NOT FORWARDING = 2,
} MIB IPSTATS FORWARDING, *PMIB IPSTATS FORWARDING;
typedef enum {
    MIB_TCP_STATE_CLOSED = 1,
MIB_TCP_STATE_LISTEN = 2,
    MIB TCP STATE SYN SENT = 3,
    MIB\_TCP\_STATE\_SYN\_RCVD = 4,
    MIB TCP STATE ESTAB
    MIB TCP_STATE_FIN_WAIT1 = 6,
    MIB\_TCP\_STATE\_FIN\_WAIT2 = 7,
    MIB_TCP_STATE_CLOSE_WAIT = 8,
    MIB TCP STATE CLOSING
                             = 9,
    MIB TCP STATE LAST ACK = 10,
    MIB TCP STATE TIME WAIT = 11,
    MIB TCP STATE DELETE TCB = 12,
} MIB_TCP_STATE;
```

```
typedef enum {
   MIB TCP RTO OTHER
   MIB TCP RTO CONSTANT = 2,
                         = 3,
   MIB_TCP_RTO_RSRE
                         = 4,
   MIB TCP RTO VANJ
} TCP_RTO_ALGORITHM, *PTCP_RTO ALGORITHM;
// IPv6 Internet address (RFC 2553)
// This is an 'on-wire' format structure.
typedef struct in6 addr {
        union {
                UCHAR
                            Byte[16];
               USHORT
                            Word[8];
        } u;
} IN6 ADDR, *PIN6 ADDR, *LPIN6 ADDR;
typedef struct DIM INFORMATION CONTAINER
   DWORD dwBufferSize;
    [size is(dwBufferSize)] LPBYTE pBuffer;
DIM INFORMATION CONTAINER, *PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER;
// RAS CONNECTION EX structure are redefined in this IDL to make use of versioning:
// All the Versions of RAS CONNECTION EX will be defined here in RPC usable format:
typedef struct MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
    UCHAR
                                revision;
   UCHAR
                                type;
   USHORT
                                size;
}MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL, *PMPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL;
typedef struct _PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1
        // IPv4 Projection Parameters
        DWORD
                                        dwIPv4NegotiationError;
        WCHAR
                                        wszAddress[16];
        WCHAR
                                        wszRemoteAddress[16];
        DWORD
                                        dwIPv4Options;
        DWORD
                                        dwIPv4RemoteOptions;
        ULONG64
                                        IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
        // IPv6 Projection Parameters
        DWORD
                                        dwIPv6NegotiationError;
        UCHAR
                                        bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
        UCHAR
                                        bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
        UCHAR
                                        bPrefix[8];
        DWORD
                                        dwPrefixLength;
        ULONG64
                                        IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
           // LCP Options
        DWORD
                                        dwLcpError;
        DWORD
                                        dwAuthenticationProtocol;
        DWORD
                                        dwAuthenticationData;
        DWORD
                                        dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol;
        DWORD
                                        dwRemoteAuthenticationData;
        DWORD
                                        dwLcpTerminateReason;
        DWORD
                                        dwLcpRemoteTerminateReason;
                                        dwLcpOptions;
        DWORD
        DWORD
                                        dwLcpRemoteOptions;
        DWORD
                                        dwEapTypeId;
        DWORD
                                        dwRemoteEapTypeId;
```

```
// CCP options:
        DWORD
                                        dwCcpError;
        DWORD
                                        dwCompressionAlgorithm;
        DWORD
                                        dwCcpOptions;
        DWORD
                                        dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm;
        DWORD
                                        dwCcpRemoteOptions;
}PPP PROJECTION INFO 1, *PPPP PROJECTION INFO 1;
typedef struct PPP PROJECTION INFO 2
    // IPv4 Projection Parameters
             dwIPv4NegotiationError;
   DWORD
             wszAddress[16];
   WCHAR
   WCHAR
             wszRemoteAddress[16];
    DWORD
             dwIPv4Options;
             dwIPv4RemoteOptions;
   DWORD
   ULONG64 IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
    // IPv6 Projection Parameters
   DWORD
            dwIPv6NegotiationError;
   UCHAR
             bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
   UCHAR
             bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
   UCHAR
             bPrefix[8];
    DWORD
             dwPrefixLength;
   ULONG64 IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
    // LCP Options
    DWORD
             dwLcpError;
    DWORD
              dwAuthenticationProtocol;
    DWORD
              dwAuthenticationData;
    DWORD
             dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol;
    DWORD
              dwRemoteAuthenticationData;
    DWORD
              dwLcpTerminateReason;
   DWORD
             dwLcpRemoteTerminateReason;
    DWORD
              dwLcpOptions;
    DWORD
             dwLcpRemoteOptions;
   DWORD
             dwEapTypeId;
    DWORD
             dwEmbeddedEAPTypeId;
   DWORD
             dwRemoteEapTypeId;
    // CCP options:
    DWORD
            dwCcpError;
    DWORD
              dwCompressionAlgorithm;
    DWORD
              dwCcpOptions;
    DWORD
             dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm;
    DWORD
              dwCcpRemoteOptions;
PPP PROJECTION INFO 2, *PPPP PROJECTION INFO 2;
typedef struct IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1
{
        DWORD
                                        dwIPv4NegotiationError;
        WCHAR
                                        wszAddress[16];
        WCHAR
                                        wszRemoteAddress[16];
        ULONG64
                                        IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
        DWORD
                                        dwIPv6NegotiationError;
        UCHAR
                                        bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
        UCHAR
                                        bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
        UCHAR
                                        bPrefix[8];
        DWORD
                                        dwPrefixLength;
        ULONG64
                                        IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
```

```
DWORD
                                      dwOptions;
       DWORD
                                      dwAuthenticationProtocol;
       DWORD
                                      dwEapTypeId;
       DWORD
                                      dwCompressionAlgorithm;
       DWORD
                                      dwEncryptionMethod;
} IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1, *PIKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 1;
typedef struct IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 2
   DWORD
             dwIPv4NegotiationError;
   WCHAR
            wszAddress[16];
   WCHAR
             wszRemoteAddress[16];
   ULONG64
            IPv4SubInterfaceIndex;
   DWORD
            dwIPv6NegotiationError;
   UCHAR
            bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
   UCHAR
            bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
   UCHAR
            bPrefix[8];
   DWORD
            dwPrefixLength;
   ULONG64 IPv6SubInterfaceIndex;
   DWORD
            dwOptions;
   DWORD
             dwAuthenticationProtocol;
   DWORD
             dwEapTypeId;
   DWORD
             dwEmbeddedEAPTypeId;
   DWORD
             dwCompressionAlgorithm;
   DWORD
             dwEncryptionMethod;
IKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 2, *PIKEV2 PROJECTION INFO 2;
typedef union PROJECTION INFO IDL 1 switch (UCHAR projectionInfoType) ProjectionInfoObject
   case 1:
      PPP PROJECTION INFO 1
                                PppProjectionInfo;
   case 2:
       } PROJECTION INFO IDL 1;
typedef struct PROJECTION INFO IDL 1 *PPROJECTION INFO IDL 1;
typedef union PROJECTION INFO IDL 2 switch (UCHAR projectionInfoType) ProjectionInfoObject
   case 1:
       PPP PROJECTION INFO 2
                                PppProjectionInfo;
   case 2:
       }PROJECTION INFO IDL 2, *PPROJECTION INFO IDL 2;
typedef struct RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL{
       MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
                                  Header;
       DWORD
                                  dwConnectDuration;
       ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE
                                  dwInterfaceType;
       DWORD
                                  dwConnectionFlags;
       WCHAR
                                  wszInterfaceName[257];
       WCHAR
                                  wszUserName[257];
       WCHAR
                                  wszLogonDomain[16];
       WCHAR
                                  wszRemoteComputer[17];
                                  quid;
       RAS QUARANTINE STATE
                                  rasQuarState;
       // Probation time
```

```
FILETIME
                                     probationTime;
        DWORD
                                     dwBytesXmited;
        DWORD
                                     dwBytesRcved;
        DWORD
                                     dwFramesXmited;
        DWORD
                                     dwFramesRcved;
        DWORD
                                     dwCrcErr:
        DWORD
                                     dwTimeoutErr;
        DWORD
                                     dwAlignmentErr;
        DWORD
                                     dwHardwareOverrunErr;
        DWORD
                                     dwFramingErr;
        DWORD
                                     dwBufferOverrunErr;
        DWORD
                                     dwCompressionRatioIn;
        DWORD
                                     dwCompressionRatioOut;
        // Currently valid only for IKEV2:
        DWORD
                                     dwNumSwitchOvers;
        // Endpoint Information
        WCHAR
                                     wszRemoteEndpointAddress[65];
        WCHAR
                                    wszLocalEndpointAddress[65];
        PROJECTION INFO IDL 1
                                    ProjectionInfo;
        ULONG
                                     hConnection;
        ULONG
                                     hInterface;
} RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL, *PRAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL;
typedef union RAS CONNECTION EX IDL switch (UCHAR revision) ConnObject
    case 1: // RAS CONNECTION EX with version 1: (MPRAPI RAS CONNECTION OBJECT REVISION 1)
        RAS CONNECTION EX 1 IDL
                                  RasConnection1;
} RAS CONNECTION EX IDL;
typedef struct RAS CONNECTION EX IDL *PRAS CONNECTION EX IDL;
typedef struct RAS CONNECTION 4 IDL
    DWORD
                                dwConnectDuration;
   ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE
                                dwInterfaceType;
    DWORD
                                dwConnectionFlags;
    WCHAR
                                wszInterfaceName[257];
    WCHAR
                                wszUserName[257];
    WCHAR
                                wszLogonDomain[16];
    WCHAR
                                wszRemoteComputer[17];
    GUID
                                quid;
    RAS QUARANTINE STATE
                                rasQuarState;
    // Probation time
    FILETIME
                                probationTime;
    // Connection start time
    FILETIME
                                connectionStartTime;
    DWORD
                                dwBytesXmited;
    DWORD
                                 dwBytesRcved;
    DWORD
                                 dwFramesXmited;
    DWORD
                                dwFramesRcved;
    DWORD
                                 dwCrcErr;
    DWORD
                                dwTimeoutErr;
    DWORD
                                dwAlignmentErr;
    DWORD
                                dwHardwareOverrunErr;
    DWORD
                                dwFramingErr;
    DWORD
                                dwBufferOverrunErr;
                                dwCompressionRatioIn;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                                dwCompressionRatioOut;
```

```
// Currently valid only for IKEV2:
                                dwNumSwitchOvers;
    // Endpoint Information
    WCHAR
                                wszRemoteEndpointAddress[65];
    WCHAR
                                wszLocalEndpointAddress[65];
    PROJECTION INFO IDL 2
                                ProjectionInfo;
    ULONG
                                hConnection;
    ULONG
                                hInterface;
    // VPN Device type
                               dwDeviceType;
    DWORD
RAS CONNECTION 4 IDL, *PRAS CONNECTION 4 IDL;
typedef struct CERT BLOB 1
    DWORD cbData;
    [size is(cbData)] BYTE * pbData;
}CERT BLOB 1, *PCERT BLOB 1;
typedef struct _CERT_EKU_1
{
    DWORD dwSize;
    BOOL ISEKUOID;
    [size is(dwSize)] WCHAR *pwszEKU;
}CERT EKU 1,*PCERT EKU 1;
typedef struct IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
    DWORD
                                dwIdleTimeout;
    DWORD
                                dwNetworkBlackoutTime;
    DWORD
                                dwSaLifeTime;
    DWORD
                                dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation;
    DWORD
                               dwConfigOptions;
    DWORD
                              dwTotalCertificates;
    [size is(dwTotalCertificates)] CERT BLOB 1* certificateNames;
} IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1, *PIKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1;
typedef struct _ROUTER_CUSTOM_IKEv2 POLICY 0
         Integrity method plumbed in IKE policy
    DWORD dwIntegrityMethod;
        Encryption method plumbed in IKE policy
    DWORD dwEncryptionMethod;
        ESP cipher plumbed in Ipsec policy
    DWORD dwCipherTransformConstant;
         AH Auth transform plumbed in Ipsec policy
    DWORD dwAuthTransformConstant;
        PFS group plumbed in Ipsec policy
    DWORD dwPfsGroup;
         DH group plumbed in IKE policy
    DWORD dwDhGroup;
}ROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2 POLICY 0, *PROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2 POLICY 0, ROUTER CUSTOM L2TP POLICY 0,
*PROUTER CUSTOM L2TP POLICY 0;
typedef struct ROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 0
           Lifetime of a security association (SA), in seconds,
     //
           after which the SA is no longer valid [RFC 4306].
```

```
DWORD dwSaLifeTime;
          Number of kilobytes that are allowed to transfer using an SA.
         After that, the SA will be renegotiated [RFC 4306].
    DWORD dwSaDataSize;
          SubjecName of the certificate to be used in default store
         for machine certificate authentication.
   CERT BLOB 1 certificateName;
    //
         Custom IKEv2 Policy
    PROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2_POLICY_0 customPolicy;
PROUTER IKEV2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 0, *PROUTER IKEV2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 0;
typedef struct ROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 1 {
  DWORD dwSaLifeTime;
  DWORD dwSaDataSize;
  CERT BLOB 1 certificateName;
  PROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2 POLICY 0 customPolicy;
  CERT BLOB 1 certificateHash;
} ROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 1,
 *PROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 1;
typedef struct MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 0 {
    MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL Header;
                                dwFlags;
    ROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 0 customIkev2Config;
}MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0, *PMPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0;
typedef struct _MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 {
   MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL Header;
  DWORD dwFlags;
 ROUTER IKEv2 IF CUSTOM CONFIG 1 customIkev2Config;
} MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 1,
 *PMPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 1;
typedef union _MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL switch (UCHAR revision) IfCustomConfigObject
    case 1:
       MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 0
                                 IfConfigObj1;
    case 2:
        MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX 1
                                 IfConfigObj2;
}MPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX IDL, *PMPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX IDL;
typedef struct IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 {
    DWORD
                                dwIdleTimeout;
    DWORD
                                dwNetworkBlackoutTime;
    DWORD
                                dwSaLifeTime;
    DWORD
                                dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation;
    DWORD
                                dwConfigOptions;
                                dwTotalCertificates;
    DWORD
    [size is(dwTotalCertificates)] CERT BLOB 1* certificateNames;
         SubjecName of the certificate to be used in default store
         for machine certificate authentication.
    CERT_BLOB_1
                   machineCertificateName;
    DWORD
                                dwEncryptionType;
    ROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2 POLICY 0* customPolicy;
IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2, *PIKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2;
typedef struct _IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 {
                                dwIdleTimeout;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                                 dwNetworkBlackoutTime;
    DWORD
                                dwSaLifeTime:
    DWORD
                                dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation;
    DWORD
                                dwConfigOptions;
```

```
DWORD
                                dwTotalCertificates;
    [size is(dwTotalCertificates)] CERT BLOB 1* certificateNames;
          SubjectName of the certificate to be used in default store
         for machine certificate authentication.
    CERT BLOB 1 machineCertificateName;
    DWORD
                                dwEncryptionType;
    ROUTER CUSTOM IKEv2 POLICY 0* customPolicy;
                                dwTotalEkus;
                               CERT EKU 1* certificateEKUs;
    [size is(dwTotalEkus)]
                                machineCertificateHash;
    CERT BLOB 1
IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3, *PIKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3;
typedef struct L2TP TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
                              dwIdleTimeout;
    // encryption type to be used for L2TP
                             dwEncryptionType;
    DWORD
                             dwSaLifeTime;
    DWORD
                             dwSaDataSizeForRenegotiation;
    PROUTER CUSTOM L2TP POLICY 0 customPolicy;
}L2TP TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1, *PL2TP TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1;
typedef struct IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
    DWORD
                                    dwNumPorts;
    DWORD
                                    dwPortFlags;
    DWORD
                                    dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
    IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                    TunnelConfigParams;
} IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1, *PIKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1;
typedef struct IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 2 {
    DWORD
                                    dwNumPorts;
    DWORD
                                    dwPortFlags;
    DWORD
                                    dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
    IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2
                                    TunnelConfigParams;
IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 2, *PIKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 2;
typedef struct IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 3 {
    DWORD
                                    dwNumPorts;
    DWORD
                                    dwPortFlags;
                                    dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
    DWORD
    IKEV2 TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3
                                    TunnelConfigParams;
IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 3, *PIKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 3;
typedef struct PPTP CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
    DWORD
                                dwNumPorts;
    DWORD
                                dwPortFlags;
}PPTP CONFIG PARAMS 1, *PPPTP CONFIG PARAMS 1;
typedef struct L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
    DWORD
                                dwNumPorts;
    DWORD
                                dwPortFlags;
}L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1, *PL2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1;
typedef struct L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 2 {
```

```
DWORD
                                dwNumPorts;
    DWORD
                                dwPortFlags:
    DWORD
                                dwTunnelConfigParamFlags;
    L2TP TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                                     TunnelConfigParams;
}L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 2, *PL2TP CONFIG PARAMS 2;
#define MAX SSTP HASH SIZE
                                 32
typedef struct SSTP CERT INFO 1
    BOOL
                           isDefault;
    CERT BLOB 1
                           certBlob;
}SSTP CERT INFO 1, *PSSTP CERT INFO 1;
typedef struct SSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
    DWORD
                                  dwNumPorts;
    DWORD
                                  dwPortFlags;
   BOOT.
                                  isUseHttps;
                                  certAlgorithm; // Always CALG SHA 256
    DWORD
    SSTP CERT INFO 1
                                  sstpCertDetails;
}SSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1, *PSSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1;
typedef struct MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 {
    IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                  IkeConfigParams;
    PPTP CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                  PptpConfigParams;
   L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                 L2tpConfigParams;
    SSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                  SstpConfigParams;
}MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1, *PMPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1;
typedef struct MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 {
    IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 2
                                  IkeConfigParams;
    PPTP CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                  PptpConfigParams;
    L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                  L2tpConfigParams;
                                  SstpConfigParams;
    SSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1
}MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2, *PMPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2;
typedef struct MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3 {
   IKEV2 CONFIG PARAMS 3
                                  IkeConfigParams;
    PPTP CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                  PptpConfigParams;
   L2TP CONFIG PARAMS 2
                                 L2tpConfigParams;
    SSTP CONFIG PARAMS 1
                                  SstpConfigParams;
}MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3, *PMPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3;
// MPR SERVER EX structure are redified in this IDL to make use of versioning:
// All the Versions of MPR_SERVER EX will be defined here in RPC usable format:
typedef struct _MPR_SERVER_EX_1
    MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
                                    Header;
    BOOL
                                    fLanOnlyMode;
```

```
DWORD
                                    dwUpTime;
    DWORD
                                    dwTotalPorts;
    DWORD
                                    dwPortsInUse;
    DWORD
                                    Reserved; // Added so that the structure is 8 byte
aligned
    MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 ConfigParams;
}MPR SERVER EX 1, *PMPR SERVER EX 1;
typedef struct MPR SERVER EX 2
    MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
                                    Header;
    BOOT
                                    fLanOnlyMode;
    DWORD
                                    dwUpTime;
    DWORD
                                    dwTotalPorts;
    DWORD
                                    dwPortsInUse;
    DWORD
                                    Reserved; // Added so that the structure is 8 byte
aligned
    MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2 ConfigParams;
}MPR SERVER EX 2, *PMPR SERVER EX 2;
typedef struct MPR SERVER EX 3
    MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
                                    Header;
   BOOL
                                    fLanOnlyMode;
    DWORD
                                    dwUpTime;
    DWORD
                                    dwTotalPorts;
    DWORD
                                    dwPortsInUse;
    DWORD
                                    Reserved; // Added so that the structure is 8 byte
aligned
   MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3 ConfigParams;
}MPR_SERVER_EX_3, *PMPR_SERVER EX 3;
typedef union MPR SERVER EX IDL switch (UCHAR revision) ServerConfigObject
    case 1:
       MPR SERVER EX 1
                            ServerConfig1;
    case 2:
       MPR SERVER_EX_2
                            ServerConfig2;
    case 3:
       MPR SERVER EX 3
                            ServerConfig3;
}MPR SERVER EX IDL:
typedef struct MPR SERVER EX IDL *PMPR SERVER EX IDL;
typedef struct MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1
    MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL
                                    Header;
                                    setConfigForProtocols;
    MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 1 ConfigParams;
}MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1, *PMPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1;
typedef struct MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 2
    MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
                                    Header;
                                    setConfigForProtocols;
    DWORD
    MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 2
                                   ConfigParams;
}MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 2, *PMPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 2;
typedef struct MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 3
    MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
                                    Header;
                                    setConfigForProtocols;
    DWORD
    MPRAPI TUNNEL CONFIG PARAMS 3
                                   ConfigParams;
}MPR SERVER SET CONFIG_EX_3, *PMPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3;
```

```
typedef union MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX IDL switch (UCHAR revision) ServerSetConfigObject
    case 1:
       MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1
                                       ServerSetConfig1;
    case 2:
      MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 2
                                      ServerSetConfig2;
    case 3:
       MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 3
                                       ServerSetConfig3;
}MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX IDL;
typedef struct MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX IDL *PMPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX IDL;
typedef struct RAS UPDATE CONNECTION 1 IDL
   MPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL Header;
    DWORD dwIfIndex;
    WCHAR wszRemoteEndpointAddress[ 65 ];
    } RAS UPDATE CONNECTION 1 IDL;
typedef struct RAS UPDATE CONNECTION 1 IDL *PRAS UPDATE CONNECTION 1 IDL;
typedef union RAS UPDATE CONNECTION IDL switch (UCHAR revision) UpdateConnection
    case 1: // MPR SERVER UPDATE CONNECTION EX with version 1:
(MPRAPI RAS UPDATE CONNECTION OBJECT REVISION 1)
       RAS UPDATE CONNECTION 1 IDL
                                    UpdateConnection1;
    // New ones update here
} RAS UPDATE CONNECTION IDL;
typedef struct RAS UPDATE CONNECTION IDL *PRAS UPDATE CONNECTION IDL;
typedef struct _DIM_INTERFACE CONTAINER
{
    DWORD
           fGetInterfaceInfo;
    DWORD
           dwInterfaceInfoSize;
    [size is(dwInterfaceInfoSize)] LPBYTE pInterfaceInfo;
    DWORD fGetGlobalInfo;
    DWORD dwGlobalInfoSize;
    [size is(dwGlobalInfoSize)]
                                   LPBYTE pGlobalInfo;
DIM INTERFACE CONTAINER, *PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER;
typedef struct RTR TOC ENTRY
   ULONG
            InfoType;
   ULONG
           InfoSize;
   ULONG
            Count;
   ULONG
            Offset;
RTR TOC ENTRY, *PRTR TOC ENTRY;
typedef struct RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER
    ULONG
              Version;
   ULONG
              Size;
    ULONG
             TocEntriesCount;
   RTR TOC ENTRY TocEntry[1];
                                 //1 is a placeholder for TocEntriesCount
RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER, *PRTR INFO BLOCK HEADER;
typedef struct _FILTER_INFO
```

```
{
    DWORD
           dwSrcAddr;
           dwSrcMask;
    DWORD
    DWORD
           dwDstAddr;
           dwDstMask;
    DWORD
    DWORD
           dwProtocol;
   DWORD
           fLateBound:
    WORD
           wSrcPort;
    WORD
           wDstPort;
FILTER INFO, *PFILTER INFO;
typedef struct _FILTER_DESCRIPTOR
{
    DWORD
                    dwVersion;
    DWORD
                    dwNumFilters;
    FORWARD ACTION faDefaultAction;
                                     //1 is a placeholder for dwNumFilters
   FILTER INFO
                   fiFilter[1];
FILTER DESCRIPTOR, *PFILTER DESCRIPTOR;
typedef struct _FILTER_INFO_V6
    BYTE
              ipv6SrcAddr[16];
              dwSrcPrefixLength;
ipv6DstAddr[16];
    DWORD
   BYTE
    DWORD
               dwDstPrefixLength;
    DWORD
               dwProtocol;
    DWORD
               fLateBound;
    WORD
               wSrcPort;
   WORD
               wDstPort;
FILTER INFO V6, *PFILTER INFO V6;
typedef struct _FILTER_DESCRIPTOR_V6
    DWORD
                   dwVersion;
                   dwNumFilters;
    DWORD
   FORWARD ACTION faDefaultAction;
   FILTER INFO V6 fiFilter[1];
                                    //1 is a placeholder for dwNumFilters
FILTER DESCRIPTOR V6, *PFILTER DESCRIPTOR V6;
typedef struct GLOBAL INFO
    IN OUT BOOL
                   bFilteringOn;
   IN OUT DWORD
                   dwLoggingLevel;
GLOBAL INFO, *PGLOBAL INFO;
typedef struct _INTERFACE ROUTE INFO
   union
        struct
        { // IPv4 specific
            DWORD dwRtInfoDest;
            DWORD
                       dwRtInfoMask;
            DWORD
                       dwRtInfoPolicy;
            DWORD
                      dwRtInfoNextHop;
            DWORD
                      dwRtInfoAge;
            DWORD
                       dwRtInfoNextHopAS;
            DWORD
                       dwRtInfoMetric1;
            DWORD
                      dwRtInfoMetric2;
            DWORD
                       dwRtInfoMetric3;
```

```
struct
        { // IPv6 specific
            IN6_ADDR DestinationPrefix;
            DWORD DestPrefixLength;
IN6 ADDR NextHopAddress;
ULONG ValidLifeTime;
            ULONG Vall.
Flags;
            ULONG
                       Metric;
        };
    };
              dwRtInfoIfIndex;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               dwRtInfoType;
               dwRtInfoProto;
    DWORD
    DWORD
              dwRtInfoPreference;
    DWORD
               dwRtInfoViewSet;
    BOOL
               bV4;
INTERFACE ROUTE INFO, *PINTERFACE ROUTE INFO;
typedef struct PROTOCOL METRIC
    IN OUT DWORD dwProtocolId;
    IN OUT DWORD dwMetric;
PROTOCOL METRIC, *PPROTOCOL METRIC;
typedef struct PRIORITY INFO
    TN OUT DWORD
                          dwNumProtocols;
   IN OUT PROTOCOL METRIC ppmProtocolMetric[1];
PRIORITY INFO, *PPRIORITY INFO;
typedef struct _PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX
    IN OUT DWORD
                  dwProtocolId;
                  dwSubProtocolId;
   IN OUT DWORD
    IN OUT DWORD dwMetric;
}PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX, *PPROTOCOL_METRIC_EX;
typedef struct PRIORITY INFO EX
    IN OUT DWORD
                           dwNumProtocols;
    IN OUT PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX ppmProtocolMetric[1];
}PRIORITY INFO EX, *PPRIORITY INFO EX;
typedef struct _RTR_DISC_INFO
                          wMaxAdvtInterval;
wMinAdvtInterval;
    IN OUT WORD
   IN OUT WORD
   IN OUT WORD
                           wAdvtLifetime;
    IN OUT BOOL
                           bAdvertise;
    IN OUT LONG
                            lPrefLevel;
RTR DISC INFO, *PRTR DISC INFO;
#define MAX GROUP LEN 64
typedef struct _MCAST_HBEAT_INFO
    WCHAR
              pwszGroup[MAX_GROUP_LEN];
```

```
BOOL
              bActive;
    ULONG
               ulDeadInterval;
   BYTE
               byProtocol;
    WORD
               wPort;
MCAST HBEAT INFO, *PMCAST HBEAT INFO;
typedef struct
    DWORD dwTtl;
    DWORD dwRateLimit;
MIB MCAST LIMIT ROW, *PMIB MCAST LIMIT ROW;
typedef struct IPINIP CONFIG INFO
    DWORD dwRemoteAddress;
    DWORD
           dwLocalAddress;
   BYTE byTtl;
IPINIP CONFIG INFO, *PIPINIP CONFIG INFO;
typedef struct INTERFACE STATUS INFO
   IN OUT DWORD dwAdminStatus;
INTERFACE STATUS INFO, *PINTERFACE STATUS INFO;
typedef struct _DIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER
    DWORD dwMibInEntrySize;
    [size is(dwMibInEntrySize)] LPBYTE pMibInEntry;
    DWORD dwMibOutEntrySize;
    [size is(dwMibOutEntrySize)] LPBYTE pMibOutEntry;
DIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER, *PDIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER;
typedef struct MIB IPFORWARDROW {
   DWORD dwForwardDest;
    DWORD dwForwardMask;
    DWORD dwForwardPolicy;
    DWORD dwForwardNextHop;
    DWORD dwForwardIfIndex;
    union {
        DWORD dwForwardType;
       MIB_IPFORWARD_TYPE ForwardType;
    };
    union {
       WORD dwForwardProto;
       MIB IPFORWARD PROTO ForwardProto;
    };
    DWORD dwForwardAge;
    DWORD dwForwardNextHopAS;
    DWORD dwForwardMetric1;
    DWORD dwForwardMetric2;
   DWORD dwForwardMetric3;
   DWORD dwForwardMetric4;
   DWORD dwForwardMetric5;
} MIB IPFORWARDROW,
  *PMIB IPFORWARDROW;
typedef struct _MIB_IPDESTROW
```

```
MIB IPFORWARDROW ForwardRow;
            dwForwardPreference;
dwForwardViewSet;
    DWORD
}MIB IPDESTROW, *PMIB IPDESTROW;
typedef struct MIB IPDESTTABLE
   DWORD
                     dwNumEntries;
   MIB IPDESTROW table[1];
                                       //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
}MIB_IPDESTTABLE, *PMIB_IPDESTTABLE;
typedef struct _MIB_ROUTESTATE
   BOOL
              bRoutesSetToStack;
}MIB ROUTESTATE, *PMIB ROUTESTATE;
typedef struct MIB BEST IF {
    DWORD dwDestAddr;
    DWORD dwIfIndex;
} MIB_BEST_IF, *PMIB_BEST_IF;
typedef struct {
   DWORD dwGroupAddress;
   DWORD dwGroupMask;
} MIB BOUNDARYROW,
*PMIB BOUNDARYROW;
typedef struct MIBICMPSTATS {
   DWORD dwMsqs;
    DWORD dwErrors;
    DWORD dwDestUnreachs;
   DWORD dwTimeExcds;
    DWORD dwParmProbs;
    DWORD dwSrcQuenchs;
    DWORD dwRedirects;
   DWORD dwEchos;
    DWORD dwEchoReps;
    DWORD dwTimestamps;
    DWORD dwTimestampReps;
    DWORD dwAddrMasks;
    DWORD dwAddrMaskReps;
} MIBICMPSTATS;
typedef struct MIBICMPINFO {
   MIBICMPSTATS icmpInStats;
   MIBICMPSTATS icmpOutStats;
} MIBICMPINFO;
typedef struct _MIB_ICMP {
   MIBICMPINFO stats;
} MIB ICMP,
*PMIB ICMP;
typedef struct MIB IFNUMBER {
   DWORD dwValue;
```

```
} MIB IFNUMBER,
*PMIB IFNUMBER;
typedef struct _MIB_IFROW {
    WCHAR wszName[256];
   DWORD dwIndex;
    DWORD dwType;
    DWORD dwMtu;
   DWORD dwSpeed;
   DWORD dwPhysAddrLen;
    BYTE bPhysAddr[8];
    DWORD dwAdminStatus;
   DWORD dwOperStatus;
    DWORD dwLastChange;
    DWORD dwInOctets;
    DWORD dwInUcastPkts;
   DWORD dwInNUcastPkts;
    DWORD dwInDiscards;
    DWORD dwInErrors;
   DWORD dwInUnknownProtos;
    DWORD dwOutOctets;
    DWORD dwOutUcastPkts;
    DWORD dwOutNUcastPkts;
    DWORD dwOutDiscards;
    DWORD dwOutErrors;
    DWORD dwOutQLen;
   DWORD dwDescrLen;
    BYTE bDescr[256]; // 256, placeholder for dwDescrLen
} MIB IFROW;
typedef struct _MIB_IFSTATUS {
    DWORD dwIfIndex;
    DWORD dwAdminStatus;
    DWORD dwOperationalStatus;
   BOOL bMHbeatActive;
   BOOL bMHbeatAlive;
} MIB IFSTATUS,
*PMIB IFSTATUS;
typedef struct MIB IFTABLE {
    DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB IFROW table[1];
                            //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
} MIB IFTABLE, *PMIB IFTABLE;
typedef struct MIB IPADDRROW {
   DWORD dwAddr;
    DWORD dwIndex;
   DWORD dwMask;
    DWORD dwBCastAddr;
    DWORD dwReasmSize;
   unsigned short unused1;
   unsigned short wType;
} MIB_IPADDRROW,
*PMIB IPADDRROW;
typedef struct MIB IPADDRTABLE {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB IPADDRROW table[1]; //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
} MIB IPADDRTABLE,
*PMIB IPADDRTABLE;
```

```
typedef struct MIB IPFORWARDNUMBER {
   DWORD dwValue;
} MIB IPFORWARDNUMBER,
*PMIB IPFORWARDNUMBER;
typedef struct MIB IPFORWARDTABLE {
    DWORD dwNumEntries;
    MIB IPFORWARDROW table[1];
                               //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
   BYTE reserved[8];
} MIB IPFORWARDTABLE,
*PMIB IPFORWARDTABLE;
typedef struct {
   DWORD dwIfIndex;
   DWORD dwGroupAddress;
   DWORD dwGroupMask;
   DWORD dwStatus;
} MIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY,
*PMIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY;
typedef struct {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY table[1];
                                     //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
} MIB_IPMCAST_BOUNDARY_TABLE,
*PMIB IPMCAST BOUNDARY TABLE;
typedef struct MIB IPMCAST GLOBAL {
  DWORD dwEnable;
} MIB IPMCAST GLOBAL,
*PMIB IPMCAST GLOBAL;
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_IF_ENTRY
    DWORD dwIfIndex;
    DWORD dwTtl;
   DWORD dwProtocol;
    DWORD dwRateLimit;
    ULONG ulInMcastOctets;
   ULONG ulOutMcastOctets;
MIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY, *PMIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY;
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_IF_TABLE {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB IPMCAST IF ENTRY table[1]; //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
} MIB IPMCAST IF TABLE,
*PMIB IPMCAST IF TABLE;
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_OIF {
   DWORD dwOutIfIndex;
    DWORD dwNextHopAddr;
   PVOID pvReserved;
```

```
DWORD dwReserved;
} MIB IPMCAST OIF,
*PMIB IPMCAST OIF;
typedef struct _MIB_IPMCAST_MFE {
    DWORD dwGroup;
    DWORD dwSource;
   DWORD dwSrcMask;
   DWORD dwUpStrmNgbr;
    DWORD dwInIfIndex;
    DWORD dwInIfProtocol;
   DWORD dwRouteProtocol;
    DWORD dwRouteNetwork;
    DWORD dwRouteMask;
   ULONG ulUpTime;
   ULONG ulExpiryTime;
   ULONG ulTimeOut;
   ULONG ulNumOutIf;
   DWORD fFlags;
    DWORD dwReserved;
   MIB IPMCAST OIF rgmioOutInfo[1]; //1, placeholder for ulNumOutIf
} MIB IPMCAST MFE,
*PMIB IPMCAST MFE;
typedef struct MIB IPMCAST OIF STATS {
    DWORD dwOutIfIndex;
    DWORD dwNextHopAddr;
   PVOID pvDialContext;
   ULONG ulTtlTooLow;
   ULONG ulFragNeeded;
   ULONG ulOutPackets;
   ULONG ulOutDiscards;
} MIB_IPMCAST_OIF_STATS,
*PMIB_IPMCAST_OIF_STATS;
typedef struct MIB IPMCAST MFE STATS {
    DWORD dwGroup;
    DWORD dwSource;
    DWORD dwSrcMask;
   DWORD dwUpStrmNgbr;
    DWORD dwInIfIndex;
    DWORD dwInIfProtocol;
    DWORD dwRouteProtocol;
    DWORD dwRouteNetwork;
    DWORD dwRouteMask;
    ULONG ulUpTime;
   ULONG ulExpiryTime;
   ULONG ulNumOutIf;
   ULONG ulInPkts;
   ULONG ulInOctets;
   ULONG ulPktsDifferentIf;
   ULONG ulQueueOverflow;
   MIB IPMCAST OIF STATS rgmiosOutStats[1]; //1, placeholder for ulNumOutIf
} MIB IPMCAST MFE STATS,
*PMIB IPMCAST MFE STATS;
typedef struct {
    DWORD dwGroupAddress;
   DWORD dwGroupMask;
    WCHAR snNameBuffer[256];
    DWORD dwStatus;
```

```
BYTE reserved[492];
} MIB IPMCAST SCOPE,
*PMIB IPMCAST SCOPE;
typedef struct MIB IPNETROW {
   DWORD dwIndex;
   DWORD dwPhysAddrLen;
   BYTE bPhysAddr[8];
   DWORD dwAddr;
   DWORD dwType;
} MIB IPNETROW,
*PMIB IPNETROW;
typedef struct MIB IPNETTABLE {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
                              //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
   MIB IPNETROW table[1];
   BYTE reserved[8];
} MIB IPNETTABLE,
*PMIB IPNETTABLE;
typedef struct _MIB_IPSTATS {
   union {
       DWORD dwForwarding;
       MIB IPSTATS FORWARDING Forwarding ;
   DWORD dwDefaultTTL;
   DWORD dwInReceives;
   DWORD dwInHdrErrors;
   DWORD dwInAddrErrors;
   DWORD dwForwDatagrams;
   DWORD dwInUnknownProtos;
   DWORD dwInDiscards;
   DWORD dwInDelivers;
   DWORD dwOutRequests;
   DWORD dwRoutingDiscards;
   DWORD dwOutDiscards;
   DWORD dwOutNoRoutes;
   DWORD dwReasmTimeout;
   DWORD dwReasmReqds;
   DWORD dwReasmOks;
   DWORD dwReasmFails;
   DWORD dwFragOks;
   DWORD dwFragFails;
   DWORD dwFragCreates;
   DWORD dwNumIf;
   DWORD dwNumAddr;
   DWORD dwNumRoutes;
} MIB IPSTATS,
*PMIB IPSTATS;
typedef struct MIB MFE STATS TABLE {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB IPMCAST MFE STATS table[1];
                                        //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
} MIB MFE STATS TABLE,
*PMIB MFE STATS TABLE;
typedef struct MIB MFE TABLE {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
```

```
MIB IPMCAST MFE table[1]; //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
} MIB MFE TABLE,
*PMIB MFE TABLE;
typedef struct _MIB_OPAQUE_INFO {
    DWORD dwId;
   union {
       ULONGLONG ullAlign;
        BYTE rgbyData[1];
    };
} MIB OPAQUE INFO,
*PMIB OPAQUE INFO;
typedef struct MIB OPAQUE QUERY {
    DWORD dwVarId;
    DWORD rgdwVarIndex[1];
} MIB OPAQUE QUERY,
*PMIB OPAQUE QUERY;
typedef struct _MIB_PROXYARP {
   DWORD dwAddress;
   DWORD dwMask;
   DWORD dwIfIndex;
} MIB PROXYARP,
*PMIB PROXYARP;
typedef struct _MIB_TCPROW {
   union {
       DWORD dwState;
        MIB TCP STATE State;
    };
   DWORD dwLocalAddr;
   DWORD dwLocalPort;
   DWORD dwRemoteAddr;
   DWORD dwRemotePort;
} MIB_TCPROW,
*PMIB TCPROW;
typedef struct _MIB_TCPSTATS {
   union {
       DWORD dwRtoAlgorithm;
        TCP RTO ALGORITHM RtoAlgorithm;
    };
    DWORD dwRtoMin;
    DWORD dwRtoMax;
   DWORD dwMaxConn;
    DWORD dwActiveOpens;
    DWORD dwPassiveOpens;
    DWORD dwAttemptFails;
   DWORD dwEstabResets;
    DWORD dwCurrEstab;
    DWORD dwInSegs;
   DWORD dwOutSegs;
   DWORD dwRetransSegs;
   DWORD dwInErrs;
    DWORD dwOutRsts;
   DWORD dwNumConns;
} MIB TCPSTATS,
*PMIB_TCPSTATS;
```

```
typedef struct MIB TCPTABLE {
    DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB TCPROW table[1];
                             //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
   BYTE reserved[8];
} MIB TCPTABLE,
*PMIB_TCPTABLE;
typedef struct _MIB_UDPROW {
   DWORD dwLocalAddr;
   DWORD dwLocalPort;
} MIB UDPROW,
*PMIB UDPROW;
typedef struct _MIB_UDPSTATS {
    DWORD dwInDatagrams;
    DWORD dwNoPorts;
    DWORD dwInErrors;
   DWORD dwOutDatagrams;
   DWORD dwNumAddrs;
} MIB UDPSTATS,
*PMIB UDPSTATS;
typedef struct MIB UDPTABLE {
   DWORD dwNumEntries;
   MIB UDPROW table[1];
                             //1, placeholder for dwNumEntries
   BYTE reserved[8];
} MIB UDPTABLE,
*PMIB UDPTABLE;
typedef struct MPR SERVER 0
   BOOL fLanOnlyMode;
   DWORD dwUpTime;
    DWORD dwTotalPorts;
   DWORD dwPortsInUse;
MPR SERVER 0, *PMPR SERVER 0;
typedef struct MPR SERVER 1
    DWORD dwNumPptpPorts;
    DWORD dwPptpPortFlags;
   DWORD dwNumL2tpPorts;
   DWORD dwL2tpPortFlags;
MPR SERVER 1, *PMPR SERVER 1;
typedef struct MPR SERVER 2
    DWORD
            dwNumPptpPorts;
    DWORD
             dwPptpPortFlags;
            dwNumL2tpPorts;
    DWORD
    DWORD
            dwL2tpPortFlags;
    DWORD
            dwNumSstpPorts;
```

```
DWORD
             dwSstpPortFlags;
MPR_SERVER_2,*PMPR_SERVER_2;
typedef struct _PPP_NBFCP_INFO
    DWORD dwError;
    WCHAR wszWksta[17];
PPP_NBFCP_INFO;
typedef struct _PPP_IPCP_INFO
    DWORD dwError;
    WCHAR wszAddress[16];
   WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
PPP IPCP INFO;
typedef struct _PPP_IPCP_INFO2
   DWORD dwError;
    WCHAR wszAddress[16];
    WCHAR wszRemoteAddress[16];
   DWORD dwOptions;
   DWORD dwRemoteOptons;
PPP IPCP INFO2;
typedef struct _PPP_IPXCP_INFO
    DWORD
           dwError;
           wszAddress[16];
    WCHAR
PPP IPXCP INFO;
typedef struct _PPP_IPV6CP_INFO
    DWORD
               dwVersion;
    DWORD
              dwSize;
              dwError;
bInterfaceIdentifier[8];
bRemoteInterfaceIdentifier[8];
    DWORD
    BYTE
   BYTE
    DWORD
              dwOptions;
              dwRemoteOptions;
bPrefix[8];
    DWORD
   BYTE
   DWORD
               dwPrefixLength;
PPP IPV6 CP INFO, *PPPP IPV6 CP INFO;
typedef struct PPP ATCP INFO
           dwError;
    DWORD
            wszAddress[33];
PPP ATCP INFO;
```

```
typedef struct _PPP_CCP_INFO
    DWORD dwError;
    DWORD dwCompressionAlgorithm;
    DWORD dwOptions;
    DWORD dwRemoteCompressionAlgorithm;
    DWORD dwRemoteOptions;
PPP CCP INFO;
typedef struct _PPP_LCP_INFO
    DWORD dwError;
    DWORD dwAuthenticationProtocol;
    DWORD dwAuthenticationData;
    DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationProtocol;
    DWORD dwRemoteAuthenticationData;
    DWORD dwTerminateReason;
    DWORD dwRemoteTerminateReason;
    DWORD dwOptions;
    DWORD dwRemoteOptions;
    DWORD dwEapTypeId;
    DWORD dwRemoteEapTypeId;
PPP LCP INFO;
typedef struct _PPP_INFO
{
    PPP_NBFCP_INFO nbf;
    PPP IPCP INFO ip;
    PPP_IPXCP_INFO ipx;
    PPP_ATCP_INFO at;
PPP INFO;
typedef struct _PPP_INFO_2
    PPP NBFCP INFO
                      nbf;
    PPP IPCP INFO2
                      ip;
   PPP IPXCP INFO
PPP_ATCP_INFO
                      ipx;
                      at;
    PPP CCP INFO
                      ccp;
   PPP LCP INFO
                      lcp;
PPP_INFO_2;
typedef struct PPP INFO 3
    PPP NBFCP INFO
                      nbf;
   PPP IPCP INFO2
                      ip;
    PPP IPV6 CP INFO ipv6;
    PPP_CCP_INFO
                      ccp;
    PPP LCP INFO
                      lcp;
PPP INFO 3;
typedef struct _RASI_PORT_0
```

```
{
    DWORD
                       dwPort;
    DWORD
                       dwConnection;
    RAS PORT CONDITION dwPortCondition;
                       dwTotalNumberOfCalls;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                       dwConnectDuration;
    WCHAR
                       wszPortName[17];
    WCHAR
                       wszMediaName[17];
    WCHAR
                       wszDeviceName[129];
    WCHAR
                       wszDeviceType[17];
RASI PORT 0, *PRASI PORT 0;
typedef struct _RASI_PORT_1
    DWORD
                           dwPort;
    DWORD
                           dwConnection;
    RAS HARDWARE CONDITION dwHardwareCondition;
    DWORD
                           dwLineSpeed;
    DWORD
                           dwBytesXmited;
    DWORD
                           dwBytesRcved;
    DWORD
                           dwFramesXmited;
    DWORD
                           dwFramesRcved;
    DWORD
                           dwCrcErr;
    DWORD
                           dwTimeoutErr;
    DWORD
                           dwAlignmentErr;
    DWORD
                           dwHardwareOverrunErr;
    DWORD
                           dwFramingErr;
    DWORD
                           dwBufferOverrunErr;
    DWORD
                           dwCompressionRatioIn;
    DWORD
                           dwCompressionRatioOut;
RASI PORT 1,*PRASI PORT 1;
typedef struct RASI CONNECTION 0
    DWORD
                          dwConnection;
    DWORD
                          dwInterface;
    DWORD
                          dwConnectDuration;
    ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE dwInterfaceType;
    DWORD
                          dwConnectionFlags;
    WCHAR
                          wszInterfaceName[257];
    WCHAR
                          wszUserName[257];
    WCHAR
                          wszLogonDomain[16];
    WCHAR
                          wszRemoteComputer[17];
RASI CONNECTION 0, *PRASI CONNECTION 0;
typedef struct RASI CONNECTION 1
    DWORD
             dwConnection;
    DWORD
             dwInterface;
    PPP INFO PppInfo;
    DWORD
            dwBytesXmited;
    DWORD
             dwBytesRcved;
    DWORD
             dwFramesXmited;
    DWORD
            dwFramesRcved;
    DWORD
            dwCrcErr;
    DWORD
             dwTimeoutErr;
    DWORD
             dwAlignmentErr;
            dwHardwareOverrunErr;
    DWORD
    DWORD
            dwFramingErr;
    DWORD
            dwBufferOverrunErr;
```

```
DWORD
             dwCompressionRatioIn;
    DWORD
             dwCompressionRatioOut;
RASI CONNECTION 1, *PRASI CONNECTION 1;
typedef struct RASI CONNECTION 2
    DWORD
                          dwConnection;
    WCHAR
                          wszUserName[257];
    ROUTER INTERFACE_TYPE dwInterfaceType;
    GUID
                          guid;
    PPP INFO 2
                          PppInfo2;
RASI CONNECTION 2, *PRASI CONNECTION 2;
typedef struct _RASI_CONNECTION 3
    DWORD
                          dwVersion;
    DWORD
                          dwSize;
    DWORD
                          dwConnection;
    WCHAR
                          wszUserName[257];
    ROUTER_INTERFACE_TYPE dwInterfaceType;
    GUID
                          guid;
    PPP INFO 3
                          PppInfo3;
    RAS QUARANTINE STATE rasQuarState;
    FILETIME
                          timer;
RASI CONNECTION 3, *PRASI CONNECTION 3;
typedef struct MPRI INTERFACE 0
    WCHAR
                            wszInterfaceName[257];
    DWORD
                            dwInterface;
    BOOL
                            fEnabled;
    ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE
                           dwIfType;
    ROUTER CONNECTION STATE dwConnectionState;
    DWORD
                            fUnReachabilityReasons;
    DWORD
                            dwLastError;
MPRI INTERFACE 0, * PMPRI INTERFACE 0;
typedef struct MPRI INTERFACE 1
    WCHAR
                            wszInterfaceName[257];
                            dwInterface;
    DWORD
    BOOL
                            fEnabled;
    ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE
                            dwIfType;
    ROUTER CONNECTION STATE dwConnectionState;
    DWORD
                            fUnReachabilityReasons;
    DWORD
                            dwLastError;
    LPWSTR
                            lpwsDialoutHoursRestriction;
MPRI INTERFACE 1, *PMPRI INTERFACE 1;
typedef struct MPRI INTERFACE 2
    WCHAR
                            wszInterfaceName[257];
    DWORD
                            dwInterface;
    BOOL
                            fEnabled;
```

```
ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE
                             dwIfType;
    ROUTER CONNECTION STATE dwConnectionState;
    DWORD
                             fUnReachabilityReasons;
    DWORD
                             dwLastError;
    DWORD
                             dwfOptions;
    WCHAR
                             szLocalPhoneNumber[129];
    PWCHAR
                             szAlternates;
    DWORD
                             ipaddr;
    DWORD
                             ipaddrDns;
    DWORD
                             ipaddrDnsAlt;
    DWORD
                             ipaddrWins;
    DWORD
                             ipaddrWinsAlt;
    DWORD
                             dwfNetProtocols;
    WCHAR
                             szDeviceType[17];
    WCHAR
                             szDeviceName[129];
    WCHAR
                             szX25PadType[33];
    WCHAR
                             szX25Address[201];
    WCHAR
                             szX25Facilities[201];
                             szX25UserData[201];
    WCHAR
    DWORD
                             dwChannels;
    DWORD
                             dwSubEntries;
    DWORD
                             dwDialMode;
    DWORD
                             dwDialExtraPercent;
    DWORD
                             dwDialExtraSampleSeconds;
    DWORD
                             dwHangUpExtraPercent;
    DWORD
                             dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds;
    DWORD
                             dwIdleDisconnectSeconds;
    DWORD
                             dwType;
    DWORD
                             dwEncryptionType;
    DWORD
                             dwCustomAuthKey;
    DWORD
                             dwCustomAuthDataSize;
    LPBYTE
                             lpbCustomAuthData;
    GUID
                             guidId;
    DWORD
                             dwVpnStrategy;
MPRI INTERFACE 2, *PMPRI INTERFACE 2;
typedef struct MPR INTERFACE 3
    WCHAR
                             wszInterfaceName[257];
    DWORD
                             dwInterface;
    BOOT.
                             fEnabled:
    ROUTER INTERFACE TYPE
                             dwIfType;
    ROUTER CONNECTION STATE dwConnectionState;
    DWORD
                             fUnReachabilityReasons;
    DWORD
                             dwLastError;
    DWORD
                             dwfOptions;
    WCHAR
                             szLocalPhoneNumber[129];
    PWCHAR
                             szAlternates;
    DWORD
                             ipaddr;
    DWORD
                             ipaddrDns;
    DWORD
                             ipaddrDnsAlt;
    DWORD
                             ipaddrWins;
                             ipaddrWinsAlt;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                             dwfNetProtocols;
    WCHAR
                             szDeviceType[17];
    WCHAR
                             szDeviceName[129];
    WCHAR
                             szX25PadType[33];
    WCHAR
                             szX25Address[201];
    WCHAR
                             szX25Facilities[201];
    WCHAR
                             szX25UserData[201];
    DWORD
                             dwChannels;
    DWORD
                             dwSubEntries;
    DWORD
                             dwDialMode;
    DWORD
                             dwDialExtraPercent:
    DWORD
                             dwDialExtraSampleSeconds;
    DWORD
                             dwHangUpExtraPercent;
```

```
DWORD
                            dwHangUpExtraSampleSeconds;
    DWORD
                            dwIdleDisconnectSeconds;
    DWORD
                            dwType;
    DWORD
                           dwEncryptionType;
    DWORD
                            dwCustomAuthKey;
    DWORD
                            dwCustomAuthDataSize;
    LPBYTE
                           lpbCustomAuthData;
    GUID
                           guidId;
    DWORD
                           dwVpnStrategy;
                           AddressCount;
    ULONG
    IN6 ADDR
                           ipv6addrDns;
    IN6 ADDR
                           ipv6addrDnsAlt;
    IN6 ADDR*
                           ipv6addr;
MPRI INTERFACE 3, * PMPRI INTERFACE 3;
typedef struct MPR DEVICE 0
   WCHAR szDeviceType[17];
   WCHAR szDeviceName[129];
MPR DEVICE 0, *PMPR DEVICE 0;
typedef struct _MPR_DEVICE_1
   WCHAR szDeviceType[17];
   WCHAR szDeviceName[129];
   WCHAR szLocalPhoneNumber[129];
   PWCHAR szAlternates;
MPR DEVICE 1, *PMPR DEVICE 1;
typedef struct _MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1
    DWORD
           dwSize;
   DWORD
           dwOffset;
   BYTE bData[1];
} MPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1, *PMPR_CREDENTIALSEX_1;
typedef struct IFFILTER INFO
           bEnableFragChk;
} IFFILTER INFO, *PIFFILTER INFO;
typedef struct _MPR_FILTER_0
   IN BOOL fEnable;
MPR FILTER 0, *PMPR FILTER 0;
typedef struct IPX GLOBAL INFO {
   ULONG RoutingTableHashSize;
   ULONG
            EventLogMask;
} IPX GLOBAL INFO, *PIPX GLOBAL INFO;
```

```
typedef struct IPX IF INFO {
   ULONG AdministratorState;
   ULONG
            NetbiosAccept;
   ULONG NetbiosDeliver;
                               // Deliver Netbios broadcast packets
} IPX IF INFO, *PIPX IF INFO;
typedef struct _IPXWAN_IF_INFO {
   ULONG Adminstate;
} IPXWAN_IF_INFO, *PIPXWAN_IF_INFO;
typedef struct _IPX_STATIC_ROUTE_INFO {
    union {
       ULONG DwordAlign;
        UCHAR Network[4];
    };
   USHORT TickCount;
    USHORT HopCount;
   UCHAR NextHopMacAddress[6];
} IPX STATIC ROUTE INFO, *PIPX STATIC ROUTE INFO;
typedef IPX SERVER ENTRY IPX STATIC SERVICE INFO, *PIPX STATIC SERVICE INFO;
typedef struct _IPX_SERVER_ENTRY
    USHORT Type;
   UCHAR Name[48];
    UCHAR Network[4];
    UCHAR Node[6];
   UCHAR Socket[2];
   USHORT HopCount;
} IPX SERVER ENTRY, *PIPX SERVER ENTRY;
typedef struct _IPX_STATIC_NETBIOS_NAME_INFO {
    union {
       ULONG DwordAlign;
        UCHAR Name[16];
    };
} IPX STATIC NETBIOS NAME INFO, *PIPX STATIC NETBIOS NAME INFO;
#define MAX_ADAPTOR_NAME_LEN 48
typedef struct IPX ADAPTER INFO {
    ULONG PacketType;
    WCHAR AdapterName [MAX ADAPTOR NAME LEN];
} IPX ADAPTER INFO, *PIPX ADAPTER INFO;
typedef struct IPX TRAFFIC FILTER GLOBAL INFO {
   ULONG FilterAction;
} IPX TRAFFIC FILTER GLOBAL INFO, *PIPX TRAFFIC FILTER GLOBAL INFO;
```

```
typedef struct IPX TRAFFIC FILTER INFO {
   ULONG FilterDefinition;
   UCHAR DestinationNetwork[4];
   UCHAR DestinationNetworkMask[4];
   UCHAR DestinationNode[6];
   UCHAR DestinationSocket[2];
   UCHAR SourceNetwork[4];
   UCHAR SourceNetworkMask[4];
   UCHAR SourceNode[6];
   UCHAR SourceSocket[2];
   UCHAR PacketType;
} IPX TRAFFIC FILTER INFO, *PIPX TRAFFIC FILTER INFO;
typedef struct _IF_TABLE_INDEX {
   ULONG InterfaceIndex;
} IF TABLE INDEX, *PIF TABLE INDEX;
typedef struct ROUTING TABLE INDEX {
   UCHAR Network[4];
} ROUTING TABLE INDEX, *PROUTING TABLE INDEX;
typedef struct STATIC ROUTES TABLE INDEX {
   ULONG InterfaceIndex;
   UCHAR Network[4];
} STATIC ROUTES TABLE INDEX, *PSTATIC ROUTES TABLE INDEX;
typedef struct SERVICES TABLE INDEX {
    USHORT ServiceType;
   UCHAR ServiceName[48];
} SERVICES TABLE INDEX, *PSERVICES TABLE INDEX;
typedef struct STATIC SERVICES TABLE INDEX {
   ULONG InterfaceIndex;
   USHORT ServiceType;
   UCHAR ServiceName[48];
} STATIC SERVICES TABLE INDEX, *PSTATIC SERVICES TABLE INDEX;
typedef union IPX MIB INDEX {
    IF TABLE INDEX InterfaceTableIndex;
    ROUTING TABLE INDEX RoutingTableIndex;
   STATIC ROUTES TABLE INDEX StaticRoutesTableIndex;
    SERVICES TABLE INDEX ServicesTableIndex;
    STATIC SERVICES TABLE INDEX StaticServicesTableIndex;
} IPX MIB INDEX, *PIPX MIB INDEX;
typedef struct _IPX_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
   ULONG TableId;
    IPX MIB INDEX MibIndex;
} IPX MIB GET INPUT DATA, *PIPX MIB GET INPUT DATA;
typedef struct IPXMIB BASE {
   ULONG OperState;
   UCHAR
           PrimaryNetNumber[4];
```

```
UCHAR
            Node[6];
    UCHAR
            SysName[48];
    ULONG
            MaxPathSplits;
    ULONG
            IfCount;
    ULONG
            DestCount;
    ULONG
            ServCount;
} IPXMIB BASE, *PIPXMIB BASE;
typedef struct IPX IF STATS {
    ULONG IfOperState;
    ULONG MaxPacketSize;
   ULONG InHdrErrors;
    ULONG InFiltered;
    ULONG InNoRoutes;
   ULONG InDiscards;
   ULONG InDelivers;
   ULONG OutFiltered;
    ULONG OutDiscards;
   ULONG OutDelivers;
    ULONG NetbiosReceived;
    ULONG NetbiosSent;
} IPX IF STATS, *PIPX IF STATS;
typedef struct IPX INTERFACE {
    ULONG InterfaceIndex;
   ULONG AdministratorState;
ULONG AdapterIndex;
   UCHAR InterfaceName[48];
    ULONG
            InterfaceType;
    ULONG
            MediaType;
    UCHAR
            NetNumber[4];
    UCHAR
            MacAddress[6];
   ULONG
            Delay;
    ULONG
            Throughput;
   ULONG NetbiosAccept;
    ULONG NetbiosDeliver;
    ULONG
            EnableIpxWanNegotiation;
    IPX IF STATS IfStats;
} IPX INTERFACE, *PIPX INTERFACE;
typedef struct IPX ROUTE {
    ULONG InterfaceIndex;
    ULONG Protocol;
    UCHAR Network[4];
    USHORT TickCount;
    USHORT HopCount;
   UCHAR NextHopMacAddress[6];
   ULONG Flags;
} IPX ROUTE, *PIPX ROUTE;
typedef struct IPX SERVICE
    ULONG
               InterfaceIndex;
    ULONG
                    Protocol;
    IPX SERVER ENTRY Server;
} IPX SERVICE, *PIPX SERVICE;
typedef union IPX MIB ROW {
    IPX INTERFACE Interface;
    IPX ROUTE Route;
```

```
IPX SERVICE Service;
} IPX MIB ROW, *PIPX MIB ROW;
typedef struct IPX MIB SET INPUT DATA {
    ULONG TableId;
    IPX MIB ROW MibRow;
} IPX MĪB SĒT INPUT DATA, *PIPX MIB SET INPUT DATA;
typedef struct _SAP_SERVICE_FILTER_INFO {
    union {
        USHORT
                 ServiceType;
        ULONG
                 ServiceType_align; // Ensures alignment
   UCHAR
            ServiceName[48];
} SAP SERVICE FILTER INFO, *PSAP SERVICE FILTER INFO;
typedef struct SAP IF FILTERS {
    ULONG SupplyFilterAction;
    ULONG
            SupplyFilterCount;
    ULONG ListenFilterAction;
    ULONG
            ListenFilterCount;
    SAP SERVICE FILTER INFO ServiceFilter[1];
} SAP IF FILTERS, *PSAP IF FILTERS;
typedef struct _SAP_IF_INFO {
    ULONG AdminState;
    ULONG
            UpdateMode;
    ULONG
           PacketType;
   ULONG
            Supply;
    ULONG
            Listen;
            GetNearestServerReply;
   ULONG
    ULONG PeriodicUpdateInterval;
            AgeIntervalMultiplier;
    ULONG
} SAP IF INFO, *PSAP IF INFO;
typedef struct SAP IF CONFIG {
    SAP_IF_INFO SapIfInfo;
SAP IF FILTERS SapIfFilters;
} SAP IF CONFIG, *PSAP IF CONFIG;
typedef struct _SAP MIB BASE {
   ULONG SapOperState;
} SAP MIB BASE, *PSAP MIB BASE;
typedef struct SAP IF STATS {
   ULONG SapIfOperState;
    ULONG
           SapIfInputPackets;
    ULONG
            SapIfOutputPackets;
} SAP IF STATS, *PSAP IF STATS;
typedef struct SAP INTERFACE {
    ULONG InterfaceIndex;
    SAP_IF_INFO SapIfInfo;
```

```
SAP IF STATS
                   SapIfStats;
} SAP INTERFACE, *PSAP INTERFACE;
typedef struct SAP MIB GET INPUT DATA {
   ULONG TableId;
   ULONG InterfaceIndex;
} SAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA, *PSAP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA;
typedef struct _SAP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA {
    ULONG TableId;
    SAP INTERFACE SapInterface;
} SAP MIB SET INPUT DATA, *PSAP MIB SET INPUT DATA;
typedef struct _RIPMIB_BASE {
    ULONG RIPOperState;
} RIPMIB BASE, *PRIPMIB BASE;
typedef struct RIP IF STATS {
   ULONG RipIfOperState;
   ULONG
            RipIfInputPackets;
   ULONG RipIfInputrackets; ULONG RipIfOutputPackets;
} RIP_IF_STATS, *PRIP_IF_STATS;
typedef struct RIP IF INFO {
   ULONG AdminState;
   ULONG
           UpdateMode;
   ULONG PacketType;
    ULONG
            Supply;
           Listen;
   ULONG
   ULONG PeriodicUpdateInterval;
   ULONG AgeIntervalMultiplier;
} RIP IF INFO, *PRIP IF INFO;
typedef struct RIP INTERFACE {
    ULONG InterfaceIndex;
    RIP_IF_INFO RipIfInfo;
   RIP IF STATS
                  RipIfStats;
} RIP INTERFACE, *PRIP INTERFACE;
typedef struct RIP MIB GET INPUT DATA {
    ULONG TableId;
    ULONG InterfaceIndex;
} RIP MIB GET INPUT DATA, *PRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA;
typedef struct RIP MIB SET_INPUT_DATA {
    ULONG TableId;
    RIP INTERFACE RipInterface;
} RIP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA, *PRIP_MIB_SET_INPUT_DATA;
```

```
typedef struct _EAPTLS_HASH
    DWORD cbHash;
   BYTE pbHash[20];
} EAPTLS HASH;
typedef struct _EAPTLS_USER_PROPERTIES
    DWORD
              reserved;
    DWORD
               dwVersion;
               dwSize;
    DWORD
               fFlags;
    DWORD
    EAPTLS HASH Hash;
           pwszDiffUser;
    WCHAR*
   DWORD
               dwPinOffset;
              pwszPin;
    WCHAR*
    USHORT
               usLength;
              usMaximumLength;
   USHORT
   UCHAR ucSeed;
               awszString[1];
    WCHAR
} EAPTLS USER PROPERTIES;
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG {
    DWORD GC_LoggIngLove_.

GC_MaxRecvQueueSize;
              GC ServerCount;
} IPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG, *PIPBOOTP_GLOBAL_CONFIG;
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_IF_CONFIG {
    DWORD
              IC_State;
    DWORD
               IC RelayMode;
               IC_MaxHopCount;
    DWORD
              IC MinSecondsSinceBoot;
} IPBOOTP IF CONFIG, *PIPBOOTP IF CONFIG;
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
    DWORD IMGID TypeID;
DWORD IMGID IfIndex;
} IPBOOTP MIB GET INPUT DATA, *PIPBOOTP MIB GET INPUT DATA;
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA {
    DWORD
                IMGOD TypeID;
               IMGOD IfIndex;
    DWORD
    BYTE
              IMGOD Buffer[1];
} IPBOOTP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA, *PIPBOOTP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA;
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_IF_STATS {
           IS_State;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IS SendFailures;
              IS ReceiveFailures;
    DWORD
    DWORD
              IS ArpUpdateFailures;
              IS_RequestsReceived;
IS_RequestsDiscarded;
    DWORD
   DWORD
    DWORD
              IS RepliesReceived;
    DWORD
              IS_RepliesDiscarded;
} IPBOOTP IF STATS, *PIPBOOTP IF STATS;
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_IF_BINDING {
               IB_State;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IB AddrCount;
} IPBOOTP IF BINDING, *PIPBOOTP IF BINDING;
typedef struct _IPBOOTP_IP_ADDRESS {
   DWORD
               IA Address;
    DWORD
               IA Netmask;
} IPBOOTP_IP_ADDRESS, *PIPBOOTP_IP_ADDRESS;
```

```
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA {
                -IMGOD TypeID; /\overline{/} Type of the data received
    DWORD
                IMGOD IfIndex;
                IMGOD Buffer[1];
    BYTE
} DHCPV6R MIB GET OUTPUT DATA, *PDHCPV6R MIB GET OUTPUT DATA;
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_IF_STATS {
                IS State;
    DWORD
           IS_Scace,
IS SendFailures;
    DWORD
               IS_ReceiveFailures;
    DWORD
               IS_RequestsReceived;
IS_RequestsDiscarded;
    DWORD
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IS RepliesReceived;
            IS_RepliesDiscarded;
    DWORD
} DHCPV6R IF STATS, *PDHCPV6R IF STATS;
typedef struct DHCPV6R MIB GET INPUT DATA {
                IMGID TypeID; // Type of the data to get
    DWORD
           IMGID_IfIndex;
    DWORD
} DHCPV6R MIB GET INPUT DATA, *PDHCPV6R MIB GET INPUT DATA;
DWORD
                GC_MaxRecvQueueSize;
    DWORD
    DWORD
             GC ServerCount;
} DHCPV6R GLOBAL CONFIG, *PDHCPV6R GLOBAL CONFIG;
typedef struct _DHCPV6R_IF_CONFIG {
    DWORD IC State,

IC_RelayMode;
            IC_MaxHopCount;
IC MinElapsedTime;
    DWORD
    DWORD
} DHCPV6R IF CONFIG, *PDHCPV6R IF CONFIG;
typedef struct _IPRIP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
    DWORD IMGID_TypeID;
    union {
        DWORD IMGID IfIndex;
DWORD IMGID_PeerAddress;
} IPRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA, *PIPRIP MIB GET INPUT DATA;
typedef struct _IPRIP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT_DATA {
   DWORD
                IMGOD TypeID;
        DWORD IMGOD IfIndex;
DWORD IMGOD_PeerAddress;
    };
    BYTE
               IMGOD Buffer[1];
} IPRIP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA, *PIPRIP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA;
typedef struct IPRIP GLOBAL STATS {
    DWORD GS_SystemRouteChanges;
DWORD GS_TotalResponsesSent;
} IPRIP GLOBAL STATS, *PIPRIP GLOBAL STATS;
typedef struct IPRIP GLOBAL CONFIG {
                GC LoggingLevel;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               GC MaxRecvQueueSize;
               GC_MaxSendQueueSize;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                GC MinTriggeredUpdateInterval;
    DWORD
               GC PeerFilterMode;
               GC PeerFilterCount;
    DWORD
} IPRIP GLOBAL CONFIG, *PIPRIP GLOBAL CONFIG;
typedef struct _IPRIP_IF_STATS {
    DWORD
           IS State;
```

```
DWORD
                IS SendFailures;
                IS_ReceiveFailures;
IS_RequestsSent;
    DWORD
    DWORD
    DWORD
                IS RequestsReceived;
    DWORD
                IS ResponsesSent;
    DWORD
                IS ResponsesReceived;
                IS BadResponsePacketsReceived;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IS BadResponseEntriesReceived;
DWORD IS_TriggeredUpdatesSent;
} IPRIP_IF_STATS, *PIPRIP_IF_STATS;
typedef struct _IPRIP_IF_CONFIG {
           IC_scal
IC_Metric;
    DWORD
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IC UpdateMode;
                IC_AcceptMode;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                IC AnnounceMode;
               IC ProtocolFlags;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IC RouteExpirationInterval;
    DWORD
                IC RouteRemovalInterval;
               IC FullUpdateInterval;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IC AuthenticationType;
    BYTE
                IC AuthenticationKey[ 16];
                IC RouteTag;
    WORD
               IC UnicastPeerMode;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IC_AcceptFilterMode;
               IC_AnnounceFilterMode;
IC_UnicastPeerCount;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IC AcceptFilterCount;
    DWORD
                IC_AnnounceFilterCount;
    DWORD
} IPRIP IF CONFIG, *PIPRIP IF CONFIG;
typedef struct _IPRIP_ROUTE_FILTER {
    DWORD
                 RF LoAddress;
                 RF HiAddress;
    DWORD
} IPRIP ROUTE FILTER, *PIPRIP ROUTE FILTER;
typedef struct _IPRIP_IF_BINDING {
                IB State;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                IB AddrCount;
} IPRIP IF BINDING, *PIPRIP IF BINDING;
typedef struct _IPRIP_IP_ADDRESS {
               IA_Address;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                IA Netmask;
} IPRIP IP ADDRESS, *PIPRIP IP ADDRESS;
typedef struct IPRIP PEER STATS {
    DWORD
                PS LastPeerRouteTag;
    DWORD
                PS LastPeerUpdateTickCount;
    DWORD
               PS LastPeerUpdateVersion;
    DWORD
                PS BadResponsePacketsFromPeer;
               PS BadResponseEntriesFromPeer;
    DWORD
} IPRIP PEER STATS, *PIPRIP PEER STATS;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GROUP_SOURCE_INFO V3 {
                Source;
    DWORD
                SourceExpiryTime;
                                    //not valid for exclusion mode
    DWORD
                SourceUpTime;
    DWORD
                Flags;
} IGMP MIB GROUP SOURCE INFO V3, *PIGMP MIB GROUP SOURCE INFO V3;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GET_INPUT_DATA {
                TypeId;
    DWORD
    USHORT
                Flags;
    USHORT
               Signature;
    DWORD
               IfIndex;
    DWORD
                RasClientAddr;
```

```
DWORD
                GroupAddr;
    DWORD
                Count;
} IGMP MIB GET INPUT DATA, *PIGMP MIB GET INPUT DATA;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GET_OUTPUT DATA {
            TypeId;
Flags; //IGMP_ENUM_FORMAT_IGMPV3 set if v3 struct
                TypeId;
    DWORD
               Count;
    DWORD
    BYTE
                Buffer[1];
} IGMP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA, *PIGMP MIB GET OUTPUT DATA;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_CONFIG {
                Version;
    DWORD
               LoggingLevel;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               RasClientStats;
} IGMP MIB GLOBAL CONFIG, *PIGMP MIB GLOBAL CONFIG;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_STATS {
              CurrentGroupMemberships;
    DWORD
                GroupMembershipsAdded;
    DWORD
} IGMP_MIB_GLOBAL_STATS, *PIGMP_MIB_GLOBAL STATS;
typedef struct IGMP MIB IF BINDING {
    DWORD
                IfIndex;
    DWORD
                IfType;
    DWORD
               State;
    DWORD
                AddrCount;
} IGMP MIB IF BINDING, *PIGMP MIB IF BINDING;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_IF_CONFIG {
    DWORD
                Version;
           Version;
IfIndex; //read only:index
    DWORD
               IpAddr; //read only
IfType; //read only
    DWORD
    DWORD
               Flags;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IgmpProtocolType;
    DWORD
                RobustnessVariable;
    DWORD
                StartupQueryInterval;
    DWORD
               StartupQueryCount;
    DWORD
               GenQueryInterval;
    DWORD
                GenQueryMaxResponseTime;
               LastMemQueryInterval;
    DWORD
               LastMemQueryCount;
    DWORD
           OtherQuerierPresentInterval;//read only GroupMembershipTimeout; //read only NumStaticGroups;
    DWORD
    DWORD
    DWORD
} IGMP MIB IF CONFIG, *PIGMP MIB IF CONFIG;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_IF_GROUPS_LIST {
                IfIndex;
               IpAddr;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                IfType;
               NumGroups;
    DWORD
    BYTE
               Buffer[1];
} IGMP MIB IF GROUPS LIST, *PIGMP MIB IF GROUPS LIST;
typedef struct IGMP MIB GROUP INFO {
    union {
        DWORD
                     IfIndex;
        DWORD
                    GroupAddr;
    };
    DWORD
                IpAddr;
    DWORD
                GroupUpTime;
    DWORD
                GroupExpiryTime;
    DWORD
                LastReporter;
    DWORD
                V1HostPresentTimeLeft;
               Flags;
    DWORD
} IGMP MIB GROUP INFO, *PIGMP MIB GROUP INFO;
```

```
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_IF_STATS {
               IfIndex;
IpAddr;
                                             // same as in MIB_IF_CONFIG
// same as in MIB_IF_CONFIG
    DWORD
    DWORD
    DWORD
               IfType;
                                             // same as in MIB IF CONFIG
    BYTE
               State;
                                             // bound/enabled
                                            // (not)querier
// router/proxy, and ver(1/2/3)
    BYTE
                QuerierState;
    DWORD
                IgmpProtocolType;
    DWORD
               QuerierIpAddr;
    DWORD
                ProxyIfIndex;
                                             // IfIndex of proxy(req by mib)
    DWORD
                QuerierPresentTimeLeft;
    DWORD
               LastOuerierChangeTime;
    DWORD
                V1QuerierPresentTimeLeft;
                                             //obsolete
    DWORD
                Uptime;
                                             // seconds it has been activated
    DWORD
                TotalIgmpPacketsReceived;
    DWORD
               TotalIgmpPacketsForRouter;
    DWORD
                GeneralQueriesReceived;
    DWORD
               WrongVersionQueries;
    DWORD
               JoinsReceived;
               LeavesReceived;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               CurrentGroupMemberships;
    DWORD
               GroupMembershipsAdded;
    DWORD
               WrongChecksumPackets;
    DWORD
               ShortPacketsReceived;
    DWORD
                LongPacketsReceived;
             PacketsWithoutRtrAlert;
    DWORD
} IGMP_MIB_IF_STATS, *PIGMP_MIB_IF_STATS;
typedef struct _IGMP_MIB_GROUP_IFS_LIST {
    DWORD
                GroupAddr;
                NumInterfaces;
    DWORD
    BYTE
               Buffer[1];
} IGMP_MIB_GROUP_IFS_LIST, *PIGMP_MIB_GROUP_IFS_LIST;
typedef struct IGMP MIB GROUP INFO V3 {
    union {
        DWORD
                    IfIndex;
                    GroupAddr;
        DWORD
    DWORD
               IpAddr;
    DWORD
               GroupUpTime;
               GroupExpiryTime;
    DWORD
    DWORD
               LastReporter;
    DWORD
                V1HostPresentTimeLeft;
    DWORD
               Flags;
    //v3 additions
    DWORD
                Version; //1/2/3
               Size; //size of this struct
    DWORD
    DWORD
                FilterType; //EXCLUSION/INCLUSION
    DWORD
                V2HostPresentTimeLeft;
    DWORD
               NumSources;
    //IGMP MIB GROUP SOURCE INFO V3
                                          Sources[0];
} IGMP MIB GROUP INFO V3, *PIGMP MIB GROUP INFO V3;
typedef struct INTERFACE ROUTE ENTRY
                        dwIndex;
    INTERFACE ROUTE INFO routeInfo;
}INTERFACE ROUTE ENTRY, *PINTERFACE ROUTE ENTRY;
typedef struct IP NAT MIB QUERY {
    ULONG Oid;
    union {
        ULONG Index;
        UCHAR Data;
} IP_NAT_MIB_QUERY, *PIP_NAT_MIB_QUERY;
```

```
NatInboundDirection = 0,
    NatOutboundDirection
} IP_NAT_DIRECTION, *PIP_NAT DIRECTION;
typedef struct _IP_NAT_SESSION_MAPPING {
    UCHAR Protocol;
                       // see NAT PROTOCOL * above
    ULONG PrivateAddress;
    USHORT PrivatePort:
    ULONG PublicAddress;
    USHORT PublicPort;
    ULONG RemoteAddress;
   USHORT RemotePort;
    IP NAT DIRECTION Direction;
   ULONG IdleTime; // in seconds
} IP NAT SESSION MAPPING, *PIP NAT SESSION MAPPING;
typedef struct IP NAT ENUMERATE SESSION MAPPINGS {
    IN ULONG Index;
    IN OUT ULONG EnumerateContext[4];
    OUT ULONG EnumerateCount;
    OUT ULONG EnumerateTotalHint;
    OUT IP NAT SESSION MAPPING EnumerateTable[1];
} IP NAT ENUMERATE SESSION MAPPINGS, *PIP NAT ENUMERATE SESSION MAPPINGS;
typedef struct _IP_NAT_INTERFACE_STATISTICS {
    OUT ULONG TotalMappings;
    OUT ULONG InboundMappings;
    OUT ULONG64 BytesForward;
   OUT ULONG64 BytesReverse;
   OUT ULONG64 PacketsForward;
    OUT ULONG64 PacketsReverse;
    OUT ULONG64 RejectsForward;
    OUT ULONG64 RejectsReverse;
} IP NAT INTERFACE STATISTICS, *PIP NAT INTERFACE STATISTICS;
typedef struct _IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY {
   ULONG Oid;
    union {
        ULONG Index;
        UCHAR Data;
} IP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY, *PIP_DNS_PROXY_MIB_QUERY;
typedef struct IP DNS PROXY STATISTICS {
    ULONG MessagesIgnored;
    ULONG QueriesReceived;
    ULONG ResponsesReceived;
    ULONG QueriesSent;
    ULONG ResponsesSent;
} IP DNS PROXY STATISTICS, *PIP DNS PROXY STATISTICS;
typedef struct IP AUTO DHCP MIB QUERY {
    ULONG Oid;
    union {
        ULONG Index;
        UCHAR Data;
    ULONG Reserved;
} IP AUTO DHCP MIB QUERY, *PIP AUTO DHCP MIB QUERY;
typedef struct IP AUTO DHCP STATISTICS {
   ULONG MessagesIgnored;
    ULONG BootpOffersSent;
    ULONG DiscoversReceived;
   ULONG InformsReceived;
    ULONG OffersSent;
   ULONG RequestsReceived;
```

```
ULONG AcksSent;
     ULONG NaksSent;
     ULONG DeclinesReceived;
     ULONG ReleasesReceived;
} IP AUTO DHCP STATISTICS, *PIP AUTO DHCP STATISTICS;
typedef struct MIB DA MSG {
    UINT32 op_code; /* IN: MIB manager operation code */
UINT32 ret_code; /* OUT: MIB manager return code */
     UINT32 in snmp id[44]; /* IN: SNMP ID array (get next) */
    UINT32 in snmp 1d[44]; /* IN: SNMF ID alray (get nest, , UINT32 obj_id[17]; /* IN: object ID array (get, set) */
UINT32 attr_id; /* IN: attribute ID (set) */
UINT32 inst_id[23]; /* IN: instance ID array (get, set) */
     UINT32 next_snmp_id[44];  /* OUT: SNMP ID array (get_next) */
    UINT32 creator; /* OUT: creator of instance (get, get_next) */
UINT32 attr type; /* OUT: for resolveVarBind */
UINT32 inst_cnt; /* OUT: # of insts for caching (get_next) */
UINT32 map flag; /* IN: flag - is this request mapped? */
     ULONG PTR data[32];
                                /* IN: attribute value (set) */
                               /* OUT: entire record (get, get_next) */
} MIB DA MSG;
typedef struct IP AUTO DHCP GLOBAL INFO {
     ULONG LoggingLevel;
     ULONG Flags;
    ULONG LeaseTime;
     ULONG ScopeNetwork;
     ULONG ScopeMask;
     ULONG ExclusionCount;
    ULONG ExclusionArray;
} IP AUTO DHCP GLOBAL INFO, *PIP AUTO DHCP GLOBAL INFO;
typedef struct IP AUTO DHCP INTERFACE INFO {
     ULONG Flags;
} IP AUTO DHCP INTERFACE INFO, *PIP AUTO DHCP INTERFACE INFO;
typedef struct IP DNS PROXY GLOBAL INFO {
     ULONG LoggingLevel;
    ULONG Flags:
     ULONG TimeoutSeconds;
} IP DNS PROXY GLOBAL INFO, *PIP DNS PROXY GLOBAL INFO;
typedef struct IP DNS PROXY INTERFACE INFO {
     ULONG Flags;
} IP DNS PROXY INTERFACE INFO, *PIP DNS PROXY INTERFACE INFO;
typedef struct IP NAT GLOBAL INFO {
     ULONG LoggingLevel; // see IPNATHLP.H (IPNATHLP LOGGING *).
     ULONG Flags;
    RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER Header;
} IP NAT GLOBAL INFO, *PIP NAT GLOBAL INFO;
typedef struct _IP_NAT_TIMEOUT {
     ULONG TCPTimeoutSeconds;
     ULONG UDPTimeoutSeconds;
} IP NAT TIMEOUT, *PIP NAT TIMEOUT;
typedef struct IP NAT INTERFACE INFO {
     ULONG Index;
     ULONG Flags;
     RTR INFO BLOCK HEADER Header;
} IP NAT INTERFACE INFO, *PIP NAT INTERFACE INFO;
typedef struct IP NAT ADDRESS RANGE {
    ULONG StartAddress;
```

```
ULONG EndAddress;
    ULONG SubnetMask;
} IP NAT ADDRESS RANGE, *PIP NAT ADDRESS RANGE;
typedef struct IP NAT PORT MAPPING {
    UCHAR Protocol;
   USHORT PublicPort;
    ULONG PublicAddress; // OPTIONAL - see IP NAT ADDRESS UNSPECIFIED
    USHORT PrivatePort;
    ULONG PrivateAddress;
} IP NAT PORT MAPPING, *PIP NAT PORT MAPPING;
typedef struct IP NAT ADDRESS MAPPING {
    ULONG PrivateAddress;
    ULONG PublicAddress;
    BOOLEAN AllowInboundSessions;
} IP_NAT_ADDRESS_MAPPING, *PIP_NAT_ADDRESS_MAPPING;
typedef struct IP ALG GLOBAL INFO {
    ULONG LoggingLevel;
   ULONG Flags;
} IP ALG GLOBAL INFO, *PIP ALG GLOBAL INFO;
typedef struct _RIP_GLOBAL_INFO {
    DWORD EventLogMask;
} RIP GLOBAL INFO,
 *PRIP GLOBAL_INFO;
typedef struct _RIP_ROUTE_FILTER_INFO {
   UCHAR Network[4];
UCHAR Mask[4];
} RIP ROUTE FILTER INFO,
 *PRIP ROUTE FILTER INFO;
typedef struct RIP IF FILTERS {
    ULONG
                    SupplyFilterAction;
    ULONG
                     SupplyFilterCount;
                    ListenFilterAction;
   ULONG
   ULONG
                    ListenFilterCount;
   RIP ROUTE FILTER INFO RouteFilter[1];
} RIP IF FILTERS,
 *PRIP IF FILTERS;
RIP IF FILTERS RipIfFilters;
} RIP IF CONFIG,
 *PRIP IF CONFIG;
typedef struct _SAP_GLOBAL_INFO {
   DWORD
               EventLogMask;
} SAP GLOBAL INFO,
 *PSAP GLOBAL INFO;
typedef struct _OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER
{
    DWORD
           dwAddress;
    DWORD
           dwMask;
}OSPF ROUTE FILTER, *POSPF ROUTE FILTER;
typedef enum OSPF FILTER ACTION
   ACTION DROP = 0,
   ACTION ACCEPT = 1
}OSPF FILTER ACTION, *POSPF FILTER ACTION;
typedef struct OSPF ROUTE FILTER INFO
{
```

```
DWORD
                       type;
    OSPF FILTER ACTION ofaActionOnMatch;
    DWORD
                       dwNumFilters;
   OSPF_ROUTE_FILTER     pFilters[1];
}OSPF ROUTE FILTER INFO, *POSPF ROUTE FILTER INFO;
typedef struct _OSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO
    DWORD
                       type;
   OSPF FILTER ACTION ofaActionOnMatch;
    DWORD
                       dwNumFilters;
    DWORD
                       pdwProtoId[1];
}OSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO, *POSPF_PROTO_FILTER_INFO;
typedef struct OSPF GLOBAL PARAM
   DWORD
            type;
   DWORD
           create;
          enable;
   DWORD
   DWORD
             routerId;
   DWORD ASBrdrRtr;
   DWORD logLevel;
 }OSPF GLOBAL PARAM, *POSPF GLOBAL PARAM;
typedef struct _OSPF_AREA_PARAM
    DWORD
            type;
   DWORD
            create;
   DWORD
          enable;
   DWORD
             areaId;
   DWORD
            authType;
   DWORD importASExtern;
   DWORD stubMetric;
   DWORD
            importSumAdv;
}OSPF AREA PARAM, *POSPF AREA PARAM;
typedef struct _OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM
    DWORD
            type;
   DWORD
          create;
   DWORD
           enable;
   DWORD
             areaId;
           rangeNet;
   DWORD
   DWORD
             rangeMask;
}OSPF AREA RANGE PARAM, *POSPF AREA RANGE PARAM;
typedef struct OSPF VIRT INTERFACE PARAM
   DWORD
            type;
   DWORD create;
   DWORD
          enable;
            transitAreaId;
virtNeighborRouterId;
   DWORD
   DWORD
   DWORD transitDelay;
          retransInterval; helloInterval;
   DWORD
   DWORD
   DWORD deadInterval;
   BYTE password[8];
}OSPF VIRT INTERFACE PARAM, *POSPF VIRT INTERFACE PARAM;
typedef struct OSPF INTERFACE PARAM
   DWORD
            type;
   DWORD
           create;
   DWORD
           enable;
    DWORD
             intfIpAddr;
             intfSubnetMask;
   DWORD
   DWORD
             areaId;
   DWORD
           intfType;
```

```
DWORD
             routerPriority;
           transitDelay;
    DWORD
    DWORD
             retransInterval;
    DWORD helloInterval;
    DWORD
           deadInterval;
    DWORD
             pollInterval;
           metricCost;
    DWORD
    BYTE password[8];
DWORD mtuSize;
}OSPF_INTERFACE_PARAM, *POSPF_INTERFACE_PARAM;
typedef struct _OSPF_NBMA_NEIGHBOR_PARAM
{
    DWORD
             type;
    DWORD
             create;
    DWORD
            enable;
    DWORD
             neighborIpAddr;
    DWORD
              intfIpAddr;
    DWORD
           neighborPriority;
}OSPF NBMA NEIGHBOR PARAM, *POSPF NBMA NEIGHBOR PARAM;
typedef enum RASDEVICETYPE
    RDT Modem = 0,
    RDT_X25,
    RDT_Isdn,
RDT_Serial,
    RDT FrameRelay,
    RDT_Atm,
    RDT Sonet,
    RDT Sw56,
    RDT_Tunnel_Pptp,
    RDT Tunnel L2tp, RDT_Irda,
    RDT Parallel,
    RDT_Other,
RDT_PPPoE,
RDT_Tunnel_Sstp,
    RDT Tunnel Ikev2,
    RDT_Tunnel = 0x00010000,
RDT_Direct = 0x00020000,
    RDT Null Modem = 0 \times 00040000,
    RDT_Broadband = 0x00080000
} RASDEVICETYPE;
typedef enum RASMAN STATUS {
    OPEN = 0,
    CLOSED = 1,
    UNAVAILABLE = 2,
    REMOVED = 3
} RASMAN STATUS;
typedef enum _ReqTypes {
REQTYPE PORTENUM= 21,
REQTYPE GETINFO= 22,
REQTYPE_GETDEVCONFIG= 73,
REQTYPE SETDEVICECONFIGINFO= 94,
REQTYPE GETDEVICECONFIGINFO= 95,
REQTYPE GETCALLEDID= 105,
REQTYPE_SETCALLEDID= 106,
REQTYPE GETNDISWANDRIVERCAPS= 111
} ReqTypes;
typedef enum RASMAN STATE {
    CONNECTING = 0,
    LISTENING = 1,
    CONNECTED = 2,
```

```
DISCONNECTING = 3,
    DISCONNECTED
                    = 4,
    LISTENCOMPLETED = 5,
} RASMAN STATE;
typedef enum RASMAN DISCONNECT TYPE {
    USER REQUESTED = 0,
    REMOTE DISCONNECTION = 1,
    \overline{\text{HARDWARE}} FAILURE = 2,
    NOT_DISCONNECTED = 3
RASMAN DISCONNECT TYPE;
typedef enum _RASMAN_USAGE {
    CALL NONE = 0x00,
    CALL_IN = 0x01,
    CALL\_OUT = 0x02,
    CALL ROUTER = 0 \times 04,
    CALL LOGON = 0 \times 08,
    CALL OUT ONLY = 0x10,
    CALL IN ONLY = 0 \times 20,
    CALL OUTBOUND ROUTER = 0x40
} RASMAN USAGE;
typedef struct _RequestBuffer {
    DWORD RB PCBIndex;
    ReqTypes
               RB_Reqtype;
               RB_Dummy;
RB_Done;
    DWORD
    DWORD
    LONGLONG
              Alignment;
                RB_Buffer[1];
    BYTE
} RequestBuffer;
typedef struct DeviceConfigInfo
                    retcode;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                    dwVersion;
    DWORD
                    cbBuffer;
    DWORD
                    cEntries;
    BYTE
                     abdata[1];
} DeviceConfigInfo;
typedef struct RAS DEVICE INFO
    DWORD
                    dwVersion;
                   dwVersi
fWrite;
    BOOL
                   fRasEnabled;
fRouterEnabled;
    BOOL
    BOOL
                    fRouterOutboundEnabled;
    BOOL
    DWORD
                   dwTapiLineId;
                    dwError;
dwNumEndPoints;
    DWORD
    DWORD
    DWORD
                   dwMaxOutCalls;
    DWORD
                    dwMaxInCalls;
    DWORD
                     dwMinWanEndPoints;
    DWORD
                    dwMaxWanEndPoints;
    RASDEVICETYPE eDeviceType;
          guidDevice;
szPortName[17];
    GUID
    CHAR
    CHAR
                    szDeviceName[129];
    WCHAR
                     wszDeviceName[129];
} RAS DEVICE INFO, *PRAS DEVICE INFO;
typedef struct _RAS_CALLEDID INFO
    DWORD
                     dwSize;
                     bCalledId[1];
    BYTE
} RAS CALLEDID INFO, *PRAS CALLEDID INFO;
typedef struct GetSetCalledId
{
```

```
DWORD
                        retcode;
    BOOL
                        fWrite;
    DWORD
                        dwSize;
    GUID
                        guidDevice;
    RAS_DEVICE INFO
                       rdi;
    RAS CALLEDID INFO rciInfo;
} GetSetCalledId;
typedef struct _RAS_NDISWAN_DRIVER INFO
    ULONG
           DriverCaps;
    ULONG
           Reserved;
} RAS NDISWAN DRIVER INFO, *P NDISWAN DRIVER INFO;
typedef struct GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct
   RAS NDISWAN DRIVER INFO NdiswanDriverInfo;
} GetNdiswanDriverCapsStruct;
typedef struct GetDevConfigStruct
    DWORD retcode;
    CHAR devicetype[17];
    DWORD size;
    BYTE config[1];
} GetDevConfigStruct;
typedef
            struct Enum
    DWORD retcode;
    DWORD size;
    DWORD
           entries;
    BYTE
            buffer[1];
} Enum;
typedef struct RASMAN PORT 32 {
    DWORD P Port;
    CHAR P PortName[16];
   RASMAN_STATUS P_Status;
RASDEVICETYPE P rdtDeviceType;
    RASMAN USAGE P ConfiguredUsage;
    RASMAN_USAGE P_CurrentUsage;
    CHAR P MediaName[16];
    CHAR P DeviceType[16];
    CHAR P DeviceName[129];
    DWORD \overline{P} LineDeviceId;
    DWORD P AddressId;
} RASMAN PORT 32;
typedef struct RASMAN INFO {
    RASMAN STATUS RI PortStatus;
    RASMAN STATE RI ConnState;
              RI_LinkSpeed;
RI_LastError;
    DWORD
    DWORD
    RASMAN USAGE RI CurrentUsage;
    CHAR
                  RI_DeviceTypeConnecting [16];
    CHAR
                    RI DeviceConnecting [129];
                   RI szDeviceType[16];
    CHAR
    CHAR
                  RI szDeviceName[129];
   CHAR RI_szPortName[17];
RASMAN DISCONNECT TYPE RI DisconnectType;
            RI OwnershipFlag;
                  RI ConnectDuration;
    DWORD
    DWORD
                   RI BytesReceived;
                   RI Phonebook[261];
    CHAR
    CHAR
                   RI PhoneEntry[257];
    HANDLE
                    RI ConnectionHandle;
```

```
DWORD
                    RI_SubEntry;
   RASDEVICETYPE RI_rdtDeviceType;
GUID RI_GuidEntry;
                    RI dwSessionId;
    DWORD
                    RI_dwFlags;
    DWORD
    GUID
                    RI CorrelationGuid;
} RASMAN INFO;
typedef struct Info
    union {
                      retcode;
        DWORD
        HANDLE
                     paddingField;
    RASMAN INFO
} Info:
#define RASRPC MaxEntryName
                                256
#define RASRPC MaxPortName
#define RASRPC MaxDeviceName 128
#define RASRPC MaxPhoneNumber 128
#define RASRPC MAX PATH
typedef struct RASRPC CALLBACKLIST
    WCHAR pszPortName[RASRPC MaxPortName + 1];
    WCHAR pszDeviceName[RASRPC MaxDeviceName + 1];
    WCHAR pszNumber[RASRPC MaxPhoneNumber + 1];
    DWORD dwDeviceType;
    [unique] struct RASRPC CALLBACKLIST *pNext;
} RASRPC_CALLBACKLIST, *LPRASRPC_CALLBACKLIST;
typedef struct RASRPC STRINGLIST
    WCHAR psz[256];
[unique] struct _RASRPC_STRINGLIST *pNext;
} RASRPC_STRINGLIST, *LPRASRPC_STRINGLIST;
typedef struct RASRPC LOCATIONLIST
   DWORD dwLocationId;
    DWORD iPrefix;
    DWORD iSuffix;
    [unique] struct RASRPC LOCATIONLIST *pNext;
} RASRPC LOCATIONLIST, *LPRASRPC LOCATIONLIST;
typedef struct RASRPC PBUSER
    BOOL fOperatorDial;
    BOOL fPreviewPhoneNumber;
    BOOL fUseLocation;
    BOOL fShowLights;
    BOOL fShowConnectStatus;
    BOOL fCloseOnDial;
   BOOL fAllowLogonPhonebookEdits;
    BOOL fAllowLogonLocationEdits;
    BOOL fSkipConnectComplete;
    BOOL fNewEntryWizard;
    DWORD dwRedialAttempts;
    DWORD dwRedialSeconds;
    DWORD dwIdleDisconnectSeconds;
    BOOL fRedialOnLinkFailure;
    BOOL fPopupOnTopWhenRedialing;
    BOOL fExpandAutoDialQuery;
    DWORD dwCallbackMode;
    [unique] LPRASRPC CALLBACKLIST pCallbacks;
    WCHAR pszLastCallbackByCaller[129];
    DWORD dwPhonebookMode;
```

```
WCHAR pszPersonalFile[260];
    WCHAR pszAlternatePath[260];
    [unique] LPRASRPC STRINGLIST pPhonebooks;
    [unique] LPRASRPC STRINGLIST pAreaCodes;
    BOOL fUseAreaAndCountry;
    [unique] LPRASRPC STRINGLIST pPrefixes;
    [unique] LPRASRPC STRINGLIST pSuffixes;
    [unique] LPRASRPC LOCATIONLIST pLocations;
    DWORD dwXPhonebook;
    DWORD dwYPhonebook;
    WCHAR pszDefaultEntry[257];
    BOOL fInitialized;
    BOOL fDirty;
} RASRPC_PBUSER, *LPRASRPC PBUSER;
[
    uuid(8f09f000-b7ed-11ce-bbd2-00001a181cad),
    version(0.0),
   pointer default(unique)
]
interface dimsvc
    DWORD
    RMprAdminServerGetInfo (
        [in]
                           DIM HANDLE
                                                       hDimServer,
        [in]
                           DWORD
                                                       dwLevel,
                           PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pInfoStruct
        [out]
        );
    DWORD
    RRasAdminConnectionEnum (
               DIM HANDLE
        [in]
                                                     hDimServer,
        [in]
                         DWORD
                                                     dwLevel,
                        PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
DWORD dwPreferedMa
        [in,out]
        [in]
                                                     dwPreferedMaximumLength,
                        LPDWORD
                                                     lpdwEntriesRead,
        [out.]
                        LPDWORD
        [out]
                                                     lpdwTotalEntries,
        [in,out,unique] LPDWORD
                                                     lpdwResumeHandle
        );
    DWORD
    RRasAdminConnectionGetInfo (
        [in] DIM_HANDLE
                                                       hDimServer,
                           DWORD
        [in]
                                                       dwLevel.
        [in]
                                                       hDimConnection,
                          PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pInfoStruct
        [out]
        );
    DWORD
    RRasAdminConnectionClearStats (
                        DIM HANDLE
        [in]
                                                       hDimServer,
        [in]
                           DWORD
                                                       hDimConnection
        );
```

```
DWORD
RRasAdminPortEnum (
    [in]
                        DIM HANDLE
                                                    hDimServer,
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                    dwLevel,
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                    hRasConnection,
    [in,out]
                        PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
    [in]
                DWORD
                                             dwPreferedMaximumLength,
                                                    lpdwEntriesRead,
                        LPDWORD
    [out]
                       T.PDWORD
                                                    lpdwTotalEntries,
    [out]
                        LPDWORD
                                                    lpdwResumeHandle
    [in,out,unique]
    );
DWORD
RRasAdminPortGetInfo (
                        DIM HANDLE
                                                     hDimServer,
    [in]
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     dwLevel,
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     hPort,
                        PDIM_INFORMATION_CONTAINER pInfoStruct
    [out]
    );
DWORD
RRasAdminPortClearStats (
                        DIM HANDLE
                                                     hDimServer,
    [in]
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     hPort
    );
DWORD
RRasAdminPortReset (
                                                    hDimServer,
                        DIM HANDLE
    [in]
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                    hPort
    );
DWORD
RRasAdminPortDisconnect (
                                                     hDimServer,
                        DIM HANDLE
    [in]
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     hPort
    );
{\tt RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo(}
    [in]
              DIM HANDLE
                                                     hDimServer,
                        DWORD
    [in]
                                                     dwTransportId,
    [in]
                        PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER
                                                     pInfoStruct
    );
{\tt RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo(}
    [in]
                        DIM HANDLE
                                                     hDimServer,
                        DWORD
    [in]
                                                     dwTransportId,
                        PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER
    [in,out]
                                                     pInfoStruct
    );
RRouterInterfaceGetHandle(
                        DIM HANDLE
                                             hDimServer,
    [in]
                        LPWSTR
    [in,string]
                                             lpwsInterfaceName,
```

<pre>[in,out] [in]);</pre>		phInterface, fIncludeClientInterface	s
<pre>DWORD RRouterInterfaceCreate([in] [in] [in] [in, out]);</pre>	DIM_HANDLE DWORD PDIM INFORMATION CONS LPDWORD	hDimServer, dwLevel, TAINER pInfoStruct, phInterface	
<pre>DWORD RRouterInterfaceGetInfo [in] [in] [in,out] [in]);</pre>	(DIM HANDLE DWORD PDIM_INFORMATION_CONT DWORD	hDimServer, dwLevel, TAINER pInfoStruct, hInterface	
<pre>DWORD RRouterInterfaceSetInfo [in] [in] [in] [in] [in]</pre>	(DIM HANDLE DWORD PDIM INFORMATION CONS DWORD	hDimServer, dwLevel, TAINER pInfoStruct, hInterface	
<pre>DWORD RRouterInterfaceDelete([in] [in]);</pre>	DIM_HANDLE DWORD	hDimServer, hInterface	
<pre>DWORD RRouterInterfaceTranspo [in] [in] [in] [in]</pre>	rtRemove(DIM_HANDLE DWORD DWORD	hDimServer, hInterface, dwTransportId	
<pre>DWORD RRouterInterfaceTranspo. [in] [in] [in] [in] [in]</pre>	rtAdd(DIM_HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM INTERFACE CONTA:	hDimServer, hInterface, dwTransportId, INER pInfoStruct	
DWORD RRouterInterfaceTranspo: [in] [in] [in] [in, out]	rtGetInfo(DIM_HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM_INTERFACE_CONTA:	hDimServer, hInterface, dwTransportId, INER pInfoStruct	

```
);
DWORD
RRouterInterfaceTransportSetInfo(
   [in]
                     DIM HANDLE
                                                  hDimServer,
    [in]
                       DWORD
                                                  hInterface,
    [in]
                       DWORD
                                                  dwTransportId,
    [in]
                       PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER
                                                  pInfoStruct
   );
DWORD
RRouterInterfaceEnum (
                                                 hDimServer,
    [in]
                       DIM HANDLE
    [in]
                     DWORD
                                                dwLevel,
                     PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pinfoStruct,
    [in,out]
                                 dwPreferedMaximumLength,
    [in]
                       DWORD
                                                 lpdwEntriesRead,
                      LPDWORD
    [out]
```

DWORD

[out]

```
RRouterInterfaceConnect(
```

[in,out,unique]

[in]	DIM HANDLE	hDimServer,
[in]	DWORD	hInterface,
[in]	ULONG PTR	hEvent,
[in]	DWORD	fBlocking,
		1 - 11 -

LPDWORD

LPDWORD

[in] DWORD dwCallersProcessId

lpdwTotalEntries,

lpdwResumeHandle

);

DWORD

```
RRouterInterfaceDisconnect(
```

[in]	DIM_HANDLE	hDimServer,
[in]	DWORD	hInterface
);		

DWORD

RRouterInterfaceUpdateRoutes(

```
        [in]
        DIM_HANDLE
        hDimServer,

        [in]
        DWORD
        hInterface,

        [in]
        DWORD
        dwTransportId,

        [in]
        ULONG PTR
        hEvent,
```

[in] DWORD dwClientProcessId

);

DWORD

);

DWORD

 ${\tt RRouterInterfaceUpdatePhonebookInfo(}$

[in] [in]);	DIM_HANDLE DWORD	hDimServer, hInterface
<pre>DWORD RMIBEntryCreate([in] [in] [in] [in] [in]</pre>	DIM_HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER	hDimServer, dwPid, dwRoutingPid, pInfoStuct
<pre>DWORD RMIBEntryDelete([in] [in] [in] [in] [in]</pre>	DIM HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER	hDimServer, dwPid, dwRoutingPid, pInfoStuct
<pre>DWORD RMIBEntrySet([in] [in] [in] [in]</pre>	DIM HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER	hDimServer, dwPid, dwRoutingPid, pInfoStuct
<pre>DWORD RMIBEntryGet([in] [in] [in] [in, out]);</pre>	DIM_HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER	hDimServer, dwPid, dwRoutingPid, pInfoStuct
<pre>DWORD RMIBEntryGetFirst([in] [in] [in] [in, out]);</pre>	DIM_HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER	hDimServer, dwPid, dwRoutingPid, pInfoStuct
<pre>DWORD RMIBEntryGetNext([in] [in] [in] [in, out]);</pre>	DIM HANDLE DWORD DWORD PDIM_MIB_ENTRY_CONTAINER	hDimServer, dwPid, dwRoutingPid, pInfoStuct
DWORD RMIBGetTrapInfo([in] [in] [in]	DIM_HANDLE DWORD DWORD	hDimServer, dwPid, dwRoutingPid,

```
PDIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER
    [in, out]
                                                      pInfoStruct
);
DWORD
RMIBSetTrapInfo(
                        DIM HANDLE
    [in]
                                                     hDimServer,
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     dwPid,
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     dwRoutingPid,
                        ULONG PTR
                                                     hEvent,
    [in]
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     dwClientProcessId,
    [in, out]
                        PDIM MIB ENTRY CONTAINER
                                                     pInfoStruct
);
DWORD
RRasAdminConnectionNotification(
                        DIM HANDLE
                                                      hDimServer,
    [in]
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                      fRegister,
                        DWORD
                                                      dwClientProcessId,
    [in]
    [in]
                        ULONG PTR
                                                      hEventNotification
);
DWORD
RRasAdminSendUserMessage(
    [in]
                        DIM HANDLE
                                                     hDimServer,
                        DWORD
    [in]
                                                     hDimConnection,
                        LPWSTR
    [in,string]
                                                     lpwszMessage
    );
DWORD
RRouterDeviceEnum(
    [in]
                        DIM HANDLE
                                                     hDimServer,
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                     dwLevel,
                        PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pInfoStruct,
    [in, out]
    [in, out]
                        LPDWORD
                                                     lpdwTotalEntries
);
DWORD
RRouterInterfaceTransportCreate(
    [in]
                       DIM HANDLE
                                                      hDimServer,
    [in]
                        DWORD
                                                      dwTransportId,
    [in, string]
                        LPWSTR
                                                      lpwsTransportName,
    [in]
                       PDIM INTERFACE CONTAINER
                                                    pInfoStruct,
    [in, string]
                       LPWSTR
                                                      lpwsDLLPath
);
RRouterInterfaceDeviceGetInfo(
    [in]
                   DIM HANDLE
                                                      hDimServer,
    [in]
                      DWORD
                                                      dwLevel,
                     PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER
    [in, out]
                                                      pInfoStruct,
    [in]
                     DWORD
                                                      dwIndex,
                      DWORD
                                                      hInterface
    [in]
);
```

```
DWORD
    RRouterInterfaceDeviceSetInfo(
                         DIM HANDLE
                                                        hDimServer,
        [in]
        [in]
                         DWORD
                                                        dwLevel,
                         PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER
                                                        pInfoStruct,
        [in]
        [in]
                         DWORD
                                                        dwIndex,
        [in]
                         DWORD
                                                        hInterface
    );
    DWORD
    RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsEx(
                           DIM HANDLE
                                                       hDimServer,
        [in]
        [in]
                           DWORD
                                                       dwLevel,
                           PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pinfoStruct,
        [in]
        [in]
                           DWORD
                                                       hInterface
        );
    DWORD
    RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsEx(
               DIM HANDLE
        [in]
                                                       hDimServer,
        [in]
                           DWORD
                                                       dwLevel,
                           PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pinfoStruct,
        [in,out]
                           DWORD
        [in]
                                                       hInterface
        );
    DWORD
    RRasAdminConnectionRemoveQuarantine(
               DIM HANDLE
        [in]
                                                       hDimServer,
        [in]
                           DWORD
                                                       hRasConnection,
        [in]
                           BOOL
                                                       fIsIpAddress
    );
    DWORD
    RMprAdminServerSetInfo(
                            DIM HANDLE
        [in]
                                                         hDimServer,
                                                         dwLevel,
        [in]
                            DWORD
        [in]
                            PDIM INFORMATION CONTAINER pInfoStruct
    );
    DWORD
    RMprAdminServerGetInfoEx(
        [in] DIM HANDLE
                                                         hDimServer,
                            PMPR SERVER EX IDL
                                                          pServerConfig
        [in, out]
DWORD
RRasAdminConnectionEnumEx (
                                            DIM HANDLE
                                                                       hDimServer,
    [in]
    [in]
                                            PMPRAPI OBJECT HEADER IDL
                                                                       objectHeader,
                                            DWORD
                                                                       dwPreferedMaxLen,
    [in]
                                           LPDWORD
    [out]
                                                                       lpdwEntriesRead,
    [out]
                                           LPDWORD
                                                                       lpdNumTotalElements,
    [out, size is(,*lpdwEntriesRead)]
                                           PRAS CONNECTION EX IDL
                                                                       *pRasConections,
    [in,out,unique]
                                           LPDWORD
                                                                       lpdwResumeHandle);
DWORD
RRasAdminConnectionGetInfoEx (
                       DIM HANDLE
                                                   hDimServer,
```

);

```
[in]
                      DWORD
                                                 hDimConnection,
                      PMPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL objectHeader,
    [in]
                      PRAS CONNECTION EX IDL
    [out]
                                                 pRasConnection
    );
DWORD
RMprAdminServerSetInfoEx (
    [in]
                      DIM HANDLE
                                                         hDimServer,
                      PMPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX IDL
    [in]
                                                         pServerConfig);
RRasAdminUpdateConnection(
    [in] DIM HANDLE
                                              hDimServer,
    [in]
                  DWORD
                                             hDimConnection,
                  PRAS UPDATE CONNECTION IDL pServerConfig);
    [in]
RRouterInterfaceSetCredentialsLocal(
           DIM HANDLE
   [in]
                                           hDimServer,
                 LPWSTR
                                            lpwsInterfaceName,
    [in,string]
    [in,string]
                  LPWSTR
                                            lpwsUserName,
                 LPWSTR
    [in,string]
                                            lpwsDomainName,
    [in,string] LPWSTR
                                            lpwsPassword);
DWORD
RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal(
              DIM_HANDLE
                                            hDimServer,
    [in]
    [in,string]
                  LPWSTR
                                            lpwsInterfaceName,
    [out] [string] LPWSTR
                                            *lpwsUserName,
    [out] [string] LPWSTR [out] [string] LPWSTR
                                            *lpwsDomainName,
                                             *lpwsPassword);
RRouterInterfaceGetCustomInfoEx(
    [in]
         DIM HANDLE
                                                 hDimServer,
    [in]
                      DWORD
                                                 hInterface,
    [in,out]
                     PMPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX IDL pIfCustomConfig
   );
RRouterInterfaceSetCustomInfoEx(
         DIM HANDLE
    [in]
                                                 hDimServer,
                      DWORD
    [in]
                                                 hInterface,
    [in,out]
                     PMPR IF CUSTOMINFOEX IDL
                                               pIfCustomConfig
   );
}
uuid(20610036-fa22-11cf-9823-00a0c911e5df),
version(1.0)
interface rasrpc
void Opnum0NotUsedOnWire(void);
void Opnum1NotUsedOnWire(void);
void Opnum2NotUsedOnWire(void);
void Opnum3NotUsedOnWire(void);
void Opnum4NotUsedOnWire(void);
```

```
DWORD
RasRpcDeleteEntry(
    [in] handle t h,
    [in, string] LPWSTR lpszPhonebook,
    [in, string] LPWSTR lpszEntry
void Opnum6NotUsedOnWire(void);
void Opnum7NotUsedOnWire(void);
void Opnum8NotUsedOnWire(void);
DWORD
RasRpcGetUserPreferences (
    [in] handle t h,
    [in, out] LPRASRPC PBUSER pUser,
    [in] DWORD dwMode
    );
DWORD
RasRpcSetUserPreferences(
    [in] handle t h,
    [in] LPRASRPC PBUSER pUser,
    [in] DWORD dwMode
UINT
RasRpcGetSystemDirectory(
    [in] handle t h,
    [in, out, string, size is(uSize)] LPWSTR lpBuffer,
    [in, range(0, RASRPC MAX PATH)] UINT uSize
    );
DWORD
RasRpcSubmitRequest (
    [in] handle t h,
    [in, out, unique, size is(dwcbBufSize)] PBYTE pReqBuffer,
    [in] DWORD dwcbBufSize
void Opnum13NotUsedOnWire(void);
DWORD
RasRpcGetInstalledProtocolsEx(
    [in] handle t h,
    [in] BOOL fRouter,
    [in] BOOL fRasCli,
    [in] BOOL fRasSrv
    );
DWORD
RasRpcGetVersion(
    [in] handle_t h,
    [in, out, ref] LPDWORD pdwVersion
);
void Opnum16NotUsedOnWire(void);
ſ
    uuid(66a2db1b-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04),
    helpstring("IRemoteNetworkConfig Interface"),
    pointer default(unique)
interface IRemoteNetworkConfig : IUnknown
    HRESULT UpgradeRouterConfig();
```

```
HRESULT SetUserConfig(
        [in] LPCOLESTR pszService,
        [in] LPCOLESTR pszNewGroup
    );
};
[
    uuid(66a2db20-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04),
    helpstring("IRemoteRouterRestart Interface"),
    pointer default(unique)
interface IRemoteRouterRestart : IUnknown
    HRESULT RestartRouter(
        [in] DWORD dwFlags
};
[
    uuid(66a2db21-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04),
    helpstring("IRemoteSetDnsConfig Interface"),
    pointer default(unique)
1
interface IRemoteSetDnsConfig : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT SetDnsConfig(
        [in] DWORD dwConfigId,
        [in] DWORD dwNewValue
};
[
    uuid (66a2db22-d706-11d0-a37b-00c04fc9da04),
    helpstring("IRemoteICFICSConfig Interface"),
   pointer default(unique)
1
interface IRemoteICFICSConfig : IUnknown
    //The following methods are for determining if
    // ICF/ICS is enabled on any connection
    HRESULT GetIcfEnabled(
        [out] BOOL * status
    HRESULT GetIcsEnabled(
        [out] BOOL * status
    );
};
[
    uuid(67e08fc2-2984-4b62-b92e-fc1aae64bbbb),
   helpstring("IRemoteStringIdConfig Interface"),
   pointer_default(unique)
interface IRemoteStringIdConfig : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT GetStringFromId([in] UINT stringId, [out] BSTR * pBstrName);
};
ſ
    uuid(6139d8a4-e508-4ebb-bac7-d7f275145897),
    helpstring("IRemoteIPV6Config Interface"),
    pointer default(unique)
interface IRemoteIPV6Config : IUnknown
    typedef struct tagIPV6Address
```

```
unsigned char bytes[16];
    }IPV6Address;
    HRESULT GetAddressList(
        [in, string] wchar t *pszInterfaceName,
         [out] DWORD *pdwNumAddresses,
         [out, size_is(, *pdwNumAddresses)] IPV6Address **ppIPV6AddressList,
        [in] DWORD dwIfIndex
    );
};
[
    uuid(5ff9bdf6-bd91-4d8b-a614-d6317acc8dd8),
    helpstring("IRemoteSstpCertCheck Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
    interface IRemoteSstpCertCheck : IUnknown
        #define PCWSTR
                            [string] const wchar t*
        HRESULT CheckIfCertificateAllowedRR(
            [in] PCWSTR adminCertName,
            [in, out] PSSTP_CERT_INFO_1 certSha1,
[in, out] PSSTP_CERT_INFO_1 certSha256
        );
    };
```

7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs.

Note: Some of the information in this section is subject to change because it applies to an unreleased, preliminary version of the Windows Server operating system, and thus may differ from the final version of the server software when released. All behavior notes that pertain to the unreleased, preliminary version of the Windows Server operating system contain specific references to Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview as an aid to the reader.

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows 2000 Server operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

- <1> Section 2.1.1.1: Not available in Windows 2000 Server.
- <2> Section 2.1.2.1: In Windows 2000 Server no authentication service registration is specified.
- <3> Section 2.1.2.1: Not supported in Windows 2000 Server.
- <4> Section 2.1.2.1: RPC C AUTHN LEVEL PKT PRIVACY is not available in Windows 2000 Server.
- <5> Section 2.1.2.1: Windows 2000 Server supported clients connecting with RPC C AUTHN LEVEL NONE.
- <6> Section 2.1.2.2: Not available in Windows 2000 Server.

- <7> Section 2.1.2.2: In Windows 2000 Server no authentication service is specified.
- <8> Section 2.1.2.2: Not supported in Windows 2000 Server.
- <9> Section 2.2.1.1.1: Only defined in Windows Server 2000 and not defined for Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2003.
- <10> Section 2.2.1.1.16: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <11> Section 2.2.1.1.16: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <12> Section 2.2.1.1.16: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008.
- <13> Section 2.2.1.1.16: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <14> Section 2.2.1.1.22: BGP_POLICY_DIRECTION is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <15> Section 2.2.1.1.23: BGP_POLICY_TYPE is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <16> Section 2.2.1.1.24: BGP_PEERING_OP_MODE is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <17> Section 2.2.1.2.4: IPv6-related information and features are defined only in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <18> Section 2.2.1.2.4: IP_PROT_PRIORITY_INFO_EX is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <19> Section 2.2.1.2.4: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <20> Section 2.2.1.2.4: Available on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <21> Section 2.2.1.2.4: Available on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <22> Section 2.2.1.2.4: Available on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <23> Section 2.2.1.2.4: IPX-related information and features are only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <24> Section 2.2.1.2.7: Only defined in Windows Server 2008.
- <25> Section 2.2.1.2.8: IPv6-related information and features are defined only in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <26> Section 2.2.1.2.11: Only defined in Windows Server 2008.
- <27> Section 2.2.1.2.11: Only defined in Windows Server 2003 and Windows Server 2008.
- <28> Section 2.2.1.2.11: Only defined in Windows Server 2008.
- <29> Section 2.2.1.2.11: Windows implementations always return 0x00000000 for this field when INTERFACE_ROUTE_INFO is queried using the RROuterInterfaceTransportGetInfo (section 3.1.4.19) method.

<30> Section 2.2.1.2.13: The **PROTOCOL_METRIC** is defined only in the following versions of Windows:

- Windows 2000 Server
- Windows Server 2003
- Windows Server 2008
- Windows Server 2008 R2
- Windows Server 2012

<31> Section 2.2.1.2.13: Windows does not validate the dwProtocolId member of PROTOCOL_METRIC to be one of the values specified in the MIB_IPFORWARD_PROTO. A set operation (using RRouterInterfaceTransportSetGlobalInfo) with a value specified outside of the MIB_IPFORWARD_PROTO will be accepted, and the same will be returned when a get operation (using RRouterInterfaceTransportGetGlobalInfo) is performed.

- <32> Section 2.2.1.2.17: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <33> Section 2.2.1.2.29: The **dwLastChange** member is not currently supported by the Network Driver Interface Specification (NDIS). On Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, and Windows Server 2008 R2, NDIS returns zero for this member. On other versions, an arbitrary value is returned in this member for the interfaces supported by NDIS. For interfaces supported by other interface providers, an appropriate value might be returned.
- <34> Section 2.2.1.2.32: wType is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <35> Section 2.2.1.2.35: ForwardType is not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <36> Section 2.2.1.2.35: ForwardProto is not defined in Windows 2000 Server and windows server 2003.
- <37> Section 2.2.1.2.49: Forwarding is not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <38> Section 2.2.1.2.56: State is not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <39> Section 2.2.1.2.57: RtoAlgorithm is not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <40> Section 2.2.1.2.63: The port limit is determined by the Windows server license.
- <41> Section 2.2.1.2.63: The port limit is determined by the Windows server license.
- <42> Section 2.2.1.2.64: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <43> Section 2.2.1.2.64: The port limit is determined by the Windows server license.
- <44> Section 2.2.1.2.64: The port limit is determined by the Windows server license.
- <45> Section 2.2.1.2.64: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <46> Section 2.2.1.2.64: The port limit is determined by the Windows server license.
- <47> Section 2.2.1.2.64: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <48> Section 2.2.1.2.65: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <49> Section 2.2.1.2.68: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.

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<50> Section 2.2.1.2.70: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
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- <51> Section 2.2.1.2.72: PPP_LCP_PAP, PPP_LCP_SPAP, and PPP_LCP_CHAP are not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <52> Section 2.2.1.2.72: PPP_LCP_CHAP_MD5 and PPP_LCP_CHAP_MS apply to Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <53> Section 2.2.1.2.72: PPP_LCP_PAP, PPP_LCP_SPAP, and PPP_LCP_CHAP are not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <54> Section 2.2.1.2.72: PPP_LCP_AES_128 and PPP_LCP_AES_256 are not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003. PPP_LCP_AES_192, PPP_LCP_GCM_AES_128, PPP_LCP_GCM_AES_192, and PPP_LCP_GCM_AES_256 are available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <55> Section 2.2.1.2.73: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <56> Section 2.2.1.2.73: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <57> Section 2.2.1.2.74: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <58> Section 2.2.1.2.74: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <59> Section 2.2.1.2.74: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <60> Section 2.2.1.2.75: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <61> Section 2.2.1.2.78: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <62> Section 2.2.1.2.81: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <63> Section 2.2.1.2.81: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <64> Section 2.2.1.2.83: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <65> Section 2.2.1.2.84: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <66> Section 2.2.1.2.84: Windows implementations also require that the interface be registered in the registry as specified in 2.2.3.2.1; otherwise, the interface will not be available for managing after the Remote Access Service is restarted.
- <67> Section 2.2.1.2.84: In Windows Server operating systemimplementations, specifying a new value for **wszInterfaceInfo** with MPRI_INTERFACE_2 in calls to <u>RRouterInterfaceSetInfo</u> results in a new phonebook entry being created; that new entry will not be available for management.
- <68> Section 2.2.1.2.84: MPRIO_RequireSPAP and MPRIO_RequireMsCHAP are available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003. MPRIO_RequireMachineCertificates, MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Initiator, and MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Responder are available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <69> Section 2.2.1.2.84: Defined in Windows 2000 Server only.
- <70> Section 2.2.1.2.84: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <71> Section 2.2.1.2.84: This feature is only supported in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2 operating system.
- <72> Section 2.2.1.2.84: In Windows 2000 and Windows NT operating system the szX25PadType string maps to a section name in PAD.INF.

- <73> Section 2.2.1.2.84: This feature is only supported in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2.
- <74> Section 2.2.1.2.84: This feature is only supported in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2.
- <75> Section 2.2.1.2.84: Supported only in Windows 2000 Server.
- <76> Section 2.2.1.2.84: Support for dialing IKEv2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <77> Section 2.2.1.2.85: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <78> Section 2.2.1.2.85: Windows implementations also require that the interface be registered in the registry as specified in 2.2.3.2.1; otherwise, the interface will not be available for managing after the Remote Access Service is restarted.
- <79> Section 2.2.1.2.85: In Windows Server implementations, specifying a new value for wszInterfaceInfo with MPRI_INTERFACE_3 in calls to RRouterInterfaceSetInfo results in a new phonebook entry being created; that new entry will not be available for management.
- <80> Section 2.2.1.2.85: MPRIO_RequirePAP, MPRIO_RequireSPAP, MPRIO_RequireCHAP, and MPRIO RequireMsCHAP are not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- MPRIO_RequireMachineCertificates, MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Initiator, and MPRIO_UsePreSharedKeyForIkev2Responder are available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <81> Section 2.2.1.2.85: This feature is only supported in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2.
- <82> Section 2.2.1.2.85: In Windows 2000 and Windows NT, the szX25PadType string maps to a section name in PAD.INF.
- <83> Section 2.2.1.2.85: This feature is only supported in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2.
- <84> Section 2.2.1.2.85: This feature is only supported in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2. On Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2, this value is ignored and treated identically to MPRDM DialAll.
- <85> Section 2.2.1.2.85: Support for dialing IKEv2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <86> Section 2.2.1.2.91: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <87> Section 2.2.1.2.92: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <88> Section 2.2.1.2.93: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <89> Section 2.2.1.2.94: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <90> Section 2.2.1.2.95: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <91> Section 2.2.1.2.96: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <92> Section 2.2.1.2.97: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <93> Section 2.2.1.2.98: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <94> Section 2.2.1.2.99: Windows 2000 Server only.

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<95> Section 2.2.1.2.100: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
<96> Section 2.2.1.2.101: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
<97> Section 2.2.1.2.102: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
<98> Section 2.2.1.2.103: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
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- <99> Section 2.2.1.2.104: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <100> Section 2.2.1.2.105: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <101> Section 2.2.1.2.106: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <102> Section 2.2.1.2.107: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <103> Section 2.2.1.2.108: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <104> Section 2.2.1.2.109: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <105> Section 2.2.1.2.109: This media type is available only in Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003.
- <106> Section 2.2.1.2.110: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <107> Section 2.2.1.2.111: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <108> Section 2.2.1.2.112: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <109> Section 2.2.1.2.113: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <110> Section 2.2.1.2.114: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <111> Section 2.2.1.2.115: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <112> Section 2.2.1.2.116: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <113> Section 2.2.1.2.117: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <114> Section 2.2.1.2.118: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <115> Section 2.2.1.2.119: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <116> Section 2.2.1.2.120: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <117> Section 2.2.1.2.121: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <118> Section 2.2.1.2.122: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <119> Section 2.2.1.2.126: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <120> Section 2.2.1.2.127: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <121> Section 2.2.1.2.130: The MPRAPI_OBJECT_HEADER_IDL structure is available in Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <122> Section 2.2.1.2.131: PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <123> Section 2.2.1.2.132: IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.

- <124> Section 2.2.1.2.134: RAS_FLAGS_ARAP_CONNECTION is defined only in Windows 2000 Server. RAS_FLAGS_DORMANT is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <125> Section 2.2.1.2.137: IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <126> Section 2.2.1.2.138: IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <127> Section 2.2.1.2.138: The port limit is determined by the Windows server license.
- <128> Section 2.2.1.2.139: PPTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <129> Section 2.2.1.2.139: The port limit is determined by the Windows Server license.
- <130> Section 2.2.1.2.140: L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <131> Section 2.2.1.2.140: The port limit is determined by the Windows Server license.
- <132> Section 2.2.1.2.141: SSTP_CERT_INFO_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <133> Section 2.2.1.2.142: SSTP_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <134> Section 2.2.1.2.142: The port limit is determined by the Windows server license.
- <135> Section 2.2.1.2.143: MPR_SERVER_EX_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <136> Section 2.2.1.2.144: MPR_SERVER_EX_IDL is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <137> Section 2.2.1.2.144: MPR_SERVER_EX_3 is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <138> Section 2.2.1.2.145: MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <139> Section 2.2.1.2.146: MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_1 is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <140> Section 2.2.1.2.148: The RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_1_IDL structure is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <141> Section 2.2.1.2.149: RAS_UPDATE_CONNECTION_IDL is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <142> Section 2.2.1.2.190: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <143> Section 2.2.1.2.201: IP_ALG_GLOBAL_INFO is not available in Windows 2000 Server.
- <144> Section 2.2.1.2.202: RIP_GLOBAL_INFO is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <145> Section 2.2.1.2.204: RIP_GLOBAL_INFO is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.

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<146> Section 2.2.1.2.205: Only defined in Windows 2000 Server.
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- <147> Section 2.2.1.2.206: RIP_IF_CONFIG is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <148> Section 2.2.1.2.207: SAP_GLOBAL_INFO is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <149> Section 2.2.1.2.208: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <150> Section 2.2.1.2.209: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <151> Section 2.2.1.2.210: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <152> Section 2.2.1.2.211: OSPF_GLOBAL_PARAM is applicable in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <153> Section 2.2.1.2.212: OSPF_AREA_PARAM is applicable in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <154> Section 2.2.1.2.213: OSPF_AREA_RANGE_PARAM is applicable in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <155> Section 2.2.1.2.214: OSPF_VIRT_INTERFACE_PARAM is application in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <156> Section 2.2.1.2.215: OSPF_INTERFACE_PARAM is applicable in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <157> Section 2.2.1.2.216: **OSPF_NBMA_NEIGHBOR_PARAM** is applicable in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <158> Section 2.2.1.2.217: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <159> Section 2.2.1.2.218: 5 for Windows 2000 Server, 6 for Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2018, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <160> Section 2.2.1.2.219: 5 for Windows 2000 Server, 6 for Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2018, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <161> Section 2.2.1.2.219: fRouterOutboundEnabled is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <162> Section 2.2.1.2.219: wszDeviceName is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <163> Section 2.2.1.2.228: **RI_dwSessionId** is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <164> Section 2.2.1.2.228: **RI_dwFlags** is not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <165> Section 2.2.1.2.228: **RI_CorrelationGuid** is not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <166> Section 2.2.1.2.230: Defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <167> Section 2.2.1.2.230: Defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <168> Section 2.2.1.2.230: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <169> Section 2.2.1.2.233: The PPP_PROJECTION_INFO_2 structure is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <170> Section 2.2.1.2.234: IKEV2_PROJECTION_INFO_2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.

- <171> Section 2.2.1.2.235: PROJECTION_INFO_IDL_2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <172> Section 2.2.1.2.236: RAS_CONNECTION_4_IDL is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <173> Section 2.2.1.2.237: ROUTER_CUSTOM_IKEv2_POLICY_0 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <174> Section 2.2.1.2.238: IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <175> Section 2.2.1.2.239: **IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_2** is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <176> Section 2.2.1.2.240: MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <177> Section 2.2.1.2.241: MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <178> Section 2.2.1.2.242: MPR_SERVER_EX_2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <179> Section 2.2.1.2.243: ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_0 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <180> Section 2.2.1.2.244: MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_0 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <181> Section 2.2.1.2.245: MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_IDL is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <182> Section 2.2.1.2.246: CERT_EKU_1 is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <183> Section 2.2.1.2.247: The IKEV2_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <184> Section 2.2.1.2.248: IKEV2_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <185> Section 2.2.1.2.249: MPRAPI_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_3 is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <186> Section 2.2.1.2.250: MPR_SERVER_SET_CONFIG_EX_3 is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview only.
- <187> Section 2.2.1.2.251: MPR_SERVER_EX_3 is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <188> Section 2.2.1.2.252: BGP_CONFIG_HEADER is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <189> Section 2.2.1.2.253: BGP_TOC_ENTRY is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <190> Section 2.2.1.2.254: BGP_IP_ADDRESS is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.

- <191> Section 2.2.1.2.255: BGP_IP_PREFIX is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <192> Section 2.2.1.2.256: BGP_ASN_RANGE is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <193> Section 2.2.1.2.257: BGP_ROUTER_CONFIG is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <194> Section 2.2.1.2.258: BGP_POLICY_MATCH is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <195> Section 2.2.1.2.259: BGP_POLICY_MODIFY is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <196> Section 2.2.1.2.260: BGP_POLICY_ACTION is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <197> Section 2.2.1.2.261: BGP_POLICY is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <198> Section 2.2.1.2.262: BGP_PEER is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <199> Section 2.2.1.2.263: BGP_PEER_TO_POLICIES is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <200> Section 2.2.1.2.264: BGP_ADVERTISE is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <201> Section 2.2.1.2.265: BGP_ROUTER_V6 is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <202> Section 2.2.1.2.266: PRIORITY_INFO_EX is available in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <203> Section 2.2.1.2.267: PROTOCOL_METRIC_EX is available only in Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <204> Section 2.2.1.2.268: ROUTER_IKEv2_IF_CUSTOM_CONFIG_1 is available only on Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <205> Section 2.2.1.2.269: MPR_IF_CUSTOMINFOEX_1 is available only on Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <206> Section 2.2.1.2.270: L2TP_TUNNEL_CONFIG_PARAMS_1 is available only on Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <207> Section 2.2.1.2.271: The L2TP_CONFIG_PARAMS_2 structure is available only on Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <208> Section 2.2.2: The phonebook file used by Windows is router.pbk present under the directory System32 under the Windows folder. For example C:\Windows\System32\ras\router.pbk is the file used on RRAS server where Windows folder is C:\Windows.
- <209> Section 2.2.2.1: On Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003, the number of characters in RRAS entry section name cannot exceeds 256 bytes.
- On Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, the numbers of characters in the RRAS entry section name cannot exceed 1536 bytes.

- <210> Section 2.2.2.2.3: On Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, the Type key is optional.
- <211> Section 2.2.2.2.3: This option is not available on Windows 2000 Server.
- <212> Section 2.2.2.2.11: On Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008, RRAS attempts L2TP first. If L2TP fails, PPTP is tried. If PPTP fails, demand-dial connection fails.

On Windows Server 2008 R2, RRAS attempts PPTP first. If PPTP fails, L2TP is tried. If L2TP fails, demand-dial connection fails.

On Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, RRAS attempts PPTP first. If PPTP fails, L2TP is tried. If L2TP fails, IKEv2 is tried. If IKEv2 fails, demand-dial connection fails.

- <213> Section 2.2.2.2.11: IKEv2 is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <214> Section 2.2.2.2.12: Available only on Windows 2000 Server.
- <215> Section 2.2.2.2.12: Available only on Windows 2000 Server.
- <216> Section 2.2.2.2.12: Available on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <217> Section 2.2.2.2.20: On Windows 2000 and Windows Server 2003, RRAS adjusts the number of subentries configured for the connection as bandwidth is needed. RRAS uses **DialPercent**, **DialSeconds**, **HangupPercent**, and **HangupSeconds** to determine when to dial or disconnect a subentry.

On Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, RRAS ignores this key and assumes the value to be 1.

- <218> Section 2.2.2.2.21: This key is ignored on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <219> Section 2.2.2.2.22: This key is ignored on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <220> Section 2.2.2.2.23: This key is ignored on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <221> Section 2.2.2.2.24: This key is ignored on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <222> Section 2.2.2.2.35: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <223> Section 2.2.2.2.38: On Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 the option to enable NetBT on the RRAS entry is based on the values for the keys **ShareMsFilePrint** and **BindMsNetClient**. The following table specifies the behavior on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003:

ShareMsFilePrint	BindMsNetClient	Meaning
0	0	Disable NetBT.
0	1	Enable NetBT.
1	0	Enable NetBT.
1	1	Enable NetBT.

On Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2, RRAS relies on the keys **ShareMsFilePrint**, **BindMsNetClient**, and **IpNBTFlags** to configure NetBT on the RRAS entry.

- <224> Section 2.2.2.2.46: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server.
- <225> Section 2.2.2.2.47: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server.
- <226> Section 2.2.2.2.48: This key is ignored in Windows 2000 Server.
- <227> Section 2.2.2.2.49: This key is ignored in Windows 2000 Server.
- <228> Section 2.2.2.2.58: SPAP and MSCHAPv1 are not present on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <229> Section 2.2.2.2.58: Windows 95 operating system compatible MSCHAP is present only on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <230> Section 2.2.2.2.58: This is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <231> Section 2.2.2.2.58: This is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <232> Section 2.2.2.2.73: The **IpNBTFlags** key is not available on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003. The meaning for the combination of values for keys **IpNBTFlags**, **BindMsNetClient**, and **ShareMsFilePrint** is given in the following table.

Value	Meaning
0	Disable NetBT.
1	Disable NetBT if the value for the keys ShareMsFilePrint and BindMsNetClient is set to "0".
1	Enable NetBT if the value for either of the keys ShareMsFilePrint and BindMsNetClient is "1".

- <233> Section 2.2.2.2.74: This key is ignored on Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <234> Section 2.2.2.2.79: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008.
- <235> Section 2.2.2.2.80: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008.
- <236> Section 2.2.2.2.84: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <237> Section 2.2.2.2.85: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <238> Section 2.2.2.2.86: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008.
- <239> Section 2.2.2.2.87: This key is ignored on Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2008.
- <240> Section 2.2.2.2.97: On Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview, if the key **PBVersion** is present and is set to "1", and the **Type** key is present, then this key is optional.

<241> Section 2.2.2.2.100:

- 1. X25 and Pad device types are supported in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- 2. PPPoE device type is not supported in Windows 2000 Server.
- 3. In Windows 2000 Server the value of DEVICE key is same as that of MEDIA key for all the device types other than isdn, x25, Pad, modem, and switch.
- <242> Section 2.2.2.2.101: This key is not available in Windows 2000 Server.
- <243> Section 2.2.2.104: X25 and Pad device types are ignored in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <244> Section 2.2.2.2.105: X25 and Pad device types are ignored in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <245> Section 2.2.2.2.106: X25 and Pad device types are ignored in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <246> Section 2.2.2.2.107: X25 and Pad device types are ignored in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <247> Section 2.2.3: Windows clients use these registry keys to manage RRAS configuration when the RRASM server is offline.
- <248> Section 2.2.3.1: Available only in Windows 2000 Server.
- <249> Section 2.2.3.1.3: Windows defines GlobalInterfaceInfo only for the IPX transport, which is available only in Windows 2000.
- <250> Section 2.2.3.4.18.3: Windows defines this registry key only on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <251> Section 2.2.3.4.19.4: Windows defines this registry key only on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <252> Section 2.2.5.1.1: IPv6-related information and features are defined only in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <253> Section 3.1.1: Windows 2000 only.
- <254> Section 3.1.1: Not available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <255> Section 3.1.4.1: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <256> Section 3.1.4.1: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <257> Section 3.1.4.1: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server.
- <258> Section 3.1.4.1: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <259> Section 3.1.4.2: Not defined in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <260> Section 3.1.4.10: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <261> Section 3.1.4.10: Available in Windows 2000 Server only.

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<262> Section 3.1.4.10: Not available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
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- <263> Section 3.1.4.11: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <264> Section 3.1.4.11: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <265> Section 3.1.4.11: Not available in Windows 2000 Server or Windows Server 2003.
- <266> Section 3.1.4.11: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <267> Section 3.1.4.11: Not available in Windows 2000 Server.
- <268> Section 3.1.4.12: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <269> Section 3.1.4.13: RRouterInterfaceCreate is not supported in Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, and Windows 7.
- <270> Section 3.1.4.13: No error is returned in Windows 2000 Server if dwIfType is set to ROUTER_IF_TYPE_TUNNEL1.
- <271> Section 3.1.4.14: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <272> Section 3.1.4.15: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <273> Section 3.1.4.15: Not available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <274> Section 3.1.4.16: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <275> Section 3.1.4.17: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <276> Section 3.1.4.17: Not available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <277> Section 3.1.4.17: Available in Windows 2000 Server only.
- <278> Section 3.1.4.17: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <279> Section 3.1.4.17: Not available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <280> Section 3.1.4.18: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <281> Section 3.1.4.18: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <282> Section 3.1.4.18: Not available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <283> Section 3.1.4.18: IPv6-related information and features are only defined in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <284 > Section 3.1.4.18: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <285> Section 3.1.4.19: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <286> Section 3.1.4.19: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <287> Section 3.1.4.19: Not available before Windows Server 2008.
- <288> Section 3.1.4.19: IPV6_ROUTE_INFO and FILTER DESCRIPTOR V6 (section 2.2.1.2.7) can only be retrieved beginning with Windows Server 2008 R2.
- <289> Section 3.1.4.20: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <290> Section 3.1.4.20: PID_IPX is available on Windows 2000 Server only. PID_IPV6 is not available on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.

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<291> Section 3.1.4.20: IPv6-related information and features are only defined in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
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- <292> Section 3.1.4.20: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <293> Section 3.1.4.21: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <294> Section 3.1.4.22: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <295> Section 3.1.4.24: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <296> Section 3.1.4.24: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <297 > Section 3.1.4.25: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <298> Section 3.1.4.25: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <299> Section 3.1.4.26: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <300> Section 3.1.4.27: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <301> Section 3.1.4.28: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <302> Section 3.1.4.28: Not supported in Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2.
- <303> Section 3.1.4.29: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <304> Section 3.1.4.30: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <305> Section 3.1.4.30: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <306> Section 3.1.4.30: The method does not support PID_IPV6 in Windows Server 2008 and earlier.
- <307> Section 3.1.4.30: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <308> Section 3.1.4.31: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <309> Section 3.1.4.31: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <310> Section 3.1.4.31: Not available before Windows Server 2008.
- <311> Section 3.1.4.31: Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003 only.
- <312> Section 3.1.4.32: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <313> Section 3.1.4.32: Windows returns ERROR_SUCCESS when the global configuration for IPBOOTP is requested. Since only one global configuration is available for IPBOOTP, RMIBEntryGetNext is treated same as RMIBEntryGetFirst and the global configuration is always returned with return value ERROR SUCCESS.
- <314> Section 3.1.4.33: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <315> Section 3.1.4.33: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <316 > Section 3.1.4.33: PID_IPV6 is not available on Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003
- <317> Section 3.1.4.34: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <318> Section 3.1.4.34: This method is not invoked by Windows remotely.
- <319> Section 3.1.4.35: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.

- <320> Section 3.1.4.35: This method is not invoked by Windows remotely.
- <321> Section 3.1.4.36: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <322> Section 3.1.4.36: Only defined in Windows Server 2003.
- <323> Section 3.1.4.37: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <324> Section 3.1.4.38: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <325> Section 3.1.4.38: Windows 2000 Server only.
- <326> Section 3.1.4.38: Not available in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <327> Section 3.1.4.38: For Windows, iprtrmgr.dll MUST be present in the %systemroot%\system32 folder.
- <328> Section 3.1.4.39: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <329> Section 3.1.4.40: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <330> Section 3.1.4.40: Windows does not validate the type of devices being added for a connection. Thus, if the devices specified are valid serial, ISDN, PPPoE, or VPN devices (as provided by the RRouterDeviceEnum method), the addition of the VPN/PPPoE devices still succeeds and the method returns ERROR_SUCCESS, though the functionality itself is not supported.
- <331> Section 3.1.4.41: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <332> Section 3.1.4.42: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <333> Section 3.1.4.43: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <334> Section 3.1.4.43: Only defined in Windows Server 2003.
- <335> Section 3.1.4.44: Not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <336> Section 3.1.4.44: For each VPN Tunnel Type, Windows maintains the port configuration by using the registry keys MaxWanEndpoints and WanEndpoints as specified in sections 2.2.3.3.1.7 and 2.2.3.3.1.8, respectively. WanEndpoints corresponds to the number of ports being configured through the MPR_SERVER_1 and MPR_SERVER_2 structures. When WanEndpoints configured is more than MaxWanEndpoints, a reboot is required for the configuration change to be applied by the RRAS implementation. In such a case, Windows returns the error code ERROR_SUCCESS_REBOOT_REQUIRED.
- <337> Section 3.1.4.44: Windows returns the error value ERROR_REBOOT_REQUIRED when the configuration change requires a reboot of the machine for the settings to be applied. One such implementation requirement is when the number of ports configured is more than the maximum number of ports that the tunneling protocols are configured to support initially.
- <338> Section 3.1.4.45: This method is introduced in Windows Server 2008 R2 and Windows 7.
- <339> Section 3.1.4.46: This method is introduced in Windows Server 2008 R2 and Windows 7.
- <340> Section 3.1.4.47: This method is not available on Windows 2000, Windows 2000 Server, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, or Windows Vista.
- <341> Section 3.1.4.48: This method is not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <342> Section 3.1.4.48: Windows returns the error value ERROR_REBOOT_REQUIRED when the configuration change requires a reboot of the machine for the settings to be applied. One such

instance is when the number of ports configured is more than the maximum number of ports that the tunneling protocols are configured to support initially.

- <343> Section 3.1.4.48: Windows returns the error value ERROR_SUCCESS_RESTART_REQUIRED when a configuration change is being done for SSTP or IKEv2, such as when the value for the setConfigForProtocols member of MPR SERVER SET CONFIG EX 1 in pServerConfig is specified as MPRAPI_SET_CONFIG_PROTOCOL_FOR_SSTP (0x00000004) or MPRAPI_SET_CONFIG_PROTOCOL_FOR_IKEV2 (0x00000008).
- <344> Section 3.1.4.49: This method is not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <345> Section 3.1.4.50: This method is not available on Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7.
- <346> Section 3.1.4.51: RRouterInterfaceGetCredentialsLocal is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <347> Section 3.1.4.52: RRouterInterfaceGetCustomInfoEx is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <348> Section 3.1.4.53: RRouterInterfaceSetCustomInfoEx is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <349> Section 3.2.4.15: The error code ERROR_IKEV2_PSK_INTERFACE_ALREADY_EXISTS is available in Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <350> Section 3.2.4.15: Windows implementation calls RRouterInterfaceGetInfo (section 3.2.4.14) in order to construct and fill the structures with which RRouterInterfaceSetInfo will be called. After the structure is retrieved using RRouterInterfaceGetInfo, the necessary configuration modifications are applied to the structure before RRouterInterfaceSetInfo is called.
- <351> Section 3.3.4: Windows 2000 does not throw an exception to indicate the client does not have access.
- <352> Section 3.3.4: Windows 2000 returns the status value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- <353> Section 3.3.4.1: Windows 2000 Server does not throw an RPC exception. Instead it returns an error value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- <354> Section 3.3.4.2: Windows 2000 Server does not throw an RPC exception. Instead it returns an error value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- <355> Section 3.3.4.2: Windows 2000 Server does not perform access permission validation.
- <356> Section 3.3.4.3: Windows 2000 Server does not throw an RPC exception. Instead, it returns an error value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- \leq 357> Section 3.3.4.4: Windows 2000 Server does not throw an RPC exception. Instead, it returns an error value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- <358> Section 3.3.4.4: Windows 2000 Server does not validate access permission.
- <359> Section 3.3.4.5: Windows 2000 Server does not throw an RPC exception. Instead, it returns an error value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- <360> Section 3.3.4.5: Maximum ReqTypes enumeration is 141 for Windows Server 2008 R2, 137 for Windows Server 2008, 129 for Windows Server 2003, 122 for Windows 2000 Server.

- <361> Section 3.3.4.5: The version is 5 for Windows 2000 Server, 6 for Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, and Windows Server 2008 R2
- <362> Section 3.3.4.5: Not available in Windows 2000 Server.
- <363> Section 3.3.4.6: NP_Nbf is valid only in Windows 2000 Server.
- <364> Section 3.3.4.6: NP_Ipx is valid only in Windows 2000 Server.
- <365> Section 3.3.4.6: NP Ipv6 is not valid in Windows 2000 Server and Windows Server 2003.
- <366> Section 3.3.4.6: Windows 2000 Server does not throw an RPC exception. Instead, it returns an error value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- <367> Section 3.3.4.7: Windows 2000 Server does not throw an RPC exception. Instead, it returns an error value of **E_ACCESSDENIED** (0x80070005).
- <368> Section 3.3.4.7: Windows 2000 Server does not validate access permission.
- <369> Section 3.3.4.7: 5 for Windows 2000 Server, 6 for Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2.
- <370> Section 3.4.4: Windows 2000 Server will return a status of E_ACCESS_DENIED if the client is not an administrator of the RRASM server.
- <371> Section 3.5.4.4.1: Defined only in Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows Server 2003 R2.
- <372> Section 3.5.4.7: SSTP is available in Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <373> Section 4.1: Only defined in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.
- <374> Section 4.2: Only defined in Windows Server 2008, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows Server 2012, Windows Server 2012 R2, and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.

8 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the technical content of the document is identical to the last released version.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
1 Introduction	Updated content to include DCOM.	Υ	Content update.
1.3 Overview	Updated content to include DCOM.	Υ	Content update.
1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols	Updated content to include DCOM.	Υ	Content update.
1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions	Updated content to include DCOM.	Υ	Content update.
1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation	Updated content to include new interfaces REMRAS and DCOM.	Υ	Content update.
1.9 Standards Assignments	Updated content to include 8 new interfaces and their values.	Υ	Content update.
2.1 Transport	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
2.1.3 Remras Security Settings	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
2.2.4 Error Codes	Added NETCFG_E_NO_WRITE_LOCK to error code table.	Υ	Content update.
2.2.5 REMRAS Common Messages	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
2.2.5.1.1 IPV6Address	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
3.5.1 Abstract Data Model	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
3.5.2 Timers	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
3.5.3 Initialization	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
3.5.4.1 IRemoteNetworkConfig Interface (Opnum 3)	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
3.5.4.1.1 UpgradeRouterConfig Method (Opnum 3)	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
3.5.4.1.2 SetUserConfig Method (Opnum 4)	Added section.	Υ	New content added.

Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Υ	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Υ	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Υ	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Υ	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
Added section.	Y	New content added.
	Added section. Added section.	Added section. Added section.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
3.6.5 Timer Events	Added section.	Y	New content added.
3.6.6 Other Local Events	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
4.12 Querying validity of SSTP certificate	Added section.	Υ	New content added.
6 Appendix A: Full IDL	Updated IDL to include new interfaces.	Υ	Content update.
Z Appendix B: Product Behavior	Added Windows 10 to applicability list.	Υ	Content update.
7 Appendix B: Product Behavior	Updated product behavior notes for Windows 10 and Windows Server 2016 Technical Preview.	Y	Product behavior note updated.

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