# [MS-MQQP]:

# Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

# **Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation**

- **Technical Documentation.** Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation ("this documentation") for protocols, file formats, data portability, computer languages, and standards support. Additionally, overview documents cover inter-protocol relationships and interactions.
- Copyrights. This documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you can make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the technologies that are described in this documentation and can distribute portions of it in your implementations that use these technologies or in your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. You can also distribute in your implementation, with or without modification, any schemas, IDLs, or code samples that are included in the documentation. This permission also applies to any documents that are referenced in the Open Specifications documentation.
- No Trade Secrets. Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- Patents. Microsoft has patents that might cover your implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications documentation. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of this documentation grants any licenses under those patents or any other Microsoft patents. However, a given Open Specifications document might be covered by the Microsoft Open Specifications Promise or the Microsoft Community Promise. If you would prefer a written license, or if the technologies described in this documentation are not covered by the Open Specifications Promise or Community Promise, as applicable, patent licenses are available by contacting ipla@microsoft.com.
- **License Programs**. To see all of the protocols in scope under a specific license program and the associated patents, visit the <u>Patent Map</u>.
- **Trademarks**. The names of companies and products contained in this documentation might be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights. For a list of Microsoft trademarks, visit <a href="https://www.microsoft.com/trademarks">www.microsoft.com/trademarks</a>.
- **Fictitious Names**. The example companies, organizations, products, domain names, email addresses, logos, people, places, and events that are depicted in this documentation are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, email address, logo, person, place, or event is intended or should be inferred.

**Reservation of Rights**. All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than as specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

**Tools**. The Open Specifications documentation does not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments, you are free to take advantage of them. Certain Open Specifications documents are intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standards specifications and network programming art and, as such, assume that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

**Support.** For questions and support, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>.

# **Revision Summary**

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
5/11/2007	0.1	New	Version 0.1 release
8/10/2007	1.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
9/28/2007	1.0.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
10/23/2007	1.0.2	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
11/30/2007	1.0.3	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
1/25/2008	1.0.4	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
3/14/2008	1.0.5	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
5/16/2008	1.0.6	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
6/20/2008	1.0.7	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
7/25/2008	1.0.8	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
8/29/2008	2.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
10/24/2008	3.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
12/5/2008	4.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
1/16/2009	4.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
2/27/2009	4.2	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
4/10/2009	4.2.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
5/22/2009	4.2.2	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
7/2/2009	5.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
8/14/2009	6.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
9/25/2009	7.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
11/6/2009	8.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
12/18/2009	9.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
1/29/2010	10.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
3/12/2010	10.0.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
4/23/2010	10.0.2	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.
6/4/2010	11.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
7/16/2010	11.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
8/27/2010	12.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
10/8/2010	13.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
11/19/2010	13.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
			technical content.
1/7/2011	13.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
2/11/2011	14.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
3/25/2011	15.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
5/6/2011	16.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
6/17/2011	16.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
9/23/2011	16.1	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
12/16/2011	17.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
3/30/2012	17.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
7/12/2012	17.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
10/25/2012	18.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
1/31/2013	18.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
8/8/2013	19.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
11/14/2013	19.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
2/13/2014	19.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
5/15/2014	19.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
6/30/2015	20.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
10/16/2015	20.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
7/14/2016	20.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
6/1/2017	20.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
9/15/2017	21.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
9/12/2018	22.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
4/7/2021	23.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.

# **Table of Contents**

1	Intro		6
	1.1	Glossary	6
	1.2	References	7
	1.2.1		·8
	1.2.2	Informative Reference	es8
	1.3	Overview	8
	1.3.1	Messages	9
	1.3.2		9
	1.3.3		9
	1.3.4		
	1.4		ocols
	1.5	•	ıs 11
	1.6		
	1.7		Negotiation 11
	1.8		
	1.9		
		<del>-</del>	
			13
	2.1		
	2.2		
	2.2.1		14
	2.2	.1.1 PCTX_RRSESSION	I_HANDLE_TYPE 14
	2.2	.1.2 PCTX_REMOTERE	 AD_HANDLE_TYPE 14
	2.2	.1.3 REMOTEREADACK	
	2.2.2	Structures	
	2.2	.2.1 REMOTEREADDES	C 14
	2.2	.2.2 REMOTEREADDES	C2 16
	2.3	Directory Service Schema	Elements
		Directory Service Scrienta	Liciticites
2	Drote	•	
		ocol Details	
	3.1	ocol Detailsqm2qm Server Details	<b>17</b>
	3.1 3.1.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model .1.1 Shared Data Elem	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry.	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model 1.1 Shared Data Elem 1.2 RemoteReadEntry 1.3 RemoteReadEntry 1.4 OpenQueueEntry 1.5 OpenQueueEntry	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry Timers	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry Timers	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .Timers	
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .Timers	17         17         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         19         19         10         10         12         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         18         19         10         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         18         19         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .Timers	17         17         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         19         19         10         19         10         10         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         10         10         11         12         12         12         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         18         19         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .Timers	17         17         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         19         19         19         10         10         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         10         10         11         12         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         18         18         18         18         19         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10         10
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .1.6 Timers Initialization	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .1.6 Timers Initialization	17         17         18         18         19         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         20         20         21         22         23         24         25         26         26         27
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .1.15 Timers	17         17         18         18         19         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         18         20         20         21         22         23         24         25         26         26         27         28         29         29         21         22         23         24         25         26         27         28         29         21         22         23         24         25         26         27         28         29         29         21         22         23         24         24         25         26         27
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .1.6 Timers Initialization	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model1.1 Shared Data Elem .1.2 RemoteReadEntry .1.3 RemoteReadEntry .1.4 OpenQueueEntry .1.5 OpenQueueEntry .Timers Initialization Message Processing E .4.1 RemoteQMStartRe .4.2 RemoteQMEndRe .4.3 RemoteQMEndRe .4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ .4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ .4.5 RemoteQMCloseQ .4.6 RemoteQMCancel .4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQ .4.8 RemoteQMGetQM .4.9 RemoteQMGetVeI	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model 1.1 Shared Data Elem 1.2 RemoteReadEntry 1.3 RemoteReadEntry 1.4 OpenQueueEntry 1.5 OpenQueueEntry Timers Initialization Message Processing E 4.1 RemoteQMStartRe 4.2 RemoteQMEndRe 4.3 RemoteQMEndRe 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.5 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.5 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.6 RemoteQMCancel 4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQ 4.8 RemoteQMGetQM 4.9 RemoteQMGetVeI 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.11 RemoteQMGetVeI 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.12 RemoteQMStartRe 4.13 RemoteQMGetVeI 4.14 RemoteQMStartRe 4.15 RemoteQMGetVeI 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.11 RemoteQMStartRe 4.12 RemoteQMStartRe 4.13 RemoteQMStartRe 4.14 RemoteQMStartRe 4.15 RemoteQMStartRe 4.16 RemoteQMStartRe	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model 1.1 Shared Data Elem 1.2 RemoteReadEntry 1.3 RemoteReadEntry 1.4 OpenQueueEntry 1.5 OpenQueueEntry Timers Message Processing E 4.1 RemoteQMStartRe 4.2 RemoteQMEndRe 4.3 RemoteQMEndRe 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.5 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.5 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.6 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.7 RemoteQMCancel 4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQ 4.8 RemoteQMGetQM 4.9 RemoteQMGetQM 4.9 RemoteQMStartRe 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.11 RemoteQMStartRe	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model 1.1 Shared Data Elem 1.2 RemoteReadEntry 1.3 RemoteReadEntry 1.4 OpenQueueEntry 1.5 OpenQueueEntry Timers Initialization Message Processing E 4.1 RemoteQMStartRe 4.2 RemoteQMEndRe 4.3 RemoteQMEndRe 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.5 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.6 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.7 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQ 4.8 RemoteQMPurgeQ 4.8 RemoteQMGetQM 4.9 RemoteQMGetQM 4.9 RemoteQMStartRe 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 4.11 RemoteQMStartRe 5 Timer Events	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model 1.1 Shared Data Elem 1.2 RemoteReadEntry 1.3 RemoteReadEntry 1.4 OpenQueueEntry 1.5 OpenQueueEntry Timers Message Processing E 4.1 RemoteQMStartRe 4.2 RemoteQMEndRe 4.3 RemoteQMEndRe 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.4 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.5 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.6 RemoteQMCloseQ 4.7 RemoteQMCancel 4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQ 4.8 RemoteQMPurgeQ 4.8 RemoteQMGetQM 4.9 RemoteQMGetQM 4.9 RemoteQMStartRe 4.10 RemoteQMStartRe 5.4.11 RemoteQMStartRe 6.4.11 RemoteQMStartRe 6.4.11 RemoteQMStartRe 6.4.11 Timer Events	17
	3.1 3.1.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1 3.1	qm2qm Server Details qm2qm Server Details Abstract Data Model 1.1 Shared Data Elem 1.2 RemoteReadEntry 1.3 RemoteReadEntry 1.4 OpenQueueEntry 1.5 OpenQueueEntry Timers	17

	3.2 gm	2gm Client Details	. 37
	3.2.1	Abstract Data Model	. 37
	3.2.1.1	PendingRemoteReadEntry	. 37
	3.2.1.2	PendingRemoteReadEntryCollection	. 37
	3.2.1.3	RemoteOpenQueueEntry	. 38
	3.2.1.4	RemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection	. 38
	3.2.2	Timers	. 38
	3.2.3	Initialization	. 38
	3.2.4	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	. 38
	3.2.4.1	Opening a Queue	. 38
	3.2.4.2	Peeking a Message	. 39
	3.2.4.3		
	3.2.4.4		
	3.2.4.5		
	3.2.4.6		
	3.2.4.7		
	3.2.4.8		
	3.2.4.9	g - <b>-</b>	
	3.2.5	Timer Events	
	3.2.6	Other Local Events	47
4	Protocol	Examples	48
		reive Example	
		ge Example	
_			
5		it Considerations for Translandontons	
		curity Considerations for Implementers	
		ex of Security Parameters	
6	Appendi	x A: Full IDL	51
7	Appendi	x B: Product Behavior	53
8		Tracking	
9	_		.58
7	THUEX		. 30

#### 1 Introduction

This document specifies the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol. The Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is an **RPC**-based protocol used by the **queue manager** and runtime library to read and **purge messages** from a **remote queue**.

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

#### 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

- **authentication level**: A numeric value indicating the level of authentication or message protection that **remote procedure call (RPC)** will apply to a specific message exchange. For more information, see [C706] section 13.1.2.1 and [MS-RPCE].
- **cursor**: A data structure providing sequential access over a message queue. A cursor has a current pointer that lies between the head and tail pointer of the **queue**. The pointer can be moved forward or backward through an operation on the cursor (Next). A **message** at the current pointer can be accessed through a nondestructive read (Peek) operation or a destructive read (Receive) operation.
- **dynamic endpoint**: A network-specific server address that is requested and assigned at run time. For more information, see [C706].
- endpoint: A network-specific address of a remote procedure call (RPC) server process for remote procedure calls. The actual name and type of the endpoint depends on the RPC protocol sequence that is being used. For example, for RPC over TCP (RPC Protocol Sequence ncacn\_ip\_tcp), an endpoint might be TCP port 1025. For RPC over Server Message Block (RPC Protocol Sequence ncacn\_np), an endpoint might be the name of a named pipe. For more information, see [C706].
- **globally unique identifier (GUID)**: A term used interchangeably with **universally unique identifier (UUID)** in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the **GUID**. See also **universally unique identifier (UUID)**.
- **Interface Definition Language (IDL)**: The International Standards Organization (ISO) standard language for specifying the interface for remote procedure calls. For more information, see [C706] section 4.
- **message**: A data structure representing a unit of data transfer between distributed applications. A message has **message properties**, which may include message header properties, a **message body** property, and message trailer properties.
- message body: A distinguished message property that represents the application payload.
- message header: See message packet header.
- **message property**: A data structure that contains a property identifier and a value, and that is associated with a **message**.
- **message queuing**: A communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable message passing between distributed client applications. In message queuing, clients send messages to message queues and consume messages from message queues. The message queues provide

persistence of the messages, which enables the sending and receiving client applications to operate asynchronously from each other.

message trailer: See message packet trailer.

- **Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ)**: A communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable **message** passing between distributed applications. In **Message Queuing**, applications send **messages** to **queues** and consume **messages** from **queues**. The **queues** provide persistence of the **messages**, enabling the sending and receiving applications to operate asynchronously from one another.
- **MQMP application**: An application that communicates with an **MSMQ** supporting server using the <a href="MS-MQMP">[MS-MQMP]</a> protocol.
- **Network Data Representation (NDR)**: A specification that defines a mapping from **Interface Definition Language (IDL)** data types onto octet streams. **NDR** also refers to the runtime environment that implements the mapping facilities (for example, data provided to **NDR**). For more information, see [MS-RPCE] and [C706] section 14.

purge: In the context of a queue, to delete all messages from the queue.

- queue: An object that holds messages passed between applications or messages passed between Message Queuing and applications. In general, applications can send messages to queues and read messages from queues.
- **queue manager (QM)**: A message queuing service that manages **queues** deployed on a computer. A queue manager can also provide asynchronous transfer of **messages** to **queues** deployed on other queue managers.
- **remote procedure call (RPC)**: A communication protocol used primarily between client and server. The term has three definitions that are often used interchangeably: a runtime environment providing for communication facilities between computers (the RPC runtime); a set of request-and-response message exchanges between computers (the RPC exchange); and the single message from an RPC exchange (the RPC message). For more information, see [C706].
- **remote queue**: For a **queue manager**, a **queue** that is hosted by a remote **queue manager**. For an application, a **queue** hosted by a **queue manager** other than the one with which the application communicates.

remote read: The act of reading (receiving) messages from a remote queue.

- universally unique identifier (UUID): A 128-bit value. UUIDs can be used for multiple purposes, from tagging objects with an extremely short lifetime, to reliably identifying very persistent objects in cross-process communication such as client and server interfaces, manager entry-point vectors, and RPC objects. UUIDs are highly likely to be unique. UUIDs are also known as globally unique identifiers (GUIDs) and these terms are used interchangeably in the Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the UUID. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the UUID.
- **MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

#### 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents

in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the <a href="Errata"><u>Errata</u></a>.

#### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <a href="mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com">dochelp@microsoft.com</a>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, https://publications.opengroup.org/c706

**Note** Registration is required to download the document.

[MC-MQAC] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): ActiveX Client Protocol".

[MS-ADTS] Microsoft Corporation, "Active Directory Technical Specification".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-MQDMPR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules".

[MS-MQDSSM] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Schema Mapping".

[MS-MQDS] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol".

[MS-MQMP] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol".

[MS-MQMQ] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Data Structures".

[MS-MQRR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Remote Read Protocol".

[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt">http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</a>

#### 1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-MQOD] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing Protocols Overview".

#### 1.3 Overview

**Message queuing** is a communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable **message** passing between client applications, including those client applications running on different hosts. In **message queuing**, clients send messages to a **queue** and consume application messages from a queue. The queue provides persistence of the messages, enabling them to survive across application restarts, and allowing the sending and receiving client applications to operate asynchronously from each other.

Queues are typically hosted by a communications service called a **queue manager**. By hosting the queue manager in a separate service from the client applications, applications can communicate by

exchanging messages via a queue hosted by the queue manager, even if the client applications never execute at the same time.

The queue manager can perform operations on a **remote queue**. When this scenario occurs, a protocol is required to insert messages into the remote queue, and another protocol is required to consume messages from the remote queue. The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol provides a protocol for consuming messages from a remote queue.

The Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is used only to read messages from a queue or to **purge** messages from the queue. Reading a message also implies deleting the message after it is read, as specified in Queue Operations (section 1.3.3).

# 1.3.1 Messages

Each **message** that is exchanged in a **message queuing** system typically has a set of **message properties** that contain metadata about the message and a distinguished property, called a **message body**, that contains the application payload.

Message properties that are serialized in front of the message body are referred to as **message headers**, and message properties that are serialized after the message body property are referred to as **message trailers**.

Messages that are carried by this protocol are treated as payload. The format and structure of the application messages are opaque to the protocol.

The protocol also requires that each message have a lookup identifier that is unique in the **queue**. This identifier is not part of the message but is instead assigned by the server.

#### **1.3.2 Queues**

A **queue** is a logical data structure containing an ordered first-in-first-out (FIFO) list of zero or more **messages**.

This protocol provides a mechanism to open a queue. Opening provides an opportunity to check for the existence of the queue and to perform authorization checks. The protocol provides for the return of an **RPC** context handle that is used by the client to specify the queue to operate on in subsequent requests. The use of an RPC context handle provides a mechanism to ensure that server state is cleaned up if the connection between the client and server is lost.

When opening a queue, the client can specify an access mode that determines the operations (Peek, Receive, CancelReceive, and Purge) for which the returned handle can subsequently be used. The client can specify a sharing mode that either allows other clients to access the queue concurrently or ensures that the client has exclusive access to the queue. The exclusive access sharing mode can be used to avoid race conditions caused by other clients operating on the queue at the same time. This sharing mode is specified when opening a **remote queue**, as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.2.

#### 1.3.3 Queue Operations

The protocol provides mechanisms for the following operations against an open queue.

A **message** can be consumed from an open queue through a destructive read operation referred to as Receive. This operation atomically reads the message and removes it from the queue. Since this operation removes a message from a queue, losing a network connection during this operation could result in permanent loss of the message.

To guard against this situation, the protocol provides a mechanism for the client to either positively or negatively acknowledge receipt of the message. On receipt of positive acknowledgment from the

client, the server can remove the message from the queue. While the server is awaiting acknowledgment from the client, access to the message by other clients is prevented.

A message can be read from an open queue through a nondestructive read operation referred to as Peek. This operation reads the message but does not remove it from the queue.

All the messages can be removed from a queue through a Purge mechanism. The messages removed through this mechanism are not returned to the client.

A client can inform the server that it has no need of a message via a CancelReceive operation. The server can use this indication to inform the sender that the client did not consume the message. How a server implements this notification functionality is not addressed in this specification.

When a client does a destructive read, the message is not deleted from the gueue until the client acknowledges receipt of the message via an EndReceive operation.

#### 1.3.4 Access Patterns

Messages in a queue can be consumed in a FIFO access pattern. Because messages in a queue are ordered, there is a head, representing the front of the queue, and a tail, representing the end of the queue.

The protocol provides mechanisms to Peek or Receive the first message or the last message in the

The protocol also allows the client to specify exactly which message to Peek or Receive, regardless of its position in the queue, through a unique lookup identifier assigned to each message by the server. A message can also be specified relative to the message identified by the lookup identifier, that is, the message immediately preceding or following the message identified by the lookup identifier.

Finally, the protocol provides a mechanism, referred to as a cursor, for sequential forward access through the queue. A cursor logically represents a current pointer that lies between the head and the tail of the queue. A cursor can be specified to the Peek or Receive operation, which Peek or Receive the message at the current pointer represented by the cursor. The cursor's current pointer can be used, through a modified Peek operation called PeekNext, to do a Peek on the next message in the queue without moving the cursor's current position. A Receive operation intrinsically moves the cursor forward.

Because cursors are stateful, the protocol provides mechanisms to close a cursor opened as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.4. Because a cursor represents a position within a queue, the protocol logically relates the cursor to the context handle associated with an open queue. The protocol places no limit on the number of concurrent cursors associated with a queue context handle.

# 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol is dependent on **RPC** for its transport. This protocol uses RPC, as specified in section 2.1.

This protocol is tightly coupled with the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol [MS-MOMP] and therefore if one protocol is implemented, the other one also has to be implemented. The methods of this protocol are invoked only by the processing rules of Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol. The functionalities of this protocol coupled with the functionalities of Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol together provide the ability for reading and browsing messages from a remote queue. Furthermore, the arguments required for these methods are obtained from the gmcomm RPC interface, as specified in [MS-MOMP]. The following diagram illustrates the protocol layering for this protocol.

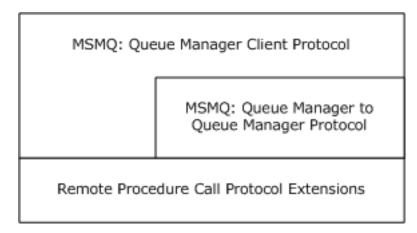


Figure 1: Protocol relationships

This protocol has been deprecated by the RemoteRead RPC interface, as specified in [MS-MQRR].

This protocol uses shared state and processing rules defined in [MS-MQDMPR].

#### 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is an **RPC** interface and, as a result, has prerequisites, as specified in [MS-RPCE], that are common to RPC interfaces.

# 1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol provides functionality related to consumption of **messages** from a **queue** hosted at a **queue manager** running on a remote computer. <1> It does not provide functionality related to inserting messages into a queue.

The server side of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is applicable for implementation by a queue manager providing message queuing communication services to clients. The client side of this protocol is applicable for implementation by client libraries providing message queuing services to applications or by a client queue manager delegating requests on behalf of client applications.

#### 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

**Supported Transports**: This protocol uses the **RPC** over TCP/IP protocol sequence, as specified in section 2.1. However, it supports a mechanism for explicitly negotiating the RPC **endpoint** to be used. For more information, see RemoteOMGetOMOMServerPort.

**Protocol Versions**: This protocol uses a single version of the RPC interface, but that interface has been extended by adding the following methods at the end:<a><2></a>

- RemoteOmGetVersion (section 3.1.4.9)
- RemoteOMStartReceive2 (section 3.1.4.10)
- RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId (section 3.1.4.11)

# 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses HRESULTs, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18. Vendors can define their own HRESULT values, provided that they set the C bit (0x20000000) for each vendor-defined value, indicating that the value is a customer code.

# 1.9 Standards Assignments

This protocol uses the standard interfaces that are listed in the following table.

Parameter	Value	Reference
RPC interface UUID	{1088a980-eae5-11d0-8d9b-00a02453c337}	As specified in [C706].
Interface version	1.0	As specified in [C706].

# 2 Messages

The following sections specify how Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol **messages** are transported and the common data types for this protocol.

# 2.1 Transport

This protocol SHOULD use the RPC protocol sequence **RPC** over TCP/IP (ncacn\_ip\_tcp), as specified in [MS-RPCE].<3> This protocol MAY use the RPC over SPX (ncacn\_spx) protocol sequence if TCP/IP is unavailable.<4>

This protocol SHOULD use RPC **dynamic endpoints**, as specified in [C706], Part 4. This protocol MAY use an RPC static **endpoint**, as specified in RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort, section 3.1.4.8.<5>

This protocol allows any user to establish a connection to the RPC server. This protocol depends on the qmcomm interface, as specified in [MS-MQMP], to use the underlying RPC protocol to retrieve the identity of the invoking client, as specified in [MS-RPCE], section 3.3.3.4.3. The qmcomm server uses this identity to perform method-specific access checks as specified in [MS-MQMP], section 3.1.4.

# 2.2 Common Data Types

This protocol MUST indicate to the **RPC** runtime that it is to support both the **Network Data Representation (NDR)** and NDR64 transfer syntaxes, and it MUST provide a negotiation mechanism for determining which transfer syntax will be used, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

HRESULT: This specification uses the HRESULT type, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1.1. Note: Throughout this specification, the phrase "a failure HRESULT" means any HRESULT where the Severity (S) bit is set, as specified by [MS-ERREF]. When this specification mandates the return of "a failure HRESULT" from a method, the specific error code is not relevant to the protocol, as long as the Severity bit is set. In this circumstance, the server MAY return MQ\_ERROR (0xC00E0001), or any other HRESULT value where the Severity bit is set, such as a context-specific message queuing error code, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

In addition to the RPC base types and definitions, as specified in <a>[C706]</a> and <a>[MS-RPCE]</a>, additional data types are defined as follows.

The following table summarizes the types defined in this specification.

Data type name	Description
PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE	A context handle representing an open <b>queue</b> .
PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE	A context handle representing a read session.
REMOTEREADACK	An enumeration that represents an acknowledgment (ACK) or a negative acknowledgment (NACK).
REMOTEREADDESC	A structure used for receiving <b>messages</b> from a queue.
REMOTEREADDESC2	A structure containing the REMOTEREADDESC structure and defining an additional element for tracking transaction-related information.

# 2.2.1 Data Types

# 2.2.1.1 PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE

The PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE is a data type that defines an **RPC** context handle corresponding to an open **queue** handle. A client MUST call <u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u> to create a PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE and <u>RemoteQMCloseQueue</u> to delete a PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE.

This type is declared as follows:

```
typedef [context handle] void* PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE;
```

# 2.2.1.2 PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE

The PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE is a data type that defines an **RPC** context handle corresponding to an open read session. A client MUST call <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u>, <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u>, or <u>RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId</u> to create a PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE context handle and call <u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u> to delete the PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE handle.

This type is declared as follows:

```
typedef [context handle] void* PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE;
```

#### 2.2.1.3 REMOTEREADACK

The REMOTEREADACK enumeration represents an acknowledgment (ACK) or a negative acknowledgment (NACK), indicating a successfully or an unsuccessfully delivered packet, respectively.

```
typedef enum _REMOTEREADACK {
    RR_UNKNOWN,
    RR_NACK,
    RR_ACK
} REMOTEREADACK;
```

RR\_UNKNOWN: No acknowledgment.

**RR\_NACK:** Negative acknowledgment for a packet.

**RR\_ACK:** Acknowledgment for a packet.

# 2.2.2 Structures

#### 2.2.2.1 REMOTEREADDESC

This structure is used to encapsulate the information necessary to perform operations RemoteOMStartReceive, RemoteOMStartReceive2, and RemoteOMStartReceiveByLookupId.

```
typedef struct _REMOTEREADDESC {
  DWORD hRemoteQueue;
  DWORD hCursor;
  DWORD ulaction;
  DWORD ulTimeout;
```

Copyright © 2021 Microsoft Corporation

```
[range(0, 4325376)] DWORD dwSize;
DWORD dwQueue;
DWORD dwRequestID;
DWORD Reserved;
DWORD dwArriveTime;
REMOTEREADACK eAckNack;
[unique, size_is(dwSize), length_is(dwSize)]
   byte* lpBuffer;
} REMOTEREADDESC;
```

**hRemoteQueue:** A handle to the **queue** as obtained from the *phQueue* parameter of the **qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. This value is set by the client.

**hCursor:** If nonzero, specifies a handle to a **cursor** that MUST have been obtained from the *phCursor* parameter of the **qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor** method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4. This value is set by the client.

**ulAction:** The following table describes possible actions. The Peek and Receive operations both enable access to the contents of a **message**. This value is set by the client.

Value	Type/Meaning
MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE 0x00000000	Type = Receive  Reads and removes a message from the current cursor location if <b>hCursor</b> is nonzero or from the front of the queue if <b>hCursor</b> is set to zero.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT 0x80000000	Type = Peek  Reads a message from the current cursor location if <b>hCursor</b> is nonzero or from the front of the queue if <b>hCursor</b> is set to zero but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT 0x80000001	Type = Peek  Reads a message following the message at the current cursor location but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_CURRENT 0x40000010	Type = Peek Reads the message specified by a lookup identifier but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_NEXT 0x40000011	Type = Peek  Reads the message following the message specified by a lookup identifier but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_PREV 0x40000012	Type = Peek  Reads the message preceding the message specified by a lookup identifier but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_CURRENT 0x40000020	Type = Receive Reads the message specified by a lookup identifier and removes it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_NEXT 0x40000021	Type = Receive  Reads the message following the message specified by a lookup identifier and removes it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_PREV 0x40000022	Type = Receive  Reads the message preceding the message specified by a lookup identifier and removes it from the queue.

- **ulTimeout:** Specifies a time-out in milliseconds for the server to wait for a message to become available in the queue. This value is set by the client. To specify an infinite time-out, the client MUST set this field to 0xFFFFFFF.
- **dwSize:** Specifies the size, in bytes, of **IpBuffer**. The valid range is 0 to 0x00420000. This value is set by the server and MUST be set to 0 by the client.
- **dwQueue:** A DWORD pointed to by the *dwpQueue* parameter of the **qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. This value is set by the client.
- **dwRequestID:** The client MUST set this member to a unique identifier for the receive request, which could later be used to identify and cancel the receive request. This value is set by the client. The client SHOULD NOT<6> reuse this identifier until a call to the RemoteQMEndReceive (Opnum 1) method or to the RemoteQMCancelReceive (Opnum 5) method has been made for that receive request.

**Reserved:** This is a reserved field of type **DWORD** that MUST be ignored.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Returned by client.
0x00000001	Returned by server.

**dwArriveTime:** The server MUST set this value to the time that the message was added to the queue. The time MUST be expressed as the number of seconds elapsed since 00:00:00.0, January 1, 1970 Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

**eAckNack:** This is a reserved field and MUST be ignored by the client and the server.

**IpBuffer:** This field represents a pointer to a buffer containing the UserMessage Packet (<a href="MS-MQMQ">[MS-MQMQ]</a> section 2.2.20). The size of this field is specified by **dwSize**. This value is set by the server and MUST be set to NULL by the client.

#### 2.2.2.2 REMOTEREADDESC2

This structure is used by <u>RemoteOMStartReceive2</u> and <u>RemoteOMStartReceiveByLookupId</u> to encapsulate the parameters necessary for execution of these operations.

```
typedef struct _REMOTEREADDESC2 {
   REMOTEREADDESC* pRemoteReadDesc;
   ULONGLONG SequentialId;
} REMOTEREADDESC2;
```

**pRemoteReadDesc:** A pointer to a <u>REMOTEREADDESC</u> structure, as specified in section 2.2.2.1.

**SequentialId:** This field is set by the server to the value of a unique message identifier that corresponds to a received message.

#### 2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

This protocol uses ADM elements specified in section 3.1.1. A subset of these elements can be published in a directory. This protocol SHOULD<7> access the directory using the algorithm specified in [MS-MQDSSM] and using LDAP [MS-ADTS]. The Directory Service schema elements for ADM elements published in the directory are defined in [MS-MQDSSM] section 2.4.<8>

#### 3 Protocol Details

The following sections specify details of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol including the abstract data model, interface method syntax, and **message** processing rules.

# 3.1 qm2qm Server Details

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The abstract data model for this protocol comprises elements that are private to this protocol and others that are shared between multiple MSMQ protocols that are colocated at a common queue manager. The shared abstract data model is defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1 and the relationship between this protocol, a queue manager, and other protocols which share a common queue manager, is described in [MS-MQOD].

Section 3.1.1.1 details the elements from the shared data model that are manipulated by this protocol, and sections 3.1.1.2 through 3.1.1.5 detail the data model elements that are private to this protocol.

#### 3.1.1.1 Shared Data Elements

This protocol manipulates the following abstract data model elements from the shared abstract data model defined in <a href="MS-MQDMPR">[MS-MQDMPR]</a> section 3.1.1.

**QueueManager:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.1.

Queue: Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2.

**Message:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12.

**Cursor:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.2.

**OpenQueueDescriptor:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16.

# 3.1.1.2 RemoteReadEntry

The **RemoteReadEntry** is an ADM element that encapsulates an initialized, pending, or completed **remote read** operation. This element has the following attributes:

**OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:** The **OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle** for the queue being read from.

**Timeout:** Time-out associated with the read request.

**Action (peek/receive):** The type of read operation performed.

**RequestId:** A unique DWORD value that identifies the pending read request. This value is generated by the client and passed to the server in a <a href="REMOTEREADDESC">REMOTEREADDESC (section 2.2.2.1)</a> structure.

**UserMessagepacket:** The message.

This element is referenced by means of a PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE value.

# 3.1.1.3 RemoteReadEntryCollection

The **RemoteReadEntryCollection** represents a collection of <u>RemoteReadEntry</u> elements, each of which represents a pending request to PEEK or receive a message from a queue. The server MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rRemoteReadEntryCollection**. The server MUST serialize concurrent read, write, and iteration operations to **rRemoteReadEntryCollection**. For iterations, the serialization MUST include the processing of each element, if any, in the loop.

# 3.1.1.4 OpenQueueEntry

The **OpenQueueEntry** is an ADM element that encapsulates an initialized, pending, or completed remote open queue operation. This element has the following attributes:

OpenQueueDescriptorHandle: OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle for the queue.

ClientId: A GUID that uniquely identifies the client opening the queue.

This element is referenced by means of a PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE value.

## 3.1.1.5 OpenQueueEntryCollection

The **OpenQueueEntryCollection** represents a collection of <u>OpenQueueEntry</u> elements, each of which represents a remote queue opened by a client. The server MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rOpenQueueEntryCollection**. The server MUST serialize concurrent read, write, and iteration operations to the **rOpenQueueEntryCollection**. For iterations, the serialization MUST include the processing of each element, if any, in the loop.

#### **3.1.2 Timers**

Beyond protocol timers used internally by **RPC** to implement resiliency to network outages (for more information, see <a href="MS-RPCE">[MS-RPCE]</a>), the server MUST maintain the following timers:

**Call Timer:** The server MUST maintain a per-call timer for each call to <a href="RemoteQMStartReceive">RemoteQMStartReceive</a> or <a href="RemoteQMStartReceive2">RemoteQMStartReceive2</a> in which the REMOTEREADDESC.ulTimeout parameter is nonzero. The timer MUST be set to the REMOTEREADDESC.ulTimeout parameter that is specified on the call.

# 3.1.3 Initialization

The server MUST listen on the **RPC** protocol, as specified in section 2.1.

# 3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

This protocol SHOULD <9> indicate to the **RPC** runtime that it is to perform a strict **NDR** data consistency check at target level 6.0, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

The qm2qm interface includes the following methods.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
RemoteQMStartReceive	Initiates a Receive or Peek request on the <b>queue</b> .

Method	Description
	Opnum: 0
RemoteQMEndReceive	Finishes a Receive request. Opnum: 1
RemoteQMOpenQueue	Opens a queue. Opnum: 2
RemoteQMCloseQueue	Closes a queue. Opnum: 3
RemoteQMCloseCursor	Closes a <b>cursor</b> . Opnum: 4
RemoteQMCancelReceive	Cancels a pending Receive request. Opnum: 5
RemoteQMPurgeQueue	Deletes all <b>messages</b> in a queue. Opnum: 6
RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort	Returns an RPC <b>endpoint</b> port number to use in subsequent calls on the interface.  Opnum: 7
RemoteQmGetVersion	Returns the server version. Opnum: 8
RemoteQMStartReceive2	Initiates a Receive or Peek request on the queue by using a sequential ID.  Opnum: 9
RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId	Initiates a Receive or Peek request on the queue by using a lookup ID. Opnum: 10

# 3.1.4.1 RemoteQMStartReceive (Opnum 0)

The RemoteQMStartReceive method peeks or receives a message from an open queue.

If RemoteQMStartReceive is invoked with a Peek action type, as specified in the *ulAction* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter, the operation completes when RemoteQMStartReceive returns.

If RemoteQMStartReceive is invoked with a Receive action type, as specified in the *ulAction* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter, the client MUST pair each call to RemoteQMStartReceive with a call to RemoteQMEndReceive to complete the operation, or to RemoteQMCancelReceive to cancel the operation.

For each call to RemoteQMCancelReceive, the *dwRequestID* parameter MUST match the *dwRequestID* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter in a previous call to RemoteQMStartReceive.

If the client specifies a nonzero value for the **ulTimeout** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter, and a message is not available in the queue at the time of the call, the server waits up to the specified time-out for a message to become available in the queue before responding to the call. The client can call RemoteQMCancelReceive with a matching **REMOTEREADDESC.dwRequestID** to cancel the pending RemoteQMStartReceive request.

Before calling this method, the client MUST have already called <a href="RemoteQMOpenQueue">RemoteQMOpenQueue</a>.

Copyright © 2021 Microsoft Corporation Release: April 7, 2021

```
HRESULT RemoteQMStartReceive(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
   [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC* lpRemoteReadDesc
);
```

**hBind:** An **RPC** binding handle parameter, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2, that MUST be specified.

**pphContext:** The server MUST return a non-NULL value for this handle upon success for receive calls. This handle will be used by the client in subsequent calls to RemoteQMEndReceive. This handle MUST NOT be set upon failure, or for peek calls. If this method returns an error, *pphContext* is undefined and MUST NOT be used as an argument for a call to RemoteQMEndReceive.

**IpRemoteReadDesc:** A pointer to an instance of a REMOTEREADDESC (section 2.2.2.1) structure.

In addition, the *ulAction* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter MUST be one of the following values.

Value of ulAction	Meaning
MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE 0x00000000	If hCursor is nonzero, read and remove the first message available at the current cursor's location walking towards the end of the queue.  If hCursor is zero, read and remove the message from the front of the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT 0x80000000	If <i>hCursor</i> is nonzero, read the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it from the queue. The cursor location does not change after the operation.  If <i>hCursor</i> is zero, read the message at the front of the queue, but do not remove it from the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT 0x80000001	Read the message following the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it. The cursor location will then change to the next available message, walking towards the end of the queue.  The hCursor parameter MUST be set to a nonzero cursor handle.

The *hCursor* member of *lpRemoteReadDesc* specifies a handle to an opened cursor. A value of zero indicates that a cursor is not used for this operation.

The *dwRequestID* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter is used in a subsequent call to RemoteQMCancelReceive to correlate that call with the call to RemoteQMStartReceive.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x0000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

**MQ\_OK** (0x0000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

STATUS INVALID PARAMETER (0xC000000D)

**Exceptions Thrown**: None except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

While processing this method, the server MUST:

Return MQ ERROR INVALID HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if IpRemoteReadDesc is NULL.

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if IpRemoteReadDesc.dwQueue is set to 0x00000000 or IpRemoteReadDesc.dwQueue is not equal to IpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- The server SHOULD return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the IpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID does not uniquely identify the receive request. This duplicate detection is performed by searching for a RemoteReadEntry (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance, referred to as rRemoteReadEntry, in rRemoteReadEntryCollection such that rRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = IpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue and rRemoteReadEntry.RequestId = IpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID.<10>
- Return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC000000D) if *lpRemoteReadDesc.***hCursor** is set to 0x00000000 and the *lpRemoteReadDesc.***ulAction** is set to MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT.
- Search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection where
   OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = IpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If the **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** is not found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006).
- Find the OpenQueueDescriptor, referred to as rOpenQueueDescriptor, in the Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection of each queue object in QueueManager.QueueCollection such that rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle = IpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteOueue.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is not 0x00000000, find the cursor object, referred to as rCursor, in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.CursorCollection with a Handle property equal to IpRemoteReadDesc.hCursor.
- If no cursor object is found, return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is 0x00000000, set rCursor to NULL.
- Create a new RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance, referred to as rrEntry, with the following attributes:
  - OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = lpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue
  - Timeout = lpRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
  - UserMessagePacket = lpRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer
  - Action = IpRemoteReadDesc.ulAction
  - RequestId = lpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID
- Add rrEntry to rRemoteReadEntryCollection.
- If the **ulAction** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE, generate a Dequeue Message Begin event ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.11) with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
  - iTimeout := lpRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
  - iTag := lpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID
  - *iCursor* := *rCursor*
- If the **ulAction** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT, generate a Peek Message event with the following inputs:

- *iQueueDesc* := reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
- iTimeout := lpRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
- *iCursor* := *rCursor*
- If the ulAction member of the lpRemoteReadDesc parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT, generate a Peek Next Message event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
  - *iTimeout* := *IpRemoteReadDesc.***ulTimeout**
  - *iCursor* := *rCursor*
- If the rStatus value returned from the preceding events is MQ\_OK (0x00000000), the server MUST process the returned rMessage as follows:
  - Generate a Construct a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.30) event with the following argument:
    - *iMessage* := *rMessage*
  - Generate a Serialize Message to Buffer ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.32) event with the following arguments:
    - *iMessage* := *rMessage*
    - *iBuffer* := *rUserMessage* returned by the Construct a UserMessage Packet event.
  - Assign rUserMessage to the IpBuffer member of the IpRemoteReadDesc parameter.
  - Assign rUserMessage.BaseHeader.PacketSize to IpRemoteReadDesc.dwSize.
- Remove the RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance from rRemoteReadEntryCollection for which RemoteReadEntry.RequestId equals IpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID and RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equals IpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If *rStatus* is MQ\_OK (0x0000000) and *lpRemoteReadDesc.***ulAction** is MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE, set *pphContext* to *rrEntry*; otherwise, delete *rrEntry*.
- Return rStatus.

# 3.1.4.2 RemoteQMEndReceive (Opnum 1)

The client MUST invoke the RemoteQMEndReceive method to advise the server that the **message** packet returned by the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u>, <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u>, or <u>RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId</u> method has been received.

The combination of the RemoteQMStartReceive, RemoteQMStartReceive2, or RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId method and the positive acknowledgment of the RemoteQMEndReceive method ensures that a message packet is not lost in transit from the server to the client due to a network outage during the call sequence.

Before calling this method, the following methods MUST be called:

- RemoteQMOpenQueue
- RemoteOMStartReceive, RemoteOMStartReceive2, or RemoteOMStartReceiveByLookupId

HRESULT RemoteQMEndReceive(

```
[in] handle_t hBind,
[in, out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
[in, range(1, 2)] DWORD dwAck
);
```

**hBind:** MUST be an **RPC** binding handle parameter for use by the server, as specified in <a href="MS-RPCE">[MS-RPCE]</a> section 2.

**pphContext:** A pointer to a context handle of a pending remote read operation.

**dwAck:** An ACK or NACK about the status of the message packet of the pending remote read operation.

Value	Meaning
RR_NACK 0x00000001	The client acknowledges that the message packet was not delivered successfully.  The server MUST keep the message in the <b>queue</b> and make it available for subsequent consumption.
RR_ACK 0x00000002	The client acknowledges that the message packet was delivered successfully.  The server MUST remove the message from the queue and make it unavailable for subsequent consumption.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

MQ\_OK (0x0000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

**MQ\_ERROR\_TRANSACTION\_SEQUENCE** (0xC00E0051)

**Exceptions Thrown:** No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xc00e0007) if pphContext is NULL.
- Use pphContext as RemoteReadEntry.
- The server MAY search rRemoteReadEntryCollection where OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle and return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the OpenQueueDescriptorHandle is not found.<a href="mailto:s11"></a>
- Within the OpenQueueDescriptorCollection properties of all queues present in QueueManager.QueueCollection, find the OpenQueueDescriptor where OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle = RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle and generate a Dequeue Message End event with the following inputs:
  - iQueueDesc:= reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained.
  - iMessage:= RemoteReadEntry.UserMessagePacket.
  - iDeleteMessage:= true if dwAck is equal to RR ACK, and false if dwAck is equal to RR NACK.
- Delete the RemoteReadEntry, and set pphContext to NULL.

Return rStatus.

# 3.1.4.3 RemoteQMOpenQueue (Opnum 2)

The RemoteQMOpenQueue method opens a **queue** in preparation for subsequent operations against it. This method assumes that the client has called qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue to obtain a queue handle; for more information, see [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. This method is called as part of the sequence of events involved in opening a remote queue by an **MQMP application** as described in [MS-MQMP] section 4.2. This method MUST be called prior to calling any of the following operations:

- RemoteOMStartReceive
- RemoteQMEndReceive
- RemoteQMCloseQueue
- RemoteQMCloseCursor
- RemoteQMCancelReceive
- RemoteOMPurgeOueue
- RemoteQMStartReceive2
- RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId

```
HRESULT RemoteQMOpenQueue(
   [in] handle t hBind,
   [out] PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE* phContext,
   [in] GUID* pLicGuid,
   [in, range(0, 16)] DWORD dwMQS,
   [in] DWORD hQueue,
   [in] DWORD pQueue,
   [in] DWORD dwpContext
):
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**phContext:** A pointer to a context handle that contains the information about the opened queue, which corresponds to the abstract data model's **OpenQueueEntry**. The server MUST set this value; it gets deleted on a call to RemoteQMCloseQueue.

**pLicGuid:** A pointer to a valid **GUID** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4) that uniquely identifies the client. This value is set to the **QueueManager.Identifier** ADM element of the **queue manager** at the client end.

**dwMQS:** This value MAY be used by the server to impose an implementation-specific limit on the number of concurrent callers.<12>

hQueue: A queue identifier. This value SHOULD be ignored by the server. <13>

pQueue: A DWORD that references an OpenQueueDescriptor of a remote opened queue.

dwpContext: A DWORD that references an OpenQueueDescriptor of a remote opened queue.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

MQ\_OK (0x00000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

#### **Exceptions Thrown:**

No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol (see [MS-RPCE]).

When processing this call, the server MUST do the following:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006) if pLicGuid is NULL or if pQueue or dwpContext is equal to zero.
- The server SHOULD return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006) if pQueue is not equal to dwpContext.
- Create a new OpenQueueEntry:
  - The server SHOULD set OpenQueueDescriptorHandle to dwpContext.<15>
  - Set ClientId to the pLicGuid parameter.
- Add the **OpenQueueEntry** to the *rOpenQueueEntryCollection*.
- Set phContext to the OpenQueueEntry value, and return MQ\_OK (0x00000000).

# 3.1.4.4 RemoteQMCloseQueue (Opnum 3)

The RemoteQMCloseQueue method closes a <u>PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE</u> that was previously opened by using a call to the <u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u> method. The client MUST call this method to reclaim resources on the server allocated by the RemoteQMOpenQueue method.

```
HRESULT RemoteQMCloseQueue(
   [in] handle t hBind,
   [in, out] PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext
);
```

hBind: MUST specify an RPC binding handle parameter, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**pphContext:** A PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE to a remote opened queue.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

MQ\_OK (0x00000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- If pphContext is NULL, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE(0xC00E0007).
- Use pphContext as the OpenQueueEntry.
- The server MAY search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection for OpenQueueDescriptorHandle=
   OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle and return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the OpenQueueDescriptorHandle is not found.<16>
- Remove OpenQueueEntry from rOpenQueueEntryCollection.

- Loop over rRemoteReadEntryCollection, and for each entry where OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:
  - Cancel the operation, as specified in RemoteQMCancelReceive.
- For each queue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:
  - For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
  - If OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle= OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle, use that OpenQueueDescriptor for processing.
- Generate a Close Queue event with the following parameters:
  - iQueueDesc:= reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
- Delete the OpenQueueEntry.
- Set pphContext to NULL.
- Return MQ\_OK (0x00000000).

# 3.1.4.5 RemoteQMCloseCursor (Opnum 4)

The RemoteQMCloseCursor method closes the handle for a previously created **cursor**. The client MUST call this method to reclaim resources on the server allocated by the qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.

```
HRESULT RemoteQMCloseCursor(
  [in] handle t hBind,
  [in] DWORD hQueue,
  [in] DWORD hCursor
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**hQueue:** A **queue** handle value upon which the cursor operates.

**hCursor:** Specifies the cursor handle to be closed.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

**MQ\_OK** (0x0000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- For each queue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:
  - For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
    - If OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle= hQueue, use that OpenQueueDescriptor for processing.
- For each cursor in OpenQueueDescriptor.CursorCollection:

- If **Cursor.Handle**= *hCursor*, use that **cursor** object for processing.
- If hQueue or hCursor is not found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE(0xc00e0007).
- Generate a Close Cursor event with the following inputs:
  - iCursor:= reference to **cursor** object obtained earlier.
- Return MQ OK (0x0000000).

# 3.1.4.6 RemoteQMCancelReceive (Opnum 5)

The RemoteQMCancelReceive method cancels a pending call to <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u> and provides a way for the client to cancel a blocked request.

Before calling this method, the following methods MUST be called:

- RemoteQMOpenQueue
- RemoteQMStartReceive or <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u>

```
HRESULT RemoteQMCancelReceive(
   [in] handle t hBind,
   [in] DWORD hQueue,
   [in] DWORD pQueue,
   [in] DWORD dwRequestID
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**hQueue:** Queue identifier to cancel receive. Its value is validated in the method's processing rules.

**pQueue:** Queue descriptor to cancel receive. Its value is validated in the method's processing rules.

dwRequestID: A unique value that identifies a pending remote read operation.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x0000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

MQ\_OK (0x00000000)

MQ\_ERROR (0xC00E0001)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

STATUS\_NOT\_FOUND (0xC0000225)

**Exceptions Thrown:** No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST do the following:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006) if pQueue is equal to zero or not equal to hQueue.
- Find the subset of **RemoteReadEntry** elements in **rRemoteReadEntryCollection** where *hQueue* = **RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle**.
- If no such entry is found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE(0xc00e0007).

- Find **RemoteReadEntry** from the collection preceding where **RemoteReadEntry.RequestId**=dwRequestID.
- If no such entry is found, return MQ\_ERROR(0xC00E0001).
- For each queue in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:
  - For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
    - Find the OpenQueueDescriptor where
       OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle=RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle.
- Generate a Cancel Waiting Message Read Request ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.17) event with the following inputs:
  - iQueue:=QueueReference member of the OpenQueueDescriptor obtained earlier.
  - *iTag*:= *dwReguestID*.
  - iStatus:= MQ\_INFORMATION\_REMOTE\_CANCELED\_BY\_CLIENT (0x400E03E9).
- Delete the RemoteReadEntry.
- Return rStatus of the Cancel Waiting Message Read Request event.

# 3.1.4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQueue (Opnum 6)

The RemoteQMPurgeQueue method removes all messages from the queue.

Before calling this method, the <u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u> method MUST be called.

```
HRESULT RemoteQMPurgeQueue(
   [in] handle t hBind,
   [in] DWORD hQueue
);
```

hBind: MUST specify an RPC binding handle parameter, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**hQueue:** A queue handle value acquired from the *phQueue* parameter of the gmcomm:R OMOpenRemoteQueue method as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.2.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x0000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

**MQ\_OK** (0x0000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

**Exceptions Thrown**: Failure HRESULTs returned by this method MAY $\leq 18>$  be thrown as exceptions as well as those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Look up **OpenQueueEntry** in the **rOpenQueueEntryCollection** where **OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle**= hQueue.
- If no such entry is found, return MQ ERROR INVALID HANDLE (0xC00E0007).
- For each gueue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:

- For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
  - IfOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle=RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle, use that OpenQueueDescriptor for processing.
- Generate a Purge Queue event ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.7) with the following inputs:
  - iQueue:=QueueReference member of the OpenQueueDescriptor obtained earlier.
- Return MQ OK (0x00000000).

# 3.1.4.8 RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (Opnum 7)

The RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort method returns an **RPC** port number (see [MS-RPCE]) for the requested combination of interface and protocol.

```
DWORD RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort(
   [in] handle t hBind,
   [in, range(0, 3)] DWORD dwPortType
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**dwPortType:** Specifies the interface for which a port value is to be returned. One of the following values MUST be specified; otherwise, this method MUST return 0x00000000 to indicate failure.

Value	Meaning	
IP_HANDSHAKE 0x00000000	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces bound to TCP/IP. For more information on the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces, see <a href="MS-MQMP">[MS-MQMP]</a> . The default port number is 2103.	
IP_READ 0x00000001	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qm2qm interface bound to TCP/IP. For more information on the qm2qm interface, see section $3.1.4$ . The default port number is 2105.	
IPX_HANDSHAKE 0x00000002	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces bound to SPX.<19> For more information on the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces, see [MS-MQMP]. The default port number is 2103.	
IPX_READ 0x00000003	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qm2qm interface bound to SPX.<20> For more information on the qm2qm interface, see section 3.1.4. The default port number is 2105.	

**Return Values:** On success, this method returns a nonzero IP port value for the RPC interface specified by the *dwPortType* parameter. If an invalid value is specified for *dwPortType*, or if the requested interface is otherwise unavailable, or if any other error is encountered, this method MUST return 0x00000000.

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol (see [MS-RPCE]).

As specified in section 3.1.3, this protocol configures a fixed listening endpoint at an RPC port number, which can vary. For the interface and protocol specified by the *dwPortType* parameter, this method returns the RPC port number determined at server initialization time. If the default port is already in use, the server SHOULD increment the port number by 11 until an unused port is found.

# 3.1.4.9 RemoteQmGetVersion (Opnum 8)

The RemoteQmGetVersion method retrieves the **Message queuing** version of the server; this method is called before the RemoteQMOpenQueue method.<21>

```
void RemoteQmGetVersion(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [out] unsigned char* pMajor,
  [out] unsigned char* pMinor,
  [out] unsigned short* pBuildNumber
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**pMajor:** A pointer to an unsigned character. The server SHOULD $\leq 22 \geq 80$  set this parameter to 0x06.

**pMinor:** A pointer to an unsigned character. The server SHOULD $\leq 23 \geq$  set this parameter to 0x01.

**pBuildNumber:** A pointer to an unsigned short. The server SHOULD<24> set this parameter to an implementation-specific build number.

Return Values: This method has no return values.

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

#### 3.1.4.10 RemoteQMStartReceive2 (Opnum 9)

The RemoteQMStartReceive2 method functions in the same way as <u>RemoteQMStartReceive (section 3.1.4.1)</u>, except that it returns a structure that contains the <u>SequentialId</u> of the <u>message.<25></u>

```
HRESULT RemoteQMStartReceive2(
   [in] handle t hBind,
   [out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
   [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpRemoteReadDesc2
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**pphContext:** The server MUST return a non-NULL value for this handle upon success for receive calls. This handle will be used by the client in subsequent calls to <a href="RemoteQMEndReceive">RemoteQMEndReceive</a> (section 3.1.4.2). This handle MUST NOT be set upon failure or for peek calls. If this method returns an error, <a href="pphContext">pphContext</a> is undefined and MUST NOT be used as an argument for a call to RemoteQMEndReceive.

**IpRemoteReadDesc2:** A pointer to an instance of a <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> (section 2.2.2.2) structure. The **SequentialId** member MUST be set to the least significant 7 bytes of the **Message.LookupIdentifier** (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.1.12) of the message that is returned by this method.

The client MUST provide all parameters of *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc* that are marked as to be set by the client in section 2.2.2.1.

The <code>IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction</code> parameter MUST be one of the following values.

Value of ulAction	Meaning
MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE 0x00000000	If hCursor is nonzero, read and remove the first message available at the current cursor location walking toward the end of the queue.  If hCursor is zero, read and remove the message from the front of the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT 0x80000000	If <i>hCursor</i> is nonzero, read the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it from the queue. The cursor location does not change after the operation.  If <i>hCursor</i> is zero, read the message at the front of the queue, but do not remove it from the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT 0x80000001	Read the message following the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it. The cursor location will then change to the next available message, walking toward the end of the queue.  The hCursor parameter MUST be set to a nonzero cursor handle.

The hCursor member of IpRemoteReadDesc specifies a handle to an opened cursor. A value of zero indicates that a cursor is not used for this operation.

The **dwRequestID** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter is used in a subsequent call to RemoteOMEndReceive or RemoteOMCancelReceive to correlate that call with the call to RemoteQMStartReceive2.

**Return Values:** On success, this method MUST return MO OK (0x00000000).

If an error occurs, the server MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

While processing this method, the server MUST:

- Return MQ ERROR INVALID HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if IpRemoteReadDesc2 is NULL.
- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc is NULL.
- Return MQ ERROR INVALID PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwQueue is set to 0x00000000 or IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwQueue is not equal to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- The server SHOULD return MO ERROR INVALID PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID does not uniquely identify the receive request. This duplicate detection is performed by searching for a **RemoteReadEntry**, referred to as rRemoteReadEntry, in rRemoteReadEntryCollection such that rRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue and rRemoteReadEntry.RequestId = lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID.<26>
- Return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC000000D) if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is set to 0x00000000 and the IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is set to MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT.
- Search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection where OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.

- If the OpenQueueDescriptorHandle is not found, return MQ ERROR INVALID PARAMETER (0xC00E0006).
- Find the OpenQueueDescriptor, referred to as rOpenQueueDescriptor, in the Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection of each queue object in **QueueManager.QueueCollection** such that **rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle** = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is not 0x00000000, find the cursor object, referred to by rCursor, in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.CursorCollection with a Handle property equal to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor.
- If no cursor object is found, return STATUS INVALID PARAMETER.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is 0x00000000, set rCursor to NULL.
- Create a new **RemoteReadEntry**, referred to as *rrEntry*, with the following attributes:
  - **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue
  - **Timeout** = *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout*
  - **UserMessagePacket** = *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer*
  - **Action** = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction
  - **RequestId** = *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID*
- Add rrEntry to rRemoteReadEntryCollection.
- If the **ulAction** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc* parameter is MO ACTION RECEIVE, generate a Dequeue Message Begin event ([MS-MODMPR] section 3.1.7.1.11) with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := **rOpenQueueDescriptor** obtained in a preceding step.
  - *iTimeout* := *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout*.
  - iTag := lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID.
  - *iCursor* := *rCursor*.
- If the **ulAction** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc* parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT, generate a Peek Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.15) event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := **rOpenQueueDescriptor** obtained in a preceding step.
  - *iTimeout* := *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout*.
  - iCursor := rCursor.
- If the **ulAction** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc* parameter is MQ ACTION PEEK NEXT, generate a Peek Next Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.14) event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := **rOpenQueueDescriptor** obtained in a preceding step.
  - *iTimeout* := *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout*.
  - iCursor := rCursor.

- If the rStatus value returned from the preceding events is MQ\_OK (0x00000000), the server MUST process the returned rMessage as follows:
  - Generate a Construct a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.30) event with the following argument:
    - iMessage := rMessage
  - Generate a Serialize Message to Buffer ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.32) event with the following arguments:
    - *iMessage* := *rMessage*
    - *iBuffer* := *rUserMessage* returned by the Construct a UserMessage Packet event.
  - Assign rUserMessage to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer.
  - Assign rUserMessage.BaseHeader.PacketSize to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwSize
  - Assign the least significant seven bytes of rMessage.LookupIdentifier to the SequentialId member of lpRemoteReadDesc2.
- Remove the RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance from rRemoteReadEntryCollection for which RemoteReadEntry.RequestId equals
   IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID and RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equals

   IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If rStatus is MQ\_OK (0x0000000) and IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE, set pphContext to rrEntry; otherwise, delete rrEntry.
- Return rStatus.

# 3.1.4.11 RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId (Opnum 10)

The RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId method reads a **message** from the opened **remote queue** by using the lookup identifier.<a href="mailto:<27"><27</a>>

```
HRESULT RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] ULONGLONG LookupId,
   [out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
   [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpRemoteReadDesc2
);
```

**hBind:** MUST be set to an **RPC** binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**LookupId:** Lookup identifier of the message to be returned.

**pphContext:** The server MUST return a non-NULL value for this handle, on success for receive calls. This handle is used by the client in subsequent calls to <a href="RemoteQMEndReceive">RemoteQMEndReceive</a>. This handle MUST NOT be set on failure, or for peek calls. If this method returns an error, <a href="pphContext">pphContext</a> is undefined and MUST NOT be used as an argument for a call to RemoteQMEndReceive.

**IpRemoteReadDesc2:** A <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> (<u>section 2.2.2.2</u>) instance that contains the remote description accompanied by a sequential ID. The members of the **pRemoteReadDesc** member of the *IpRemoteReadDesc2* parameter MUST be assigned in the same manner as that specified in <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u> and section <u>2.2.2.1</u>. In addition, the **SequentialId** member MUST be set

to the least significant 7 bytes of the **Message.LookupIdentifier** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) of the message that is returned by this method.

The client must provide all parameters of IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc that are marked as to be set by the client in section 2.2.2.1.

IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value of ulAction	Meaning
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_CURRENT 0x40000010	Read the message that is specified by the <code>LookupId</code> parameter, but do not remove it from the <code>queue</code> .  The <code>lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor</code> parameter MUST be set to zero.  The <code>LookupId</code> parameter MUST NOT be set to 0.  The <code>lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout</code> parameter MUST be set to 0x000000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_NEXT 0x40000011	If LookupId is 0, read the first message. Otherwise, read the message following the message that is specified by LookupId. In either case, do not remove the message.  The lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor parameter MUST be set to zero.  The lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout parameter MUST be set to 0x000000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_PREV 0x40000012	If LookupId is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_CURRENT 0x40000020	Read the message that is specified by the <code>LookupId</code> parameter, and remove it from the queue.  The <code>lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor</code> parameter MUST be set to zero.  The <code>LookupId</code> parameter MUST NOT be set to 0.  The <code>lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout</code> parameter MUST be set to 0x000000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_NEXT 0x40000021	If LookupId is 0, read the first message. Otherwise, read the message following the message that is specified by the LookupId parameter. Remove the message from the queue.  The lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor parameter MUST be set to zero.  The lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout parameter MUST be set to 0x000000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_PREV 0x40000022	If LookupId is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

MQ\_OK (0x0000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

MQ\_ERROR\_IO\_TIMEOUT ((0xC00E001B))

MQ\_ERROR\_MESSAGE\_ALREADY\_RECEIVED ((0xC00E001D))

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

While processing this method, the server MUST:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if IpRemoteReadDesc2 is NULL.
- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if:
  - *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue* is set to 0.
  - IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout is not set to 0.
  - IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is not set to 0.
- Search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection where
   OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle=
   IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If the **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** is not found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006).
- For each queue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:
  - For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
- Create a new RemoteReadEntry, referred to as rrEntry, with the following attributes:
  - **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle**= *lpRemoteReadDesc2.lpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue*
  - Timeout= lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
  - UserMessagePacket= IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.IpBuffer
  - Action= IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction
  - RequestId= lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID
- Add rrEntry to rRemoteReadEntryCollection.
- Generate a Read Message By Lookup Identifier event with the following inputs ('\*' is used as a
  wildcard for possible symbolic names of IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction as
  specified in the preceding Value of ulAction table):
  - iQueueDesc:=QueueReference member of the OpenQueueDescriptor obtained earlier

- iLookupId:= LookupId
- iPeekOperation:= true if the value for IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is
   MQ\_LOOKUP\_PEEK\_\*; otherwise, false
- iLookupOperation:=
  - SeekFirst, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_NEXT, and LookupId is 0.
  - SeekLast, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_PREV, and LookupId is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFF.
  - SeekPrevious, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_PREV, and LookupId does not equal 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFF.
  - SeekCurrent, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_CURRENT.
  - SeekNext, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_NEXT, and LookupId does not equal 0.
- If the rStatus value returned from the Read Message By Lookup Identifier event is MQ\_OK (0x0000000), the server MUST process the returned rMessage as follows:
  - Generate a Construct a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.30) event with the following argument:
    - *iMessage* := *rMessage*
  - Generate a Serialize Message to Buffer ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.32) event with the following arguments:
    - *iMessage* := *rMessage*
    - *iBuffer* := *rUserMessage* returned by the Construct a UserMessage Packet event.
  - Assign rUserMessage to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer.
  - Assign rUserMessage.BaseHeader.PacketSize to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwSize.
  - Assign the least significant 7 bytes of rMessage.LookupIdentifier to the SequentialId member of lpRemoteReadDesc2.
- Remove the RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance from rRemoteReadEntryCollection for which RemoteReadEntry.RequestId equals
   IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID and RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equals
   IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If rStatus is MQ\_OK (0x0000000) and lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_RECEIVE\_\*, set pphContext to rrEntry; otherwise, delete rrEntry.
- Return rStatus.

#### 3.1.5 Timer Events

None.

#### 3.1.6 Other Local Events

The following local events trigger operations on the server:

- PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE rundown.
- PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE rundown.

### 3.1.6.1 PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE Rundown

This event occurs when a <u>PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE</u> context handle has been established between a client and server through a call to <u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u>, and the connection between the client and server is severed before the context handle is closed via a call to <u>RemoteQMCloseQueue</u>.

The server MUST use the context handle supplied as an event argument to RemoteQMCloseQueue to look up the context handle in the OpenSessionHandle table and close the OpenSessionHandle, as specified in RemoteQMCloseQueue.

#### 3.1.6.2 PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE Rundown

This event occurs when <u>PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE</u> context handle has been established between a client and server through a call to <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u>, and the connection between the client and server is severed before the context handle is closed via a call to <u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u>.

The server MUST use the context handle supplied as an event argument to look up the context handle in the **RemoteReadEntry** and close it, as specified in RemoteQMEndReceive. The server MUST set the *dwAck* parameter to RR\_NACK in this case to RemoteQMEndReceive.

#### 3.2 qm2qm Client Details

#### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

# 3.2.1.1 PendingRemoteReadEntry

The PendingRemoteReadEntry is an ADM element that encapsulates a pending remote read operation. This element has the following attributes:

**OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:** The **OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle** for the **queue** being read from.

**RequestId:** A unique DWORD value that identifies the pending read request. This value is used to correlate calls to the server. It is initially generated when peeking or receiving a **message** and is subsequently used to advise the server that the message was received, or to cancel the pending peek or receive.

RemoteReadHandle: A PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE value.

#### 3.2.1.2 PendingRemoteReadEntryCollection

The PendingRemoteReadEntryCollection represents a collection of <a href="PendingRemoteReadEntry">PendingRemoteReadEntry</a>, each of which represents a pending request to receive a message from a <a href="queue">queue</a>. The client MUST maintain an instance of this collection, referred to as <a href="remoteReadEntryCollection">referred</a> to keep track of all pending receive requests made by the client.

#### 3.2.1.3 RemoteOpenQueueEntry

The **RemoteOpenQueueEntry** is an ADM element that encapsulates a remote open queue. This element has the following attributes:

**OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:** The **OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle** for the **queue** being read from.

RRSessionHandle: A PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE value.

# 3.2.1.4 RemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection

The RemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection represents a collection of <a href="RemoteOpenQueueEntry">RemoteOpenQueueEntry</a> elements, each of which represents a remote opened <a href="queue">queue</a>. The client MUST maintain an instance of this collection, referred to as <a href="remoteOpenQueueEntryCollection">remoteOpenQueueEntryCollection</a>, to keep track of all <a href="remote queues">remoteOpenQueueEntryCollection</a>, to keep track of all <a href="remote queues">remote queues</a> opened by the client.

#### **3.2.2 Timers**

No protocol timers are required beyond those used internally by **RPC** to implement resiliency to network outages. For more information, see [MS-RPCE].

#### 3.2.3 Initialization

None.

#### 3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The operation of the protocol is initiated and subsequently driven by the following higher-layer triggered events.

#### A **message queuing** application:

- Opens a queue.
- Peeks or Receives a message.
- Cancels a pending Peek or Receive.
- Purges a queue.
- Uses a cursor to Peek or Receive messages.
- Closes a cursor.
- Closes a queue.

### 3.2.4.1 Opening a Queue

To open a **queue**, the following inputs are expected:

- RemoteServer: the name or network address that identifies the machine where the queue resides.
- QueueHandle: A value returned in the phQueue parameter by the remote server when the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method is called ([MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2) by the MQMP application.

- QueueDescriptor: A value returned in the dwpQueue parameter by the remote server when the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method is called ([MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2) by the MQMP application.
- OpenContext: A value returned in the pdwContext parameter by the remote server when the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method is called ([MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2) by the MQMP application.

The supporting server MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Construct an RPC binding handle to the qm2qm interface on the remote server identified by RemoteServer, as specified in [C706] section 2.3.
- Call the <u>RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort</u> method using the RPC handle from the previous step. This
  method returns the RPC **endpoint** port on which subsequent method calls to this interface are to
  be invoked.
- Construct a new RPC binding handle to the remote server using the RPC endpoint port determined in the previous step and close the initial RPC binding handle to the remote server. Any subsequent calls to the remote server require the new RPC binding handle to be successfully created. The new handle is closed when the queue is closed as specified in section 3.2.4.9.
- Call the <u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u> method and specify the following parameter values:
  - The RPC binding handle constructed in previous steps.
  - pLicGuid set to the QueueManager.Identifier of the queue manager.
  - If **QueueManager.RoutingServer** is True or **QueueManager.DirectoryServer** is True, set *dwMOS* to 0x00000001: otherwise set *dwMOS* to 0x00000000.
  - hQueue set to QueueHandle.
  - pQueue set to QueueDescriptor.
  - dwContext set to OpenContext.
- The time-out for the RemoteQMOpenQueue method SHOULD be five minutes, and if the RPC call does not complete within this time, the call is canceled with the cancel time-out of zero minutes. For details on canceling an RPC call, refer to [C706] section 6.1.8.
- Create a new RemoteOpenQueueEntry using the following:
  - OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle
  - **RRSessionHandle** = the returned *phContext*
- Add the RemoteOpenQueueEntry to rRemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection.

#### 3.2.4.2 Peeking a Message

To peek a **message**, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be read from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

*Action*: Set to MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT or MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT as described in section 3.1.4.1.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a <u>PendingRemoteReadEntry</u> (section 3.2.1.1), referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, and do the following:
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equal to QueueHandle.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<28> call the <u>RemoteQmGetVersion</u> method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the RemoteQMStartReceive method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the REMOTEREADDESC structure (IpRemoteReadDesc):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the gmcomm:R OMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - hCursor set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to Action.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc2):
  - *hRemoteQueue* set to the *phQueue* out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - hCursor set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to Action.

- ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
- dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
- SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle to the returned pphContext.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned IpBuffer element of the REMOTEREADDESC structure (IpRemoteReadDesc), which contains a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MOMO] section 2.2.20).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

#### 3.2.4.3 Receiving a Message

To receive a **message**, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be read from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a PendingRemoteReadEntry (section 3.2.1.1), referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, and do the following:
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equal to QueueHandle.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<29> call the RemoteQmGetVersion method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the RemoteQMStartReceive method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the **REMOTEREADDESC** structure (IpRemoteReadDesc):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwOueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the amcomm: R OMOpenRemoteOueue, as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - hCursor set to NULL.

- dwSize set to 0.
- IpBuffer set to NULL.
- ulAction set to MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE.
- ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
- dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc2):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - hCursor set to NULL.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to MQ ACTION RECEIVE.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
  - SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle to the returned pphContext.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned *lpBuffer* element of the REMOTEREADDESC structure (lpRemoteReadDesc), which contains a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20).
- Advise the server that the message was received by calling the <u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u> method with the following parameter values:
  - pphContext set to the rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle.
  - dwAck set to 0x00000002 (RR\_ACK).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

#### 3.2.4.4 Purging a Queue

To **purge** a **queue**, the following input is expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be purged.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

Call the <u>RemoteQMPurgeQueue</u> method with the <u>hQueue</u> parameter set to <u>QueueHandle</u>.

#### 3.2.4.5 Peeking a Message by Using a Cursor

To peek a **message** by using a **cursor**, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be peeked from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

Action: Set to MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT or MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT, as described in section 3.1.4.1.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a <u>PendingRemoteReadEntry</u> (<u>section 3.2.1.1</u>), referred to as <u>rPendingRemoteReadEntry</u>, and do the following:
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equal to QueueHandle.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<30> call the <u>RemoteQmGetVersion</u> method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the RemoteQMStartReceive method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the REMOTEREADDESC structure (IpRemoteReadDesc):
  - *hRemoteQueue* set to the *phQueue* out parameter of the gmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the gmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - *hCursor* set to the cursor handle obtained from qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to Action.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwReauestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

 Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (IpRemoteReadDesc2):

- *hRemoteQueue* set to the *phQueue* out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
- dwQueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
- hCursor set to the cursor handle obtained from qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.
- dwSize set to 0.
- IpBuffer set to NULL.
- ulAction set to Action.
- ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
- dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
- SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set **rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle** to the returned *pphContext*.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned *lpBuffer* element of the REMOTEREADDESC structure (*lpRemoteReadDesc*), which contains a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

### 3.2.4.6 Receiving a Message by Using a Cursor

To receive a **message** by using a **cursor**, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be read from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a <u>PendingRemoteReadEntry</u> (<u>section 3.2.1.1</u>), referred to as <u>rPendingRemoteReadEntry</u>, and do the following:
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equal to QueueHandle.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<a>1></a> call the <a href="RemoteQmGetVersion">RemoteQmGetVersion</a> method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.

• pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the gmcomm:R OMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - hCursor set to the cursor handle obtained from qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions is satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc2):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the **DWORD** pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - *hCursor* set to the cursor handle obtained from qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
  - SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle to the returned pphContext.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned *lpBuffer* element of the REMOTEREADDESC structure (lpRemoteReadDesc), which contains a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20).
- Advise the server that the message was received by calling the <u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u> method with the following parameter values:

- pphContext set to the rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle.
- dwAck set to 0x00000002 (RR ACK).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

### 3.2.4.7 Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive

The client MAY trigger this event while processing the **Closing a Queue** event as specified in section 3.2.4.9, to explicitly cancel all pending peek and receive operations on the **queue**, prior to closing the queue.

To cancel a pending peek or receive, the following inputs are expected:

A queue handle value acquired from the *phQueue* out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.

RequestId: The requestId that uniquely identifies the pending remote read operation.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Find the PendingRemoteReadEntry, referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, in the rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection, where
   rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle, and rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId = RequestId.
- Call the RemoteQMCancelReceive method with the following:
  - hQueue set to QueueHandle.
  - pQueue set to the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwRequestID set to RequestId.
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

#### 3.2.4.8 Closing a Cursor

To close a **cursor**, the following inputs are expected:

CursorHandle: Handle of the cursor obtained in a previous call to qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMCloseCursor</u> method with the following:
  - hQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method, as specified in [MS-MQMP].
  - hCursor set to CursorHandle.

#### 3.2.4.9 Closing a Queue

To close a **queue**, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be closed.

RequestId: The requestId that uniquely identifies the pending remote read operation.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Find the RemoteOpenQueueEntry, referred to as rRemoteOpenQueueEntry, in the rRemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection, where rRemoteOpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle.
- The client MAY explicitly cancel all pending peek or receive operations on the queue by finding all PendingRemoteReadEntry elements from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection, where PendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle, and for each such element, raise the Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive (section 3.2.4.7) event with the following:
  - QueueHandle set to PendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle.
  - RequestId set to PendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
- Call the <u>RemoteQMCloseQueue</u> (section 3.1.4.4) method with the following:
  - pphContext set to rRemoteOpenQueueEntry.RRSessionHandle.
- Remove the rRemoteOpenQueueEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

#### 3.2.5 Timer Events

There are no timer events.

#### 3.2.6 Other Local Events

There are no local events.

47 / 60

# **Protocol Examples**

The following sections describe several operations as used in common scenarios to illustrate the function of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol.

#### **Receive Example** 4.1

The following sequence diagram illustrates a supporting server receiving a message from a queue on a remote queue manager on behalf of an MQMP application. It is closely related to the example in section 4.2 of [MS-MQMP] and represents an expansion of step 12 of that example. This example assumes that steps 1-11 of that example have been executed prior to the beginning of the following sequence diagram, and that steps 13 and 14 of that example will be executed after the end of the following sequence diagram.

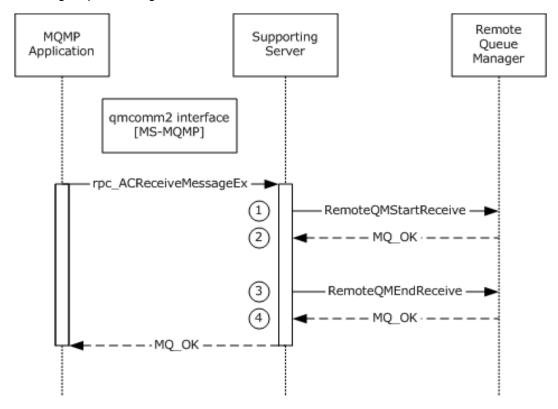


Figure 2: Client receive

In response to the MQMP application invoking the rpc ACReceiveMessageEx method of [MS-MQMP], the supporting server invokes methods on the remote queue manager on the MOMP application's behalf:

- 1. The supporting server calls RemoteQMStartReceive on the remote queue manager with a ulAction value of MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE (0x00000000) and a unique dwRequestID value chosen by the client.
- 2. The remote queue manager associates a pending request with the passed dwRequestID, which will be used to correlate a subsequent call to RemoteOMEndReceive or RemoteOMCancelReceive with the same value for dwRequestID. In addition, the remote queue manager returns the message and MQ\_OK (0x0000000) to indicate success.

- 3. The supporting server indicates that the message was successfully received by calling RemoteQMEndReceive, specifying RR\_ACK (0x00000002) for dwAck.
- 4. The remote queue manager completes the corresponding pending request created by the call to RemoteQMStartReceive and, because RR ACK is specified, removes the message from the queue. It also returns MQ\_OK (0x0000000) to indicate success.

#### 4.2 Purge Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates a supporting server purging a queue on a remote queue manager on behalf of an MOMP application. It is closely related to the example in section 4.2 of [MS-MQMP] and represents an expansion of step 12 of that example. This example assumes that steps 1-11 of that example have been executed prior to the beginning of the following sequence diagram, and that steps 13 and 14 of that example will be executed after the end of the following sequence diagram.

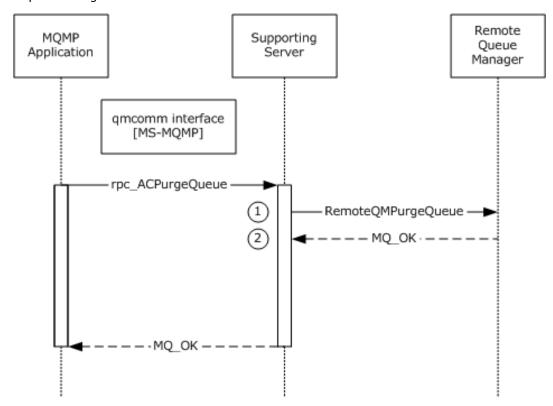


Figure 3: Purging a queue

In response to the MQMP application invoking the rpc ACPurgeQueue method of [MS-MQMP], the supporting server invokes methods on the remote queue manager on the MQMP application's behalf:

- 1. The supporting server calls RemoteQMPurgeQueue on the remote queue manager.
- 2. The remote queue manager removes all messages from the queue and returns MQ OK (0x0000000) to indicate success.

# 5 Security

Clients can invoke methods of this interface at the "none" **authentication level**, depending on the network environment. Implementers need to consider carefully the security implications of accepting method calls from unauthenticated clients. Server implementations that are designed with these considerations in mind might reject methods invoked by unauthenticated clients by returning MQ\_ERROR\_ACCESS\_DENIED (0xC00E0025).

This protocol depends on security checks being done when the **queue** is opened by using the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.

The <u>RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort</u> method is an exception to this consideration because, depending on the network environment, clients might invoke RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort prior to configuring security for the **RPC** binding. For this reason, server implementations do not restrict access to the RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort method.

### **5.1** Security Considerations for Implementers

None.

### **5.2 Index of Security Parameters**

None.

# 6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full **IDL** is provided below, where "ms-dtyp.idl" is the IDL found in [MS-DTYP] Appendix A (section 5) and "ms-mqmq.idl" is the IDL found in [MS-MQMQ] Appendix A (section 5).

```
import "ms-dtyp.idl";
import "ms-mqmq.idl";
    uuid(1088a980-eae5-11d0-8d9b-00a02453c337),
    version(1.0),
   pointer default(unique)
interface qm2qm
    typedef [context handle] void *PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE;
    typedef [context_handle] void *PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE;
    typedef enum REMOTEREADACK {
        RR UNKNOWN,
        RR NACK,
        RR ACK
    } REMOTEREADACK ;
    typedef struct REMOTEREADDESC {
        DWORD hRemoteQueue ;
        DWORD hCursor;
        DWORD ulAction;
        DWORD ulTimeout;
        [range (0, 4325376)] DWORD dwSize;
        DWORD dwQueue ;
        DWORD dwRequestID;
        DWORD Reserved;
        DWORD dwArriveTime;
        REMOTEREADACK eAckNack;
        [unique, size is(dwSize), length is(dwSize)] byte *lpBuffer;
    REMOTEREADDESC ;
    HRESULT
    RemoteQMStartReceive(
        [in] handle t hBind,
        [out] PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE *pphContext,
        [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC* lpRemoteReadDesc
    );
    HRESULT
    RemoteQMEndReceive(
        [in] handle t hBind,
        [in, out] PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE *pphContext,
        [in, range(1, \overline{2})] DWORD \overline{dw}Ack
    );
    HRESULT
    RemoteQMOpenQueue (
   [in] handle_t hBind,
        [out] PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE *phContext,
        [in] GUID *pLicGuid,
        [in, range(0, 16)] DWORD dwMQS,
        [in] DWORD hQueue,
        [in] DWORD pQueue,
        [in] DWORD dwpContext
    );
    HRESULT
```

```
RemoteQMCloseQueue
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in, out] PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE *pphContext
HRESULT
RemoteQMCloseCursor (
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] DWORD hQueue,
[in] DWORD hCursor
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMCancelReceive (
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] DWORD hQueue,
[in] DWORD pQueue,
[in] DWORD dwRequestID
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMPurgeQueue (
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [in] DWORD hQueue
);
DWORD
RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [in, range(0, 3)] DWORD dwPortType
typedef struct REMOTEREADDESC2 {
    REMOTEREADDESC * pRemoteReadDesc;
    ULONGLONG
                       SequentialId;
} REMOTEREADDESC2;
RemoteQmGetVersion(
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [out] unsigned char * pMajor,
[out] unsigned char * pMinor,
[out] unsigned short * pBuildNumber
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMStartReceive2(
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [out] PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE *pphContext,
    [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpRemoteReadDesc2
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] ULONGLONG LookupId,
    [out] PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE *pphContext,
    [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpRemoteReadDesc2
);
```

}

# 7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include updates to those products.

The terms "earlier" and "later", when used with a product version, refer to either all preceding versions or all subsequent versions, respectively. The term "through" refers to the inclusive range of versions. Applicable Microsoft products are listed chronologically in this section.

#### **Windows Client**

- Windows NT Workstation operating system
- Windows 2000 Professional operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system

#### **Windows Server**

- Windows NT Server operating system
- Windows 2000 Server operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 operating system
- Windows Server operating system
- Windows Server 2019 operating system
- Windows Server 2022 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted in this section. If an update version, service pack or Knowledge Base (KB) number appears with a product name, the behavior changed in that update. The new behavior also applies to subsequent updates unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

- <1> Section 1.6: This protocol is used only when an application is receiving messages from a remote queue using the [MS-MQMP] protocol through an MSMQ supporting server. The supporting server uses this protocol regardless of the Windows version on the destination machine of the queue. Only Windows NT operating system, Windows 2000 operating system, or Windows XP 32-bit and Windows Server 2003 32-bit on domain joined machines can be configured to support such applications. Applications can also receive messages from a remote queue using the [MC-MQAC] protocol. In such case, the [MC-MQAC] protocol server uses the RemoteRead [MS-MQRR] protocol for equivalent functionality.
- <2> Section 1.7: These methods are not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement these methods.
- <a><s> Section 2.1: The ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Support for IPX and the ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is deprecated on Windows XP and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2003 and later server operating systems.
- <a><-> Section 2.1: The ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Support for IPX and the ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is deprecated on Windows XP and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2003 and later server operating systems.
- <5> Section 2.1: Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 clients use RPC dynamic endpoints to obtain the initial RPC binding handle. These clients make the RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort call as specified in section 3.1.4.8 with the initial binding handle and use the returned value to obtain a new RPC binding handle to be used for all subsequent RPC method calls on the protocol. On all other versions of the Windows operating system, the protocol clients do not call the RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort method; instead, the clients use RPC dynamic endpoints to obtain the RPC binding handle and use this handle for all subsequent RPC method calls on the protocol.
- <a href="<"><6> Section 2.2.2.1</a>: The server returns an error if the receive request identifier supplied by the client is currently in use, as described in sections 3.1.4.1 and 3.1.4.10. Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.
- <7> Section 2.3: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, this protocol uses the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS].
- <8> Section 2.3: For the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS], the Directory Service schema elements are described in [MS-MQDS] sections 2.2.10 and 3.1.4.21.1 through 3.1.4.21.4.
- <9> Section 3.1.4: Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 use target level 5.0. Windows NT disables strict NDR data consistency checks.
- <10> Section 3.1.4.1: Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.
- <11> Section 3.1.4.2: On Windows Vista and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2003 and later server operating systems, the server does not perform this search.
- $\leq$ 12> Section 3.1.4.3: On Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, if the value of this parameter is 0x00000000, the server enforces the client access licensing restrictions; if it is nonzero, the server does not enforce the restrictions. This parameter is ignored by Windows Vista and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2008 and later server operating systems.
- <13> Section 3.1.4.3: In Windows NT and Windows 2000 the *hQueue* parameter is required to be set to the same value as the *phQueue* out parameter of qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. If an **OpenQueueDescriptor** whose Handle equals *hQueue* does not exist in the **OpenQueueDescriptorCollection** of any queue in **QueueManager.QueueCollection**, the server returns MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) when it starts processing the call.
- <14> Section 3.1.4.3: Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.

- $\leq$ 15> Section 3.1.4.3: Windows NT and Windows 2000 set **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** to hOueue.
- <16> Section 3.1.4.4: On Windows Vista and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2003 and later server operating systems, the server does not perform this search.
- <17> Section 3.1.4.6: In Windows NT and Windows 2000, MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xc00e0007) is returned if pQueue or hQueue is NULL
- <18> Section 3.1.4.7: All Windows implementations of this method other than Windows NT, Windows 2000 and Windows XP throw an exception instead of returning the mentioned error codes in case of failure. The exception code contains the specific error code.
- <19> Section 3.1.4.8: RPC over SPX is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Windows XP and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2003 and later server operating systems do not support this value, and the MOOP server returns 0x00000000 to indicate failure.
- <20> Section 3.1.4.8: RPC over SPX is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Windows XP and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2003 and later server operating systems do not support this value, and the MQQP server returns 0x00000000 to indicate failure.
- <21> Section 3.1.4.9: This method is not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement this method.
- <22> Section 3.1.4.9: Microsoft implementations of MQQP server on Windows set this value to the major version number of the underlying Windows operating system. The major version number is 0x05 for Windows XP or Windows Server 2003 and 0x06 for Windows Vista and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2008 and later server operating systems.
- <23> Section 3.1.4.9: Microsoft implementations of MQQP server on Windows set this value to the minor version number of the underlying Windows operating system. The minor version number is 0x01 for Windows XP; 0x02 for Windows Server 2003; 0x00 for Windows Vista or Windows Server 2008; and 0x1 for Windows 7 and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2008 R2 and later server operating systems.
- <24> Section 3.1.4.9: Microsoft implementations of MQQP server on Windows set this value to the specific build number of the underlying Windows operating system. The initial build numbers for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, and Windows Server 2008 are 645, 1020, 1716, 6000, and 6001 respectively. The build number is 6531 or greater if the MQQP server is running on Windows 7 and later client operating systems and Windows Server 2008 R2 and later server operating systems. The build number is updated with each service pack or hot fix release of the operating system.
- <25> Section 3.1.4.10: This method is not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement this method.
- <26> Section 3.1.4.10: Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.
- $<\!\!$ 27> Section 3.1.4.11: This method is not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement this method.
- <a href="<><28> Section 3.2.4.2"> Section 3.2.4.2</a>: Windows NT and Windows 2000 clients do not make a call to <a href="RemoteQmGetVersion">RemoteQmGetVersion</a>, and always call RemoteQMStartReceive rather than RemoteQMStartReceive2.
- <29> Section 3.2.4.3: Windows NT and Windows 2000 clients do not make a call to RemoteQmGetVersion, and always call RemoteQMStartReceive rather than RemoteQMStartReceive2.
- <a>30> Section 3.2.4.5</a>: Windows NT and Windows 2000 clients do not make a call to RemoteQmGetVersion, and always call RemoteQMStartReceive rather than RemoteQMStartReceive2.



# 8 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as Major, Minor, or None.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements.
- A document revision that captures changes to protocol functionality.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **None** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the relevant technical content is identical to the last released version.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact <a href="mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com">dochelp@microsoft.com</a>.

Section	Description	Revision class
Z Appendix B: Product Behavior	Updated for this version of Windows Server.	Major

# 9 Index

A	<u>timer - server</u> 36 Examples
Abstract data model	overview 48
client 37	purge example 49
server 17	receive example 48
Access patterns - overview 10	F
Applicability 11	•
C	Fields - vendor-extensible 12
	Full IDL 51
Canceling	
pending peek 46 pending receive 46	G
Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive method 46	Glossary 6
Capability negotiation 11	<u> </u>
Change tracking 57	I
Client	
abstract data model 37	<u>IDL</u> 51
Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive method 46 Closing a Cursor method 46	<u>Implementer - security considerations</u> 50
Closing a Queue method 46	<u>Implementers - security considerations</u> 50 <u>Index of security parameters</u> 50
initialization 38	Informative references 8
local events 47	Initialization
message processing 38	client 38
Opening a Queue method 38	server 18
Peeking a Message by Using a Cursor method 43 Peeking a Message method 39	Introduction 6
Purging a Queue method 42	L
Receiving a Message by Using a Cursor method 44	<b>L</b>
Receiving a Message method 41	Local events
sequencing rules 38	client 47
timer events 47 timers 38	server 37
Closing	
cursor 46	М
queue 46	Message processing
Closing a Cursor method 46	client 38
Closing a Queue method 46 Common data types 13	server 18
Cursor	Messages
closing 46	common data types 13
peeking messages 43	overview ( <u>section 1.3.1</u> 9, <u>section 2</u> 13) <u>peeking - canceling pending</u> 46
receiving messages 44	peeking - cursor 43
state diagram 17	peeking - overview 39
D	receiving 48
	receiving - canceling 46 receiving - cursor 44
Data model - abstract	receiving - cursor 44 receiving - overview 41
client 37	transport 13
server 17	Methods
Data types 14 common - overview 13	Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive 46
Directory service schema elements 16	Closing a Cursor 46
Directory Service Servina Cienterias 10	Closing a Queue 46 Opening a Queue 38
E	Peeking a Message 39
	Peeking a Message by Using a Cursor 43
<u>Elements - directory service schema</u> 16	Purging a Queue 42
Events	Receiving a Message 41
<u>local - client</u> 47	Receiving a Message by Using a Cursor 44

RemoteQMCloseQueue (Opnum 3) 25	normative 8
RemoteQMEndReceive (Opnum 1) 22	Relationship to other protocols 10
RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (Opnum 7) 29	RemoteQMCancelReceive (Opnum 5) method 27
RemoteQmGetVersion (Opnum 8) 30	RemoteOMCancelReceive method 27
RemoteQMOpenQueue (Opnum 2) 24	RemoteQMCloseCursor (Opnum 4) method 26
RemoteQMPurgeQueue (Opnum 6) 28	RemoteQMCloseCursor method 26
RemoteQMStartReceive (Opnum 0) 19	RemoteQMCloseQueue (Opnum 3) method 25
RemoteQMStartReceive2 (Opnum 9) 30 RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId (Opnum 10)	RemoteQMCloseQueue method 25 RemoteQMEndReceive (Opnum 1) method 22
33	RemoteQMEndReceive method 22
33	RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (Opnum 7) method
N	29
••	RemoteOMGetOMOMServerPort method 29
Normative references 8	RemoteOmGetVersion (Opnum 8) method 30
<u></u>	RemoteOmGetVersion method 30
0	RemoteQMOpenQueue (Opnum 2) method 24
	RemoteQMOpenQueue method 24
Opening a Queue method 38	RemoteQMPurgeQueue (Opnum 6) method 28
Opening queue 38	RemoteQMPurgeQueue method 28
Overview 8	RemoteQMStartReceive (Opnum 0) method 19
Overview (synopsis) 8	RemoteQMStartReceive method 19
	RemoteQMStartReceive2 (Opnum 9) method 30
P	RemoteQMStartReceive2 method 30
	RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId (Opnum 10) method 33
Parameters - security 50	RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId method 33
Parameters - security index 50	REMOTEREADACK enumeration 14
PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 37	REMOTEREADDESC structure 14
PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 37	REMOTEREADDESC2 structure 16
Peeking a Message by Using a Cursor method 43 Peeking a Message method 39	
Peeking messages	S
canceling pending 46	
cursor 43	Schema elements - directory service 16
overview 39	Security 50
Preconditions 11	implementer considerations 50
Prerequisites 11	parameter index 50
Product behavior 53	Sequencing rules
Protocol Details	client 38
overview 17	server 18
Purge example example 49	Server abstract data model 17
Purging a Queue method 42	initialization 18
Purging queue (section 3.2.4.4 42, section 4.2 49)	local events 37
^	message processing 18
Q	RemoteQMCancelReceive (Opnum 5) method 27
Quality apparations averagely Q	RemoteOMCloseCursor (Opnum 4) method 26
<u>Queue operations - overview</u> 9 Queues	RemoteOMCloseQueue (Opnum 3) method 25
closing 46	RemoteOMEndReceive (Opnum 1) method 22
opening 38	RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (Opnum 7) method
overview 9	29
purging ( <u>section 3.2.4.4</u> 42, <u>section 4.2</u> 49)	RemoteQmGetVersion (Opnum 8) method 30
state diagram 17	RemoteQMOpenQueue (Opnum 2) method 24
	RemoteQMPurgeQueue (Opnum 6) method 28
R	RemoteQMStartReceive (Opnum 0) method 19
	RemoteQMStartReceive2 (Opnum 9) method 30 RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId (Opnum 10)
Receive example example 48	method 33
Receiving a Message by Using a Cursor method 44	sequencing rules 18
Receiving a Message method 41	timer events 36
Receiving messages 48	timers 18
canceling pending 46	Standards assignments 12
cursor 44	Structures 14
overview 41 References 7	
informative 8	Т

Timer events
client 47
server 36
Timers
client 38
server 18
Tracking changes 57
Transport 13
Transport - message 13

### V

Vendor-extensible fields 12 Versioning 11