# [MS-MQQP]: Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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# **Contents**

1	Introduction	
	1.1 Glossary	. 6
	1.2 References	
	1.2.1 Normative References	. 7
	1.2.2 Informative References	. 7
	1.3 Overview	. 8
	1.3.1 Messages	. 8
	1.3.2 Queues	. 8
	1.3.3 Queue Operations	. 9
	1.3.4 Access Patterns	
	1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols	
	1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions	10
	1.6 Applicability Statement	
	1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation	
	1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields	
	1.9 Standards Assignments	
	-	
2	Messages	12
	2.1 Transport	12
	2.2 Common Data Types	12
	2.2.1 Data Types	13
	2.2.1.1 PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE	13
	2.2.1.2 PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE	13
	2.2.1.3 REMOTEREADACK	13
	2.2.2 Structures	14
	2.2.2.1 REMOTEREADDESC	14
	2.2.2.2 REMOTEREADDESC2	16
	2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements	16
3	Protocol Details	
	3.1 qm2qm Server Details	
	3.1.1 Abstract Data Model	
	3.1.1.1 Shared Data Elements	17
	3.1.1.2 RemoteReadEntry	
	3.1.1.3 RemoteReadEntryCollection	18
	3.1.1.4 OpenQueueEntry	18
	3.1.1.5 OpenQueueEntryCollection	
	3.1.2 Timers	18
	3.1.3 Initialization	
	3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	18
	3.1.4.1 RemoteQMStartReceive (Opnum 0)	
	3.1.4.2 RemoteQMEndReceive (Opnum 1)	23
	3.1.4.3 RemoteQMOpenQueue (Opnum 2)	24
	3.1.4.4 RemoteQMCloseQueue (Opnum 3)	26
	3.1.4.5 RemoteQMCloseCursor (Opnum 4)	27
	3.1.4.6 RemoteQMCancelReceive (Opnum 5)	
	3.1.4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQueue (Opnum 6)	
	3.1.4.8 RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (Ópnum 7)	
	3.1.4.9 RemoteQmGetVersion (Opnum 8)	
	3.1.4.10 RemoteQMStartReceive2 (Opnum 9)	

3.1.4.11 RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId (Opnum 10)	
3.1.5 Timer Events	
3.1.6 Other Local Events	
3.1.6.1 PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE Rundown	
3.1.6.2 PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE Rundown	
3.2 qm2qm Client Details	
3.2.1 Abstract Data Model	
3.2.1.1 PendingRemoteReadEntry	39
3.2.1.2 PendingRemoteReadEntryCollection	
3.2.1.3 RemoteOpenQueueEntry	
3.2.1.4 RemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection	
3.2.2 Timers	
3.2.3 Initialization	
3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	
3.2.4.1 Opening a Queue	
3.2.4.2 Peeking a Message	
3.2.4.3 Receiving a Message	
3.2.4.4 Purging a Queue	
3.2.4.5 Peeking a Message by Using a Cursor	
3.2.4.6 Receiving a Message by Using a Cursor	
3.2.4.7 Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive	
3.2.4.8 Closing a Cursor	
3.2.4.9 Closing a Queue	
3.2.5 Timer Events	
3.2.6 Other Local Events	49
4 Protocol Examples	E0
4.1 Receive Example	
4.2 Purge Example	
412 Turge Example IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
5 Security	52
5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers	52
5.2 Index of Security Parameters	52
6 Appendix A: Full IDL	53
• •	
7 Appendix B: Product Behavior	56
8 Change Tracking	60
9 Index	62

# 1 Introduction

This document specifies the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol. The Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is an **RPC**-based protocol used by the **queue** manager and runtime library to read and **purge messages** from a **remote queue**.

Sections 1.8, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Sections 1.5 and 1.9 are also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

# 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in <a>[MS-GLOS]</a>:

authentication level **Authentication Service (AS)** client (1) dynamic endpoint endpoint globally unique identifier (GUID) Interface Definition Language (IDL) Microsoft Interface Definition Language (MIDL) Network Data Representation (NDR) opnum remote procedure call (RPC) **RPC** protocol sequence **RPC transfer syntax RPC** transport security provider universally unique identifier (UUID) well-known endpoint

The following terms are defined in [MS-MQMQ]:

cursor
message
message body
message header
message property
message queuing
message trailer
MSMQ
queue
queue manager
remote queue
remote read

The following terms are specific to this document:

**MQMP application:** An application that communicates with an **MSMQ** supporting server using the [MS-MQMP] protocol.

purge: In the context of a queue, to delete all messages from the queue.

6 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in <a href="[RFC2119">[RFC2119]</a>. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

#### 1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

A reference marked "(Archived)" means that the reference document was either retired and is no longer being maintained or was replaced with a new document that provides current implementation details. We archive our documents online [Windows Protocol].

#### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact <a href="mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com">dochelp@microsoft.com</a>. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <a href="http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624">http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624</a>, as an additional source.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, <a href="http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs/catalog/c706.htm">http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs/catalog/c706.htm</a>

[MC-MQAC] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): ActiveX Client Protocol".

[MS-ADTS] Microsoft Corporation, "Active Directory Technical Specification".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-MQDMPR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules".

[MS-MQDS] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol".

[MS-MQDSSM] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Schema Mapping".

[MS-MQMQ] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Data Structures".

[MS-MQMP] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol".

[MS-MQRR] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Remote Read Protocol".

[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <a href="http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt">http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt</a>

#### 1.2.2 Informative References

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Protocols Master Glossary".

7 / 63

# 1.3 Overview

**Message queuing** is a communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable message passing between client applications, including those client applications running on different hosts. In message queuing, clients send messages to a **queue** and consume application messages from a queue. The queue provides persistence of the messages, enabling them to survive across application restarts, and allowing the sending and receiving client applications to operate asynchronously from each other.

Queues are typically hosted by a communications service called a queue manager. By hosting the queue manager in a separate service from the client applications, applications can communicate by exchanging messages via a queue hosted by the queue manager, even if the client applications never execute at the same time.

The queue manager may need to perform operations on a remote queue. When this scenario occurs, a protocol is required to insert messages into the remote queue, and another protocol is required to consume messages from the remote queue. The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol provides a protocol for consuming messages from a remote queue.

The Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is used only to read messages from a queue or to purge messages from the queue. Reading a message also implies deleting the message after it is read, as specified in <u>Queue Operations (section 1.3.3)</u>.

# 1.3.1 Messages

Each message that is exchanged in a message queuing system typically has a set of **message properties** that contain metadata about the message and a distinguished property, called a **message body**, that contains the application payload.

Message properties that are serialized in front of the message body are referred to as **message headers**, and message properties that are serialized after the message body property are referred to as **message trailers**.

Messages that are carried by this protocol are treated as payload. The format and structure of the application messages are opaque to the protocol.

The protocol also requires that each message have a lookup identifier that is unique in the queue. This identifier is not part of the message but is instead assigned by the server.

#### **1.3.2 Queues**

A queue is a logical data structure containing an ordered first-in-first-out (FIFO) list of zero or more messages.

This protocol provides a mechanism to open a queue. Opening provides an opportunity to check for the existence of the queue and to perform authorization checks. The protocol provides for the return of an RPC context handle that is used by the client to specify the queue to operate on in subsequent requests. The use of an RPC context handle provides a mechanism to ensure that server state is cleaned up if the connection between the client and server is lost.

When opening a queue, the client can specify an access mode that determines the operations (Peek, Receive, CancelReceive, and Purge) for which the returned handle can subsequently be used. The client can specify a sharing mode that either allows other clients to access the queue concurrently or ensures that the client has exclusive access to the queue. The exclusive access sharing mode can be

used to avoid race conditions caused by other clients operating on the queue at the same time. This sharing mode is specified when opening a remote queue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.

# 1.3.3 Queue Operations

The protocol provides mechanisms for the following operations against an open queue.

A message can be consumed from an open queue through a destructive read operation referred to as Receive. This operation atomically reads the message and removes it from the queue. Since this operation removes a message from a queue, losing a network connection during this operation could result in permanent loss of the message.

To guard against this situation, the protocol provides a mechanism for the client to either positively or negatively acknowledge receipt of the message. On receipt of positive acknowledgment from the client, the server can remove the message from the queue. While the server is awaiting acknowledgment from the client, access to the message by other clients is prevented.

A message can be read from an open queue through a nondestructive read operation referred to as Peek. This operation reads the message but does not remove it from the queue.

All the messages can be removed from a queue through a Purge mechanism. The messages removed through this mechanism are not returned to the client.

A client can inform the server that it has no need of a message via a CancelReceive operation. The server can use this indication to inform the sender that the client did not consume the message. How a server implements this notification functionality is not addressed in this specification.

When a client does a destructive read, the message is not deleted from the queue until the client acknowledges receipt of the message via an EndReceive operation.

#### 1.3.4 Access Patterns

Messages in a queue can be consumed in a FIFO access pattern. Because messages in a queue are ordered, there is a head, representing the front of the queue, and a tail, representing the end of the queue.

The protocol provides mechanisms to Peek or Receive the first message or the last message in the queue.

The protocol also allows the client to specify exactly which message to Peek or Receive, regardless of its position in the queue, through a unique lookup identifier assigned to each message by the server. A message can also be specified relative to the message identified by the lookup identifier, that is, the message immediately preceding or following the message identified by the lookup identifier.

Finally, the protocol provides a mechanism, referred to as a **cursor**, for sequential forward access through the queue. A cursor logically represents a current pointer that lies between the head and the tail of the queue. A cursor can be specified to the Peek or Receive operation, which Peek or Receive the message at the current pointer represented by the cursor. The cursor's current pointer can be used, through a modified Peek operation called PeekNext, to do a Peek on the next message in the queue without moving the cursor's current position. A Receive operation intrinsically moves the cursor forward.

Because cursors are stateful, the protocol provides mechanisms to close a cursor opened as specified in <a href="MS-MQMP">[MS-MQMP]</a> section 3.1.4.4. Because a cursor represents a position within a queue, the protocol logically relates the cursor to the context handle associated with an open queue. The

protocol places no limit on the number of concurrent cursors associated with a queue context handle.

# 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This protocol is dependent on RPC for its transport. This protocol uses RPC, as specified in section 2.1.

This protocol is tightly coupled with the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol [MS-MQMP] and therefore if one protocol is implemented, the other one MUST be implemented as well. The methods of this protocol are invoked only by the processing rules of Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol. The functionalities of this protocol coupled with the functionalities of Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol together provide the ability for reading and browsing messages from a remote queue. Furthermore, the arguments required for these methods are obtained from the qmcomm RPC interface, as specified in [MS-MQMP]. The following diagram illustrates the protocol layering for this protocol.

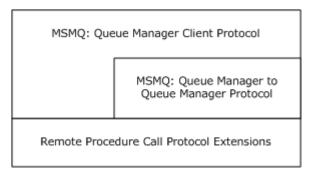


Figure 1: Protocol relationships

This protocol has been deprecated by the RemoteRead RPC interface, as specified in [MS-MQRR].

This protocol uses shared state and processing rules defined in [MS-MODMPR].

#### 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is an RPC interface and, as a result, has prerequisites, as specified in <a href="MS-RPCE">[MS-RPCE]</a>, that are common to RPC interfaces.

#### 1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol provides functionality related to consumption of messages from a queue hosted at a queue manager running on a remote computer.  $\leq 1 \geq$  It does not provide functionality related to inserting messages into a queue.

The server side of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol is applicable for implementation by a queue manager providing message queuing communication services to clients. The client side of this protocol is applicable for implementation by client libraries providing message queuing services to applications or by a client queue manager delegating requests on behalf of client applications.

# 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

**Supported Transports**: This protocol uses the RPC over TCP/IP protocol sequence, as specified in section <u>2.1</u>. However, it supports a mechanism for explicitly negotiating the RPC **endpoint** to be used. For more information, see <u>RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort</u>.

**Protocol Versions**: This protocol uses a single version of the RPC interface, but that interface has been extended by adding the following methods at the end:<a><2></a>

- RemoteQmGetVersion (section 3.1.4.9)
- RemoteQMStartReceive2 (section 3.1.4.10)
- RemoteOMStartReceiveByLookupId (section 3.1.4.11)

#### 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses HRESULTs, as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.2.18. Vendors can define their own HRESULT values, provided that they set the C bit (0x20000000) for each vendor-defined value, indicating that the value is a customer code.

# 1.9 Standards Assignments

Parameter	Value	Reference
RPC interface <b>UUID</b>	{1088a980-eae5-11d0-8d9b-00a02453c337}	As specified in [C706].
Interface version	1.0	As specified in [C706].

# 2 Messages

The following sections specify how Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol messages are transported and the common data types for this protocol.

# 2.1 Transport

This protocol SHOULD use the RPC protocol sequence RPC over TCP/IP (ncacn\_ip\_tcp), as defined in [MS-RPCE].<3> This protocol MAY use the RPC over SPX (ncacn\_spx) protocol sequence if TCP/IP is unavailable.<4>

This protocol SHOULD use RPC **dynamic endpoints**, as specified in [C706], Part 4. This protocol MAY use an RPC static endpoint, as specified in RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort, section 3.1.4.8.<5>

This protocol allows any user to establish a connection to the RPC server. The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol depends on the qmcomm interface, as specified in [MS-MOMP], to use the underlying RPC protocol to retrieve the identity of the invoking client, as specified in [MS-RPCE], section 3.3.3.4.3. The qmcomm server uses this identity to perform method-specific access checks as specified in [MS-MOMP], section 3.1.4.

# 2.2 Common Data Types

This protocol MUST indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to support both the **Network Data Representation (NDR)** and NDR64 transfer syntaxes, and it MUST provide a negotiation mechanism for determining which transfer syntax will be used, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

HRESULT: This specification uses the HRESULT type, as specified in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1.1. Note: Throughout this specification, the phrase "a failure HRESULT" means any HRESULT where the Severity (S) bit is set, as specified by [MS-ERREF]. When this specification mandates the return of "a failure HRESULT" from a method, the specific error code is not relevant to the protocol, as long as the Severity bit is set. In this circumstance, the server MAY return MQ\_ERROR (0xC00E0001), or any other HRESULT value where the Severity bit is set, such as a context-specific message queuing error code, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.4.

In addition to the RPC base types and definitions, as specified in <a>[C706]</a> and <a>[MS-RPCE]</a>, additional data types are defined as follows.

The following table summarizes the types defined in this specification.

Data type name	Description
PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE	A context handle representing an open queue.
PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE	A context handle representing a read session.
REMOTEREADACK	An enumeration that represents an acknowledgment (ACK) or a negative acknowledgment (NACK).
REMOTEREADDESC	A structure used for receiving messages from a queue.
REMOTEREADDESC2	A structure containing the <b>REMOTEREADDESC</b> structure and defining an additional element for tracking transaction-related information.

# 2.2.1 Data Types

#### 2.2.1.1 PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE

The PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE is a data type that defines an RPC context handle corresponding to an open queue handle. A client MUST call <a href="RemoteQMOpenQueue">RemoteQMOpenQueue</a> to create a PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE and <a href="RemoteQMCloseQueue">RemoteQMCloseQueue</a> to delete a PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE.

This type is declared as follows:

```
typedef [context handle] void* PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE;
```

# 2.2.1.2 PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE

The PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE is a data type that defines an RPC context handle corresponding to an open read session. A client MUST call <a href="RemoteQMStartReceive">RemoteQMStartReceive</a>, or <a href="RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId">RemoteQMStartReceive</a>, or <a href="RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId">RemoteQMEndReceive</a> to delete the PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE context handle and call <a href="RemoteQMEndReceive">RemoteQMEndReceive</a> to delete the PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE handle.

This type is declared as follows:

```
typedef [context_handle] void* PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE;
```

#### 2.2.1.3 REMOTEREADACK

The **REMOTEREADACK** enumeration represents an acknowledgment (ACK) or a negative acknowledgment (NACK), indicating a successfully or an unsuccessfully delivered packet, respectively.

```
typedef enum _REMOTEREADACK
{
   RR_UNKNOWN = 0x0000,
   RR_NACK = 0x0001,
   RR_ACK = 0x0002
} REMOTEREADACK;
```

RR\_UNKNOWN: No acknowledgment.

**RR\_NACK:** Negative acknowledgment for a packet.

RR\_ACK: Acknowledgment for a packet.

#### 2.2.2 Structures

#### 2.2.2.1 REMOTEREADDESC

This structure is used to encapsulate the information necessary to perform operations **RemoteQMStartReceive**, RemoteQMStartReceive2, and RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId.

```
typedef struct _REMOTEREADDESC {
   DWORD hRemoteQueue;
   DWORD hCursor;
   DWORD ulAction;
   DWORD ulTimeout;
   [range(0, 4325376)] DWORD dwSize;
   DWORD dwQueue;
   DWORD dwRequestID;
   DWORD dwRequestID;
   DWORD dwArriveTime;
   REMOTEREADACK eAckNack;
   [unique, size_is(dwSize), length_is(dwSize)]
        byte* lpBuffer;
} REMOTEREADDESC;
```

**hRemoteQueue:** A handle to the queue as obtained from the *phQueue* parameter of the **qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. This value is set by the client.

**hCursor:** If nonzero, specifies a handle to a cursor that MUST have been obtained from the *phCursor* parameter of the **qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor** method, as specified in <a href="MS-MQMP">[MS-MQMP]</a> section 3.1.4.4. This value is set by the client.

**ulAction:** The following table describes possible actions. The Peek and Receive operations both enable access to the contents of a message. This value is set by the client.

Value	Type/Meaning
MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE 0x00000000	Type = Receive Reads and removes a message from the current cursor location if <b>hCursor</b> is nonzero or from the front of the queue if <b>hCursor</b> is set to zero.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT 0x80000000	Type = Peek  Reads a message from the current cursor location if <b>hCursor</b> is nonzero or from the front of the queue if <b>hCursor</b> is set to zero but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT 0x80000001	Type = Peek  Reads a message following the message at the current cursor location but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_CURRENT 0x40000010	Type = Peek  Reads the message specified by a lookup identifier but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_NEXT	Type = Peek

Value	Type/Meaning
0x40000011	Reads the message following the message specified by a lookup identifier but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_PREV 0x40000012	Type = Peek  Reads the message preceding the message specified by a lookup identifier but does not remove it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_CURRENT 0x40000020	Type = Receive Reads the message specified by a lookup identifier and removes it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_NEXT 0x40000021	Type = Receive  Reads the message following the message specified by a lookup identifier and removes it from the queue.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_PREV 0x40000022	Type = Receive  Reads the message preceding the message specified by a lookup identifier and removes it from the queue.

**ulTimeout:** Specifies a time-out in milliseconds for the server to wait for a message to become available in the queue. This value is set by the client. To specify an infinite time-out, the client MUST set this field to 0xFFFFFFFF.

**dwSize:** Specifies the size, in bytes, of **IpBuffer**. The valid range is 0 to 0x00420000. This value is set by the server and MUST be set to 0 by the client.

**dwQueue:** A <u>DWORD</u> pointed to by the *dwpQueue* parameter of the **qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. This value is set by the client.

dwRequestID: The client MUST set this member to a unique identifier for the receive request, which could later be used to identify and cancel the receive request. This value is set by the client. The client SHOULD NOT<6> reuse this identifier until a call to the RemoteQMEndReceive (Opnum 1) method or to the RemoteQMCancelReceive (Opnum 5) method has been made for that receive request.

**Reserved:** This is a reserved field of type **DWORD** that MUST be ignored.

Value	Meaning
0x00000000	Returned by client.
0x00000001	Returned by server.

**dwArriveTime:** The server MUST set this value to the time that the message was added to the queue. The time MUST be expressed as the number of seconds elapsed since 00:00:00.0, January 1, 1970 Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

eAckNack: This is a reserved field and MUST be ignored by the client and the server.

**IpBuffer:** This field represents a pointer to a buffer containing the <u>UserMessage Packet</u> (<u>[MS-MQMQ]</u> section 2.2.20). The size of this field is specified by **dwSize**. This value is set by the server and MUST be set to NULL by the client.

#### 2.2.2.2 REMOTEREADDESC2

This structure is used by <u>RemoteOMStartReceive2</u> and <u>RemoteOMStartReceiveByLookupId</u> to encapsulate the parameters necessary for execution of these operations.

```
typedef struct _REMOTEREADDESC2 {
   REMOTEREADDESC* pRemoteReadDesc;
   ULONGLONG SequentialId;
} REMOTEREADDESC2;
```

**pRemoteReadDesc:** A pointer to a **<u>REMOTEREADDESC</u>** structure, as specified in section 2.2.2.1.

**SequentialId:** This field is set by the server to the value of a unique message identifier that corresponds to a received message.

# 2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

This protocol uses ADM elements specified in section 3.1.1. A subset of these elements can be published in a directory. This protocol SHOULD<7> access the directory using the algorithm specified in [MS-MQDSSM] and using LDAP [MS-ADTS]. The Directory Service schema elements for ADM elements published in the directory are defined in [MS-MQDSSM] section 2.4.<8>

# 3 Protocol Details

The following sections specify details of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol including the abstract data model, interface method syntax, and message processing rules.

# 3.1 qm2qm Server Details

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with that described in this document.

The abstract data model for this protocol comprises elements that are private to this protocol and others that are shared between multiple MSMQ protocols that are colocated at a common queue manager. The shared abstract data model is defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1 and the relationship between this protocol, a queue manager, and other protocols which share a common queue manager, is described in [MS-MQOD].

Section 3.1.1.1 details the elements from the shared data model that are manipulated by this protocol, and sections 3.1.1.2 through 3.1.1.5 detail the data model elements that are private to this protocol.

#### 3.1.1.1 Shared Data Elements

This protocol manipulates the following abstract data model elements from the shared abstract data model defined in <a href="MS-MQDMPR">[MS-MQDMPR]</a> section 3.1.1.

**QueueManager:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section <u>3.1.1.1</u>.

**Queue:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.2.

**Message:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12.

**Cursor:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.2.

**OpenQueueDescriptor:** Defined in [MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.16.

#### 3.1.1.2 RemoteReadEntry

The **RemoteReadEntry** is an ADM element that encapsulates an initialized, pending, or completed **remote read** operation. This element has the following attributes:

**OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:** The **OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle** for the queue being read from.

**Timeout:** Time-out associated with the read request.

**Action (peek/receive):** The type of read operation performed.

**RequestId:** A unique <u>DWORD</u> value that identifies the pending read request. This value is generated by the client and passed to the server in a <u>REMOTEREADDESC</u> (<u>section 2.2.2.1</u>) structure.

UserMessagepacket: The message.

This element is referenced by means of a PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE value.

#### 3.1.1.3 RemoteReadEntryCollection

The **RemoteReadEntryCollection** represents a collection of <u>RemoteReadEntry</u> elements, each of which represents a pending request to PEEK or receive a message from a queue. The server MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rRemoteReadEntryCollection**. The server MUST serialize concurrent read, write, and iteration operations to **rRemoteReadEntryCollection**. For iterations, the serialization MUST include the processing of each element, if any, in the loop.

#### 3.1.1.4 OpenQueueEntry

The **OpenQueueEntry** is an ADM element that encapsulates an initialized, pending, or completed remote open queue operation. This element has the following attributes:

OpenQueueDescriptorHandle: OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle for the queue.

ClientId: A GUID that uniquely identifies the client opening the queue.

This element is referenced by means of a PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE value.

# 3.1.1.5 OpenQueueEntryCollection

The **OpenQueueEntryCollection** represents a collection of <u>OpenQueueEntry</u> elements, each of which represents a remote queue opened by a client. The server MUST maintain an instance of this element referred to as **rOpenQueueEntryCollection**. The server MUST serialize concurrent read, write, and iteration operations to the **rOpenQueueEntryCollection**. For iterations, the serialization MUST include the processing of each element, if any, in the loop.

#### **3.1.2 Timers**

Beyond protocol timers used internally by RPC to implement resiliency to network outages (for more information, see [MS-RPCE]), the server MUST maintain the following timers:

**Call Timer:** The server MUST maintain a per-call timer for each call to <a href="RemoteQMStartReceive">RemoteQMStartReceive</a> in which the REMOTEREADDESC.ulTimeout parameter is nonzero. The timer MUST be set to the REMOTEREADDESC.ulTimeout parameter that is specified on the call.

#### 3.1.3 Initialization

The server MUST listen on the RPC protocol, as specified in section 2.1.

#### 3.1.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

This protocol SHOULD  $\leq 9>$  indicate to the RPC runtime that it is to perform a strict NDR data consistency check at target level 6.0, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 3.

The gm2gm interface includes the following methods.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
RemoteQMStartReceive	Initiates a Receive or Peek request on the queue.  Opnum: 0
<u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u>	Finishes a Receive request.  Opnum: 1
<u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u>	Opens a queue. Opnum: 2
RemoteQMCloseQueue	Closes a queue. Opnum: 3
RemoteQMCloseCursor	Closes a cursor. Opnum: 4
<u>RemoteQMCancelReceive</u>	Cancels a pending Receive request. Opnum: 5
<u>RemoteQMPurgeQueue</u>	Deletes all messages in a queue. Opnum: 6
<u>RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort</u>	Returns an RPC endpoint port number to use in subsequent calls on the interface.  Opnum: 7
<u>RemoteQmGetVersion</u>	Returns the server version. Opnum: 8
RemoteQMStartReceive2	Initiates a Receive or Peek request on the queue by using a sequential ID.  Opnum: 9
RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId	Initiates a Receive or Peek request on the queue by using a lookup ID.  Opnum: 10

# 3.1.4.1 RemoteQMStartReceive (Opnum 0)

The **RemoteQMStartReceive** method peeks or receives a message from an open queue.

If **RemoteQMStartReceive** is invoked with a Peek action type, as specified in the *ulAction* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter, the operation completes when **RemoteQMStartReceive** returns.

If **RemoteQMStartReceive** is invoked with a Receive action type, as specified in the *ulAction* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter, the client MUST pair each call to **RemoteQMStartReceive** with a call to **RemoteQMEndReceive** to complete the operation, or to **RemoteQMCancelReceive** to cancel the operation.

For each call to **RemoteQMCancelReceive**, the *dwRequestID* parameter MUST match the *dwRequestID* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter in a previous call to **RemoteQMStartReceive**.

If the client specifies a nonzero value for the **ulTimeout** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter, and a message is not available in the queue at the time of the call, the server waits up to the specified time-out for a message to become available in the queue before responding to the call. The client can call **RemoteQMCancelReceive** with a matching

REMOTEREADDESC.dwRequestID to cancel the pending RemoteQMStartReceive request.

Before calling this method, the client MUST have already called **RemoteQMOpenQueue**.

```
HRESULT RemoteQMStartReceive(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
   [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC* lpRemoteReadDesc
);
```

**hBind:** An RPC binding handle parameter, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2, that MUST be specified.

**pphContext:** The server MUST return a non-NULL value for this handle upon success for receive calls. This handle will be used by the client in subsequent calls to **RemoteQMEndReceive**. This handle MUST NOT be set upon failure, or for peek calls. If this method returns an error, pphContext is undefined and MUST NOT be used as an argument for a call to **RemoteQMEndReceive**.

**IpRemoteReadDesc:** A pointer to an instance of a **REMOTEREADDESC** (section 2.2.2.1) structure.

In addition, the *ulAction* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter MUST be one of the following values.

Value of ulAction	Meaning
MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE 0x00000000	If <i>hCursor</i> is nonzero, read and remove the first message available at the current cursor's location walking towards the end of the queue.
	If <i>hCursor</i> is zero, read and remove the message from the front of the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT 0x80000000	If <i>hCursor</i> is nonzero, read the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it from the queue. The cursor location does not change after the operation.  If <i>hCursor</i> is zero, read the message at the front of the queue, but do not remove it from the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT 0x80000001	Read the message following the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it. The cursor location will then change to the next available message, walking towards the end of the queue.  The hCursor parameter MUST be set to a nonzero cursor handle.

The *hCursor* member of *lpRemoteReadDesc* specifies a handle to an opened cursor. A value of zero indicates that a cursor is not used for this operation.

The *dwRequestID* member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter is used in a subsequent call to **RemoteQMCancelReceive** to correlate that call with the call to **RemoteQMStartReceive**.

20 / 63

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x0000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure **HRESULT**, and the client MUST treat all failure **HRESULTs** identically.

MQ\_OK (0x00000000)
MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)
MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)
STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC000000D)

**Exceptions Thrown**: None except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

While processing this method, the server MUST:

- Return MQ ERROR INVALID HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if IpRemoteReadDesc is NULL.
- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if *lpRemoteReadDesc.*dwQueue is set to 0x00000000 or *lpRemoteReadDesc.*dwQueue is not equal to *lpRemoteReadDesc.*hRemoteQueue.
- The server SHOULD return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the lpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID does not uniquely identify the receive request. This duplicate detection is performed by searching for a <u>RemoteReadEntry (section 3.1.1.2)</u> ADM element instance, referred to as rRemoteReadEntry, in rRemoteReadEntryCollection such that rRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = lpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue and rRemoteReadEntry.RequestId = lpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID.<10>
- Return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC000000D) if IpRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is set to 0x00000000 and the IpRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is set to MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT.
- Search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection where
   OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = lpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If the OpenQueueDescriptorHandle is not found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006).
- Find the OpenQueueDescriptor, referred to as rOpenQueueDescriptor, in the Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection of each queue object in QueueManager.QueueCollection such that rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle = lpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is not 0x00000000, find the cursor object, referred to as rCursor, in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.CursorCollection with a Handle property equal to IpRemoteReadDesc.hCursor.
- If no cursor object is found, return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is 0x00000000, set rCursor to NULL.
- Create a new RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance, referred to as rrEntry, with the following attributes:
  - OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = IpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue
  - Timeout = IpRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
  - UserMessagePacket = IpRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer

- Action = IpRemoteReadDesc.ulAction
- RequestId = lpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID
- Add rrEntry to rRemoteReadEntryCollection.
- If the **ulAction** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE, generate a <u>Dequeue Message Begin</u> event (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.11) with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
  - iTimeout := lpRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
  - iTag := lpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID
  - *iCursor* := *rCursor*
- If the ulAction member of the IpRemoteReadDesc parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT, generate a Peek Message event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
  - *iTimeout* := *lpRemoteReadDesc.***ulTimeout**
  - iCursor := rCursor
- If the ulAction member of the IpRemoteReadDesc parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT, generate a Peek Next Message event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
  - iTimeout := IpRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
  - *iCursor* := *rCursor*
- If the rStatus value returned from the preceding events is MQ\_OK (0x00000000), the server MUST process the returned rMessage as follows:
  - Generate a <u>Construct a UserMessage Packet</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.30) event with the following argument:
    - iMessage := rMessage
  - Generate a <u>Serialize Message to Buffer</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.32) event with the following arguments:
    - *iMessage* := *rMessage*
    - *iBuffer* := *rUserMessage* returned by the Construct a UserMessage Packet event.
  - Assign *rUserMessage* to the **lpBuffer** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter.
  - Assign rUserMessage.BaseHeader.PacketSize to IpRemoteReadDesc.dwSize.
- Remove the RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance from rRemoteReadEntryCollection for which RemoteReadEntry.RequestId equals IpRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID and RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equals IpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.

- If rStatus is MQ\_OK (0x0000000) and lpRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE, set pphContext to rrEntry; otherwise, delete rrEntry.
- Return rStatus.

# 3.1.4.2 RemoteQMEndReceive (Opnum 1)

The client MUST invoke the **RemoteQMEndReceive** method to advise the server that the message packet returned by the **RemoteQMStartReceive**, **RemoteQMStartReceive2**, or **RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId** method has been received.

The combination of the **RemoteQMStartReceive**, **RemoteQMStartReceive2**, or **RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId** method and the positive acknowledgment of the **RemoteQMEndReceive** method ensures that a message packet is not lost in transit from the server to the client due to a network outage during the call sequence.

Before calling this method, the following methods MUST be called:

- RemoteQMOpenQueue
- RemoteQMStartReceive, RemoteQMStartReceive2, or RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId

```
HRESULT RemoteQMEndReceive(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [in, out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
  [in, range(1, 2)] DWORD dwAck
);
```

**hBind:** MUST be an RPC binding handle parameter for use by the server, as specified in <a href="MS-RPCE">[MS-RPCE]</a> section 2.

**pphContext:** A pointer to a context handle of a pending remote read operation.

**dwAck:** An ACK or NACK about the status of the message packet of the pending remote read operation.

Value	Meaning
RR_NACK 0x00000001	The client acknowledges that the message packet was not delivered successfully.  The server MUST keep the message in the queue and make it available for subsequent consumption.
RR_ACK 0x00000002	The client acknowledges that the message packet was delivered successfully.  The server MUST remove the message from the queue and make it unavailable for subsequent consumption.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

```
MQ_OK (0x00000000)
```

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

MQ\_ERROR\_TRANSACTION\_SEQUENCE (0xC00E0051)

**Exceptions Thrown:** No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xc00e0007) if pphContext is NULL.
- Use pphContext as RemoteReadEntry.
- The server MAY search rRemoteReadEntryCollection where OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle and return
   MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the OpenQueueDescriptorHandle is not found.<11>
- Within the OpenQueueDescriptorCollection properties of all queues present in QueueManager.QueueCollection, find the OpenQueueDescriptor where OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle = RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle and generate a <u>Dequeue Message End</u> event with the following inputs:
  - iQueueDesc:= reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained.
  - iMessage:= RemoteReadEntry.UserMessagePacket.
  - iDeleteMessage:= true if dwAck is equal to RR\_ACK, and false if dwAck is equal to RR\_NACK.
- Delete the RemoteReadEntry, and set pphContext to NULL.
- Return rStatus.

#### 3.1.4.3 RemoteQMOpenQueue (Opnum 2)

The **RemoteQMOpenQueue** method opens a queue in preparation for subsequent operations against it. This method assumes that the client has called **gmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue** to obtain a queue handle; for more information, see [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. This method is called as part of the sequence of events involved in opening a remote queue by an **MQMP application** as described in [MS-MQMP] section 4.2. This method MUST be called prior to calling any of the following operations:

- RemoteOMStartReceive
- RemoteQMEndReceive
- RemoteQMCloseQueue
- RemoteQMCloseCursor
- RemoteQMCancelReceive
- RemoteOMPurgeOueue
- RemoteQMStartReceive2
- RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId

```
HRESULT RemoteQMOpenQueue(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [out] PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE* phContext,
  [in] GUID* pLicGuid,
```

24 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ):

Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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```
[in, range(0, 16)] DWORD dwMQS,
[in] DWORD hQueue,
[in] DWORD pQueue,
[in] DWORD dwpContext
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**phContext:** A pointer to a context handle that contains the information about the opened queue, which corresponds to the abstract data model's **OpenQueueEntry**. The server MUST set this value; it gets deleted on a call to **RemoteQMCloseQueue**.

**pLicGuid:** A pointer to a valid GUID ([MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4) that uniquely identifies the client. This value is set to the **QueueManager.Identifier** ADM element of the queue manager at the client end.

**dwMQS:** This value MAY be used by the server to impose an implementation-specific limit on the number of concurrent callers.<12>

**hQueue:** A queue identifier. This value SHOULD be ignored by the server. <13>

**pQueue:** A **DWORD** that references an **OpenQueueDescriptor** of a remote opened queue.

dwpContext: A DWORD that references an OpenQueueDescriptor of a remote opened queue.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

```
MQ_OK (0x00000000)
MQ_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)
```

#### **Exceptions Thrown:**

No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol (see [MS-RPCE]).

When processing this call, the server MUST do the following:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006) if pLicGuid is NULL or if pQueue or dwpContext is equal to zero.
- The server SHOULD return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006) if pQueue is not equal to dwpContext.<14>
- Create a new OpenQueueEntry:
  - The server should set OpenQueueDescriptorHandle to dwpContext.<15>
  - Set ClientId to the *pLicGuid* parameter.
- Add the **OpenQueueEntry** to the *rOpenQueueEntryCollection*.
- Set *phContext* to the **OpenQueueEntry** value, and return MQ\_OK (0x00000000).

# 3.1.4.4 RemoteQMCloseQueue (Opnum 3)

The **RemoteQMCloseQueue** method closes a <u>PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE</u> that was previously opened by using a call to the <u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u> method. The client MUST call this method to reclaim resources on the server allocated by the **RemoteQMOpenQueue** method.

```
HRESULT RemoteQMCloseQueue(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in, out] PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext
);
```

hBind: MUST specify an RPC binding handle parameter, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**pphContext:** A **PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE** to a remote opened queue.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

```
MQ_OK (0x00000000)
MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)
MQ_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)
```

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in <a href="MS-RPCE">[MS-RPCE]</a>.

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- If pphContext is NULL, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE(0xC00E0007).
- Use pphContext as the OpenQueueEntry.
- The server MAY search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection for OpenQueueDescriptorHandle= OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle and return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the OpenQueueDescriptorHandle is not found.

<16>

- Remove OpenQueueEntry from rOpenQueueEntryCollection.
- Loop over rRemoteReadEntryCollection, and for each entry where
   OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:
  - Cancel the operation, as specified in RemoteQMCancelReceive.
- For each queue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:
  - For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
  - If OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle= OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle, use that OpenQueueDescriptor for processing.
- Generate a <u>Close Queue</u> event with the following parameters:
  - iQueueDesc:= reference to **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.

26 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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- Delete the OpenQueueEntry.
- Set pphContext to NULL.
- Return MQ\_OK (0x0000000).

# 3.1.4.5 RemoteQMCloseCursor (Opnum 4)

The **RemoteQMCloseCursor** method closes the handle for a previously created cursor. The client MUST call this method to reclaim resources on the server allocated by the **gmcomm:R\_OMCreateRemoteCursor** method, as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.4.

```
HRESULT RemoteQMCloseCursor(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] DWORD hQueue,
   [in] DWORD hCursor
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**hQueue:** A queue handle value upon which the cursor operates.

**hCursor:** Specifies the cursor handle to be closed.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

```
MQ_OK (0x00000000)
MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)
```

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- For each queue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:
  - For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
    - If **OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle**= *hQueue*, use that **OpenQueueDescriptor** for processing.
- For each cursor in OpenQueueDescriptor.CursorCollection:
  - If **Cursor.Handle**= *hCursor*, use that **cursor** object for processing.
- If hQueue or hCursor is not found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE(0xc00e0007).
- Generate a <u>Close Cursor</u> event with the following inputs:
  - iCursor:= reference to **cursor** object obtained earlier.
- Return MQ\_OK (0x0000000).

# 3.1.4.6 RemoteQMCancelReceive (Opnum 5)

The **RemoteQMCancelReceive** method cancels a pending call to **RemoteQMStartReceive** and provides a way for the client to cancel a blocked request.

Before calling this method, the following methods MUST be called:

- RemoteQMOpenQueue
- RemoteQMStartReceive or RemoteQMStartReceive2

```
HRESULT RemoteQMCancelReceive(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] DWORD hQueue,
   [in] DWORD pQueue,
   [in] DWORD dwRequestID
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**hQueue:** Queue identifier to cancel receive. Its value is validated in the method's processing rules.

**pQueue:** Queue descriptor to cancel receive. Its value is validated in the method's processing rules.

dwRequestID: A unique value that identifies a pending remote read operation.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x0000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

```
MQ_OK (0x00000000)
MQ_ERROR (0xC00E0001)
MQ_ERROR_INVALID_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)
MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)
STATUS_NOT_FOUND (0xC0000225)
```

**Exceptions Thrown:** No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST do the following:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xc00e0006) if pQueue is equal to zero or not equal to hQueue. <17>
- Find the subset of **RemoteReadEntry** elements in **rRemoteReadEntryCollection** where hQueue =**RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle**.
- If no such entry is found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE(0xc00e0007).
- Find RemoteReadEntry from the collection preceding where RemoteReadEntry.RequestId=dwRequestID.
- If no such entry is found, return MQ\_ERROR(0xC00E0001).
- For each queue in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:

28 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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- For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
  - Find the OpenQueueDescriptor where
     OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle=RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle.
- Generate a <u>Cancel Waiting Message Read Request</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.17) event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueue*:=**QueueReference** member of the **OpenQueueDescriptor** obtained earlier.
  - *iTag*:= *dwReguestID*.
  - *iStatus*:= MQ\_INFORMATION\_REMOTE\_CANCELED\_BY\_CLIENT (0x400E03E9).
- Delete the RemoteReadEntry.
- Return rStatus of the Cancel Waiting Message Read Request event.

#### 3.1.4.7 RemoteQMPurgeQueue (Opnum 6)

The **RemoteQMPurgeQueue** method removes all messages from the queue.

Before calling this method, the **RemoteOMOpenQueue** method MUST be called.

```
HRESULT RemoteQMPurgeQueue(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] DWORD hQueue
):
```

hBind: MUST specify an RPC binding handle parameter, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**hQueue:** A queue handle value acquired from the *phQueue* parameter of the **gmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue** method as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure HRESULT, and the client MUST treat all failure HRESULTs identically.

```
MQ_OK (0x0000000)
MQ_ERROR_INVALID_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)
```

**Exceptions Thrown**: Failure HRESULTs returned by this method MAY<18> be thrown as exceptions as well as those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

When processing this call, the server MUST:

- Look up OpenQueueEntry in the rOpenQueueEntryCollection where OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle= hQueue.
- If no such entry is found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007).
- For each queue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:
  - For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
    - IfOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle=RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle, use that OpenQueueDescriptor for processing.

29 / 63

- Generate a Purge Queue event ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.7) with the following inputs:
  - iQueue:=QueueReference member of the OpenQueueDescriptor obtained earlier.
- Return MQ\_OK (0x0000000).

# 3.1.4.8 RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (Opnum 7)

The **RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort** method returns an RPC port number (see [MS-RPCE]) for the requested combination of interface and protocol.

```
DWORD RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in, range(0, 3)] DWORD dwPortType
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**dwPortType:** Specifies the interface for which a port value is to be returned. One of the following values MUST be specified; otherwise, this method MUST return 0x00000000 to indicate failure.

Value	Meaning
IP_HANDSHAKE 0x00000000	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces bound to TCP/IP. For more information on the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces, see <a href="MS-MQMP">[MS-MQMP]</a> . The default port number is 2103.
IP_READ 0x00000001	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qm2qm interface bound to TCP/IP. For more information on the qm2qm interface, see section 3.1.4. The default port number is 2105.
IPX_HANDSHAKE 0x00000002	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces bound to SPX.<19> For more information on the qmcomm and qmcomm2 interfaces, see [MS-MQMP]. The default port number is 2103.
IPX_READ 0x00000003	Requests that the server return the RPC port number for the qm2qm interface bound to SPX. $<20>$ For more information on the qm2qm interface, see section $3.1.4$ . The default port number is 2105.

**Return Values:** On success, this method returns a nonzero IP port value for the RPC interface specified by the *dwPortType* parameter. If an invalid value is specified for *dwPortType*, or if the requested interface is otherwise unavailable, or if any other error is encountered, this method MUST return 0x00000000.

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown beyond those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol (see [MS-RPCE]).

As specified in section 3.1.3, this protocol configures a fixed listening endpoint at an RPC port number, which may vary. For the interface and protocol specified by the *dwPortType* parameter, this method returns the RPC port number determined at server initialization time. If the default port is already in use, the server SHOULD increment the port number by 11 until an unused port is found.

# 3.1.4.9 RemoteQmGetVersion (Opnum 8)

The **RemoteQmGetVersion** method retrieves the Message Queuing version of the server; this method is called before the **RemoteQMOpenQueue** method.<21>

```
void RemoteQmGetVersion(
  [in] handle_t hBind,
  [out] unsigned char* pMajor,
  [out] unsigned char* pMinor,
  [out] unsigned short* pBuildNumber
);
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**pMajor:** A pointer to an unsigned character. The server SHOULD $\leq 22 >$  set this parameter to  $0 \times 06$ .

**pMinor:** A pointer to an unsigned character. The server SHOULD $\leq 23 > 8$  set this parameter to  $0 \times 01$ .

**pBuildNumber:** A pointer to an unsigned short. The server SHOULD<24> set this parameter to an implementation-specific build number.

Return Values: This method has no return values.

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in [MS-RPCE].

# 3.1.4.10 RemoteQMStartReceive2 (Opnum 9)

The **RemoteQMStartReceive2** method functions in the same way as **RemoteQMStartReceive** (section 3.1.4.1), except that it returns a structure that contains the **SequentialId** of the message.<25>

```
HRESULT RemoteQMStartReceive2(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
    [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpRemoteReadDesc2
):
```

hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**pphContext:** The server MUST return a non-NULL value for this handle upon success for receive calls. This handle will be used by the client in subsequent calls to <a href="RemoteOMEndReceive">RemoteOMEndReceive</a> (section 3.1.4.2). This handle MUST NOT be set upon failure or for peek calls. If this method returns an error, <a href="pphContext">pphContext</a> is undefined and MUST NOT be used as an argument for a call to <a href="RemoteOMEndReceive">RemoteOMEndReceive</a>.

**IpRemoteReadDesc2:** A pointer to an instance of a **REMOTEREADDESC2** (section 2.2.2.2) structure. The **SequentialId** member MUST be set to the least significant 7 bytes of the **Message.LookupIdentifier** ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.1.12) of the message that is returned by this method.

The client MUST provide all parameters of *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc* that are marked as to be set by the client in section <u>2.2.2.1</u>.

31 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction parameter MUST be one of the following values.

Value of ulAction	Meaning
MQ_ACTION_RECEIVE 0x000000000	If <i>hCursor</i> is nonzero, read and remove the first message available at the current cursor location walking toward the end of the queue. If <i>hCursor</i> is zero, read and remove the message from the front of the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_CURRENT 0x80000000	If hCursor is nonzero, read the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it from the queue. The cursor location does not change after the operation.  If hCursor is zero, read the message at the front of the queue, but do not remove it from the queue.
MQ_ACTION_PEEK_NEXT 0x80000001	Read the message following the message at the current cursor location, but do not remove it. The cursor location will then change to the next available message, walking toward the end of the queue.  The hCursor parameter MUST be set to a nonzero cursor handle.

The *hCursor* member of *lpRemoteReadDesc* specifies a handle to an opened cursor. A value of zero indicates that a cursor is not used for this operation.

The **dwRequestID** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc* parameter is used in a subsequent call to **RemoteQMEndReceive** or **RemoteQMCancelReceive** to correlate that call with the call to **RemoteQMStartReceive2**.

**Return Values:** On success, this method MUST return MQ OK (0x00000000).

If an error occurs, the server MUST return a failure <u>HRESULT</u>, and the client MUST treat all failure **HRESULT**s identically.

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in <a href="MS-RPCE">[MS-RPCE]</a>.

While processing this method, the server MUST:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if IpRemoteReadDesc2 is NULL.
- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc is NULL.
- The server SHOULD return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if the lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID does not uniquely identify the receive request. This duplicate detection is performed by searching for a RemoteReadEntry, referred to as rRemoteReadEntry, in rRemoteReadEntryCollection such that rRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue and rRemoteReadEntry.RequestId = lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID.

- Search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection where
   OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If the **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** is not found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006).
- Find the OpenQueueDescriptor, referred to as rOpenQueueDescriptor, in the Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection of each queue object in QueueManager.QueueCollection such that rOpenQueueDescriptor.Handle = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is not 0x00000000, find the cursor object, referred to by rCursor, in the rOpenQueueDescriptor.CursorCollection with a Handle property equal to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor.
- If no cursor object is found, return STATUS\_INVALID\_PARAMETER.
- If IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is 0x00000000, set rCursor to NULL.
- Create a new RemoteReadEntry, referred to as rrEntry, with the following attributes:
  - **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue
  - **Timeout** = *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout*
  - **UserMessagePacket** = *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.IpBuffer*
  - Action = lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction
  - RequestId = IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID
- Add rrEntry to rRemoteReadEntryCollection.
- If the **ulAction** member of the *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc* parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE, generate a <u>Dequeue Message Begin</u> event (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.11) with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := **rOpenQueueDescriptor** obtained in a preceding step.
  - *iTimeout* := *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout*.
  - *iTag* := *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwReguestID*.
  - *iCursor* := *rCursor*.
- If the ulAction member of the IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT, generate a Peek Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.15) event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := **rOpenQueueDescriptor** obtained in a preceding step.
  - *iTimeout* := *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout*.

- *iCursor* := *rCursor*.
- If the ulAction member of the IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc parameter is MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT, generate a Peek Next Message ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.14) event with the following inputs:
  - *iQueueDesc* := **rOpenQueueDescriptor** obtained in a preceding step.
  - iTimeout := lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout.
  - *iCursor* := *rCursor*.
- If the rStatus value returned from the preceding events is MQ\_OK (0x00000000), the server MUST process the returned rMessage as follows:
  - Generate a <u>Construct a UserMessage Packet</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.30) event with the following argument:
    - iMessage := rMessage
  - Generate a <u>Serialize Message to Buffer</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.32) event with the following arguments:
    - iMessage := rMessage
    - *iBuffer* := *rUserMessage* returned by the Construct a UserMessage Packet event.
  - Assign rUserMessage to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer.
  - Assign rUserMessage.BaseHeader.PacketSize to IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwSize
  - Assign the least significant seven bytes of rMessage.LookupIdentifier to the SequentialId member of lpRemoteReadDesc2.
- Remove the RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance from rRemoteReadEntryCollection for which RemoteReadEntry.RequestId equals IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID and RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equals IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If rStatus is MQ\_OK (0x00000000) and lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE, set pphContext to rrEntry; otherwise, delete rrEntry.
- Return rStatus.

# 3.1.4.11 RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId (Opnum 10)

The **RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId** method reads a message from the opened remote queue by using the lookup identifier.<a><27></a>

```
HRESULT RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId(
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] ULONGLONG LookupId,
   [out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE* pphContext,
   [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpRemoteReadDesc2
);
```

34 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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hBind: MUST be set to an RPC binding handle, as specified in [MS-RPCE] section 2.

**LookupId:** Lookup identifier of the message to be returned.

**pphContext:** The server MUST return a non-NULL value for this handle, on success for receive calls. This handle is used by the client in subsequent calls to <u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u>. This handle MUST NOT be set on failure, or for peek calls. If this method returns an error, <u>pphContext</u> is undefined and MUST NOT be used as an argument for a call to **RemoteQMEndReceive**.

**IpRemoteReadDesc2:** A <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> (<u>section 2.2.2.2</u>) instance that contains the remote description accompanied by a sequential ID. The members of the **pRemoteReadDesc** member of the *IpRemoteReadDesc2* parameter MUST be assigned in the same manner as that specified in <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u> and section <u>2.2.2.1</u>. In addition, the **SequentialId** member MUST be set to the least significant 7 bytes of the **Message.LookupIdentifier** (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.1.12) of the message that is returned by this method.

The client must provide all parameters of *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc* that are marked as to be set by the client in section 2.2.2.1.

IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction MUST be set to one of the following values.

Value of ulAction	Meaning
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_CURRENT 0x40000010	Read the message that is specified by the <i>LookupId</i> parameter, but do not remove it from the queue.
SX.1333323	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor parameter MUST be set to zero.
	The LookupId parameter MUST NOT be set to 0.
	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout parameter MUST be set to 0x00000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_NEXT 0x40000011	If <i>LookupId</i> is 0, read the first message. Otherwise, read the message following the message that is specified by <i>LookupId</i> . In either case, do not remove the message.
	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor parameter MUST be set to zero.
	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout parameter MUST be set to 0x00000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_PEEK_PREV 0x40000012	If LookupId is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor parameter MUST be set to zero.
	The LookupId parameter MUST NOT be set to 0.
	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout parameter MUST be set to 0x00000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_CURRENT 0x40000020	Read the message that is specified by the <i>LookupId</i> parameter, and remove it from the queue.
	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor parameter MUST be set to zero.
	The <i>LookupId</i> parameter MUST NOT be set to 0.

Value of ulAction	Meaning
	The IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout parameter MUST be set to 0x00000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_NEXT 0x40000021	If LookupId is 0, read the first message. Otherwise, read the message following the message that is specified by the LookupId parameter. Remove the message from the queue.  The lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor parameter MUST be set to zero.  The lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout parameter MUST be set to 0x00000000.
MQ_LOOKUP_RECEIVE_PREV 0x40000022	If LookupId is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

**Return Values:** The method MUST return MQ\_OK (0x00000000) on success; otherwise, it MUST return a failure **HRESULT** and the client MUST treat all failure **HRESULTs** identically.

**MQ\_OK** (0x0000000)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007)

MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006)

MQ\_ERROR\_IO\_TIMEOUT ((0xC00E001B))

MQ\_ERROR\_MESSAGE\_ALREADY\_RECEIVED ((0xC00E001D))

**Exceptions Thrown**: No exceptions are thrown except those thrown by the underlying RPC protocol, as specified in <a href="MS-RPCE">[MS-RPCE]</a>.

While processing this method, the server MUST:

- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xC00E0007) if IpRemoteReadDesc2 is NULL.
- Return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) if:
  - IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue is set to 0.
  - *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout* is not set to 0.
  - IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hCursor is not set to 0.
- Search the rOpenQueueEntryCollection where
   OpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle=
   IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If the OpenQueueDescriptorHandle is not found, return MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006).
- For each queue present in the QueueManager.QueueCollection:

- For each OpenQueueDescriptor in Queue.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:
  - If OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle= lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue, use that OpenQueueDescriptor for processing.
- Create a new RemoteReadEntry, referred to as rrEntry, with the following attributes:
  - **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle**= *lpRemoteReadDesc2.lpRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue*
  - Timeout= lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulTimeout
  - UserMessagePacket= lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer
  - Action= IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction
  - RequestId= IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID
- Add rrEntry to rRemoteReadEntryCollection.
- Generate a <u>Read Message By Lookup Identifier</u> event with the following inputs ('\*' is used as a wildcard for possible symbolic names of *IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction* as specified in the preceding Value of ulAction table):
  - iQueueDesc:=QueueReference member of the OpenQueueDescriptor obtained earlier
  - iLookupId:= LookupId
  - iPeekOperation:= true if the value for *lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction* is MQ\_LOOKUP\_PEEK\_\*; otherwise, false
  - iLookupOperation:=
    - SeekFirst, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_NEXT, and LookupId is 0.
    - SeekLast, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_PREV, and LookupId is 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFF.
    - SeekPrevious, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_PREV, and LookupId does not equal 0xFFFFFFFFFFF.
    - SeekCurrent, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_CURRENT.
    - SeekNext, if IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_\*\_NEXT, and LookupId does not equal 0.
- If the rStatus value returned from the Read Message By Lookup Identifier event is MQ\_OK (0x0000000), the server MUST process the returned rMessage as follows:
  - Generate a <u>Construct a UserMessage Packet</u> ([MS-MQDMPR] section 3.1.7.1.30) event with the following argument:
    - *iMessage* := *rMessage*
  - Generate a <u>Serialize Message to Buffer</u> (<u>[MS-MQDMPR]</u> section 3.1.7.1.32) event with the following arguments:

- *iMessage* := *rMessage*
- *iBuffer* := *rUserMessage* returned by the Construct a UserMessage Packet event.
- Assign *rUserMessage* to *lpRemoteReadDesc2*.**pRemoteReadDesc.lpBuffer**.
- Assign rUserMessage.BaseHeader.PacketSize to lpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwSize.
- Assign the least significant 7 bytes of rMessage.LookupIdentifier to the SequentialId member of lpRemoteReadDesc2.
- Remove the RemoteReadEntry ADM element instance from rRemoteReadEntryCollection for which RemoteReadEntry.RequestId equals IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.dwRequestID and RemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equals IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.hRemoteQueue.
- If rStatus is MQ\_OK (0x0000000) and IpRemoteReadDesc2.pRemoteReadDesc.ulAction is MQ\_LOOKUP\_RECEIVE\_\*, set pphContext to rrEntry; otherwise, delete rrEntry.
- Return *rStatus*.

#### 3.1.5 Timer Events

None.

#### 3.1.6 Other Local Events

The following local events trigger operations on the server:

- PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE rundown.
- PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE rundown.

#### 3.1.6.1 PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE Rundown

This event occurs when a <u>PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE</u> context handle has been established between a client and server through a call to <u>RemoteQMOpenQueue</u>, and the connection between the client and server is severed before the context handle is closed via a call to <u>RemoteQMCloseQueue</u>.

The server MUST use the context handle supplied as an event argument to **RemoteQMCloseQueue** to look up the context handle in the OpenSessionHandle table and close the OpenSessionHandle, as specified in **RemoteQMCloseQueue**.

## 3.1.6.2 PCTX\_REMOTEREAD\_HANDLE\_TYPE Rundown

This event occurs when <a href="PCTX">PCTX</a> REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE context handle has been established between a client and server through a call to <a href="RemoteOMStartReceive">RemoteOMStartReceive</a>, and the connection between the client and server is severed before the context handle is closed via a call to <a href="RemoteOMEndReceive">RemoteOMEndReceive</a>.

The server MUST use the context handle supplied as an event argument to look up the context handle in the **RemoteReadEntry** and close it, as specified in **RemoteQMEndReceive**. The server MUST set the *dwAck* parameter to RR\_NACK in this case to **RemoteQMEndReceive**.

38 / 63

[MS-MQQP] - v20130722

Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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### 3.2 gm2gm Client Details

#### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

### 3.2.1.1 PendingRemoteReadEntry

The PendingRemoteReadEntry is an ADM element that encapsulates a pending remote read operation. This element has the following attributes:

**OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:** The **OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle** for the queue being read from.

**RequestId:** A unique <u>DWORD</u> value that identifies the pending read request. This value is used to correlate calls to the server. It is initially generated when peeking or receiving a message and is subsequently used to advise the server that the message was received, or to cancel the pending peek or receive.

RemoteReadHandle: A PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE value.

### 3.2.1.2 PendingRemoteReadEntryCollection

The PendingRemoteReadEntryCollection represents a collection of <a href="PendingRemoteReadEntry">PendingRemoteReadEntry</a>, each of which represents a pending request to receive a message from a queue. The client MUST maintain an instance of this collection, referred to as **rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection**, to keep track of all pending receive requests made by the client.

## 3.2.1.3 RemoteOpenQueueEntry

The **RemoteOpenQueueEntry** is an ADM element that encapsulates a remote open queue. This element has the following attributes:

**OpenQueueDescriptorHandle:** The **OpenQueueDescriptor.Handle** for the queue being read from.

RRSessionHandle: A PCTX\_RRSESSION\_HANDLE\_TYPE value.

## 3.2.1.4 RemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection

The RemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection represents a collection of <u>RemoteOpenQueueEntry</u> elements, each of which represents a remote opened queue. The client MUST maintain an instance of this collection, referred to as **rRemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection**, to keep track of all remote queues opened by the client.

#### **3.2.2 Timers**

No protocol timers are required beyond those used internally by RPC to implement resiliency to network outages. For more information, see [MS-RPCE].

#### 3.2.3 Initialization

None.

## 3.2.4 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The operation of the protocol is initiated and subsequently driven by the following higher-layer triggered events.

A message queuing application:

- Opens a queue.
- Peeks or Receives a message.
- Cancels a pending Peek or Receive.
- Purges a queue.
- Uses a cursor to Peek or Receive messages.
- Closes a cursor.
- Closes a queue.

## 3.2.4.1 Opening a Queue

To open a queue, the following inputs are expected:

- RemoteServer: the name or network address that identifies the machine where the queue resides.
- QueueHandle: A value returned in the phQueue parameter by the remote server when the <u>qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue</u> method is called (<u>[MS-MQMP]</u> section 3.1.4.2) by the MQMP application.
- QueueDescriptor: A value returned in the dwpQueue parameter by the remote server when the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method is called ([MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2) by the MQMP application.
- OpenContext: A value returned in the pdwContext parameter by the remote server when the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method is called ([MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2) by the MQMP application.

The supporting server MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Construct an RPC binding handle to the qm2qm interface on the remote server identified by RemoteServer, as specified in [C706] section 2.3.
- Call the <u>RemoteOMGetOMOMServerPort</u> method using the RPC handle from the previous step.
  This method returns the RPC endpoint port on which subsequent method calls to this interface
  are to be invoked.
- Construct a new RPC binding handle to the remote server using the RPC endpoint port determined in the previous step and close the initial RPC binding handle to the remote server. Any subsequent calls to the remote server require the new RPC binding handle to be successfully created. The new handle is closed when the queue is closed as specified in section 3.2.4.9.
- Call the <a href="RemoteOMOpenQueue">RemoteOMOpenQueue</a> method and specify the following parameter values:
  - The RPC binding handle constructed in previous steps.

- *pLicGuid* set to the **QueueManager.Identifier** of the queue manager.
- If **QueueManager.RoutingServer** is True or **QueueManager.DirectoryServer** is True, set *dwMOS* to 0x00000001; otherwise set *dwMOS* to 0x00000000.
- hQueue set to QueueHandle.
- pQueue set to QueueDescriptor.
- dwContext set to OpenContext.
- The time-out for the **RemoteQMOpenQueue** method SHOULD be five minutes, and if the RPC call does not complete within this time, the call is canceled with the cancel time-out of zero minutes. For details on canceling an RPC call, refer to [C706] section 6.1.8.
- Create a new RemoteOpenQueueEntry using the following:
  - OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle
  - **RRSessionHandle** = the returned *phContext*
- Add the RemoteOpenQueueEntry to rRemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection.

### 3.2.4.2 Peeking a Message

To peek a message, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be read from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

Action: Set to MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT or MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT as described in section 3.1.4.1.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a <u>PendingRemoteReadEntry</u> (section 3.2.1.1), referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, and do the following:
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equal to QueueHandle.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<a href="mailto:search">28></a> call the <a href="mailto:RemoteOmGetVersion">RemoteOmGetVersion</a> method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the RemoteQMStartReceive method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the REMOTEREADDESC structure (IpRemoteReadDesc):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the gmcomm:R OMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - hCursor set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to Action.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc2):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - hCursor set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to Action.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
  - SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle to the returned pphContext.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned *lpBuffer* element of the **REMOTEREADDESC** structure (lpRemoteReadDesc), which contains a <u>UserMessage Packet</u> ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

## 3.2.4.3 Receiving a Message

To receive a message, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be read from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a <u>PendingRemoteReadEntry</u> (section 3.2.1.1), referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, and do the following:
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equal to QueueHandle.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<a href="mailto:sepadecolor: blue;">29></a> call the <a href="mailto:RemoteOmGetVersion">RemoteOmGetVersion</a> method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc):

  - dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - hCursor set to NULL.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - *IpBuffer* set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

 Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (IpRemoteReadDesc2):

- hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
- dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
- hCursor set to NULL.
- dwSize set to 0.
- IpBuffer set to NULL.
- ulAction set to MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE.
- ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
- dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
- SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set **rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle** to the returned *pphContext*.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned *lpBuffer* element of the **REMOTEREADDESC** structure (lpRemoteReadDesc), which contains a <u>UserMessage Packet</u> ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20).
- Advise the server that the message was received by calling the <u>RemoteOMEndReceive</u> method with the following parameter values:
  - pphContext set to the rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle.
  - dwAck set to 0x00000002 (RR\_ACK).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

#### 3.2.4.4 Purging a Queue

To purge a queue, the following input is expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be purged.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

• Call the **RemoteOMPurgeOueue** method with the *hQueue* parameter set to *QueueHandle*.

## 3.2.4.5 Peeking a Message by Using a Cursor

To peek a message by using a cursor, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be peeked from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

Action: Set to MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_CURRENT or MQ\_ACTION\_PEEK\_NEXT, as described in section 3.1.4.1.

44 / 63

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a <u>PendingRemoteReadEntry</u> (section 3.2.1.1), referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, and do the following:
  - Set **rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** equal to *QueueHandle*.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<a>0></a> call the <a href="RemoteOmGetVersion">RemoteOmGetVersion</a> method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the RemoteQMStartReceive method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the REMOTEREADDESC structure (IpRemoteReadDesc):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the gmcomm:R OMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MOMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - hCursor set to the cursor handle obtained from <u>amcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor</u>, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to Action.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteOMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc2):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.

- *hCursor* set to the cursor handle obtained from **qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor**, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.
- dwSize set to 0.
- IpBuffer set to NULL.
- ulAction set to Action.
- ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
- dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
- SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set **rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle** to the returned *pphContext*.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned *lpBuffer* element of the **REMOTEREADDESC** structure (*lpRemoteReadDesc*), which contains a <u>UserMessage Packet</u> ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

### 3.2.4.6 Receiving a Message by Using a Cursor

To receive a message by using a cursor, the following inputs are expected:

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be read from.

TimeOut: Set to the time-out in milliseconds.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a <u>PendingRemoteReadEntry</u> (section 3.2.1.1), referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, and do the following:
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle equal to QueueHandle.
  - Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId equal to a value that uniquely identifies this call from all other pending calls to this protocol. This value MUST NOT be equal to the RequestId of any other PendingRemoteReadEntry in rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.
  - Add rPendingRemoteReadEntry to rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

After creating a **PendingRemoteReadEntry**, the client SHOULD<a>31></a> call the <a>RemoteQmGetVersion</a> method to determine the capabilities of the server. The client SHOULD check for the following conditions:

- pMajor is less than 5.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1.
- pMajor is equal to 5, and pMinor is less than 1, and pBuildNumber is less than 951.

If any of the above conditions are satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC</u> structure (IpRemoteReadDesc):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the gmcomm:R OMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - hCursor set to the cursor handle obtained from <u>gmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor</u>, as specified in <u>[MS-MQMP]</u> section 3.1.4.4.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to MQ ACTION RECEIVE.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.

Else if none of the above conditions is satisfied, the client MUST:

- Call the <u>RemoteQMStartReceive2</u> method and MUST specify the following parameter values for the <u>REMOTEREADDESC2</u> structure (lpRemoteReadDesc2):
  - hRemoteQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwQueue set to the DWORD pointed to by the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - hCursor set to the cursor handle obtained from qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.4.
  - dwSize set to 0.
  - IpBuffer set to NULL.
  - ulAction set to MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE.
  - ulTimeout set to TimeOut.
  - dwRequestID set to rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
  - SequentialId set to 0.

The client MUST then perform the following actions to process this event:

- Set rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle to the returned pphContext.
- Reconstruct the message, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18, from the returned *lpBuffer* element of the **REMOTEREADDESC** structure (lpRemoteReadDesc), which contains a <u>UserMessage Packet</u> ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20).
- Advise the server that the message was received by calling the <u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u> method with the following parameter values:

- pphContext set to the rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RemoteReadHandle.
- dwAck set to 0x00000002 (RR ACK).
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

### 3.2.4.7 Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive

The client MAY trigger this event while processing the **Closing a Queue** event as specified in section <u>3.2.4.9</u>, to explicitly cancel all pending peek and receive operations on the queue, prior to closing the queue.

To cancel a pending peek or receive, the following inputs are expected:

A queue handle value acquired from the *phQueue* out parameter of the **gmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue** method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.

RequestId: The requestId that uniquely identifies the pending remote read operation.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Find the PendingRemoteReadEntry, referred to as rPendingRemoteReadEntry, in the rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection, where rPendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle, and rPendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId = RequestId.
- Call the <u>RemoteQMCancelReceive</u> method with the following:
  - hQueue set to QueueHandle.
  - pQueue set to the dwpQueue out parameter of the qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue method, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2.
  - dwRequestID set to RequestId.
- Remove the rPendingRemoteReadEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

## 3.2.4.8 Closing a Cursor

To close a cursor, the following inputs are expected:

CursorHandle: Handle of the cursor obtained in a previous call to <a href="mailto:qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor">qmcomm:R\_QMCreateRemoteCursor</a>, as specified in <a href="mailto:[MS-MQMP]">[MS-MQMP]</a> section 3.1.4.4.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Call the <u>RemoteOMCloseCursor</u> method with the following:
  - hQueue set to the phQueue out parameter of <u>qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue</u> method, as specified in [MS-MQMP].
  - hCursor set to CursorHandle.

#### 3.2.4.9 Closing a Queue

To close a queue, the following inputs are expected:

48 / 63

[MS-MQQP] - v20130722

Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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Release: Monday, July 22, 2013

QueueHandle: Handle of the queue to be closed.

RequestId: The requestId that uniquely identifies the pending remote read operation.

The client MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Find the RemoteOpenQueueEntry, referred to as rRemoteOpenQueueEntry, in the rRemoteOpenQueueEntryCollection, where rRemoteOpenQueueEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle.
- The client MAY explicitly cancel all pending peek or receive operations on the queue by finding all PendingRemoteReadEntry elements from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection, where PendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle = QueueHandle, and for each such element, raise the Canceling a Pending Peek or Receive (section 3.2.4.7) event with the following:
  - QueueHandle set to PendingRemoteReadEntry.OpenQueueDescriptorHandle.
  - RequestId set to PendingRemoteReadEntry.RequestId.
- Call the RemoteQMCloseQueue (section 3.1.4.4) method with the following:
  - pphContext set to rRemoteOpenQueueEntry.RRSessionHandle.
- Remove the rRemoteOpenQueueEntry element from rPendingRemoteReadEntryCollection.

#### 3.2.5 Timer Events

There are no timer events.

#### 3.2.6 Other Local Events

There are no local events.

# 4 Protocol Examples

The following sections describe several operations as used in common scenarios to illustrate the function of the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol.

### 4.1 Receive Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates a supporting server receiving a message from a queue on a remote queue manager on behalf of an MQMP application. It is closely related to the example in section 4.2 of [MS-MQMP] and represents an expansion of step 12 of that example. This example assumes that steps 1-11 of that example have been executed prior to the beginning of the following sequence diagram, and that steps 13 and 14 of that example will be executed after the end of the following sequence diagram.

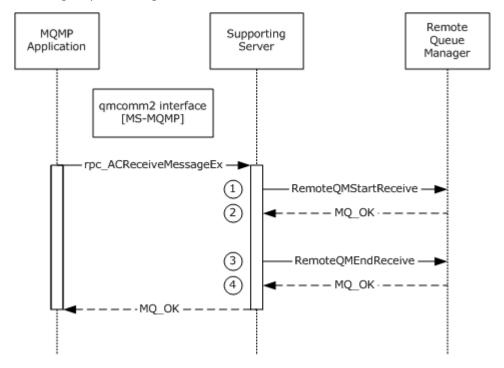


Figure 2: Client receive

In response to the MQMP application invoking the <u>rpc\_ACReceiveMessageEx</u> method of [MS-MQMP], the supporting server invokes methods on the remote queue manager on the MQMP application's behalf:

- 1. The supporting server calls <a href="RemoteOMStartReceive">RemoteOMStartReceive</a> on the remote queue manager with a ulAction value of MQ\_ACTION\_RECEIVE (0x00000000) and a unique dwRequestID value chosen by the client.
- The remote queue manager associates a pending request with the passed dwRequestID, which
  will be used to correlate a subsequent call to <u>RemoteQMEndReceive</u> or
  <u>RemoteQMCancelReceive</u> with the same value for dwRequestID. In addition, the remote queue
  manager returns the message and MQ\_OK (0x00000000) to indicate success.
- 3. The supporting server indicates that the message was successfully received by calling **RemoteQMEndReceive**, specifying RR\_ACK (0x00000002) for *dwAck*.

4. The remote queue manager completes the corresponding pending request created by the call to **RemoteQMStartReceive** and, because RR\_ACK is specified, removes the message from the queue. It also returns MQ\_OK (0x00000000) to indicate success.

### 4.2 Purge Example

The following sequence diagram illustrates a supporting server purging a queue on a remote queue manager on behalf of an MQMP application. It is closely related to the example in section <u>4.2</u> of <u>[MS-MQMP]</u> and represents an expansion of step 12 of that example. This example assumes that steps 1-11 of that example have been executed prior to the beginning of the following sequence diagram, and that steps 13 and 14 of that example will be executed after the end of the following sequence diagram.

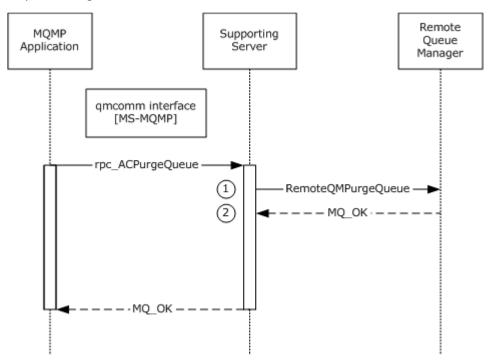


Figure 3: Purging a queue

In response to the MQMP application invoking the <u>rpc ACPurgeQueue</u> method of [MS-MQMP], the supporting server invokes methods on the remote queue manager on the MQMP application's behalf:

- 1. The supporting server calls **RemoteOMPurgeOueue** on the remote queue manager.
- 2. The remote queue manager removes all messages from the queue and returns MQ\_OK (0x0000000) to indicate success.

# **5** Security

Clients MAY invoke methods of this interface at the "none" **authentication level**, depending on the network environment. Server implementations SHOULD be designed with careful consideration given to the security implications of accepting method calls from unauthenticated clients. Server implementations SHOULD reject methods invoked by unauthenticated clients by returning MQ\_ERROR\_ACCESS\_DENIED (0xC00E0025).

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol depends on security checks being done when the queue is opened by using the <a href="mailto:qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue">qmcomm:R\_QMOpenRemoteQueue</a> method, as specified in <a href="mailto:[MS-MQMP]">[MS-MQMP]</a> section 3.1.4.2.

The <u>RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort</u> method is an exception to this consideration, because clients MAY, depending on the network environment, invoke **RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort** prior to configuring security for the RPC binding. For this reason, server implementations MUST NOT restrict access to the **RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort** method.

### **5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers**

None.

### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

# 6 Appendix A: Full IDL

For ease of implementation, the full **IDL** is provided below, where "ms-dtyp.idl" is the IDL found in [MS-DTYP] Appendix A (section 5) and "ms-mqmq.idl" is the IDL found in [MS-MQMQ] Appendix A (section 5).

```
import "ms-dtyp.idl";
import "ms-mqmq.idl";
    uuid(1088a980-eae5-11d0-8d9b-00a02453c337),
    version(1.0),
    pointer_default(unique)
interface qm2qm
    typedef [context handle] void *PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE;
    typedef [context handle] void *PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE;
    typedef enum REMOTEREADACK {
        RR UNKNOWN,
        RR NACK,
       RR ACK
    } REMOTEREADACK ;
    typedef struct REMOTEREADDESC {
        DWORD hRemoteQueue ;
        DWORD hCursor;
        DWORD ulAction;
        DWORD ulTimeout;
        [range (0, 4325376)] DWORD dwSize;
        DWORD dwQueue;
        DWORD dwRequestID;
        DWORD Reserved;
       DWORD dwArriveTime;
       REMOTEREADACK eAckNack ;
        [unique, size is(dwSize), length is(dwSize)] byte *lpBuffer;
    } REMOTEREADDESC ;
    HRESULT
    RemoteQMStartReceive(
        [in] handle_t hBind,
        [out] PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE *pphContext,
        [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC* lpRemoteReadDesc
    );
    HRESULT
    RemoteQMEndReceive(
        [in] handle_t hBind,
        [in, out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE TYPE *pphContext,
        [in, range(1, 2)] DWORD dwAck
    );
    HRESULT
    RemoteQMOpenQueue (
       [in] handle t hBind,
```

53 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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```
[out] PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE *phContext,
    [in] GUID *pLicGuid,
    [in, range(0, 16)] DWORD dwMQS,
    [in] DWORD hQueue,
    [in] DWORD pQueue,
    [in] DWORD dwpContext
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMCloseQueue (
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [in, out] PCTX_RRSESSION_HANDLE_TYPE *pphContext
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMCloseCursor (
   [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] DWORD hQueue,
    [in] DWORD hCursor
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMCancelReceive (
   [in] handle_t hBind,
   [in] DWORD hQueue,
[in] DWORD pQueue,
[in] DWORD dwRequestID
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMPurgeQueue (
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [in] DWORD hQueue
);
DWORD
RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort (
                     handle_t hBind,
    [in, range(0, 3)] DWORD dwPortType
typedef struct REMOTEREADDESC2 {
    REMOTEREADDESC * pRemoteReadDesc;
   ULONGLONG
                    SequentialId;
} REMOTEREADDESC2;
void
RemoteQmGetVersion(
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [out] unsigned char * pMajor, [out] unsigned char * pMinor,
    [out] unsigned short * pBuildNumber
);
HRESULT
RemoteQMStartReceive2(
    [in] handle t hBind,
    [out] PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE *pphContext,
    [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpRemoteReadDesc2
```

54 / 63

[MS-MQQP] — v20130722 Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager to Queue Manager Protocol

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Release: Monday, July 22, 2013

```
hresult
RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId(
    [in] handle_t hBind,
    [in] ULONGLONG LookupId,
    [out] PCTX_REMOTEREAD_HANDLE_TYPE *pphContext,
    [in, out] REMOTEREADDESC2* lpremoteReadDesc2
);
}
```

# 7 Appendix B: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Windows NT operating system
- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1.6: This protocol is used only when an application is receiving messages from a remote queue using the [MS-MQMP] protocol through an MSMQ supporting server. The supporting server uses this protocol regardless of the Windows version on the destination machine of the queue. Only Windows NT, Windows 2000, or Windows XP 32-bit and Windows Server 2003 32-bit on domain joined machines can be configured to support such applications. Applications can also receive messages from a remote queue using the [MC-MQAC] protocol. In such case, the [MC-MQAC] protocol server uses the RemoteRead [MS-MQRR] protocol for equivalent functionality.

 $\leq$ 2> Section 1.7: These methods are not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement these methods.

<3> Section 2.1: The ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Support for IPX and the ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is deprecated on Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<4> Section 2.1: The ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Support for IPX and the ncacn\_spx protocol sequence is deprecated on Windows XP,

Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<5> Section 2.1: Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 clients use RPC dynamic endpoints to obtain the initial RPC binding handle. These clients make the RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort call as specified in section 3.1.4.8 with the initial binding handle and use the returned value to obtain a new RPC binding handle to be used for all subsequent RPC method calls on the protocol. On all other versions of the Windows operating system, the protocol clients do not call the RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort method; instead, the clients use RPC dynamic endpoints to obtain the RPC binding handle and use this handle for all subsequent RPC method calls on the protocol.

<a href="<"><6> Section 2.2.2.1:</a> The server returns an error if the receive request identifier supplied by the client is currently in use, as described in sections 3.1.4.1 and 3.1.4.10. Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.

<7> Section 2.3: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, this protocol uses the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS].

<8> Section 2.3: For the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS], the Directory Service schema elements are described in [MS-MQDS] sections 2.2.10 and 3.1.4.21.1 through 3.1.4.21.4.

<9> Section 3.1.4: Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 use target level 5.0. Windows NT disables strict NDR data consistency checks.

<10> Section 3.1.4.1: Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.

<11> Section 3.1.4.2: On Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2, the server does not perform this search.

<12> Section 3.1.4.3: On Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, if the value of this parameter is 0x00000000, the server enforces the client access licensing restrictions; if it is nonzero, the server does not enforce the restrictions. This parameter is ignored by Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2.

<13> Section 3.1.4.3: In Windows NT and Windows 2000 the hQueue parameter is required to be set to the same value as the phQueue out parameter of gmcomm:R QMOpenRemoteQueue, as specified in [MS-MQMP] section 3.1.4.2. If an OpenQueueDescriptor whose Handle equals hQueue does not exist in the OpenQueueDescriptorCollection of any queue in QueueManager.QueueCollection, the server returns MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_PARAMETER (0xC00E0006) when it starts processing the call.

<14> Section 3.1.4.3: Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.

 $\leq$ 15> Section 3.1.4.3: Windows NT and Windows 2000 set **OpenQueueDescriptorHandle** to *hQueue*.

<16> Section 3.1.4.4: On Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2, the server does not perform this search.

<17> Section 3.1.4.6: In Windows NT and Windows 2000, MQ\_ERROR\_INVALID\_HANDLE (0xc00e0007) is returned if pQueue or hQueue is NULL

- <18> Section 3.1.4.7: All Windows implementations of this method other than Windows NT, Windows 2000 and Windows XP throw an exception instead of returning the mentioned error codes in case of failure. The exception code contains the specific error code.
- <19> Section 3.1.4.8: RPC over SPX is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2 do not support this value, and the MQQP server returns 0x00000000 to indicate failure.
- <20> Section 3.1.4.8: RPC over SPX is supported only by Windows NT and Windows 2000. Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, and Windows Server 2012 R2 do not support this value, and the MQQP server returns 0x00000000 to indicate failure.
- <21> Section 3.1.4.9: This method is not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement this method.
- <22> Section 3.1.4.9: Microsoft implementations of MQQP server on Windows set this value to the major version number of the underlying Windows operating system. The major version number is 0x05 for Windows XP or Windows Server 2003 and 0x06 for Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, or Windows Server 2012 R2.
- <23> Section 3.1.4.9: Microsoft implementations of MQQP server on Windows set this value to the minor version number of the underlying Windows operating system. The minor version number is 0x01 for Windows XP; 0x02 for Windows Server 2003; 0x00 for Windows Vista or Windows Server 2008; and 0x1 for Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, or Windows Server 2012 R2.
- <24> Section 3.1.4.9: Microsoft implementations of MQQP server on Windows set this value to the specific build number of the underlying Windows operating system. The initial build numbers for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows Vista, and Windows Server 2008 are 645, 1020, 1716, 6000, and 6001 respectively. The build number is 6531 or greater if the MQQP server is running on Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2, Windows 8, Windows Server 2012, Windows 8.1, or Windows Server 2012 R2. The build number is updated with each service pack or hot fix release of the operating system.
- <25> Section 3.1.4.10: This method is not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement this method.
- <26> Section 3.1.4.10: Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP do not perform this validation.
- <27> Section 3.1.4.11: This method is not implemented by Windows NT or Windows 2000. All other versions of Windows implement this method.
- <28> Section 3.2.4.2: Windows NT and Windows 2000 clients do not make a call to RemoteQmGetVersion, and always call RemoteQMStartReceive rather than RemoteQMStartReceive2.
- <29> Section 3.2.4.3: Windows NT and Windows 2000 clients do not make a call to RemoteQmGetVersion, and always call RemoteQMStartReceive rather than RemoteQMStartReceive2.
- <30> Section 3.2.4.5: Windows NT and Windows 2000 clients do not make a call to RemoteOmGetVersion, and always call RemoteOMStartReceive rather than RemoteOMStartReceive2.

<31> Section 3.2.4.6: Windows NT and Windows 2000 clients do not make a call to <a href="RemoteQmGetVersion">RemoteQmGetVersion</a>, and always call <a href="RemoteQMStartReceive">RemoteQMStartReceive</a> rather than <a href="RemoteQMStartReceive2">RemoteQMStartReceive2</a>.

# 8 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-MQQP] protocol document between the January 2013 and August 2013 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type Editorially updated.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- Protocol revision refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact <a href="mailto:protocol@microsoft.com">protocol@microsoft.com</a>.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
Z Appendix B: Product Behavior	Modified this section to include references to Windows 8.1 operating system and Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system.	Υ	Content updated.

# 9 Index

A	<u>Implementers - security considerations</u> 52 Informative references 7
Abstract data model	Initialization
client 39	client 39
server 17	server 18
Access patterns - overview 9	Introduction 6
Applicability 10	L
С	L
	Local events
Canceling	client 49
pending peek 48	server 38
pending receive 48 Capability negotiation 11	М
Change tracking 60	rı
Client	Message processing
abstract data model 39	client 40
<u>initialization</u> 39	server 18
local events 49	Messages
message processing 40	overview (section 1.3.1 8, section 2 12) peeking - canceling pending 48
sequencing rules 40 timer events 49	peeking - canceling pending 46 peeking - cursor 44
timers 39	peeking - overview 41
Closing	receiving 50
cursor 48	receiving - canceling 48
queue 48	receiving - cursor 46
Common data types 12	receiving - overview 43 transport 12
Cursor closing 48	transport 12
peeking messages 44	N
receiving messages 46	
state diagram 17	Normative references 7
D	0
Data madel shatuset	Opening queue 40
Data model - abstract client 39	Overview 8
server 17	<u> </u>
Data types 13	P
E	Parameters - security 52
E	Parameters - security 52 PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38
Examples	Parameters - security 52 PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38
Examples purge example 51	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages
Examples	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages canceling pending 48
Examples purge example 51	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages canceling pending 48 cursor 44
Examples purge example 51	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages canceling pending 48
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages   canceling pending 48   cursor 44   overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages   canceling pending 48   cursor 44   overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10 Product behavior 56
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11  Full IDL 53	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages   canceling pending 48   cursor 44   overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages   canceling pending 48   cursor 44   overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10 Product behavior 56
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11  Full IDL 53	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages   canceling pending 48   cursor 44   overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10 Product behavior 56 Purging queue (section 3.2.4.4 44, section 4.2 51)  Q
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11  Full IDL 53  G  Glossary 6	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages   canceling pending 48   cursor 44   overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10 Product behavior 56 Purging queue (section 3.2.4.4 44, section 4.2 51)  Q Queue operations - overview 9
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11  Full IDL 53  G	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages     canceling pending 48     cursor 44     overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10 Product behavior 56 Purging queue (section 3.2.4.4 44, section 4.2 51)  Q Queue operations - overview 9 Queues
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11  Full IDL 53  G  Glossary 6  I	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38  PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38  Peeking messages     canceling pending 48     cursor 44     overview 41  Preconditions 10  Prerequisites 10  Product behavior 56  Purging queue (section 3.2.4.4 44, section 4.2 51)  Q  Queue operations - overview 9  Queues     closing 48
Examples  purge example 51  receive example 50  F  Fields - vendor-extensible 11  Full IDL 53  G  Glossary 6	PCTX REMOTEREAD HANDLE TYPE 38 PCTX RRSESSION HANDLE TYPE 38 Peeking messages   canceling pending 48   cursor 44   overview 41 Preconditions 10 Prerequisites 10 Product behavior 56 Purging queue (section 3.2.4.4 44, section 4.2 51)  Q Queue operations - overview 9 Queues

Release: Monday, July 22, 2013

```
overview 8
  purging (section 3.2.4.4 44, section 4.2 51)
  state diagram 17
R
Receiving messages 50
  canceling pending 48
  cursor 46
  overview 43
References
  informative 7
  normative 7
Relationship to other protocols 10
RemoteQMCancelReceive method 28
RemoteQMCloseCursor method 27
RemoteQMCloseQueue method 26
RemoteOMEndReceive method 23
RemoteQMGetQMQMServerPort method 30
RemoteQmGetVersion method 31
RemoteQMOpenQueue method 24
RemoteOMPurgeOueue method 29
RemoteOMStartReceive method 19
RemoteQMStartReceive2 method 31
RemoteQMStartReceiveByLookupId method 34
REMOTEREADACK enumeration 13
REMOTEREADDESC structure 14
REMOTEREADDESC2 structure 16
S
Security 52
Sequencing rules
  client 40
  server 18
Server
  abstract data model 17
  initialization 18
  local events 38
  message processing 18
  sequencing rules 18
  timer events 38
  timers 18
Standards assignments 11
Structures 14
Т
Timer events
  client 49
  server 38
Timers
  client 39
  server 18
Tracking changes 60
Transport - message 12
V
Vendor-extensible fields 11
Versioning 11
```