[MS-MQDMPR-Diff]:

Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules

Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation

- **Technical Documentation.** Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation ("this documentation") for protocols, file formats, data portability, computer languages, and standards support. Additionally, overview documents cover inter-protocol relationships and interactions.
- **Copyrights**. This documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you can make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the technologies that are described in this documentation and can distribute portions of it in your implementations that use these technologies or in your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. You can also distribute in your implementation, with or without modification, any schemas, IDLs, or code samples that are included in the documentation. This permission also applies to any documents that are referenced in the Open Specifications documentation.
- No Trade Secrets. Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- Patents. Microsoft has patents that might cover your implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications documentation. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of this documentation grants any licenses under those patents or any other Microsoft patents. However, a given Open Specifications document might be covered by the Microsoft Open Specifications Promise or the Microsoft Community Promise. If you would prefer a written license, or if the technologies described in this documentation are not covered by the Open Specifications Promise or Community Promise, as applicable, patent licenses are available by contacting ipla@microsoft.com.
- **License Programs**. To see all of the protocols in scope under a specific license program and the associated patents, visit the <u>Patent Map</u>.
- **Trademarks**. The names of companies and products contained in this documentation might be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights. For a list of Microsoft trademarks, visit www.microsoft.com/trademarks.
- **Fictitious Names**. The example companies, organizations, products, domain names, email addresses, logos, people, places, and events that are depicted in this documentation are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, email address, logo, person, place, or event is intended or should be inferred.

Reservation of Rights. All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than as specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

Tools. The Open Specifications documentation does not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments, you are free to take advantage of them. Certain Open Specifications documents are intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standards specifications and network programming art and, as such, assume that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

Support. For questions and support, please contact <u>dochelp@microsoft.com</u>.

Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments	
7/25/2008	0.1	Editorial	Initial Availability.	
8/29/2008 1.0 Ma		Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
10/24/2008	2.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
12/5/2008	2.0.1	Editorial	Changed language and formatting in the technical content.	
1/16/2009	2.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.	
2/27/2009	2.2	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.	
4/10/2009	3.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
5/22/2009	3.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.	
7/2/2009	4.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
8/14/2009	5.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
9/25/2009	6.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
11/6/2009	7.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
12/18/2009	8.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
1/29/2010	9.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
3/12/2010	10.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
4/23/2010	11.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
6/4/2010	12.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
7/16/2010	13.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
8/27/2010	14.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
10/8/2010	15.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
11/19/2010	16.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
1/7/2011	17.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
2/11/2011	18.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
3/25/2011	19.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
5/6/2011	20.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
6/17/2011	21.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
9/23/2011	22.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
12/16/2011	23.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
3/30/2012	24.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.	
7/12/2012	24.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.	

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments		
10/25/2012	25.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.		
1/31/2013	25.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.		
8/8/2013	26.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.		
11/14/2013	26.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.		
2/13/2014 26.0 None		None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.		
5/15/2014	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatt technical content.		No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.		
6/30/2015	27.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.		
10/16/2015	27.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.		
7/14/2016	27.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.		
6/1/2017	27.0	None	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.		
9/15/2017	28.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.		
9/12/2018	29.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.		
4/7/2021	30.0 Major Significantly changed the technical content		Significantly changed the technical content.		
6/25/2021	31.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.		

Table of Contents

1	Intro	duction			
	1.1 Glossary				
	1.2	References			
	1.2.1	(Updated Section) Normative References			
	1.2.2	Informative References			
	1.3	Overview			
	1.4	Relationship to Other Protocols			
	1.5	Prerequisites/Preconditions			
	1.6	Applicability Statement			
	1.7	Versioning and Capability Negotiation			
	1.8	Vendor-Extensible Fields			
	1.9	Standards Assignments			
2	Mess	nges17			
	2.1	Transport			
	2.2	Message Syntax			
	2.3	Directory Service Schema Elements			
_		,			
3		col Details			
	3.1	Common Details			
	3.1.1	Abstract Data Model			
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1 3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1	•			
	3.1				
	3.1				
	_	1.10 WaitingMessageReadOperation			
	_	1.11 MessagePosition			
		1.12 (Updated Section) Message			
		1.13 TransactionalOperation			
		1.14 Transaction			
	_	1.15 User			
	_	1.16 OpenQueueDescriptor			
	_	1.17 Enumerations			
		1.18 DispatchEntry			
		1.19 InternalCertificate			
	3.1.2	Timers			
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1.3	(Updated Section) Initialization			
	3.1.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events			
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1	·			
	3.1				
	3.1				
	3.1				

3.1.4.8 3.1.4.9	DTC Transaction Abort	57 57
3.1.4.10	DTC Reenlistment Abort	
3.1.4.10		
0.1	DTC Reenlistment Timeout	
3.1.4.12	Take Offline	
3.1.4.13	Bring Online	
3.1.4.14	Pause Queue	
3.1.4.15	Resume Queue	
	cessing Events and Sequencing Rules	
3.1.6 Tim	er Events	
3.1.6.1	Directory Sites Update	59
3.1.6.2	Directory Site Gates Update	
3.1.6.3	Waiting Message Read Timer Expired	60
3.1.7 Oth	er Local Events	61
3.1.7.1	Events Raised By Related Protocols	61
3.1.7.1.1	Open Cursor	61
3.1.7.1.2	Close Cursor	61
3.1.7.1.3		
3.1.7.1		
3.1.7.1.4		
3.1.7.1.5		
3.1.7.1.6	Close Oueue	
3.1.7.1.7	Purge Queue	
3.1.7.1.8	Create Transaction	
3.1.7.1.9	Enqueue Message	
3.1.7.1.9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_		
3.1.7.1.1		
3.1.7.1.1		78
3.1.7.1.1		
3.1.7.1.1		
3.1.7.1.1		
3.1.7.1.1		85
3.1.7.1.1		
3.1.7.1.1		
3.1.7.1.1	• •	
3.1.7.1.2		
3.1.7.1.2		
3.1.7.1.2		
3.1.7.1.2	3 Read Directory End	91
3.1.7.1.2	the state of the s	
3.1.7.1.2		92
3.1.7.1.2		
3.1.7.1.2	7 Enqueue Message To An Open Queue	95
3.1.7.1.2	8 Add Message To Dispatch Collection	96
3.1.7.1.29	9 Remove Message From Dispatch Collection	96
3.1.7.1.3		
3.1.7.1.3		
3.1.7.1.3		102
3.1.7.1.3		
3.1.7.1.3		
3.1.7.2	Events Consumed By Related Protocols	
3.1.7.2.1	Message Position Deleted	
3.1.7.2.2		
3.1.7.2.3	Pause Queue	
3.1.7.2.4	Resume Queue	
3.1.7.2.5	Begin Flow Control	
3.1.7.2.6	End Flow Control	
3.1.7.2.7		111
٦.١./.٧	Time To be Neceived Timer Expired	ттт

3	.1.7.3 I	nternal Events	111
	3.1.7.3.1	Wait For New Message	111
	3.1.7.3.2	Seek Available Message Position	113
	3.1.7.3.3	Seek Available Message Position With Id	114
	3.1.7.3.4	Waiting Message Read Timer Start	116
	3.1.7.3.5	Waiting Message Read Timer Stop	117
	3.1.7.3.6	Waiting Message Read Satisfied	117
	3.1.7.3.7	Release Next Reader	
	3.1.7.3.8	Expand Format Name	
	3.1.7.3.9	Dispatch Send Message	118
3.2			
3.2	.1 Abstr	act Data Model	120
_		State Diagram	120
_		State Definition	121
3.2	.2 Time	rs	121
3.2		llization	
3.2		er-Layer Triggered Events	
3.2		essing Events and Sequencing Rules	
3.2		r Events	
3.2	.,	r Local Events	
_		nitialize	
_		Get Message For Peek	
		Get Next Message For Peek	
		Get Next Message For Dequeue	
_		1essage Available	
3	.2.7.6 V	Vait Time Expired	126
l Pro	tocol Exan	mples	128
Sec	curity		129
5.1		Considerations for Implementers	
5.2		Security Parameters	
		tion) Appendix A: Product Behavior	
7 Cha	ange Track	cing	137
) Ind	lov		120

1 Introduction

This document specifies the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules. The abstract data model and events defined in this document are shared by multiple Message Queuing (MSMQ) protocol documents.

Sections 1.5, 1.8, 1.9, 2, and 3 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

- **Active Directory**: The Windows implementation of a general-purpose directory service, which uses LDAP as its primary access protocol. Active Directory stores information about a variety of objects in the network such as user accounts, computer accounts, groups, and all related credential information used by Kerberos [MS-KILE]. Active Directory is either deployed as Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) or Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services (AD LDS), which are both described in [MS-ADOD]: Active Directory Protocols Overview.
- **administration queue**: A messaging queue that receives Message Queuing (MSMQ) systemgenerated acknowledgment messages. An administration queue is available to MSMQ applications for checking message status.
- **anonymous user**: A user who presents no credentials when identifying himself or herself. The process for determining an anonymous user can differ based on the authentication protocol, and the documentation for the relevant authentication protocol should be consulted.
- **backup site controller (BSC)**: An MSMQ Directory Service role played by an MSMQ queue manager. A BSC contains a read-only copy of the directory for a site. A BSC can satisfy directory lookup requests but cannot satisfy directory change requests. There can be zero or more BSCs in a site.
- binary large object (BLOB): A collection of binary data stored as a single entity in a database.
- **certificate**: A certificate is a collection of attributes and extensions that can be stored persistently. The set of attributes in a certificate can vary depending on the intended usage of the certificate. A certificate securely binds a public key to the entity that holds the corresponding private key. A certificate is commonly used for authentication and secure exchange of information on open networks, such as the Internet, extranets, and intranets. Certificates are digitally signed by the issuing certification authority (CA) and can be issued for a user, a computer, or a service. The most widely accepted format for certificates is defined by the ITU-T X.509 version 3 international standards. For more information about attributes and extensions, see [RFC3280] and [X509] sections 7 and 8.
- **cluster**: A group of computers that are able to dynamically assign resource tasks among nodes in a group.
- **connected network**: A network of computers in which any two computers can communicate directly through a common transport protocol (for example, TCP/IP or SPX/IPX). A computer can belong to multiple connected networks.
- **connector application**: An application that runs on a connector server and translates both outgoing and incoming messages sent between a Message Queuing computer and a foreign messaging system.
- **connector queue**: A queue used by a connector server. Messages sent to foreign queues are temporarily stored in a connector queue before they are retrieved by the connector application.

- **Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)**: A high-precision atomic time standard that approximately tracks Universal Time (UT). It is the basis for legal, civil time all over the Earth. Time zones around the world are expressed as positive and negative offsets from UTC. In this role, it is also referred to as Zulu time (Z) and Greenwich Mean Time (GMT). In these specifications, all references to UTC refer to the time at UTC-0 (or GMT).
- **cursor**: A data structure providing sequential access over a message queue. A cursor has a current pointer that lies between the head and tail pointer of the queue. The pointer can be moved forward or backward through an operation on the cursor (Next). A message at the current pointer can be accessed through a nondestructive read (Peek) operation or a destructive read (Receive) operation.
- **dead-letter queue**: A queue that contains messages that were sent from a host with a request for negative source journaling and that could not be delivered. Message Queuing provides a transactional dead-letter queue and a non-transactional dead-letter queue.
- **direct format name**: A name that is used to reference a public queue or a private queue without accessing the MSMQ Directory Service. Message Queuing can use the physical, explicit location information provided by direct format names to send messages directly to their destinations. For more information, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.
- **directory**: The database that stores information about objects such as users, groups, computers, printers, and the directory service that makes this information available to users and applications.
- **directory service (DS)**: An entity that maintains a collection of objects. These objects can be remotely manipulated either by the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol, as specified in [MS-MQDS], or by the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (v3), as specified in [RFC2251].
- **distinguished name (DN)**: A name that uniquely identifies an object by using the relative distinguished name (RDN) for the object, and the names of container objects and domains that contain the object. The distinguished name (DN) identifies the object and its location in a tree.
- domain controller (DC): The service, running on a server, that implements Active Directory, or the server hosting this service. The service hosts the data store for objects and interoperates with other DCs to ensure that a local change to an object replicates correctly across all DCs. When Active Directory is operating as Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS), the DC contains full NC replicas of the configuration naming context (config NC), schema naming context (schema NC), and one of the domain NCs in its forest. If the AD DS DC is a global catalog server (GC server), it contains partial NC replicas of the remaining domain NCs in its forest. For more information, see [MS-AUTHSOD] section 1.1.1.5.2 and [MS-ADTS]. When Active Directory is operating as Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services (AD LDS), several AD LDS DCs can run on one server. When Active Directory is operating as AD DS, only one AD DS DC can run on one server. However, several AD LDS DCs can coexist with one AD DS DC on one server. The AD LDS DC contains full NC replicas of the config NC and the schema NC in its forest. The domain controller is the server side of Authentication Protocol Domain Support [MS-APDS].
- **Domain Name System (DNS)**: A hierarchical, distributed database that contains mappings of domain names to various types of data, such as IP addresses. DNS enables the location of computers and services by user-friendly names, and it also enables the discovery of other information stored in the database.
- enterprise: A unit of administration of a network of MSMQ queue managers. An enterprise consists of an MSMQ Directory Service, one or more connected networks, and one or more MSMQ sites.
- **foreign queue**: A messaging queue that resides on a computer that does not run an MSMQ messaging application.

- foreign site: A site that contains messaging applications that are not based on MSMQ.
- format name: A name that is used to reference a gueue when making calls to API functions.
- **fully qualified domain name (FQDN)**: An unambiguous domain name that gives an absolute location in the Domain Name System's (DNS) hierarchy tree, as defined in [RFC1035] section 3.1 and [RFC2181] section 11.
- **globally unique identifier (GUID)**: A term used interchangeably with universally unique identifier (UUID) in Microsoft protocol technical documents (TDs). Interchanging the usage of these terms does not imply or require a specific algorithm or mechanism to generate the value. Specifically, the use of this term does not imply or require that the algorithms described in [RFC4122] or [C706] must be used for generating the GUID. See also universally unique identifier (UUID).
- **LDAP Capable Queue Manager**: A queue manager that uses the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) ([LDAP]) in conjunction with the algorithm specified in [MS-MQDSSM] to interact with a directory.
- **message**: A data structure representing a unit of data transfer between distributed applications. A message has message properties, which may include message header properties, a message body property, and message trailer properties.
- message body: A distinguished message property that represents the application payload.
- **message queuing**: A communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable message passing between distributed client applications. In message queuing, clients send messages to message queues and consume messages from message queues. The message queues provide persistence of the messages, which enables the sending and receiving client applications to operate asynchronously from each other.
- **Microsoft Message Queuing (MSMQ)**: A communications service that provides asynchronous and reliable message passing between distributed applications. In Message Queuing, applications send messages to queues and consume messages from queues. The queues provide persistence of the messages, enabling the sending and receiving applications to operate asynchronously from one another.
- **MSMQ 1.0 digital signature**: A digital signature based on a hash of the MSMQ 1.0 Digital Signature Properties section in [MS-MQMQ]. This signature type is supported by all versions of Message Queuing.
- **MSMQ 2.0 digital signature**: A digital signature that is more robust than the MSMQ 1.0 digital signature and is based on a hash of the MSMQ 2.0 Digital Signature Properties section in [MS-MQMQ]. This signature type is not supported by MSMQ version 1.
- **MSMQ 3.0 digital signature**: A digital signature that is used only for messages sent to distribution lists or multiple-element format names and is based on a hash of the MSMQ 3.0 Digital Signature Properties section in [MS-MQMQ]. This signature type is not supported by MSMQ version 1 nor MSMQ version 2.
- **MSMQ Directory Service server**: An MSMQ queue manager that provides MSMQ Directory Service. The server can act in either of the MSMQ Directory Service roles: Primary Site Controller (PSC) or Backup Site Controller (BSC).
- **MSMQ queue manager**: An MSMQ service hosted on a machine that provides queued messaging services. Queue managers manage queues deployed on the local computer and provide asynchronous transfer of messages to queues located on other computers. A queue manager is identified by a globally unique identifier (GUID).

- **MSMQ routing link**: A communication link between two sites. A routing link is represented by a routing link object in the directory service. Routing links can have associated link costs. Routing links with their associated costs can be used to compute lowest-cost routing paths for store-and-forward messaging.
- **MSMQ routing server**: A role played by an MSMQ queue manager. An MSMQ routing server implements store and forward messaging. A routing server can provide connectivity between different connected networks within a site or can provide session concentration between sites.
- **MSMQ site**: A network of computers, typically physically collocated, that have high connectivity as measured in terms of latency (low) and throughput (high). A site is represented by a site object in the directory service. An MSMQ site maps one-to-one with an Active Directory site when Active Directory provides directory services to MSMQ.
- MSMQ site gate: An MSMQ routing server through which all intersite messaging traffic flows.
- **MSMQ supporting server**: A role played by an MSMQ queue manager. An MSMQ supporting server supports applications to send and receive messages through the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Queue Manager Client Protocol [MS-MQMP].
- **NetBIOS**: A particular network transport that is part of the LAN Manager protocol suite. NetBIOS uses a broadcast communication style that was applicable to early segmented local area networks. A protocol family including name resolution, datagram, and connection services. For more information, see [RFC1001] and [RFC1002].
- NULL GUID: A GUID of all zeros.
- **order acknowledgment**: A special acknowledgment message that is generated by a receiving queue manager to acknowledge receipt of a message in a transactional queue.
- **outgoing queue**: A temporary internal queue that holds messages for a remote destination queue. The path name of an outgoing queue is identical to the path name of the corresponding destination queue. An outgoing queue is distinguished from its corresponding destination queue by the fact that the outgoing queue is located on the sending computer. The format name of an outgoing queue is identical to the format name used by the messages to reference the destination queue. Messages that reference the destination queue using a different format name are placed in a different outgoing queue.
- **path name**: The name of the receiving computer where the messages for a particular queue are stored, and an optional PRIVATE\$ key word indicating whether the queue is private, followed by the name of the queue. Path names can also refer to subqueues; for more information, see [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.
- **Primary Enterprise Controller (PEC)**: An MSMQ Directory Service role played by an MSMQ queue manager. The PEC acts as the authority for the enterprise configuration information stored in the directory. There is only one PEC in an enterprise. The PEC also acts in the role of Primary Site Controller (PSC) for the site to which it belongs.
- **Primary Site Controller (PSC)**: An MSMQ Directory Service role played by an MSMQ queue manager. The PSC acts as the authority for the directory information for the site to which it belongs. The PSC can satisfy directory lookup requests and directory change requests. There is only one PSC per site.
- **private key**: One of a pair of keys used in public-key cryptography. The private key is kept secret and is used to decrypt data that has been encrypted with the corresponding public key. For an introduction to this concept, see [CRYPTO] section 1.8 and [IEEE1363] section 3.1.
- **private queue**: An application-defined message queue that is not registered in the MSMQ Directory Service. A private queue is deployed on a particular queue manager.

- **public key**: One of a pair of keys used in public-key cryptography. The public key is distributed freely and published as part of a digital certificate. For an introduction to this concept, see [CRYPTO] section 1.8 and [IEEE1363] section 3.1.
- **public queue**: An application-defined message queue that is registered in the MSMQ Directory Service. A public queue can be deployed at any queue manager.
- **queue**: An object that holds messages passed between applications or messages passed between Message Queuing and applications. In general, applications can send messages to queues and read messages from queues.
- **queue journal**: A queue that contains copies of the messages sent from a host when positive source journaling is requested.
- **queue manager (QM)**: A message queuing service that manages queues deployed on a computer. A queue manager can also provide asynchronous transfer of messages to queues deployed on other queue managers.
- **Remote Access Service (RAS) server**: A type of network access server (NAS) that provides modem dial-up or virtual private network (VPN) access to a network.
- **resource manager (RM)**: The participant that is responsible for coordinating the state of a resource with the outcome of atomic transactions. For a specified transaction, a resource manager enlists with exactly one transaction manager to vote on that transaction outcome and to obtain the final outcome. A resource manager is either durable or volatile, depending on its resource.

routing link: See MSMQ routing link.

- **security descriptor**: A data structure containing the security information associated with a securable object. A security descriptor identifies an object's owner by its security identifier (SID). If access control is configured for the object, its security descriptor contains a discretionary access control list (DACL) with SIDs for the security principals who are allowed or denied access. Applications use this structure to set and query an object's security status. The security descriptor is used to guard access to an object as well as to control which type of auditing takes place when the object is accessed. The security descriptor format is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6; a string representation of security descriptors, called SDDL, is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.5.1.
- **security identifier (SID)**: An identifier for security principals that is used to identify an account or a group. Conceptually, the SID is composed of an account authority portion (typically a domain) and a smaller integer representing an identity relative to the account authority, termed the relative identifier (RID). The SID format is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2; a string representation of SIDs is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2 and [MS-AZOD] section 1.1.1.2.
- **SOAP body**: A container for the payload data being delivered by a SOAP message to its recipient. See [SOAP1.2-1/2007] section 5.3 for more information.
- **SOAP header**: A mechanism for implementing extensions to a SOAP message in a decentralized manner without prior agreement between the communicating parties. See [SOAP1.2-1/2007] section 5.2 for more information.
- **SRMP**: Message Queuing (MSMQ): SOAP Reliable Messaging Protocol (SRMP) [MC-MQSRM].
- **subqueue**: A message queue that is logically associated, through a naming hierarchy, with a parent message queue. Subqueues can be used to partition messages within the queue. For example, a queue journal can be a subqueue that holds a copy of each message consumed from its parent queue.

- **symmetric key**: A secret key used with a cryptographic symmetric algorithm. The key needs to be known to all communicating parties. For an introduction to this concept, see [CRYPTO] section 1.5.
- **system queue**: An internal queue that is used by the queue manager for a purpose other than holding messages destined for a remote destination queue.

transaction: In OleTx, an atomic transaction.

transaction identifier: The GUID that uniquely identifies an atomic transaction.

- **transaction manager**: The party that is responsible for managing and distributing the outcome of atomic transactions. A transaction manager is either a root transaction manager or a subordinate transaction manager for a specified transaction.
- **Unicode**: A character encoding standard developed by the Unicode Consortium that represents almost all of the written languages of the world. The Unicode standard [UNICODE5.0.0/2007] provides three forms (UTF-8, UTF-16, and UTF-32) and seven schemes (UTF-8, UTF-16, UTF-16 BE, UTF-16 LE, UTF-32, UTF-32 LE, and UTF-32 BE).
- **unit of work**: A set of individual operations that MSMQ must successfully complete before any of the individual MSMQ operations can be considered complete.
- **UTC (Coordinated Universal Time)**: A high-precision atomic time standard that approximately tracks Universal Time (UT). It is the basis for legal, civil time all over the Earth. Time zones around the world are expressed as positive and negative offsets from UTC. In this role, it is also referred to as Zulu time (Z) and Greenwich Mean Time (GMT). In these specifications, all references to UTC refer to the time at UTC-0 (or GMT).
- **XML digital signature**: When authentication is requested for an HTTP message or a multicast message, which is also sent in SRMP, it is automatically signed using an XML digital signature. The signature value is calculated by using the SHA-1, SHA-256, or SHA-512 algorithms, encrypting the hash with the public key in the certificate attached to the message, and converting the result to base64 encoding. The SHA-1 algorithm is not supported by Windows NT operating system and Windows 2000 operating system. The SHA-256 and SHA-512 algorithms are not supported by Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP operating system, and Windows Server 2003 operating system.
- MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

1.2.1 (Updated Section) Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[FIPS180-2] National Institute of Standards and Technology, "Secure Hash Standard", FIPS PUB 180-2, August 2002, http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips180-2/fips180-2.pdf

[FIPS186] FIPS PUBS, "Digital Signature Standard (DSS)", FIPS PUB 186-3, June 2009, https://csrc.nist.gov/csrc/media/publications/fips/186/3/archive/2009-06-25/documents/fips_186-3.pdf

[FIPS197] FIPS PUBS, "Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)", FIPS PUB 197, November 2001, https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.197.pdf

[FIPS46-3] FIPS PUBS, "Data Encryption Standard (DES)", FIPS PUB 46-3, October 1999, https://csrc.nist.gov/csrc/media/publications/fips/46/3/archive/1999-10-25/documents/fips46-3.pdf

[MC-MQSRM] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): SOAP Reliable Messaging Protocol (SRMP)".

[MS-ADA3] Microsoft Corporation, "Active Directory Schema Attributes N-Z".

[MS-ADTS] Microsoft Corporation, "Active Directory Technical Specification".

[MS-DTCO] Microsoft Corporation, "MSDTC Connection Manager: OleTx Transaction Protocol".

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-ERREF] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Error Codes".

[MS-LSAD] Microsoft Corporation, "Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) Remote Protocol".

[MS-MQCN] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Change Notification Protocol".

[MS-MQDSSM] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Schema Mapping".

[MS-MQDS] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol".

[MS-MQMQ] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Data Structures".

[MS-MQSD] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Discovery Protocol".

[MS-SAMR] Microsoft Corporation, "Security Account Manager (SAM) Remote Protocol (Client-to-Server)".

[PKCS1] RSA Laboratories, "PKCS #1: RSA Cryptography Standard", PKCS #1, Version 2.1, June 2002, http://www.emc.com/emc-plus/rsa-labs/standards-initiatives/pkcs-rsa-cryptography-standard.htm

[RFC1035] Mockapetris, P., "Domain Names - Implementation and Specification", STD 13, RFC 1035, November 1987, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1035.txt

[RFC1319] Kaliski, B., "The MD2 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1319, April 1992, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc1319.txt

[RFC1320] Rivest, R., "The MD4 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1320, April 1992, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/1320.txt

[RFC1321] Rivest, R., "The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm", RFC 1321, April 1992, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt

[RFC2268] Rivest, R., "A Description of the RC2(r) Encryption Algorithm", RFC 2268, March 1998, http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2268.txt

[RFC3110] Eastlake III, D., "RSA/SHA-1 SIGs and RSA KEYs in the Domain Name System (DNS)", RFC 3110, May 2001, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3110.txt

[RFC3280] Housley, R., Polk, W., Ford, W., and Solo, D., "Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile", RFC 3280, April 2002, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3280.txt

[RFC3447] Jonsson, J. and Kaliski, B., "Public-Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) #1: RSA Cryptography Specifications Version 2.1", RFC 3447, February 2003, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3447.txt

[RFC4757] Jaganathan, K., Zhu, L., and Brezak, J., "The RC4-HMAC Kerberos Encryption Types Used by Microsoft Windows", RFC 4757, December 2006, http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4757.txt

[RFC8017] Moriarty, K., Ed., Kaliski, B., Jonsson, J., and Rusch, A., "PKCS #1: RSA Cryptography Specifications Version 2.2", November 2016, https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8017.txt

[SEAL-SPRINGER] Rogaway, P., and Coppersmith, D., "A Software-Optimized Encryption Algorithm", Journal of Cryptography, Springer New York, https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007%2F3-540-58108-1_8.pdf

[UML] Object Management Group, "Unified Modeling Language", http://www.omg.org/spec/UML/

1.2.2 Informative References

[CRYPTO] Menezes, A., Vanstone, S., and Oorschot, P., "Handbook of Applied Cryptography", 1997, http://www.cacr.math.uwaterloo.ca/hac/

[MS-MQQB] Microsoft Corporation, "Message Queuing (MSMQ): Message Queuing Binary Protocol".

[X9.31] IHS, "Digital Signatures Using Reversible Public Key Cryptography for the Financial Services Industry (rDSA)", January 1998,

 $https://global.ihs.com/search_res.cfm?\&rid=Z06\&mid=Standards\&input_doc_number=X9\%2E31\&input_doc_title$

Note There is a charge to download the specification.

1.3 Overview

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules describes the shared data models and state for a queue manager that can be accessed by all MSMQ protocol implementations that are co-resident on the queue manager.

This protocol specification also describes common processing rules for accessing abstract data model (ADM) elements in the shared abstract data model that need to be followed by an alternate message queuing system.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

All MSMQ protocol implementations that are co-located on a queue manager have access to the shared state defined by the abstract data model in this specification.

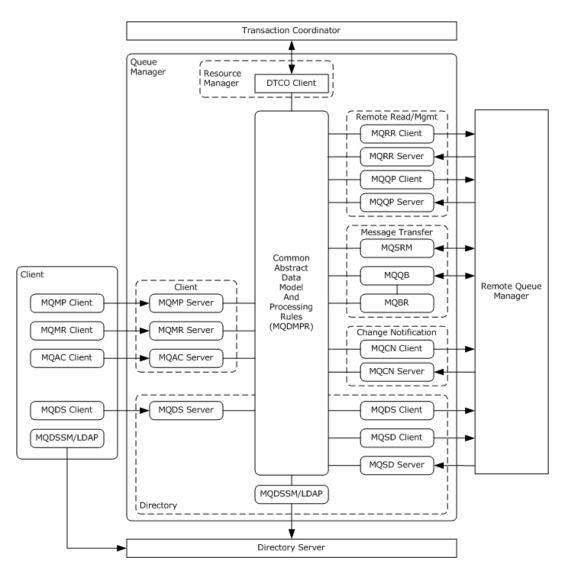


Figure 1: Relationships between MSMQ protocols and the shared abstract data model defined in this specification

In addition, these protocol implementations can generate the internal events specified in section 3.1.7. This protocol defines the actions that the queue manager performs on the shared state to process these internal events.

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

None.

1.6 Applicability Statement

The Message Queuing (MSMQ): Common Data Model and Processing Rules specification is applicable when an MSMQ protocol implementation requires access to the shared queue manager state.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

Release: June 25, 2021

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol uses HRESULT values as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.1. Vendors can define their own HRESULT values, provided that they set the C bit (0x20000000) for each vendor-defined value, indicating that the value is a customer code.

This protocol uses Win32 error codes as defined in [MS-ERREF] section 2.2. Vendors SHOULD reuse those values with their indicated meanings. Choosing any other value runs the risk of a collision in the future.

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

2 Messages

This document references commonly used data types as defined in [MS-DTYP].

Unless otherwise qualified, instances of **GUID** in sections 2 and 3 refer to [MS-DTYP] section 2.3.4.

Unless otherwise qualified, instances of SID in sections 2 and 3 refer to [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.

2.1 Transport

None.

2.2 Message Syntax

None.

2.3 Directory Service Schema Elements

MSMQ protocols access a directory via events as specified in section 3.1.7.1. The Directory Service schema elements for objects accessed via these events are defined in [MS-MQDSSM] section 2.4. <1>

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Common Details

Multiple MSMQ protocol implementations that are co-located on the same queue manager can share state variables and interact with common state machines. They can communicate with each other through a set of well-defined internal events. Some protocols communicate with other protocols through this shared state.

This section describes an abstract data model for the shared state that is maintained in a queue manager implementation and the internal events that are used by MSMQ protocols to communicate with each other.

Any protocol-specific ADM elements are represented as extensions of this common data model in their respective protocol documents.

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

This section describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that a queue manager implementation maintains to participate in the MSMQ protocols. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the related protocols behave. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with the behavior that is described in the protocol documents.

The following UML static class diagram (see [UML]) shows the ADM elements and their relationships. This is followed by a high-level description of these ADM elements.

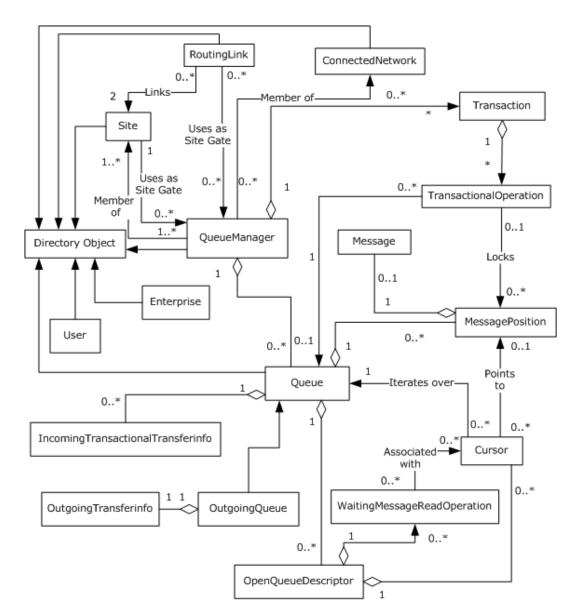


Figure 2: UML static class diagram for the queue manager abstract data model

DirectoryObject: An ADM element that is used as a base class for ADM elements that can be published in a directory.

The following ADM elements subclass the **DirectoryObject** ADM element:

- QueueManager: Represents the attributes and relationships of a queue manager in the Message Queuing system.
- Queue: Represents a single queue that is hosted by the queue manager. The following ADM element subclasses the Queue ADM element.
 - **Outgoing Queue**: A subtype of a **Queue** that is used to store messages while they are in transit to a queue on a remote queue manager.
- **Enterprise**: Represents the attributes and relationships of an enterprise.
- **Site**: Represents the attributes and relationships of an MSMQ site in an enterprise.

- RoutingLink: A relationship between two MSMQ sites.
- ConnectedNetwork: Represents the attributes and relationships of a connected network in an Enterprise.
- **User**: Associates the security identifier (SID) of a user with a set of certificates for that user.

MessagePosition: Represents a position in a queue that can contain a message.

Message: The data that is stored in a queue and is exchanged between two queue managers.

OutgoingTransferInfo: Contains information about message transfer from an outgoing queue on a local queue manager and the destination queue on a remote queue manager.

IncomingTransactionalTransferInfo: Contains information about transactional message transfer from a remote queue manager to a destination queue that is hosted on the local queue manager.

Cursor: An iterator over the messages contained within a queue. The abstract data model and processing rules for a Cursor ADM element are specified in section 3.2.

Transaction: Defines the unit of work for queuing operations that send, receive or move messages to queues.

TransactionalOperation: Associates an action with a **MessagePosition** that is part of a larger unit of work.

OpenQueueDescriptor: Contains information about a queue that has been opened for message operations by one of the MSMQ protocols.

WaitingMessageReadOperation: Contains information about outstanding message read requests.

The remaining subsections describe details of these ADM elements, with the exception of the **DirectoryObject** ADM element, which is described fully in this section. In addition, the enumeration types used in these attributes are described in section 3.1.1.17.

In the subsequent subsections, if the attributes of these ADM elements are categorized as **Persistent** or **Directory** attributes, they MUST conform to the following requirements.

Persistent attribute: Requires that the ADM element or attribute value MUST survive across queue manager shut down and restart cycles.

Directory attribute: Requires that the ADM element or attribute value MUST survive across queue manager shut down and restart cycles. In addition, this type of attribute can be published in or retrieved from the directory through the directory access events defined in sections 3.1.7.1.18 through 3.1.7.1.24.

Any attributes listed in subsequent sections that are not specified as **Persistent** or **Directory** attributes MUST be treated as volatile attributes that do not survive across queue manager shut down and restart cycles.

The **DirectoryObject** ADM element contains the following directory attribute, which is inherited by all of its subclasses:

Identifier: A GUID that uniquely identifies a **DirectorObject** ADM element instance. This identifier MUST NOT change over the lifetime of the **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance.

The queue manager MUST maintain **LocalQueueManager**, an instance of a QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element. The **LocalQueueManager** ADM element instance MUST be accessible to all MSMQ protocol implementations that are co-located on the queue manager.

3.1.1.1 QueueManager

The **QueueManager** ADM element describes the attributes and relationships of an MSMQ queue manager.

This ADM element extends the **DirectoryObject** ADM element. It contains the following **directory** ADM attributes:

ComputerName: The NetBIOS name of the computer.

QueueManagerVersion: A string that MAY<2> represent the version of the MSMQ system.

OperatingSystemVersion: A string representing the version of the operating system of the computer that hosts the queue manager.

OperatingSystemType: An enumeration that specifies the type of the operating system of the computer that hosts the queue manager. This enumeration MUST be one of the following:

- Foreign: Not a Windows operating system.
- Win95: The operating system is Windows 95 operating system.
- WinClient: The operating system is a Windows Client operating system.
- **WinServer**: The operating system is a non-Enterprise Edition of applicable Windows Server releases.
- WinEnt: The operating system is an Enterprise Edition of applicable Windows Server releases.
- **Other**: The operating system is not defined in this list.

QualifiedComputerName: The fully-qualified name of the computer.

CreateTime: An integer value representing the time at which the **QueueManager** ADM element instance was first created. The time is represented as the number of seconds elapsed since midnight (00:00:00), January 1, 1970 UTC.

ModifyTime: An integer value representing the time at which the ADM attributes of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance were last modified in the directory. The time is represented as the number of seconds elapsed since midnight (00:00:00), January 1, 1970 UTC.

QueueManagerQuota: The storage space, in bytes, allocated to all queues hosted by the queue manager. The default value for this ADM attribute SHOULD be 0x00100000.<3>

JournalQuota: The system-wide storage space, in kilobytes, allocated to the journal storage for queues hosted by the queue manager. The default value for this ADM attribute is 0xFFFFFFFF.

ForeignSystem: A Boolean value indicating whether the queue manager is actually a foreign system that services foreign queues.

- **True**: If the queue manager is a foreign system.
- False: If the queue manager is not a foreign system. This is the default value.

FullPath: A distinguished name (DN) that can be used to look up this **QueueManager** ADM element instance in a directory. When a **QueueManager** ADM element instance is created in the directory, this value is set by the directory server.

SiteIdentifierList: A list that contains the **Identifier** ADM attribute values for all Site (section 3.1.1.7) ADM element instances for all MSMQ sites to which the queue manager belongs. The default value is an empty list.

- **ConnectedNetworkIdentifierList:** <4>A list that contains the **Identifier** ADM attribute values of all ConnectedNetwork (section 3.1.1.9) ADM element instances representing all connected networks to which the queue manager belongs. The default value SHOULD be an empty list.<5>
- **OutRoutingServerIdentifierList:** A list that contains the **Identifier** ADM attribute values of all **QueueManager** ADM element instances representing all MSMQ routing servers in the enterprise that will be used as intermediaries for outgoing messages from this queue manager. The default value is an empty list.
- **InRoutingServerIdentifierList:** A list that contains the **Identifier** ADM attribute values of all **QueueManager** ADM element instances representing all MSMQ routing servers that will be used as intermediaries for incoming messages to a queue manager. The default value is an empty list.

DirectoryServer: A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager provides directory service.

- **True**: If the queue manager provides directory service.
- **False**: If the queue manager does not provide directory service.

RemoteAccessServer: A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager is configured as a Remote Access Service (RAS) server.

- True: If the queue manager is configured as a Remote Access Service (RAS) server.
- False: If the queue manager is not configured as a Remote Access Service (RAS) server.
 This is the default value.

RoutingServer: A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager is configured as an MSMQ routing server.

- **True**: If the queue manager is configured as an MSMQ routing server.
- False: If the queue manager is not configured as an MSMQ routing server.

SupportingServer: A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager is configured as an MSMQ supporting server.

- True: If the queue manager is configured as an MSMQ supporting server.
- **False**: If the queue manager is not configured as an MSMQ supporting server. This SHOULD be the default value.<6>

DirectoryServerType: An enumeration that specifies the type of directory service provided by the queue manager. This value is undefined and MUST not be used if the **DirectoryServer** ADM attribute is set to **False**. This enumeration MUST be one of the following:

- **Standalone**: The gueue manager provides directory service.
- **BackupSiteController**: The queue manager provides directory service as the Backup Site Controller (BSC) for the site.
- **PrimarySiteController**: The queue manager provides directory service as the Primary Site Controller (PSC) for the site.
- **PrimaryEnterpriseController**: The queue manager provides directory service as the Primary Enterprise Controller (PEC) for an MSMQ enterprise.

- **PublicEncryptionKeyList:** An **MQDSPUBLICKEYS** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.2) structure that contains the public keys used for encryption by the queue manager. When a queue manager is provisioned, the list is empty.
- **PublicSigningKeyList:** An **MQDSPUBLICKEYS** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.2) structure that contains the public keys used for signing by the queue manager. When a queue manager is provisioned, the list is empty.
- **Security:** The security descriptor of the queue manager. The ACEs ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) for this security descriptor MUST use the **ACCESS_MASK** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3) values as listed in the **MQQMACCESSMASK** enumeration ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.23).

Clustered: A Boolean that specifies whether the queue manager is part of a cluster.

- True: If the queue manager is part of a cluster.
- False: If the queue manager is not part of a cluster.

The following ADM attributes cannot be published in the directory:

MachineDomainId: A GUID that identifies the domain to which the machine belongs.

- **LastDomain:** A cached value of the **MachineDomainId** ADM attribute during the last time when the queue manager was initialized. An empty value indicates that the machine was not joined to a domain. It is set to empty when the queue manager is provisioned. This is a persistent ADM attribute.
- **DirectoryServerList:** A list of NetBIOS computer names that refer to the directory servers that the queue manager can use to access the directory. This is a persistent ADM attribute. The default value is an empty list.
- **DirectoryIntegrated:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager is integrated with a directory service. This is a persistent ADM attribute.
 - True: If the queue manager is integrated with a directory service.
 - **False**: If the queue manager is not integrated with a directory service.
- **SrmpHttpSupport:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager supports HTTP-based SRMP message transfer. This is a persistent ADM attribute.
 - **True**: If the queue manager supports HTTP-based SRMP message transfer.
 - False: If the queue manager does not support HTTP-based SRMP message transfer.
- **SrmpPgmSupport:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager supports PGM-based SRMP message transfer. This is a persistent ADM attribute.
 - **True**: If the queue manager supports PGM-based SRMP message transfer.
 - False: If the queue manager does not support PGM-based SRMP message transfer.
- **DirectoryOffline:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager is running in a constrained mode with no access to the directory. This MUST be False if **DirectoryIntegrated** is False:
 - **True**: If the queue manager is running in a constrained mode with no access to the directory.
 - **False**: If the queue manager is not running in a constrained mode and is able to access the directory.

Throttled: A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager is running in a throttled state:

- True: If the queue manager is running in a throttled state.
- **False**: If the queue manager is not running in a throttled state.

ConnectionActive: A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager is connected and available for receiving messages from remote queue managers:

- True: If the gueue manager is connected.
- False: If the queue manager is not connected.

HardenedSecurity: A Boolean that indicates whether the queue manager is running in a special constrained mode that prevents it from responding to RPC requests and performing message transfer over non-HTTP protocols. This is a persistent ADM attribute.<7>

- **True**: If the queue manager is operating in hardened mode.
- False: If the gueue manager is not operating in hardened mode. This is the default value.

QueueManagerState: An enumeration that specifies the state of the queue manager. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values:

- **Stopped**: The initial state of the queue manager. In this state, the queue manager does not perform any of its functions.
- **Initializing**: The state in which the queue manager performs internal initialization.
- Ready: The fully functional state of the queue manager in which it provides all functionalities as configured.
- **Stopping**: A transient state in which the queue manager performs shutdown of the protocols and prepares to move to the **Stopped** state.

SystemDeadletterQueue: A reference to a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance that represents the system dead-letter queue.

SystemTransactionalDeadletterQueue: A reference to a **Queue** ADM element instance that represents the system transactional dead-letter queue.

SystemJournalQueue: A reference to a **Queue** ADM element instance that represents the system queue journal.

QueueCollection: A collection of references to instances of **Queue** ADM elements for queues that belong to a queue manager.

SiteCollection: A collection of reference to instances of **Site** ADM elements for MSMQ sites to which the queue manager belongs. For each **Site** ADM element instance in this collection, the value of its **Identifier** ADM attribute MUST exist in the **SiteIdentifierList** ADM attribute.

ConnectedNetworkCollection: <8>A collection of references to instances of the ConnectedNetwork ADM elements for the connected networks to which the queue manager belongs. For each identifier in the ConnectedNetworkIdentifierList ADM element, a ConnectedNetwork ADM element instance with the same identifier value MUST exist in the collection.

TransactionCollection: A collection of references to instances of Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM elements that are associated with transactions in which the queue manager is enlisted. This is a persistent ADM attribute.

- **OutRoutingServerCollection:** A collection of references to instances of **QueueManager** ADM elements that are to be used as intermediaries for outgoing messages from this queue manager. For each **QueueManager** ADM element instance in this collection, the value of its **Identifier** ADM attribute MUST exist in the **OutRoutingServerIdentifierList** ADM attribute.
- **InRoutingServerCollection:** A collection of references to instances of **QueueManager** ADM elements that are to be used as intermediaries for incoming messages to this queue manager. For each **QueueManager** ADM element instance in this collection, the value of its **Identifier** ADM attribute MUST exist in the **InRoutingServerIdentifierList** ADM attribute.
- **EnterpriseReference:** A collection of references to instances of an Enterprise (section 3.1.1.6) ADM element that represents the enterprise to which the gueue manager belongs.
- **InitializationRetryTimerDuration:** An integer value that specifies the number of seconds that the Initialization Retry Timer ([MS-MQSO] section 6.4.4.1) runs the next time that the Initialization Retry Timer is started. The value of the **InitializationRetryTimerDuration** ADM attribute is initialized to 120 at provisioning time and MUST survive across queue manager shutdown and restart cycles.
- **SequentialID:** A 64-bit unsigned integer value. The value is incremented by the Enqueue Message (section 3.1.7.1.9) event. This is a persistent ADM attribute.
- **DispatchCollection:** A collection of DispatchEntry (section 3.1.1.18) ADM element instances.
- InternalCertificateCollection: A collection of InternalCertificate (section 3.1.1.19) ADM element instances. Each User (section 3.1.1.15) ADM element instance referenced by the User ADM attribute of a member InternalCertificate ADM element instance has at most one certificate in the InternalCertificateCollection ADM attribute.

3.1.1.2 Queue

The **Queue** ADM element describes the attributes of a queue that is hosted by a queue manager. This ADM element extends the **DirectoryObject** ADM element.

If the **Queue** ADM element instance represents a public queue, then the queue manager MUST treat the following attributes as **directory** attributes; otherwise, the queue manager MUST treat these as **persistent** attributes.

- **Label:** A descriptive label for the **Queue** ADM element instance.
- **CreateTime:** An integer value representing the time at which the **Queue** ADM element instance was created. The time is represented as the number of seconds elapsed since midnight (00:00:00), January 1, 1970 UTC.
- **ModifyTime:** An integer value representing the time at which the attributes of the **Queue** ADM element instance were last modified. The time is represented as the number of seconds elapsed since midnight (00:00:00), January 1, 1970 UTC.
- **Type:** An application-specific GUID that message queuing applications can use to specify the type of service that the queue provides. The queue manager MUST NOT interpret or process this value.
- **Pathname:** A string that specifies the name of the computer that hosts the queue manager and the name of the queue. The format of the **Pathname** ADM attribute is specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1.
- **QualifiedPathname:** A string with the same format as the **Pathname** ADM attribute. The computer name in the **QualifiedPathname** ADM attribute MUST be an FODN.

PrivateQueueNumber: An integer value that uniquely identifies a private queue hosted by a queue manager. This ADM attribute is valid only when the **QueueType** ADM attribute value is **Private**.

Journaling: A Boolean that specifies whether journaling is enabled for the queue.

- **True**: If journaling is enabled.
- False: If journaling is disabled.

Quota: The physical disk quota, in kilobytes, allocated for messages in the queue.

JournalQuota: The storage space, in kilobytes, allocated to the journal storage for the queue.

Authentication: A Boolean that indicates whether the queue accepts only authenticated messages.

- True: If the queue accepts only authenticated messages.
- False: If the queue can accept unauthenticated messages.

PrivacyLevel: An enumeration that specifies the encryption requirements for messages that are placed in the queue. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values:

- None: The queue accepts only messages that are not encrypted during the message transfer process.
- Optional: The queue accepts all messages, regardless of their encryption during the message transfer process.
- Body: The queue accepts only messages that are encrypted during the message transfer process.

Transactional: A Boolean that specifies whether the queue is transactional.

- True: If the queue is transactional.
- False: If the queue is non-transactional.

MulticastAddress: Contains the IP multicast address associated with the queue or NULL if no IP multicast address is associated.

Security: Contains the security descriptor of the queue. The ACEs ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) for this security descriptor MUST use the **ACCESS_MASK** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3) values as listed in the **MQQUEUEACCESSMASK** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.24) enumeration.

BasePriority: The default priority assigned to the queue.

FullPath: A distinguished name (DN) that can be used to lookup this **Queue** ADM element instance in the directory.

DirectoryPath: The directory-specific path for looking up the **Queue** ADM element instance in the directory.

Scope: An enumeration that specifies the scope of the queue. This attribute SHOULD have a constant value of **Enterprise** and SHOULD NOT be treated as a directory attribute.<9> This enumeration MUST have one of the following values:

- **Site**: The queue is discoverable in the site to which the hosting queue manager belongs.
- **Enterprise**: The queue is discoverable in the MSMQ enterprise.

The following attributes cannot be published in the directory:

Active: A Boolean that specifies whether the queue is currently active. This is a computed attribute that MUST be based on the following.

- **True** if either one of the following is true:
- 1. The queue is an outgoing queue, and there is at least one message awaiting transfer from the queue.
- 2. The **OpenQueueDescriptorCollection** ADM attribute of the **Queue** ADM element instance is not empty.
- False if both of the preceding are not true.

TotalBytes: The storage space, in bytes, consumed by all the messages in a queue.

QueueManager: A reference to the instance of the QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element that hosts this queue.

QueueType: An enumeration that specifies the type of the queue. This is a persistent attribute. It MUST contain one of the following values:

- Private: The queue directory attributes are not published in the directory.
- Public: The queue directory attributes are published in the directory.
- **System**: The queue is created by the queue manager on initialization. System queues can be used for system operation and journaling messages. The directory attributes for system queues are not published in the directory.
- **Connector**: The queue is a connector queue.

JournalQueueReference: A reference to the queue journal for this queue.

SubqueueCollection: A collection of **Queue** ADM element instances that represent the subqueues of this queue.

IncomingTransactionalTransferInfoCollection: A collection of

IncomingTransactionalTransferInfo (section 3.1.1.5) ADM element instances that contain information about all transactional message transfers from remote queue managers to this queue.

MessagePositionList: An ordered linked-list of MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instances. The entries in the list MUST be arranged in ascending order by arrival time within priority. Within the **MessagePositionList** ADM attribute, the following special locations are defined:

- Head: A reference that indicates the first entry in the list. If the list is empty, Head MUST equal End.
- Tail: A reference that indicates the last entry in the list.
- **Start:** A reserved entry that is not linked to the list by its Next reference. This special entry is referenced by new cursors that have not been used.
- End: A reserved entry that is referenced by cursors that have advanced past the Tail.

OpenQueueDescriptorCollection: A collection of OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instances.

3.1.1.3 OutgoingQueue

The **OutgoingQueue** ADM element describes the attributes of an outgoing queue and extends the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element.

This ADM element contains the following attributes that cannot be published in the directory:

DestinationFormatName: A format name that identifies the destination queue. This is a persistent attribute.

NextHops: A collection of strings that indicate the possible addresses for routing messages to the destination queue manager. The address string formats are defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.

Multicast: A Boolean that indicates whether the outgoing queue contains messages sent to an IP multicast address. This is a persistent attribute.

- **True**: If the queue contains messages sent to an IP multicast address.
- False: If the queue does not contain messages sent to an IP multicast address.

OutgoingTransferInfoReference: A reference to an OutgoingTransferInfo (section 3.1.1.4) ADM element instance that contains information about the message transfer from a queue.

State: An enumeration that specifies the state of the outgoing queue. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values:

- **Connected**: Indicates that the local queue manager is connected to the destination queue manager and that message transfer is occurring over one of the message transfer protocols.
- **Disconnected**: Indicates that the local queue manager is not connected to the destination queue manager and that message transfer is not taking place.
- **Disconnecting**: Indicates that the local queue manager is in the process of shutting down the message transfer protocol with the remote queue manager.
- **Inactive**: Indicates that the local queue manager is not trying to connect to the destination queue manager.
- Locked: Indicates that the HardenedSecurity ADM attribute of the QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance is set to True and that the DestinationFormatName ADM attribute specifies a non-HTTP format name. In hardened security mode, all queues that contain outgoing messages that are to be transmitted over non-HTTP protocols are locked.
- **NeedValidation**: Indicates that the queue manager needs to resolve the address of the destination queue manager using the directory.
- **Waiting**: Indicates that the queue manager is attempting to connect to the remote queue manager.
- **OnHold**: Indicates that message transfer out of this queue is paused.

ConnectionHistory: An array of structures, each of which contains the following members:

- **Status**: An enumeration that describes the result of the last connection attempt to the destination queue manager. This MUST have one of the following values:
 - InProcess: A connection is in the process of establishment; no failures have occurred.
 - **EstablishPacketReceived**: A connection establishment packet has been received.

- **Established**: A connection has been successfully established and is ready to send a message.
- UnknownFailure: Connection failed, and the reason for failure cannot be determined.
- **PingFailure**: Failed to ping the remote queue manager.
- SocketCreateFailure: Failure during socket creation.
- SocketBindFailure: Failure during socket binding.
- SocketConnectFailure: Failure during socket connect.
- TcpNotEnabled: TCP is not enabled on the system.
- SocketSendFailure: Send operation failed on a socket.
- **ConnectionNotReady**: Send operation failed because connection is not ready.
- DnsFailure: Domain Name Service (DNS) failure.
- CertificateValidationFailure: Could not validate server certificate.
- ConnectionLimitReached: Connection limit reached; cannot establish new session to a specific destination.
- ConnectionRefused: Connection refused by other side.
- RoutingDataNotAvailable: Routing data cannot be fetched because a directory is not available.
- LowResource: Failure due to low resource conditions.
- ConnectionHistoryTime: The time at which the state in the ConnectionHistory ADM attribute was recorded, represented as the number of seconds elapsed since midnight (00:00:00), Jan 1, 1970 UTC.
- **Error**: The HRESULT value indicating the error, or zero if no error occurred.
- AddressList: An address or a list of possible addresses for routing messages to the destination queue in the next hop.

3.1.1.4 OutgoingTransferInfo

The **OutgoingTransferInfo** ADM element contains information about message transfer from an outgoing queue on a local queue manager and the destination queue on a remote queue manager.

This ADM element contains the following attributes that cannot be published in the directory:

OutgoingQueueReference: A reference to the OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance for which this ADM element provides information.

EodFirstNonAck: A **SEQUENCE_INFO** structure ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.5) that contains sequence information about the first message sent from the local queue manager to the destination queue manager for which no order acknowledgment has been received.

EodLastAck: A **SEQUENCE_INFO** structure that contains sequence information about the last message sent from the local queue manager to the destination queue manager for which an order acknowledgment has been received.

- **EodLastAckCount:** A numeric value that contains the number of times that the last order acknowledgment has been received from the destination queue manager.
- **EodLastAckTime:** A datetime value that contains the date and time when the last order acknowledgment for a message sent to the destination queue manager was received.
- **EodLastNonAck:** A **SEQUENCE_INFO** structure that contains sequence information about the last message sent from the local queue manager to the destination queue manager for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
- **EodNextSeq:** A **SEQUENCE_INFO** structure that contains sequence information about the next message to be sent from the local order acknowledgment to the destination order acknowledgment.
- **EodNoAckCount:** A numeric value that contains the number of messages sent to the destination gueue manager for which no order acknowledgment has been received.
- **EodNoReadCount:** A numeric value that contains the number of messages sent to the destination queue manager for which an order acknowledgment has been received but a receive acknowledgment message has not.
- **EodResendCount:** A numeric value that contains the number of times that the last message has been sent to the destination queue manager.
- **EodResendInterval:** A numeric value that contains the number of seconds that the local queue manager will wait for an order acknowledgment before resending the messages.
- **EodResendTime:** A datetime value that contains the date and time when the local queue manager will attempt to send a message to the destination queue manager again.

3.1.1.5 IncomingTransactionalTransferInfo

The **IncomingTransactionalTransferInfo** ADM element contains information about transactional message transfer from a remote queue manager to a destination queue that is hosted on the local queue manager.

This ADM element contains the following attributes that cannot be published in the directory:

- **QueueReference:** A reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance that represents the destination queue.
- **FormatName:** The format name that was used to identify the local queue on the remote queue manager.
- **SenderIdentifier:** The **Identifier** ADM attribute of the remote QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance representing the remote queue manager.
- **SequenceIdentifier:** The **TransactionalMessageSequenceIdentifier** ADM attribute of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance representing the last message that was sent by the remote queue manager to the local queue.
- **SequenceNumber:** The **SequenceNumber** ADM attribute of the **Message** ADM element instance representing the last message that was sent by the remote queue manager to the local queue.
- **LastAccessTime:** A datetime value that contains the date and time when the last message sent by the remote queue manager was accepted or rejected.
- **RejectCount:** A numeric value that contains the number of times that the last message sent by the remote queue manager was rejected before finally being accepted and placed in the local queue.

3.1.1.6 Enterprise

The **Enterprise** ADM element describes the attributes of an enterprise.

This ADM element extends the **DirectoryObject** ADM element. It contains the following directory attributes:

Name: A user-defined name for the enterprise.

WeakenedSecurity: A Boolean that specifies whether weakened security is enabled for the enterprise by default. If weakened security is enabled, the queue managers in the enterprise use their own security contexts to access the directory service instead of the message queuing application credentials.

- True: Indicates that weakened security is enabled.
- False: Indicates that weakened security is disabled.

NonLDAPCapableQueueManagerNotification: A Boolean that specifies whether remote non-LDAP Capable Queue Managers will be notified by the protocol specified by [MS-MQCN] about changes to any associated directory objects.

- **True**: Indicates that change notification to remote non-LDAP Capable Queue Managers is enabled.
- False: Indicates that change notification to remote non-LDAP Capable Queue Managers is disabled.

DefaultTimeToLive: Specifies the default time, in seconds, that a message has to reach a queue during a message transfer operation.

OldDirectory: A Boolean that specifies if the directory service running in the enterprise is based on MSMQ 1.0.

- True: If the directory service is based on MSMQ 1.0.
- **False**: If the directory service is not based on MSMQ 1.0.

Security: Contains the security descriptor of the enterprise. The ACEs ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) for this security descriptor MUST use the **ACCESS_MASK** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3) values listed in the **MQENTACCESSMASK** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.26) enumeration.

3.1.1.7 Site

The **Site** ADM element describes the attributes of an MSMQ site.

This ADM element extends the **DirectoryObject** ADM element. It contains the following directory attributes:

Name: Specifies the name of the site. This name MUST be unique for all the sites that belong to the same enterprise.

PrimarySiteController: Specifies the NetBIOS name of the computer that acts as the Primary Site Controller (PSC) for this site.

IntraSiteReplicationInterval: The default replication time within a site in seconds.

InterSiteReplicationInterval: The default replication time between sites in seconds.

FullPath: A Distinguished Name (DN) that can be used to lookup this site object in the directory.

ForeignSite: A Boolean indicating whether the site is a foreign site.

- True: Indicates that the site is a foreign site.
- False: Indicates that the site is not a foreign site.
- **PublicSigningKeyList:** An **MQDSPUBLICKEYS** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.2) structure that contains the public keys used for signing by the Primary Site Controller (PSC) of a site.
- **MigratedFromMsmq10:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the site was migrated from MSMO version 1.0.
- **True**: The site was migrated from MSMQ version 1.0.
- False: The site was never an MSMQ version 1.0 site.
- **Security:** Contains the security descriptor of the site. The ACEs ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) for this security descriptor MUST use the **ACCESS_MASK** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3) values listed in the **MQSITEACCESSMASK** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.25) enumeration.

This ADM element contains the following attributes that cannot be published in the directory:

SiteGateCollection: A collection of QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instances that act as MSMQ site gates for this site.

3.1.1.8 RoutingLink

The RoutingLink ADM element describes the attributes of an MSMQ routing link.

This ADM element extends the **DirectoryObject** ADM element. It contains the following directory attributes:

Description: Specifies the description of the routing link.

FullPath: A Distinguished Name (DN) that can be used to look up this **RoutingLink** ADM element instance in the directory.

ActualCost: A numeric value that represents the cost of this routing link. This value can reflect the speed or the monetary cost of the underlying physical communication link. The value MUST be in the range from 1 to 999,999 inclusive.

Site1Identifier: Contains the value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute of the first of the two **Site** ADM element instances that are linked by this routing link.

Site2Identifier: Contains the value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute of the second of the two **Site** ADM element instances that are linked by this routing link.

SiteGateIdentifierList: A list that contains the **Identifier** ADM attribute values of all QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instances for all queue managers that act as MSMQ site gates for the sites linked by this routing link.

This ADM element contains the following ADM attributes that cannot be published in the directory:

Site1Reference: A reference to a **Site** ADM element instance that represents the first of the two sites that are linked by this routing link. The value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute for this **Site** ADM element instance MUST match the **Site1Identifier** ADM attribute.

Site2Reference: A reference to a **Site** ADM element instance that represents the second of the two sites that are linked by this routing link. The value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute for this **Site** ADM element instance MUST match the **Site2Identifier** ADM attribute.

SiteGateCollection: A collection of **QueueManager** ADM element instances that act as MSMQ site gates for the sites linked by this routing link. For each **QueueManager** ADM element instance in this collection, the value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute MUST exist in the **SiteGateIdentifierList** ADM attribute.

3.1.1.9 ConnectedNetwork

The **ConnectedNetwork** ADM element describes the attributes of a connected network.

This ADM element extends the **DirectoryObject** ADM element. It contains the following directory attributes:

Name: Specifies the name of the connected network.

Security: Contains the security descriptor of the connected network. The ACEs ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4) for this security descriptor MUST use the **ACCESS_MASK** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.3) values listed in the **MQCNACCESSMASK** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.27) enumeration.

3.1.1.10 WaitingMessageReadOperation

The **WaitingMessageReadOperation** ADM element contains information about a subscriber to the Waiting Message Read Satisfied (section 3.1.7.3.6) event. This ADM element MUST contain the following ADM attributes:

DestructiveRead: A Boolean value that indicates whether the subscriber will destructively consume the message that becomes available.

- **True**: Indicates that the subscriber will destructively consume the message that becomes available.
- False: Indicates that the subscriber will peek the message that becomes available.

Tag: (Optional) An identifier that uniquely identifies the subscriber of the Waiting Message Read Satisfied event.

CursorReference: A reference to the Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance that is associated with the read operation. This ADM attribute MUST be NULL if no cursor is associated with the read operation.

3.1.1.11 MessagePosition

A **MessagePosition** ADM element represents a slot in a queue where a message can be stored. This ADM element MUST contain the following ADM attributes:

State: An enumeration that MUST contain one of the following values:

- Available: The referenced Message ADM element instance is available for receive operations.
- Locked: The referenced Message ADM element instance either has been received within a transaction that has not committed or has been read by a remote application and has not yet been acknowledged.
- Deleted: The referenced Message ADM element instance has been deleted.
- PurgePending: The referenced Message ADM element instance was in a Locked state
 when a Purge Queue (section 3.1.7.1.7) event was generated for the Queue (section 3.1.1.2)
 ADM element instance.

MessageReference: A reference to a Message ADM element instance.

If the **DeliveryGuarantee** ADM attribute of the **Message** ADM element instance that is referenced by the **MessageReference** ADM attribute is set to **Recoverable**, the preceding ADM attributes of this ADM element MUST be treated as **Persistent**.

Next: A reference to the next MessagePosition ADM element instance in the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance referenced by the QueueReference ADM attribute, or the reserved End entry defined for the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance referenced by the QueueReference ADM attribute.

Previous: A reference to the previous MessagePosition ADM element instance in the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance referenced by the QueueReference ADM attribute, or the reserved Head entry defined for the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance referenced by the QueueReference ADM attribute.

QueueReference: A reference to the **Queue** ADM element instance that contains this **MessagePosition** ADM element instance.

A **MessagePosition** ADM element instance can be removed from the system when there is no **MessagePositionReference** ADM attribute of a **Message** ADM element instance or of a **TransactionalOperation** ADM element instance referencing the **MessagePosition** ADM element instance and no pending processing against the **MessagePosition** ADM element instance.

3.1.1.12 (Updated Section) Message

The **Message** ADM element describes the attributes of a message. This ADM element MUST contain the following ADM attributes:

LookupIdentifier: A 64-bit unsigned integer that both uniquely identifies and indicates the relative position of the message within the scope of the **MessagePositionList** ADM attribute of the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance.

Identifier: An **OBJECTID** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.8) that uniquely identifies the message in the scope of the entire message queuing system.

AllowPeekWhenLocked: A Boolean indicating whether the message is visible to peek operations even if the **State** ADM attribute of the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance referenced by the **MessagePositionReference** ADM attribute equals **Locked**. The default value of this ADM attribute is **False**.

- True: if the message is available for peek operations even if the State ADM attribute of the MessagePosition ADM element instance referenced by the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute equals Locked.
- False: if the message is not available for peek operations when the State ADM attribute of the MessagePosition ADM element instance referenced by the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute equals Locked.

ApplicationDeadletterQueue: A string that contains the path name for an application-specific dead-letter queue.<10> The format of the **Pathname** ADM attribute is specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1. If a valid path name is specified and delivery has failed for the message and the **NegativeJournalingRequested** ADM attribute of a **Message** ADM element instance is **True**, the queue manager SHOULD<11> store this message in the queue specified by this ADM attribute. The default value of this ADM attribute is an empty string.

ArrivalTime: The UTC date/time when this **Message** ADM element instance was added to the **MessagePositionList** ADM attribute of the **Queue** ADM element instance.

Class: An enumeration that specifies the message classification. This enumeration MUST have either one of the following values or a custom value set by the sending application to serve an application-specific purpose. The default value of this ADM attribute is **Normal**.

- Normal: The message originated from an application.
- Report: The message was generated by the route tracing feature of the message transfer
 process. Messages of this type are generated when messages represented by Message ADM
 element instances for which the TracingRequested ADM attribute is True arrive at queues
 along the route to the final destination.
- AckReachQueue: The message was generated as a result of a message arriving successfully at its destination queue.
- **OrderAck**: The message was generated as a result of a transactional message arriving successfully at its destination queue.
- AckReceive: The message was generated as a result of a message being retrieved successfully by a message queuing application.
- NackBadDestQueue: The message was generated to indicate that delivery of a message was canceled because the destination queue was unreachable.
- **NackPurged**: The message was generated to indicate that a message was deleted prior to being received by a message queuing application.
- NackReachQueueTimeout: The message was generated to indicate that the timer represented by the TimeToReachQueue ADM attribute of a Message ADM element instance expired before a message arrived at the destination queue.
- **NackQueueExceedQuota**: The message was generated to indicate that a message was not inserted into the destination gueue, because doing so would exceed the quota.
- NackAccessDenied: The message was generated to indicate that a message was not inserted into the destination queue, because the user identified by the SenderIdentifier ADM attribute of that Message ADM element instance did not have sufficient rights to insert that message.
- NackHopCountExceeded: The message was generated to indicate that delivery of a
 message was canceled because it exceeded the maximum number of allowed routing hops.
- **NackBadSignature**: The message was generated to indicate that a message was not inserted into the destination queue, because the digital signature accompanying that message was not validated successfully.
- NackBadEncryption: The message was generated to indicate that a message was not inserted into the destination queue, because that message could not be decrypted successfully.
- **NackCouldNotEncrypt**: The message was generated to indicate that a message was canceled prior to delivery, because that message could not be encrypted successfully.
- NackNotTransactionalQueue: The message was generated to indicate that a message was not inserted into the destination queue, because that message was sent as part of a transaction, but the Transactional ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance representing the destination queue was set to False.

- NackNotTransactionalMessage: The message was generated to indicate that a message
 was not inserted into the destination queue, because the message was not sent as part of a
 transaction, but the Transactional ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance
 representing the destination queue was set to True.
- NackUnsupportedCryptoProvider: The message was generated to indicate that a message
 was not inserted into the destination queue, because the destination queue manager does
 not support a cryptography library sufficient to decrypt that message or validate its
 signature.
- NackSourceComputerGuidChanged: The message was generated to indicate that delivery
 of a message was canceled because the Identifier ADM attribute of the
 QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance representing the queue manager
 that originated the message has changed.
- **NackQueueDeleted**: The message was generated to indicate that the destination queue was deleted before a message could be received by a message queuing application.
- **NackQueuePurged**: The message was generated to indicate that the destination queue was purged before a message could be received by a message queuing application.
- NackReceiveTimeout: The message was generated to indicate that the timer represented by the TimeToBeReceived ADM attribute of a Message ADM element instance representing the message expired before the message could be received from the destination queue by a message queuing application.
- NackReceiveTimeoutAtSender: The message was generated to indicate that the timer represented by the TimeToBeReceived ADM attribute of a Message ADM element instance representing the message expired before the message could be inserted into the destination queue.
- **NackReceiveRejected**: The message was generated to indicate that the message has been rejected by a receiving application.

PrivacyLevel: An enumeration that indicates the manner in which the message body is encrypted during the message transfer process. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values. The default value of this ADM attribute is **None**.

- **None**: The message MUST NOT be encrypted by the message transfer process.
- Base: During the message transfer process, the message body MUST be protected from observation by using 40-bit encryption.
- **Enhanced**: During the message transfer process, the message body MUST be protected from observation by using 128-bit encryption.
- **Advanced**: During the message transfer process, the message body MUST be protected from observation by using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES).

AuthenticationLevel: An enumeration that indicates the manner in which the message is cryptographically signed. This enumeration MUST have one the following values. The default value of this ADM attribute is **None**.

- **None**: The message MUST NOT be digitally signed for the message transfer process.
- **Sig10**: The message MUST be digitally signed for the message transfer process using the MSMQ 1.0 digital signature.
- **Sig20**: The message MUST be digitally signed for the message transfer process using the MSMQ 2.0 digital signature.

- **Sig30**: The message MUST be digitally signed for the message transfer process using the MSMQ 3.0 digital signature.
- **XmlSig**: The message MUST be digitally signed for the message transfer process using XML digital signatures. The following ADM attributes of the **Message** ADM element MUST be used to compute the digital signature:
- Body
- Extension

DeliveryGuarantee: An enumeration that indicates whether the message will be recoverable in the event of a service interruption in the message queuing system. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values. The default value of this ADM attribute is **Express**.

- **Express**: The message MAY be recovered in the event of a service interruption in the message queuing system.
- **Recoverable**: The message MUST be recovered in the event of service interruptions in the message queuing system.

TracingRequested: A Boolean value that indicates whether the route tracing feature of the message transfer process is enabled for the message. The default value of this ADM attribute is **False**.

- **True**: The message tracing feature of the message transfer process is enabled.
- **False**: The message tracing feature of the message transfer process is disabled.

TracingQueueIdentifier: Contains the value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute of a **Queue** ADM element instance representing the queue that stores trace messages. The default value of this ADM attribute is GUID_NULL.

Priority: A numeric value from zero (0) to seven (7) that is used as an input to determine the value of the **LookupIdentifier** ADM attribute. Zero (0) is the lowest priority, and seven (7) is the highest. The default value of this ADM attribute is 3.

PositiveJournalingRequested: A Boolean value that indicates whether positive journaling is requested for the message. The default value of this ADM attribute is **False**.

- **True**: The source queue manager MUST copy the message to the system queue journal referenced by the **SystemJournalQueue** ADM attribute of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance representing the source queue manager, if the message is delivered successfully to the destination queue. If the quota for the system queue journal is exceeded, the message MUST be discarded.
- False: The queue manager MUST NOT journal the message on successful delivery.

NegativeJournalingRequested: A Boolean value that indicates whether negative journaling is requested for the message. The default value of this ADM attribute is **False**.

- True: The source queue manager MUST copy the message to the dead-letter queue
 referenced by the SystemDeadletterQueue ADM attribute of the QueueManager ADM
 element instance representing the source queue manager, if the message is not delivered
 successfully to the destination queue. If the quota for the dead-letter queue is exceeded, the
 message MUST be discarded.
- False: The gueue manager MUST NOT journal the Message if the delivery fails.

ResponseQueueFormatName: A format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1) that specifies the response queue for the message. The default value of this ADM attribute is empty.

- **ResponseMultiQueueFormatName:** A collection of queue names ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1) that specify multiple response queues for the message. The default value of this ADM attribute is empty.
- **DestinationQueueFormatName:** A format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1) that specifies the destination queue for the message. This format name MUST NOT be a multiple-element format name. If the **DestinationMultiQueueFormatName** ADM attribute is specified, **DestinationQueueFormatName** corresponds to one of the queue names in the multiple destination queues.
- **DestinationMultiQueueFormatName:** A collection of queue names ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1) that specify multiple destination queues for the message. A queue name that is part of this collection MUST NOT be a multiple-element format name.
- **AdministrationQueueFormatName:** A format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1) that specifies the administration queue for the message. The default value of this ADM attribute is empty.
- **AdministrationMultiQueueFormatName:** A collection of queue names ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1) that specify multiple administration queues for the message. The default value of this ADM attribute is empty.

MultipleDestinationSignature: If any of the following ADM attributes

- DestinationMultiQueueFormatName
- ResponseMultiQueueFormatName
- AdministrationMultiQueueFormatName

is specified and the **AuthenticationLevel** ADM attribute contains the **Sig30** value (indicating that the message MUST be signed with an MSMQ 3.0 digital signature), the specified ADM attribute MUST be used instead of the **Signature** ADM attribute.

The **MultipleDestinationSignature** ADM attribute SHOULD contain the multiple-destination digital signature, which is the hash specified by the **HashAlgorithm** ADM attribute, produced using data specific for an MSMQ 3.0 digital signature ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.5.3) and signed with the private key corresponding to the **SenderCertificate** ADM attribute. The usage and mapping of this ADM attribute are specified in [MS-MQQB] section 3.1.7.1.1. The default value of this ADM attribute is empty.

- **ApplicationTag:** A numeric value supplied by the message queuing application. This value can be interpreted by the message queuing application that receives this message. The server MUST NOT interpret or modify this ADM attribute. The default value is zero.
- **SourceMachineIdentifier:** A GUID that contains the value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance representing the queue manager that first accepted the message from the message queuing application.
- **Body:** A binary large object (BLOB) that contains the message payload provided by the message queuing application. Message queuing applications can use this ADM element attribute for any application-specific purpose. The server MUST NOT interpret or modify this ADM attribute, except to encrypt the value during the message transfer process as specified by the **PrivacyLevel** ADM attribute. The default value of this ADM attribute is empty.
- **BodyType:** A numeric value supplied by the message queuing application. This value can be interpreted by the message queuing application that receives this message. The server MUST NOT interpret or modify this ADM attribute. The default value of this ADM attribute is zero.
- **CorrelationIdentifier:** An **OBJECTID** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.8). This value is supplied by the message queuing application and can be interpreted by the message queuing application that

receives the message. The server MUST NOT interpret or modify this ADM attribute. The default value of **CorrelationIdentifier.Lineage** is GUID_NULL; the default value of **CorrelationIdentifier.Uniquifier** is 0x00000000.

AcknowledgementsRequested: A list of enumerations that indicate the classifications of administrative acknowledgment messages that MUST be generated by the message transfer process while delivering the message. The enumerations in the list MUST be one of the following values. The default value of this ADM attribute is **None**.

- **None**: The queue manager MUST NOT generate an administrative acknowledgment for this message.
- **AckPosArrival**: The queue manager MUST generate an administrative acknowledgment **Message** when this message is inserted successfully in the destination queue.
- **AckPosReceive**: The queue manager MUST generate an administrative acknowledgment when this message is received successfully from a queue.
- **AckNegArrival**: The queue manager MUST generate an administrative acknowledgment message if this message cannot be delivered successfully to the destination queue.
- AckNegReceive: The queue manager MUST generate an administrative acknowledgment message if the message is not received successfully from the destination queue by a message queuing application.
- AckNackReachQueue: Same as AckNegArrival.
- AckFullReachQueue: The queue manager MUST generate an administrative acknowledgment when the message is inserted successfully in the destination queue, or when the message cannot be delivered successfully to the destination gueue.
- AckNackReceive: The queue manager MUST generate an administrative acknowledgment message if the message cannot be delivered successfully to the destination queue, or if the message is not received successfully from the destination queue by a message queuing application.
- AckFullReceive: The queue manager MUST generate an administrative acknowledgment
 message if the message cannot be delivered successfully to the destination queue, or if the
 message is received successfully from the destination queue, or if the message is not
 received successfully from the destination queue by a message queuing application.

Label: A text string that MUST NOT exceed 249 characters in length. This value is supplied by the message queuing application. This value can be interpreted by the message queuing application that receives the message. The server MUST NOT interpret or modify this ADM attribute. The default value is an empty string.

SentTime: A UTC date/time value that indicates when the message was sent.

TimeToReachQueue: A numeric time span value in seconds that indicates when the message will expire, relative to the **SentTime** ADM attribute, while it is in transit to the destination queue. The default value of this ADM attribute when this key is absent SHOULD<12> be 0x54600 (345,600 seconds = 4 days).

TimeToBeReceived: A numeric time span value in seconds that indicates when the message will expire relative to the **SentTime** ADM attribute after it arrives in the destination queue, and while it is waiting to be received by a client of this protocol. The default value of this ADM attribute is 0xFFFFFFFF.

HashAlgorithm: An enumeration that indicates the algorithm used to generate the hash for signing the message. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values.<13> The default value of this ADM attribute SHOULD<14> be **SHA1**.

- MD2: Specifies the MD2 algorithm, as defined in [RFC1319].
- MD4: Specifies the MD4 algorithm, as defined in [RFC1320].
- MD5: Specifies the MD5 algorithm, as defined in [RFC1321].
- SHA1: Specifies the SHA-1 algorithm, as defined in [RFC3110].
- SHA: Specifies the SHA-1 algorithm, as defined in [RFC3110].
- **SHA_256**: Specifies the SHA-256 algorithm, as defined in [FIPS180-2].
- SHA_512: Specifies the SHA-512 algorithm, as defined in [FIPS180-2].

EncryptionAlgorithm: An enumeration that indicates the algorithm employed by the message transfer system to encrypt or decrypt the **Body** ADM attribute. This enumeration can have the following values.<15> The default value of this ADM attribute SHOULD<16> be **RC4**.

- RSA: Specifies the RSA signature algorithm as specified in [PKCS1RFC8017].
- **DSS**: Specifies the Digital Signature Standard as specified in [FIPS186].
- RSA_KEYS: Specifies the RSA key exchange algorithm as specified in [PKCS1RFC8017].
- **DES**: Specifies the Data Encryption Standard as specified in [FIPS46-3].
- RC2: Specifies the RC2 algorithm as specified in [RFC2268].
- AES256: Specifies the AES 256 algorithm as specified in [FIPS197].
- **AES128**: Specifies the AES 128 algorithm as specified in [FIPS197].
- **AES192**: Specifies the AES 192 algorithm as specified in [FIPS197].
- RC4: Specifies the RC4 algorithm as specified in [RFC4757].
- SEAL: Specifies the Software-Optimized Encryption Algorithm as defined in [SEAL-SPRINGER].

DestinationQueueManagerIdentifier: Contains the value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance representing the destination queue manager.

DestinationQueueType: An enumeration that defines the type of the destination queue specified by the **DestinationQueueFormatName** ADM attribute. It MUST contain one of the following values:

- PrivateQueue: The queue is private and is located on the destination queue manager.
- PublicQueue: The gueue is public.
- **DirectQueue**: The format name for the administration queue is specified as a direct format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2).

AdministrationQueueType: An enumeration that defines the type of the administration queue specified by the **AdministrationQueueFormatName** ADM attribute. It MUST contain one of the following values. The default value of this ADM attribute is **None**.

None: No administration queue is specified.

- **PrivateQueueOnSource**: The administration queue is private and is located on the source queue manager.
- **PrivateQueueOnDestination**: The administration queue is private and is located on the destination queue manager.
- PublicQueue: The administration queue is public.
- **PrivateQueueOnOther**: The administration queue is private and is located on a queue manager other than the destination queue manager or the source queue manager.
- **DirectQueue**: The format name for the queue is specified as a direct format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2).

ResponseQueueType: An enumeration that defines the type of the response queue specified by the **ResponseQueueFormatName** ADM attribute. It MUST contain one of the following values. The default value of this ADM attribute is **None**.

- None: No response queue is specified.
- **SameAsAdministrationQueue**: The response queue type is the same as the type specified by the **AdministrationQueueType** ADM attribute, and the response queue is specified by the **AdministrationQueueFormatName** ADM attribute.
- **PrivateQueueOnDestination**: The response queue is private and is located on the destination queue manager.
- PrivateQueueOnSource: The response queue is private and is located on the source queue manager.
- **PrivateQueueOnAdmin**: The response queue is private and is located on the same queue manager as the administration queue.
- PublicQueue: The response queue is public.
- PrivateQueueOnOther: The response queue is private and is hosted on a queue manager other than the source queue manager, the destination queue manager, or the queue manager that hosts the administration queue.
- **DirectQueue**: The format name for the response queue is specified as a direct format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2).

SenderIdentifier: Contains the identifier of the user or the source queue manager that sent the message. If the **AuthenticationLevel** ADM attribute indicates that the message was signed, message queuing applications that consume this message can consider this value to be authentic. The default value of this ADM attribute is the security identifier (SID) of the current user.

SenderCertificate: If the **AuthenticationLevel** ADM attribute indicates that the message was signed, this field contains an X.509 certificate [RFC3280] for the user identified by the **SenderIdentifier** ADM attribute. The value can be assigned by a message queuing application or by the queue manager. The default value of this ADM attribute is empty.

SenderIdentifierType: An enumeration that indicates the format of the **SenderIdentifier** ADM attribute. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values. The default value of this ADM attribute is **Sid**.

 None: The identity of the sending user is not included in the message. For the purposes of authorization, the sender identity for the message is the anonymous user.

- **Sid**: The **SenderIdentifier** ADM attribute contains the security identifier (SID) for the sending user.
- QueueManagerIdentifier: The SenderIdentifier ADM attribute contains the value of the Identifier ADM attribute of the QueueManager ADM element instance representing the source queue manager.
- **Extension:** A BLOB that contains a secondary message payload provided by the message queuing application. Message queuing applications can use this ADM attribute for any application-specific purpose. The server MUST NOT interpret or modify this ADM attribute. The default value is empty.
- **ConnectorTypeIdentifier:** A GUID that indicates whether the message was sent by a connector application. The specific GUID value MUST be ignored by the server. No standard values for this GUID are defined. The default value of this ADM attribute is GUID_NULL.
- **ConnectorQueueManagerIdentifier:** A GUID that contains the value of the **Identifier** ADM attribute of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance representing the queue manager from which a connector application reads messages.
- **TransactionStatusQueueFormatName:** A format name string that identifies the location where a message indicating the in-order arrival of the message is sent by the message transfer process. This value is read-only for message queuing applications, and the value is assigned by the queue manager during the message transfer process. Beyond providing the value to clients of this protocol, the server MUST ignore this ADM attribute.
- **SymmetricKey:** A symmetric key of the type specified by the **EncryptionAlgorithm** ADM attribute, encrypted such that it can be read only by the queue manager that owns the destination queue. The **SymmetricKey**, prior to being encrypted, is used to encrypt the body of the message. This value is typically assigned by the queue manager, although it MAY be assigned by a connector application.
- **Signature:** If the **AuthenticationLevel** ADM attribute indicates that the message was signed with an MSMQ 1.0 digital signature or an MSMQ 2.0 digital signature, this ADM attribute contains the hash specified by the **HashAlgorithm** ADM attribute, produced using data specific for an MSMQ 1.0 digital signature ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.5.1) or an MSMQ 2.0 digital signature ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.5.2) and signed with the private key corresponding to the **SenderCertificate** ADM attribute. This value is typically assigned by the queue manager, although it MAY be assigned by a connector application.
- **AuthenticationProviderType:** A numeric value that indicates the type of cryptographic provider used to sign the message. This value is typically assigned by the message queuing system, in which case only one standard value is defined: 0x1. Alternatively, this ADM attribute MAY be assigned by a connector application, in which case the ADM attribute is application-specific, and the server MUST ignore the value.
- **AuthenticationProviderName:** A string value that indicates the name of the cryptographic provider used to sign the message. This value is typically assigned by the message queuing system, in which case two standard values are defined as follows.
 - "Microsoft Base Cryptographic Provider, v1.0"
 - "Microsoft Enhanced Cryptographic Provider, v1.0"

Alternatively, this ADM attribute MAY be assigned by a connector application, in which case the field is application-specific, and the server MUST ignore the value.

TransactionalMessageSequenceIdentifier: A **TxSequenceId** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.2). For non-transactional messages, this ADM attribute is empty. For transactional messages, this ADM attribute contains two monotonically increasing numeric values: **Ordinal** and **TimeStamp**.

These values are typically assigned by the queue manager during the message transfer process, although they MAY be assigned by a connector application.

- **TransactionSequenceNumber:** A numeric value that specifies the sequence number for this message within a stream of messages that are received within the same transaction.
- **TransactionPreviousSequenceNumber:** A numeric value that specifies the sequence number for the previous message within a stream of messages that are received within the same transaction.
- **TransactionIdentifier:** An identifier that correlates the message with the transaction under which it was captured.
- **FinalAckRequired:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the queue manager MUST send a final acknowledgment message to the sender when the message is removed successfully from the queue.
 - **True**: If the queue manager MUST send a final acknowledgment message to the sender when this message is removed successfully from the queue.
 - False: If the queue manager MUST NOT send a final acknowledgment message to the sender.
- **FirstInTransaction:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the message is the first in a set of messages represented by **Message** ADM element instances that have identical values of the **TransactionalMessageSequenceIdentifier** ADM attribute.
 - **True**: If the message is the first in the set.
 - False: If the message is not the first in the set.
- **LastInTransaction:** A Boolean value that indicates whether the message is the last in a set of messages represented by **Message** ADM element instances that have identical values of the **TransactionalMessageSequenceIdentifier** ADM attribute.
 - **True**: If the message is the last in the set.
 - **False**: If the message is not the last in the set.
- **SoapEnvelope:** This ADM attribute contains a string value that contains the SOAP envelope for an SRMP message. This value is assigned by the message transfer process and is read-only for clients of this protocol. Beyond providing the value to clients of this protocol, the server MUST ignore this ADM attribute.
- **SoapCompoundMessage:** This ADM attribute contains a string value that contains the entire contents of an SRMP message, including both the SOAP envelope and SOAP attachments associated with it. This value is assigned by the message transfer process and is read-only for clients of this protocol. Beyond providing the value to clients of this protocol, the server MUST ignore this ADM attribute.
- **SoapBody:** This ADM attribute contains a string value that represents the SOAP body in the **SoapEnvelope** ADM attribute.
- **SoapHeader:** This ADM attribute contains a string value that represents the SOAP header in the **SoapEnvelope** ADM attribute.
- **MessagePositionReference:** A reference to the **MessagePosition** ADM element instance that contains this **Message** ADM element instance.

If the **DeliveryGuarantee** ADM attribute is set to **Recoverable**, all of the ADM attributes of the **Message** ADM element MUST be treated as **Persistent**.

3.1.1.13 TransactionalOperation

A **TransactionalOperation** ADM element associates a transactional Enqueue, Dequeue or Move operation with a reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance to be affected by the transaction. This ADM element MUST contain the following persistent ADM attributes:

OperationType: An enumeration that specifies the type of operation to be performed. This MUST contain one of the following values:

- Enqueue
- Dequeue
- Move

MessagePositionReference: A reference to a **MessagePosition** ADM element instance in the **MessagePositionList** ADM attribute of a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance.

TargetQueueReference: A reference to the target queue for the Move operation. This argument MUST be supplied if the **OperationType** ADM attribute value is **Move**.

DequeueReason: One of the enumerated values for the **Class** ADM attribute of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element. This attribute MUST be supplied if the **OperationType** ADM attribute value is **Dequeue**; otherwise, it is undefined.

3.1.1.14 Transaction

The **Transaction** ADM element describes the unit of work for queuing operations that send, receive, or move messages to Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instances. It contains the following persistent attributes:

Identifier: Contains a GUID that specifies the transaction identifier.

TransactionalOperationCollection: Contains a first-in/first-out collection of TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instances.

SinglePhase: A Boolean value indicating whether the transaction is a non-DTC transaction.

- True: The transaction is a non-DTC transaction.
- **False**: The transaction is a DTC transaction.

3.1.1.15 User

The **User** ADM element describes the attributes of a user of the message queuing system.

This ADM element extends the **DirectoryObject** ADM element. It contains the following directory attributes:

SecurityIdentifier: A security identifier (SID) ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2).

CertificateDigestList: An array of certificate digests. Each digest is computed as the MD5 hash of the encoded certificate. Each array element MUST contain the 16-byte output of the MD5 algorithm, as specified in [RFC1321].

Certificates: An **MQUSERSIGNCERTS** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.21) structure instance that packs multiple X.509-encoded certificates associated with the user.

3.1.1.16 OpenQueueDescriptor

The **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element contains information about a local queue that has been opened for message operations by one of the MSMQ protocols. This instance can be shared between MSMQ protocols. This ADM element MUST contain the following ADM attributes:

- **Handle:** A numeric value that identifies the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance. This value MUST be unique across all **OpenQueueDecriptor** ADM element instances on the local queue manager.
- **ContextValue:** A numeric value that identifies the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance. This value MUST be unique across all **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instances on the local queue manager.
- **AccessType:** A list of values that MUST contain one of the **QueueAccessType** enumeration values specified in section 3.1.1.17.
- **ShareMode:** A **QueueShareMode** enumeration value (section 3.1.1.17) that specifies the sharing mode for the queue.
- **QueueReference:** A reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance with which the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance is associated.
- **FormatName:** The format name of the queue referenced by the **QueueReference** ADM attribute of the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance.
- **Multiple:** A Boolean that is TRUE if this **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance was created by passing a multiple-element format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.7) to the Open Queue (section 3.1.7.1.5) event. If this value is FALSE, the **OpenQueueDescriptorCollection** ADM attribute MUST be empty. If this value is TRUE:
- The AccessType ADM attribute MUST be SendAccess.
- The RemoteReadState ADM attribute MUST be None.
- The QueueReference ADM attribute MUST be NULL.
 - **OpenQueueDescriptorCollection:** A collection of **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instances populated and owned by this **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance if the **Multiple** ADM attribute is TRUE, or empty if the **Multiple** ADM attribute is FALSE.
 - **RemoteReadState:** An enumeration that indicates whether the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance was created to service Remote Read operations. This MUST have one of the following values:
- None: The OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance was not created to service Remote Read operations.
- **Opened**: The **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance was created to service Remote Read operations. The **Handle** and **ContextValue** are known only to the Remote Read client.
- ReadyForRead: The OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance is being used for a Remote Read operation. The Handle and ContextValue are known to both the Remote Read client and server.
 - **CursorCollection:** A collection of Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instances that iterate over the **Queue** ADM element instance that this descriptor references.
 - **WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection:** A first-in/first-out collection of WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instances associated with this **Queue** ADM element instance.

3.1.1.17 Enumerations

DirectoryOperationResult: This enumeration specifies the result of a directory operation. It MUST have one of the following values:

- **Success**: The directory operation was successful.
- **GenericError**: The directory operation failed due to an unspecified error.
- DirectoryNotConnected: The directory operation failed because a connection to the directory could not be established.
- ObjectNotFound: The directory operation failed because no object was found that matched the specified filter.
- AttributeNotFound: The directory operation failed because the attribute specified in an attribute list was not set in the directory object.
- **EndOfData**: The directory operation failed because the directory has already returned all objects that matched the specified filter.
- **ObjectAlreadyExists**: The directory operation failed because the directory object to be created already exists.

MessageSeekAction: This enumeration defines what message is returned by a message seek operation relative to the supplied message. It MUST have one of the following values:

- **SeekFirst**: The seek operation returns the first message in the queue.
- SeekPrevious: The seek operation returns the message immediately before the supplied message.
- SeekCurrent: The seek operation returns the supplied message itself.
- SeekNext: The seek operation returns the message immediately after the supplied message.
- **SeekLast**: The seek operation returns the last message in the queue.

QueueAccessType: This enumeration defines the access type requested by the Open Queue (section 3.1.7.1.5) event. It MUST have one of the following values:

- **ReceiveAccess**: Message peek, receive and queue purge operations are allowed.
- SendAccess: Message send operations are allowed.
- **PeekAccess**: Message peek operations are allowed.
- MoveAccess: Message move operations are allowed.
- ReceiveAdminAccess: Message peek, receive and queue purge operations are allowed for outgoing queues.
- PeekAdminAccess: Message (1) peek operations are allowed for outgoing queues.

QueueShareMode: This enumeration defines the sharing mode of the opened queue. It MUST have one of the following values:

- **DenyNone**: Other protocols are allowed to receive or peek messages from this queue.
- **DenyReceive**: Other protocols are not allowed to receive or peek messages from this queue.

3.1.1.18 DispatchEntry

The **DispatchEntry** ADM element contains information about an entry that is enqueued into the **DispatchCollection** ADM attribute of a QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance. A **DispatchEntry** ADM element instance MUST contain the following ADM attributes:

MessagePositionReference: A reference to a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance.

ProtocolData: A protocol-specific data item.

Priority: A numeric value that is used to determine the order in which the queue manager sends messages. Higher values represent higher priority.

SendInProgress: A Boolean that indicates whether the message that is associated with this **DispatchEntry** ADM element instance is in the process of being sent.

3.1.1.19 InternalCertificate

InternalCertificate: The InternalCertificate ADM element represents an X.509-encoded certificate generated by the server and associated with a User (section 3.1.1.15) ADM element instance. Each InternalCertificate ADM element instance contains the following two ADM attributes:

Certificate: An X.509-encoded certificate.

• **User:** A reference to the associated **User** ADM element instance.

3.1.2 Timers

3.1.2.1 Directory Sites Update Timer

This timer regulates the amount of time that the queue manager waits before generating the Directory Sites Update (section 3.1.6.1) event.

The default expiration of this timer SHOULD be 12 hours. The expiration time MAY be configured through an implementation-specific mechanism.

3.1.2.2 Directory Site Gates Update Timer

This timer regulates the amount of time that the queue manager waits before generating the Directory Site Gates Update (section 3.1.6.2) event.

The default expiration of this timer SHOULD be 1 hour. The expiration time MAY be configured through an implementation-specific mechanism.

3.1.2.3 Waiting Message Read Timer

This timer regulates the amount of time that the queue manager waits before generating a Waiting Message Read Timer Stop (section 3.1.7.3.5) event.

The queue manager initializes this timer during processing of a Waiting Message Read Timer Start (section 3.1.7.3.4) event. The initialization MUST provide the duration of the timer and a WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance.

This timer MUST expire after the duration specified in the initialization. If the specified duration is Infinite, this timer MUST NOT expire.

On expiration, the queue manager generates a Waiting Message Read Timer Expired (section 3.1.6.3) event with the following arguments:

• *iReader* := the **WaitingMessageReadOperation** ADM element instance that was provided at initialization.

3.1.2.4 Time To Be Received Timer

This timer regulates the amount of time before attempting to remove messages from a public queue or a private queue that have not been received by an application. The expiration time is defined by the supplied **TimeToBeReceived** ADM attribute of a Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance. If the **TimeToBeReceived** ADM attribute value is infinity (0xFFFFFFFF), the timer is not enabled; otherwise, the timer is enabled, with the expiration time set to **TimeToBeReceived**. If the **TimeToBeReceived** ADM attribute value is equal to 0x00000000, the timer expires immediately. When the timer expires, if that message is still in the queue, the server MUST generate a Time To Be Received Timer Expired (section 3.1.7.2.7) event with the following argument:

iMessage := the Message ADM element instance that was provided at initialization.

3.1.2.5 Directory Online Timer

This timer regulates the amount of time that the queue manager waits before generating a Check Directory Online (section 3.1.7.1.25) event.

This timer MUST expire in one minute. On expiration, the queue manager generates a Check Directory Online event.

3.1.3 (Updated Section) Initialization

The initialization MUST be triggered with the following argument:

 iProvisioning: A Boolean value that indicates whether the initialization is part of the queue manager provisioning. If yes, the value is TRUE; otherwise, the value is FALSE. More details about system initialization are given in [MS-MOSO] section 6.6.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to initialize the abstract data model.

- The queue manager MUST call the LsarOpenPolicy2 ([MS-LSAD] section 3.1.4.4.1) method with the following parameter values:
 - SystemName := an empty string
 - DesiredAccess := POLICY_VIEW_LOCAL_INFORMATION ([MS-LSAD] section 2.2.1.1.2)
 - Other parameters as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.4.4.1
- If the return value is not STATUS_SUCCESS (0x00000000), take no further action.
- Let StoredPolicyHandle be a pointer to an LSAPR_HANDLE ([MS-LSAD] section 2.2.2.1) initialized to the handle pointer returned in the PolicyHandle parameter by the preceding call to LsarOpenPolicy2.
- The queue manager MUST call the LsarQueryInformationPolicy2 ([MS-LSAD] section 3.1.4.4.3) method with the following parameter values:
 - PolicyHandle := StoredPolicyHandle
 - InformationClass := PolicyDnsDomainInformation ([MS-LSAD] section 2.2.4.1)

- Other parameters, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.4.4.3
- If the return value is not STATUS_SUCCESS (0x00000000), take no further action.
- Set LocalQueueManager.MachineDomainId to the DomainGuid field of the LSAPR_POLICY_DNS_DOMAIN_INFO ([MS-LSAD] section 2.2.4.14) structure returned.
- Let FQDNDomain be a Unicode string initialized to the DnsDomainName field of the LSAPR_POLICY_DNS_DOMAIN_INFO structure returned.
- The queue manager MUST call the LsarQueryInformationPolicy2 method with the following parameter values:
 - PolicyHandle := StoredPolicyHandle
 - InformationClass := PolicyLocalAccountDomainInformation ([MS-LSAD] section 2.2.4.1)
 - Other parameters, as specified in [MS-LSAD] section 3.1.4.4.3
- If the return value is not STATUS_SUCCESS (0x00000000), take no further action.
- Set LocalQueueManager.ComputerName to the DomainName field of the LSAPR_POLICY_ACCOUNT_DOM_INFO ([MS-LSAD] section 2.2.4.6) structure returned.
- Concatenate LocalQueueManager.ComputerName, a period ("."), and FQDNDomain to form
 the fully-qualified computer name, and set LocalQueueManager.QualifiedComputerName to
 that value.
- The queue manager MUST call the LsarClose ([MS-LSAD] section 3.1.4.9.4) method with the following parameter value:
 - PolicyHandle := StoredPolicyHandle
- If LocalQueueManager.DirectoryIntegrated is True:
 - If the *iProvisioning* argument is TRUE:
 - Set LocalQueueManager.InitializationRetryTimerDuration to 120.
 - Add a user-configured GUID as the Identifier ADM attribute of a Site (section 3.1.1.7)
 ADM element instance to LocalQueueManager.SiteIdentifierList.
 - The queue manager SHOULD<17> retrieve the computer names of the Active Directory domain controllers for the domain to which the queue manager computer belongs by performing a DNS query ([RFC1035]) for the SRV record _ldap._tcp.dc._msdcs.N, as defined in [MS-ADTS] section 6.3.6.1, where N is the fully-qualified domain name FQDNDomain obtained in a preceding step. The machine names in the received query results are added to LocalQueueManager.DirectoryServerList.
 - The queue manager MUST start the Directory Server List Update Timer ([MS-MQSO] section 6.4.1.2).
 - The queue manager MUST initialize LocalQueueManager.PublicEncryptionKeyList with an MQDSPUBLICKEYS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.2) structure that contains multiple MQDSPUBLICKEY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.1) structures. There SHOULD be one MQDSPUBLICKEY structure for each cryptographic service provider (CSP) in the following list: <18>
 - Microsoft Base Cryptographic Provider v1.0
 - Microsoft Enhanced Cryptographic Provider v1.0

- Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider
- The fields of each MQDSPUBLICKEY structure are initialized as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.1 with these additional steps:
 - **sProviderName** is the CSP's name from the list, expressed as a null-terminated 16-bit Unicode string.
 - **aBuf** is populated with a key generated for use with the RSA key exchange algorithm ([PKCS1], [RFC3447RFC8017]), which MUST meet the validity condition in [PKCS1RFC8017] section 3.1. The key has a bit length of 512 if **sProviderName** is "Microsoft Base Cryptographic Provider v1.0" or 1024 if **sProviderName** is "Microsoft Enhanced Cryptographic Provider v1.0" or "Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider".
- The queue manager MUST initialize the PublicSigningKeyList ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element with an MQDSPUBLICKEYS ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.2) structure that contains multiple MQDSPUBLICKEY ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.1) structures. There SHOULD be one MQDSPUBLICKEY structure for each CSP in the following list:<19>
 - Microsoft Base Cryptographic Provider v1.0
 - Microsoft Enhanced Cryptographic Provider v1.0
 - Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider
- The fields of each MQDSPUBLICKEY structure are initialized as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.1 with these additional steps:
 - sProviderName is the CSP's name from the list, expressed as a null-terminated 16bit Unicode string.
 - **aBuf** is populated with a key generated for use with the RSA signature algorithm ([PKCS1], [RFC3447RFC8017]), which MUST meet the validity condition in [PKCS1RFC8017] section 3.1. The key has a bit length of 512 if **sProviderName** is "Microsoft Base Cryptographic Provider v1.0" or 1024 if **sProviderName** is "Microsoft Enhanced Cryptographic Provider v1.0" or "Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider".
- Synchronize the directory attributes of the **LocalQueueManager** ADM element instance with the directory through the following steps:
 - Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS LocalQueueManager.Identifier
 - iAttributeList := NULL
 - If the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Update the ADM attributes of the LocalQueueManager ADM element instance with the corresponding ADM attributes of the returned QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance.

- For each identifier in the local **LocalQueueManager.SiteIdentifierList**, referred to as *siteIdentifier*, do the following:
 - Generate a Read Directory event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Site"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS siteIdentifier
 - iAttributeList := NULL
 - If rStatus from the Read Directory event is DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Add the returned Site ADM element instance to LocalQueueManager.SiteCollection.
- Else if the rStatus returned by Read Directory event is set to
 DirectoryOperationResult.ObjectNotFound and iProvisioning is TRUE:
 - Continue with the following steps.
- Generate a Read Directory event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Enterprise"
 - iFilter := NULL
 - *iAttributeList* := "NonLDAPCapableQueueManagerNotification"
 - If the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Set LocalQueueManager.EnterpriseReference to the returned Enterprise (section 3.1.1.6) ADM element instance.
 - Else if the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is set to DirectoryOperationResult.AttributeNotFound:
 - Create an Enterprise ADM element instance referred to as newEnterpriseObject and set newEnterpriseObject.NonLDAPCapableQueueManagerNotification to True.
 - Set LocalQueueManager.EnterpriseReference to newEnterpriseObject.
- Start the Directory Sites Update Timer (section 3.1.2.1) and the Directory Site Gates Update Timer (section 3.1.2.2).
- Create Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instances with the QueueType ADM attributes set to System that represent the three system queues specified following:
 - LocalQueueManager.SystemDeadletterQueue
 - LocalQueueManager.TransactionalDeadletterQueue
 - LocalQueueManager.SystemJournalQueue
- Create Queue ADM element instances with the QueueType ADM attributes set to System that represent two system queues that MUST NOT be accessed by the message queuing applications directly:
 - order acknowledgment gueue

- Change notification queue
- For each Queue ADM element instance, referred to as iQueue, in the QueueCollection ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element, if iQueue is an OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3), do the following:
 - If iQueue.State is Locked and the HardenedSecurity ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element is False:
 - Set iQueue.State := Waiting
 - Else if iQueue.DestinationFormatName specifies a non-HTTP format name and the HardenedSecurity ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element is True:
 - Set iQueue.State := Locked
- The queue manager initializes itself as a **Resource Manager** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5). During Initialization ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5.3), the resource manager initiates recovery of transactions and notifies the queue manager regarding the outcome of reenlistment. The following sections specify processing rules for these operations:
 - DTC Reenlistment Commit (section 3.1.4.9)
 - DTC Reenlistment Abort (section 3.1.4.10)
 - DTC Reenlistment Timeout (section 3.1.4.11)
- The queue manager performs the following processing steps to abort all non-DTC transactions:
 - For each Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance, referred to as iTransaction, in the LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection, if iTransaction.SinglePhase is True, do the following:
 - Generate a Transaction Abort (section 3.1.4.5) event with the following argument value:
 - *iTransactionIdentifier* := *iTransaction*.**Identifier**.

If any error occurs and is not handled as specified in the preceding processing rules, the queue manager MUST raise the error so that it can be handled by the caller.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

3.1.4.1 Queue Manager Started

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following action to process this event:

Perform the initialization actions specified in [MS-MQSO] section 6.6.2.

3.1.4.2 Queue Manager Stopped

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None

Return Value:

None.

There are no further processing steps for this event in this protocol. Other protocols that subscribe to this event can perform further operations when this event is triggered.

3.1.4.3 Transaction Prepare

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iTransactionIdentifier*: The transaction identifier for the transaction that is to be prepared.
- *iSinglePhase*: A Boolean value indicating whether the transaction is a non-DTC transaction. The default value is **True** if not specified.

Return Value:

- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE (0xC00E0051)

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Retrieve the Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance, referred to as *transObj*, from the **LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection** ADM attribute for which the **Transaction.Identifier** ADM attribute value matches the *iTransactionIdentifier* argument.
- Set transObj.SinglePhase to iSinglePhase.
- If a Transaction ADM element instance is not found, set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE, and take no further action.
- Find the first TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance in the transObj.TransactionalOperationCollection, and set its
 MessagePositionReference.MessageReference.FirstInTransaction ADM attribute to True.
- Find the last TransactionalOperation ADM element instance in the transObj.TransactionalOperationCollection, and set its
 MessagePositionReference.MessageReference.LastInTransaction ADM attribute to True.
- Set rStatus to MQ_OK.

3.1.4.4 Transaction Commit

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iTransactionIdentifier*: The transaction identifier for the transaction that is committed.

Return Value:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE (0xC00E0051)

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Retrieve the Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance, referred to as transObj, from the LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection for which the transObj.Identifier ADM attribute value matches the iTransactionIdentifier argument.
- If a **Transaction** ADM element instance is not found, set *rStatus* to MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE and take no further action.
- For each TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance, referred to as transOp, in transObj.TransactionalOperationCollection:
 - If transOp. OperationType is Enqueue:
 - Generate a Message Position Available (section 3.1.7.2.2) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := transOp.MessagePositionReference.QueueReference
 - *iPosition* := *transOp*.**MessagePositionReference**
 - Else if transOp.OperationType is Dequeue:
 - Generate a Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := transOp.MessagePositionReference.QueueReference
 - iPosition := transOp.MessagePositionReference
 - iReason := transOp.DequeueReason
 - Else if transOp. OperationType is Move:
 - Set transOp.MessagePositionReference.State to Deleted.
 - Create a new MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance, referred to as newMessagePos, in transOp.TargetQueueReference and set newMessagePos.MessageReference to transOp.MessagePositionReference.MessageReference. The queue manager MUST create this new MessagePosition ADM element instance in transOp.TargetQueueReference according to the rules specified for Queue.MessagePositionList.
 - Generate a Message Position Available (section 3.1.7.2.2) event with the following arguments:
 - *iQueue* := *transOp*.**TargetQueueReference**
 - iPosition := newMessagePos
 - Remove transOp from transObj.TransactionalOperationCollection.
- Remove the Transaction ADM element instance transObj from LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection.
- Set rStatus to MQ_OK.

3.1.4.5 Transaction Abort

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

iTransactionIdentifier: The transaction identifier for the transaction that is aborted.

Return Value:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ ERROR TRANSACTION SEQUENCE (0xC00E0051)

- Retrieve the Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance, referred to as transObj, from LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection for which the transObj.Identifier value matches the iTransactionIdentifier argument.
- If a **Transaction** ADM element instance is not found, set *rStatus* to MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE, and take no further action.
- For each TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance, referred to as transOp, in transObj.TransactionalOperationCollection:
 - If transOp. OperationType is Dequeue or Move:
 - If transOp.MessagePositionReference.State is PurgePending:
 - Generate a Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - *iQueue* := *transOp*.**MessagePositionReference.QueueReference**
 - *iPosition* := *transOp*.**MessagePositionReference**
 - iReason := transOp.DequeueReason
 - Else:
 - Generate a Message Position Available (section 3.1.7.2.2) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := transOp.MessagePositionReference.QueueReference
 - *iPosition* := *transOp*.**MessagePositionReference**
 - Else [if transOp.OperationType is Enqueue]:
 - Remove the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance referenced by transOp.MessagePositionReference from the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance referenced by transOp.MessagePositionReference.QueueReference.
 - Remove the TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance *transOp* from *transObj*.**TransactionalOperationCollection**.
- Remove the Transaction ADM element instance transObj from LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection.
- Set rStatus to MQ OK.

3.1.4.6 DTC Transaction Prepare

The queue manager is notified by this event when the DTC transaction is prepared. This occurs when the queue manager is acting as a **Resource Manager** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5) and has enlisted in the DTC transaction.

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• A **TXUSER_ENLISTMENT_MTAG_PREPAREREQ** message ([MS-DTCO] section 2.2.10.2.2.11), referred to as *ITxMessage*, sent by the DTC transaction manager when it receives notification that the transaction is to be prepared by the application.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Generate a Transaction Prepare (section 3.1.4.3) event with the following arguments:
 - iTransactionIdentifier := Transaction Object.Identifier of the DTC-enlisted transaction corresponding to ITxMessage, from the Resource Manager.Durable Log ADM element, as specified in [MS-DTCO] section 3.5.1.
 - iSinglePhase := False.
- If the returned rStatus is set to MQ_OK:
 - If TXUSER_ENLISTMENT_MTAG_PREPAREREQ.fSinglePhase is set to zero:
 - Send a **TXUSER_ENLISTMENT_MTAG_PREPAREREQDONE** user message ([MS-DTCO] section 2.2.10.2.2.12) to its local transaction manager.
 - Otherwise, generate a DTC Transaction Commit (section 3.1.4.7) event, with the *ITxMessage* argument set to *ITxMessage*.
- Otherwise, if the returned rStatus is not set to MQ OK:
 - Generate a DTC Transaction Abort (section 3.1.4.8) event, with the *ITxMessage* argument set to *ITxMessage*.

3.1.4.7 DTC Transaction Commit

The queue manager is notified by this event when the DTC transaction is committed. This occurs when the queue manager is acting as a **Resource Manager** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5) and has enlisted in the DTC transaction.

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• A **TXUSER_ENLISTMENT_MTAG_COMMITREQ** message ([MS-DTCO] section 2.2.10.2.2.3), referred to as *ITxMessage*, sent by the DTC transaction manager when it receives notification that the transaction is to be committed by the application.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

• Generate a Transaction Commit (section 3.1.4.4) event with the following argument value:

- *iTransactionIdentifier* := **Transaction Object.Identifier** of the DTC-enlisted transaction corresponding to *ITxMessage*, from the **Resource Manager.Durable Log** ADM element, as specified in [MS-DTCO] section 3.5.1.
- Send a **TXUSER_ENLISTMENT_MTAG_COMMITREQDONE** user message ([MS-DTCO] section 2.2.10.2.2.4) to its local transaction manager.

3.1.4.8 DTC Transaction Abort

The queue manager is notified by this event when the DTC transaction is aborted. This occurs when the queue manager is acting as a **Resource Manager** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5) and has enlisted in the DTC transaction.

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• A **TXUSER_ENLISTMENT_MTAG_ABORTREQ** message ([MS-DTCO] section 2.2.10.2.2.1), referred to as *ITxMessage*, sent by the DTC transaction manager when it receives notification that the transaction is aborted by the application.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Generate a Transaction Abort (section 3.1.4.5) event with the following argument value:
 - *iTransactionIdentifier* := **Transaction Object.Identifier** of the DTC-enlisted transaction corresponding to *ITxMessage*, from the **Resource Manager.Durable Log** ADM element, as specified in [MS-DTCO] section 3.5.1.
- Send a TXUSER_ENLISTMENT_MTAG_ABORTREQDONE user message ([MS-DTCO] section 2.2.10.2.2.) to its local transaction manager.

3.1.4.9 DTC Reenlistment Commit

The queue manager acts as a **Resource Manager** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5) and is notified by this event when it processes the Receiving a TXUSER_REENLIST_MTAG_REENLIST_COMMITTED Message ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5.5.3.1.1) event as part of processing the Recover Transaction ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5.7.1) event.

The Recover Transaction event is signaled with an associated transaction object, referred to here as *iTransactionObject*.

The queue manager performs the following steps to process this event:

- Generate a Transaction Commit (section 3.1.4.4) event with the following argument:
 - *iTransactionIdentifier* := the **Transaction Object.Identifier** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.1.1) field of *iTransactionObject*.

3.1.4.10 DTC Reenlistment Abort

The queue manager acts as a **Resource Manager** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5) and is notified by this event when it processes the Receiving a TXUSER_REENLIST_MTAG_REENLIST_ABORTED Message ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5.5.3.1.2) event as part of processing the Recover Transaction ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5.7.1) event.

The Recover Transaction event is signaled with an associated transaction object, referred to here as *iTransactionObject*.

The queue manager performs the following steps to process this event:

- Generate a Transaction Abort (section 3.1.4.5) event with the following argument:
 - *iTransactionIdentifier* := the **Transaction Object.Identifier** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.1.1) field of *iTransactionObject*.

3.1.4.11 DTC Reenlistment Timeout

The queue manager acts as a **Resource Manager** ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5) and is notified by this event when it processes the Reenlistment Timeout ([MS-DTCO] section 3.5.7.5) event.

The queue manager performs the following steps to process this event:

- Reports an error to the higher-layer application.
- Stops the Initialization (section 3.1.3) processing steps.

3.1.4.12 Take Offline

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

 Change the ConnectionActive ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element instance to False.

3.1.4.13 Bring Online

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

 Change the ConnectionActive ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element instance to True.

3.1.4.14 Pause Queue

This event occurs when the administrator pauses an outgoing queue hosted by the queue manager. This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueue*: A reference to an OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance that is to be paused.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Generate a Pause Queue (section 3.1.7.2.3) event with the following argument:
 - iQueue := iQueue

3.1.4.15 Resume Queue

This event occurs when the administrator resumes an outgoing queue hosted by the queue manager. This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueue*: A reference to an OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance that is to be resumed.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Generate a Resume Queue (section 3.1.7.2.4) event with the following argument:
 - iQueue := iQueue

3.1.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

3.1.6 Timer Events

3.1.6.1 Directory Sites Update

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None.

Return Value:

None.

- For each Site (section 3.1.1.7) ADM element instance in LocalQueueManager.SiteCollection, referred to as siteObj:
 - Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Site"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS siteObj. Identifier
 - iAttributeList := NULL

- If the Read Directory event returns an rStatus that is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Update the ADM attributes of the **Site** ADM element instance referenced by *siteObj* with the ADM attributes of the **Site** ADM element instance returned in *rDirectoryObject*.

3.1.6.2 Directory Site Gates Update

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- For each Site (section 3.1.1.7) ADM element instance in LocalQueueManager.SiteCollection, referred to as siteObj:
 - For each QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance in siteObj.SiteGateCollection, referred to as queueManager:
 - Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS queueManager.Identifier
 - *iAttributeList* := NULL
 - If the Read Directory event returns an rStatus that is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Update the ADM attributes of the QueueManager ADM element instance referenced by queueManager with the ADM attributes of the QueueManager ADM element instance returned in rDirectoryObject.

3.1.6.3 Waiting Message Read Timer Expired

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

• *iReader*: A reference to the WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance that has timed out or has been canceled.

Return Value:

None.

- Generate a Waiting Message Read Timer Stop (section 3.1.7.3.5) event with the following arguments:
 - iReader := iReader
 - iStatus := set to MQ_ERROR_IO_TIMEOUT (0xC00E001B).

3.1.7 Other Local Events

3.1.7.1 Events Raised By Related Protocols

The events listed in this section are generated or subscribed by the protocol implementations colocated with the queue manager for accessing various common abstract data model (ADM) elements.

The gueue manager MUST process the events listed in this section.

3.1.7.1.1 Open Cursor

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueueDesc*: A reference to the OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that refers to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance on which the Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance is to be created.

Return Value:

rCursor: A reference to the Cursor ADM element instance that was created.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If iQueueDesc.QueueReference is NULL:
 - Set rCursor to NULL.
 - Take no further action.
- Instantiate a new Cursor ADM element instance, referred to as newCursor, and:
 - Add the Cursor ADM element instance referenced by newCursor to iQueueDesc.CursorCollection.
 - Generate the Initialize (section 3.2.7.1) event on the Cursor ADM element instance referenced by newCursor with the following inputs:
 - iQueueDesc := iQueueDesc
- Set rCursor to the Cursor ADM element instance referenced by newCursor.

3.1.7.1.2 Close Cursor

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iCursor*: A reference to the Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance that is closed.

Return Value:

None.

- For each WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance, referred to as readOp, in
 - $\it iCursor. {\bf OpenQueue Descriptor Reference. Waiting Message Read Operation Collection:}$
 - If readOp.CursorReference is the same as the Cursor ADM element instance referenced by iCursor:

- Remove the WaitingMessageReadOperation ADM element instance referenced by readOp from
 - $iCursor. {\bf OpenQueue Descriptor Reference. Waiting Message Read Operation Collection}.$
- Remove the Cursor ADM element instance referenced by iCursor from iCursor.OpenQueueDescriptorReference.CursorCollection.

3.1.7.1.3 Create Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueue*: A reference to a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance that contains the attributes of the new queue. This ADM element instance MUST have been initialized using the Set Queue Defaults (section 3.1.7.1.33) event.
- *iSkipDirectory* (Optional): A Boolean value that, when True, indicates that the queue manager MUST NOT update the directory. If this argument is not supplied, then it defaults to False.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A status code that indicates success or failure.
- rQueue: A reference to the Queue ADM element instance that was created.

- If the Pathname ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance referenced by iQueue does
 not contain a valid queue path name as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1, set rStatus to an
 error value, and take no further action.
- Instantiate a new **Queue** ADM element instance, referred to as *newQueue*.
- Set newQueue.JournalQueueReference to NULL. If iQueue.Pathname does not represent a subqueue, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1:
 - Create a new Queue ADM element instance referred to as newJournalQueue to act as the queue journal.
 - Set newQueue.JournalQueueReference to the created newJournalQueue.
- Copy each ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance referenced by iQueue that is listed
 in the following table to the corresponding ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance
 referenced by newQueue.

ADM attribute
Label
Туре
Pathname
Journaling
Quota
JournalQuota
Authentication
PrivacyLevel

ADM attribute
Transactional
MulticastAddress
Security
BasePriority

• Set the other ADM attributes of the **Queue** ADM element instance referenced by *newQueue* to the values shown in the following table.

ADM attribute	Value
QueueManager	Set to a reference to LocalQueueManager .
Active	False
TotalBytes	zero
QueueType	If newQueue.Pathname is of the form used for a private queue, as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1, set to Private; if newQueue.Pathname is of the form used for a system queue, as defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1, set to System; otherwise, set to Public.
SubqueueCollection	empty
IncomingTransactionalTransferInfoCollection	empty
MessagePositionList	empty
OpenQueueDescriptorCollection	empty
CreateTime	The current time.
ModifyTime	The current time.
QualifiedPathname	Constructed from <i>newQueue</i> . Pathname by replacing the computer name with the fully-qualified computer name.
Scope	Enterprise
PrivateQueueNumber	If newQueue.QueueType is Private, set to an integer that is not in the set of all PrivateQueueNumber ADM attribute values of the Queue ADM element instances in LocalQueueManager.QueueCollection that have QueueType ADM attribute values of Private.
FullPath	empty string
DirectoryPath	empty string

- If the **Queue** ADM element instance referenced by *newQueue* is of type **PublicQueue** and the *iSkipDirectory* argument is set to False:
 - Generate a Create Directory Object (section 3.1.7.1.18) event with the following argument:
 - iDirectoryObject := newQueue

- If the Create Directory Object event returns an *rStatus* that indicates success:
 - Set newQueue.**Identifier** to the GUID returned in rObjectGUID.
- Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Queue"
 - iFilter := an array consisting of one attribute-filter expression, "Identifier" EQUALS newQueue.Identifier
 - iAttributeList := a list consisting of two ADM attribute names, FullPath and DirectoryPath
- If the Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event returns an rStatus that indicates success, set newQueue.FullPath to rDirectoryObject.FullPath and newQueue.DirectoryPath to rDirectoryObject.DirectoryPath.
- Else:
 - Return the Create Directory Object event rStatus as the rStatus for this event, and take no further action.
- Add the Queue ADM element instance referenced by newQueue to the QueueCollection ADM attribute of the QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance referenced by LocalQueueManager.
- Return a reference to the Queue ADM element instance referenced by newQueue and an rStatus that indicates success.

3.1.7.1.3.1 Create Default Queue Security Descriptor

- 1. Let **MachineSid** be an **SID** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2), initialized to zero.
- 2. If the message queuing system is operating in Directory-Integrated mode:
 - A Get Object Properties Using LDAP ([MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.14) event MUST be generated with the following arguments:
 - *iPath* := a distinguished name of the form specified for a computer object in [MS-MQDSSM] section 2.2.1, where "<computer name>" is the computer name portion of the value of *iDirectoryObject*.**Pathname**, as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1.
 - *iAttributes* := a list of names consisting of one element, "objectSid".
 - If the Get Object Properties Using LDAP operation fails, the value of **MachineSid** MUST be unchanged. Otherwise, the value of **MachineSid** MUST be set to the value returned for the objectSid ([MS-ADA3] section 2.45) attribute.
- 3. Let **SuppliedSecurity** and **FinalSecurity** be **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6) structures, initialized to be empty.
- 4. If *iQueue*.**Security** is set, the value of *iQueue*.**Security** MUST be copied to the **SuppliedSecurity** structure.
- 5. Let **OwnerSid** be an **SID**, initialized to zero.
- 6. If **SuppliedSecurity** is not empty:
 - 1. **OwnerSid** MUST be set to the **SuppliedSecurity.OwnerSid** field.

- 2. If the **SuppliedSecurity.Dacl** field is populated, the value MUST be copied to the **FinalSecurity.Dacl** field.
- 3. If the **SuppliedSecurity.Sacl** field is populated, the value MUST be copied to the **FinalSecurity.Sacl** field.
- 7. If **OwnerSid** is zero, it MUST be set to the SID of the user under whose identity the current thread is running.
- 8. If the user referenced by the SID in **OwnerSid** is not a domain user, **OwnerSid** MUST be set to the well-known SID with string representation S-1-5-7 (relative identifier SECURITY_ANONYMOUS_LOGON_RID combined with identifier authority SECURITY_NT_AUTHORITY).
- 9. If the **FinalSecurity.Dacl** field was not updated in step 7:
 - Let WorldAccess, OwnerAccess, MachineAccess, and AnonymousAccess be MQQUEUEACCESSMASK ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.24) enumerated values initialized to be zero.
 - If OwnerSid is a guest SID (equal to the SID designated by DOMAIN_USER_RID_GUEST, as specified in [MS-SAMR] section 2.2.1.14) or the user referenced by the SID in OwnerSid is not a domain user, WorldAccess MUST be set to MQSEC_QUEUE_GENERIC_ALL. Otherwise, WorldAccess MUST be set to (MQSEC_GET_QUEUE_PROPERTIES | MQSEC_GET_QUEUE_PERMISSIONS), and OwnerAccess MUST be set to MQSEC_QUEUE_GENERIC_ALL.
 - If MachineSid is nonzero, MachineAccess MUST be set to (MQSEC_GET_QUEUE_PROPERTIES | MQSEC_GET_QUEUE_PERMISSIONS).
 - 4. If messages can be sent to this queue using the Message Queuing (MSMQ): SOAP Reliable Messaging Protocol (SRMP) [MC-MQSRM], MQSEC_WRITE_MESSAGE SHOULD<20> be added (bitwise ORed) to the current value of **WorldAccess**, and **AnonymousAccess** SHOULD be set to MQSEC_WRITE_MESSAGE.
 - An ACCESS_ALLOWED_ACE ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.4.2) structure with a Mask field set to WorldAccess and containing the well-known SID with string representation S-1-1-0 (relative identifier SECURITY_WORLD_RID combined with identifier authority SECURITY_WORLD_SID_AUTHORITY) MUST be added to the FinalSecurity.Dacl field.
 - 6. If **AnonymousAccess** is nonzero, an **ACCESS_ALLOWED_ACE** structure with a **Mask** field set to **AnonymousAccess** and containing the well-known SID with string representation S-1-5-7 (relative identifier SECURITY_ANONYMOUS_LOGON_RID combined with identifier authority SECURITY_NT_AUTHORITY) MUST be added to the **FinalSecurity.Dacl** field.
 - 7. If MachineAccess is nonzero, an ACCESS_ALLOWED_ACE structure with a Mask field set to MachineAccess and containing the SID in MachineSid MUST be added to the FinalSecurity.Dacl field.
 - 8. If **OwnerAccess** is nonzero, an **ACCESS_ALLOWED_ACE** structure with a **Mask** field set to **OwnerAccess** and containing the SID in **OwnerSid** MUST be added to the **FinalSecurity.Dacl** field.
- 10. The **SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR** structure in **FinalSecurity** MUST be converted to self-relative format (see [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6).

3.1.7.1.4 Delete Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- iQueue: A reference to a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance to be deleted.
- *iSkipDirectory* (Optional): A Boolean value that, when True, indicates that the queue manager MUST NOT update the directory. If this argument is not supplied, then it defaults to False.

Return Value:

• rStatus: A status code that indicates success or failure.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- For each *iMessagePosition* reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance in *iQueue*.**MessagePositionList**:
 - Generate the Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iPosition := iMessagePosition
 - iReason := NackQueueDeleted
- For each *iQueueDesc* reference to the OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance in *iQueue*.**OpenQueueDescriptorCollection**:
 - Set iQueueDesc.QueueReference to NULL.
- Remove the Queue ADM element instance referenced by iQueue from LocalQueueManager.QueueCollection.
- If the iQueue argument is of type PublicQueue and the iSkipDirectory argument is set to False:
 - Generate a Delete Directory Object (section 3.1.7.1.19) event with the following argument:
 - iQueue
 - If the Delete Directory Object event returns an *rStatus* that indicates failure:
 - Return the Delete Directory Object event rStatus as the rStatus for this event, and take no further action.
- Return an *rStatus* that indicates success.

3.1.7.1.5 Open Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iFormatName*: The format name of the queue to be opened.
- *iRequiredAccess*: A **QueueAccessType** value that specifies the type of access required.
- iSharedMode: A QueueShareMode value that specifies the sharing mode.

Return Values:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND (0xC00E0003)

- MQ_ERROR_SHARING_VIOLATION (0xC00E0009)
- MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION (0xC00E0020)
- MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_ACCESS_MODE (0xC00E0045)
- rOpenQueueDescriptor: An OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element value.

- Generate an Expand Format Name (section 3.1.7.3.8) event with the following argument:
 - iInputFormatName := iFormatName
- If the rStatus returned by the Expand Format Name event is FALSE, set rStatus to an error code, and take no further action.
- Set *iFormatName* to the *rOutputFormatName* returned by the Expand Format Name event.
- If iFormatName is a multiple-element format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.7):
 - If the *iRequiredAccess* argument is not **SendAccess**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ ERROR UNSUPPORTED FORMATNAME OPERATION.
 - Take no further action.
 - If the *iSharedMode* argument is not **DenyNone**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_ACCESS MODE.
 - Take no further action.
 - Create a new **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance, referred to as *newDesc*, and:
 - Set newDesc.AccessType to SendAccess.
 - Set newDesc.SharedMode to DenyNone.
 - Set newDesc.FormatName to iFormatName.
 - Set newDesc.Multiple to TRUE.
 - Set newDesc.QueueReference to NULL.
 - Set newDesc.RemoteReadState to None.
 - Set *newDesc*.**Handle** to an implementation-specific value that can be used to reference this **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance.
 - Set *newDesc*.**ContextValue** to an implementation-specific value that can be used to reference this **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance.
 - For each element in *iFormatName*, referred to as *SingleFormatName*:
 - Generate an Open Queue event with the following arguments:
 - iFormatName := SingleFormatName
 - iRequiredAccess := SendAccess
 - iSharedMode := DenyNone

- If the rStatus returned is not MQ_OK:
 - Generate a Close Queue (section 3.1.7.1.6) event with iQueueDesc set to newDesc.
 - Set *rStatus* to the value returned by the failed Open Queue event.
 - Take no further action.
- Place the OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance referenced by the rOpenQueueDescriptor returned from the Open Queue event in newDesc.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection.
- Set rStatus to MQ OK.
- Set rOpenQueueDescriptor to the OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance referenced by newDesc.
- Take no further action.
- If iFormatName is a direct format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2) that specifies HTTP or HTTPS
 as the protocol:
 - If the iRequiredAccess argument is not SendAccess:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION.
 - Take no further action.
- If *iFormatName* is a machine format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.6):
 - If the iRequiredAccess argument is SendAccess:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION.
 - Take no further action.
- If iFormatName is a multicast format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.6):
 - If the iRequiredAccess argument is not SendAccess:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION.
 - Take no further action.
- Find the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in LocalQueueManager.QueueCollection, referred to as queueObj, which matches the specified iFormatName argument.
- If the Queue ADM element instance is not found:
 - If the iRequiredAccess argument is not SendAccess:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND.
 - Take no further action.
 - If iFormatName is a direct format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2):
 - Let machineName be a string representing the name or address of the computer that hosts the queue manager.
 - Extract the **ProtocolAddressSpecification** and **Protocol** substrings from *iFormatName*.

- If Protocol is HTTP or HTTPS:
 - Extract the Host from ProtocolAddressSpecification and set machineName to the Host.
- Else:
 - Set machineName to ProtocolAddressSpecification.
- If machineName matches LocalQueueManager.ComputerName, perform the following steps:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND.
 - Take no further action.
- If iFormatName is a public format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.3):
 - Let PublicQueueGuid be a GUID that is initialized to the QueueGuid element of iFormatName.
 - Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Queue"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS PublicQueueGuid
 - If rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is not equal to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_UNSUPPORTED_FORMATNAME_OPERATION (0xC00E0020) and take no further action.
 - Define iQueue as a reference to a Queue ADM element instance and set it to the returned rDirectoryObject.
 - If iQueue.QueueManager.ComputerName matches
 LocalQueueManager.ComputerName, perform the following steps:
 - Set rStatus to MQ ERROR QUEUE NOT FOUND.
 - Take no further action.
- If iFormatName is a private format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.4):
 - If the ComputerGuid element of iFormatName matches LocalQueueManager.Identifier:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND.
 - Take no further action.
- Create a new OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance, referred to as newQueue, with the following attributes:
 - newQueue.**Identifier** := a new GUID generated by the gueue manager
 - newQueue.Label := iFormatName
 - newQueue.**DestinationFormatName** := iFormatName
 - newQueue.NextHops := NULL

- newQueue.State := Inactive
- If the iFormatName argument is a public format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.3):
 - Let PublicQueueGuid be a GUID that is initialized to the QueueGuid element of iFormatName.
 - Generate a Read Directory event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Queue"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS PublicQueueGuid
 - If rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is equal to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Set newQueue.BasePriority to the returned rDirectoryObject.BasePriority.
 - Else:
 - Set *rStatus* to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND.
 - Take no further action.
- If iFormatName specifies a non-HTTP format name and the LocalQueueManager.HardenedSecurity ADM attribute is True:
 - Set newQueue.State := Locked
- If iFormatName specifies a multicast format name:
 - Set newQueue.Multicast to TRUE
- Set the Queue ADM element instance referenced by queueObj to the OutgoingQueue ADM element instance referenced by newQueue.
- If queueObj.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection contains an OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance with the ShareMode ADM attribute set to DenyReceive and the AccessType ADM attribute set to ReceiveAccess:
 - If the iSharedMode argument is DenyReceive:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_SHARING_VIOLATION.
 - Take no further action.
 - Else if the *iSharedMode* argument is **DenyNone** and *iRequiredAccess* is **ReceiveAccess**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_SHARING_VIOLATION.
 - Take no further action.
- Else if queueObj.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection contains an OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance with the ShareMode attribute set to DenyReceive and the AccessType attribute set to PeekAccess or PeekAdminAccess:
 - If the iRequiredAccess argument is ReceiveAccess:
 - Set rStatus to MQ ERROR SHARING VIOLATION.
 - Take no further action.

- Else if queueObj.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection contains an OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance with the ShareMode attribute set to DenyNone and the AccessType attribute set to ReceiveAccess:
 - If the *iSharedMode* argument is **DenyReceive**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_SHARING_VIOLATION.
 - Take no further action.
- Create a new OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance, referred to as newDesc, and:
 - Set newDesc.AccessType to iRequiredAccess.
 - Set newDesc.QueueReference to the Queue ADM element instance referenced by queueObj.
 - Set newDesc.FormatName to iFormatName.
 - Set newDesc.Multiple to FALSE.
 - Set newDesc.Handle to an implementation-specific value that can be used to reference this OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance.
 - Set newDesc.ContextValue to an implementation-specific value that can be used to reference this OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance.
 - Add newDesc to queueObj.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection.
- Set rStatus to MQ OK.
- Set *rOpenQueueDescriptor* to the *newDesc* ADM element instance.

3.1.7.1.6 Close Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

iQueueDesc: The OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance to be closed.

Return Value:

None.

- If *iQueueDesc*.**QueueReference** is NULL:
 - Take no further action.
- If *iQueueDesc*.**Multiple** is TRUE:
 - For each **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance in *iQueueDesc*.**OpenQueueDescriptorCollection**:
 - Generate a Close Queue event with *iQueueDesc* set to that **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance.
 - Take no further action.
- For each WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance, referred to as readOp, in iQueueDesc.WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection:

- If *readOp*.**Tag** does not equal NULL, generate a Cancel Waiting Message Read Request (section 3.1.7.1.17) event with the following arguments:
 - *iQueue* := *iQueueDesc*.**QueueReference**
 - *iTag* := readOp.**Tag**
 - *iStatus* := set to MQ_ERROR_OPERATION_CANCELLED (0xC00E0008).
- For each Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance, referred to as cursorObj, in iQueueDesc.CursorCollection:
 - Generate a Close Cursor (section 3.1.7.1.2) event with the following argument:
 - iCursor := cursorObj
- Remove the **OpenQueueDescriptor** ADM element instance referenced by *iQueueDesc* from *iQueueDesc*.**QueueReference**.**OpenQueueDescriptorCollection**.

3.1.7.1.7 Purge Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueue*: A reference to a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance that is to be purged.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- For each *iMessagePosition* reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element in *iQueue*. **MessagePositionList**:
 - If *iMessagePosition*.**State** is not **Available**:
 - Set iMessagePosition.State to PurgePending.
 - Else:
 - Generate the Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iPosition := iMessagePosition
 - iReason := NackQueuePurged

3.1.7.1.8 Create Transaction

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iTransactionIdentifier*: The transaction identifier for the transaction to be created.

Return Value:

• *rTransaction*: The created transaction object.

- Create a new Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance, referred to as newTransaction, and set newTransaction.**Identifier** to the iTransactionIdentifier argument.
- Add the Transaction ADM element instance referenced by newTransaction to LocalQueueManager.TransactionCollection.
- Set *rTransaction* to the **Transaction** ADM element instance referenced by *newTransaction*.

3.1.7.1.9 Enqueue Message

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueue*: A reference to a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance to which the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance will be added.
- iMessage: A reference to a Message ADM element instance to be added to the Queue ADM element instance referenced by the iQueue argument.
- *iTransaction* (Optional): A reference to a Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance that provides the unit of work for the enqueue operation.

Return Value:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - No error (zero).
 - The queue quota would be exceeded (1).
 - The queue manager quota would be exceeded (2).
 - The message timed out in transit (3).

For the purpose of this section, CURRENT_TIME is defined as the number of seconds elapsed since midnight (00:00:00), January 1, 1970 UTC (Coordinated Universal Time).

- If *iQueue*.**QueueManager**.**Throttled** is TRUE, or if adding the **Message** ADM element instance referenced by the *iMessage* argument to the **Queue** ADM element instance referenced by the *iQueue* argument would cause *iQueue*.**QueueManager**.**QueueManager**Quota to be exceeded:
 - Set rStatus to 2.
 - Take no further action.
- If adding the **Message** ADM element instance referenced by the *iMessage* argument to the **Queue** ADM element instance referenced by the *iQueue* argument would cause the quota for that **Queue** ADM element instance (*iQueue*.**Quota**) to be exceeded:
 - Set rStatus to 1.
 - Take no further action.
- Create a new MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance, referred to as newMessagePos, which contains a reference to the Message ADM element instance referenced by the iMessage argument.
- Increment LocalQueueManager.SequentialID.

- If *iMessage*.**TransactionalMessageSequenceIdentifier** is not empty, set the high-order byte of *iMessage*.**LookupIdentifier** to 0x07-*iMessage*.**Priority**. Otherwise, set the high-order byte of *iMessage*.**LookupIdentifier** to 0x00.
- Copy the seven low-order bytes of LocalQueueManager.SequentialID to the seven low-order bytes of iMessage.LookupIdentifier.
- Insert newMessagePos into iQueue.MessagePositionList according to the rules defined for the MessagePositionList attribute of the Queue ADM element.
- Start a Time To Be Received Timer (section 3.1.2.4), supplying the iMessage argument to the timer at initialization.
- If the *iTransaction* argument is supplied:
 - Set newMessagePos.State to Locked.
 - Create a new TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance with the following attribute values:
 - OperationType := Enqueue.
 - MessagePositionReference := newMessagePos
 - Add this new TransactionalOperation ADM element instance to iTransaction.TransactionalOperationCollection.
- Else:
 - Generate a Message Position Available (section 3.1.7.2.2) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - MessagePositionReference := newMessagePos
- Set rStatus to zero.

3.1.7.1.10 Dequeue Message

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueueDesc*: A reference to an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the queue from which a message is dequeued.
- *iTimeout* (Optional): The amount of time to wait in seconds.
- *iCursor* (Optional): A reference to a Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance that is used for the dequeue operation.
- *iTransaction* (Optional): A reference to a Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance that provides the unit of work for the dequeue operation.
- *iTag* (Optional): An identifier passed by the invoker of the Dequeue Message event that uniquely identifies the dequeue operation request.
- *iTwoPhaseRead* (Optional): A Boolean that specifies whether the dequeue operation MUST NOT delete the message that was returned. The default for this argument is False.

The *iTransaction* and *iTwoPhaseRead* arguments are mutually exclusive. The invoker MUST supply values for only one of these arguments.

Return Values:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_IO_TIMEOUT (0xC00E001B)
 - MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_NOT_FOUND (0xC00E0088)
 - MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED (0xC00E001D)
 - MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B)
- rMessage: A reference to the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that was dequeued. This value is undefined if rStatus is not MQ_OK.

- If *iQueueDesc*.**QueueReference** is NULL:
 - Set rStatus to MQ ERROR QUEUE NOT AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B).
 - Take no further action.
- If the *iTimeout* argument is not specified, set it to Infinite.
- Define iQueue as a reference to a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance and set it to iQueueDesc.QueueReference.
- Define iPosition as a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element reference.
- If the *iCursor* argument is supplied:
 - Generate the Get Next Message For Dequeue (section 3.2.7.4) event on the *iCursor* argument with the following inputs:
 - *iNoWait* := True if the *iTimeout* argument is set to zero or False otherwise.
 - If the rStatus return value from the Get Next Message For Dequeue event is set to Succeeded:
 - Set *iPosition* to the returned *rPosition*.
 - Else, if the returned rStatus is set to AlreadyReceived:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED (0xC00E001D).
 - Take no further action.
 - Else, if the returned *rStatus* is set to **NotFound**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_NOT_FOUND (0xC00E0088).
 - Take no further action.
 - Else, if the returned rStatus is set to Waiting:
 - Generate a Wait For New Message (section 3.1.7.3.1) event with the following inputs:
 - *iQueueDesc* := *iQueueDesc*
 - *iTimeout* := *iTimeout*
 - iDestructiveRead := True

- If the *iTag* argument is supplied: *iTag* := *iTag*
- iCursor := iCursor
- If the rStatus return value from the Wait For New Message event is Success:
 - Set iPosition to the rMessagePosition returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Generate the Message Available (section 3.2.7.5) event on the *iCursor* argument with the following inputs:
 - *iMessagePosition* := *rMessagePosition* returned from the Wait For New Message event.
- Else:
 - Generate the Wait Time Expired (section 3.2.7.6) event on *iCursor*.
 - Set *rStatus* to the *rStatus* returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Take no further action.
- Else, if the *iCursor* argument is not supplied:
 - Generate a Seek Available Message Position (section 3.1.7.3.2) event with the following inputs:
 - iInitialPosition := iQueue.MessagePositionList.Head
 - iQueue:= iQueue
 - iPeekOperation := False
 - iSeekDirection := Forward

If *rMessagePosition* returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is equivalent to *iQueue*.**MessagePositionList.End**:

Generate a Wait For New Message event with the following inputs:

- iQueueDesc := iQueueDesc
- iTimeout := iTimeout
- iDestructiveRead := True
- If the *iTag* argument is supplied: *iTag* := *iTag*
- *iCursor* := NULL
- If the rStatus return value from the Wait For New Message event is Success:
 - Set iPosition to the rMessagePosition return value from the Wait For New Message event.
- Else:
 - Set rStatus to the rStatus returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Take no further action.
- After the preceding rules are successfully processed, iPosition references a MessagePosition
 ADM element instance in the iQueue.MessagePositionList for which the value of its State ADM
 attribute equals Available.

- If the *iTransaction* argument is supplied:
 - If iTransaction. Identifier is not NULL:
 - Set iPosition.State to Locked.
 - Create a new TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance with the following ADM attribute values:
 - OperationType := Dequeue.
 - MessagePositionReference := *iPosition*.
 - DequeueReason := AckReceive.
 - Add this new TransactionalOperation ADM element instance to the end of iTransaction.TransactionalOperationCollection.
- Else:
 - If the *iTwoPhaseRead* argument is True
 - Set iPosition.State to Locked.
 - Else:
 - Generate the Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iPosition := iPosition
 - iReason := AckReceive
- Set rMessage to iPosition.MessageReference.
- Set rStatus to MQ OK.

3.1.7.1.11 Dequeue Message Begin

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueueDesc*: A reference to an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the queue from which a message is dequeued.
- iTimeout (Optional): The amount of time to wait in seconds.
- *iCursor* (Optional): A reference to a Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance that is used for the dequeue operation.
- *iTag* (Optional): A unique identifier passed by the invoker of this event that identifies this particular dequeue operation request.
- *iTransaction* (Optional): A reference to a Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance that provides the unit of work for the dequeue operation.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ OK (0x00000000)

- MQ_ERROR_IO_TIMEOUT (0xC00E001B)
- MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_NOT_FOUND (0xC00E0088)
- MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED (0xC00E001D)
- MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B)
- rMessage: A reference to the dequeued Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance. This
 value is undefined if rStatus is not MQ OK.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If iQueueDesc.QueueReference is NULL:
 - Set *rStatus* to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B).
 - Take no further action.
- If the iTimeout input argument to this event is not supplied, set it to Infinite.
- Generate the Dequeue Message (section 3.1.7.1.10) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueueDesc := iQueueDesc
 - *iTimeout* := *iTimeout*
 - If the iCursor input argument to this event is supplied: iCursor := iCursor
 - If the iTransaction input argument to this event is supplied: iTransaction := iTransaction
 - If the iTag input argument to this event is supplied: iTag := iTag
 - *iTwoPhaseRead* := True
- Set rMessage to the rMessage returned from the Dequeue Message event.
- Set rStatus to the rStatus returned from the Dequeue Message event.

3.1.7.1.12 Dequeue Message End

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueueDesc*: A reference to an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance for which the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element dequeue operation ended.
- iMessage: A reference to the Message ADM element instance for which the dequeue operation has ended.
- *iDeleteMessage*: A Boolean that specifies whether to remove *iMessage* from the queue. This argument is ignored if the *iTransactional* argument is specified and set to True.
- *iTransactional* (Optional): A Boolean that specifies whether the dequeue operation is part of a transactional message transfer.

Return Value:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)

- MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_SEQUENCE (0xC00E0051)
- MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B)

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If iQueueDesc.QueueReference is NULL:
 - Set rStatus to MQ ERROR QUEUE NOT AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B).
 - Take no further action.
- If the iMessage.MessagePositionReference.State value is Available:
 - Set rStatus to MQ ERROR TRANSACTION SEQUENCE (0xC00E0051).
 - Take no further action.
- If *iTransactional* is specified and equals True:
 - Set *rStatus* to MQ OK.
 - Take no further action.
- If the *iDeleteMessage* argument is True or the *iMessage*.**MessagePositionReference.State** value is **PurgePending**:
 - Generate a Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - *iQueue* := *iQueueDesc*.**QueueReference**
 - *iPosition* := *iMessage*.**MessagePositionReference**
 - iReason := NackQueuePurged if the iMessage.MessagePositionReference.State value is PurgePending; otherwise, AckReceive.
- Else:
 - Generate a Message Position Available (section 3.1.7.2.2) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iQueueDesc.QueueReference
 - *iPosition* := *iMessage*.**MessagePositionReference**
- Set *rStatus* to MQ_OK (0x0000000).

3.1.7.1.13 Read Message By Lookup Identifier

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueueDesc*: A reference to an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the queue from which the message is read.
- *iLookupId*: The value of the **LookupIdentifier** ADM attribute of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance to be dequeued.
- *iPeekOperation*: A Boolean that specifies whether the message MUST NOT be removed from the queue after being read.
- iLookupOperation: A MessageSeekAction value.

- *iTransaction* (Optional): A reference to a Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance that provides the unit of work for the dequeue operation. This argument MUST NOT be supplied if the *iPeekOperation* argument is True.
- *iTwoPhaseRead* (Optional): A Boolean that specifies whether the read operation MUST NOT delete the message that was returned. The default for this argument is False.

Return Values:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED (0xC00E001D)
 - MQ ERROR QUEUE NOT AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B)
- rMessage: A reference to the Message ADM element instance that was dequeued. This value is undefined if rStatus is not MQ_OK.

- If iQueueDesc.QueueReference is NULL:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B).
 - Take no further action.
- Set iQueue to iQueueDesc.QueueReference.
- Define iPosition as a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element reference.
- Generate a Seek Available Message Position With Id (section 3.1.7.3.3) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iLookupid := iLookupid
 - *iPeekOperation* := *iPeekOperation*
 - iLookupAction := iLookupOperation
- Set *iPosition* to the returned *rMessagePosition*.
- If rStatus returned from the Seek Available Message Position With Id event is not MQ_OK:
 - Set rStatus to the status code returned from the Seek Available Message Position With Id event.
 - Take no further action
- After the preceding rules are successfully processed, iPosition references a MessagePosition
 ADM element instance in iQueue.MessagePositionList where the State ADM attribute equals
 Available or Locked.
- If the *iPeekOperation* argument is False:
 - If the *iTransaction* argument is supplied:
 - If iTransaction. Identifier is not NULL:
 - Set iPosition.State to Locked.

- Create a new TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance with the following attribute values:
 - OperationType := Dequeue.
 - MessagePositionReference := iPosition.
 - DequeueReason := AckReceive.
- Add the new TransactionalOperation ADM element instance to the end of iTransaction.TransactionalOperationCollection.
- Else:
 - If the iTwoPhaseRead argument is True:
 - Set iPosition.State to Locked.
 - Else:
 - Generate the Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iPosition := iPosition
 - iReason := AckReceive
- Set rMessage to iPosition.MessageReference.
- Set rStatus to MQ OK.

3.1.7.1.14 Peek Next Message

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueueDesc*: A reference to an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the queue from which a message is peeked.
- *iTimeout* (Optional): The amount of time to wait in seconds.
- *iCursor*: A reference to a Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance that is used for the peek-next operation.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_IO_TIMEOUT (0xC00E001B)
 - MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_CURSOR_ACTION (0xC00E001C)
 - MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B)
- rMessage: A reference to the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that was peeked.
 The value is undefined if rStatus is not MQ_OK.

- If *iQueueDesc*.**QueueReference** is NULL:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B).
 - Take no further action.
- Set *iQueue* to *iQueueDesc*.**QueueReference**.
- If the iTimeout argument is not specified, set it to Infinite.
- Generate the Get Next Message For Peek (section 3.2.7.3) event on *iCursor*.
- If the rStatus return value from the Get Next Message For Peek event is set to Succeeded:
 - Set *rMessage* to the returned *rPosition*.**MessageReference**.
 - Set rStatus to MQ_OK (0x00000000).
 - Take no further action.
- Else, if the *rStatus* return value from the Get Next Message For Peek event is set to **IllegalCursorAction**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_CURSOR_ACTION (0xC00E001C).
 - Take no further action.
- Else, if the rStatus return value from the Get Next Message For Peek event is set to Waiting:
 - Generate a Wait For New Message (section 3.1.7.3.1) event with the following inputs:
 - iQueueDesc := iQueueDesc
 - *iTimeout* := *iTimeout*
 - iDestructiveRead := False
 - *iTag* : = NULL
 - iCursor := iCursor
 - If the rStatus return value from the Wait For New Message event is Success:
 - Set rMessage to the rMessagePosition. MessageReference returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Generate the Message Available (section 3.2.7.5) event on iCursor with the following inputs:
 - *iMessagePosition* := *rMessagePosition* returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Generate the Release Next Reader (section 3.1.7.3.7) event with the following inputs:
 - iReleaseOnQueue := iQueue.
 - Set rStatus to MQ_OK.
 - Take no further action.
 - Else:
 - Generate the Wait Time Expired (section 3.2.7.6) event on *iCursor*.

- Set rStatus to the rStatus returned from the Wait For New Message event.
- Take no further action.

3.1.7.1.15 Peek Message

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueueDesc*: A reference to an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the queue from which a message is peeked.
- *iTimeout* (Optional): The amount of time to wait in seconds.
- *iCursor* (Optional): A reference to a Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance that is used for the dequeue operation.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_IO_TIMEOUT (0xC00E001B)
 - MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED (0xC00E001D)
 - MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B)
- rMessage: A reference to the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that was peeked.
 This value is undefined if rStatus is not MQ_OK.

- If iQueueDesc.QueueReference is NULL:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_QUEUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (0xC00E004B).
 - Take no further action.
- Set iQueue to iQueueDesc.QueueReference.
- If the *iTimeout* argument is not specified, set it to Infinite.
- Define iPosition as a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element reference.
- If the iCursor argument is supplied:
 - Generate the Get Message For Peek (section 3.2.7.2) event on iCursor.
 - If the rStatus return value from the Get Message For Peek (section 3.2.7.2) event is set to Succeeded:
 - Set *rMessage* to the returned *rPosition*.**MessageReference**.
 - Set rStatus to MQ_OK (0x0000000).
 - Take no further action.
 - Else, if the returned *rStatus* is set to **AlreadyReceived**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED (0xC00E001D).
 - Take no further action.

- Else, if the returned rStatus is set to Waiting:
 - Generate a Wait For New Message (section 3.1.7.3.1) event with the following inputs:
 - *iQueueDesc* := *iQueueDesc*
 - iTimeout := iTimeout
 - iDestructiveRead := False
 - *iTag* := NULL
 - iCursor := iCursor
 - If the rStatus return value from the Wait For New Message event is Success:
 - Set rMessage to the rMessagePosition. MessageReference returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Generate the Message Available (section 3.2.7.5) event on iCursor with the following inputs:
 - *iMessagePosition* := *rMessagePosition* returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Generate the Release Next Reader (section 3.1.7.3.7) event with the following inputs:
 - iReleaseOnQueue := iQueue.
 - Set rStatus to MQ_OK.
 - Take no further action.
 - Else:
 - Generate the Wait Time Expired (section 3.2.7.6) event on *iCursor*.
 - Set *rStatus* to the *rStatus* returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Take no further action.
- Else, if the *iCursor* argument is not supplied:
 - Generate a Seek Available Message Position (section 3.1.7.3.2) event with the following inputs:
 - *iInitialPosition* := *iQueue*.**MessagePositionList**.**Head**.
 - *iQueue* := *iQueue*.
 - iPeekOperation := True
 - iSeekDirection := Forward
 - If *rMessagePosition* returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is equivalent to *iQueue*.**MessagePositionList.End**:
 - Generate a Wait For New Message event with the following inputs:
 - iQueueDesc := iQueueDesc
 - *iTimeout* := *iTimeout*

- iDestructiveRead := False
- *iTag* := NULL
- *iCursor* := NULL
- If the rStatus return value from the Wait For New Message event is Success:
 - Set rMessage to rMessagePosition.MessageReference returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Set rStatus to MQ_OK.
 - Take no further action.
- Else:
 - Set rStatus to the rStatus returned from the Wait For New Message event.
 - Take no further action.
- Else:
 - Set rMessage to the rMessagePosition.MessageReference returned from the Seek Available Message Position event.
 - Set rStatus to MQ OK.
 - Take no further action.

3.1.7.1.16 Move Message

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iMessagePos*: A reference to a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that contains the message that is moved to another queue.
- *iTargetQueue*: A reference to the target Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance for *iMessage*.
- *iTransaction* (Optional): A reference to a Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance that provides the unit of work for the move operation.

The *iTransaction* argument MUST NOT be supplied if *iTargetQueue*.**QueueType** is **System**.

Return Value:

None.

To process this event, the queue manager marks a message as deleted from the source queue and adds it to the destination queue. Alternate implementations can explicitly delete the message from the source queue as long as their external behavior is consistent with the behavior described in this document.

- If the *iTransaction* argument is not supplied:
 - Set *iMessagePos*.**State** to **Deleted**.
 - Create a new MessagePosition ADM element instance in iTargetQueue, referred to as newMessagePos, and set newMessagePos.MessageReference to

iMessagePos.MessageReference, newMessagePos.State to Available, and newMessagePos.QueueReference to iTargetQueue. The queue manager MUST create this new MessagePosition ADM element instance in iTargetQueue, according to the rules specified for the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element.

• If *iTargetQueue*.**QueueType** is not **System** then:

Generate a Message Position Available (section 3.1.7.2.2) event with the following arguments:

- *iQueue* := *iTargetQueue*
- iPosition := newMessagePos
- Else:
 - Set iMessagePos.State to Locked.
 - Create a new TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance with the following attribute values:
 - OperationType := Move
 - MessagePositionReference := iMessagePos
 - TargetQueue := iTargetQueue
 - Add the new TransactionalOperation ADM element instance to the end of iTransaction.TransactionalOperationCollection.

3.1.7.1.17 Cancel Waiting Message Read Request

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueue*: A reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance for which the read request is pending.
- *iTag*: An identifier for the read request to be canceled.
- *iStatus*: A status code that indicates the reason for cancellation.

Return Value:

- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MO OK (0x00000000).
 - STATUS_NOT_FOUND (0xC0000225).

- For each OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance in *iQueue*.**OpenQueueDescriptorCollection**, referred to as *queueDesc*, do the following:
 - For each WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance, referred to as readOp, in queueDesc. WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection:
 - If readOp.Tag does not equal NULL and is equal to iTag
 - Remove the WaitingMessageReadOperation ADM element instance referenced by readOp from iQueue.WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection.

- Generate the Waiting Message Read Timer Stop (section 3.1.7.3.5) event with the following arguments:
 - iReader := readOp
 - iStatus := iStatus
- Set rStatus to MQ_OK (0x00000000), and take no further action.
- Set rStatus to STATUS_NOT_FOUND (0xC0000225).

3.1.7.1.18 Create Directory Object

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iDirectoryObject*: An instance of a **DirectoryObject** ADM element to be created in the directory.
- iAttributeList (Optional): An array of strings containing the subset of the names of the directory attributes of the DirectoryObject ADM element instance referenced by the iDirectoryObject argument to be published in the directory. If this argument is not supplied, all the directory attributes of the DirectoryObject ADM element instance referenced by the iDirectoryObject argument are persisted.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A **DirectoryOperationResult** that indicates the result of this directory operation.
- *rObjectGUID*: The GUID of the newly created **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance. This value is undefined if *rStatus* does not equal **DirectoryOperationResult.Success**.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event: <21>

- If the *iDirectoryObject* argument is of type Queue (section 3.1.1.2) and *iDirectoryObject*.QueueType is Public:
 - Generate a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event with the following arguments:
 - iOperation := QueueCreation
 - iDirectoryObject := iDirectoryObject
- Generate the Create Directory Object ([MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.1) event<22> with the arguments supplied for this event.
 - If the *rStatus* returned from processing of the invoked event is **DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected**:
 - Set LocalQueueManager.DirectoryOffline to True.
 - Start the Directory Online Timer (section 3.1.2.5) if it is not active already.
 - Set *rStatus* to **DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected**.
 - Else:
 - Set *rStatus* to the *rStatus* returned from the invoked event.
 - Set *rObjectGuid* to the *rObjectGuid* returned from the invoked event.

3.1.7.1.19 Delete Directory Object

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iDirectoryObject*: A **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance to be deleted from the directory.

Return Value:

• rStatus: A **DirectoryOperationResult** that indicates the result of this directory operation.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If the *iDirectoryObject* argument is of type Queue (section 3.1.1.2) and *iDirectoryObject*.QueueType is PublicQueue:<23>
 - Generate a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event with the following arguments:
 - *iOperation* := QueueDeletion
 - iDirectoryObject := iDirectoryObject
- Generate the Delete Directory Object ([MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.2) event<24> with the
 arguments supplied for this event.
 - If the rStatus returned from processing of the invoked event is DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected:
 - Set QueueManager.DirectoryOffline to True.
 - Start the Directory Online Timer (section 3.1.2.5) if it is not active already.
 - Set *rStatus* to **DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected**.
 - Else:
 - Set *rStatus* to the *rStatus* returned from the invoked event.

3.1.7.1.20 Read Directory

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iDirectoryObjectType*: A string that specifies the name of the subtype of a **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance to be read from the directory.
- *iFilter*: An array of **attribute-filter expressions** (defined following) where the valid ADM attributes are the set of directory attributes associated with a **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance of type *iDirectoryObjectType*. The first **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance of type *iDirectoryObjectType* that satisfies all attribute-filter expressions in this array MUST be returned. If this argument is set to NULL, the first **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance of type *iDirectoryObjectType* MUST be returned.
- *iAttributeList* (Optional): An array of strings containing the names of the directory attributes associated with a **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance of type *iDirectoryObjectType* to be read from the directory and included in the *rDirectoryObject* return value. If this argument is not supplied, all directory attributes will be read. If this argument is supplied, the values of all ADM attributes that were not specified in this list will be undefined and MUST NOT be used.
- *iForceDirectoryRead* (Optional): A Boolean that specifies whether the QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance can ignore its **DirectoryOffline** ADM attribute and read the directory. The default value of this argument is **False**.

An attribute-filter expression consists of three elements:

- The name of a directory attribute associated with a **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance of type *iDirectoryObjectType*. The value of this attribute forms the left side of the comparison.
- One of the following operators:
 - EQUALS
 - NOT-EQUALS
 - LESS-THAN
 - GREATER-THAN
 - LESS-THAN-OR-EQUAL
 - GREATER-THAN-OR-EQUAL
- A value that forms the right side of the comparison, for example:
 - The value of an ADM attribute of an ADM element instance.
 - The value of an argument to an event.
 - The value of a local variable in an event.

For instance:

- "Identifier" EQUALS LocalQueueManager.Identifier
- "ActualCost" LESS-THAN iMinCost

Return Values:

- rStatus: A **DirectoryOperationResult** that indicates the result of this directory operation.
- rDirectoryObject: A DirectoryObject ADM element instance of type iDirectoryObjectType, populated with the ADM attributes specified in iAttributeList. If an attribute-filter is specified, the ADM attributes of rDirectoryObject MUST match the expression specified by iFilter. This value is undefined if rStatus does not equal DirectoryOperationResult.Success.

- If the **DirectoryOffline** ADM attribute of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance is **True** and *iForceDirectoryRead* is **False**:
 - If *iDirectoryObjectType* is set to "Queue":
 - Find the first Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in the QueueCollection ADM attribute of the QueueManager ADM element instance that has ADM attributes that match the ADM attributes specified by iFilter. If no such Queue ADM element instance is found:
 - Set *rStatus* to **DirectoryOperationResult.ObjectNotFound**.
 - Take no further action.
 - Set rDirectoryObject to the Queue ADM element instance found in the previous step.
 - Set rStatus to DirectoryOperationResult.Success.
 - Take no further action.

- If *iDirectoryObjectType* is set to "QueueManager" and the ADM attributes specified in *iFilter* match the ADM attributes of the local **QueueManager** ADM element instance:
 - Set *rDirectoryObject* to the **LocalQueueManager** ADM element instance.
 - Set rStatus to DirectoryOperationResult.Success.
 - Take no further action.
- Set rStatus to DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected.
- Take no further action.
- Else:
 - Delegate the processing of this event to the Read Directory ([MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.3) event.<25>
 - If the *rStatus* returned from processing of the invoked event is **DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected** and *iForceDirectoryRead* is **False**:
 - Set LocalQueueManager.DirectoryOffline to True.
 - Start the Directory Online Timer (section 3.1.2.5) if it is not active already.
 - Set rStatus to DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected.
 - Else:
 - Set *rStatus* to the *rStatus* returned from the invoked event.
 - Set rDirectoryObject to the rDirectoryObject returned from the invoked event.

3.1.7.1.21 Read Directory Begin

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iDirectoryObjectType*: A string that specifies the name of the subtype of **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance to be read from the directory.
- *iFilter*: An array of **attribute-filter expressions** (as defined in section 3.1.7.1.20) where the valid ADM attributes are the set of directory attributes associated with a **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance of type *iDirectoryObjectType*. Each object that is returned by the read operation MUST satisfy all attribute-filter expressions in this array. If this argument is set to NULL, all **DirectoryObject** ADM element instances of type *iDirectoryObjectType* MUST be returned.
- *iAttributeList* (Optional): An array of strings containing the names of the directory attributes associated with a **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance of type *iDirectoryObjectType* to be read from the directory and included in the *rDirectoryObject* return value. If this argument is not supplied, all directory attributes will be read. If this argument is supplied, the values of all ADM attributes that were not specified in this list will be undefined and MUST NOT be used.
- *iAttributeSortOrder* (Optional): An array of **attribute-sort-order values** as defined following. The elements of this array have a one-to-one correspondence with the elements of the *iAttributeList* array. This array represents the precedence that the corresponding ADM attributes in the *iAttributeList* take when ordering the returned results.

An **attribute-sort-order** value consists of the following:

• **SortPriority**: A numeric value that indicates the order in which results would be sorted with respect to the corresponding ADM attribute. ADM attributes that have higher sort priorities are

given higher precedence when sorting the result set. A value of zero indicates that the corresponding ADM attribute is not used when sorting the results.

• **SortAscending**: A Boolean value that indicates whether the corresponding ADM attribute is sorted in ascending order.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A DirectoryOperationResult that indicates the result of this directory operation.
- rQueryHandle: A HANDLE ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.16) that the invoker can use to iterate through the result set. This value is undefined if rStatus does not equal DirectoryOperationResult.Success.

The queue manager MUST delegate the processing of this event to the Read Directory Begin ([MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.4) event.<26>

3.1.7.1.22 Read Directory Next

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueryHandle*: The **HANDLE** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.16) that was generated by the Read Directory Begin (section 3.1.7.1.21) event.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A **DirectoryOperationResult** that indicates the result of this directory operation.
- rDirectoryObject: The next DirectoryObject ADM element instance from the collection of DirectoryObject ADM element instances that match the iFilter argument expressions supplied to the Read Directory Begin event that created the supplied iQueryHandle argument. The collection is ordered based on the iAttributeSortOrder argument supplied to the Read Directory Begin event that created the supplied iQueryHandle argument. This value is populated with the ADM attributes specified in iAttributeList argument supplied to the Read Directory Begin event that created the supplied iQueryHandle argument. This value is undefined if rStatus does not equal DirectoryOperationResult.Success.

The queue manager MUST delegate the processing of this event to the Read Directory Next event as defined in [MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.5.<27>

3.1.7.1.23 Read Directory End

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

iQueryHandle: The **HANDLE** ([MS-DTYP] section 2.2.16) that was generated by the Read Directory Begin (section 3.1.7.1.21) event.

Return Value:

• rStatus: A **DirectoryOperationResult** that indicates the result of this directory operation.

The queue manager MUST delegate the processing of this event to the Read Directory End event as defined in [MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.6.<28>

3.1.7.1.24 Write Directory

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

• *iDirectoryObject*: The **DirectoryObject** ADM element instance to be written to the directory.

• *iAttributeList* (Optional): An array of strings containing the names of the directory attributes associated with *iDirectoryObject* to be updated to the directory. If this argument is not supplied, all directory attributes will be updated.

Return Value:

rStatus: A **DirectoryOperationResult** that indicates the result of this directory operation.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Generate the Write Directory ([MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.7) event<29> with the arguments supplied for this event.
 - If the rStatus returned from processing of the invoked event is DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected:
 - Set the **DirectoryOffline** ADM attribute of the **QueueManager** ADM element instance to **True**.
 - Start the Directory Online Timer (section 3.1.2.5) if it is not active already.
 - Set *rStatus* to **DirectoryOperationResult.DirectoryNotConnected**.
 - Else:
 - Set *rStatus* to the *rStatus* returned from the invoked event.
- If the *rStatus* returned by the Write Directory event is set to **DirectoryOperationResult.Success**:
 - If iDirectoryObject is of type Queue (section 3.1.1.2) and iDirectoryObject.QueueType is PublicQueue:<30>
 - Generate a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event with the following arguments:
 - *iOperation* := QueueUpdate
 - iDirectoryObject := iDirectoryObject
 - Else if iDirectoryObject is of type QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1):<31>
 - Generate a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event with the following arguments:
 - *iOperation* := QueueManagerUpdate
 - iDirectoryObject := iDirectoryObject

3.1.7.1.25 Check Directory Online

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:

- iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
- *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expression:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS LocalQueueManager.Identifier
- iAttributeList := NULL
- iForceDirectoryRead := True
- If the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Update the ADM attributes of the LocalQueueManager ADM element instance with the ADM attributes of the returned QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance.
 - Set LocalQueueManager.DirectoryOffline to False.
 - For each Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance iQueue in LocalQueueManager.QueueCollection that has type PublicQueue, generate a Read Directory event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Queue"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expression:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS the iQueue. Identifier
 - iAttributeList := NULL
 - If the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Update the ADM attributes of the local iQueue ADM element instance with the ADM attributes of the returned Queue ADM element instance.
- Else if the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is not set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Start the Directory Online Timer (section 3.1.2.5).

3.1.7.1.26 Get Queue Path

The Get Queue Path event resolves a queue format name to the corresponding queue path name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1) and the name or address of the machine to which the queue belongs. It MUST be generated with the following argument:

iFormatName: A queue format name as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.

Return Values:

- *rPathName*: A string representing the queue path name or an empty string if the path name cannot be provided.
- *rMachineName*: A string representing the name or address of the computer that hosts the queue manager.
- rStatus: A status code that indicates success or failure.
 - MQ OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME (0xC00E001E)

- Set *rPathName* and *rMachineName* to empty.
- If a direct format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.2) is specified:
 - Extract the **ProtocolAddressSpecification** and **Protocol** substrings from *iFormatName*.
 - If Protocol is HTTP or HTTPS:
 - Extract the Host from ProtocolAddressSpecification and set rMachineName to the Host.
 - Else:
 - Set *rMachineName* to **ProtocolAddressSpecification**.
 - Set rPathName to rMachineName and append the right substring of iFormatName after
 ProtocolAddressSpecification to rPathName.
- If a public format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.3) is specified:
 - Let PublicQueueGuid be a GUID that is initialized to the QueueGuid element of iFormatName.
 - Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "Queue"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS PublicQueueGuid
 - If rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is not equal to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME (0xC00E001E) and take no further action.
 - Else:
 - Define *iQueue* as a reference to a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance and set it to the returned *rDirectoryObject*.
 - Set rPathName to iQueue.PathName and rMachineName to iQueue.QueueManager.ComputerName.
- If a private format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.4) is specified:
 - Let PrivateQueueQMGuid be a GUID that is initialized to the ComputerGuid element of iFormatName.
 - Generate a Read Directory event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
 - *iFilter* := An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "Identifier" EQUALS PrivateQueueQMGuid
 - If rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is not equal to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:

- Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_ILLEGAL_FORMATNAME (0xC00E001E) and take no further action.
- Flse:
 - Define *iQueueManager* as a reference to a QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance and set it to the returned *rDirectoryObject*.
 - Set rMachineName to iQueueManager.ComputerName.
 - If *iQueueManager*.**Identifier** EQUALS the **QueueGuid** component in *iFormatName* and there exists a **Queue** ADM element instance in **LocalQueueManager.QueueCollection** with a **QueueType** ADM attribute value of **Private** and a **PrivateQueueNumber** ADM attribute that EQUALS the **QueueNumber** component in *iFormatName*:
 - Set rPathName to the Pathname ADM attribute of the matching Queue ADM element instance.
- Set rStatus to MQ OK (0x00000000).

3.1.7.1.27 Enqueue Message To An Open Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iOpenQueueDescriptor*: The OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that references the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance or instances to which the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance will be added.
- iMessage: A reference to a Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that will be added to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance referenced by iOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference.
- *iTransaction* (Optional): A reference to a Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance that provides the unit of work for the enqueue operation.

Return Value:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - no error (0)
 - queue quota would be exceeded (1)
 - queue manager quota would be exceeded (2)
 - message timed out in transit (3)

- If iOpenQueueDescriptor.Multiple is FALSE:
 - Generate an Engueue Message (section 3.1.7.1.9) event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := iOpenQueueDescriptor.QueueReference
 - *iMessage* := *iMessage*
 - iTransaction := iTransaction (if supplied)
 - Set rStatus to the rStatus returned by the Enqueue Message event.
 - Take no further action.

- Set iMessage. Destination MultiQueue FormatName to iOpenQueueDescriptor. FormatName.
- For each OpenQueueDescriptor ADM element instance in iOpenQueueDescriptor.OpenQueueDescriptorCollection, referred to as SingleOpenQueue:
 - Let MessageCopy be a Message ADM element instance, initialized to be a copy of iMessage.
 - Set MessageCopy. **DestinationFormatName** to SingleOpenQueue. **FormatName**.
 - Generate an Enqueue Message event with the following arguments:
 - iQueue := SingleOpenQueue
 - iMessage := MessageCopy
 - iTransaction := iTransaction (if supplied)
 - If the rStatus returned by the Enqueue Message event is not MQ_OK (0x00000000), set rStatus to the returned value, and take no further action.
- Set rStatus to zero.

3.1.7.1.28 Add Message To Dispatch Collection

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- iData: Protocol-specific data.
- iPosition: A reference to a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Create a new DispatchEntry (section 3.1.1.18) ADM element instance, referred to as newDispatchEntry, and populate it as follows:
 - Set newDispatchEntry.MessagePositionReference to iPosition.
 - Set newDispatchEntry.ProtocolData to iData.
 - Set newDispatchEntry.Priority to the sum of iPosition.QueueReference.BasePriority and the Priority ADM attribute of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance referenced by iPosition.MessageReference.
 - Set newDispatchEntry.SendInProgress to False.
- Atomically add newDispatchEntry to LocalQueueManager.DispatchCollection.
- Raise a Dispatch Send Message (section 3.1.7.3.9) event.

3.1.7.1.29 Remove Message From Dispatch Collection

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iPosition*: A reference to a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Atomically find and remove the DispatchEntry (section 3.1.1.18) ADM element instance from LocalQueueManager.DispatchCollection, if present, where DispatchEntry.MessagePositionReference equals iPosition.
- Raise a Dispatch Send Message (section 3.1.7.3.9) event.

3.1.7.1.30 Construct a UserMessage Packet

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

iMessage: A Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance.

Return Value:

rUserMessage: A UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20) constructed in accordance with the attributes of iMessage.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Construct a UserMessage Packet that conforms to the rules specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.
- Assign the constructed **UserMessage Packet** to *rUserMessage*.
- Construct and include the following headers in *rUserMessage* based on the attributes of *iMessage*.

Header	Constructed and included when
TransactionHeader ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.5)	<pre>iMessage.TransactionIdentifier is specified; rUserMessage.UserHeader.Flags.TH MUST be set.</pre>
SecurityHeader ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.6)	<pre>iMessage.AuthenticationLevel is not set to None; rUserMessage.UserHeader.Flags.SH MUST be set.</pre>
MessagePropertiesHeader ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.19.3)	Any one of iMessage.CorrelationIdentifier, iMessage.BodyType, iMessage.AppSpecific, iMessage.MessageBody, iMessage.Body, iMessage.PrivacyLevel, iMessage.HashAlgorithm, iMessage.EncryptionAlgorithm, iMessage.Extension, or iMessage.Label is specified; rUserMessage.UserHeader.Flags.MP MUST be set.
DebugHeader ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.8)	<pre>iMessage.TracingQueueIdentifier is specified; rUserMessage.UserHeader.Flags.DH MUST be set.</pre>
MultiQueueFormatHeader ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.1)	<pre>iMessage.DestinationMultiQueueFormatName is specified; rUserMessage.UserHeader.Flags.MQ MUST be set.</pre>

3.1.7.1.31 Deserialize Message From Buffer

The Deserialize Message From Buffer event MUST be generated with the following input argument:

• *iBuffer*: A **UserMessage Packet** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20) structure.

Return Values:

• *rMessage*: A Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that corresponds to the **UserMessage Packet** stored in *iBuffer*.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

97 / 139

- Set *rMessage* to a newly created instance of the **Message** ADM element.
- Set the attributes of *rMessage* according to the following table and rule set. If a header does not exist in *iBuffer*, as determined by the **Flags** fields in the **BaseHeader** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.19.1) and the **Flags** fields in the **UserHeader** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.19.2), the corresponding attributes of *rMessage* MUST be skipped.

rMessage attribute	iBuffer (UserMessage Packet)
AuthenticationLevel	Refer to the following table for Message.Authentication
Priority	BaseHeader.Flags.PR
TracingRequested	BaseHeader.Flags.TR
TimeToReachQueue	BaseHeader.TimeToReachQueue
ВодуТуре	MessagePropertiesHeader.BodyType
EncryptionAlgorithm	MessagePropertiesHeader.EncryptionAlgorithm
HashAlgorithm	MessagePropertiesHeader.HashAlgorithm
AppSpecific	MessagePropertiesHeader.ApplicationTag
CorrelationIdentifier	MessagePropertiesHeader.CorrelationID
AcknowledgementsRequested	MessagePropertiesHeader.Flags
Class	MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageClass
Extension	MessagePropertiesHeader.ExtensionData
Label	MessagePropertiesHeader.Label
Body	MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageBody
PrivacyLevel	MessagePropertiesHeader.PrivacyLevel
AuthenticationProviderType	SecurityHeader.SecurityData.ProviderInfo.ProviderType
AuthenticationProviderName	SecurityHeader.SecurityData.ProviderInfo.ProviderName
SenderIdentifierType	SecurityHeader.Flags.ST
SymmetricKey	SecurityHeader.SecurityData.EncryptionKey
SenderIdentifier	SecurityHeader.SecurityData.SecurityID
SenderCertificate	SecurityHeader.SecurityData.SenderCert
FinalAckRequired	TransactionHeader.Flags.FA
TransactionIdentifier	TransactionHeader.Flags.ID
TransactionSequenceNumber	TransactionHeader.TxSequenceNumber
TransactionalMessageSequenceIdentifier	TransactionHeader.TxSequenceID
ConnectorQueueManagerIdentifier	TransactionHeader.ConnectorQMGuid
FirstInTransaction	TransactionHeader.Flags.FM
LastInTransaction	TransactionHeader.Flags.LM

rMessage attribute	iBuffer (UserMessage Packet)
DestinationQueueManagerIdentifier	UserHeader.QueueManagerAddress
SentTime	UserHeader.SentTime
DestinationQueueType	UserHeader.Flags.DQ
AdministrationQueueType	UserHeader.Flags.AQ
ResponseQueueType	UserHeader.Flags.RQ
TimeToBeReceived	UserHeader.TimeToBeReceived
Identifier	UserHeader.Message.ID
SourceMachineIdentifier	UserHeader.SourceQueueManager
AdministrationQueueFormatName	UserHeader.AdminQueue
DestinationQueueFormatName	UserHeader.DestinationQueue
DeliveryGuarantee	UserHeader.Flags.DM
PositiveJournalingRequested	UserHeader.Flags.JP
NegativeJournalingRequested	UserHeader.Flags.JN
ResponseQueueFormatName	UserHeader.ResponseQueue
DestinationMultiQueueFormatName	MultiQueueFormatHeader.Destination
AdministrationMultiQueueFormatName	MultiQueueFormatHeader.Administration
ResponseMultiQueueFormatName	MultiQueueFormatHeader.Response
MultipleDestinationSignature	MultiQueueFormatHeader.Signature
TracingQueueIdentifier	DebugHeader.QueueIdentifier

rMessage.**AuthenticationLevel** MUST be set to values corresponding to the **UserHeader.Flags.AU** field, which indicates the type of signature used to sign the message.

UserHeader.SecurityHeader.Flags.AU	rMessage.AuthenticationLevel
0x0	None
0x1	Sig10
0x3	Sig20
0x5	Sig30

The following tables specify the mappings of possible constant enumeration values for fields defined in **MessagePropertiesHeader** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.19.3), **UserHeader** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.19.2), and **SecurityHeader** ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.6) and for QueueFormatType to the corresponding *rMessage* attribute values. The **MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageClass** enumeration names are defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.6.

MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageClass	rMessage.Class	Constant values
MQMSG_CLASS_NORMAL	Normal	0x0000
MQMSG_CLASS_REPORT	Report	0x0001
MQMSG_CLASS_ACK_REACH_QUEUE	AckReachQueue	0x0002
MQMSG_CLASS_ACK_RECEIVE	AckReceive	0x4000
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_DST_Q	NackBadDestQueue	0x8000
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_DELETED	NackPurged	0x8001
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_REACH_QUEUE_TIMEOUT	NackReachQueueTimeout	0x8002
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_EXCEED_QUOTA	NackQueueExceedQuota	0x8003
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_ACCESS_DENIED	NackAccessDenied	0x8004
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_HOP_COUNT_EXCEEDED	NackHopCountExceeded	0x8005
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_SIGNATURE	NackBadSignature	0x8006
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_ENCRYPTION	NackBadEncryption	0x8007
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_NOT_TRANSACTIONAL_Q	NackNotTransactionalQueue	0x8009
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_NOT_TRANSACTIONAL_MSG	NackNotTransactionalMessage	0x800A
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_UNSUPPORTED_CRYPTO_PROVIDER	NackUnsupportedCryptoProvider	0x800B
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_DELETED	NackQueueDeleted	0xC000
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_PURGED	NackQueuePurged	0xC001
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_RECEIVE_TIMEOUT	NackReceiveTimeout	0xC002
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_RECEIVE_REJECTED	NackReceiveRejected	0xC004

MessagePropertiesHeader.PrivacyLevel	rMessage.PrivacyLevel
0x00000000	None
0x00000001	Base
0x00000003	Enhanced
0x00000005	Advanced

UserHeader.Flags.JP	rMessage.PositiveJournalingRequested
1	True
0	False

UserHeader.Flags.JN	rMessage.NegativeJournalingRequested
1	True
0	False

MessagePropertiesHeader.EncryptionAlgorithm	rMessage.EncryptionAlgorithm
0x00006602	RC2
0x00006801	RC4
0x00006610	AES256
0x0000660E	AES128
0x0000660F	AES192

MessagePropertiesHeader.HashAlgorithm	rMessage.HashAlgorithm
0x00008001	MD2
0x00008002	MD4
0x00008003	MD4
0x00008004	SHA1
0x0000800C	SHA_256
0x0000800E	SHA_512

QueueFormatType	rMessage.DestinationQueueType
0x3	PrivateQueue
0x5	PublicQueue
0x7	DirectQueue

QueueFormatType	rMessage.AdministrationQueueType
0x0	None
0x2	PrivateQueueOnSource
0x3	PrivateQueueOnDestination
0x5	PublicQueue
0x6	PrivateQueueOnOther
0x7	DirectQueue

QueueFormatType	rMessage.ResponseQueueType
0x0	None
0x1	SameAsAdministrationQueue
0x2	PrivateQueueOnSource
0x3	PrivateQueueOnDestination
0x4	PrivateQueueOnAdmin
0x5	PublicQueue
0x6	PrivateQueueOnOther
0x7	DirectQueue

SecurityHeader.Flags.ST	Message.SenderIdentifierType
0x0	None
0x1	Sid
0x2	QueueManagerIdentifier

3.1.7.1.32 Serialize Message to Buffer

The Serialize Message to Buffer event MUST be generated with the following input arguments:

- iMessage: A Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that is to be serialized.
- *iBuffer*: A pointer to a UserMessage Packet ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20) structure that has been constructed from *iMessage*.

Return Values:

None.

The queue manager MUST serialize *iMessage* to *iBuffer* according to the rules set in the following table. When serializing from a **Message** ADM element attribute (right column) to a **UserMessage Packet** field (left column), the **UserMessage Packet** fields on the left either MUST be set to the corresponding **Message** ADM element attributes on the right or MUST be computed as shown. After the message is serialized, the queue manager MUST set *iBuffer*.**BaseHeader**.**PacketSize** to the size, in bytes, of the entire **UserMessage Packet** structure referenced by *iBuffer*.

UserMessage Packet field	Message ADM element attribute
BaseHeader.Flags.PR	If the UserMessage Packet contains a TransactionHeader ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.5), this field MUST be set to 0x0, and the receiver MUST ignore it; otherwise, it MUST be set to the value of Message.Priority .
BaseHeader.Flags.TR	Message.TracingRequested

UserMessage Packet field	Message ADM element attribute
BaseHeader.Flags.DH	Message.TracingRequested
BaseHeader.TimeToReachQueue	Message.TimeToReachQueue
MessagePropertiesHeader.LabelLength	This field is the string length of Message.Label .
MessagePropertiesHeader.BodyType	Message.BodyType
MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageSize	This field MUST be set to the size in bytes of the length of Message.Body .
MessagePropertiesHeader.ExtensionSize	This field MUST be set to the size in bytes of the length of the Message.Extension .
MessagePropertiesHeader.EncryptionAlgorithm	Message.EncryptionAlgorithm
MessagePropertiesHeader.HashAlgorithm	Message.HashAlgorithm
MessagePropertiesHeader.ApplicationTag	Message.AppSpecific
MessagePropertiesHeader.CorrelationID	Message.CorrelationIdentifier
MessagePropertiesHeader.Flags	Message.AcknowledgementsRequested
MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageClass	Message.Class
MessagePropertiesHeader.ExtensionData	Message.Extension
MessagePropertiesHeader.Label	Message.Label
MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageBody	Message.Body
MessagePropertiesHeader.PrivacyLevel	Message.PrivacyLevel
SecurityHeader.Flags.AU	This field MUST be set to zero.
SecurityHeader.Flags.AS	This field MUST be set to zero.
SecurityHeader.Flags.EB	This field MUST be set to 1 if the Message.PrivacyLevel is not None ; otherwise, it MUST be set to zero.
SecurityHeader.SenderCertSize	This field MUST be set to the size, in bytes, of the digital certificate signature in the Message.SenderCertificate .
SecurityHeader.ProviderInfoSize	This field MUST be set to the size, in bytes, of Message.AuthenticationProviderName plus 4 bytes.
SecurityHeader.Flags.DE	This field MUST be set to 0x1 when the signature is produced by the message queuing system as specified in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.20.6. It MUST be set to 0x0 when the signature is produced by the application with an alternative security provider.
SecurityHeader.SecurityData.ProviderInfo.ProviderT ype	Message.AuthenticationProviderType
SecurityHeader.SecurityData.ProviderInfo.ProviderN ame	Message.AuthenticationProviderName
SecurityHeader.Flags.ST	Message.SenderIdentifierType

UserMessage Packet field	Message ADM element attribute
SecurityHeader.SecurityData.Signature	Message.Signature
SecurityHeader.SecurityData.EncryptionKey	Message.SymmetricKey
SecurityHeader.SecurityData.SecurityID	Message.SenderIdentifier
SecurityHeader.SecurityData.SenderCert	Message.SenderCertificate
TransactionHeader.Flags.FA	Message.FinalAckRequired
TransactionHeader.Flags.ID	Message.TransactionIdentifier
TransactionHeader.TxSequenceNumber	Message.TransactionSequenceNumber
TransactionHeader.PreviousTxSequenceNumber	Message.TransactionPreviousSequenceNumbe r
TransactionHeader.TxSequenceID	Message.TransactionalMessageSequenceIdent ifier
TransactionHeader.ConnectorQMGuid	Message.ConnectorQueueManagerIdentifier
TransactionHeader.Flags.FM	Message.FirstInTransaction
TransactionHeader.Flags.LM	Message.LastInTransaction
UserHeader.QueueManagerAddress	Message.DestinationQueueManagerIdentifier
UserHeader.ConnectorType	Message.ConnectorTypeIdentifier
UserHeader.SentTime	Message.SentTime
UserHeader.Flags.DQ	Message.DestinationQueueType
UserHeader.Flags.AQ	Message.AdministrationQueueType
UserHeader.Flags.RQ	Message.ResponseQueueType
UserHeader.TimeToBeReceived	Message.TimeToBeReceived
UserHeader.MessageID	Message.Identifier
UserHeader.SourceQueueManager	Message.SourceMachineIdentifier
UserHeader.AdminQueue	Message.AdministrationQueueFormatName
UserHeader.DestinationQueue	Message.DestinationQueueFormatName
UserHeader.Flags.DM	Message.DeliveryGuarantee
UserHeader.Flags.JP	PositiveJournalingRequested
UserHeader.Flags.JN	NegativeJournalingRequested
UserHeader.ResponseQueue	Message.ResponseQueueFormatName
MultiQueueFormatHeader.Destination	Message.DestinationMultiQueueFormatName
MultiQueueFormatHeader.Administration	Message.AdministrationMultiQueueFormatNa me

UserMessage Packet field	Message ADM element attribute
MultiQueueFormatHeader.Signature	Message.MultipleDestinationSignature
DebugHeader.Flags.QT	This field MUST be set to 1 if Message.TracingQueueIdentifier is set; otherwise, it MUST be set to zero.
DebugHeader.QueueIdentifier	Message.TracingQueueIdentifier

The following tables list the constant values corresponding to the listed enumerations. The **MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageClass** enumeration names are defined in [MS-MQMQ] section 2.2.18.1.6.

MessagePropertiesHeader.MessageClass	Message.Class	Constant Values
MQMSG_CLASS_NORMAL	Normal	0x0000
MQMSG_CLASS_REPORT	Report	0x0001
MQMSG_CLASS_ACK_REACH_QUEUE	AckReachQueue	0x0002
MQMSG_CLASS_ACK_RECEIVE	AckReceive	0x4000
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_DST_Q	NackBadDestQueue	0x8000
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_DELETED	NackPurged	0x8001
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_REACH_QUEUE_TIMEOUT	NackReachQueueTimeout	0x8002
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_EXCEED_QUOTA	NackQueueExceedQuota	0x8003
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_ACCESS_DENIED	NackAccessDenied	0x8004
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_HOP_COUNT_EXCEEDED	NackHopCountExceeded	0x8005
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_SIGNATURE	NackBadSignature	0x8006
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_BAD_ENCRYPTION	NackBadEncryption	0x8007
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_NOT_TRANSACTIONAL_Q	NackNotTransactionalQueue	0x8009
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_NOT_TRANSACTIONAL_MSG	NackNotTransactionalMessage	0x800A
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_UNSUPPORTED_CRYPTO_PROVIDER	NackUnsupportedCryptoProvider	0x800B
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_DELETED	NackQueueDeleted	0xC000
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_Q_PURGED	NackQueuePurged	0xC001
MQMSG_CLASS_NACK_RECEIVE_TIMEOUT	NackReceiveTimeout	0xC002

MessagePropertiesHeader.PrivacyLevel	Message.PrivacyLevel
0x00000000	None
0x00000001	Base
0×00000003	Enhanced

MessagePropertiesHeader.PrivacyLevel	Message.PrivacyLevel
0x00000005	Advanced

UserHeader.Flags.JP	PositiveJournalingRequested
1	True
0	False

UserHeader.Flags.JN	NegativeJournalingRequested
1	True
0	False

MessagePropertiesHeader.EncryptionAlgorithm	Message.EncryptionAlgorithm
0x00006602	RC2
0x00006801	RC4
0x00006610	AES256
0x0000660E	AES128
0x0000660F	AES192

MessagePropertiesHeader.HashAlgorithm	Message.HashAlgorithm
0x00008001	MD2
0x00008002	MD4
0x00008003	MD5
0x00008004	SHA1
0x0000800C	SHA_256
0×0000800E	SHA_512

QueueFormatType	Message.DestinationQueueType
0x3	PrivateQueue
0x5	PublicQueue
0x7	DirectQueue

QueueFormatType	Message.AdministrationQueueType
0x0	None
0x2	PrivateQueueOnSource
0x3	PrivateQueueOnDestination
0x5	PublicQueue
0x6	PrivateQueueOnOther
0x7	DirectQueue

QueueFormatType	Message.ResponseQueueType
0x0	None
0x1	SameAsAdministrationQueue
0x2	PrivateQueueOnSource
0x3	PrivateQueueOnDestination
0x4	PrivateQueueOnAdmin
0x5	PublicQueue
0x6	PrivateQueueOnOther
0x7	DirectQueue

SecurityHeader.Flags.ST	Message.SenderIdentifierType
0x0	None
0x1	Sid
0x2	QueueManagerIdentifier

3.1.7.1.33 Set Queue Defaults

This event is called to initialize a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance with default values for certain attributes. The caller uses this event to set default attribute values on a **Queue** ADM element instance, then sets additional attribute values, and finally passes the **Queue** ADM element instance to the Create Queue (section 3.1.7.1.3) event.

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueue*: A **Queue** ADM element instance on which to set default ADM attribute values.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

 Set the ADM attributes of the Queue ADM element instance to the values listed in the following table.

ADM attribute	Default value
Label	Empty Unicode string
Туре	NULL GUID
Journaling	False
Quota	0xfffffff
JournalQuota	0xfffffff
Authentication	False
PrivacyLevel	Optional
Transactional	False
MulticastAddress	NULL
Security	A SECURITY_DESCRIPTOR ([MS-DTYP] section 2.4.6) structure, generated as specified in section 3.1.7.1.3.1.
BasePriority	zero

3.1.7.1.34 Remove Messages From Dispatch Collection By Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

iOutgoingQueue: A reference to an OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

 Atomically find and remove all DispatchEntry (section 3.1.1.18) ADM element instances from LocalQueueManager.DispatchCollection, where DispatchEntry.MessagePositionReference.Queue equals iOutgoingQueue.

3.1.7.2 Events Consumed By Related Protocols

The following events MUST be processed by the core queue manager.

Protocol implementations that are co-located with the queue manager can also consume these events and do additional processing.

3.1.7.2.1 Message Position Deleted

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueue*: A reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance from which the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance is to be deleted.
- *iPosition*: A reference to the **MessagePosition** ADM element instance that is to be deleted.
- iReason: One of the enumerated values for the Class ADM attribute of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element. This argument is used by other protocols that consume this event.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- Decrement iQueue. Total Bytes by the value of the storage space, in bytes, consumed by the headers and body of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance referenced by iPosition. Message Reference.
- Set iPosition.State to Deleted.
- Remove iPosition from iQueue.MessagePositionList as per the rules specified for the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element.

3.1.7.2.2 Message Position Available

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueue*: A reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in which the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance has become available.
- *iPosition*: A reference to the **MessagePosition** ADM element instance that has become available.

Return Value:

None.

- Increment iQueue. TotalBytes by the value of the storage space, in bytes, consumed by the headers and body of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance referenced by iPosition. MessageReference.
- Set iPosition.State to Available
- For each *OpenQueueDescriptor* in *iQueue*.**OpenQueueDescriptorCollection**:
 - For each iReader in OpenQueueDescriptor. WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection:
 - Generate a Waiting Message Read Satisfied (section 3.1.7.3.6) event with the following argument values:
 - iReader := iReader
 - iPosition := iPosition
 - If iReader.DestructiveRead is True:
 - Discontinue processing this event and take no further action. Any iReaders in iQueue. WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection that have not yet been processed remain blocked until another Message Position Available event is raised on the same queue.

- Else
 - Wait for a Release Next Reader (section 3.1.7.3.7) event where the iReleaseOnQueue argument is equal to the iQueue argument.

3.1.7.2.3 Pause Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueue*: A reference to an OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance that is to be paused.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

Set iQueue.State = OnHold.

3.1.7.2.4 Resume Queue

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

 iQueue: A reference to an OutgoingQueue (section 3.1.1.3) ADM element instance that is to be resumed.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

Set iQueue.State = Inactive.

3.1.7.2.5 Begin Flow Control

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

Change the Throttled ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element instance to True.

3.1.7.2.6 End Flow Control

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None

Return Value:

None.

 Change the Throttled ADM attribute of the LocalQueueManager ADM element instance to False.

3.1.7.2.7 Time To Be Received Timer Expired

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

iMessage: A reference to the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that has expired.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If iMessage.TransactionIdentifier is not NULL:
 - Set iMessage.MessagePositionReference.State to Locked.
 - Create a new TransactionalOperation (section 3.1.1.13) ADM element instance with the following attribute values:
 - OperationType := Dequeue.
 - MessagePositionReference := *iMessage*.MessagePositionReference.
 - DequeueReason := NackReceiveTimeout.
 - Find the Transaction (section 3.1.1.14) ADM element instance in QueueManager.TransactionCollection whose Identifier attribute equals iMessage.TransactionIdentifier. Add the new TransactionalOperation ADM element instance to the end of the TransactionalOperationCollection attribute of that Transaction ADM element instance.
- Else:
 - Generate the Message Position Deleted (section 3.1.7.2.1) event with the following arguments:
 - *iQueue* := *iMessage*.**MessagePositionReference**.**QueueReference**
 - iPosition := iMessage.MessagePositionReference
 - iReason := NackReceiveTimeout

3.1.7.3 Internal Events

The following local events are used internally by the queue manager. Protocol implementations MUST NOT raise these events.

3.1.7.3.1 Wait For New Message

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueueDesc*: A reference to an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance on which this event waits.
- *iTimeout*: The amount of time to wait in seconds.
- *iDestructiveRead*: A Boolean value that when True indicates that the generator of this event will destructively consume the new message.

- *iTag* (Optional): A unique identifier passed by the invoker of this event that identifies this particular wait request
- *iCursor* (Optional): A reference to a Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance that is associated with this wait request.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A status code indicating whether a new message was successfully retrieved that can be one of the following:
 - Success
 - Failed
- *rMessagePosition*: A reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that has become available in *iQueueDesc*. If *rStatus* is not MQ_OK (0x00000000), the value of this argument is undefined.

- If iQueueDesc.QueueReference is NULL:
 - Set rStatus to Failed.
 - Take no further action.
- If the *iTimeout* argument is less-than-or-equal-to zero (0):
 - Set rStatus to Failed.
 - Take no further action.
- Else:
 - Create a new WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance, referred to as readOp, with the following ADM attribute values:
 - DestructiveRead := iDestructiveRead.
 - Tag := iTag or NULL if iTag is not supplied
 - **CursorReference** := *iCursor* or NULL if *iCursor* is not supplied
 - Add the new **WaitingMessageReadOperation** ADM element instance to *iQueueDesc*. **WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection**.
 - Generate a Waiting Message Read Timer Start (section 3.1.7.3.4) event with the following arguments:
 - iReader := readOp
 - *iTimeout* = *iTimeout*
 - Wait for one of the following events to occur:
 - Waiting Message Read Timer Stop (section 3.1.7.3.5) (where iReader is equivalent to the readOp created preceding):
 - Set *rStatus* to *rStatus* returned from the Waiting Message Read Timer Stop event.

- Waiting Message Read Satisfied (section 3.1.7.3.6) (where iReader is equivalent to the readOp created preceding):
 - Set rStatus to Success.
 - Set rMessagePosition to iPosition from the Waiting Message Read Satisfied event.
- Cancel the Waiting Message Read Timer (section 3.1.2.3) created preceding.
- Delete the WaitingMessageReadOperation ADM element instance from iQueueDesc.WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection.

3.1.7.3.2 Seek Available Message Position

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iInitialPosition*: A reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance from which iteration commences.
- iQueue: A reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in which the iteration occurs.
- *iPeekOperation*: A Boolean that indicates if this seek is for a non-destructive read operation.
- *iSeekDirection* (Optional): An enumeration that defines the direction in which to seek. This enumeration MUST have one of the following values:
 - Forward (default)
 - Backward

Return Value:

rMessagePosition: A reference to a MessagePosition ADM element instance that is available in iQueue or the special End position defined for the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of a Queue ADM element instance. The End position indicates that no message was available.

- Define iIterator as a reference to a MessagePosition ADM element instance for the purpose of iterating iQueue.MessagePositionList and set it to iInitialPosition.
- If *iSeekDirection* is **Forward** or if the *iSeekDirection* argument is not supplied:
 - If *iIterator* is equivalent to the **StartMessagePosition** ADM element instance defined for *iQueue*.**MessagePositionList**:
 - Set iIterator to iQueue.MessagePositionList.Head
 - Else:
 - Set iIterator to iInitialPosition.Next.
 - While iIterator is not equivalent to iQueue. MessagePositionList. End and iIterator. State is not Available:
 - If iIterator.State is Locked and iPeekOperation is True and iIterator.MessageReference.AllowPeekWhenLocked is True:
 - Set rMessagePosition to iIterator
 - Take no further action

- Set iIterator to iIterator.Next.
- Else:
 - If iIterator is equivalent to the EndMessagePosition ADM element instance defined for iQueue.MessagePositionList:
 - Set iIterator to iQueue.MessagePositionList.Tail
 - Else:
 - Set iIterator to iInitialPosition.Previous.
 - While iIterator is not equivalent to iQueue.MessagePositionList.Start and iIterator.State is not Available:
 - If iIterator.State is Locked and iPeekOperation is True and iIterator.MessageReference.AllowPeekWhenLocked is True:
 - Set rMessagePosition to iIterator
 - Take no further action
 - Set iIterator to iIterator.Previous.
- Set rMessagePosition to iIterator.

3.1.7.3.3 Seek Available Message Position With Id

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iQueue*: A reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance in which the iteration occurs.
- iLookupId: A value that contains the LookupIdentifier ADM attribute of the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance that is to be read from the queue.
- iPeekOperation: A Boolean that indicates whether this seek is for a non-destructive read operation.
- *iLookupAction*: A **MessageSeekAction** enumerated value.

Return Values:

- rMessagePosition: A reference to a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that
 is available in iQueue or the special End position defined for the MessagePositionList ADM
 attribute of a Queue ADM element instance. The End position indicates that no message is
 available.
- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - MQ_OK (0x00000000)
 - MQ ERROR MESSAGE ALREADY RECEIVED (0xC00E001D)
 - MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_NOT_FOUND (0xC00E0088)
 - MQ ERROR TRANSACTION USAGE (0xC00E0050)

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

Set rStatus to MQ OK.

- Find the **MessagePosition** ADM element instance, referred to as *iInitialPosition*, in *iQueue*. **MessagePositionList** such that *iInitialPosition*. **MessageReference**. **LookupIdentifier** is equal to the supplied *iLookupId*.
- If no such **MessagePosition** ADM element instance is found:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_NOT_FOUND.
 - Take no further action.
- Depending on the value of iLookupAction, perform the following actions:

SeekFirst:

- Generate a Seek Available Message Position (section 3.1.7.3.2) event with the following arguments:
 - iInitialPosition := Start
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iPeekOperation := iPeekOperation
 - iSeekDirection := Forward
- Set rMessagePosition to the rMessagePosition returned by the Seek Available Message Position event.

SeekPrevious:

- Generate a Seek Available Message Position event with the following arguments:
 - iInitialPosition := iInitialPosition
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - *iPeekOperation* := *iPeekOperation*
 - iSeekDirection := Backward
- Set rMessagePosition to the rMessagePosition returned by the Seek Available Message Position event.

SeekCurrent:

- Find the **MessagePosition** ADM element instance in *iQueue*.**MessagePositionList**, referred to as *messagePos*, for which *messagePos*.**ReferenceMessage.LookupIdentifier** equals *iLookupId*.
- If no such MessagePosition ADM element instance is found:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_NOT_FOUND.
- Else if the MessagePosition ADM element instance is found:
 - If messagePos.State is Available:
 - Set rMessagePosition to messagePos.
 - Else if *iPeekOperation* is True:
 - If messagePos.State is Locked:

- If messagePos.MessageReference.AllowPeekWhileLocked is True:
 - Set rMessagePosition to messagePos.
- Else:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_TRANSACTION_USAGE.
- Else if *messagePos*.**State** is **Deleted**:
 - Set rStatus to MQ_ERROR_MESSAGE_ALREADY_RECEIVED.
- Else:
 - Set rStatus to MQ ERROR MESSAGE NOT FOUND.

SeekNext:

- Generate a Seek Available Message Position event with the following arguments:
 - iInitialPosition := iInitialPosition
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iPeekOperation := iPeekOperation
 - iSeekDirection := Forward
- Set rMessagePosition to the rMessagePosition returned by the Seek Available Message Position event.

SeekLast:

- Generate a Seek Available Message Position event with the following arguments:
 - iInitialPosition := End
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - iPeekOperation := iPeekOperation
 - iSeekDirection := Backward
- Set rMessagePosition to the rMessagePosition returned by the Seek Available Message Position event.

3.1.7.3.4 Waiting Message Read Timer Start

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iReader*: A reference to the WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance that was added to the **WaitingMessageReadOperationCollection** ADM attribute of an OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance.
- *iTimeout*: The amount of time to wait, in seconds, before generating a Waiting Message Read Timer Stop (section 3.1.7.3.5) event.

Return Values:

None.

• Start a Waiting Message Read Timer (section 3.1.2.3). The *iTimeout* and *iReader* arguments MUST be provided to this timer at initialization.

3.1.7.3.5 Waiting Message Read Timer Stop

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- iReader: A reference to the WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance that has timed out.
- iStatus: A status code that indicates whether the timer expired or the event was canceled.

Return Value:

rStatus: The status code that represents the reason that the event was generated.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

Set rStatus to iStatus.

This event is consumed by the Wait For New Message (section 3.1.7.3.1) internal event.

3.1.7.3.6 Waiting Message Read Satisfied

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

- *iReader*: A reference to the WaitingMessageReadOperation (section 3.1.1.10) ADM element instance that has been satisfied.
- *iPosition*: A reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that satisfies the waiting reader.

Return Values:

None.

This event is consumed by the Wait For New Message (section 3.1.7.3.1) internal event.

3.1.7.3.7 Release Next Reader

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iReleaseOnQueue*: A reference to the queue on which to release the next waiting reader.

Return Values:

None.

This event is consumed by the Message Position Available (section 3.1.7.2.2) internal event.

3.1.7.3.8 Expand Format Name

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

iInputFormatName: A format name as defined in [MS-MQMQ] sections 2.1.2 through 2.1.7.

Return Values:

• *rStatus*: A Boolean that is TRUE if the expansion is successful or FALSE if not. If this value is FALSE, the contents of *rOutputFormatName* are undefined.

rOutputFormatName: A format name as defined in [MS-MQMQ] sections 2.1.2, 2.1.3, 2.1.4, 2.1.6, and 2.1.7 in which all distribution format name elements have been resolved; if rOutputFormatName is a multiple-element format name, it MUST NOT contain duplicate elements.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If iInputFormatName is not a distribution list format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.5) and is not a
 multiple-element format name ([MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.7):
 - Set rOutputFormatName to iInputFormatName.
 - Set rStatus to TRUE.
 - Take no further action.
- Let OutputElements be a list of single-element format names. If iInputFormatName is a distribution list format name, OutputElements is initialized to contain one element, which is iInputFormatName. If iInputFormatName is a multiple-element format name, OutputElements is initialized to contain the elements of iInputFormatName.
- For each format name in *OutputElements*, referred to as *SingleFormatName*:
 - If SingleFormatName is a distribution list format name:
 - Generate a Resolve Distribution List ([MS-MQDSSM] section 3.1.6.9) event with the following argument:
 - *iDLFormatName* := the distribution list format name
 - If the *rStatus* returned by the Resolve Distribution List event is not **DirectoryOperationResult.Success**, set *rStatus* to FALSE, and take no further action.
 - Otherwise, remove *SingleFormatName* from *OutputElements*, and add the format names returned in *rFormatNameCollection* to the end of *OutputElements*.
- Perform a case-insensitive sort of the format names in *OutputElements*. For any groups of format names that are case-insensitively identical to each other, remove all but one.
- If there is only one format name in OutputElements:
 - Set *rOutputFormatName* to the single format name in *OutputElements*.
 - Set rStatus to TRUE.
 - Take no further action.
- Set *rOutputFormatName* to a multiple-element format name constructed by concatenating the format names in *OutputElements*, separated by commas (",").
- Set rStatus to TRUE.

3.1.7.3.9 Dispatch Send Message

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

None.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following steps in a single atomic operation:

Release: June 25, 2021

- If no DispatchEntry (section 3.1.1.18) ADM element instance in the LocalQueueManager.DispatchCollection has a SendInProgress ADM attribute with a value of True, the protocol MUST perform the following actions:
 - Within LocalQueueManager.DispatchCollection, find the DispatchEntry ADM element instance with the highest Priority ADM attribute for which the Queue.Active ADM attribute of the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance referenced by DispatchEntry. MessagePositionReference equals True and for which the State ADM attribute is not Deleted. This DispatchEntry ADM element instance is referred to as nextEntryToBeDispatched.
 - Set nextEntryToBeDispatched.SendInProgress to True.
 - If nextEntryToBeDispatched.**ProtocolData** is not NULL, raise a Send User Message Wrapper ([MS-MQQB] section 3.1.7.16) event with the following arguments:
 - *iPosition* := *nextEntryToBeDispatched*.**ProtocolData**
 - iMessagePosition := nextEntryToBeDispatched.MessagePositionReference
 - Otherwise, raise a Send User Message Wrapper ([MC-MQSRM] section 3.1.7.8) event with the following arguments:
 - iPosition := NULL
 - iMessagePosition := nextEntryToBeDispatched.MessagePositionReference

3.2 Cursor

This section describes the abstract data model, state machine, and processing rules for an iterator over a list of messages in a queue. A queue manager maintains a collection of instances of this ADM element. This collection is shared between multiple MSMQ protocol implementations that are colocated on the same queue manager.

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

3.2.1.1 State Diagram

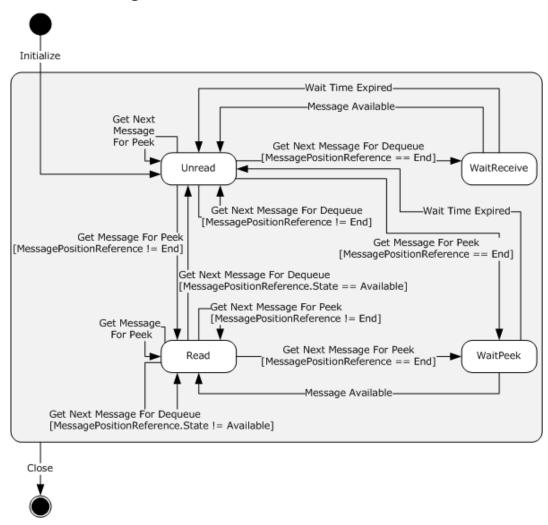


Figure 3: Cursor state transition machine

The following events can cause transitions in this state machine:

- Get Message For Peek (section 3.2.7.2)
- Get Next Message For Peek (section 3.2.7.3)
- Get Next Message For Dequeue (section 3.2.7.4)
- Message Available (section 3.2.7.5)
- Wait Time Expired (section 3.2.7.6)

For details of the Cursor states, see section 3.2.1.2.

3.2.1.2 State Definition

The Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element describes the attributes of an iterator over the **MessagePositionList** ADM attribute of a Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance. This ADM element MUST contain the following ADM attributes:

Handle: A numeric value that identifies the **Cursor** ADM element instance. This value MUST be unique across all **Cursor** ADM element instances on the local queue manager.

OpenQueueDescriptorReference: A reference to the OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that specifies the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance over which the **Cursor** ADM element instance iterates.

MessagePositionReference: A reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance in the **MessagePositionList** ADM attribute of the **Queue** ADM element instance, or a reference to either the **Start** or **End** positions defined for the **MessagePositionList** ADM attribute of a **Queue** ADM element instance.

CursorState: Specifies the state of the **Cursor** ADM element instance. This MUST have one of the following values:

- Unread: This state indicates that the Message (section 3.1.1.12) ADM element instance referenced by the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute has not been retrieved using the Cursor ADM element instance.
- WaitReceive: This state indicates that a Get Next Message For Dequeue (section 3.2.7.4) event
 was generated with the Cursor ADM element instance as the argument and that no
 MessagePosition ADM element instance in the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the
 Queue ADM element instance is in the Available state.
- WaitPeek: This state indicates that a Get Next Message For Peek (section 3.2.7.3) or a Get Message For Peek (section 3.2.7.2) event was generated with the Cursor ADM element instance as the argument and that no MessagePosition ADM element instance in the MessagePositionList ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element instance is in the Available state.
- **Read**: This state indicates that the message in the **MessagePositionReference** ADM attribute has been retrieved using the **Cursor** ADM element instance.

3.2.2 Timers

None.

3.2.3 Initialization

None.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

3.2.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

None.

3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

3.2.7.1 Initialize

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iQueueDesc:* An OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that represents the queue to iterate over.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If iQueueDesc.QueueReference is NULL:
 - Take no further action.
- Set the **Handle** ADM attribute of the Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance to a value that is unique across all **Cursor** ADM element instances on the local queue manager.
- Set the **OpenQueueDescriptorReference** ADM attribute of the **Cursor** ADM element instance to *iQueueDesc*.
- Set the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to iQueueDesc.QueueReference.MessagePositionList.Start.
- Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to Unread.

3.2.7.2 Get Message For Peek

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

None.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - Succeeded
 - AlreadyReceived
 - Waiting
- rPosition: A reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that contains the returned message. This value is undefined if rStatus is not set to Succeeded.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

 Define iQueue as a reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance referenced by the QueueReference ADM attribute of the OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that is referenced by the OpenQueueDescriptorReference ADM attribute of the Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance.

- Select from the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance:
 - Unread:
 - Generate a Seek Available Message Position (section 3.1.7.3.2) event with the following inputs:
 - iInitialPosition := Cursor.MessagePositionReference
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - *iPeekOperation* := True
 - iSeekDirection := Forward
 - If rMessagePosition returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is equivalent to iQueue.MessagePositionList.End:
 - Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to WaitPeek.
 - Set rStatus to Waiting.
 - Take no further action.
 - Else if rMessagePosition returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is not equivalent to iQueue.MessagePositionList.End:
 - Set the CursorState attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to Read.
 - Set the **MessagePositionReference** ADM attribute of the **Cursor** ADM element instance to the *rMessagePosition* returned from the Seek Available Message Position event.
 - Set rPosition to the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance.
 - Set *rStatus* to **Succeeded**.
 - Take no further action.

Read:

- If Cursor.MessagePositionReference.State is Available:
 - Set rPosition to the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance.
 - Set rStatus to Succeeded.
 - Take no further action.
- Else:
 - Set rStatus to AlreadyReceived.
 - Take no further action.

3.2.7.3 Get Next Message For Peek

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

None.

Return Values:

- rStatus: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - Succeeded
 - IllegalCursorAction
 - Waiting
- rPosition: A reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that contains the returned message. This value is undefined if rStatus is not set to Succeeded.

- Define iQueue as a reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance referenced by the QueueReference ADM attribute of the OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that is referenced by the OpenQueueDescriptorReference ADM attribute of the Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance.
- Select from the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance:
 - Unread:
 - Set *rStatus* to **IllegalCursorAction**.
 - Take no further action.
 - Read:
 - Generate a Seek Available Message Position (section 3.1.7.3.2) event with the following inputs:
 - iInitialPosition := Cursor.MessagePositionReference
 - iQueue := iQueue
 - *iPeekOperation* := True
 - iSeekDirection := Forward
 - If rMessagePosition returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is equivalent to iQueue.MessagePositionList.End:
 - Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to WaitPeek.
 - Set rStatus to Waiting.
 - Take no further action.
 - Else, if rMessagePosition returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is not equivalent to iQueue.MessagePositionList.End:
 - Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to Read.
 - Set the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to the rMessagePosition value returned from the Seek Available Message Position event.

- Set rPosition to the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance.
- Set rStatus to Succeeded.
- Take no further action.

3.2.7.4 Get Next Message For Dequeue

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iNoWait*: A Boolean that, if true, specifies that the queue manager MUST NOT wait for messages to become available if no existing messages are found in the queue.

Return Values:

- *rStatus*: A status code that can be one of the following:
 - Succeeded
 - NotFound
 - AlreadyReceived
 - Waiting
- *rPosition*: A reference to the MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that contains the returned message. This value is undefined if *rStatus* is not set to **Succeeded**.

- Define iQueue as a reference to the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance referenced by the QueueReference ADM attribute of the OpenQueueDescriptor (section 3.1.1.16) ADM element instance that is referenced by the OpenQueueDescriptorReference ADM attribute of the Cursor (section 3.2) ADM element instance.
- Select from the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance:
 - Unread:
 - Generate a Seek Available Message Position (section 3.1.7.3.2) event with the following inputs:
 - iInitialPosition := Cursor.MessagePositionReference
 - iQueue := iQueue.
 - iPeekOperation := False
 - iSeekDirection := Forward
 - If *rMessagePosition* returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is equivalent to *iQueue*. **MessagePositionList.End**:
 - If iNoWait is set to True:
 - Set rStatus to NotFound.
 - Take no further action.
 - Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to WaitReceive.

- Set rStatus to Waiting.
- Take no further action.
- Else, if rMessagePosition returned from the Seek Available Message Position event is not equivalent to iQueue.MessagePositionList.End:
 - Set the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to the rMessagePosition value returned from the Seek Available Message Position event.
 - Set rPosition to the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance.
 - Set rStatus to Succeeded.
 - Take no further action.

Read:

- If Cursor.MessagePositionReference.State is Available:
 - Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to Unread.
 - Set rPosition to the MessagePositionReference ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance.
 - Set rStatus to Succeeded.
- Else:
 - Set rStatus to AlreadyReceived.

3.2.7.5 Message Available

This event MUST be generated with the following argument:

• *iMessagePosition*: A reference to a MessagePosition (section 3.1.1.11) ADM element instance that contains an available message.

Return Value:

None.

The queue manager MUST perform the following actions to process this event:

- If the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance is WaitPeek:
 - Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to Read.
- Else if the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance is WaitReceive:
 - Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to Unread.
- Set the **MessagePositionReference** ADM attribute of the **Cursor** ADM element instance to *iMessagePosition*.

3.2.7.6 Wait Time Expired

This event MUST be generated with the following arguments:

None.

Return Values:

None.

- If the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance is WaitReceive:
 - Set the **MessagePositionReference** ADM attribute of the **Cursor** ADM element instance to **Cursor.OpenQueueDescriptorReference.QueueReference.MessagePositionList.End**.
- Set the CursorState ADM attribute of the Cursor ADM element instance to Unread.

4	Protocol	Examples
---	-----------------	-----------------

None.

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

To provide the highest available message security, an implementer can consider adding support for the SHA-512 hash algorithm [FIPS180-2] and the AES encryption algorithm [FIPS197] with 256-bit key length.

For more details on message encryption, see [MS-MQQB] sections 3.1.5.8.3 and 3.1.7.1.5. For a list of various algorithms and message security options supported by the queue manager, see the **Message.PrivacyLevel**, **Message.HashAlgorithm**, and **Message.EncryptionAlgorithm** ADM attributes in section 3.1.1.12.

The strength of the RSA keys generated in section 3.1.3 is vital to the security of the RSA key exchange algorithm. To get started, implementers can refer to the example procedure for RSA key generation described in [CRYPTO] Section 8.2.1. To ensure strong keys, implementations can generate RSA keys through secure processes such as the industry standards described in [X9.31] Section 4.1 and [FIPS186] Section 5.1.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 (Updated Section) Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include updates to those products.

- Windows NT operating system
- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Server 2003 R2 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system
- Windows Server 2016 operating system
- Windows Server operating system
- Windows Server 2019 operating system
- Windows Server 2022 operating system

Windows 11 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted in this section. If an update version, service pack or Knowledge Base (KB) number appears with a product name, the behavior changed in that update. The new behavior also applies to subsequent updates unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 2.3: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the Directory Service schema elements are described in [MS-MQDS] sections 2.2.10 and 3.1.4.21.1 through 3.1.4.21.4.

<2> Section 3.1.1.1: For Windows NT, Windows 95 operating system, and Windows 98 operating system, this ADM attribute represents the version of the MSMQ system. The format of this string conforms to the following ABNF notation.

For Windows 2000, this ADM attribute represents the version of the MSMQ system. The format of this string conforms to the following ABNF notation.

MSMQBuildNumLiteral	Corresponding Windows release
645	Windows 2000 and Windows 2000 operating system Service Pack 1 (SP1)
721	Windows 2000 Server operating system Service Pack 2 (SP2)
751	Windows 2000 Server operating system Service Pack 3 (SP3)
775	Windows 2000 Server operating system Service Pack 4 (SP4)
776	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
777	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
778	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
779	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
781	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
782	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
783	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
784	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
785	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
786	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
787	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
788	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
789	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
790	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
791	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
792	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
793	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
794	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4

MSMQBuildNumLiteral	Corresponding Windows release
795	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
796	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
797	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
798	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
799	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
800	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
801	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
802	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
803	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
804	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
805	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4
807	MSMQ code fix released after Windows 2000 Server SP4

For the versions of Windows listed at the beginning of this section and not cited in this note, this ADM attribute does not represent the version of the MSMQ system and contains an empty string.

- <3> Section 3.1.1.1: For Windows NT, Windows 2000, and Windows XP, the default value for the **QueueManagerQuota** ADM attribute of the **QueueManager** ADM element is 0xFFFFFFFF.
- <4> Section 3.1.1.1: The **ConnectedNetworkIdCollection** ADM attribute is maintained only in the ADMs for Windows NT and Windows 2000.
- <5> Section 3.1.1.1: For Windows NT, this list is set by the user.
- <6> Section 3.1.1.1: For Windows NT Server operating system and Windows 2000 Server operating system, the default value is **True**.
- <7> Section 3.1.1.1: Windows enables the **HardenedSecurity** ADM attribute by defining a registry key of type DWORD called
- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\MSMQ\Parameters\Hardened_MSMQ and by setting its value to 0x00000001. Any change to this registry value takes effect when the queue manager is restarted.
- <8> Section 3.1.1.1: The **ConnectedNetworkCollection** ADM attribute is maintained only in the ADMs for Windows NT and Windows 2000.
- <9> Section 3.1.1.2: Scope is treated as a directory attribute only if the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS] is in use.
- <10> Section 3.1.1.12: On Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, the queue manager does not set this ADM attribute.
- <11> Section 3.1.1.12: On Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, if the NegativeJournalingRequested ADM attribute of a **Message** ADM element instance is **True**, the queue manager ignores the **ApplicationDeadletterQueue** ADM attribute of that **Message** ADM element instance and continues to store undeliverable messages in the system dead-letter queue if the messages were sent to a nontransactional queue or in the transactional system dead-letter queue if they were sent to a transactional queue.

- <12> Section 3.1.1.12: The maximum allowed value of the TimeToReachQueue ADM attribute can be configured by setting a value in the registry key
- HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\software\microsoft\msmq\parameters\MachineCache\LongLiveTime. When this key is absent, the default maximum is 0x54600 (345,600 seconds = 4 days). On Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, when this key is absent, the default maximum is 0x76A700 (7,776,000 seconds = 90 days).
- <13> Section 3.1.1.12: For Windows NT, the following hash algorithms are supported: MD2 [RFC1319], MD4 [RFC1320], MD5 [RFC1321]. For Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, the following hash algorithm is supported in addition to the algorithms listed preceding: SHA-1 [RFC3110].
- <14> Section 3.1.1.12: For Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, the default value is **MD5** [RFC1321].
- <15> Section 3.1.1.12: Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 support only the following encryption algorithms and key lengths:
- RC2 with 40-bit and 128-bit key length [RFC2268]
- RC4 with 40-bit and 128-bit key length [RFC4757]
- <16> Section 3.1.1.12: For Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003, the default value is **RC2** [RFC2268].
- <17> Section 3.1.3: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the MSMQ: Directory Service Discovery Protocol [MS-MQSD] by calling the Get Directory Server List Higher-Layer Triggered Event ([MS-MQSD] section 3.1.4.1). The **DirectoryServerList** ADM attribute of the local **QueueManager** ADM element instance is populated with the names of MSMQ Directory Service servers.
- <18> Section 3.1.3: Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 do not use "Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider".
- <19> Section 3.1.3: Windows NT, Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 do not use "Microsoft Enhanced RSA and AES Cryptographic Provider".
- <20> Section 3.1.7.1.3.1: Windows XP and Windows Server 2003 do not perform this step.
- <21> Section 3.1.7.1.18: For Windows XP and Windows Server 2003, the queue manager performs the actions listed following instead of generating a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event:
- Define iComputerName as a string that contains the NetBIOS name of the computer that hosts the
 queue. This can be extracted from the Pathname ADM attribute of the Queue ADM element
 instance representing that queue. The processing rules for this extraction can be inferred from
 [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1.
- Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
 - *iFilter* : = An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "ComputerName" EQUALS iComputerName
 - If the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Define iRemoteQueueManager as a reference to a QueueManager (section 3.1.1.1) ADM element instance, and set it to the returned rDirectoryObject argument.

- If the *iRemoteQueueManager*.**OperatingSystemVersion** string starts with "4.0" or "5.0":
 - If the

LocalQueueManager.EnterpriseReference.NonLDAPCapableQueueManagerNot ification is set to **True**:

- Delegate processing of this event to the Create Directory Object ([MS-MQDS] section 3.2.6.1) event.
- Stop processing the Create Directory Object (section 3.1.7.1.18) event.

<22> Section 3.1.7.1.18: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the directory service protocol specified in [MS-MQDS].

<23> Section 3.1.7.1.19: For Windows XP and Windows Server 2003, the queue manager performs the following actions instead of generating a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event:

- Define *iComputerName* as a string that contains the NetBIOS name of the computer that hosts the queue. This can be extracted from **Pathname** of the Queue (section 3.1.1.2) ADM element instance representing that queue. The processing rules for this extraction can be inferred from [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1.
- Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
 - *iFilter* : = An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "ComputerName" EQUALS iComputerName
 - If the *rStatus* returned by the Read Directory event is set to **DirectoryOperationResult.Success**:
 - Define iRemoteQueueManager as a reference to a QueueManager ADM element instance and set it to the returned rDirectoryObject.
 - If the iRemoteQueueManager.OperatingSystemVersion string starts with "4.0" or "5.0":
 - If the

LocalQueueManager.EnterpriseReference.NonLDAPCapableQueueManagerNot ification is set to **True**:

- Delegate processing of this event to the Delete Directory Object ([MS-MQDS] section 3.2.6.2) event.
- Stop processing the Delete Directory Object (section 3.1.7.1.19) event.

<24> Section 3.1.7.1.19: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the [MS-MQDS] protocol.

<25> Section 3.1.7.1.20: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the MSMQ: Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS].

<26> Section 3.1.7.1.21: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the Message Queuing (MSMQ): Directory Service Protocol [MS-MQDS].

<27> Section 3.1.7.1.22: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the directory service protocol specified in [MS-MQDS].

<28> Section 3.1.7.1.23: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the directory service protocol specified in [MS-MQDS].

<29> Section 3.1.7.1.24: For Windows NT and Windows 2000, the queue manager uses the directory service protocol specified in [MS-MQDS].

<30> Section 3.1.7.1.24: For Windows XP and Windows Server 2003, the queue manager performs the following instead of generating a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event:

- Define *iComputerName* as a string that will contain the NetBIOS name of the computer that hosts the queue that has been modified.
- Extract the NetBIOS name of the computer that hosts the queue from the **Pathname** ADM attribute of the **Queue** ADM element instance representing that queue. Set *iComputerName* to this value. The processing rules for this extraction can be inferred from [MS-MQMQ] section 2.1.1.
- Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
 - *iFilter* : = An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "ComputerName" EQUALS iComputerName
 - If the *rStatus* returned by the Read Directory event is set to **DirectoryOperationResult.Success**:
 - Define *iRemoteQueueManager* as a reference to a **QueueManager** ADM element instance and set it to the returned *rDirectoryObject*.
 - If the iRemoteQueueManager.OperatingSystemVersion string starts with "4.0" or "5.0":
 - If
 LocalQueueManager.EnterpriseReference.NonLDAPCapableQueueManagerNot
 ification is set to True:
 - Delegate processing of this event to the Write Directory ([MS-MQDS] section 3.2.6.7) event.
 - Stop processing the Write Directory (section 3.1.7.1.24) event.

<31> Section 3.1.7.1.24: For Windows XP and Windows Server 2003, the queue manager performs the following instead of generating a Send Change Notification ([MS-MQCN] section 3.3.4.1) event:

- Define *iComputerName* as a string that will contain the NetBIOS name of the computer that hosts the queue manager that has been modified.
- Set *iComputerName* to *iDirectoryObject*.**ComputerName**.
- Generate a Read Directory (section 3.1.7.1.20) event with the following arguments:
 - iDirectoryObjectType := "QueueManager"
 - *iFilter* : = An array of the following attribute-filter expressions:
 - "ComputerName" EQUALS iComputerName
 - If the rStatus returned by the Read Directory event is set to DirectoryOperationResult.Success:
 - Define *iRemoteQueueManager* as a reference to a **QueueManager** ADM element instance and set it to the returned *rDirectoryObject*.

- If the iRemoteQueueManager.OperatingSystemVersion string starts with "4.0" or "5.0":
 - If the LocalQueueManager.EnterpriseReference.NonLDAPCapableQueueManagerNot ification is set to True:
 - Delegate processing of this event to the Write Directory ([MS-MQDS] section 3.2.6.7) event.
 - Stop processing the Write Directory (section 3.1.7.1.24) event.

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as Major, Minor, or None.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements.
- A document revision that captures changes to protocol functionality.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **None** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the relevant technical content is identical to the last released version.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com.

Section	Description	Revision class
6 Appendix A: Product Behavior	Updated for this version of Windows Client.	Major

8 Index

Α

Abstract data model 18 Applicability 15

C

Capability negotiation 15 Change tracking 137

D

Data model - abstract 18 Directory service schema elements 17

Ε

Elements - directory service schema 17 Examples 128

F

Fields - vendor-extensible 16

G

Glossary 7

Н

Higher-layer triggered events 52

Ι

Implementer - security considerations 129 Index of security parameters 129 Informative references 14 Initialization 48 Introduction 7

L

Local events 61

M

Message processing 59 Messages syntax 17 transport 17

Ν

Normative references 12

0

Overview (synopsis) 14

Ρ

Parameters - security index 129 Preconditions 15 Prerequisites 15 Product behavior 130

R

References 12 informative 14 normative 12 Relationship to other protocols 14

S

Schema elements - directory service 17 Security implementer considerations 129 parameter index 129 Sequencing rules 59 Standards assignments 16 Syntax 17

Т

Timer - directory online 48 Timer events 59 Timers 47 Tracking changes 137 Transport 17 Triggered events - higher-layer 52

٧

Vendor-extensible fields 16 Versioning 15