

## [MS-DPWSRP-Diff]:

# Devices Profile for Web Services (DPWS): Shared Resource Publishing Data Structure

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## Revision Summary

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# 1 Introduction

The Devices Profile for Web Services (DPWS): Shared Resource Publishing Data Structure describes the Shell Publishing data structure. This data structure is used by the HomeGroup Protocol to advertise shared files and folders in a HomeGroup peer-to-peer network environment.

Sections 1.7 and 2 of this specification are normative. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

## 1.1 Glossary

This document uses the following terms:

**homegroup**: A group of one or more computers that are AES joined together by using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) through the HomeGroup Protocol, which are able to share resources (files, printers, and so on) with each other.

**HomeGroup machine**: The machine where files are being shared, and that creates the Shell Publishing data structure.

**HomeGroup user**: A user account on the HomeGroup machine where files are being shared.

**Internet SID**: A user SID that represents an online identity. The SID is unique across all providers and all machines. The SID is a hash of the identity's unique ID and the provider GUID.

**item ID list (IDList)**: A data structure that refers to a location. An item ID list is a multi-segment data structure where each segment's content is defined by a data source that is responsible for the location in the namespace referred to by the preceding segments.

**security identifier (SID)**: An identifier for security principals that is used to identify an account or a group. Conceptually, the SID is composed of an account authority portion (typically a domain) and a smaller integer representing an identity relative to the account authority, termed the relative identifier (RID). The SID format is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2; a string representation of SIDs is specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2 and [MS-AZOD] section 1.1.1.2.

**Web Services on Devices (WSD)**: A function-discovery protocol used to discover and communicate certain data structures in a HomeGroup network environment. Implementation details are specified in [DPWS].

**XML schema**: A description of a type of XML document that is typically expressed in terms of constraints on the structure and content of documents of that type, in addition to the basic syntax constraints that are imposed by XML itself. An XML schema provides a view of a document type at a relatively high level of abstraction.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT**: These terms (in all caps) are used as defined in [RFC2119]. All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

Links to a document in the Microsoft Open Specifications library point to the correct section in the most recently published version of the referenced document. However, because individual documents in the library are not updated at the same time, the section numbers in the documents may not match. You can confirm the correct section numbering by checking the Errata.

## 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com). We will assist you in finding the relevant information.

[DPWS] Chans, S., Conti, D., Schlimmer, J., et al., "Devices Profile for Web Services", February 2006, <http://specs.xmlsoap.org/ws/2006/02/devprof/devicesprofile.pdf>

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Data Types".

[MS-HGRP] Microsoft Corporation, "HomeGroup Protocol".

[MS-SHLLINK] Microsoft Corporation, "Shell Link (.LNK) Binary File Format".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC3548] Josefsson, S., Ed., "The Base16, Base32, and Base64 Data Encodings", RFC 3548, July 2003, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc3548.txt>

## 1.2.2 Informative References

[XMLNS] Bray, T., Hollander, D., Layman, A., et al., Eds., "Namespaces in XML 1.0 (Third Edition)", W3C Recommendation, December 2009, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2009/REC-xml-names-20091208/>

## 1.3 Overview

This specification extends DPWS [DPWS] by adding the Shell Publishing data structure. The Shell Publishing data structure describes shared files and folders by each HomeGroup user on each HomeGroup machine in a HomeGroup network environment.[-.<1>](#)

## 1.4 Relationship to Protocols and Other Structures

The Shell Publishing data structure is a data structure format made available to HomeGroup networked environment by a DPWS provider.

Shell Publishing Extension	This extension
DPWS	Industry standard
SOAP	Industry standard

## 1.5 Applicability Statement

Use of the Shell Publishing data structure is suitable when machines in a HomeGroup network environment share files and folders among HomeGroup members.

## 1.6 Versioning and Localization

This document covers versioning issues in the following areas:

- **Supported Transports:** This data structure uses the DPWS provider as the only transport.
- **Protocol Versions:** This data structure is not versioned.

- **Security and Authentication Methods:** This data structure does not support authentication. The data structure is signed using a HomeGroup public key (see [MS-HGRP] section 3.1.4.5).
- **Localization:** This data structure does not support localization.
- **Capability Negotiation:** This data structure does not support explicit capability negotiation.

## 1.7 Vendor-Extensible Fields

There are no vendor-extensible fields. The XML schema of the data structure is not validated, making it possible for vendors to extend the Shell Publishing data structure by adding additional elements and/or attributes. The extended data will not be interpreted unless consumed by the vendor who added it.

## 2 Structures

### 2.1 The Shell Publishing Data Structure

The Shell Publishing data structure describes a method of publishing and discovering shared files and folders in a HomeGroup configured network environment.

The Shell Publishing data structure MUST be transported using WSD. The WSD type MUST be ShellPublishing.

This structure uses SID structures as specified in [MS-DTYP] section 2.4.2.

An individual HomeGroup member MUST publish certain data about his or her shared files and folders as specified in section 2.1.2.1, in order to participate in the HomeGroup sharing.

The Shell Publishing XML data structure is defined as follows:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified"
attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
  <xs:simpleType name="serializedType">
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
      <xs:pattern value="\{[A-Za-z0-9+/]*\}" />
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
  <xs:element name="pi" type="pi" />
</xs:schema>
```

**pi:** A **pi** complex type, as specified in section 2.1.2.1. Published items. Serves as an envelope for descriptions of a HomeGroup user's shared files.

#### 2.1.1 Namespaces

XML Namespace	Reference
http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema	[XMLNS]

#### 2.1.2 Complex Types

The following table summarizes the set of common XML schema complex types defined by this specification.

Complex Type	Description
pi	Published items. The envelope for the description of shared files and folders.
usersFilesDescription	Describes shared files and folders per HomeGroup user, per HomeGroup machine in the HomeGroup.
o	Owner. Describes a HomeGroup user in the HomeGroup machine that is sharing the files and folders on the HomeGroup.
il	Items list. Describes a list of items that are being shared by a HomeGroup user in a HomeGroup machine on the HomeGroup.
dil	Discretionary access items list. Describes a list of items that have their security set so that only a specific set of HomeGroup users has access to them.

Complex Type	Description
i	Item. Describes a file or folder that is being shared by a HomeGroup user in a HomeGroup machine on the HomeGroup.
ul	User list. Describes a list of SIDs that identifies the users the particular item is shared with.

### 2.1.2.1 pi

The pi (published items) complex type is an envelope that contains the description of shared files and folders.

```
<xs:element name="pi">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:element name="usersFilesDescription" type="usersFilesDescription" />
  <xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

**usersFilesDescription:** A description of the HomeGroup user's files. Defines the resources shared by a HomeGroup user on a HomeGroup machine.

### 2.1.2.2 usersFilesDescription

The usersFilesDescription complex type describes shared files and folders per HomeGroup user, per HomeGroup machine in the HomeGroup.

```
<xs:element name="usersFilesDescription">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:all>
      <xs:element name="o" type="o" />
      <xs:element name="il" type="il" minOccurs="0" />
      <xs:element name="dil" type="dil" minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:all>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

**o:** The owner of the shared resource. The owner is typically the HomeGroup user who designates a resource for sharing.

**il:** Optional element. When present, contains a sequence of one or more items (the item list).

**dil:** Optional element. When present, contains a sequence of one or more items (the item list), which are shared with specific other members of the HomeGroup using discretionary access.

The **usersFilesDescription** MUST contain at least an **il** or a **dil** element. If both the **il** and **dil** elements are missing, the message will be discarded.

### 2.1.2.3 o

The o (owner) complex type describes a HomeGroup user in the HomeGroup machine that is sharing the files and folders on the HomeGroup.

```
<xs:element name="o">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:annotation>
```

```

<xs:documentation>owner information, attributes are user name, alias and
SID</xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:complexContent>
<xs:attribute name="un" type="xs:string" />
<xs:attribute name="a" type="xs:string" />
<xs:attribute name="s" type="xs:string" />
</xs:complexContent>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

**un:** The owner's user name (display name). This is the display name for the HomeGroup user on the HomeGroup machine sharing the files and folders on the HomeGroup.

- a:** The owner's alias. Describes the **alias object** of the HomeGroup user on the HomeGroup machine sharing the files and folders on the HomeGroup. This value MAY be used by the implementation as a hint for the HomeGroup user identity.
- s:** Concatenation of the HomeGroup GUID and the SID (security identifier) of the account sharing the files on the HomeGroup machine. This is the unique identifier for the HomeGroup and the security identifier for the HomeGroup user on the HomeGroup machine that is sharing the files and folders on the HomeGroup.

#### 2.1.2.4 il

The il (items list) complex type describes a list of items that are being shared by a HomeGroup user in a HomeGroup machine on the HomeGroup.

```

<xs:element name="il">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:annotation>
<xs:documentation>item list</xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:all>
<xs:element name="i" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" type="i" />
</xs:all>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

**i:** An item in the item list. Contains a description of shared files and folders for the HomeGroup user on the HomeGroup machine.

#### 2.1.2.5 dil

The dil (discretionary access items list) complex type describes a list of items that have their security set so that only a specific set of HomeGroup users has access to them. Clients of the information SHOULD only present these items to the user if the user's security identifier (SID) values match one of the user identities in the **ul** (user list) complex type. Items that are shared by using discretionary access can be shared only with users represented by Internet SIDs.

```

<xs:element name="dil">
<xs:complexType>
<xs:annotation>
<xs:documentation>discretionary access item list</xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:all>
<xs:element name="i" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" type="i" />
</xs:all>
</xs:complexType>

```

```
</xs:element>
```

- i:** An item in the item list. Contains a description of shared files and folders for the HomeGroup user on the HomeGroup machine.

### 2.1.2.6 i

The i (item) complex type describes a file or folder that is being shared by a HomeGroup user in a HomeGroup machine on the HomeGroup.

```
<xs:element name="i" minOccurs="1"
maxOccurs="unbounded">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:annotation>
      <xs:documentation>item, sub elements are path (absolute UNC or machine relative),
display name and BASE-64 encoded serialized shell link</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:all>
      <xs:element name="p" type="xs:anyURI"/>
      <xs:element name="dn" type="xs:string" minOccurs="0" />
      <xs:element name="sl" type="serializedType"/>
      <xs:element name="ul" type="ul" minOccurs="0" />
    </xs:all>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

- p:** An absolute **UNC** path or a relative machine path to the shared file or folder. If the path begins with a "\" then it is a machine-relative path. Relative paths are related to the HomeGroup machine where the message originated. The machine name is taken from the WSD Shell Publishing message that is transporting this data structure.

This element is used to access the shared resource if the shell link element **pi.usersFilesDescription.il.i.sl** is not present or if the HomeGroup machine originating the message has changed since the link was created.

- dn:** Optional element. When present, contains the display name of the item. The display name is sent so that if the message client implementation uses the display name, it is unnecessary to use additional protocols to retrieve the display name.

- sl:** A base-64-encoded binary stream representing a serialized shell link. The shell link references a file or folder shared by the HomeGroup user on the machine and contains the associated item ID list. This information is sent so that if the implementation uses the item ID list, it is unnecessary to use additional protocols to retrieve the ID list. Shell Links are specified in [MS-SHLLINK].

This field uses nonstandard base-64 encoding as specified in section 2.1.4.2.

- ul:** Optional element. When present, contains the users list. This is a list of Internet SIDs (security identifiers) that identifies the users that have discretionary access to a shared item. This list SHOULD only be included if the user is sharing out items by using discretionary access.

### 2.1.2.7 ul

The ul (user list) complex type describes a list of SIDs that identifies the users the particular item is shared with. Because sharing based on discretionary access is only possible using Internet SIDs, this list MUST contain only Internet SIDs.

```
<xs:element name="ul">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:annotation>
```

```

<xs:documentation>user list</xs:documentation>
</xs:annotation>
<xs:all>
  <xs:element name="u" minOccurs="1">
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="s" type="xs:string" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="1" />
      </xs:sequence>
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>
</xs:all>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

**u.s:** The SID of the account sharing the files on the HomeGroup machine. Describes the security identifier for the HomeGroup user on the HomeGroup machine that is sharing the files and folders on the HomeGroup.

### 2.1.3 Simple Types

The following table summarizes the set of common XML schema simple type definitions defined by this specification.

Simple type	Description
serializedType	A base-64-encoded binary stream

#### 2.1.3.1 serializedType

The serializedType simple type contains a base-64-encoded binary stream.

```

<xs:simpleType name="serializedType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:pattern value="\{ [A-Za-z0-9+/]* \}" />
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>

```

**pattern:** This value describes base-64 encoding using the following pattern: [A-Za-z0-9+/]\*

This field uses non-standard base-64 encoding as specified in section 2.1.4.2.

### 2.1.4 Encryption Rules

#### 2.1.4.1 Data Signing

The Shell Publishing data structure MUST be signed using a HomeGroup public key ([MS-HGRP] section 3.1.4.5) prior to being encoded. To create the signature, the data structure is hashed and the hash value is encrypted using HomeGroup public key. This signature is then appended to the data structure.

#### 2.1.4.2 Data Encoding

This data structure MUST be base-64 encoded after being signed and before being transported in a WSD message. The base-64 encoding used by this data structure is a modification on the standard encoding specified by [RFC3548]. The alphabet used is the same, but the encoding algorithm is different (see 2.1.4.2.2).

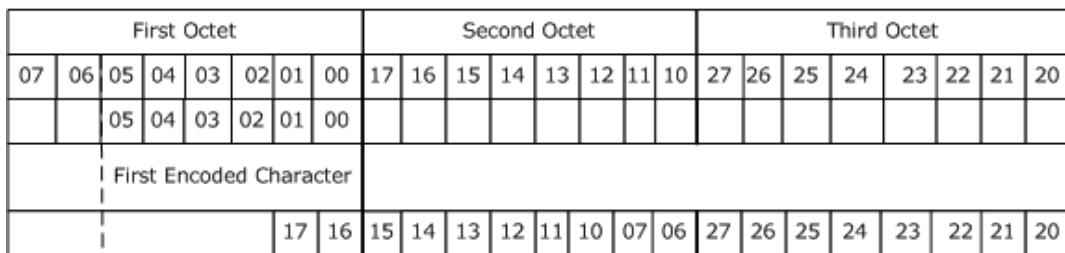
### 2.1.4.2.1 Alphabet

The base-64 alphabet used by this data structure is the following:

Value	Encoding	Value	Encoding	Value	Encoding	Value	Encoding
0	A	17	R	34	i	51	z
1	B	18	S	35	j	52	0
2	C	19	T	36	k	53	1
3	D	20	U	37	l	54	2
4	E	21	V	38	m	55	3
5	F	22	W	39	n	56	4
6	G	23	X	40	o	57	5
7	H	24	Y	41	p	58	6
8	I	25	Z	42	q	59	7
9	J	26	a	43	r	60	8
10	K	27	b	44	s	61	9
11	L	28	c	45	t	62	+
12	M	29	d	46	u	63	/
13	N	30	e	47	v		
14	O	31	f	48	w		
15	P	32	g	49	x		
16	Q	33	h	50	y		

### 2.1.4.2.2 Encoding

The data being encoded is manipulated at the 8-bit chunk (octet) borders. The lowest 6 bits are converted to an appropriate alphabet character. (The value represented by these 6 bits is converted to a corresponding character, shown in the table in section 2.1.4.2.1). The remaining 2 bits are combined with the next octet by making them the lowest 2 bits. And the process is repeated, with each step having 2 more extra bits until 6 bits remain, which are then converted to a character without the use of the next octet. The following diagram illustrates this process:



**Figure 1: Data encoding at the 8-bit (octet) level**

The lowest 6 bits of the second octet are converted to the next character, and the remaining 4 bits are moved to be the lowest 4 bits of the next octet.

First Octet		Second Octet								Third Octet													
		17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	07	06	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20				
						13	12	11	10	07	06												
		Second Encoded Character																					
								27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	17	16	15	14				
												Third Encoded Character						27	26	25	24	23	22
																	Fourth Encoded Character						

**Figure 2: Data encoding of the lowest 6 bits and remaining 4 bits**

### 3 Structure Examples

#### 3.1 Shell Publishing Data Structure Example

This section contains an example of the Shell Publishing data structure. This example is given raw, before the structure is signed and base-64 encoded. Sections 3.2 and 3.3 contain examples of signing and base-64 encoding for this particular example.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<pi>
<usersFilesDescription>
<o un="nikola" a="nikola" s="S-1-5-21-2555710863-3024264161-1621211007-1001" />
<i1>
<i>
<p>\Users\nikola\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Libraries\Music.library-ms</p>
<s1>MBAAAEAFCAAAAAADAAAAAAAYkgAADBgcAAAAUOEKgxcWpcAF2JNOOnVKhQhdSjjzZlyBmthAAAAAAAABAAAAAAA
AAAAAAAAYIAAAAHAAACAAAAAQAACAAAIEAAgJAAAACAAAQBAAAAAAAAGAwFXO10SPxUQtA1QcV
1UFJ1UA4War9GbhxVQwBHRhRXyC1jh1WaudGXN12Yy92cvZGdcdVauR2b3NHXlmYyFmcPv2cc1Udzl2YuwWaiJXYylX
LtnHADOAAwAAAQF8ABWNbLhivQNEIwo3Z8b57MLAAAQRs7rTuznAQAAAAAAEAAAQMtb1UwEfJ3++RaRpXpLAY
M656sWCaaaAgCaaaaA8B8AaAgCaaaaAuBQaAsGAvBabAEGAtAUAUMEAAAAAAATAAAAeZUQN1Ok2r3zezgDF55Ehp2pU5qR
AAAAMAAAATAAAAAAAATAAAAAAzUQN1cDVuC+OurPVI5pxthzgpbRAAAsAAAAAALAAAA8//AAAAAAA
AAsAwwBUMxc5War9Gbh1CUDxVvzVmzCQtpNmvcN3bmRHIOVGd39mcrBAACAAUEdAAAAAAo1OXwJEA4War9GbhBAA6AA
CAQAAv7rW7oAnatzFcqCAAwqtDAAAAGAAAAAAAUaBQaAsGAvBabAEGAAgFAIFAxAAAAAAatZCcCBA
BBhCEFGdhBAPAgAAEAv7+q1OLwpW7sAnqAAAAc70AAAAAIAAAAAAQQAHAhBARAEGA0BQYAAAAGUA
EDAAAAAAo1OSwJEAI1bh1WaudGA8AACQAAv7rW7sAnatjEcqCAAAuTDAAAAGAAAAAAASBwbAEGAtB
QaA4GAnBAAAYBAYBQMAAAAAGw70BnQQTJNKupN1fxAAAABACAQAAv7rW7sAnatTHcqCAAQuTDAAAAGAAAAAA
AAAAAAAANBQaAMGAyBwBAMHavBqZAQHAAAAGIAFAXAAAAAAatZFcCBAX1mbk92dzBAPAgAAEAv7+q1OLwpW7cBnqAAA
Ao70AAAIAAAAAAAwVAkGAuBAZA8GA3BwcAAAAAWAEDAAAo1ODyZEawUSCJVQS5XMAAAQAgAAE
Aw7+q1OXwpW7MInqAAAAG/E/AAAAAMAAAAAAATAKGAiBgcAEGAyBQaAUGAzBAAgBAQCgMAMtHAAgW7M
IngAQTVNVD5XMuwUSCbgdAgAAEAv7+q1OXwpW7MInqAAAQ6CBAAAIAAAAAAAATAAAAAQTauhazBQaAMGAuAA
bAkGAiBgcAEGAyBQeA0CatBwcaAAABwcAgGA1BAbAwGazAgMA4CakBabAwGAsAQLAMDA0AQNAGDA0AAAAoBAAAgDAAA
JAAAgA3AAQMTB1UirIWGxLT4M0u8Pxkmgzb03zAAwAAAAEBAAQKDAAAuwHBq+TQDi66kGEiiNCAsCMw0ZGA8CR6
wFAAAAAAwAAAABQMAAAAAGw7oAnRAQVzVmzCBAyAgAAEAv7+e1OVbpW7oAnqAAAQ60AAAAAA
AAAAAAAGnAAAAAQVAMh1BgcAMHAAAQAMh1BQzAwGAsBwMAIDuAAZAwGAsBAL0CAYAQMAGDaxAwMAAAAUAUAED
AAAAAAo1OXwJEA4War9GbhBAA6AACQAAv7rW7oAnatzFcqCAAwqTADEAAAAGAAAAAA
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AAAAAAASBwbAEGAtBQaA4GAnBAAAYBAYBQMAAAAAGw70BnQQTJNKupN1fxAAAABACAQAAv7rW7sAnatT
HcqCAAQuTDAAAAGAAAAAAANBQaAMGAyBwBAMHavBqZAQHAAAAGIAFAXAAAAAAatZFcCBAX1mbk92d
zBAPAgAAEAv7+q1OLwpW7cBnqAAA70AAAAIAAAAAAAwVAkGAuBAZA8GA3BwcAAAAWAEDAAA
o1ODyZEawUSCJVQS5XMAAAQAgAAEAv7+q1OXwpW7MInqAAAQ6CBAAAIAAAAAAA
QaAUGAzBAAgBAQCgMAMtHAAgW7MInqAQTVNVD5XMuwUSCbgdAgAAEAv7+q1OXwpW7MInqAAAQ6CBAAAIAAAAAAA
AAAATAAAAQTAUhazBQaAMGAuAAbAkGAiBgcAEGAyBQeA0CatBwcaAAABwcAgGA1BAbAwGazAgMA4CakBabAwGAsAQL
AMDA0AQNAGDA0AAAAoBAAAAAAQHAAAACAAAAASAAzTOLWqwOb10lg08ypOky4DAAAAAAAGBAAAMAAA
AAAA4War9Gbh1CcjbAAAAAAAgdMZXXas83/JVraoUoqV22Md01ac+CweHBrGDACU19WTaHT2FAL/9fS1qGK1jalNTnTt
GnvAs3RwK4AgAVdv1kAAAAA</s1>
</i>
</i1>      <d1>      <i>          <p>\Users\HomeGroupUser\Desktop</p>
<s1>MBAAAEAFCAAAAAADAAAAAAAYkgAADBRAAAAQ5iLF6+wucA0JZxmuPsLHQD6a/h9D7yBAAAAAAAABAAAAAAA
AAAAAAA8AAAAHAAACAAAAAQAACAAAIEAAQJAAAACAAAQBAAAAAAAAGAwFXSFUTB5UQSNDXVN
VRSNFAVNXzYNDXEV2crR3bwBwgBAAAMAAAGSBafgVdawC8h4LUDhIszdG/W+OpzCAAA0KA7+6k78JAEEAAA
atAAAzeUQN1cDVuC+OurPVI5pxthzgpbRAAAsAAAAAALAAA8//AAAAAAABAAAzeUQNFMxXytvfkgQua8CAGjeuOr1AAA
oAA
AAAAfAAAakAAAAGUAEEANBQQA4EABBgUAMDAAAAAAAQlAAAAMxFMUTpDp969s3M4QreORYqdKVuaAAAAADAAAA
wEA
AAAAAAQVzVmzCaoAgAAEAv7+qiP5qpK+AsmqAAAQWBAAAA8BAAAAAAAGoAAAAAARAUGazBwaAQhAA
AAAAAq4jbcGBAEV2crR3bwBAZAgAAEAv7+qiP5qpK+AsmqAAAQWBAAAA8BAAAAAAAGoAAAAAARAUGazBwaAQhAA
vBACAAAABwcAgGA1BAbAwGazAgMA4CakBabAwGAsAQLAIDAxAwNYDA5AAAAYBAAgBAAJAAgabAAAQMtb1UirIWG
xLT4M0u8Pxkmgzb03BAAAGAAAAAgEAAAQCGtRk7t01NzbVWWLF3Qdr9FAAAMAAAARABAkWAAAFA8BuG/EogouOpB
hoYjAArADMdmBavMkOcBAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAdAEDAAAAAoiP5qZEau1c1J3cAAGAIAABA8uvq4jx9oiP5qp
KAAA7xCAAAAOAAAAAAAYDAAAAAUFAzBQ2AIhazBAAAEEzBaaAUGAsBabAMDayAgLAQGAsBAbAwCAtAgMAEDA
4AQMAMDAAAFAwEaxAAAAAAq4DwaCBAVNzYnd4AACQAAv7rK+krmq4DwaqCAAALCAAAAwPAAAAAA
AAAVBwcAUGAyBwMAAAAUAgeEADAAAAAoiPuxZEAQZztGdvBhAKBACQAAv7rK+krmq4DwaqCAAQZFAAAAAwHAAAAAA
AAAAAA6AAAAAAEBQZAMHArBAdA8GAwBAAAEEzBaaAUGAsBabAMDayAgLAQGAsBabAwCAtAgMAEDA3AgNAkDAAAGFAAA
AAAAAAQAAwAAAADAAAGiFAAAAAAAyFWbh5WYyNDAAAAAAAYBUMPBh/Sy2G3HIG2MWGod2MuuzB4R04F
AQhIX54YWfzT02B3vkstx9BihNj1BanNr7cAeENeBAUiyVOOGAAAA</s1>          <u1>          <u>
<s>S-1-11-96-3623454863-58364-18864-2661722203-1597581903-1847293483-3855340794-256571992-
```

## 3.2 Signed XML Data

The following signature has been created based on the Shell Publishing data structure example in section 3.1. This signature has been created by hashing the data using the HomeGroup public key (see section 2.1.4.1). This signature can be appended to the Shell Publishing data structure example before base-64 encoding in order to create an authentic message.

0x0000:	01	00	00	9d	21	49	20	76							
0x0008:	ff	72	31	7f	31	5f	57	ef-22	ae	08	92	8e	08	29	5d
0x0028:	cd	54	ab	8f	7e	9a	42	ea-a4	c1	03	07	41	38	62	77
0x0048:	de	33	cb	83	c2	4f	eb	b2-cb	10	84	02	8b	22	4f	d0
0x0068:	74	e2	04	c6	af	3c	23	8a-5d	e3	7c	c0	5b	bl	84	c2
0x0088:	2c	95	67	aa	ff	17	08	7a-48	52	0f	30	2b	6c	cd	3d
0x0A8:	3a	24	97	67	0a	68	5d	b2-8c	3c	a9	d6	90	cf	18	3b
0x0C8:	69	c8	58	de	94	57	e8	39-30	98	0a	79	ac	44	85	02
0x0E8:	21	5e	5e	cf	96	24	64	27-59	0a	98	cb	88	68	a5	66
0x0108:	14	1e	e6	4a	7d	ab	e0	15-8e	5b	57	08	3d	7f	0c	c3
0x0128:	f3	d9	dc	68	95	48	8d	5d-e3	1d	42	3b	d0	a1	33	ed
0x0148:	f0	30	ea	0e	5c	de	ca	93-a5	c2	fe	a5	72	0c	c6	3b
0x0168:	c6	aa	dd	38	99	dd	44	22-f5	e0	d4	df	74	2a	f3	4b
0x0188:	32	c5	55	59	c4	a1	a6	52-3f	9f	a2	39	24	33	38	c5
0x01A8:	45	3b	9c	f1	24	de	be	af-41	c0	6d	28	0e	5a	75	4c
0x01C8:	4a	64	5d	b0	b0	6d	d1	d2-39	f2	1c	f3	64	f3	0c	3a
0x01E8:	df	9f	00	ec	48	37	01	24-f7	a4	9a					

### 3.3 Base-64-Encoded Shell Publishing Data Structure Example

This section contains a signed, base-64-encoded version of the Shell Publishing data structure example provided in section 3.1. The base-64 encoding has been applied to the structure after appending the signature given in section 3.2.

```
0x0000: TxAwzP41GbgYXZyNxav5WPiEjLwICI
0x0020: 152YvRWaudWPiUFVG1COi8jPNcAPwlmp
0x0040: NoAIgwTdzVmccZUasV2cEV2cjJXawRXa
0x0060: v5mPNcAIgACI88GI15WPi4War9GbhJCI
0x0080: h1jIul2avxWYiAyc9IyUtETL10iMx0iM
0x00A0: 1UTN3EDM4YzMMDMyQjm2QTM2ETLxYjM
0x00C0: xITMxADM30SMwATMiAyL+0gCgACIgwTa
0x00E0: s5TDKACIgACIgwTa+0gCgACIgACIgACP
0x0100: w5DXVNXYyNHXul2avxWYcFEcwRUY0FGX
0x0120: S9WYtlmbnxVTPNmcvN3bmRHXXlmbk92d
0x0140: zxFTpJmchJXalNHXNV3cpNmLs1mYyFmc
0x0160: 51SbzxzLw5TDKACIgACIgACI8MHb+0kQ
0x0180: BFUQFFkRDFUQB FUQBFUQEFUQB FUQBFUW
0x01A0: rdWQBRkQnFUQBFUVFV0Snh3YXB3YBzkM
0x01C0: K50TP5mVlhUUoR2UqpmeaxWeC1EdIFUQ
0x01E0: BFUQBFUQCFUQB FUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ
0x0200: BFUQZ1UQBFUQ1FUQBF0QBFUQB FUQBFUQ
0x0220: BFUQBFUQjFUQBFUSFUFUQBFdmSBFUQBNuQ
0x0240: BFUQRJUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFdWQBDnRY9Eb
0x0260: wMFU4VVU0FUMRNmVxU1RKFTVBrZvhJXO
0x0280: HJGa4ZVU3JESShmUY11YKFjYoFzVhVHZ
0x02A0: Hh1TsJTWS1jMjZnWHR2YkZVY1J1MiNjT
0x02C0: IhVTs1WW5ZUbjBnVym2YxFZ6xmMZV3d
0x02E0: XFWaKhVW5xGWMRnTIFERPFUQBFdXQBFUQ
0x0300: LZUQ4I0V09mQMdhSpZXUOVUa390MahjY
0x0320: 1cDONxUQBFUUyF0c3IHV1pnBVFVQBFUQ
0x0340: BFUQFVUQBFUUNR1QxU1dFZmSzsyKSFWQ
0x0360: SBHeMFUWNZTN2M3VDFUQbd2QBFUQBFEO
0x0380: CFUQBd2QBFUQBFVnQRFWQzdUQ2JUQiFUR
0x03A0: HFEdBFUVB1URBFUQBFUQBFUQ0FUQBFUR
0x03C0: 6VVUOx2TrJjczoXZ6dGRGVNFhGcyAXV
0x03E0: 1EnUBFUb1UQBFUQBFEVBFUQBFUQBFUQ
0x0400: BFUQBFUQ0FUQBFUR6VVUOFzYEZVdDtyT
0x0420: VJHUW1UNwhHdop3ZwJmUBFQBNXQBFUQ
0x0440: BFETBFUQBFhLVEUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ
0x0460: BF0cBd3dCVVTYNNWXFmc5ckYfZQVREe
0x0480: WZ1eW12Y6JUUJUbntNmdONjYtJFSJ9kV
0x04A0: HR2M502YyJUQBNUQBVVQFRUQBFUQBF0b
0x04C0: x8EW3pURBRzVhJXOHJGaCFUQ2EUQDFUU
0x04E0: BFkd3I3V38WQuFGd6Z0YxNUQBF0dxRFR
0x0500: BFUQBDWQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ
0x0520: BFUdcFVYBN3RBZnQBjWQFdUQBF0ZGFUS
0x0540: GFEeBFUQBFUQBFGd6N0YDJDJUQCJESjVkr
0x0560: HRGaCFEUBdWQBVUQ3dzKxFzTMdHcXdzc
0x0580: B5WcBFUQBN2NWEUQBFUQJF0QBFUQBFUQ
0x05A0: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQRFVQBFhUQ3JUQSFUR
0x05C0: HFEMCFVWBFBQbdVQnVVQFRUQBFUQBF0b
0x05E0: x80U3pURB1UMihWMXFwdkdUQ4EUQDFUU
0x0600: BFkd3I3V3MXQuFGdqV0YxNUQBFUQ1RFR
0x0620: BFUQBDWQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ
0x0640: BF0UCdnYBV0RBRnQRFWQ0cUQuJUQBFUW
0x0660: CFUWCFTBFUQBFUQnd1NwIkRFUUUpkT
0x0680: rVFUOxmZ4FUQBFkQBNUQRFUQ2djcxXdzc
0x06A0: B5WY0RFSjF3QBFUQRFVHVEFUQBF0ZBFUQ
0x06C0: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQJUUhFUT
0x06E0: HFUeCdnYB1ESBZnQnpVQRhUQBFUQHFUS
0x0700: GFEeBFUQBFUQBFGd6Z0YDJDJUQYxWbitWO
0x0720: yQmeCFEUBdWQBVUQ3dzKxFzTMdHcXdzY
0x0740: C5WcBFUQBB92NWEUQBFUQJF0QBFUQBFUQ
0x0760: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ3ZVQrdUQ1JUQaFEO
0x0780: HF0MCd3YBFUQBDVQBDVQFRUQBFUQBF0b
```

0x07A0: x8ER5pVRBdXVTNkSWF1U1gVTBFUQRF0Z  
0x07C0: BFURBd3NrEXMPH1dwd1NN1kbxFUQBF0Z  
0x07E0: F9SQBFUQB1UQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0800: BFUQBFEBVt2RB1mQnNWQFdUQ5JUUhFUV  
0x0820: HFkeCFUQBdmQBF1Qn1UQNRHSBF0ZxDTT  
0x0840: J52ZBFFW5kVTRUNY1Ud3V1UDJ0ZkF0Z  
0x0860: BFURBd3NrEXMPH1dwd1NN1kbxFUQBFUU  
0x0880: 2MkQBFUQB1UQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x08A0: BFUQBFFVBVFBSBpnQRFWQNdUQ1FUQiF0a  
0x08C0: HFUaCd2YBV0RB1nQRVWQwMUQ0J0djFUQ  
0x08E0: BFUQCd3YBd2RBxmQBjWQ3dUQ6F0ZNFEN  
0x0900: DF0aCFkYBd3RBNXQRxUQNRUQwEUUOF0Z  
0x0920: EFEMBFUQB9mQBFUQndGRBFUQKFUQBFdWY  
0x0940: zEUQBFVTUJUMV1mcJd1R4xEV00EM1hDU  
0x0960: 4tWbnplYPNjeBFUQ3FUQBFUQBFvKQFFUQ  
0x0980: RTERBFUQVF0dI1QrQVUE1mN2s2RF1Wa  
0x09A0: ONUQzNUT3BjWHFEODJ1N3ZUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x09C0: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQwIUUNFUQ  
0x09E0: BFUQBd2V38WQuJVQRZ1eW12Y6JUQZF0Z  
0x0A00: BFURBd3NrUWMPZ1Qwd1NvFkbxFUQBFUU  
0x0A20: 2ATQBFUQBVUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBF0ZOFUQ  
0x0A40: BFUQBF1VB1ESBxmQnNWQNhUQBFUQRFUT  
0x0A60: IF0bCFlWBd3RBNmQ31UQJRUQ1FUQaF0d  
0x0A80: HF0cCFETBBzQBlXQR1UQnRUQ4F0dNFUQ  
0x0AA0: BFUVBFUVBVERBFUQBFUQvFzTYdnSFFEN  
0x0AAC: XFmc5ckYoJUQBZTQBNUQRFUQ2djcXdzb  
0x0AE0: B5WY0pnRjF3QBFUQ3FHVEFUQBF0ZBFUQ  
0x0B00: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ1JUUhf0c  
0x0B20: HFkdCFkYBV0RBfUQnZUQJZUQ4FUQBFUQ  
0x0B40: BFUY0p3QjNkQBFkQINWRGdEZoJUQQF0Z  
0x0B60: BFURBd3NrEXMPx0dwd1NzFkbxFUQBF0Y  
0x0B80: 3ATQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0BA0: BFUQBFVUBFESBdnQBjVQFdUQwIUUZFUQ  
0x0BC0: BF0VBdWVBVERBFUQBFUQvFzTTdnSFFUS  
0x0BE0: xIGaxcVY1R2RbHTQBNUQRFUQ2djcXdzc  
0x0C00: B5WY0pWRjF3QBFUQBVHVEFUQBF0ZBFUQ  
0x0C20: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQTJ0diFUR  
0x0C40: HFEdCFVYBzRB5mQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0C60: BFUQBd2V3AjQuFVQRR1S0tWQ5EbmhXQ  
0x0C80: BFUQCF0QBFVQBZ3Ny1d1NzFkbhRHVINWc  
0x0CA0: DFUQBFVdJRUQBFUQnFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0CC0: BFUQBFUQBFUQBF5kQRFWQNdUQ5J0diFUT  
0x0CE0: IFkdCdmWBFFSBFUQBDuQJZUQ4FUQBFUQ  
0x0D00: BFUY0pnRjNkQBFkHbtJ2a5IDZ6JUQQF0Z  
0x0D20: BFURBd3NrEXMPx0dwd1NjJkbxFUQBF0b  
0x0D40: 3ATQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0D60: BFUQBdnVBt2RBVnQbpVQ4cUQzI0djFUQ  
0x0D80: BF0VBF0VBVERBFUQBFUQvFzTE1nWFF0d  
0x0DA0: VN1QKZVUTVDWNFUQBFVQnFUQFF0d3sSc  
0x0DC0: x8EW3B3V30UsuFXQBFUQnV0LBFUQBFUT  
0x0DE0: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQF0a  
0x0E00: HFUaCd2YBV0RB1nQRFWQVdUQ6JUQBF0Z  
0x0E20: CFUUDDWTB1EdIFUQnd1NN1kbFnUUUZ1T  
0x0E40: WNFR1gVT1dXVTNkQnRWQnFUQFF0d3sSc  
0x0E60: x8EW3B3V30UsuFXQBFUQRFzQCFUQBFUS  
0x0E80: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0EA0: IFkeCFVYB10RBVXQBJWQrdUQpJ0ZjFUR  
0x0EC0: HFUeCFVZBBzQBRnQ3NWQBFUQBFJ0djF0Z  
0x0EE0: HFEbCFkYBd3RBpXQn1UQ0MU0rJUQiF0d  
0x0FO0: HF0cBFTB1ERBBTQR5UQnRUQwEUQBF0b  
0x0F20: CFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0F40: BFkeU9ETXF3dPJWMww2ZvhTew90a5RDR  
0x0F60: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0F80: BFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQBFUQ  
0x0FA0: BFUQBDGZNpFWBNHOz8iSWJXYvV1TxZ1M  
0x0FC0: y0E2PFTYjtyq3VGSCJ3ZEF0QVFTOXRVY  
0x0FE0: IR1MGFETvkjZTFTcHtEbqFGb05EVuRFd  
0x1000: H5mdBN3MSd3S0E0ZBFZ2FzaBFUQBFUQ  
0x1020: 88ycss5TDKAC1gACIgwzLp5TDKAC1gACP  
0x1040: vkGb+0gCgACPvU3clJ3cGlGb1NHR1n3Y

```
0x1060: ylGc012bu5TDKwzLwlPAEAAA0ZIJBid
0x1080: /LXM/FzXX9uIuigkOiQKd1MWr+ofaKk6
0x10A0: kG8AHEEOidn3zs8gC/06yuMEEKwii8E0
0x10C0: 0JOBG/KPjoxYXjzHwbFLhCzSlnp6/Xgge
0x10E0: IJ1DwsCbN3jOkc5ZKgWXyyIPpaNkPjxO
0x1100: phMWeT5VonDMYqQessUhCBiKe9s1kQ2J
0x1120: ZpAmLjIalaGFeYuS9tK4V44WXhQP/xww
0x1140: znN3oVJSN214dI0OQH6MtDPMq7AXer8k
0x1160: lKs/lKHDGvjxq2NOZ2NRiUP4U/NdqM/S
0x1180: yUcVZRcomK1PfKaOkMDOFX0OcGPJe77r
0x11A0: BBcbo4gW1xkSk1Fsw2W0SnzLcMPZzzgO
0x11C0: f/JAsj0NBQy9kqJ
```

## 4 Security

### 4.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

The Shell Publishing data structure relies on HomeGroup key signing to validate authenticity of the data.

### 4.2 Index of Security Fields

Security parameter	Section
HomeGroup public key	2.1.4.1

## 5 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include ~~released service packs~~updates to those products.

- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Home Server 2011 server software
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows 10 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted ~~below in this section~~. If ~~a-an update version~~, service pack or ~~Quick Fix Engineering (QFE)~~Knowledge Base (KB) number appears with ~~the a product version, name, the~~ behavior changed in that ~~service pack or QFE update~~. The new behavior also applies to subsequent ~~service packs of the product~~updates unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms "SHOULD" or "SHOULD NOT" implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term "MAY" implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

<1> Section 1.3: This protocol is disabled in Windows 10 v1803 operating system.

## 6 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to this document since the last release. Changes are classified as Major, Minor, or None.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements.
- A document revision that captures changes to protocol functionality.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **None** means that no new technical changes were introduced. Minor editorial and formatting changes may have been made, but the relevant technical content is identical to the last released version.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com).

Section	Description	Revision class
1.3 Overview	Updated for this version of Windows Client.	Major

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